

ODESSA MINERALS LIMITED
ABN 99 000 031 292

ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025

ABN 99 000 031 292

ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors

Mr Zane Lewis – Non-Executive Chairman
Ms Maddison Cramer – Non-Executive Director
Mr Thomas Bahen – Non-Executive Director

Company Secretary

Mr Robbie Featherby

Registered Office

Suite 1, 295 Rokeby Road Perth WA 6008 Australia Ph: +61 (08) 6555 2950

Auditor

Hall Chadwick WA Audit Pty Ltd 283 Rokeby Road Subiaco WA 6008

Share Registry

XCEND Level 2, 477 Pitt St Haymarket NSW 2000

Securities Exchange Listing

ASX Limited Level 40, Central Park 152-158 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000

ASX Code – ODE

Website

https://odessaminerals.com.au

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ANNUAL REPORT 30 June 2025

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The Directors of Odessa Minerals Limited ("the Company") present their report, together with the financial statements of the Company and its controlled entities ("the Group" or "the Consolidated Entity") for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

Directors

The names and the particulars of the Directors of the Company during or since the end of the financial year are:

| Name | Status | Appointment/Resignation date |
|--------------------|------------------------|--|
| Mr Zane Lewis | Non-Executive Chairman | Appointed 21 November 2019 |
| Mr Thomas Bahen | Non-Executive Director | Appointed 14 April 2025 |
| Ms Maddison Cramer | Non-Executive Director | Appointed 14 April 2025 |
| Ms Lisa Wells | Non-Executive Director | Appointed 17 January 2022/Resigned 14 April 2025 |
| Mr David Lenigas | Executive Director | Appointed 26 April 2022/Resigned 14 April 2025 |

Principal activities

Odessa Minerals Limited is a mineral exploration company focussed on mineral exploration in Western Australia.

Dividends

There were no dividends paid or recommended during the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (2024: Nil).

Review of operations

The net loss of the Group after income tax for the year ended 30 June 2025 amounted to \$2,771,268 (30 June 2024: \$796,410).

Odessa, at year end, held exploration licenses over 759km2 of highly prospective ground in the highly sought-after Gascoyne region of Western Australia. The Company continues to review projects that provide significant exploration upside and compelling acquisition opportunities, and remains committed to creating shareholder value through discovery, exploration and development of mining projects in tier-one locations.

The Company's tenements are split into the Lyndon and Lockier Range Projects and are shown in Figure 1.

Lyndon Project Exploration Potential Highlights

- The Lyndon Project tenements total 811km² and are prospective for uranium, rare earth elements, intrusive Ni-Cu-PGE, orogenic gold and sedimentary-hosted Cu-Pb-Zn mineralisation
- Compilation and assessment of historic data across Ebro Bore completed
- First-pass reconnaissance mapping for uranium mineralisation and 140 rock chip samples collected from unconformities, dolomites, vuggy fault breccias and calcretes at Lyndon Project
- Calcrete has previously been found to have developed over fault intersections with unconformities and stratigraphic contacts, highlighting prospectivity for additional uranium discoveries, with more than 100km strike of prospective Devonian carbonate – Glenburgh Terrane at Lyndon Project
- Following receipt of the Heritage Survey, the Relief Well and Baltic Bore prospects are permitted for drilling, with additional work ongoing to obtain clearances for additional targets near creeks at Baltic Bore
- Devonian carbonates of Western Australia are known hosts of copper-lead-zinc Mississippi Valley-Type deposits – mapping of carbonates aims to determine prospectivity of carbonate units at Lyndon for base metal mineralisation
- Relief Well Uranium Prospect immediately adjoins Paladin Energy's Carley Bore Uranium Project (15.6MLbs U3O8 announced resource)

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Lockier Range Exploration Potential Highlights

- Lockier Range tenement E09/2649 granted covering 125km²
- The Mt Yaragner REE Project with the Lockier Range tenement has:
 - O Very high tenor REE in stream sediments and soils
 - Large scale Th anomalies comparable with the nearby Yangibana (Hastings Technology ("HAS"))
 and Mick Well (Kingfisher Mining ("KFM")) Rare Earth Projects
 - Historical REE grades up to:
 - 14% total rare earth elements ("TREE") in stream sediment sample
 - 3.36% Nd+Pr in stream sediment samples
 - 3.8% TREE in soil samples
- Thorium radiometrics signatures from recently acquired radiometrics show clear comparisons to nearby Yangibana REE development project (Hastings Technology Metals Ltd) and Yin REE Project (Dreadnought Resources Ltd)
- Extensive thorium anomalies 9km by 3km area at Mt Yaragner
- Anomalies coincident with high tenor >1% total rare earth oxide assays ("TREO") from historic soil and stream sediment sampling.

Lyndon Project

The Lyndon Project is located on the margin of the Carnarvon Basin and Gascoyne Complex approximately 200km south of Onslow and 200km NE of Carnarvon, in Western Australia. The project consists of over 1,000km² of exploration licenses and applications.

The Company has previously conducted detailed airborne magnetics and radiometrics over a large part of the project area. The Project encompasses multiple MINDEX occurrences and is prospective for Lithium-pegmatites, uranium, rare earth elements, intrusive Ni-Cu-PGE, orogenic gold and sedimentary-hosted Cu-Pb-Zn mineralisation (Figure 1).

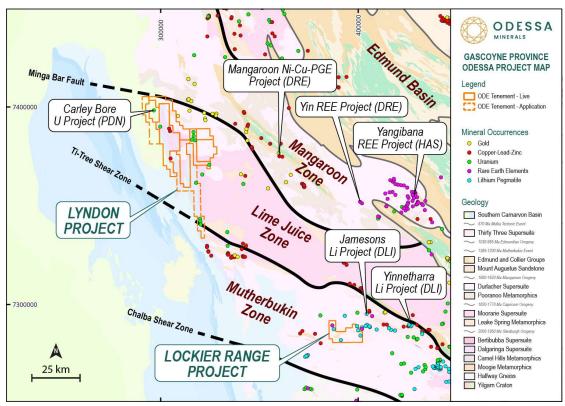


Figure 1: Odessa Minerals regional Gascoyne Project location map overlain with Geological Survey WA Minedex Occurrences.

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The Company undertook the compilation and assessment of historical data along with a field program focussed on mapping and sampling of carbonates at the Ebro Bore prospect within the Company's Lyndon Project. Pleasingly, assay results received returned anomalous base metals up to 0.8% lead and 0.3% copper at Ebro Bore, with 14 samples collected by Odessa returning lead values above 0.1%.

The Gneuda Formation at the Lyndon Project spans approximately 100km of strike, including Ebro Bore, with only 20km assessed for base metal mineralisation to date. Odessa has digitised historical data from hardcopy maps, and the initial rock chip sampling and mapping at the Ebro Bore Prospect is presented in Figure 3.

Results of this work show that base metal anomalism spans 11km of strike at the Ebro Bore prospect, with surface samples returning up to 0.83% Pb (LYRK003) and 0.26% Cu (LYRK002). Mapping has shown that the majority of mineralisation is hosted within thickly bedded dolomite, with the highest grades present in brecciated dolomites proximal to major fault zones. Devonian carbonates of Western Australia are known hosts of copper-lead-zinc Mississippi Valley-Type deposits, such as the productive Lennard Shelf.

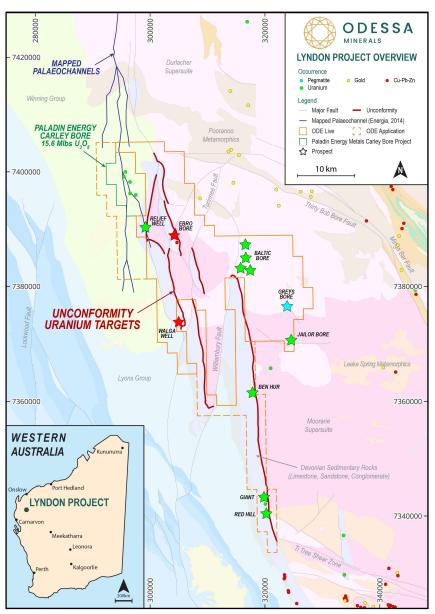


Figure 2: Lyndon Project in relation to Minedex occurrences and the Carley Bore Project (Paladin Energy). Underlain with GSWA 1:500k bedrock geology and structures. Unconformity targets highlighted by red lines.

