Annual Report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2026.

FY2026

Polymetals Resources Limited
ACN 644 736 247
ASX: POL

From restart to revenue

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Polymetals

From restart to revenue

Polymetals transformed from mine developer to producer in FY2026 as its Endeavor Mine in Cobar, New South Wales progressed from restart, through commissioning and ramp-up, to concentrate production, first shipments and revenue, establishing the operational platform for increased production, mine-life growth and enduring shareholder value.

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Corporate Directory

Directors

David Sproule - Executive Chairman
Jess Oram - Executive Director
Alistair Barton - Non-Executive Director

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John Haley

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Securities Exchange Listing

ASX Limited (Australian Securities Exchange)
ASX Code: POL

Website

www.polymetals.com

Corporate Governance Statement

www.polymetals.com/company/corporate-governance

Production snapshot

Silver produced*	Gold produced*	Zinc produced*	Lead produced*
1.08Moz	1,554oz	10,272t	5,165t
Processed ore grade 122.5g/t Recovery 79%	Processed ore grade 0.14g/t Recovery 100%	Processed ore grade 3.6% Recovery 80%	Processed ore grade 1.8% Recovery 79%

**Production figures include both concentrate and direct shipping ore (DSO). There is no payable gold in concentrates, but DSO assumes 100% silver and gold recovery.*

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Chairman's Letter

David Sproule
Executive Chairman

"During FY2026, our people worked methodically through the challenges inherent in bringing a large underground operation and processing facility back into production."

Dear Shareholder,

The year ended 30 June 2026 was a transformative period for Polymetals.

What began as an ambitious plan to return one of Australia's significant silver-zinc-lead mines to production became an operating reality, with mining restarted, the processing plant recommissioned, saleable concentrates produced and first shipments completed.

For shareholders, this was much more than a series of operational milestones. It represented the transition of Polymetals from developer to producer and demonstrated our ability to take an overlooked asset, identify where value could be unlocked and convert that opportunity into cash-generating production.

That is central to what we call the **Polymetals Way.**

We are hands-on people. We take ownership, solve problems and look for value others may not see. We work safely, speak plainly, spend carefully and back ourselves to find a better way. Our mindset is to find the unlock.

The Endeavor Mine has a long operating history, having produced approximately 32 million tonnes of ore between 1983 and 2020, including some 92 million ounces of silver, 2.6 million tonnes of zinc and 1.6 million tonnes of lead. Yet when Polymetals assessed the opportunity, we believed the asset still had considerably more to give.

Our task was not simply to restart a mine. It was to restart it intelligently.

During FY2026, our people worked methodically through the challenges inherent in bringing a large underground operation and processing facility back into production. Mining activity recommenced, first ore was processed through the mill in June 2025, saleable silver-lead and zinc concentrates were produced and the first concentrate cargoes were subsequently shipped. Those achievements established Endeavor once again as a producing mine and created the foundation from which we can now focus on increasing production, improving operational performance and generating stronger cash flow.

The year was also marked by tragedy. The underground accident on 28 October 2025 claimed the lives of our colleagues Patrick 'Ambrose' McMullen and Holly Clark. Their loss had a profound impact on their families, our workforce and the wider Cobar community. We remember them, and remain determined that safety, accountability and care for one another are reflected in how we work every day.

As operations stabilised, our attention increasingly turned to finding the next unlocks within Endeavor.

A major focus is the Deep Zinc Lode, where development commenced during the period as part of our strategy to materially increase ore supply and ultimately utilise Endeavor's installed processing capacity more fully. Our objective is straightforward: progressively build ore production so that the mill can move toward its nameplate treatment capacity of approximately 100,000 tonnes per month.

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At the same time, the Upper North Lode is demonstrating the importance of silver within the Endeavor orebody. Production reconciliation has highlighted strong silver grades and the presence of native silver, reinforcing our view that Endeavor's precious-metal contribution can be an important source of value alongside its zinc and lead production.

Beyond the existing mine plan, exploration provides another significant avenue for growth.

Our geological team is pursuing opportunities within the mine, immediately around existing infrastructure and across the broader northern Cobar Basin tenure. Near-mine targets, together with regional gold, copper, zinc and lead prospects, provide the potential to discover additional ore sources capable of extending mine life, increasing production or ultimately feeding the Endeavor processing plant.

That potential was reinforced after year-end. On 7 September 2026, Polymetals announced an updated Endeavor Mineral Resource of 20.7Mt at 7.5% zinc, 4.2% lead and 82g/t silver. Importantly, reinterpretation and drilling of the Upper Main Lode added 1.3Mt of sulphide mineralisation previously considered inaccessible and located adjacent to existing underground development. The result validates our willingness to challenge historical assumptions and is another example of finding value where others may not see it.

We also recognise that achieving our ambitions depends on much more than geology and engineering. The successful restart of Endeavor has required the commitment of our employees, contractors, suppliers, financiers, shareholders and the Cobar community. Bringing a mine back to life is demanding work. That is where the Polymetals Way matters most.

FY2026 proved our approach can deliver. The year ahead is about building on it.

With Endeavor operating again, our attention is firmly on lifting production, advancing the Deep Zinc Lode, optimising the value of our higher-grade ore sources from both the Upper Main Lode and the Upper North Lode and pursuing the exploration opportunities capable of extending Endeavor well beyond its initial mine plan.

We entered FY2026 with a restarted mine.

We leave it with a producing business, established revenue and a considerably clearer pathway to growth.

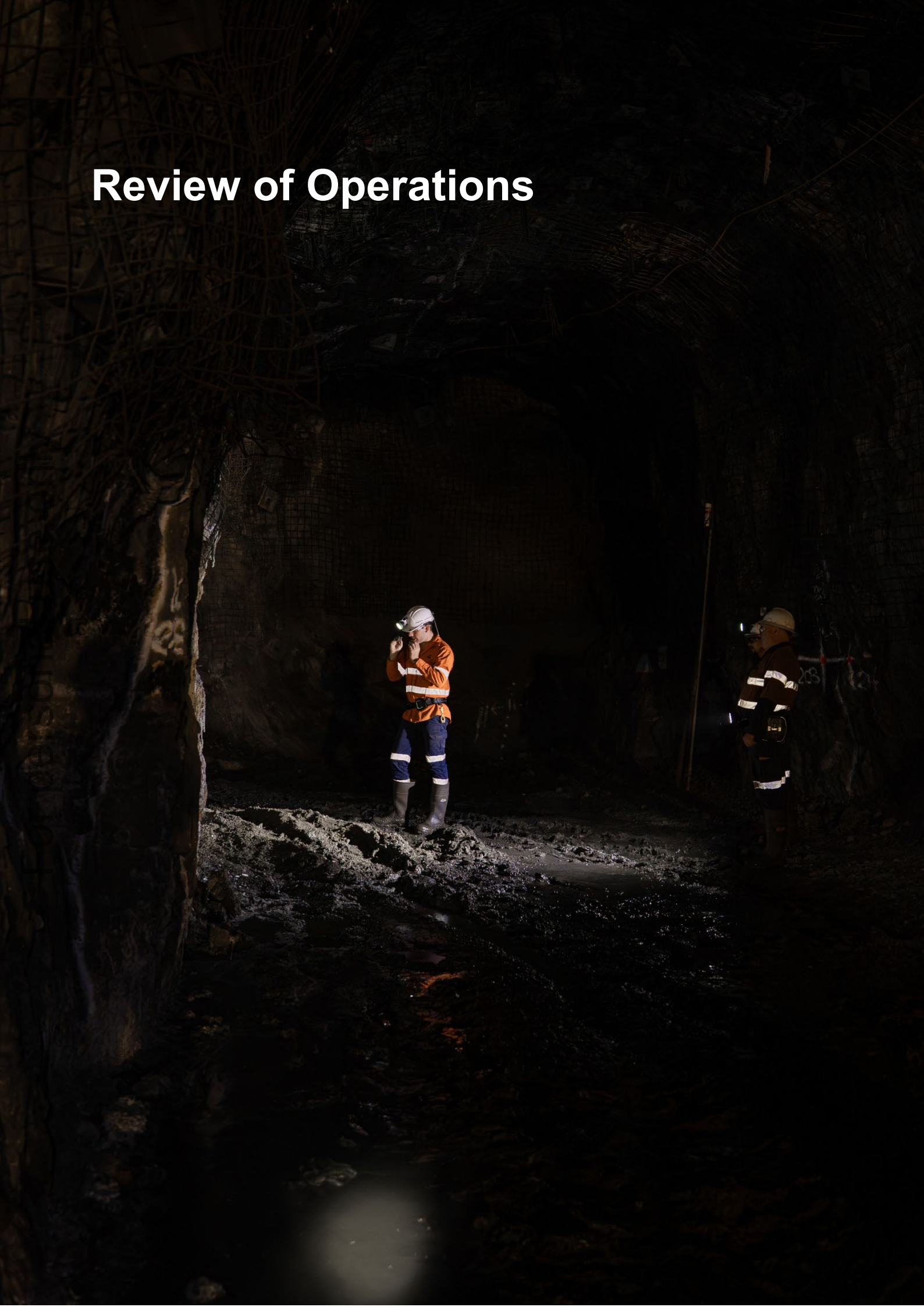
On behalf of the Board, I thank our shareholders for their continued support and our people for the determination and ingenuity they have shown throughout an extraordinary year.

The restart is behind us. The opportunity now is to realise the full value of what we have built.

Best regards,

David Sproule
Executive Chairman

Review of Operations



Endeavor Silver Zinc Mine

Cobar, NSW

Ownership 100%

From Restart to Revenue

The 2026 financial year marked the transformation of Polymetals Resources from a mine restarter into an established Australian silver-zinc-lead producer.

At the beginning of the financial year, the Company had only recently returned the Endeavor Mine near Cobar, New South Wales to production following an intensive refurbishment and recommissioning program. Ore treatment commenced in June 2025 and the first saleable silver-lead and zinc concentrates were produced.

Twelve months later, Endeavor was generating substantial revenue and positive operating cash flow, mining high-value ore from the Upper North Lode (UNL), advancing development towards the large Deep Zinc Lode (DZL) and drilling the Upper Main Lode which has the potential to materially increase the mine's future inventory.

The progression from restart to revenue therefore represents much more than the achievement of commercial production. It captures the broader evolution of Endeavor during FY2026: from recommissioning to operational ramp-up; from first concentrate production to established sales channels; and from executing the restart mine plan to identifying opportunities that have the potential to make Endeavor a larger, longer-life and an increasingly valuable operation.

Figure 1. *Endeavor combines a substantial underground mining system with existing shaft and decline access, an installed 1.2Mtpa processing plant, grid power, water, rail infrastructure and other established mining assets.*

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Figure 2. *Silver-lead and zinc concentrates were transported from site via road and rail to Berth 29 at the Port of Adelaide, establishing the logistics chain required to take Endeavor's production to international customers.*

Endeavor establishes itself as a producing mine

FY2026 began with Endeavor in the early stages of production ramp-up following the successful recommissioning of the underground mine, shaft and processing plant.

During the September 2025 quarter, mining, processing and concentrate production continued to build momentum. Silver-lead and zinc concentrates were transported from site via road and rail to Berth 29 at the Port of Adelaide, establishing the logistics chain required to take Endeavor's production to international customers. Importantly, during the quarter, Endeavor generated sufficient revenue to cover operating costs, representing an early demonstration of the commercial potential of the restarted operation.

The first shipment of Endeavor zinc concentrate was completed in October 2025, followed by silver-lead concentrate, marking another important step in Polymetals' transition from mine developer to revenue-generating producer.

The achievement reflected the considerable work undertaken across the operation during the restart. Endeavor combines a substantial underground mining system with existing shaft and decline access, an installed 1.2Mtpa processing plant, grid power, water, rail infrastructure and other established mining assets. The ability to return this infrastructure to productive use has been central to Polymetals' strategy of extracting value from an asset that already possessed much of the capital infrastructure required for a long-life mining operation.

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Responding to an exceptionally difficult period

The December quarter was overshadowed by the tragic underground accident on 28 October 2025 that resulted in the deaths of Polymetals employees Patrick 'Ambrose' McMullen and Holly Clark.

The loss had a profound impact on their families, colleagues, the Company and the wider Cobar community.

Operations were suspended following the incident and a rigorous review of explosives handling and use procedures was completed before mining and milling recommenced. Ore hoisting and continuous milling resumed on 15 November, with mining teams subsequently returning to continuous shift operations.

The response of the Endeavor workforce and Cobar community throughout this period demonstrated the strength of the relationships surrounding the operation. Safety remained the Company's overriding priority as production was progressively rebuilt.

Building operational and financial momentum

The June quarter provided the clearest evidence during FY2026 that Endeavor's restart was translating into a sustainable, cash-generating operation.

Mining production increased 48% quarter-on-quarter, with the operation producing 396,485oz of silver, 490oz of gold, 3,268t of zinc and 2,061t of lead. Revenue increased 65% to $45.8 million, while Endeavor generated $10.4 million in operating cash flow.

The result marked an important inflection point for Polymetals. Much of the year had necessarily focused on recommissioning infrastructure, rebuilding the workforce, establishing reliable mining and processing performance, and putting in place the logistics and commercial arrangements required to take Endeavor's concentrates to market.

By year-end, that emphasis was shifting decisively toward optimisation and growth - increasing underground production, improving plant utilisation, accessing higher-value ore sources, controlling costs and progressively strengthening the financial capacity of the business.

During the year, the consolidated entity completed six product shipments comprising three zinc concentrate shipments (18,612 dry tonnes), one lead shipment (4,516 dry tonnes) and two DSO shipments (11,055 dry tonnes). Monthly product transport to port continues to ramp up towards a steady-state rate of about 10,000 tonnes per month.

Polymetals supported its transition to production and shipping through disciplined capital management. During FY2026, the Company strengthened its funding position through equity and working-capital initiatives, ensuring sufficient liquidity to progress the production ramp-up, maintain underground development and preserve financial flexibility during Endeavor's early operating phase.

A key milestone was the completion of a $34.4 million institutional placement, which reinforced the balance sheet and provided additional capacity as operations normalised following the October 2025 interruption.

As production increased, however, Endeavor increasingly began generating the capital required to support its own development. At 30 June 2026, cash stood at $29.1 million, up 26% during the June quarter, while debt had reduced 29% to $10.7 million.

This strengthening financial position reflected the broader transformation at the heart of FY2026. Capital deployed to bring Endeavor back into production was increasingly being complemented by revenue and operating cash flow generated from the mine itself.

With established concentrate sales, growing production, improving cash generation and a stronger balance sheet, Polymetals entered FY2027 with greater financial flexibility to advance the Deep Zinc Lode, increase mill utilisation, pursue exploration opportunities and continue investing in the long-term value of Endeavor.

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Finding the unlock in the Upper North Lode

As operations stabilised, attention increasingly turned to enhancing the value of the existing mine plan.

One of the most significant developments during FY2026 was the emergence of the Upper North Lode as an important high-value silver-rich ore source.

Development of the UNL was completed in February 2026 and stoping commenced shortly afterwards. Early production reconciliation showed silver grades materially exceeding the modelled Reserve grade, with mineralogical work identifying the presence of native silver within the ore.

This prompted the Company to reconsider how the ore could best be monetised.

Rather than automatically processing all UNL ore through the Endeavor concentrator, Polymetals identified an opportunity to sell portions of the exceptionally valuable material directly to smelters as direct shipping ore (DSO). This provided the potential to improve returns from the ore, including capturing payable gold that would otherwise not ordinarily be recovered through conventional concentrate production.

An initial DSO parcel was subsequently prepared, creating a second revenue pathway alongside the established sale of zinc and silver-lead concentrates.

By the March quarter, 18,384 dry metric tonnes of high-grade UNL ore had been mined. Across the operation, the quarter delivered production of 547,302 ounces of silver, 1,064oz of gold, 1,917t of zinc and 1,148t of lead. At quarter end, Polymetals held $22.9 million in cash and approximately $37.9 million in unsold net metal inventory.

The UNL opportunity embodies the operating philosophy behind the Polymetals Way - remaining hands-on, questioning assumptions and continually looking for a better way to extract value from the assets already available to the Company.

Approximately 400,000t of high-grade UNL ore is planned to be mined over the near term, with the lode providing an important source of silver-rich production as Endeavor continues to ramp up.

Upper Main Lode adds high grade resource close to mining infrastructure

Particularly encouraging results emerged from drilling of the Upper Main Lode late in FY2026 and continued into the new financial year. The program tested Polymetals' reinterpretation of the historic 1996 subsidence event and indicated that considerably more mineralisation remained adjacent to existing underground development than previously assumed.

The drilling program advanced the geological interpretation from concept through successful testing to a revised Mineral Resource suitable for detailed mine planning. While the principal Upper Main Lode drilling program is now complete, a further eight holes are testing the overlying supergene zone as the Company continues to assess opportunities for additional resource growth.

Successive drilling results announced on 24 June, 22 July and 12 August 2026 demonstrated broad and consistent high-grade silver-lead-zinc mineralisation outside the historic subsidence zone and confirmed that its affected footprint was materially smaller than previously interpreted.

This work culminated in an updated Mineral Resource Estimate announced on 7 September 2026. The Upper Main Lode now contains 1.6Mt at 8.5% Zn, 6.0% Pb and 234g/t Ag, establishing a significant high-grade resource close to existing mine infrastructure and providing a strong foundation for detailed mine planning and future production opportunities.

Deep Zinc Lode - building towards maximum mill capacity

The next major component of the Endeavor production strategy is the Deep Zinc Lode, located at depth beneath the existing mine workings.

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Development towards the DZL commenced during the first half of CY2026, alongside resource-expansion drilling. The objective is to establish the ore volumes required to progressively increase utilisation of Endeavor's processing infrastructure and ultimately fill the mill toward its nameplate treatment capacity of approximately 100,000t per month during H1 CY2027.

This strategy is significant because Endeavor already possesses the processing infrastructure required to handle considerably greater volumes than those being treated during the initial ramp-up.

Increasing underground ore production to better utilise that installed capacity therefore provides Polymetals with an opportunity to generate operating leverage from infrastructure already in place. As additional ore sources are brought into the production schedule, higher throughput has the potential to improve fixed-cost absorption, support stronger unit economics and enhance the overall cash-generating capacity of the operation.

The DZL is therefore important not only as a source of future production, but as a key part of the broader plan to transform Endeavor into a more efficient and consistently utilised mining operation. Its development also provides greater flexibility in mine scheduling by broadening the available ore inventory and reducing reliance on individual mining areas.

Importantly, the DZL also remains open along strike and down dip, providing additional resource-growth potential alongside its role within the current mine plan. Continued drilling has the potential to extend the mineralised footprint further and strengthen the longer-term case for Endeavor as a substantial, multi-year silver-zinc-lead operation.

Figure 3. *Polymetals' objective is to establish the ore volumes required to progressively increase utilisation of Endeavor's processing infrastructure and ultimately "fill the mill".*

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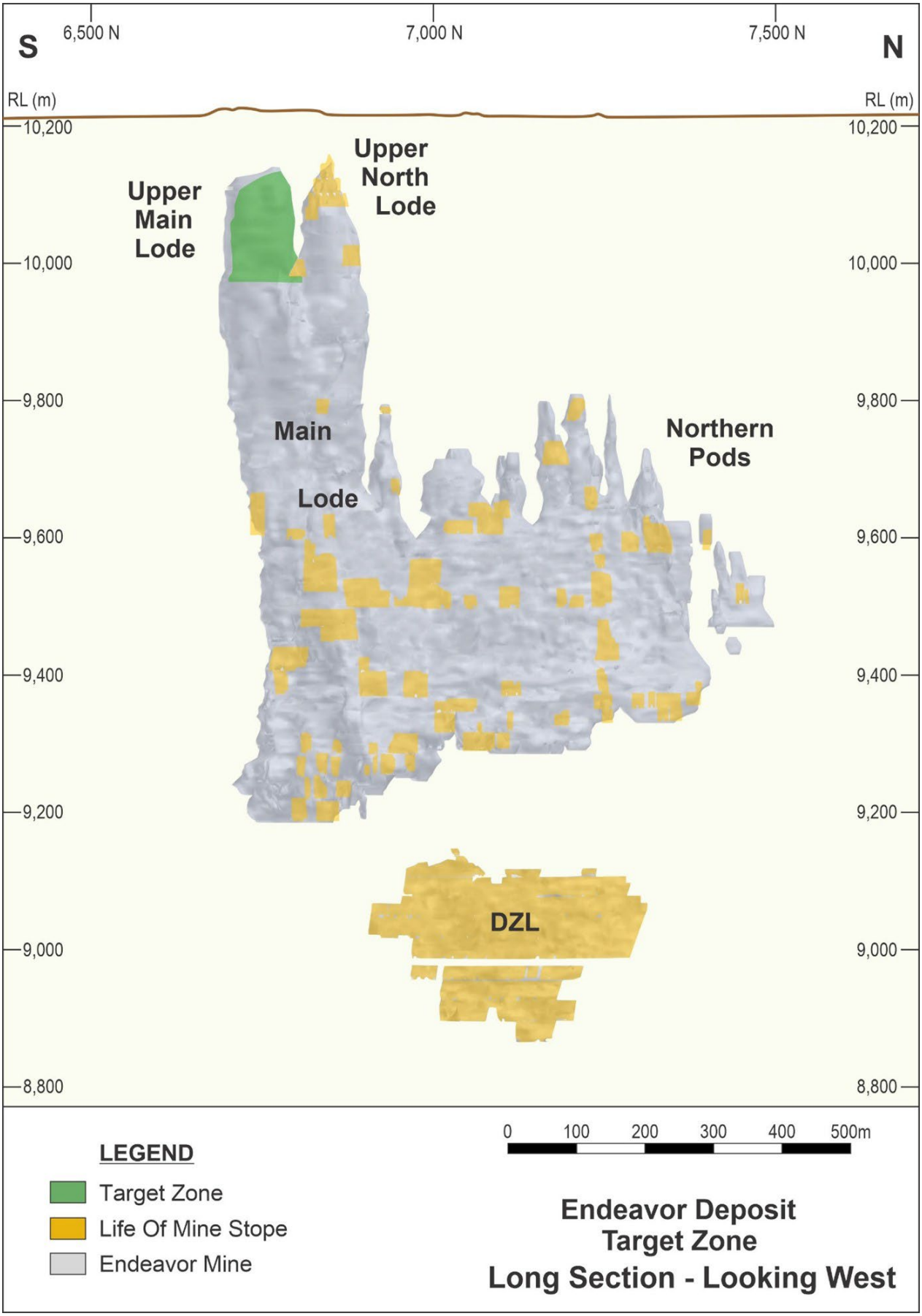

Figure 4. *Endeavor Mine Long Section – Life of Mine stopes and Upper Main Lode target area.*

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Figure 5. *Near-mine drilling around the existing workings was complemented by regional programs across the Company's extensive 1,342km² landholding in the northern Cobar Basin.*

Exploration begins to reshape the opportunity

While production ramp-up dominated much of FY2026, exploration increasingly emerged as another important driver of future value.

Polymetals continued both underground and regional exploration throughout the year. Near-mine drilling around the existing workings was complemented by regional programs across the Company's extensive 1,342km² landholding in the northern Cobar Basin.

Particularly encouraging results which emerged from drilling in the upper Main Lode area late in the financial year and into August resulted in a resource upgrade in September.

Meanwhile, surface drilling continued to evaluate targets generated from the integration of passive seismic interpretation, gravity modelling and geological mapping.

Diamond drilling of the PSX001 target was completed during the year. It intersected extensive quartz veining, brecciation and pervasive chlorite-sericite alteration within silicified, fossiliferous sedimentary rocks together with trace chalcopyrite, sphalerite and galena. These observations support continued testing of this newly defined structural corridor which lies about 2km east of the mine.

Follow-up drilling began at PSX002, testing the interpreted strike extension of mineralisation intersected in PSX001. Early geological observations show widespread, steeply dipping quartz-carbonate vein arrays, stockwork development and brecciation consistent with an extensive hydrothermal system. A pre-collar (PSX003) has been completed to allow a third drill test of the strike extension of this target.

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At Tailings Dam South, the diamond tail to PTS004 was completed, adding geological information to refine the structural and alteration model for this emerging target.

Drilling around the Northern Pods showed that portable XRF-derived alteration vectors can identify geochemical trends towards mineralisation.

Interpretation of recently completed IP data continued at the Ferricartup, Furneys Tank and Kirri targets. New modelling identified several coincident chargeability and conductivity anomalies for follow-up.

Geological mapping at Furneys Tank continued alongside interpretation of geophysical data. About 90 regional rock-chip samples have been submitted for laboratory analysis.

Planning also progressed for future passive seismic surveying across the Kirri-Ferricartup corridor, to extend the Company's regional targeting program to identify new prospects.

Subsequent events strengthen the growth case

Results received after 30 June 2026 have provided further continuity to the exploration progress achieved during the financial year.

In July, assays from a further nine Main Lode drill holes all intersected significant mineralisation, including broad high-grade intervals such as 96.6m at 604g/t silver equivalent. Further high-grade silver-zinc results were reported in August, continuing the positive drilling momentum established during FY2026. The results further supported the Company's reinterpretation of the upper Main Lode and increased confidence that the area could become a meaningful addition to Endeavor's future mining inventory. An updated Total Mineral Resource Estimate of 20.7 Mt at 7.5% Zn, 4.2% Pb and 82 g/t Ag was completed and reported on 7 September 2026

Another important milestone was achieved on 1 August 2024, when the consolidated entity completed the acquisition of Cobar Operations Pty Ltd and Endeavor Operations Pty Ltd (the owners of the Endeavor Mine and 1,343km^2 of exploration tenements in the Cobar Basin), which included the requirement to replace the existing Endeavor Mine Rehabilitation Bonds by 1 August 2026. During the year ended 30 June 2026, the NSW Resources Regulator increased the Endeavor Mine Rehabilitation Bonds by $2,947,000 to a total of $30,903,000. The increase is being settled under a payment plan agreed with the Regulator, in quarterly instalments to June 2028. Payments of $837,375 relating to the increase were made in the year, with a further seven quarterly payments of $301,375 to be made under the payment plan. Subsequent to the year end, the $27,956,000 Rehabilitation Bond previously held by the vendor was replaced (refer note 32).

Together, these subsequent developments reinforce the broader trajectory established during FY2026: Polymetals is no longer solely focused on bringing Endeavor back into production. The Company's attention is increasingly directed toward expanding the value and longevity of the operation.

Positioned for the next phase

The transformation achieved during FY2026 provides a substantially different starting point for the year ahead.

Endeavor entered the period as a newly restarted mine completing its transition from commissioning into production. It ended the year with established concentrate sales, an additional DSO revenue stream, positive quarterly operating cash flow, a strengthening balance sheet, increasing mining rates and an expanding pipeline of potential future ore sources.

Polymetals' priorities are to maintain safe and reliable operations; continue increasing underground production; maximise the value of the silver-rich Upper North Lode; advance the Deep Zinc Lode and Upper Main Lode to progressively increase mill utilisation; control costs and capital expenditure; and convert the Company's exploration success into additional Resources, Reserves and ultimately mine life.

The strategy remains grounded in the Polymetals Way: hands-on execution, careful stewardship of capital and a willingness to challenge conventional thinking to unlock the potential.

The task now is to convert that operating platform into a larger, longer-life and increasingly cash-generative mining business.

Mineral Resources & Ore Reserves

In accordance with Listing Rule 5.21, Polymetals provides the following information concerning its Endeavor Mine Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves which have been prepared to JORC 2012 standards:

Endeavor Mine Underground JORC (2012) Mineral Resource[1]

JORC Category	Mt	Zinc %	Lead %	Silver g/t	Zinc Mt	Lead Mt	Silver Moz
Measured	5.9	7.6	4.6	82	3.8	0.45	0.27
Indicated	11.1	7.5	4.3	86	3.7	0.83	0.48
Inferred	3.7	7.4	3.1	70	3.5	0.27	0.11
TOTAL	**20.7**	**7.5**	**4.2**	**82**	**3.7**	**1.55**	**0.86**

[1] Refer ASX announcement "Endeavour Mine 2026 Mineral Resource" dated 7 September 2026.
Endeavor Mine Mineral Resource at 5% Pb + Zn cut-off as of 31st July 2026

Sector 1 Tailings JORC (2012) Mineral Resource[2]

JORC Category	Mt	Zinc %	Lead %	Silver g/t
Indicated	3.6	2.14	1.56	80
Inferred	1.6	2.07	1.53	77
TOTAL	**5.2**	**2.12**	**1.55**	**79**

[2] Refer ASX announcement "Endeavor Silver Lead Zinc Mine Restart Study completed" dated 16th October 2023.

Stage 1 Endeavor Mine Plan JORC (2012) Ore Reserve[3]

JORC Category	Mt	Zinc %	Lead %	Silver g/t	Zinc Kt	Lead Kt	Silver Moz
Proved (UG)	0.9	6.17	3.82	92	56	34	2.7
Probable (UG)	2.3	6.8	2.07	55	156	48	4.1
Probable (tailings)	3.4	2.14	1.56	80	73	53	8.7
TOTAL	**6.6**	**4.32**	**4.5**	**73**	**285**	**135**	**15.5**

[3] Refer ASX announcement "Significantly improved Endeavor Silver Lead Zinc Mine plan" dated 5th August 2024".

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Important Notices

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References

The information in this report references to previously released ASX Announcements.

- 23 May 2023. ASX announcement “Endeavor Near Surface Resource 94% Measured & Indicated”
- 16 October 2023. ASX announcement “Endeavor Silver Lead Zinc Mine Restart Study completed”
- 5 August 2024 ASX announcement “Significantly improved Endeavor Silver Lead Zinc Mine plan”
- 16 June 2025. ASX Announcement "Production underway at the Endeavor Silver Zinc Mine"
- 24 June 2025. ASX Announcement "POL delivers silver and zinc concentrate at Endeavor Mine"
- 7 July 2025. ASX Announcement "Debt Reduction and Equity Raise"
- 9 July 2025. ASX Announcement "Quarterly Activities/Appendix 5B Cash Flow Report"
- 14 July 2025. ASX Announcement "Completion of Equity Raise"
- 22 July 2025. ASX Announcement "Appendix 5B amended Section 7 (only)"
- 4 August 2025. ASX Announcement "Endeavor Production Meets Operating Costs in First Full Month"
- 5 September 2025. ASX Announcement "S&P DJI Announces September 2025 Quarterly Rebalance"
- 9 September 2025. ASX Announcement "Endeavor Silver Zinc Mine-September Update"
- 10 October 2025. ASX Announcement "September 2025 Quarterly Report"
- 23 October 2025. ASX Announcement "Exploration Update-Endeavor Silver Zinc Mine"
- 28 October 2025. ASX Announcement "Pause in Trading"
- 29 October 2025. ASX Announcement "Trading Halt"
- 30 October 2025. ASX Announcement "Suspension from Quotation"
- 31 October 2025. ASX Announcement "Significant Incident Endeavor Mine"
- 31 October 2025. ASX Announcement "Reinstatement to Quotation"
- 6 November 2025. ASX Announcement "Operations Resume at Endeavor Mine"
- 18 November 2025. ASX Announcement "Endeavor Silver Zinc Mine-November Update"
- 28 November 2025. ASX Announcement "Endeavor Mine Working Capital Facilities Secured"
- 1 December 2025. ASX Announcement "Trading Halt"
- 3 December 2025. ASX Announcement "Polymetals raises $34m for the Endeavor Silver Zinc Mine"
- 14 January 2026. ASX Announcement "31 December 2025 Quarterly Report"
- 27 February 2026. ASX Announcement "Half Year Accounts"
- 9 March 2026. ASX Announcement "Endeavor Silver Mine"
- 14 April 2026. ASX Announcement "March 2026 Quarterly Report"
- 24 June 2026. ASX Announcement "High-Grade results from Endeavor Main Lode"
- 14 July 2026. ASX Announcement "30 June Quarterly Report"
- 22 July 2026. ASX Announcement "Further High Grade Results from Main Lode-Amended"
- 28 July 2026. ASX Announcement "Exchange of Endeavor Mine Rehabilitation Bond"
- 31 July 2026. ASX Announcement "Completion of Endeavor Mine Acquisition"
- 12 August 2026. ASX Announcement "High-Grade Silver-Zinc Hits Continue at Endeavor Mine"
- 31 August 2026. ASX Announcement "Appendix 4E-Preliminary Final Report-30 June 2026"
- 7 September 2023. ASX announcement “Endeavour Mine 2026 Mineral Resource”

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the relevant market announcement and all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the Original Announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed.

Competent Persons Statement

The information supplied in this release regarding Exploration Targets & Exploration Results of the Endeavor Project is based on information compiled by Mr Jess Oram. Mr Oram is an Executive Director of Polymetals Resources Ltd. The information supplied in this release regarding Mineral Resources of the Endeavor Project is based on information compiled by Mr John Horton. Mr Horton is a consultant to Polymetals Resources Ltd. The information supplied in this release regarding Ore Reserves of the Endeavor Project is based on information compiled by Mr Simon Youds. Mr Youds is a consultant to Polymetals Resources Ltd.

Mr Jess Oram, Mr John Horton and Mr Simon Youds are each Competent Persons and Members of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Jess Oram, Mr John Horton and Mr Simon Youds each have sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify

as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Jess Oram, Mr John Horton and Mr Simon Youds consent to the inclusion of matters based on information in the form and context in which it appears.

Forward Looking Statement

This report prepared by Polymetals Resources Limited (or 'the Company') includes forward looking statements. Often, but not always, forward looking statements can generally be identified by the use of forward looking words such as 'may', 'will', 'expect', 'intend', 'plan', 'estimate', 'anticipate', 'continue', and 'guidance', or other similar words and may include, without limitation, statements regarding plans, strategies and objectives of management, exploration results, anticipated production or construction commencement dates and expected costs or production outputs. Forward looking statements inherently involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Company's actual results, performance and achievements to differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other important factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Company, the Directors and management of the Company. The Company cannot and does not give assurances that the results, performance or achievements expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements contained in this announcement will actually occur and investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Although the Company attempts and has attempted to identify factors that would cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those disclosed in forward looking statements, there may be other factors that could cause actual results, performance, achievements or events not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended, and many events are beyond the reasonable control of the Company. Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward looking statements.