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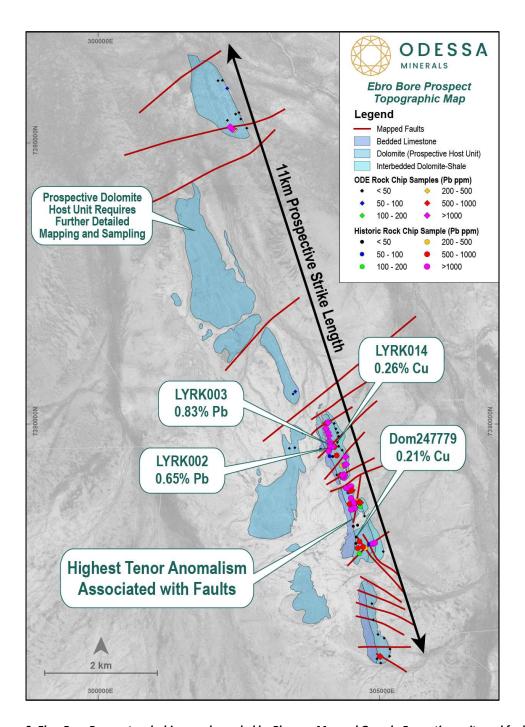


Figure 3: Ebro Bore Prospect rock chip samples coded by Pb ppm. Mapped Gneuda Formation units and faults displayed.

During the year exploration work for uranium mineralisation at the Lyndon Project was undertaken and focussed on assessing the prospectivity of targets where faults intersect stratigraphic boundaries, including the unconformity between the Gneuda Formation and Glenburgh Terrane. These fault-intersections are particularly prospective targets, where uranium sourced from the radiogenic granites of the Glenburgh Terrane are more likely to concentrate in the porous, reducing units of the Devonian sequence and overlying calcrete.

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Exploration to date has focused on roll front-type mineralisation at the Relief Well prospect and calcrete-type mineralisation at the Baltic Bore and Jailor Bore prospects. The Devonian sediments of the Gneuda Formation represent promising uranium targets within the Lyndon Project, including surficial calcrete-type, sandstone-hosted tabular-type and unconformity-type mineralisation (Figure 4).

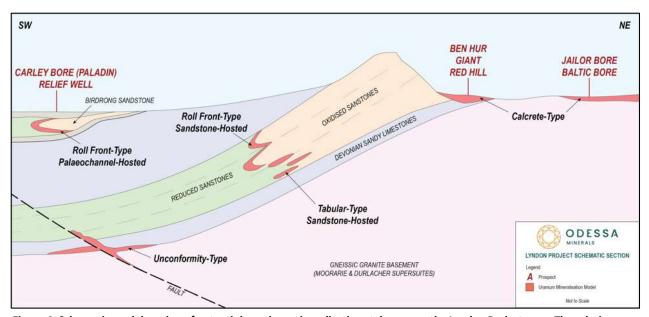


Figure 4: Schematic model section of potential uranium mineralisation styles across the Lyndon Project area. The relative position of prospects are displayed.

During 2008-2010, VTEM surveys returned a series of conductive anomalies, interpreted as shales and micritic limestones, spanning over 35km strike of the Devonian Gneuda Formation and overlying Cretaceous units.

Re-processing and re-interpretation of data by Odessa Minerals highlights multiple targets across the Ben Hur Trend that are prospective for unconformity-type and sandstone-hosted roll front-type and tabular uranium mineralisation, related to fault intersections with sandstone units and the unconformity (Figure 5). These fault-intersections are particularly prospective targets, where uranium sourced from the radiogenic granites of the Glenburgh Terrane are more likely to concentrate in the porous, reducing units of the Devonian sequence.

Newera Resources conducted drilling during 2011 at the Giant-Red Hill Prospects and reported 69 significant intersections above $100ppm\ U_3O_8$, up to $2m\ @\ 411ppm\ U_3O_8$ from 4m.

Additional interpretation of VTEM data at the Relief Well prospect shows similar structural intersections are present along the unconformity situated to the east of the palaeochannel (Figure 5).

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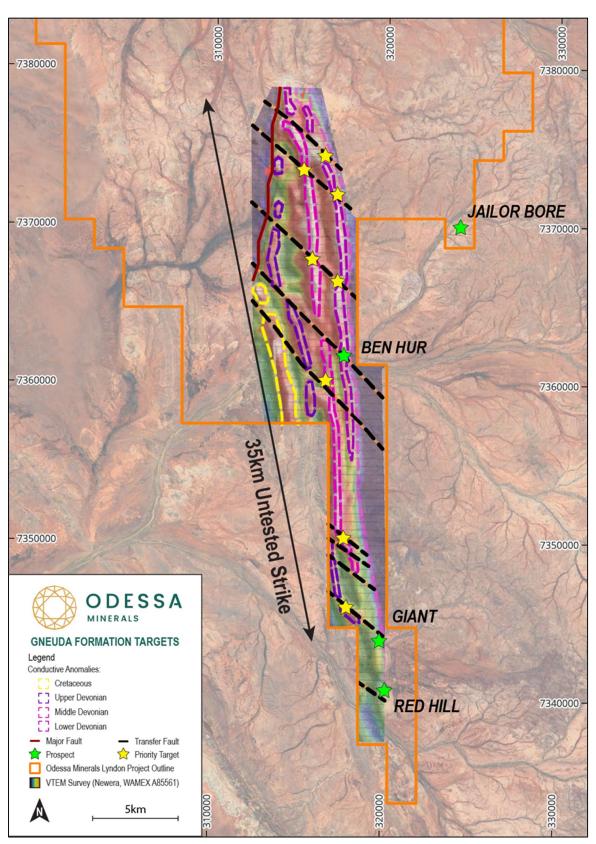


Figure 5: VTEM imagery along the Ben Hur Trend overlain with interpreted conductive anomalies and faults, with priority targets displayed relative to known prospects. Modified after Newera Resources.

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Relief Well Uranium Prospect

As previously announced, re-processing of historic survey data has confirmed the presence of a palaeochannel at the Relief Well prospect with a strike length of >8km that remains open to the south (Figure 6). Depth-slice analysis of re-processed VTEM imagery has delineated the deepest portions of the palaeochannel that are most likely to host significant roll front-type uranium mineralisation.

Relief Well is directly along strike and an upstream extension of the palaeochannel that is host to Paladin Energy's Carley Bore 15.6MLbs U_3O_8 resource (Figure 7). Stratigraphy is interpreted to consist of the Birdrong Sandstone of the Winning Formation with interfingering shale units that act as an aquitard 'trap' for roll front-type uranium mineralisation.

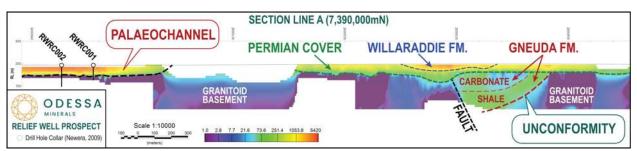


Figure 6: Conductivity Cross Section through Relief Well Palaeochannel. Newera drill holes displayed.

The initial results from mapping across the northern portion of the Project shows that calcrete has developed over portions of the unconformity, primarily where faults intersect (Figure 7) with further work required to assess mineralisation potential, as well as continued mapping of other areas across the Project.