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Tenement Position

In accordance with Listing Rule 5.3.3, Polymetals provides the following Information concerning Its mining tenements:

(a) no applications were made during the quarter by the Company to acquire new or surrender its existing licences; and

(b) the following table lists the Company's mining tenements held at the end of the quarter and their location:

Table 1: Polymetals - Exploration Licences & Mining Leases: Endeavor and Guinea.

Project	Licence	Location	Expiry	Ownership
Endeavor (NSW)				
Exploration Licence	EL 5785	NSW	5/10/2027	100%
Exploration Licence	EL 8583	NSW	2/6/2029	100%
Exploration Licence	EL 8752	NSW	27/6/2027	100%
Mining Lease	ML 158	NSW	20/5/2028	100%
Mining Lease	ML 159	NSW	12/3/2028	100%
Mining Lease	ML 160	NSW	12/3/2028	100%
Mining Lease	ML 161	NSW	12/3/2028	100%
Mining Lease	ML 930	NSW	20/5/2028	100%
Guinea				
Alahiné	EL22123	Republic of Guinea	Awaiting renewal	100%
Mansala	EL22694	Republic of Guinea	Awaiting renewal	100%

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Directors' Report

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The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the 'consolidated entity' or the 'group') consisting of Polymetals Resources Ltd (referred to hereafter as the 'Company' or 'parent entity') and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2026.

Directors

The following persons were directors of Polymetals Resources Ltd during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

David Sproule - Executive Chairman
Jess Oram - Executive Director
Alistair Barton - Non-Executive Director

Principal activities

The principal activities of the consolidated entity during the year were the exploration, development and mining of mineral resources - in particular silver-lead and zinc. During the year, the first shipments of zinc and silver/lead concentrate were made from the Endeavor silver-lead-zinc mine in the Cobar Basin, NSW.

Dividends

There were no dividends paid, recommended or declared during the current or previous financial year.

Operating Results

The loss for the consolidated entity after providing for income tax amounted to $47,042,826 (30 June 2025: $47,848,266).

Review of Operations

Information on the operations of the Group during the financial year and up to the date of this report is set out separately in the Annual Report under Review of Operations.

Performance

		Year ended 30 June 2026
Silver produced	oz	1,108,400
Gold produced	oz	1,554
Zinc produced	t	10,272
Lead produced	t	5,165
Group operating costs*	A$M A$/t ore	128.45 358.9
Exploration	A$M	3.66

**Group operating costs include mining, processing, site admin, transport and logistics, treatment charges, refining charges, royalties, finance costs & corporate.*

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Production physicals

		Year ended 30 June 2026
Ore mined	tonnes	357,876
Ore processed	tonnes	357,658
Ore grade (processed)	Silver (g/t) Gold (g/t) Zinc (%) Lead (%)	122.5 0.14 3.6% 1.8%
Recovery**	Silver (%) Gold (%) Zinc (%) Lead (%)	79% 100% 80% 79%
Metal recovered***	Silver (oz) Gold (oz) Zinc (t) Lead (t)	1,108,400 1,554 10,272 5,165

***Production figures include both concentrate and direct shipping ore (DSO). There is no payable gold in concentrates, but DSO assumes 100% silver gold recovery.*

****Metal recovered is after on-site milling and processing which does not recover 100% of the metals produced*

Corporate

Refer to S*ignificant changes in the state of affairs* section below.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In July 2025, the Ocean Partners UK Limited loan facility limit was reduced to US$10,000,000 (refer note 16).

On 14 July 2025, the Company issued 18,750,000 ordinary shares at $0.80 per share to raise $15,000,000 to replace the undrawn facility that is no longer available from Ocean Partners (refer note 20).

On 5 December 2025, Ocean Partners exercised 1,250,000 options at $1.00 per share (refer note 20).

On 11 December 2025, the Company issued 39,500,000 ordinary shares at $0.87 per share, which represented a 15.9% discount on the last traded price of $1.04 per share. The $34,365,000 raised (before share issue costs) was applied to furthering near-mine drilling and exploration, and to strengthen the Company's balance sheet (refer note 20).

On 19 December 2025, 743,750 loan-funded shares vested and were issued under the loan-funded share plan. Due to an ASX reporting breach, the Company obtained shareholder approval to implement a selective buy-back of the loan-funded shares to Directors (being 250,000 issued to David Sproule, 187,500 to Alistair Barton, and 125,000 to Jess Oram). The 562,500 loan funded shares were bought back and cancelled by the Company and the corresponding Company-provided loans were cancelled (refer note 20).

For other significant changes in the state of affairs, refer to the above *Review of operations*.

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

On 28 July 2026, the consolidated entity used existing cash reserves to replace the Environmental Bonds of $27,956,000 that were previously held by the vendor of the Endeavor Mine (note 13 and note 27). The Environmental Bonds replaced are in the form of a bank guarantee provided by Macquarie Bank Limited. The cash reserves utilised will remain as restricted cash in an interest-bearing account.

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As a result of the above Environmental Bond replacement, the vendor of the Endeavor Mine no longer holds senior security over the project, and the 100% ownership of Cobar Infrastructure Ltd transferred to the consolidated entity. Cobar Infrastructure Ltd owns a significant real estate portfolio in Cobar comprising of 42 houses, four large unit blocks (total of 51 rooms) and an amount of industrial land.

On 6 August 2026, 618,750 loan-funded shares vested and were issued. The associated loans at $0.35 per share are repayable on the latter of the date of sale of the shares or 19 December 2028.

On 12 August 2026, the Company announced further drilling results from the Upper North Lode at the Endeavor Mine, which identified broad zones of high-grade silver-lead-zinc mineralisation adjacent to existing underground development.

The Ocean Partners UK Limited facility in use at 30 June 2026 was fully repaid post year end, then in August 2026, the consolidated entity drew down US$9.9 million (US$10 million before costs).

On 7 September 2026 the company released an updated Statement of Mineral Resources as at 31 July 2026. Endeavor's global in-situ total Mineral Resource (excluding tailings) has increased to 20.7 Mt at 7.5% Zn, 4.2% Pb and 82 g/t Ag, reported at a 5% Pb + Zn cut-off, containing about 1.55 Mt of zinc, 0.86 Mt of lead and 54.3 Moz of silver despite on-going mine depletion and the adoption of a 5% lower density. The Mineral Resource comprises:
o Measured 5.9 Mt at 7.6% Zn, 4.6% Pb and 82 g/t Ag
o Indicated 11.1 Mt at 7.5% Zn, 4.3% Pb and 86 g/t Ag
o Inferred 3.7 Mt at 7.4% Zn, 3.1% Pb and 70 g/t Ag
o Total 20.7 Mt at 7.5% Zn, 4.2% Pb and 82 g/t Ag

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2026 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

On 1 August 2024 the acquisition of Cobar Operations Pty Ltd and Endeavor Operations Pty Ltd was completed. The consolidated entity had two years from completion to replace the $27.956 million Environmental Bonds. Since acquisition, a further $2,947,000 in bonds was levied, which by 30 June 2026, $837,375 of this increase had been paid with the balance to be paid via a quarterly payment plan of $301,375 to be completed by June 2028.

Cobar Operations Pty Ltd and Endeavor Operations Pty Ltd own the mining tenements and exploration licences relating to the plant and equipment located at the Endeavor Mine. Following the acquisition, the consolidated entity accessed external debt and equity funding to support the development of the Endeavor Mine. Following the receipt of funding, the consolidated entity was able to expeditiously move towards the recommencement of production at the Endeavor Mine with the added benefit that any revenues generated from the project were ultimately available to support the replacement of the Environmental Bonds.

The Company holds a loan facility with Ocean Partners UK Ltd totalling US$10,000,000 (drawn down to US$4,000,000 at 30 June 2026). In conjunction with this facility arrangement, the Company executed a six-year offtake agreement with Ocean Partners UK Ltd relating to zinc and silver-lead concentrates produced from the Endeavor Mine. The offtake is dependent on future production benchmarks which may or may not occur.

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Material business risks

Access to future funding	There is no assurance that the funding required by the consolidated entity from time to time to meet its business requirements and objectives will be available to it on favourable terms, or at all. However, the consolidated entity has a US$10,000,000 loan facility from Ocean Partners UK Ltd. The consolidated entity also has a proven ability to raise the necessary funding or settle debts via the issuance of shares, as evidenced by the raising of $38,483,500 in cash (before share issue transaction costs) from shares issued during the year ended 30 June 2025, and a further $15,000,000 and $34,365,000 in cash (before share issue transaction costs) from shares issued in July 2025 and December 2025 respectively.
Regulation changes	Unforeseen changes to the mining laws, regulations, standards and practices applicable may significantly affect the Endeavor Mine tenements in Australia and therefore the ability of the Company to operate in Australia. Any such changes in Australia is monitored by the Company which maintains a close watching brief of state and federal regulatory changes with regular updates circulated to members.
Ore Reserves and production	The consolidated entity is now in its production stage. A key risk is that the Ore Reserves underground may be less extensive, or of lower grade, than currently estimated. This could result in reduced production volumes, higher operating costs, or a shorter mine life than planned. Ongoing drilling, geological modelling, and mine planning are undertaken to improve confidence in the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve base. The Board and Management maintain close oversight of production performance, mine planning, and reserve reconciliation to mitigate this risk.
Regulatory investigation risk	The site accident which resulted in two fatalities is currently the subject of an internal review and external reviews by the relevant regulators. At this stage, no action has been taken against, or notified to, the Company. Any liability which may result (if any) is currently uncertain and unquantifiable.
Occupational health and safety risk	Exploration and operations carry occupational health and safety risks which remains well managed by training, site hygiene practices and qualified staff who have implemented industry standard operating and monitoring procedures. In addition to these measures, the consolidated entity maintains comprehensive insurance coverage, including workers' compensation policies through Icare NSW, to address potential liabilities and provide financial support in the event of workplace incidents. These policies are designed to safeguard the consolidated entity and its employees against unforeseen events, ensuring compliance with statutory obligations and supporting the consolidated entity’s commitment to workplace safety. The site accident which resulted in two fatalities is currently the subject of an internal review and external reviews by the relevant regulators. At this stage, no action has been taken against, or notified to, the Company. Any liability which may result (if any) is currently uncertain and unquantifiable.

Environmental regulation

The consolidated entity is subject to environmental regulations under Australian and international laws, including the Endeavor Mine in New South Wales. Mining and milling operations commenced in May 2025 and first shipments of concentrate occurred during the year. The consolidated entity continued to meet all regulatory obligations during this year.

Additionally, the consolidated entity holds mineral tenements in Guinea under the Guinea Mining Act 1992, which are subject to renewal and include standard environmental conditions. The Company complies with these conditions, and the directors are not aware of any non-compliance with environmental laws.

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Information on directors

Name:	**David Sproule**
Title:	Executive Chairman
Qualifications:	BE (Hons, Extractive Metallurgy), Member AusIMM
Experience and expertise:	David Sproule has specialised in value creation within the minerals industry, founding and managing the private Polymetals Group which developed numerous mining projects over 25 years. An "owner build" model was applied to all operations significantly reducing typical mine development costs. The projects collectively returned +2,000% in fully franked dividends on initial shareholder investment.
Other current directorships:	None
Former directorships (last 3 years):	None
Special responsibilities:	Chairman and Acting CEO
Interests in shares:	73,250,000
Interests in options:	Nil

Name:	**Alistair Barton**
Title:	Non-Executive Director
Qualifications:	Associate Diploma and Fellowship Diploma in Geology and a Graduate Diploma in Finance and Investment.
Experience and expertise:	Alistair has over 45 years' exploration, operational and corporate experience. Alistair has operated his own consultancy practice providing technical and corporate advice to the resources sector, carrying out numerous resource project due diligence studies, feasibility studies and independent experts reports for project funding and developments. Alistair has held the positions of Managing Director for ASX-listed Probe Resources, General Manager of Exploration for Barrack Mines, General Manager of Operations for Barrack Mines, Operations Manager for McIlwraith Minerals and various Project Management positions.
Other current directorships:	None
Former directorships (last 3 years):	None
Special responsibilities:	None
Interests in shares:	937,196
Interests in options:	Nil

Name:	**Jess Oram**
Title:	Executive Director
Qualifications:	B.Sc.,(Geol), Member AIG
Experience and expertise:	Jess is an experienced exploration geologist with over 30 years' practice in mineral exploration and management across a variety of commodities, companies and countries. He has significant experience in uranium, base and precious metals exploration and has been involved in mineral discovery, resource delineation and expansion and mining feasibility studies.
Other current directorships:	None
Former directorships (last 3 years):	None
Special responsibilities:	Technical Director
Interests in shares:	188,000
Interests in options:	Nil

'Other current directorships' quoted above are current directorships for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

'Former directorships (last 3 years)' quoted above are directorships held in the last 3 years for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

Company secretary

John Haley is the Company Secretary. John is a Chartered Accountant and has over 40 years of extensive Board, company secretarial and corporate finance experience, predominantly within the mining and resources industry.

Meetings of directors

The number of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors ('the Board') held during the year ended 30 June 2026, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Full Board	
	Attended	Held
David Sproule	6	6
Alistair Barton	6	6
Jess Oram	6	6

Held: represents the number of meetings held during the time the director held office.

There were two meetings of the Audit and Risk Committee during the financial year. The Board comprised no more than four directors during the financial year, the Board also constituted the Audit and Risk Committee and all attended the two meetings.

Remuneration report (audited)

The remuneration report details the key management personnel remuneration arrangements for the consolidated entity, in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and its Regulations.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including all directors.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- Details of remuneration
- Service agreements
- Share-based compensation
- Additional information
- Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The remuneration policy of the consolidated entity has been designed to align key management personnel objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the consolidated entity's financial results. The Board of Directors ("the Board") believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel to run and manage the consolidated entity, as well as create goal congruence between directors, executives and shareholders.

All remuneration paid to directors and executives is valued at the cost to the consolidated entity and expensed. Shares given to directors and executives are valued as the difference between the market price of those shares and the amount paid by the director or executive. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

The Company had entered into a Loan Funded Share Plan (LFSP) whereby limited recourse loans had been provided to directors and key management personnel to acquire shares in the Company. 3,525,000 in-substance options were granted under the LFSP during the prior year and 618,750 remain unvested at 30 June 2026. The remaining 618,750 loan-funded shares vested and were issued subsequent to the year-end (refer note 32).

The Board believes that it has implemented suitable practices and procedures that are appropriate for an organisation of this size and maturity.

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive director and executive director remuneration is separate.

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Non-executive directors remuneration
The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. Fees for non-executive directors are not linked to the performance of the consolidated entity. The directors are not required to hold any shares in the Company under the Constitution of the Company; however, to align directors' interest with shareholder interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company.

ASX listing rules require the aggregate non-executive directors' remuneration be determined periodically by a general meeting. The most recent determination was during the 2021 Annual General Meeting where the shareholders approved a maximum annual aggregate remuneration of $250,000. The amount paid to non-executive directors of the parent entity (Polymetals Resources Limited) during the year to 30 June 2026 was $36,284 excluding any remuneration from options (2025: $60,163).

Executive remuneration
Executive directors can be employed by the consolidated entity on a consultancy basis, on Board approval, with remuneration and terms stipulated in individual consultancy agreements.

The Board reviews executive packages annually by reference to the consolidated entity's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries. In addition, external consultants may be used to provide analysis and advice to ensure the directors' and senior executives' remuneration is competitive in the market place.

The remuneration of the executives employed by the Company for the year ended 30 June 2026 is detailed in this Remuneration Report.

Consolidated entity performance and link to remuneration
As the Company has only recently transitioned into production, the relationship between executive remuneration, Company performance and shareholder wealth is continuing to develop. During this phase, share price movements are influenced by a range of factors, including operational ramp-up, mineral and metals prices, exploration outcomes and broader market sentiment toward the resources sector, which may fluctuate independently of executive performance or remuneration outcomes.

At 30 June 2026 the market price of the Company’s ordinary shares was $0.76 per share (30 June 2025: $0.81 per share). No dividends were paid during the year ended 30 June 2026.

Remuneration committee
During the year ended 30 June 2026, the Company did not have a separately established remuneration committee. Considering the size of the consolidated entity, the number of directors and the consolidated entity's transition from development into early production, the directors are of the view that these functions can be efficiently performed with full Board participation.

Use of remuneration consultants
The Company did not engage remuneration consultants to prepare a formal remuneration report during the financial year ended 30 June 2026.

Voting and comments made at the Company's 21 November 2025 Annual General Meeting ('AGM')
At the 21 November 2025 AGM, 94.84% of the votes received supported the adoption of the remuneration report for the year ended 30 June 2025. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM regarding its remuneration practices.

Details of remuneration

Amounts of remuneration
Details of the remuneration of key management personnel of the consolidated entity are set out in the following tables.