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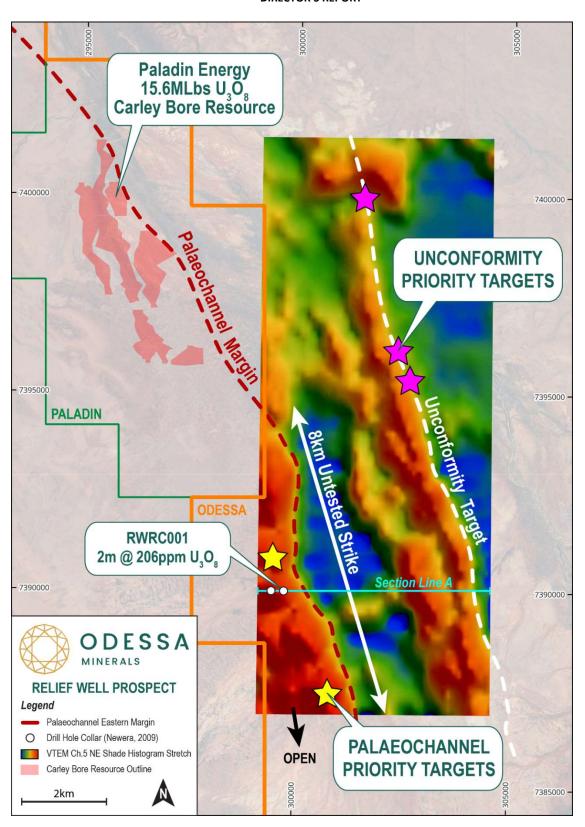


Figure 7: Relief Well Prospect interpreted palaeochannel extension from the Carley Bore Uranium Deposit.

Newera drill holes displayed.

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Baltic Bore Uranium Prospect

The Baltic Bore prospect area consists of multiple radiometric anomalies associated with calcrete terraces over a strike length of 2.6km. Surface mineralisation has been identified as carnotite, a potassium uranium vanadate mineral, hosted in the vugs and fractures of siliceous calcrete, and in the matrix of reworked calcretes (Figure 9). Previous surface sampling undertaken by Odessa returned exceptional rock chip assay results up to 6,612ppm U₃O₈ and 2,132ppm V₂O₅ in sample XT0970, with eight samples returning >1,000ppm U₃O₈ (Figure 8).

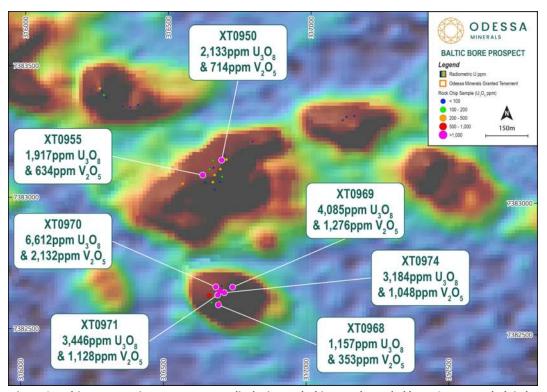


Figure 8: Baltic Bore Uranium Prospect area displaying rock chip samples coded by U_3O_8 ppm underlain by Uranium-band radiometric data (red = high uranium in radiometric data).

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Figure 9: Carnotite (uranium) mineralisation within reworked siliceous calcrete at Baltic Bore in sample XT0971.

Historically, little attention has been paid to the Baltic Bore prospects when compared to Jailor Bore. However, this first-pass rock chipping has proven that the Baltic Bore region encompasses a cluster of outstanding, very high-grade at-surface uranium targets that require further assessment through systematic follow-up sampling.

Jailor Bore Uranium Prospect

Jailor Bore consists of uranium **radiometric anomalies spanning 2km x 300m** (Figure 10). Like at Baltic Bore, carnotite uranium mineralisation is found in vugs and as fracture fill within siliceous calcrete overlying granitoid basement (Figure 9).

Surface sampling conducted at Jailor Bore returned **four rock chip assays >1,000ppm U** $_3$ **O** $_8$ from the central anomaly, with a **peak of 4,489ppm U** $_3$ **O** $_8$. Additionally, high vanadium levels are associated with the uranium mineralisation, with **up to 1,541ppm V** $_2$ **O** $_5$ in rock chip XT0929 (Figure 10).

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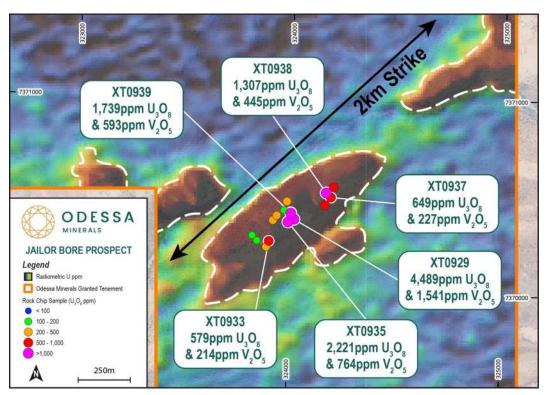


Figure 10: Jailor Bore Uranium Prospect area displaying rock chip samples coded by U_3O_8 ppm underlain by Uranium-band radiometric data (red = high uranium in radiometric data).

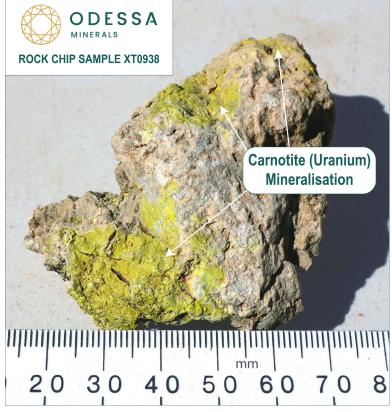


Figure 11: Carnotite (uranium) mineralisation within siliceous calcrete at Jailor Bore in sample XT0938.

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Lockier Range Lithium Project

The Company continued to monitor the global lithium price to determine the appropriate time to continue with our plans to drill the identified lithium targets at Robinsons Bore (Figure 12 and Figure 13) within the eastern part of the tenement.

As previously reported in April 24, the Company has identified coherent anomalous in-soil lithium-pegmatite trends for drill targeting a 4km x 2km Li-Cs-Ta-Be-Rb-Bi anomaly, adjacent to pegmatites at Robinson Bore.

The majority of pegmatites at Robinson Bore sub-crop, with vast areas concealed by cover material. Rock chip results from the pegmatite sub-crops in this region have returned favourable K/Rb ratios < 40, Cs_2O up to 712ppm, Ta_2O_5 up to 259ppm, and BeO up to 8,245ppm.

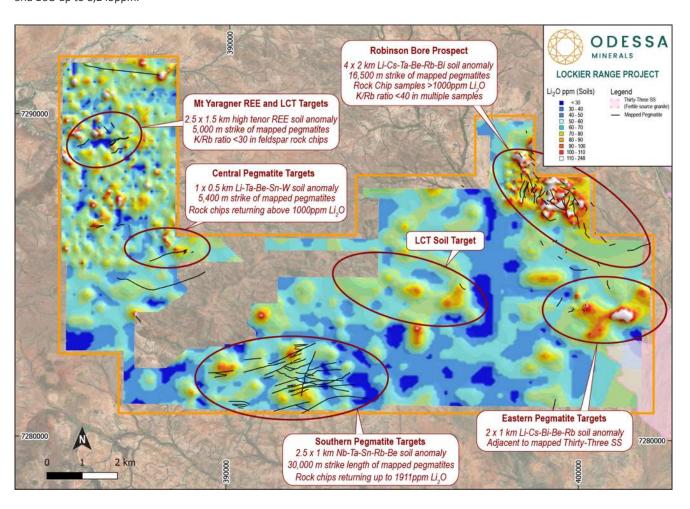


Figure 12: Principal pegmatite target areas within the Lockier Range Project underlain by gridded soil results coded by Li_2O ppm.

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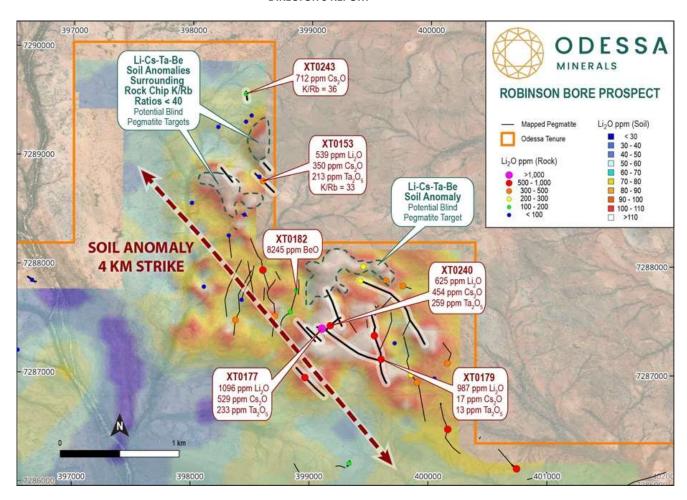


Figure 13: All rock chip samples across the Robinson Bore Prospect coded by Li₂O ppm underlain by gridded soil results coded by Li₂O ppm. Pegmatite targets and anomalous pathfinders highlighted.

Gascoyne East Project and Aries Diamond Project Relinquished

The Company undertook an extensive review of all projects held with a view to streamlining the portfolio to retain only projects considered highly prospective, with robust economic potential.

As a result of this review, all Aries Diamond Project and Gascoyne East tenements were relinquished.

Project Acquisition Opportunities

The Company continues to review project opportunities that may be of interest to the Company, but to date has not progressed to any beneficial acquisition. With the support of the new non-executive directors, and existing stakeholders, the Company will allocate additional resources to review projects that provide significant exploration upside and compelling acquisition opportunities.

Capital Raise

In September 2024, the Company announced a \$1,112,500 million placement to advance the Lyndon Uranium Project at \$0.002 per share.

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Board Changes

On 10 April 2025, the Company announced Mr Thomas Bahen and Ms Maddison Cramer were appointed as Non-Executive Directors of the Company. The Company has also accepted the resignations as Directors by Mr David Lenigas and Ms Lisa Wells effective Monday, 14 April 2025.

Competent Persons Statement

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results for the Lyndon and Lockier Range Projects extracted from the Company's market releases dated 27 March 2024, 15 April 2024, 22 April 2024, 29 April 2024, 23 July 2024, 22 August 2024, 30 September 2025, 23 October 2024, 30 January 2025, 10 April 2025, 15 April 2025, 29 April 2025, 26 May 2025, 30 July 2025 and 31 July 2025 which is available at www.odessaminerals.com.au/asx-announcements/ and subsequent market releases to the Australian Stock Exchange.

Information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on new and historic data compiled by Odessa Minerals and reviewed by Peter Langworthy, who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Langworthy is Managing Director (Principal Consultant) of Omni GeoX Ltd and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity, which he is undertaking, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined by the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Langworthy consents to the inclusion of the data in the form and context in which it appears.

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

Other than the changes described in the Review of Operations, there have been no other significant changes in the state of affairs.

Information on Directors

Mr Zane Lewis Non-Executive Chairman (appointed 21 November 2019)

Qualifications Bachelor of Economics, Fellow of the Governance Institute of Australia

Experience Mr Lewis is a principal and founder of corporate advisory firm SmallCap Corporate

which specialises in corporate advisory services to ASX listed companies. Mr Lewis has been instrumental in the early stage development of several ASX companies and provides the Board with a wealth of knowledge obtained from his diverse financial and corporate experience in previous appointments. Mr Lewis is also a fellow of the Governance Institute of Australia. Mr Lewis is also non-executive director of ASX-listed

Kingsland Global Limited and Lion Energy Limited.

Interest in shares and options at the 94,203,110 ordinary shares

date of this report

8,283,000 unlisted options

Directorships held in other listed

Lion Energy Limited (current)

Kairos Minerals Limited (current)

entities (last 3 years)

8IH Holdings Limited (current)

Vital Minerals Limited (resigned 22 September 2025)

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Mr Thomas Bahen Non-Executive Director (appointed 14 April 2025)

Qualifications Bachelor of Commerce degree (Accounting and Finance)

Experience Mr Bahen has significant experience in capital raisings, corporate advisory and

commercial transactions for listed and unlisted companies. Mr Bahen is a former director of Canaccord Genuity and Patersons Securities and is a former director of Wildcat Resources (ASX:WC8), which he helped recapitalise and also assisted with recapitalising Naracoota Resources Pty Ltd into Alcidion (ALC. ASX) as well as on the

boards of Carbine Resources (ASX:CRB) and Naracoota Resources.

Interest in shares and options at the

date of this report

98,000,000 ordinary shares

105,000,000 options

Directorships held in other listed

entities (last 3 years)

N/A

Ms Maddison Cramer Non-Executive Director (appointed 14 April 2025)

Qualifications Bachelor of Arts/Law

Experience Ms Cramer is the co-founder and managing director of boutique corporate services firm

Belltree Corporate and has over 10 years' experience as a corporate lawyer and company secretary to ASX-listed mining and resources companies. Ms Cramer is a qualified lawyer (LLB), graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors' (AICD) Company Directors course and company secretary of a number of ASX-listed companies.

Interest in shares and options at the

date of this report

30,000,000 options

Directorships held in other listed

entities (last 3 years)

N/A

Company Secretary

Mr Robbie Featherby was appointed as Company Secretary of the Company on 3 September 2021. Robbie Featherby is a Corporate Advisory Executive who holds a Bachelor of Commerce Degree majoring in Finance and Economics. Mr Featherby has an extensive number of years' experience in the financial services industry, more recently spending 4 years in London working at a leading investment research provider in the private equity sector.

Mr Featherby now provides company secretary services for a number of private and public companies.

Meetings of Directors

The number of formal meetings of Directors held during the year and the number of meetings attended by each director was as follows:

| Director | Appointment date | Number eligible to attend | Number attended |
|-----------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Zane Lewis | Appointed 21 November 2019 | 3 | 3 |
| Lisa Wells | Appointed 17 January 2022, resigned 14 April 2025 | 2 | 2 |
| David Lenigas | Appointed 26 April 2022, resigned 14 April 2025 | 2 | 2 |
| Thomas Bahen | Appointed 14 April 2025 | 1 | 1 |
| Maddison Cramer | Appointed 14 April 2025 | 1 | 1 |

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Options

Unissued shares under option

At the date of this report, the unissued ordinary shares of the Group under option are as follows:

| Expiry date | Exercise price | Number under |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| 11 January 2026 | \$0.04 | 140,661,192 |
| 27 April 2026 | \$0.02 | 2,000,000 |
| 27 April 2026 | \$0.03 | 2,000,000 |
| 27 April 2026 | \$0.04 | 4,000,000 |
| 14 October 2026 | \$0.02 | 10,000,000 |
| 14 October 2026 | \$0.03 | 10,000,000 |
| 14 October 2026 | \$0.05 | 20,000,000 |
| 31 December 2026 | \$0.04 | 37,462,806 |
| 28 September 2025 | \$0.025 | 117,826,087 |
| 06 December 2027 | \$0.005 | 75,000,000 |
| 30 April 2030 | \$0.01 | 20,000,000 |
| 30 April 2030 | \$0.015 | 20,000,000 |
| 30 April 2030 | \$0.02 | 20,000,000 |
| | | |
| Total | | 478,950,085 |

Proceedings on behalf of Company

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings. The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Indemnifying officers

The Company indemnifies each of its directors, officers and company secretary. The Company indemnifies each director or officer to the maximum extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001 from liability to third parties, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving lack of good faith, and in defending legal and administrative proceedings and applications for such proceedings.

The Company must use its best endeavours to insure a director or officer against any liability, which does not arise out of conduct constituting a wilful breach of duty or a contravention of the Corporations Act 2001. The Company must also use its best endeavours to insure a Director or officer against liability for costs and expenses incurred in defending proceedings whether civil or criminal.