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The key management personnel of the consolidated entity consisted of the following directors of Polymetals Resources Ltd:

- David Sproule
- Alistair Barton
- Jess Oram

And the following persons:

- John Haley - Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer
- Matthew Gill - General Manager of the Endeavor Mine (resigned on 11 March 2026)
- Brad Stanmore - General Manager of the Endeavor Mine (appointed on 11 March 2026)

	Short-term benefits	Post-employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share-based payments	
2026	Cash salary and fees $	Super-annuation $	Long service leave $	Equity-settled $	Total $
Non-Executive Directors:					
Alistair Barton	32,433	3,851	-	6,477	42,761
Executive Directors:					
David Sproule	120,000	-	-	8,636	128,636
Jess Oram	295,964	35,516	-	4,318	335,798
Other Key Management Personnel:					
John Haley	120,000	-	-	4,318	124,318
Matthew Gill[(a)]	338,892	40,807	-	6,909	386,608
Brad Stanmore[(b)]	123,224	14,538	-	-	137,762
	1,030,513	94,712	-	30,658	1,155,883

(a) Matthew Gill resigned on 11 March 2026.
(b) Brad Stanmore was appointed on 11 March 2026.

	Short-term benefits	Post-employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share-based payments	
2025	Cash salary and fees $	Super-annuation $	Long service leave $	Equity-settled $	Total $
Non-Executive Directors:					
Alistair Barton	32,433	3,730	-	6,735	42,898
Executive Directors:					
David Sproule	120,000	-	-	8,980	128,980
Jess Oram[(a)]	122,655	11,345	-	4,490	138,490
Other Key Management Personnel:					
John Haley	120,000	-	-	4,490	124,490
Matthew Gill[(b)]	363,583	41,812	-	7,184	412,579
	758,671	56,887	-	31,879	847,437

(a) Jess Oram was appointed as Executive Director on 13 January 2025 (formerly Non-Executive Director)
(b) Matthew Gill resigned as a Director on 18 July 2024 and commenced employment as General Manager of the Endeavor Mine

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The proportion of remuneration linked to performance and the fixed proportion are as follows:

	Fixed remuneration		At risk - STI		At risk - LTI	
Name	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025
Non-Executive Directors:						
Alistair Barton	85%	84%	-	-	15%	16%
Executive Directors:						
David Sproule	93%	93%	-	-	7%	7%
Jess Oram	99%	97%	-	-	1%	3%
Other Key Management Personnel:						
John Haley	97%	96%	-	-	3%	4%
Matthew Gill	98%	98%	-	-	2%	2%
Brad Stanmore	100%	-	-	-	-	-

Service agreements
All directors and key management personnel invoice the Company under their personal name, except for the following:

- David Sproule is Executive Chairman under a contract for services (the Contract) which commenced on 10 November 2022, with no fixed term duration, for an annual fee of $120,000. No annual leave, long service or other leave is provided for under the Contract. The termination notice period is 1 month and may be paid out in lieu of notice by the Company**.**

- John Haley is Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer. John is paid through a contract for services which commenced on 1 February 2023, with no fixed term duration. From 1 July 2024 the fixed fee was $10,000 per month. The termination notice period is 1 month.

- On 1 March 2025, Jess Oram commenced as Executive Director Technical for a base remuneration of $330,000 per annum. The contract has no fixed term duration. The termination notice period is 3 months.

Share-based compensation
Issue of shares
On 19 December 2025, the following loan-funded shares were issued to directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation upon the vesting of the loan-funded shares that were granted under the Loan Funded Share Plan (refer note 35):

Name	Date	Shares	Issue Price	$	Fair value per option at grant date
Alistair Barton	19 December 2025	93,750	$0.35	32,813	$0.109
David Sproule	19 December 2025	125,000	$0.35	43,750	$0.109
Jess Oram	19 December 2025	62,500	$0.35	21,875	$0.109
John Haley	19 December 2025	62,500	$0.35	21,875	$0.109
Matthew Gill	19 December 2025	100,000	$0.35	35,000	$0.109

These loan-funded shares continue to be treated as in-substance options until repayment of the loans. The loans are repayable only from the proceeds of the sale of the share or their market value at the time of repayment.

The following are the remaining loan-funded shares that were granted on 5 September 2024 and have not yet vested by 30 June 2026:

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Name	Number of loan-funded shares granted	Grant date	Vesting and exercisable date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Fair value per option at grant date
Alistair Barton	93,750	5 September 2024	Refer note 35	5 September 2027	$0.35	$0.109
David Sproule	125,000	5 September 2024	Refer note 35	5 September 2027	$0.35	$0.109
Jess Oram	62,500	5 September 2024	Refer note 35	5 September 2027	$0.35	$0.109
John Haley	62,500	5 September 2024	Refer note 35	5 September 2027	$0.35	$0.109

On 6 August 2026, the remaining loan-funded shares vested and were issued (refer note 32).

Options granted carry no dividend or voting rights.

Additional information
The earnings of the consolidated entity for the five years to 30 June 2026 are summarised below:

	2026 $	2025 $	2024 $	2023 $	2022 $
Loss after income tax	(47,042,826)	(47,848,266)	(3,273,241)	(7,799,397)	(1,156,988)

The factors that are considered to affect total shareholders return ('TSR') are summarised below:

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Share price at financial year end (cents)	76.0	81.0	25.0	38.0	8.9
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	(16.2)	(22.4)	(2.1)	(8.7)	(1.5)

Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel
Shareholding
The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Received as part of remuneration	Additions	Disposed/ forfeited/ other*	Balance at the end of the year
Ordinary shares					
Directors:					
David Sproule	73,112,500	125,000	137,500	(250,000)	73,125,000
Alistair Barton	937,196	93,750	-	(187,500)	843,446
Jess Oram	188,000	62,500	-	(125,000)	125,500
Other Key Management Personnel:					
John Haley	430,000	62,500	-	(250,000)	242,500
Matthew Gill	200,000	100,000	-	(300,000)	-
Brad Stanmore	-	-	-	-	-
	74,867,696	443,750	137,500	(1,112,500)	74,336,446

* Included in disposed/forfeited/other is the loan-funded share buy-back by the Company that took place in March 2026 (refer note 20).

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Option holding
The number of options over ordinary shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/ other*	Balance at the end of the year
*Loan Funded Share Plan***					
Directors:					
Alistair Barton	187,500	-	(93,750)	-	93,750
David Sproule	250,000	-	(125,000)	-	125,000
Jess Oram	125,000	-	(62,500)	-	62,500
Other Key Management Personnel:					
John Haley	125,000	-	(62,500)	-	62,500
Matthew Gill	200,000	-	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
Brad Stanmore	-	-	-	-	-
	887,500	-	(443,750)	(100,000)	343,750

* Included in expired/forfeited/other is the removal from the table of the options for key management personnel who have resigned during the period or are no longer considered to be a key management person.
** All options noted above are options that have been issued under the Loan Funded Share Plan (refer note 35).

Other transactions with key management personnel and their related parties
During the year ended 30 June 2026, an entity controlled by David Sproule agreed to provide the consolidated entity with a loan facility of up to $5,000,000 (refer note 16). The loan is unsecured, interest free and for a term of 12 months.

On 17 July 2024, $1,400,000 of a related party loan from Meadowhead Investments Pty Ltd, an entity controlled by David Sproule, was repaid by the issue of 5,000,000 shares in the Company (refer note 20) and the remaining $1,555,512 loan was repaid by cash.

In February 2024, a company controlled by David Sproule's spouse, Deering Nominees Pty Ltd, loaned $950,000 to the consolidated entity. The loan was repaid in full during the year ended 30 June 2025.

Aggregate amounts of each of the above types of other transactions with key management personnel and their related entities are included in the financial statements as follows:

Consolidated statement of financial position:

Amounts recognised as trade and other payables, being the unpaid or accrued key management personnel remuneration:
Trade and other payables: $120,000 (2025: $120,000)
Borrowings: $5,000,000 (2025: $nil)

This concludes the remuneration report, which has been audited.

Shares under option
Unissued ordinary shares of Polymetals Resources Ltd under option at the date of this report are as follows:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number under option
13 September 2024	23 November 2026	$1.00	1,250,000

No person entitled to exercise the options issued on 13 September 2024 had or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of the Company or of any other body corporate.

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Shares issued on the exercise of options

The following ordinary shares of Polymetals Resources Ltd were issued during the year ended 30 June 2026 and up to the date of this report on the exercise of options granted:

Date options granted	Exercise price	Number of shares issued
5 September 2022	$0.35	800,000
13 September 2022	$1.00	1,250,000
		2,050,000

Indemnity and insurance of officers

The Company has indemnified the directors and executives of the Company for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the Company against a liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the Company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the Company or any related entity.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

Non-audit services

There were no non-audit services provided during the financial year by the auditor.

Officers of the Company who are former partners of RSM Australia Partners

There are no officers of the Company who are former partners of RSM Australia Partners.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately after this directors' report.

Rounding of amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Legislative Instrument 2026/183, relating to 'rounding-off' of amounts in the directors' report. Amounts in the directors' report have been rounded off in accordance with the instrument to the nearest dollar.

Auditor

RSM Australia Partners continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

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This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

David Sproule
Executive Chairman

8 September 2026

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General information

The financial statements cover Polymetals Resources Ltd as a consolidated entity consisting of Polymetals Resources Ltd and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Polymetals Resources Ltd's functional and presentation currency.

Polymetals Resources Ltd is a listed public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business are:

Registered office	**Principal place of business**
Solution Accountants 627 Stafford Road Stafford, QLD, 4053	Endeavor Mine Louth Road Cobar, NSW, 2835

A description of the nature of the consolidated entity's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors on 7 September 2026. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

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RSM Australia Partners

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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Polymetals Resources Ltd for the year ended 30 June 2026, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

(i) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and

(ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS

R J MORILLO MALDONADO
Partner

Melbourne, VIC
Dated: 8 September 2026

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Polymetals Resources Ltd
Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
For the year ended 30 June 2026

	Note	Consolidated 2026 $	2025 $
Revenue	4	100,002,365	1,425
Other income		84,847	89,236
Interest revenue		173,323	244,762
Expenses			
Production costs		(65,032,203)	-
Repairs and maintenance		-	(2,374,161)
Royalties		(7,169,148)	-
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(10,080,047)	(3,323,169)
Employee benefits expense	5	(40,295,804)	(16,399,623)
Exploration expenses		(3,658,955)	(812,548)
Freight and shipping		(9,283,242)	-
Insurance		(2,826,659)	(1,257,368)
Short term lease expense		(13,818)	(779,911)
Site establishment costs		-	(14,478,250)
Write off of assets	11	-	(567,524)
Finance costs	5	(3,938,266)	(2,333,500)
Foreign exchange gains		916,357	7,911
Other corporate costs		(5,921,576)	(5,865,546)
Total expenses		(147,303,361)	(48,183,689)
Loss before income tax expense		(47,042,826)	(47,848,266)
Income tax expense	6	-	-
Loss after income tax expense for the year attributable to the owners of Polymetals Resources Ltd		(47,042,826)	(47,848,266)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the owners of Polymetals Resources Ltd		(47,042,826)	(47,848,266)
		Cents	**Cents**
Basic earnings per share	34	(16.2)	(22.4)
Diluted earnings per share	34	(16.2)	(22.4)

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

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Polymetals Resources Ltd
Consolidated statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2026

Polymetals

	Note	Consolidated 2026 $	2025 $
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	19,658,063	8,375,993
Trade and other receivables	8	24,772	21,881
Inventories	9	10,656,368	3,920,470
Other assets	10	805,452	448,602
Total current assets		31,144,655	12,766,946
Non-current assets			
Inventories	9	-	4,592,141
Property, plant and equipment	11	75,713,413	68,679,871
Right-of-use assets	12	1,326,019	2,086,331
Intangible assets	13	9,100,000	9,100,000
Other assets	10	1,179,073	41,900
Total non-current assets		87,318,505	84,500,243
Total assets		118,463,160	97,267,189
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	14	33,816,033	16,483,791
Contract liabilities	15	2,474,487	-
Borrowings	16	19,884,468	18,258,546
Lease liabilities	17	1,085,028	1,191,821
Employee benefits	18	2,014,311	1,024,570
Total current liabilities		59,274,327	36,958,728
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	16	6,566,703	6,446,516
Lease liabilities	17	279,951	933,941
Employee benefits	18	127,638	43,222
Provisions	19	31,127,047	34,092,000
Total non-current liabilities		38,101,339	41,515,679
Total liabilities		97,375,666	78,474,407
Net assets		21,087,494	18,792,782
Equity			
Issued capital	20	128,281,723	79,621,946
Reserves	21	636,062	(41,699)
Accumulated losses		(107,830,291)	(60,787,465)
Total equity		21,087,494	18,792,782

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

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Polymetals Resources Ltd
Consolidated statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 30 June 2026

Consolidated	Issued capital $	Reserves $	Accumulated losses $	Total equity $
Balance at 1 July 2024	39,765,767	451,145	(13,390,344)	26,826,568
Loss after income tax expense for the year	-	-	(47,848,266)	(47,848,266)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(47,848,266)	(47,848,266)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs (note 20)	39,856,179	-	-	39,856,179
Share-based payments (note 35)	-	575,176	-	575,176
Transfer from reserves to accumulated losses upon expiry of options	-	(451,145)	451,145	-
Loan-funded share reserve recognition (note 21)	-	(616,875)	-	(616,875)
Balance at 30 June 2025	79,621,946	(41,699)	(60,787,465)	18,792,782

Consolidated	Issued capital $	Reserves $	Accumulated losses $	Total equity $
Balance at 1 July 2025	79,621,946	(41,699)	(60,787,465)	18,792,782
Loss after income tax expense for the year	-	-	(47,042,826)	(47,042,826)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(47,042,826)	(47,042,826)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs (note 20)	48,659,777	-	-	48,659,777
Share-based payments (note 35)	-	60,886	-	60,886
Loan-funded share reserve reversal (note 21)	-	616,875	-	616,875
Balance at 30 June 2026	128,281,723	636,062	(107,830,291)	21,087,494

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The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Polymetals Resources Ltd
Consolidated statement of cash flows
For the year ended 30 June 2026

	Note	Consolidated 2026 $	2025 $
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		102,558,808	-
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(121,918,846)	(36,609,777)
Interest received		173,323	246,095
Government grants		-	75,000
Interest and other finance costs paid		(2,620,434)	(554,793)
Net cash used in operating activities	33	(21,807,149)	(36,843,475)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Net cash acquired in asset acquisition		-	2,494
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(8,120,668)	(12,584,371)
Payments for security deposits		(1,137,173)	(40,000)
Net cash used in investing activities		(9,257,841)	(12,621,877)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares	20	50,826,750	38,483,500
Share issue transaction costs	20	(1,550,098)	(1,724,196)
Repayment of lease liability		(1,266,672)	(498,208)
Proceeds from related party loans	16	5,000,000	-
Proceeds from borrowings		-	15,963,960
Repayment of borrowings		(10,562,107)	(2,359,811)
Net cash from financing activities		42,447,873	49,865,245
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		11,382,883	399,893
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		8,275,180	7,875,287
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	7	19,658,063	8,275,180

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The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

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Note 1. Material accounting policy information

The accounting policies that are material to the consolidated entity are set out either in the respective notes or below. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The consolidated entity has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period. Adoption of these new and amended accounting standards and interpretations did not have a material impact to the financial statements.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes the realisation of assets and extinguishment of liabilities in the normal course of business at the amounts stated in the financial report.

The consolidated entity recorded a loss after tax of $47,042,826 and had net cash outflows from operating and investing activities of $21,807,149 and $9,257,841 respectively for the year ended 30 June 2026. At 30 June 2026, the consolidated entity's net current liabilities exceed the current assets by $28,129,672.

In addition, the consolidated entity had a commitment to pay a further $30,065,625 of Environmental Bonds in favour of the Government of New South Wales to meet the environmental obligations of the Endeavor Mine tenements (refer to note 27).

The continuing viability of the consolidated entity is dependent upon the consolidated entity continuing its transition successfully as a mining producer which would be substantially bolstered by successful exploration.

These factors indicate a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt as to whether the consolidated entity will continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

The Directors have prepared a cash flow budget for the 12-month period after the signing of this financial report; and concluded that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the consolidated entity will be able to continue as a going concern. The Directors' conclusion on this matter considers the following factors:

- On 6 November 2024, the consolidated entity entered into a six-year offtake agreement for zinc and silver-lead concentrates produced from the Endeavor Mine. The Company is able to obtain prepayments for concentrate production under this Offtake Agreement, and has utilised this prepayment facility in the year, and may continue to do so (unused facility as at 30 June 2026: US$6 million). Subsequent to year end, the facility was fully repaid, and then in late August 2026, the Company drew down the full US$10 million;
- The consolidated entity commenced productions and sales of product in July 2025. Revenue earned in the year ended 30 June 2026 was $100,002,365;
- Subsequent to the year end, $27,956,000 of the Environmental Bonds were replaced in the form of a bank guarantee provided by Macquarie Bank Limited. As a result, the seller of the Endeavor Mine no longer holds senior security over the project, and the 100% ownership of Cobar Infrastructure Ltd transferred to the consolidated entity (refer note 26 and note 32);
- The New South Wales government regulator accepted a payment plan for the remaining $2,947,000 Environmental Bonds that were not paid post year-end, to be paid progressively until 31 March 2028;
- In addition, the Company is listed on the ASX and has the ability to apply for additional funds in the future. The Directors are of the opinion that, if required, the Company will be successful in raising funds, as it has been demonstrated in the past evidenced by the raising of $15 million and $34.4 million in cash (before share issue transaction costs) from shares issued in July 2025 and December 2025 respectively.