Insurance premiums

During the year, the Company paid insurance premiums to insure directors and officers against certain liabilities arising out of their conduct while acting as an officer of the Group. Under the terms and conditions of the insurance contract, the nature of the liabilities insured against and the premium paid cannot be disclosed.

Environmental regulations

In the normal course of business, there are no environmental regulations or requirements that the Group is subject to.

Likely developments and results

The Company continue to actively explore and evaluate its mineral exploration tenements in Western Australia. The Company is also continuing to review projects that provide significant exploration upside and compelling acquisition opportunities, and remains committed to creating shareholder value through discovery, exploration and development of mining projects in tierone locations.

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The directors have excluded from this report any further information on the likely developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations in future financial years, as the Directors believe that it would be speculative and prejudicial to the interests of the Group.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

There were no significant events after the reporting date.

Indemnification of auditors

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor. During the financial year, the Company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

Non-audit services

During the year, Hall Chadwick WA Audit Pty Ltd provided the Company with other non-audit services totalling \$1,758, relating to tax services. Details of their remuneration can be found within the financial statements at note 5.

Where non-audit services are provided by Hall Chadwick WA Audit Pty Ltd, the Board has established certain procedures to ensure that the provision of non-audit services are compatible with, and do not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. These procedures include:

- non-audit services will be subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company and will be reviewed by the Board to ensure they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- ensuring non-audit services do not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

The Directors are of the opinion that the services do not compromise the auditor's independence as all non-audit services have been reviewed to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor and none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Code of Conduct APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board.

Auditor's independence declaration

The auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2025 has been received and can be found on page 25 of the financial report.

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Remuneration Report (Audited)

This remuneration report for the year ended 30 June 2025 outlines the remuneration arrangements of the Group in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth), as amended (**Act**) and its regulations. This information has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Act.

The remuneration report is presented under the following sections:

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Remuneration governance
- 3. Executive remuneration arrangements
- 4. Director fee arrangements
- 5. Details of remuneration
- 6. Additional disclosures relating to equity instruments
- 7. Loans to key management personnel (KMP) and their related parties
- 8. Other transactions and balances with KMP and their related parties
- 9. Voting of shareholders at last years AGM

i. Introduction

Key Management Personnel (KMP) have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Group. KMP comprise the directors of the Company and identified key management personnel.

Compensation levels for KMP are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors and executives. The Board may seek independent advice on the appropriateness of compensation packages, given trends in comparable companies both locally and internationally and the objectives of the Group's compensation strategy.

ii. Remuneration governance

The Directors believe the Group is not currently of a size nor are its affairs of such complexity as to warrant the establishment of a separate remuneration committee. Accordingly, all matters are considered by the full Board of Directors, in accordance with a remuneration committee charter.

During the financial year, the Group did not engage any remuneration consultants.

iii. Executive remuneration arrangements

The compensation structures are designed to attract suitably qualified candidates, reward the achievement of strategic objectives, and achieve the broader outcome of creation of value for shareholders. Compensation packages may include a mix of fixed compensation, equity-based compensation, as well as employer contributions to superannuation funds.

The Company had an executive services agreement with Executive Director Mr David Lenigas, who resigned 14 April 2025. The terms of his Executive Employment Agreements are summarised in the following table.

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iii. Executive remuneration arrangements (continued)

| Executive Name | Remuneration |
|---|--|
| David Lenigas (Resigned 14 April 2025) | \$120,000 per annum (up to 30 September 2024) \$60,000 per annum (from 1 October 2024) The following options: |
| | 10,000,000 unlisted options with an exercise price of 2 cents each and expiry date of 4 years from date of issue; |
| | 10,000,000 unlisted options with an exercise price of 3 cents each and expiry date of 4 years from date of issue; and |
| | 20,000,000 unlisted options with an exercise price of 5 cents each and expiry date of 4 years from date of issue. |
| | All the above options packages have a vesting conditional, with each series vesting when the Company's shares exceed the various exercise prices (on a 20-day VWAP) at any time between the issue date and the expiry date of the relevant Incentive Option. |
| | • A termination notice period of 2 months. |

iv. Director fee arrangements

The Board policy is to remunerate Directors at a level to comparable companies for time, commitment, and responsibilities. Directors may receive performance related compensation. Directors' fees cover all main Board activities and membership of any committee. The Board has no established retirement or redundancy schemes in relation to Directors.

The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to Non-Executive Directors is presently limited to an aggregate of \$250,000 per annum and any change is subject to approval by shareholders at the General Meeting. Fees for Directors are not linked to the performance of the Company, however, to align Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company.

Total fees for the Non-Executive Directors for the financial year were \$102,000 and cover main Board activities only. Directors may receive additional remuneration for other services provided to the Group.

David Lenigas

Total

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

v. Details of remuneration

The Key Management Personnel of Odessa Minerals Limited includes the current and former Directors of the Company and Key Management Personnel of the Consolidated Entity during the year ended 30 June 2025.

| 30-Jun-25 | | Short term salary, fees & commissions | Post- employment superannuation | Termination | Share-based payments | Total | Share based payment % of remuneration |
|---------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Directors: | | | | | | | |
| Zane Lewis | | 60,000 | - | - | 131,879 | 191,879 | 69% |
| Thomas Bah | nen (i) | 12,833 | - | - | 135,504 | 148,337 | 91% |
| Maddison C | ramer (i) | 11,358 | 1,476 | - | 135,504 | 148,338 | 91% |
| Lisa Wells(ii |) | 35,000 | - | - | - | 35,000 | - |
| David Lenig | as(ii) | 65,000 | - | - | 249,439 | 314,439 | 79% |
| Total | | 184,191 | 1,476 | - | 652,326 | 837,993 | |
| (i) | Appointe | ed 14 April 2025. | | | | | |
| (ii) | Resigned | 14 April 2025. | | | | | |
| 30-Jun-24 | | Short term salary, fees & commissions | Post- employment superannuation | Termination | Share-based payments | Total | Share based payment % of remuneration |
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Directors: | | | | | | | |
| Zane Lewis | | 87,500 | - | - | - | 87,500 | -% |
| Lisa Wells | | 42,000 | - | - | | 42,000 | -% |

137,285

137,285

257,285

386,785

120,000

249,500

53%

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

vi. Additional disclosures relating to equity instruments

KMP ordinary shareholdings

The number of ordinary shares in the Company, held by each KMP of the Group during the financial year is as follows:

| 30-Jun-25 | Balance at the start of the year / at appointment date | Issued on conversion of performance rights/shares | Acquired on market purchase | Other changes during the year | Balance at end of the year/ at resignation date |
|---------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Directors: | | | | | |
| Zane Lewis | 35,734,275 | - | 8,468,835 | 50,000,000 | 94,203,110 |
| Thomas Bahen (i) | 98,000,000 | - | - | - | 98,000,000 |
| Maddison Cramer (i) | - | - | - | - | = |
| David Lenigas (ii) | 9,277,468 | - | - | - | 9,277,468 |
| Lisa Wells (ii) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 143,011,743 | - | 8,468,835 | 50,000,000 | 201,480,578 |

- (i) Appointed 14 April 2025.
- (ii) Resigned 14 April 2025.

KMP options holdings

The number of options in the Company, held by each KMP of the Group during the financial year is as follows:

| 30-Jun-25 | Balance at the start of the year / at appointment date | Options issued as part of remuneration | Other changes during the year | Balance at end of the year/ at resignation date |
|---------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Directors: | | | | |
| Zane Lewis | 8,283,000 | - | - | 8,283,000 |
| Thomas Bahen (i) | 75,000,000 | 30,000,000 | - | 105,000,000 |
| Maddison Cramer (i) | - | 30,000,000 | - | 30,000,000 |
| David Lenigas (ii) | 40,000,000 | - | - | 40,000,000 |
| Lisa Wells (ii) | - | - | - | - |
| | 123,283,000 | 60,000,000 | - | 183,283,000 |

- (i) Appointed 14 April 2025.
- (ii) Resigned 14 April 2025.

Options have been valued using a Black & Scholes methodology given the value of the services provided could not be reliably measured. The key inputs for the valuation of the options are as follows:

During the period, the Company issued 60,000,000 unlisted options to newly appointed directors. The options have an exercise price of \$0.01, \$0.015, and \$0.02 and an expiry date of 14 April 2030. Totalling an expense of \$271,008.

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| Options | Tranche A | Tranche B | Tranche C |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Exercise price | \$0.01 | \$0.015 | \$0.02 |
| Grant date | 9-Apr-2025 | 9-Apr-2025 | 9-Apr-2025 |
| Risk free rate | 3.35% | 3.35% | 3.35% |
| Expected volatility | 120.50% | 120.90% | 120.90% |
| Expiry date | 14-Apr-2030 | 14-Apr-2030 | 14-Apr-2030 |
| Value per option | \$0.0047 | \$0.0045 | \$0.0043 |
| Number of options | 20,000,000 | 20,000,000 | 20,000,000 |
| Vesting date | Immediate | Immediate | Immediate |

On 10 April 2025, the Company announced its intention to issue 30,000,000 director options to Mr Zane Lewis, subject to shareholder approval at a meeting scheduled after 30 June 2025. As at the reporting date, shareholder approval had not been obtained. An expense has been recognised in the financial year ended 30 June 2025 in share-based payments of \$131,879. When approval is obtained, the options will be reassessed in the period when the grant date is established.

vii. Loans to key management personnel and their related parties

There were no loans made to key management personnel during the financial year.

viii. Other transactions and balances with KMP and their related parties

Some Directors or former Directors of the Group hold or have held positions in other companies, where it is considered they control or significantly influence the financial or operating policies of those entities. Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

During the current year, the Group incurred accounting and company secretarial fees of \$150,764 (2024: \$120,000) with Smallcap Corporate Pty Ltd, a company related to Mr Zane Lewis.

During the current year, the Group incurred Corporate Advisory of \$51,500 (2024: \$Nil) with Yelverton Capital Pty Ltd, a company related to Mr Thomas Bahen. Prior to his appointment as a Director, Yelverton Capital Pty Ltd acted as lead manager to the Company's \$1.1m placement announced on 30 September 2024, for which it received of \$57,000. Yelverton Capital Pty Ltd also received 75,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.005 expiring 6 December 2027 under its Corporate Advisory mandate with a value of \$397,862.

ix. Voting of shareholders at last year's annual general meeting

At the 2024 AGM, 86.4% of the votes received supported the adoption of the remuneration report for the year ended 30 June 2024. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM regarding its remuneration practices.

THIS IS THE END OF THE AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Material Business Risk

The proposed future activities of the Consolidated Entity are subject to a number of risks and other factors which may impact its future performance. Some of these risks can be mitigated by the use of safeguards and appropriate controls. However, many of the risks are outside the control of the directors and management of the Company and cannot be mitigated. An investment in the Company is not risk free and should be considered speculative.

This section provides a non-exhaustive list of the risks faced by the Consolidated Entity or by investors in the Company. The risks should be considered in connection with forward looking statements in this Annual Report. Actual events may be materially different to those described and may therefore affect the Consolidated Entity in a different way.

Investors should be aware that the performance of the Consolidated Entity may be affected by these risk factors and the value of its Shares may rise or fall over any given period. None of the directors or any person associated with the Consolidated Entity guarantee the Consolidated Entity's performance.

Business risks

Exploration and evaluation

- Geological, exploration and development: The exploration, development and mining of mineral resources is a high risk, high-cost exercise with no certainty of confirming economic viability of projects with high risk of project delays and unforeseen geological challenges.
- Market Volatility, there are risks associated with fluctuations in rare earth element prices, market demand and global economic conditions. These factors could impact the Company's financial performance and stability.

Mitigating actions

- Mineral exploration and development is a speculative undertaking that may be impeded by circumstances and factors beyond the control of the Company. Success in this process involves, among other things; discovery and proving-up an economically recoverable resource or reserve, access to adequate capital throughout the project development phases, securing and maintaining title to mineral exploration projects, obtaining required development consents and approvals and accessing the necessary experienced operational staff, the financial management, skilled contractors, consultants and employees.
- The Company is entirely dependent upon the Projects, which are the sole potential source of future revenue, and any adverse development affecting these projects would have a material adverse effect on the Group, its business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

Human Resources and Occupational Health and Safety

- New operational commodity and lack of experience:
 The exploration and development of lithium, REE minerals and uranium is an emerging industry in Australia and there may be a lack of suitably trained professionals to conduct such activities.
- Hazardous activities: The Company's exploration and evaluation activities may be hazardous, with potential to cause illness or injury.

Finance

- The need to fund exploration and evaluation activities.
- Future funding risk: Continued exploration and evaluation is dependent on the Company being able to secure future funding from equity markets. The successful development of a mining project will depend on the capacity to raise funds from equity and debt markets.

- Strong human resources and employee relations framework
- Competitive remuneration structure focused on attracting diverse, engaged and suitably qualified employees and consultants.
- Industry standard safety management system.
- Embedded safety culture.
- Regular review of safety management system.
- The Company will need to source equity funding for continued exploration and evaluation prior to accessing equity and debt markets to undertake development funding. Any additional equity financing may be dilutive to Shareholders, as pricing of the Company's shares are dependent on endogenous and exogenous outcomes.
- There can be no assurance that such funding will be available on satisfactory terms or at all at the relevant

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Business risks

Mitigating actions

time. Any inability to obtain sufficient financing for the Company's activities and future projects may result in the delay or cancellation of certain activities or projects, which would likely adversely affect the potential growth of the Company.

 The Company will engage expert consultants to undertake required baseline environmental assessments and to prepare major approval application documents to ensure it meets regulatory requirements.

The Company considers potential environmental impacts as a key factor in its project design and evaluation and will ensure impacts are reduced to as low as reasonably practicable.

- The Company has engaged legal support and specialised services for the negotiation and preparation of Land Access Agreements with Traditional Owners, to ensure we obtain prior and informed consent for our activities.
- The Company will develop and implement a Stakeholder Engagement Plan to enable positive engagement with our stakeholders to ensure we retain our social licence to operate.
- There are unique factors that affect uranium exploration and development, along with the nuclear industry, which are not limited to political, technological and environmental factors.
- The Company expects further discussion will progress on the costs and benefits of uranium as an energy source. Nuclear energy is widely considered to be part of the solution to substitute fossil fuel-based electricity sources to reduce climate change.
- The Board regularly assesses developments in State and Federal legislation and policies and regularly engages with Government Departments.

Regulatory Approvals and Social Licence to Operate

- The Company's exploration activities and major projects depend on receipt of regulatory approvals (e.g. tenure, environmental licences and permits, heritage approvals, etc). There is a risk that required approvals may be delayed or declined.
- Maintenance of positive relationships with stakeholders and the community, particularly traditional owners, is important in ensuring The Company retains its social licence to operate.
- Potential risks arising from changes in government regulations, policies, or environmental standards that may affect the extraction, processing or export of rare earth elements. Such changes may impact the Company's operations, costs or market access. The exploration and development of uranium in particular is exposed to unique factors with a high level of public awareness. The mining, milling, sale and export of uranium is highly regulated, both at Commonwealth and State/Territory level. The Western Australian government are not currently supporting of uranium mining as at the date of this report.