Accordingly, the Directors believe that the consolidated entity will be able to continue as a going concern and that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial report.

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Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)

The financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the amounts or classification of recorded assets or liabilities that might be necessary if the consolidated entity does not continue as a going concern.

Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

Historical cost convention
The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Critical accounting estimates
The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the consolidated entity's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

Comparative information

Some comparative information has been reclassified for presentation purposes.

Parent entity information

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, these financial statements present the results of the consolidated entity only. Supplementary information about the parent entity is disclosed in note 29.

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Polymetals Resources Ltd ('Company' or 'parent entity') as at 30 June 2026 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Polymetals Resources Ltd and its subsidiaries together are referred to in these financial statements as the 'consolidated entity'.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the wholly-owned subsidiary, Golden Guinea Resources SARL, is the accounting parent entity.

Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Polymetals Resources Ltd's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions
Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign operations
The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates at the reporting date. The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the average exchange rates, which approximate the rates at the dates of the transactions, for the period. All resulting foreign exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income through the foreign currency reserve in equity.

The foreign currency reserve is recognised in profit or loss when the foreign operation or net investment is disposed of.

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Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Investments and other financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are included as part of the initial measurement, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset unless an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the consolidated entity has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its carrying value is written off.

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met: (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and (ii) the contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Impairment of financial assets

The consolidated entity recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the consolidated entity's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss recognised is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding expense through profit or loss. In all other cases, the loss allowance reduces the asset's carrying value with a corresponding expense through profit or loss.

Rounding of amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183, relating to 'rounding-off' of amounts in the report. Amounts in the report have been rounded off in accordance with the instrument to the nearest dollar.

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the consolidated entity for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2026. The consolidated entity's assessment of the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations, most relevant to the consolidated entity, are set out below.

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Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)

AASB 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements
This standard is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 and early adoption is permitted. The standard replaces AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements', with many of the original disclosure requirements retained and there will be no impact on the recognition and measurement of items in the financial statements. But the standard will affect presentation and disclosure in the financial statements, including introducing five categories in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations. The standard introduces two mandatory sub-totals in the statement: 'Operating profit' and 'Profit before financing and income taxes'. There are also new disclosure requirements for 'management-defined performance measures', such as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation ('EBITDA') or 'adjusted profit'. The standard provides enhanced guidance on grouping of information (aggregation and disaggregation), including whether to present this information in the primary financial statements or in the notes. The consolidated entity will adopt this standard from 1 July 2027 and it is expected that there will be a significant change to the layout of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

AASB S1 General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information and AASB S2 Climate-related Disclosures
AASB S1 *General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information* (AASB S1) and AASB S2 *Climate-related Disclosures* (AASB S2) were issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) on 20 September 2024. AASB S1 is a voluntary Standard, while AASB S2 is mandatory for entities within the scope of the sustainability reporting requirements under the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Based on the applicable reporting thresholds, management has determined that the consolidated entity is a Group 2 entity for sustainability reporting purposes. Accordingly, the financial year ending 30 June 2027 will be the first reporting period for which the consolidated entity is required to prepare a sustainability report in accordance with AASB S2.

The consolidated entity is continuing to assess the disclosure requirements of AASB S2 and has prepared an indicative AASB S2-aligned climate statement as part of its assessment and preparation for the first applicable reporting period. The consolidated entity does not intend to voluntarily apply AASB S1.

Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimation of useful lives of property, plant and equipment
The estimations of useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods require significant management judgements and are regularly reviewed. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of a change in mine life or some other event. If they need to be modified, the depreciation and amortisation expense is accounted for prospectively from the date of the assessment until the end of the revised useful life (for both the current and future years).

Impairment of property, plant and equipment
The consolidated entity assesses impairment of property, plant and equipment and mine assets in accordance with AASB 136 'Impairment of Assets'. Where indicators of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of these assets is determined based on the value in use. The value in use calculation is based on discounted cashflow model. This requires the use of estimates and judgements in relation to a range of inputs including: commodity prices; exchange rates; reserves and mine planning scheduling; production costs; and discount rates.

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Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

It is reasonably possible that the underlying metal price assumption may change which may then impact the estimated life of mine determinant and may then require a material adjustment to the carrying value of mining plant and equipment, mining infrastructure and mining development assets. Furthermore, the expected future cash flows used to determine the value-in-use of these assets are inherently uncertain and could materially change over time. They are significantly affected by a number of factors including reserves and production estimates, together with economic factors such as metal spot prices, discount rates, estimates of costs to produce reserves and future capital expenditure.

The consolidated entity has regard to external forecasts of key assumptions where available (e.g. commodity price and exchange rates). The recoverable amount is particularly sensitive to fluctuations in the AUD commodity price.

No impairment to property, plant and equipment occurred for the year ended 30 June 2026.

Lease term
The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease or purchase the underlying asset will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the consolidated entity's operations; comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates; incurrence of significant penalties; existence of significant leasehold improvements; and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The consolidated entity reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

Incremental borrowing rate
Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liability at the lease commencement date. Such a rate is based on what the consolidated entity estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset, with similar terms, security and economic environment.

Rehabilitation provision
A provision has been made for the present value of anticipated costs for future rehabilitation of the Endeavor Mine. The consolidated entity's mining and exploration activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. The consolidated entity recognises management's best estimate for assets retirement obligations and site rehabilitations in the period in which they are incurred. Actual costs incurred in the future periods could differ materially from the estimates. Additionally, future changes to environmental laws and regulations, life of mine estimates and discount rates could affect the carrying amount of this provision.

Revenue recognition
The consolidated entity applies judgement in determining the point at which control of concentrate transfers to customers under offtake agreements. While contractual terms provide for legal title to pass on receipt of advance or provisional payments, management has determined that control transfers only when the concentrate is loaded on board the vessel at the port of shipment. This judgement is based on an assessment of the Incoterms applied, the transfer of risk, retention of physical possession prior to shipment, and the customer’s inability to direct the use of the concentrate before loading. Management considers this assessment to appropriately reflect the satisfaction of the Group’s performance obligations under AASB 15.

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Note 3. Operating segments

Identification of reportable operating segments
The consolidated entity is organised into two operating segments: a silver-zinc-lead mine located in Cobar, NSW and gold exploration within Guinea, West Africa. No exploration activity occurred in Guinea in the 2026 financial year. The operating segments are based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (who are identified as the Chief Operating Decision Makers ('CODM')) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. There is no aggregation of operating segments.

Concentrate production is underway at the silver-zinc-lead mine, with multiple shipments of concentrate in the year ended 30 June 2026.

The information reported to the CODM is on at least a quarterly basis.

Unallocated items
The following items of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities are not allocated to operating segments as they are not considered part of the core operations of any segment:

- interest revenue;
- income tax benefit;
- corporate costs;
- cash at bank of Polymetals Resources Ltd (for 30 June 2025); and
- receivables and payables associated with corporate costs.

Operating segment information

Consolidated - 2026	Silver-Zinc-Lead $	Gold $	Unallocated $	Total $
Operating loss	(31,285,998)	-	(1,911,836)	(33,197,834)
Depreciation and amortisation	(10,080,048)	-	-	(10,080,048)
Interest revenue	2,248	-	171,074	173,322
Finance costs	(3,938,266)	-	-	(3,938,266)
Loss before income tax expense	(45,302,064)	-	(1,740,762)	(47,042,826)
Income tax expense				-
Loss after income tax expense				(47,042,826)
Assets				
Segment assets	118,462,757	403	-	118,463,160
Total assets				118,463,160
Total assets includes:				
Acquisition of non-current assets	12,113,818	-	-	12,113,818
Liabilities				
Segment liabilities	97,375,666	-	-	97,375,666
Total liabilities				97,375,666

Note 3. Operating segments (continued)

Consolidated - 2025	Silver-Zinc-Lead $	Gold $	Unallocated $	Total $
Operating loss	(43,357,116)	(5,010)	(1,407,733)	(44,769,859)
Depreciation and amortisation	(3,323,169)	-	-	(3,323,169)
Interest revenue	1,295	-	243,467	244,762
Loss before income tax expense	(46,678,990)	(5,010)	(1,164,266)	(47,848,266)
Income tax expense				-
Loss after income tax expense				(47,848,266)
Assets				
Segment assets	88,505,668	403	8,761,118	97,267,189
Total assets				97,267,189
Total assets includes:				
Acquisition of non-current assets	60,810,555	-	-	60,810,555
Liabilities				
Segment liabilities	78,474,407	-	-	78,474,407
Total liabilities				78,474,407

Geographical information

	Geographical non-current assets	
	2026 $	**2025 $**
Australia	87,318,505	84,500,243

The geographical non-current assets above are exclusive of, where applicable, financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

Accounting policy for operating segments
Operating segments are presented using the 'management approach', where the information presented is on the same basis as the internal reports provided to the Chief Operating Decision Makers ('CODM'). The CODM is responsible for the allocation of resources to operating segments and assessing their performance.

Note 4. Revenue

	Consolidated	
	2026 $	**2025 $**
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Silver sales	53,085,166	-
Zinc sales	31,238,110	-
Lead sales	11,860,111	-
Gold sales	3,818,978	-
	100,002,365	-
Other revenue		
Other revenue	-	1,425
Revenue	100,002,365	1,425

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Note 4. Revenue (continued)

Disaggregation of revenue
The disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers is as follows:

	Consolidated	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Geographical regions		
Europe	100,002,365	-

Accounting policy for revenue recognition
Revenue from the sale of mineral concentrate under offtake agreements is recognised when control of the concentrate transfers to the customer. Offtake sales are conducted under contracts incorporating CIF Incoterms 2020. Delivery, and the transfer of control, occurs when the concentrate is loaded on board the vessel at the port of shipment. At this point, the customer obtains the significant risks and rewards of ownership and the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all remaining benefits from, the concentrate.

Under the terms of the offtake agreements, legal title to the concentrate may transfer upon receipt of advance or provisional payments. However, such payments do not result in the transfer of control, as the Group retains physical possession of the concentrate and bears the risks associated with the goods until shipment. Accordingly, amounts received prior to loading are recognised as contract liabilities until the concentrate is loaded on board the vessel.

The Group's offtake contract includes provisional pricing arrangements whereby the final selling price for concentrate is determined by reference to observable market prices over a specified quotational period following shipment. At the time of shipment, revenue is measured based on the estimated consideration receivable, reflecting provisional pricing, estimated payable metal content and any pricing fixed under early pricing options. Subsequent adjustments arising from changes in metal prices, final weights and assays, and over or under quantities are recognised as adjustments to revenue in the period in which they are determined.

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Note 5. Expenses

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Loss before income tax includes the following specific expenses:		
Depreciation		
Plant and equipment	8,673,620	2,758,295
Fixtures and fittings	7,101	2,789
Motor vehicles	133,125	24,446
Accommodation right-of-use assets	986,668	411,112
Plant and equipment right-of-use assets	32,840	-
Motor vehicles right-of-use assets	246,693	126,527
Total depreciation	10,080,047	3,323,169
Finance costs		
Interest and finance charges on borrowings	2,345,085	2,231,897
Interest and finance charges paid/payable on lease liabilities	122,012	75,331
Unwinding of the discount on rehabilitation provision	1,317,832	-
General interest charge paid/payable to the ATO	-	26,272
Interest payable on bond guarantee	153,337	-
Finance costs expensed	3,938,266	2,333,500
Employee benefits expense		
Wages and salaries	36,644,089	14,863,081
Defined contribution superannuation expense	3,590,829	1,409,918
Share-based payments expense	60,886	126,624
	40,295,804	16,399,623

Note 6. Income tax

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense and tax at the statutory rate		
Loss before income tax expense	(47,042,826)	(47,848,266)
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 30%	(14,112,848)	(14,354,480)
Tax effect amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Non-deductible expenses	711,881	453,330
	(13,400,967)	(13,901,150)
Current year tax losses and temporary differences not recognised	13,400,967	13,901,150
Income tax expense	-	-

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Note 6. Income tax (continued)

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Tax losses not recognised		
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised	79,365,252	47,047,917
Potential tax benefit @ 30%	23,809,576	14,114,375

The above potential tax benefit for tax losses has not been recognised in the statement of financial position. These tax losses can only be utilised in the future if the continuity of ownership test is passed, or failing that, the same business test is passed.

Deferred tax assets not recognised
Deferred tax assets not recognised also comprises temporary differences amounting to $13,155,263 (2025: $1,766,811).

The above potential tax benefit, which excludes tax losses, for deductible temporary differences has not been recognised in the statement of financial position as the recovery of this benefit is uncertain.

Accounting policy for income tax
Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Polymetals Resources Ltd (the 'head entity') and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries formed an income tax consolidated group from 31 July 2024 under the tax consolidation regime. The head entity and each subsidiary in the tax consolidated group continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. The tax consolidated group has applied the 'separate taxpayer within group' approach in determining the appropriate amount of taxes to allocate to members of the tax consolidated group.

Note 7. Cash and cash equivalents

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Current assets		
Cash at bank	19,658,063	8,375,993

Reconciliation to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year
The above figures are reconciled to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:

Balances as above	19,658,063	8,375,993
Bank overdraft (note 16)	-	(100,813)
Balance as per statement of cash flows	19,658,063	8,275,180

Accounting policy for cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the statement of cash flows presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents also includes bank overdrafts, which are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

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Note 7. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Note 8. Trade and other receivables

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	$	$
Current assets		
Other receivables	-	21,881
Fuel rebate	24,772	-
	24,772	21,881

Note 9. Inventories

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	$	$
Current assets		
Concentrate inventory	10,656,368	2,697,486
Consumables inventory	-	1,222,984
	10,656,368	3,920,470
Non-current assets		
Spares on hand	-	4,592,141
	10,656,368	8,512,611

Accounting policy for inventories
Inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises of purchase and delivery costs, net of rebates and discounts received or receivable.

Spares on hand were determined using fair value on acquisition date (refer to note 30) which became their deemed cost upon initial recognition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Note 10. Other assets

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	$	$
Current assets		
Prepayments	805,452	448,602
Non-current assets		
Security deposits	1,179,073	41,900
	1,984,525	490,502

Note 11. Property, plant and equipment

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Non-current assets		
Plant and equipment - at cost	76,352,884	70,855,625
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(11,181,228)	(2,767,438)
	65,171,656	68,088,187
Fixtures and fittings - at cost	13,695	13,695
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(9,890)	(2,789)
	3,805	10,906
Motor vehicles - at cost	1,540,694	605,224
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(188,554)	(24,446)
	1,352,140	580,778
Equipment tools - at cost	9,185,812	-
	75,713,413	68,679,871

Reconciliations
Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Consolidated	Plant and equipment $	Fixtures and fittings $	Motor vehicles $	Equipment tools $	Total $
Balance at 1 July 2024	12,819	-	-	-	12,819
Additions	25,439,013	13,695	605,224	-	26,057,932
Additions through asset acquisition (note 30)	45,962,174	-	-	-	45,962,174
Write off of assets	(567,524)	-	-	-	(567,524)
Depreciation expense	(2,758,295)	(2,789)	(24,446)	-	(2,785,530)
Balance at 30 June 2025	68,088,187	10,906	580,778	-	68,679,871
Additions	10,459,553	-	1,148,376	4,593,671	16,201,600
Disposals	(491,349)	-	(172,219)	-	(663,568)
Rehabilitation provision remeasurement	(4,282,785)	-	-	-	(4,282,785)
Transfer of spares tools	-	-	-	4,592,141	4,592,141
Transfers in/(out)	71,670	-	(71,670)	-	-
Depreciation expense	(8,673,620)	(7,101)	(133,125)	-	(8,813,846)
Balance at 30 June 2026	65,171,656	3,805	1,352,140	9,185,812	75,713,413

Assets under finance
At 30 June 2026, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment includes assets subject to equipment finance arrangements with a net book value of $16,751,177 (2025: $9,237,628). The equipment finance liabilities are secured over the related assets (refer note 16).

Security over property, plant and equipment
The seller of the Endeavor Mine companies held security over the Endeavor Mine companies, including property, plant and equipment with a carrying value of $5,138,245 at 30 June 2026 (2025: $6,239,215), and could reclaim ownership if the consolidated entity was not able to replace the Environmental Bonds - MLs by 1 August 2026 or pay $27,956,000 in cash. Subsequent to the year end, these Environmental Bonds were replaced and the seller no longer holds security over the Endeavor Mine companies (refer note 32).

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Note 11. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Accounting policy for property, plant and equipment
Plant and equipment, including mining plant, processing facilities and supporting infrastructure, is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes the fair value of assets acquired on acquisition of the Endeavor mine, together with any subsequent expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the assets to the condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Expenditure incurred to restart operations after the Endeavor mine acquisition is capitalised where it relates directly to the refurbishment, replacement or upgrading of plant and infrastructure. Expenditure that is not directly attributable, including utilities and administrative overheads, is expensed as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis to write off the net cost of each item of plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and equipment	1 to 10 years
Fixtures and fittings	2.5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income.

Equipment tools
Equipment tools include tools and spares parts for replacement and services of Plant and equipment. These assets are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently remeasured at cost less, if any, impairment. Cost includes the fair value of assets acquired on acquisition of the Endeavor mine. Equipment tools are depreciated after transferring to Plant and equipment.

Note 12. Right-of-use assets

	Consolidated	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Non-current assets		
Accommodation - right-of-use	1,973,336	1,973,336
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,397,780)	(411,112)
	575,556	1,562,224
Plant and equipment - right-of-use	394,082	-
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(32,840)	-
	361,242	-
Motor vehicles - right-of-use	762,441	650,634
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(373,220)	(126,527)
	389,221	524,107
	1,326,019	2,086,331

Note 12. Right-of-use assets (continued)

Reconciliations
Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Consolidated	Accommodation right-of-use $	Plant and equipment right-of-use $	Motor vehicles right-of-use $	Total $
Balance at 1 July 2024	-	-	-	-
Additions	1,973,336	-	650,634	2,623,970
Depreciation expense	(411,112)	-	(126,527)	(537,639)
Balance at 30 June 2025	1,562,224	-	524,107	2,086,331
Additions	-	394,082	111,807	505,889
Depreciation expense	(986,668)	(32,840)	(246,693)	(1,266,201)
Balance at 30 June 2026	575,556	361,242	389,221	1,326,019

For more information on the associated leases, refer to note 17.

Accounting policy for right-of-use assets
Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the consolidated entity expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The consolidated entity has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

Note 13. Intangible assets

	Consolidated	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Non-current assets		
Right to acquire the Endeavor properties	9,100,000	9,100,000

Reconciliations
Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Consolidated	Right to acquire Endeavor properties $
Balance at 1 July 2024	22,933,519
Completion of the acquisition of Endeavor mine assets (note 30)	(13,833,519)
Balance at 30 June 2025	9,100,000
Balance at 30 June 2026	9,100,000

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Note 13. Intangible assets (continued)

Right to acquire the Endeavor properties
On 12 May 2023, the Company acquired the right to purchase the shares in three companies, two of which (Cobar Operations Pty Ltd and Endeavor Operations Pty Ltd) own the Endeavor silver-zinc mine in Cobar, NSW (the Endeavor Mine) and the third (Cobar Infrastructure Pty Ltd) holds residential properties. On 1 August 2024, the consolidated entity acquired Cobar Operations Pty Ltd and Endeavor Operations Pty Ltd and the balance of the right to acquire the Endeavor Mine asset has been allocated to the assets acquired (refer note 30). To be eligible to acquire Cobar Infrastructure Pty Ltd, the consolidated entity will need to replace the Vendors exposure to existing Environmental Bond guarantees by 1 August 2026, therefore the remaining balance represents the right to acquire Cobar Infrastructure Pty Ltd. Subsequent to the year end, the Environmental Bond guarantees were replaced by the consolidated entity (refer note 32), and the consolidated entity finalised the acquisition of the related properties.

Note 14. Trade and other payables

	Consolidated	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Current liabilities		
Trade payables	13,236,130	9,995,239
Payable to Cobar Water Board	2,004,568	2,216,554
Payroll tax payable	177,106	280,512
Royalties	4,414,468	-
Accruals	10,447,543	3,082,768
BAS payable	2,452,033	65,616
Other payables	1,084,185	843,102
	33,816,033	16,483,791

Included in *Trade payables* and *Accruals* is $120,000 (2025: 120,000) payable to directors at 30 June 2026.

Refer to note 23 for further information on financial instruments.

Accounting policy for trade and other payables
Due to their short-term nature, trade and other payables are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Note 15. Contract liabilities

	Consolidated	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Current liabilities		
Contract liabilities	2,474,487	-

Accounting policy for contract liabilities
Contract liabilities represent advance or provisional payments received from the consolidated entity's offtake partner in respect of concentrate for which control has not yet transferred to the buyer. The consolidated entity retains physical possession and the risks associated with the concentrate until it is loaded on board the vessel. Accordingly, amounts received prior to loading are recognised as contract liabilities and are recognised as revenue when control of the concentrate transfers upon loading.

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Note 16. Borrowings

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Current liabilities		
Bank overdraft	-	100,813
Related party loans	5,000,000	-
Equipment finance	8,037,925	3,049,466
Ocean Partners loan facility	6,376,426	14,903,643
Premium finance	470,117	187,124
Employee loans	-	17,500
	19,884,468	18,258,546
Non-current liabilities		
Equipment finance	6,566,703	6,446,516
	26,451,171	24,705,062

Refer to note 23 for further information on financial instruments.

Financing arrangements
Unrestricted access was available at the reporting date to the following lines of credit:

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Total facilities		
Related party loans	5,000,000	-
Ocean Partners loan facility	14,558,160	30,683,412
	19,558,160	30,683,412
Used at the reporting date		
Related party loans	5,000,000	-
Ocean Partners loan facility	6,376,426	14,903,643
	11,376,426	14,903,643
Unused at the reporting date		
Related party loans	-	-
Ocean Partners loan facility	8,181,734	15,779,769
	8,181,734	15,779,769

Related party loans
In November 2025, a related company to one of the Directors, David Sproule, loaned $5,000,000 to the Company. The loan is interest free and for a term of 12 months.

Equipment finance
The consolidated entity has various finance arrangements for motor vehicles and other equipment. Borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest rates are fixed and secured over specific assets with a net book value of $16,751,177 at 30 June 2026 (2025: $9,237,628). Most arrangements are for a term of 36 months, with interest rates ranging from 6.25% to 8.75%.

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Note 16. Borrowings (continued)

Ocean Partners loan facility
On 27 June 2023 the consolidated entity announced that it has entered into a binding Term Sheet with Ocean Partners UK Limited (OPUK) for an unsecured US$10,000,000 pre-payment funding facility, subject to certain conditions, to provide development funding and working capital for the recommencement of mining and processing operation at the Company's underground silver-zinc-lead Endeavor Mine in the Cobar basin, NSW. On 16 September 2024, the pre-payment funding facility was replaced by an upgraded US$20,000,000 revolving loan facility for the same purpose, which was then reduced back to US10,000,000 in July 2025.

The key terms of the facility are as follows:

(i) Facility limit - US$10,000,000 (at 30 June 2026, this translates to A$14,558,160)

(ii) Contract - six-year offtake of zinc and silver-lead concentrates produced from the Endeavor Mine. No offtake on toll treated ores.

Zinc: Pricing is derived from the average London Metal Exchange price over the five days prior to shipment. Treatment charge costs are derived from reference to 50% benchmark (Korea Zinc-Teck) and 50% of the non-benchmark spot treatment charges.

Silver-lead: Lead pricing is derived from the average London Metal Exchange price over the five days prior to shipment. Silver pricing is derived from the average London Bullion Market Association price over the five days prior to shipment. Treatment and refining charge costs are levied with reference to Cannington benchmark.

(iii) Interest - 12-month Secured Overnight Financing Rate + 6.0%

(iv) Term - Revolving facility up to 36 months from first drawdown

(v) Share subscription - 1,118,280 fully paid POL shares and 2,500,000 share options

(vi) Arrangement fee - 1% of drawn funds.

(vii) Security - General security over Cobar Operations Pty Ltd ranked pari-passu with the Endeavor Mine rehabilitation bond and parent company guarantee

(viii) Repayment - 10% of facility amount to be repaid quarterly, with the repayment period starting after the 6-month grace period. Repaid amounts can be redrawn on the same terms revolving over the 36-month term. Outstanding balances upon maturity shall be subject to a bullet repayment. Early repayment can be made any time with five days' notice.

(ix) Grace period - six months

Note 17. Lease liabilities

	Consolidated	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Current liabilities		
Lease liability - Cobar accommodation	615,643	976,954
Lease liability - Motor vehicles	278,149	214,867
Lease liability - Plant and equipment	191,236	-
	1,085,028	1,191,821
Non-current liabilities		
Lease liability - Cobar accommodation	-	615,643
Lease liability - Motor vehicles	107,394	318,298
Lease liability - Plant and equipment	172,557	-
	279,951	933,941
	1,364,979	2,125,762

Refer to note 23 for further information on financial instruments.

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Note 17. Lease liabilities (continued)

On 1 February 2025 a lease commenced for all 26 rooms at Cobar Crossroads Motel, Town & Country and Cobar Motor Inn. The lease is for two years to 31 January 2027, with two options for a further two years each. A daily unoccupied room rate of $110 plus GST is payable per room and this is increased to $145 plus GST for an occupied room. The lease liability on commencement of the lease was $1,973,336. Management are not reasonably certain that the options will be exercised therefore these are excluded from the calculation of the lease liability.

The leases for 7 Toyota Landcruisers and a 12-seater bus commenced in December 2024 and are for terms ranging from 24 months to 36 months.

During the year ended 30 June 2026, 2 new leases commenced for an Isuzu fire truck and a surface drill, both with a term of 2 years.

Lease liabilities are secured by the related leased assets.

Accounting policy for lease liabilities
A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the consolidated entity's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

Note 18. Employee benefits

	Consolidated	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Current liabilities		
Annual leave	2,014,311	1,024,570
Non-current liabilities		
Long service leave	127,638	43,222
	2,141,949	1,067,792

Note 19. Provisions

	Consolidated	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Non-current liabilities		
Rehabilitation provision	31,127,047	34,092,000

Note 19. Provisions (continued)

Rehabilitation provision
The provision for rehabilitation costs relate to a present assessment of the costs to reinstate the disturbed area of the Endeavor Mine in accordance with the relevant consent. Provisions have been made to rehabilitate all areas of disturbance including surface infrastructure, buildings, underground mine workings and underground entries, using internal and external expert assessments of each aspect to calculate an anticipated cash outflow discounted to net present value. At each reporting date the rehabilitation provision is re-measured in line with the then-current level of disturbance, cost estimates, and other key inputs.

Movements in provisions
Movements in each class of provision during the current financial year, other than employee benefits, are set out below:

Consolidated - 2026	Rehabilitation provision $
Carrying amount at the start of the year	34,092,000
Reassessment of provision	(4,282,785)
Unwinding of discount	1,317,832
Carrying amount at the end of the year	31,127,047

Accounting policy for provisions
Provisions are recognised when the consolidated entity has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable the consolidated entity will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate specific to the liability. The increase in the provision resulting from the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Note 20. Issued capital

	Consolidated			
	2026 Shares	**2025 Shares**	**2026 $**	**2025 $**
Ordinary shares - fully paid	308,744,927	249,063,677	128,281,723	79,621,946

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Note 20. Issued capital (continued)

Movements in ordinary share capital

Details	Date	Shares	Issue price	$
Balance	1 July 2024	186,760,665		39,765,767
Shares issued to settle debts (a)	17 July 2024	5,000,000	$0.28	1,400,000
Placement (b)	23 July 2024	2,000,000	$0.28	560,000
Shares issued to vendor of the Endeavor Mine companies (c)	1 August 2024	1,000,000	$0.28	280,000
Shares issued to lender (d)	13 November 2024	1,118,280	$0.72	800,000
Shares issued under loan-funded share plan (e)	19 December 2024	1,762,500	$0.35	616,875
Placement (b)	17 February 2025	43,750,000	$0.80	35,000,000
Shares issued under Share Purchase Plan (f)	17 March 2025	529,375	$0.80	423,500
Shares issued under agreement dated 27 May 2024 (g)	1 April 2025	7,142,857	$0.35	2,500,000
Share issue costs				(1,724,196)
Balance	30 June 2025	249,063,677		79,621,946
Reversal of loan-funded share reserve	1 July 2025			(616,875)
Placement (b)	14 July 2025	18,750,000	$0.80	15,000,000
Options exercised (h)	5 December 2025	1,250,000	$1.00	1,250,000
Placement (b)	11 December 2025	39,500,000	$0.87	34,365,000
Shares issued under loan-funded share plan (e)	19 December 2025	743,750		
Loans under loan-funded share plan repaid (e)	23 December 2025	-	$0.35	54,250
Selective buyback of shares issued under the loan-funded share plan (e)	17 March 2026	(562,500)		
Loans under loan-funded share plan repaid (e)	1 January 2026	-	$0.35	15,750
Loans under loan-funded share plan repaid (e)	23 January 2026	-	$0.35	12,250
Loans under loan-funded share plan repaid (e)	11 April 2026	-	$0.35	7,000
Loans under loan-funded share plan repaid (e)	3 May 2026	-	$0.35	17,500
Loans under loan-funded share plan repaid (e)	7 May 2026	-	$0.00	100,000
Loans under loan-funded share plan repaid (e)	8 May 2026	-	$0.00	5,000
Share issue costs				(1,550,098)
Balance	30 June 2026	308,744,927		128,281,723

Ordinary shares
Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

(a) Shares issued to settle debts
On 17 July 2024, 5,000,000 ordinary shares were issued to a related party, Meadowhead Investments Pty Ltd, in settlement of $1,400,000 of the loan outstanding (refer note 16).

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Note 20. Issued capital (continued)

(b) Placement
30 June 2025
On 23 July 2024, 2,000,000 ordinary shares were issued at $0.28 per share to raise working capital totalling $560,000.

On 17 February 2025, the Company issued 43,750,000 ordinary shares for $0.80 per share to strengthen the balance sheet as the Endeavor Mine progresses to production, and to increase the Company's exploration activities. The placement raised $35,000,000.

30 June 2026
On 14 July 2025, the Company issued 18,750,000 ordinary shares at $0.80 per share to raise $15,000,000 to replace the undrawn facility that is no longer available from Ocean Partners.

On 11 December 2025, the Company issued 39,500,000 ordinary shares at $0.87 per share, which represented a 15.9% discount on the last traded price of $1.04 per share. The $34,365,000 raised (before share issue costs) is to be used for furthering near-mine drilling and exploration, and to strengthen the Company's balance sheet.

(c) Shares issued to vendor of the Endeavor Mine companies
On 1 August 2024, 1,000,000 ordinary shares were issued to the vendors of the Endeavor Mine companies, valued at $280,000 (refer note 30).

(d) Shares issued to lender
As required under the Ocean Partners UK Ltd loan facility, on 13 September 2024 the consolidated entity issued 1,118,280 ordinary shares to Ocean Partners UK Ltd at $0.72 per share (refer note 11).

(e) Loan-funded share plan
On 5 September 2024, the Company granted 3,525,000 loan-funded shares under a loan-funded share plan, split between 15 staff including the Board, Executives and Senior Management. On 19 December 2024 and 19 December 2025 respectively, 1,762,500 and 743,750 loan-funded shares vested and were issued. The loans are repayable only from the proceeds of the sale of the shares or their market value at the time of repayment.

Due to an ASX reporting breach, the Company obtained shareholder approval to implement a selective buy-back of the loan-funded shares to Directors (being 250,000 issued to David Sproule, 187,500 to Alistair Barton, and 125,000 to Jess Oram). The 562,500 loan funded shares were bought back and cancelled by the Company and the corresponding Company-provided loans were cancelled.

The fair value of the share-based payment expense is recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period. As at 30 June 2026, after the selective buy-back, the total number of shares exercised under the plan was 1,943,750, the outstanding loan balance was $468,563 and 593,750 loan-funded shares had not yet vested.

During the year ended 30 June 2026, $211,750 of the loans relating to the loan-funded shares were repaid by shareholders. Issued capital has been recognised for the $211,750 received.

(f) Shares issued under Share Purchase Plan
On 17 March 2025, 529,375 shares were issued to existing shareholders at $0.80 per share under a Share Purchase Plan.

(g) Shares issued under agreement with Metals Acquisitions Limited
The Company had previously entered into an alliance with Metals Acquisitions Limited ("Metals Acquisitions") (ASX: MAC), a company that owns and operates the CSA copper mine located 5km north of Cobar, to allow each company to exploit synergies between the neighbouring mines.

Under the alliance, Metals Acquisitions subscribed to an initial $2.5m of ordinary shares in the Company in the year ended 30 June 2024, then on 1 April 2025, 7,142,857 shares were issued to Metals Acquisitions for $0.35 per share, as all conditions precedent were met.

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Note 20. Issued capital (continued)

(h) Options exercised
As required under the Ocean Partners UK Ltd loan facility, on 13 September 2024 the consolidated entity issued 2,500,000 share options to Ocean Partners UK Ltd with an exercise price of $1.00 that expire on 23 November 2026 (refer to note 35). On 5 December 2025, Ocean Partners exercised 1,250,000 of the share options at $1.00 per share.

Share buy-back
There is no current on-market share buy-back.

Capital risk management
The consolidated entity's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Capital is regarded as total equity, as recognised in the statement of financial position, plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings and lease liabilities (current and non-current) less cash and cash equivalents.

The consolidated entity is not exposed to externally imposed capital requirements.

The consolidated entity monitors capital through the gearing ratio, which is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total equity is defined as equity per the statement of financial position.

The Board reviews the capital structure on an annual basis. As a part of this review the Board considers the cost of capital and risks associated with each class of capital. A high gearing ratio will be expected as the consolidated entity enters into its development stage and more debts are required to fund the operation and development activities.

The capital risk management policy remains unchanged from the 2025 Annual Report.

The gearing ratio at the reporting date was as follows:

		Consolidated	
	Note	**2026**	**2025**
		$	**$**
Current liabilities - trade and other payables	14	33,816,033	16,483,791
Current liabilities - borrowings	16	19,884,468	18,258,546
Non-current liabilities - borrowings	16	6,566,703	6,446,516
Total borrowings		60,267,204	41,188,853
Current assets - cash and cash equivalents	7	(19,658,063)	(8,375,993)
Net debt		40,609,141	32,812,860
Total equity		21,087,494	18,792,782
Gearing ratio		193%	175%

Note 21. Reserves

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Share-based payments reserve	636,062	575,176
Loan-funded shares reserve	-	(616,875)
	636,062	(41,699)

Share-based payments reserve
The reserve is used to recognise the value of equity benefits provided to employees and directors as part of their remuneration.

Options reserve
The reserve is used to recognise the value of share options provided to other parties as part of their compensation for services.

Loan-funded shares reserve
The loan-funded shares reserve represents the equity component of the Company's loan-funded share plan. Under the plan, shares are issued to employees only when the relevant vesting conditions have been satisfied. The shares are funded by non-recourse loans provided by the Company. The loans are repayable only from the proceeds of the sale of the shares. The amount repayable to the Company is limited to the lesser of the loan amount of $0.35 per share and the proceeds from the sale of the shares.

Movements in reserves
Movements in each class of reserve during the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Consolidated	Share-based payments reserve $	Options reserve $	Loan-funded shares reserve $	Total $
Balance at 1 July 2024	206,145	245,000	-	451,145
Share-based payments	575,176	-	-	575,176
Transfer from reserves to accumulated losses upon expiry of options	(206,145)	(245,000)	-	(451,145)
Loan-funded share reserve recognition	-	-	(616,875)	(616,875)
Balance at 30 June 2025	575,176	-	(616,875)	(41,699)
Share-based payments (note 35)	60,886	-	-	60,886
Loan-funded share reserve reversal	-	-	616,875	616,875
Balance at 30 June 2026	636,062	-	-	636,062

Note 22. Dividends

There were no dividends paid, recommended or declared during the current or previous financial year.

Note 23. Financial instruments

Financial risk management objectives
In common with all other businesses, the consolidated entity is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. This note describes the consolidated entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented throughout these financial statements.

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Note 23. Financial instruments (continued)

There have been no substantive changes in the consolidated entity's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks or the methods used to measure them from previous years unless otherwise stated in this note.

The consolidated entity's financial instruments consist mainly of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables, and borrowings.

The Board has overall responsibility for the determination of the consolidated entity's risk management objectives and policies and, whilst retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for designing and operating processes that ensure the effective implementation of the objectives and policies to the consolidated entity's finance function.

The overall objective of the Board is to set polices that seek to reduce risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the consolidated entity's competitiveness and flexibility. Further details regarding these policies are set out below.

Market risk

Foreign currency risk
The consolidated entity undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currency (mainly sales of concentrate) and is exposed to foreign currency risk through foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis and cash flow forecasting.

At 30 June 2026, the consolidated entity had a USD$10,000,000 (2025: US$20,000,000) revolving credit facility with Ocean Partners. The consolidated entity also held USD-denominated cash balances and contract liabilities at the reporting date. These USD-denominated monetary assets and liabilities expose the consolidated entity to foreign currency risk arising from changes in the AUD/USD exchange rate.

At 30 June 2026, if the Australian dollar had weakened/strengthened by 10% against the US dollar, with all other variables held constant, the post-tax loss would have been approximately $701,300 higher/ $573,800 lower, respectively. This sensitivity is attributable to foreign exchange gains and losses arising from USD-denominated cash balances, contract liabilities and the revolving credit facility.

Apart from the USD$10,000,000 revolving credit facility, the Cash and cash equivalents and the Contract liability, the consolidated entity has no other significant exposure to foreign exchange risk, as there are effectively no other foreign currency transactions outstanding. The likely impact of this risk is considered minimal at this stage due to the exploration nature of the assets and the current level of utilisation of the facility.

Price risk
The consolidated entity's revenue and future operating results will be exposed to fluctuations in the prices of silver, zinc and lead. No sales were made during the reporting period; however, fluctuations in commodity prices could have a material impact on future financial performance and cash flows once sales commence.

The entity does not currently hedge its commodity price risk. The Board and Management monitor market conditions and commodity prices to assess potential impacts on financial results and future capital and operating plans.

Interest rate risk
Interest rate risk arises principally from cash and cash equivalents and borrowings. The consolidated entity's borrowings include a USD$10,000,000 revolving credit facility at a variable interest rate (12-month Secured Overnight Financing Rate + 6.0%). Variable rate borrowings expose the consolidated entity to cash flow interest rate risk, while fixed rate borrowings expose it to fair value interest rate risk. At 30 June 2026, the used facility totalled $6,376,426 (2025: $14,903,643). The objective of interest rate risk management is to manage and control interest rate exposures within acceptable parameters while optimising returns.

Note 23. Financial instruments (continued)

The consolidated entity's main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings obtained at variable rates.

Cash and cash equivalent balances are subject to interest rate risk as changes in market interest rates can affect the interest income earned on these balances.

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities at reporting date whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows.

	Basis points increase			Basis points decrease		
	Basis points change	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on equity	Basis points change	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on equity
Consolidated - 2026		$	$		$	$
Cash and cash equivalents	100	196,581	196,581	(100)	(196,581)	(196,581)
Borrowings	100	(63,764)	63,764	(100)	63,764	(63,764)
		132,817	260,345		(132,817)	(260,345)

	Basis points increase			Basis points decrease		
	Basis points change	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on equity	Basis points change	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on equity
Consolidated - 2025		$	$		$	$
Cash and cash equivalents	100	83,760	83,760	(100)	(83,760)	(83,760)
Borrowings	100	(149,036)	(149,036)	(100)	149,036	149,036
		(65,276)	(65,276)		65,276	65,276

Credit risk
Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the consolidated entity. This usually occurs when debtors fail to settle their obligations owing to the consolidated entity. The consolidated entity ’s objective is to minimise the risk of loss from credit risk exposure.

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at reporting date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

Credit risk is reviewed regularly by the Board. It arises from exposure to receivables as well as through deposits with financial institutions.

The consolidated entity does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the consolidated entity and at the reporting date.

The consolidated entity’s cash at bank is wholly held with the Commonwealth Bank of Australia.

Liquidity risk
Vigilant liquidity risk management requires the consolidated entity to maintain sufficient liquid assets (mainly cash and cash equivalents) and available borrowing facilities to be able to pay debts as and when they become due and payable.

The consolidated entity manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows for the possible need to obtain debt or equity finance.

A related party provided the consolidated entity with a loan facility of $5,000,000 (refer note 16). The loan was fully utilised at 30 June 2026 and is repayable within 12 months.

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Note 23. Financial instruments (continued)

The consolidated entity has entered into a binding Term Sheet with Ocean Partners UK Limited (OPUK) for an unsecured US$10,000,000 (A$14,558,160) concentrate pre-payment funding facility which will provide development funding and working capital for the recommencement of mining and processing operation at the Company's underground Silver-Zinc Endeavor Mine in the Cobar basin, NSW (refer note 16).

Remaining contractual maturities
The following tables detail the consolidated entity's remaining contractual maturity for its financial instrument liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the financial liabilities are required to be paid. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows disclosed as remaining contractual maturities and therefore these totals may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

Consolidated - 2026	1 year or less $	Between 1 and 2 years $	Between 2 and 5 years $	Over 5 years $	Remaining contractual maturities $
Non-derivatives					
Non-interest bearing					
Trade and other payables	33,816,033	-	-	-	33,816,033
Interest-bearing - variable					
Borrowings	6,846,543	-	-	-	6,846,543
Interest-bearing - fixed rate					
Borrowings	8,271,571	6,138,415	521,183	-	14,931,169
Lease liability	1,136,679	286,967	-	-	1,423,646
Total non-derivatives	50,070,826	6,425,382	521,183	-	57,017,391

Consolidated - 2025	1 year or less $	Between 1 and 2 years $	Between 2 and 5 years $	Over 5 years $	Remaining contractual maturities $
Non-derivatives					
Non-interest bearing					
Trade and other payables	16,483,791	-	-	-	16,483,791
Interest-bearing - variable					
Bank overdraft	100,813	-	-	-	100,813
Bank loans	15,090,767	-	-	-	15,090,767
Interest-bearing - fixed rate					
Borrowings	3,695,847	3,658,203	3,298,500	-	10,652,550
Lease liability	1,304,789	862,800	98,734	-	2,266,323
Total non-derivatives	36,676,007	4,521,003	3,397,234	-	44,594,244

The cash flows in the maturity analysis above are not expected to occur significantly earlier than contractually disclosed above.

Fair value of financial instruments
Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

Note 24. Key management personnel disclosures

Compensation
The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity is set out below:

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Short-term employee benefits	1,030,513	758,671
Post-employment benefits	94,712	56,887
Share-based payments	30,658	31,879
	1,155,883	847,437

Note 25. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by RSM Australia Partners, the auditor of the Company:

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Audit services - RSM Australia Partners		
Audit or review of the financial statements	208,993	123,000

Note 26. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Under the terms of the acquisition of the Endeavor Mine companies (refer note 30), the consolidated entity had until 1 August 2026 to procure the replacement of the Environmental Bonds - MLs. If these bonds were not replaced before this date, the seller may exercise its security over the Endeavor Mine companies and reclaim ownership, or the consolidated entity could pay $27,956,000 in cash to replace the Environmental Bonds - MLs.

Subsequent to the year end, the $27,956,000 of Environmental Bonds were replaced. As a result, the seller of the Endeavor Mine no longer holds senior security over the project, and the 100% ownership of Cobar Infrastructure Ltd transferred to the consolidated entity (refer note 32).

The consolidated entity holds a US$10,000,000 loan facility with Ocean Partners UK Ltd (refer note 32). In conjunction with this facility arrangement, the Company executed a six-year offtake agreement with Ocean Partners UK Ltd relating to zinc and silver-lead concentrates produced from the Endeavor Mine. The offtake is dependent on future production benchmarks which may or may not occur.

The consolidated entity is not aware of any other contingent liabilities or contingent assets as at the date of this financial report.

Note 27. Commitments

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Committed at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities, payable:		
Within one year	30,065,625	34,092,000

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Note 27. Commitments (continued)

The consolidated entity was required to pay $30,903,000 (decreased from $34,092,000 at 30 June 2025) of Environmental Bonds in favour of the Minister of the Government of New South Wales to meet the environmental obligations of the Endeavor Mine tenements.

During the year, the New South Wales government regulator accepted a payment plan for approximately $6 million of the Environmental Bonds to be paid progressively from 31 March 2026 to 31 March 2028. By 30 June 2026, $837,375 had been paid, therefore the remaining commitment was $30,065,625.

Subsequent to the year end, the consolidated entity replaced the Environmental Bonds that were previously held by the seller of the Endeavor Mine totalling $27,956,000 (note 32).

Note 28. Related party transactions

Legal parent entity
Polymetals Resources Ltd is the legal parent entity.

Subsidiaries
Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 31.

Key management personnel
Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 24 and the remuneration report included in the directors' report.

Transactions with related parties
The following transactions occurred with related parties:

Receivable from and payable to related parties
The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties:

	Consolidated	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Current payables:		
Trade and other payables to key management personnel	120,000	120,000

Loans to/from related parties
During the year ended 30 June 2026, an entity controlled by David Sproule agreed to provide the consolidated entity with a loan facility of up to $5,000,000 (refer note 16). The loan is unsecured, interest free and for a term of 12 months.

On 17 July 2024, $1,400,000 of a related party loan from Meadowhead Investments Pty Ltd, an entity controlled by David Sproule, was repaid by the issue of 5,000,000 shares in the Company (refer note 20) and the remaining $1,555,512 loan was repaid by cash.

In February 2024, a company controlled by David Sproule's spouse, Deering Nominees Pty Ltd, loaned $950,000 to the consolidated entity. The loan was repaid in full during the prior year ended 30 June 2025.

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to loans with related parties:

	Consolidated	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Current borrowings:		
Loan from other related party	5,000,000	-

Note 29. Parent entity information

Set out below is the supplementary information about the legal parent entity.

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	Parent	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Loss after income tax	(10,523,114)	(7,794,409)
Total comprehensive income	(10,523,114)	(7,794,409)

Statement of financial position

	Parent	
	2026	**2025**
	$	**$**
Total current assets	20,204,352	8,761,117
Total assets	111,081,962	75,162,651
Total current liabilities	13,606,657	16,280,898
Total liabilities	13,704,082	16,599,196
Net assets	97,377,880	58,563,455
Equity		
Issued capital	133,422,824	84,763,047
Share-based payments reserve	636,062	575,176
Loan-funded shares reserve	-	(616,875)
Accumulated losses	(36,681,006)	(26,157,893)
Total equity	97,377,880	58,563,455

Guarantees entered into by the parent entity in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries
The parent entity had no guarantees in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

Contingent liabilities
The parent entity had no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

Capital commitments - Property, plant and equipment
The parent entity had no capital commitments for property, plant and equipment as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

Material accounting policy information
The accounting policies of the parent entity are consistent with those of the consolidated entity, as disclosed in note 1, except for the following:

- Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost, less any impairment, in the parent entity.

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Note 30. Asset acquisition

On 12 May 2023 the Company acquired the right to purchase the shares in three companies holding the Endeavor silver-zinc mine in Cobar, NSW (the Mine). During the year ended 30 June 2024, the terms of the agreement were amended to entitle the consolidated entity to acquire two of the three companies, with the acquisition of the third subsidiary holding residential properties deferred until Environmental Bond guarantees of $27,956,000 were replaced.

Cobar Operations Pty Ltd and Endeavor Operations Pty Ltd (the 'Endeavor Mine companies') together held the Endeavor Mine assets and the acquisition of the Endeavor Mine companies completed on 1 August 2024. The new SSA allowed a further two years from completion of the acquisition of the Endeavor Mine companies to procure the replacement of the Environmental Bond guarantees, otherwise the consolidated entity was liable to pay cash to the vendor to release it from its obligations on rehabilitation of the Endeavor Mine site.

Subsequent to the year end, the consolidated entity used existing cash reserves to replace the Environmental Bonds of $27,956,000 that were previously held by the seller of the Endeavor Mine. The Environmental Bonds replaced are in the form of a bank guarantee provided by Macquarie Bank Limited. The cash reserves utilised will remain as restricted cash in an interest-bearing account.

As a result of the above Environmental Bond replacement, the seller of the Endeavor Mine no longer holds senior security over the project, and the 100% ownership of Cobar Infrastructure Ltd transferred to the consolidated entity (refer note 32).

Details of the acquisition that completed in the prior year on 1 August 2024 are as follows:

	Fair value $
Cash and cash equivalents	121,838
Inventories	4,592,141
Mining assets	45,962,174
Employee benefits	(134,735)
Rehabilitation provision	(34,092,000)
Other liabilities assumed	(2,216,554)
Assets acquired and liabilities assumed on acquisition date	14,232,864
Right to acquire Endeavor assets at the beginning of the year	13,833,519
Stamp duty paid during the year as part of consideration	119,345
Shares issued by the Company during the year as part of consideration	280,000
Total fair value of consideration transferred	14,232,864

Note 31. Interests in subsidiaries

Polymetals Resources Ltd is the legal parent entity of the consolidated entity and Golden Guinea Resources SARL is the accounting parent entity.

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Note 31. Interests in subsidiaries (continued)

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1:

Name	Principal place of business / Country of incorporation	Ownership interest 2026 %	Ownership interest 2025 %
Golden Guinea Resources SARL	Guinea, Africa	100%	100%
Société Oro Tree Guinea Resources SARL	Guinea, Africa	100%	100%
Orana Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Cobar Metals Pty Ltd*	Australia	100%	100%
Cobar Operations Pty Ltd**	Australia	100%	100%
Endeavor Operations Pty Ltd**	Australia	100%	100%
Polymetals (Endeavor) Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Polymetals Rehabilitation Pty Ltd***	Australia	100%	-

* Subsidiary of Orana Minerals Pty Ltd.
** Subsidiaries of Cobar Metals Pty Ltd, acquired during the year ended 30 June 2025 (refer note 30).
***Incorporated on 3 June 2026.

Unless otherwise stated, the subsidiaries have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares that are held directly by the consolidated entity, and the proportion of ownership interests is equal to the proportion of voting rights held by the consolidated entity.

Note 32. Events after the reporting period

On 28 July 2026, the consolidated entity used existing cash reserves to replace the Environmental Bonds of $27,956,000 that were previously held by the vendor of the Endeavor Mine (note 13 and note 27). The Environmental Bonds replaced are in the form of a bank guarantee provided by Macquarie Bank Limited. The cash reserves utilised will remain as restricted cash in an interest-bearing account.

As a result of the above Environmental Bond replacement, the vendor of the Endeavor Mine no longer holds senior security over the project, and the 100% ownership of Cobar Infrastructure Ltd transferred to the consolidated entity. Cobar Infrastructure Ltd owns a significant real estate portfolio in Cobar comprising of 42 houses, four large unit blocks (total of 51 rooms) and an amount of industrial land.

On 6 August 2026, 618,750 loan-funded shares vested and were issued. The associated loans at $0.35 per share are repayable on the latter of the date of sale of the shares or 19 December 2028.

On 12 August 2026, the Company announced further drilling results from the Upper North Lode at the Endeavor Mine, which identified broad zones of high-grade silver-lead-zinc mineralisation adjacent to existing underground development. The drilling results are expected to contribute to an updated Mineral Resource Estimate and assessment of the potential inclusion of additional mineralisation in the Company's mine plan.

The Ocean Partners UK Limited facility in use at 30 June 2026 was fully repaid post year end, then in August 2026, the consolidated entity drew down US$9.9 million (US$10 million before costs).

On 7 September 2026 the company released an updated Statement of Mineral Resources as at 31 July 2026. Endeavor's global in-situ total Mineral Resource (excluding tailings) has increased to 20.7 Mt at 7.5% Zn, 4.2% Pb and 82 g/t Ag, reported at a 5% Pb + Zn cut-off, containing about 1.55 Mt of zinc, 0.86 Mt of lead and 54.3 Moz of silver despite on-going mine depletion and the adoption of a 5% lower density. The Mineral Resource comprises:
o Measured 5.9 Mt at 7.6% Zn, 4.6% Pb and 82 g/t Ag
o Indicated 11.1 Mt at 7.5% Zn, 4.3% Pb and 86 g/t Ag
o Inferred 3.7 Mt at 7.4% Zn, 3.1% Pb and 70 g/t Ag
o Total 20.7 Mt at 7.5% Zn, 4.2% Pb and 82 g/t Ag

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Note 32. Events after the reporting period (continued)

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2026 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

Note 33. Cash flow information

Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash used in operating activities

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(47,042,826)	(47,848,266)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	10,080,047	3,323,169
Share-based payments	60,886	126,624
Write off of assets	-	567,524
Net gain on disposal of non-current assets	(8,335)	-
Finance costs - non-cash	1,317,832	1,778,707
Change in operating assets and liabilities (excluding operating assets (acquired)/assumed on asset acquisition – note 30):		
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	(2,891)	94,714
Increase in inventories	(6,735,898)	(3,920,470)
Increase in prepayments	(356,850)	(448,602)
Increase in trade and other payables	17,332,242	8,550,068
Increase in contract liabilities	2,474,487	-
Increase in employee benefits	1,074,157	933,057
Net cash used in operating activities	(21,807,149)	(36,843,475)

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Consolidated	Lease liabilities $	Borrowings $
Balance at 1 July 2024	-	2,505,512
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities	(498,208)	13,604,149
Equity-settled (note 20)	-	(1,400,000)
Acquisition of plant and equipment by means of leases	-	9,894,588
Acquisition of leases	2,623,970	-
Balance at 30 June 2025	2,125,762	24,604,249
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,266,672)	(5,562,107)
Acquisition of plant and equipment by means of leases	-	7,589,583
Acquisition of leases	505,889	-
Other changes	-	(180,554)
Balance at 30 June 2026	1,364,979	26,451,171

Note 34. Earnings per share

	Consolidated 2026 $	Consolidated 2025 $
Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of Polymetals Resources Ltd	(47,042,826)	(47,848,266)
	Number	**Number**
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	290,353,195	213,908,060
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	290,353,195	213,908,060
	Cents	**Cents**
Basic earnings per share	(16.2)	(22.4)
Diluted earnings per share	(16.2)	(22.4)

Note 35. Share-based payments

A Loan Funded Share Plan (the plan) has been established by the consolidated entity whereby the consolidated entity may, at the discretion of the Board, grant Restricted Shares in the Company to certain key management personnel of the consolidated entity. The Plan was established to attract, motivate and retain current and prospective directors, employees and certain contractors of the consolidated entity and provide them with an incentive to deliver growth and value to all shareholders.

On 5 September 2024, the Company granted 3,525,000 loan-funded shares under the plan, split between 15 staff including the Board, Executives and Senior Management.

The options vest in the following circumstances:
- 25% upon drawdown of a debt facility to fund the restart of the Endeavor Mine
- 25% upon the Company's shares trading at a 30-day VWAP above $0.50
- 25% upon first zinc or silver-lead concentrate shipment from the Endeavor Mine
- 25% upon exchange of Endeavor Mine Environmental Rehabilitation Bonds

The exercise conditions are as follows:
- Exercise price of $0.35 per share
- 3-year term
- Participants must remain engaged with the Company throughout the 3-year term
- 100% of options vest in the event of a change of control transaction

Under Accounting Standard AASB 2 *Share-based Payment*, the issuance of these shares has been accounted for as an in-substance option award. The fair value of these equity instruments was assessed by Directors based on an independent valuation (using an option-pricing model) and were recorded in the Share-based payments reserve (note 21). The total fair value of the in-substance options at grant date was $191,914.

On 19 December 2024 and 19 December 2025 respectively, 1,762,500 and 743,750 loan-funded shares vested and were issued. The loans are repayable only from the proceeds of the sale of the shares or their market value at the time of repayment.

Due to an ASX reporting breach, the Company obtained shareholder approval to implement a selective buy-back of the loan-funded shares to Directors (being 250,000 issued to David Sproule, 187,500 to Alistair Barton, and 125,000 to Jess Oram). The 562,500 loan funded shares were bought back and cancelled by the Company and the corresponding Company-provided loans were cancelled.

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Note 35. Share-based payments (continued)

The fair value of the share-based payment expense is recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period. As at 30 June 2026, after the selective buy-back, the total number of shares exercised under the plan was 1,943,750, the outstanding loan balance was $468,563 and 618,750 loan-funded shares had not yet vested.

On 6 August 2026, 618,750 of the remaining loan-funded shares vested and were issued (refer note 32).

Other share options

As required under the Ocean Partners UK Ltd loan facility, on 13 September 2024 the consolidated entity issued 2,500,000 share options to Ocean Partners UK Ltd with an exercise price of $1.00 that expire on 23 November 2026. On 5 December 2025, Ocean Partners exercised 1,250,000 of the share options at $1.00 per share.

	Number of options 2026	Weighted average exercise price 2026	Number of options 2025	Weighted average exercise price 2025
Outstanding at the beginning of the financial year	4,262,500	$0.73	-	$0.00
Granted	-	$0.00	6,025,000	$0.62
Exercised	(1,993,750)	$0.76	(1,762,500)	$0.35
Expired	(400,000)	$0.35	-	$0.00
Outstanding at the end of the financial year	1,868,750	$0.78	4,262,500	$0.73
Exercisable at the end of the financial year	1,250,000	$1.00	4,262,500	$0.73

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at the end of the 2026 financial year was 0.66 years (2025: 1.86 years)

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Polymetals Resources Ltd
Consolidated entity disclosure statement
As at 30 June 2026

Basis of preparation
The Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement (CEDS) has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001. It includes certain information for each entity that was part of the consolidated entity at the end of the financial year.

Determination of tax residency
Section 295 (3A) of the Corporations Act 2001 defines tax residency as having the meaning in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997. The determination of tax residency involves judgment as there are currently several different interpretations that could be adopted, and which could give rise to a different conclusion on residency.

In determining tax residency, the consolidated entity has applied the following interpretations:

(a) Australian tax residency
The consolidated entity has applied current legislation and judicial precedent, including having regard to the Tax Commissioner's public guidance in Tax Ruling TR 2018/5.

(b) Foreign tax residency
Where necessary, the consolidated entity has used independent tax advisers in foreign jurisdictions to assist in determining tax residency and ensure compliance with applicable foreign tax legislation.

Entity name	Entity type	Place formed / Country of incorporation	Ownership interest %	Tax residency
Polymetals Resources Ltd (parent entity)	Body corporate	Australia		Australia
Golden Guinea Resources SARL	Body corporate	Guinea, Africa	100%	Guinea
Société Oro Tree Guinea Resources SARL	Body corporate	Guinea, Africa	100%	Guinea
Orana Minerals Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100%	Australia
Cobar Metals Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100%	Australia
Cobar Operations Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100%	Australia
Endeavor Operations Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100%	Australia
Polymetals (Endeavor) Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100%	Australia
Polymetals Rehabilitation Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100%	Australia

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Polymetals Resources Ltd
Directors' declaration
30 June 2026

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- the information disclosed in the attached consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct.

The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

David Sproule
Executive Chairman

8 September 2026

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Polymetals Resources Ltd

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Polymetals Resources Ltd ('the Company') and its subsidiaries (together 'the Consolidated entity'), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Consolidated entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

(i) giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and

(ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Consolidated entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (*including independence standards*) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion

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Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial report, which indicates that during the year ended 30 June 2026 the Consolidated entity incurred a loss after tax of $47,042,826 and had net cash outflows from operating and investing activities of $21,807,149 and $9,257,841, respectively. As at 30 June 2026, the Consolidated entity's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by $28,129,672. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed this matter
Revenue recognition Refer to Note 4 to the financial statements	
The financial year ended 30 June 2026 is the first year in which Polymetals generated revenue, following the commencement of production and first shipments in July 2025. Revenue for the year ended 30 June 2026 amounted to $100 million (2025: nil). Revenue recognition was considered a key audit matter due to the significant of the transactions and because the complexity and management's judgements involve in its determination, including: • Identification of the different performance • obligations in the offtake agreement; • Determination of the timing of meeting the performance obligations under the offtake agreement; and • The estimation of variation in the final sale price.	Our audit procedures in relation to the recognition of revenue included: • Assessing whether the Consolidated entity's revenue recognition policies are in compliance with *AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. Along with other procedures, our audit included reviewing the offtake agreements to understand terms and conditions of sale, the performance obligations involved and the timing of meeting the performance obligations; • Evaluating the appropriateness of the design of the internal controls related to revenue recognition, including walk-through testing; • Performing tests of detail transaction to test the validity and accuracy of revenue transactions and corroborating the appropriate of the revenue recognition; • Performing cut-off testing to ensure that revenues were recorded in the appropriate period; and • Assessing the appropriateness of the disclosures in the financial report.

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Key Audit Matters (continued)

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed this matter
Carrying value of Property, plant and equipment Refer to Notes 11 to the financial statements	
As at 30 June 2026, the Consolidated entity had significant Property, plant and equipment, which relates mainly to plant and equipment and mining assets at the Endeavor mine. During the year ended 30 June 2026, the Consolidated entity incurred a net loss of $47 million and had net cash outflows from operating and investing activities of $31 million. Given consideration to the requirements of AASB 136 *Impairment of Assets*, management conducted an impairment test to estimate the recoverable amount the cash generating unit ('CGU') Property, plant and equipment belongs to. The recoverable amount was determined based on the value-in-use calculation and it was then compared to the CGU's carrying amount. We consider this to be a key audit matter due to the significance of these assets (approx. 55% of the Consolidated entity's total assets) and the significant management's judgments and estimates involved in: • calculating the value in use for the CGU using a discounted cash flow model. This model used cash flows (estimation of the future underlying cashflows of the CGU); and • the use of a discount rate to estimate the net present value of these cashflows using the entity's weighted average cost of capital ('WACC').	Our audit procedures included, among others: • Assessing management's determination that Property, plant and equipment should be allocated to a single CGU based on the nature of the Consolidated entity's business and because it does not generate cashflows largely independent from other assets of the Consolidated entity; • Evaluating the valuation methodology used to determine the recoverable amount of the CGU. This included: ○ Holding discussions with management, reviewing ASX announcements and minutes of the directors' meetings to gather information regarding the operations, as well as the plans and expectations going forward; ○ Corroborating the mathematical accuracy of the cash flow model, and reconciling input data to supporting evidence, such as approved budgets and considering the reasonableness of these budgets; ○ Challenging the reasonableness of key assumptions, including the cash flow projections, expected revenue growth, exchange rates and sensitivities used; and ○ In conjunction with our Corporate Finance experts, we assessed the appropriateness of the discount factor used for the estimation of the recoverable amount.

Key Audit Matters (continued)

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed this matter
Provision for rehabilitation Refer to Notes 19 in the financial statements	
As at 30 June 2026, the Consolidated entity's provision for rehabilitation costs to reinstate the disturbed area of the Endeavor Mine amounted to $31 million, which was determined by an assessment conducted during the year of the work required to rehabilitate all areas of disturbance. The provision for rehabilitation represents the estimates of the cost required to rehabilitate the areas of disturbance, including surface infrastructure, buildings, underground mine workings and underground entries. The provision for site rehabilitation was considered a key audit matter due to the materiality of this liability, the significant management's judgements and estimations involved, as well as the complexity in the quantification of it.	Our audit procedures included, among others: • Obtaining the calculations for the provision for site rehabilitation and verifying that the methodology used is in accordance with AASB 137 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*; • Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of management's expert involved in determining the rehabilitation cost estimate; • Obtaining an understanding of the process involved in the determination of the site rehabilitation liability, including the reasonableness for changes during the period; • Assessing the reasonable of key assumptions used in the calculations, and testing the accounting journals to account for the movement unwinding of the discount of the provision; and • Reviewing the appropriateness of the disclosures included in the financial statements in relation to the provision for site rehabilitation.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Consolidated entity 's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2026; but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

a. the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*; and

b. the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

i. the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and

ii. the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Consolidated entity to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Consolidated entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar2_2020.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

REPORT ON THE REMUNERATION REPORT

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 25 to 30 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2026.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Polymetals Resources Ltd, for the year ended 30 June 2026, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

REPORT ON THE REMUNERATION REPORT (continued)

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of *the Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS

R J MORILLO MALDONADO
Partner

Melbourne, VIC
Dated: 8 September 2026

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Polymetals Resources Ltd
Shareholder information
30 June 2026

Polymetals

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 30 July 2026

Distribution of equitable securities

Analysis of number of equitable security holders by size of holding:

	Ordinary shares	
	Number of holders	% of total shares issued
1 to 1,000	594	0.13
1,001 to 5,000	1,114	0.99
5,001 to 10,000	560	1.44
10,001 to 100,000	801	8.01
100,001 and over	174	89.43
	3,243	100.00
Holding less than a marketable parcel	291	0.04

Equity security holders

Twenty largest quoted equity security holders
The names of the twenty largest security holders of quoted equity securities are listed below:

	Ordinary shares	
	Number held	% of total shares issued
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	49,189,668	15.93
MEADOWHEAD INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	25,698,697	8.32
DEERING NOMINEES PTY LTD	21,537,348	6.98
MEADOWHEAD INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	20,034,931	6.49
BNP PARIBAS NOMINESS PTY LTD - IB AU NOMS RETAILCLIENT	15,285,909	4.95
P & D SUPER AUSTRALIA PTY LTD - P & D SUPER FUND	10,747,153	3.48
J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED	10,492,881	3.40
MR STEPHEN LEE JACKSON	9,230,162	2.99
BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD - GLOBAL MARKETS	8,311,970	2.69
BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD	7,767,081	2.52
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	7,705,516	2.50
TA SECURITIES HOLDINGS BERHAD	5,333,935	1.73
METALS ACQUISITION CORP. (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD	5,327,479	1.73
OCEAN PARTNERS UK LIMITED	4,875,000	1.58
MR PAUL ROBERT MCCALLUM	3,146,078	1.02
ANG HUI YING	2,662,938	0.86
AGUIBOU BAH	2,293,472	0.74
SPROULE SUPER FUND PTY LTD - SPROULE SUPER FUND A/C	2,162,500	0.70
DEERING NOMINESS PTY LTD - THE DEERING FAMILY A/C	2,142,194	0.69
MR BRIAN DONALD ROEBIG	2,008,000	0.65
	215,952,912	69.95

Unquoted equity securities
There are no unquoted equity securities.

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Substantial holders

Substantial holders in the Company are set out below:

	Ordinary shares	
	Number held	% of total shares issued
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	49,189,668	15.93
MEADOWHEAD INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	25,698,697	8.32
DEERING NOMINEES PTY LTD	21,537,348	6.98
MEADOWHEAD INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	20,034,931	6.49

Voting rights

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares are set out below:

Ordinary shares
On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

There are no other classes of equity securities.

Tenements

As at the date of this report, the Company has an interest in the following tenements:

Tenement	*Holder*	*% Interest*	*Expiry date*	*Area km²*
ELA 7027	Polymetals	100		236
EL 5785	Polymetals	100	05/10/2027	765
EL 8583	Polymetals	100	02/06/2029	295
EL 8762	Polymetals	100	27/06/2027	29
ML 158	Polymetals	100	12/03/2028	3
ML 159	Polymetals	100	12/03/2028	3
ML 160	Polymetals	100	12/03/2028	3
ML 161	Polymetals	100	12/03/2028	3
ML 930	Polymetals	100	20/05/2028	30

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