Changes in Federal and State Regulations

- Changes in Federal or State Government policies or legislation may impact royalties, tenure, land access and labour relations.
- Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Zane Lewis

Non-Executive Chaiman

26 September 2025



To the Board of Directors,

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF **CORPORATIONS ACT 2001**

As lead audit director for the audit of the financial statements of Odessa Minerals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours Faithfully,

Hall Chadwick HALL CHADWICK WA AUDIT PTY LTD

MARK DELAURENTIS CA **Director**

Dated this 26th day of September 2025 Perth, Western Australia



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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2025

| | Note | 30 June 2025 \$ | 30 June 2024 \$ |
|--|--------------|---|--|
| Other income | 2 | 50,599 | 117,729 |
| Administration expenses Employee and Director benefits expenses Depreciation expense Exploration related expenditure Impairment expense Share based payments Loss before income tax Income tax expense Loss for the year | 9 13 3 | (450,861) (173,502) - (8,945) (1,289,185) (677,999) (2,549,893) - (2,549,893) | (492,231) (222,000) (3,699) (33,179) - (163,030) (796,410) - (796,410) |
| Other comprehensive income: Total comprehensive loss for the year | | (2,549,893) | - (796,410) |
| Earnings Per Share | | | |
| Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share) | 6 | (0.18) | (0.08) |

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

| | Note | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|------|--------------|--------------|
| CURRENT ASSETS | | \$ | \$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 7(a) | 2,149,938 | 2,267,543 |
| Trade and other receivables | 8 | 65,100 | 77,966 |
| Other current assets | | 9,974 | 9,481 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 2,225,012 | 2,354,990 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure | 9 | 3,575,320 | 4,325,282 |
| Plant and equipment | 9 | 3,814 | 3,814 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | 3,579,134 | 4,329,096 |
| 101/1211011 0011112111 /135213 | | | ,- , |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 5,804,146 | 6,684,086 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 10 | 214,344 | 147,361 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 10 | 214,344 | 147,361 |
| TOTAL CONNENT LIABLITIES | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 214,344 | 147,361 |
| | | F F80 903 | C 52C 725 |
| NET ASSETS | | 5,589,802 | 6,536,725 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | |
| Issued capital | 11 | 13,525,338 | 12,866,350 |
| Reserves | 12 | 3,357,564 | 2,413,582 |
| Accumulated losses | | (11,293,100) | (8,743,207) |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | 5,589,802 | 6,536,725 |

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

| | Issued Capital | Option Reserve | Accumulated Losses | Total |
|---|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at 1 July 2023 | 12,984,481 | 2,138,664 | (7,946,797) | 7,176,348 |
| Loss for the year | - | - | (796,410) | (796,410) |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - | - | |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | - | - | (796,410) | (796,410) |
| Transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity | | | | |
| Capital raisings (net of costs) | (118,131) | - | - | (118,131) |
| Share based payments | - | 274,918 | | 274,918 |
| Balance at 30 June 2024 | 12,866,350 | 2,413,582 | (8,743,207) | 6,536,725 |
| | | | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2024 | 12,866,350 | 2,413,582 | (8,743,207) | 6,536,725 |
| Loss for the year | - | - | (2,549,893) | (2,549,893) |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - | - | |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | - | - | (2,549,893) | (2,549,893) |
| Transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity | | | | |
| Capital raisings (net of costs) | 1,056,850 | - | - | 1,056,850 |
| Expiry of Share based payments | (397,862) | 397,862 | | - |
| Share based payments | - | 546,120 | <u>-</u> | 546,120 |
| Balance at 30 June 2025 | 13,525,338 | 3,357,564 | (11,293,100) | 5,589,802 |

The above consolidated statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

| | Note | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|------|--------------|--------------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Interest received | | 50,599 | 45,857 |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | (685,831) | (831,438) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | 7(b) | (635,232) | (785,581) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Exploration and evaluation expenditure | | (539,223) | (1,464,186) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (539,223) | (1,464,186) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Proceeds from the issue of shares | | 1,113,100 | - |
| Payments of capital raising costs | | (56,250) | (6,243) |
| Net cash from financing activities | | 1,056,850 | (6,243) |
| | | (| 4 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | (117,605) | (2,256,010) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | | 2,267,543 | 4,523,553 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year | 7(a) | 2,149,938 | 2,267,543 |

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

These consolidated financial statements cover Odessa Minerals Limited (the **Company**, or **Odessa**) and the entities controlled for all or part of the financial year (also referred to as the **Consolidated Entity** or the **Group**). Odessa Minerals Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The Group is a for-profit entity.

The financial statements were issued by the board of directors on 26 September 2025.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the consolidated entity in the preparation and presentation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated. Where applicable, comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted for the current year.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation of the financial report

a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) (including Australian Interpretations) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB), International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), and the Corporations Act 2001.

b) Going concern

For the year ended 30 June 2025 the consolidated entity recorded a loss of \$2,549,893 (30 June 2024: loss of \$796,410), net cash outflows from operating activities of \$635,232 (30 June 2024: outflows \$785,581), and net assets of \$5,589,802 as at that date (30 June 2024: \$6,536,725).

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the consolidated entity is a going concern, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity, realisation of assets and liabilities in the normal course of business.

The directors have prepared an estimated cash flow forecast for the 12 month period from the date of this report to determine if the Group will require additional funding during the period. Based on the cash flow forecast, the Directors are satisfied that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to operate as a going concern.

c) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Odessa Minerals Limited ('company' or 'parent entity') as at 30 June 2025 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the consolidated entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities within the Group are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. A change in ownership interest, without the loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction, where the difference between the consideration transferred and the book value of the share of the non-controlling interest acquired is recognised directly in equity attributable to the parent.

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Non-controlling interest in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the consolidated entity. Losses incurred by the consolidated entity are attributed to the non-controlling interest in full, even if that results in a deficit balance.

Where the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets including goodwill, liabilities and non-controlling interest in the subsidiary together with any cumulative translation differences recognised in equity. The Group recognises the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any investment retained together with any gain or loss in profit or loss.

d) Income tax

Current income tax expense charged to the profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at reporting date. Current tax liabilities (assets) are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well as unused tax losses. Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited directly to equity instead of the profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are ascertained based on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets also result where amounts have been fully expensed but future tax deductions are available. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists, the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

e) Financial instruments

Investments and other financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are included as part of the initial measurement, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset unless, an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the consolidated entity has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its carrying value is written off.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Typically, such financial assets will be either: (i) held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit, or a derivative; or (ii) designated as such upon initial recognition where permitted. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income include equity investments which the consolidated entity intends to hold for the foreseeable future and has irrevocably elected to classify them as such upon initial recognition.

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Impairment of financial assets

The consolidated entity recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the consolidated entity's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss recognised is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised within other comprehensive income. In all other cases, the loss allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

f) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the consolidated entity assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include the consideration of external and internal sources of information, including dividends received from subsidiaries, associates or jointly controlled entities deemed to be out of pre-acquisition profits.

If any such indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the asset's recoverable amount, being the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

g) Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure

Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit or loss in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

The costs of restoration obligations are provided for in full at the time of the activities which give rise to the need of restoration. Restoration costs include reclamation, site closure and monitoring of those activities, and are based on undiscounted prospective current cost estimates which satisfy anticipated legal requirements. Estimates of future costs are measured at least annually.

Where part of a tenement/area of interest is farmed out in consideration of the farminee undertaking to incur further expenditure on behalf of both the farminee and the farmor, exploration expenditure incurred and carried forward prior to farmout continues to be carried forward without adjustment, unless the terms of the farmout are excessive based on the diluted interest retained. A decision is then made to reduce exploration expenditure to its recoverable amount.

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h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, and deposits available on demand with banks with original maturity of three months or less.

i) Leases

The Group as lessee

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. If there is a lease present, a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability are recognised by the Group where the Group is a lessee. However, all contracts that are classified as short-term leases (ie a lease with a remaining lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets are recognised as a operating expenses on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Initially the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments still to be paid at the commencement date. The lease payments are discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are as follows:

- fixed lease payments less any lease incentives;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options;
- lease payments under extension options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date and any initial direct costs. The subsequent measurement of the right-of-use assets is at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is the shortest.

Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group anticipates exercising a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

j) Revenue

Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue as follows:

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

Revenue relating to government grants and the receipt of R&D tax credits from the Australian Government are recorded on an accrual basis. It is accrued in the period relating to which the relevant authority has a definite legal obligation to provide the grant.

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

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k) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues and expenses are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of the GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables and payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

I) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Group's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees during the reporting period.

Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within 12 months have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits payable later than 12 months have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. No employee benefits payable later than 12 months have been recognised in the current period.

m) Share-based payments

The Group operates an employee share and option plan. Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortised over the vesting periods. The fair value of performance right options is determined using the satisfaction of certain performance criteria ('performance milestones').

The number of share options and performance rights expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest. The fair value is determined using either a Black Scholes model (options) or by reference to the prevailing share price at the grant date, adjusted for management's best estimate of achieving the performance milestones attached to the issue (performance rights/shares).

Market conditions are taken into consideration in determining fair value. Therefore, any awards subject to market conditions are considered to vest irrespective of whether or not that market condition has been met, provided all other conditions are satisfied.

n) Equity and reserves

Share capital represents the fair value of shares that have been issued. Any direct transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share capital, net of any related income tax benefits.

The share based payment reserve records the value of share-based payments.

o) Segment information

Identification of reportable segments

The consolidated entity has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (the chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. There is currently one reportable segment.

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p) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the loss attributable to the members of the parent entity, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year (if any).

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares;
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure

One or more of the following facts and circumstances indicate that an entity should test exploration and evaluation assets for impairment (the list is not exhaustive):

- a) the period for which the entity has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed.
- b) substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned.
- exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area.
- d) sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

Where an impairment test is performed, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

Impairment

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash-generating unit based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. The consolidated entity reviews intangible assets for impairment once a year, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that there is impairment.

Share-based payments

Share-based payments are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The fair value of options is determined using the Black-Scholes pricing model. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

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New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The consolidated entity has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period. None of the adopted Accounting Standards and Interpretations had any material effect on the consolidated entity's accounting treatments. Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet adopted

At the date of authorisation of the financial report, a number of Standards and Interpretations including those Standards and Interpretations issued by the IASB/IFRIC, where an Australian equivalent has not been made by the AASB, were in issue but not yet effective for which the Entity has considered it unlikely for there to be a material impact on the financial statements.

| | 30 June 2025 \$ | 30 June 2024 \$ |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| NOTE 2: LOSS FOR THE YEAR | | |
| Other income: | | |
| Interest income | 50,599 | 45,857 |
| Refund of tenement rates | - | 71,872 |
| | 50,599 | 117,729 |
| | | |
| Administration expenses: | | |
| Legal fees | 70,157 | 53,579 |
| Corporate and compliance expenses | 175,627 | 207,051 |
| Consultancy expenses | 63,082 | 33,996 |
| Other administrative expenses | 141,995 | 197,605 |
| | 450,861 | 492,231 |

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NOTE 3: INCOME TAX

The financial accounts for the year ended 30 June 2025 comprise the results of Odessa Minerals Limited. The legal parent is incorporated and domiciled in Australia where the applicable tax rate for 30 June 2025 is 25%.

| | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| (a) Income tax expense | | |
| Current tax | - | - |
| Deferred tax | - | - |
| | | |
| (b) The prima facie tax payable on loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: | | |
| Income tax benefit on loss from continuing operations at 25% (2024: 25%) | (637,473) | (199,102) |
| Non-deductible items | | |
| Non-deductible expenditure | 169,500 | 40,757 |
| Benefits from tax losses not brought to account | 459,209 | 176,361 |
| Temporary differences not recognised | 8,764 | (18,016) |
| Income tax attributable to operating income/(loss) | - | - |
| The applicable weighted average effective tax rates are as follows: | | |
| Balance of franking account at year end | | |
| | | |
| Deferred tax assets | | |
| Tax losses | 3,812,605 | 3,353,912 |
| Black hole expenditure | 37,075 | 63,527 |
| Unrecognised deferred tax asset | 3,849,680 | 3,417,439 |
| Less deferred tax assets not recognised | (3,849,680) | (3,417,439) |
| Net deferred tax | - | |

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NOTE 4: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

a) Key management personnel compensation

The totals of remuneration paid to key management personnel during the year are as follows:

| | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Short-term salary, fees and commissions | 184,191 | 249,500 |
| Post-employment superannuation | 1,476 | - |
| Termination payments | - | - |
| Share based payments | 652,326 | 137,285 |
| | 837,993 | 386,785 |

b) Other related party transactions

Some Directors or former Directors of the Group hold or have held positions in other companies, where it is considered they control or significantly influence the financial or operating policies of those entities. Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

During the current year, the Group incurred accounting and company secretarial fees of \$150,764 (2024: \$120,000) with Smallcap Corporate Pty Ltd, a company related to Mr Zane Lewis.

During the current year, the Group incurred Corporate Advisory of \$51,500 (2024: \$Nil) with Yelverton Capital Pty Ltd, a company related to Mr Thomas Bahen. Prior to his appointment as a Director, Yelverton Capital Pty Ltd acted as lead manager to the Company's \$1.1m placement announced on 30 September 2024, for which it received of \$57,000. Yelverton Capital Pty Ltd also received 75,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.005 expiring 6 December 2027 under its Corporate Advisory mandate with a value of \$397,862.

| NOTE 5: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION | 30 June 2025 \$ | 30 June 2024 \$ |
|--|--------------------|--|
| Remuneration of the auditor of the Group for: | | |
| - Audit and review services of the financial report | 44,104 | 38,282 |
| - Other services (investigating accountants report and tax services) | - | 4,800 |
| | 44,104 | 43,082 |
| | | |
| NOTE 6: LOSS PER SHARE | 30 June 2025 \$ | 30 June 2024 \$ |
| NOTE 6: LOSS PER SHARE Loss per share (EPS) | | 30 June 2024 \$ |
| | | 30 June 2024 \$ (796,410) |

There are 478,950,085 potential ordinary shares (2024: 343,950,085) which were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share due to their anti-dilutive effect.

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| NOTE 7(a): CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Cash at bank | 2,149,938 | 2,267,543 |
| | 2,149,938 | 2,267,543 |
| Refer to Note 17 which details the risk associated with cash and cash equivalents. | | |
| NOTE 7(b): CASH FLOW INFORMATION | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Loss after income tax | (2,549,802) | (796,410) |
| Non-cash flows in loss after income tax | | |
| Depreciation | - | 3,699 |
| Share based payment expense | 677,999 | 163,030 |
| Impairment expense | 1,289,185 | - |
| Changes in assets and liabilities | | |
| Decrease in trade and other receivables | 12,372 | 19,641 |
| Decrease in trade and other payables | (64,986) | (175,541) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (635,232) | (785,581) |

Credit standby facilities

The Group has no credit standby facilities at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: none).

Non-cash investing and financing activities

There were no non-cash investing and financing activities during the year ended 30 June 2025 (2024: none).

| NOTE 8: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT | | |
| Other receivables | 40,000 | 40,000 |
| GST receivable | 25,100 | 37,966 |
| | 65,100 | 77,966 |

All trade and other receivable amounts are short-term. The net carrying value is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

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| NOTE 9: CAPITALISED EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE | 30 June 2025 \$ | 30 June 2024 \$ |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| NON-CURRENT | | |
| Exploration and evaluation expenditure | 3,575,320 | 4,325,282 |
| | 3,575,320 | 4,325,282 |
| | | |
| MOVEMENT: | | |
| Balance at the start of the year | 4,325,282 | 2,861,096 |
| Exploration expenditure capitalised during the year | 539,223 | 1,464,186 |
| Impairment of exploration expenditure(i) | (1,289,185) | - |
| Total capitalised exploration expenditure | 3,575,320 | 4,325,282 |

(i) The Group currently does not have any planned exploration operations in relation to the Gascoyne East Project and has therefore recognised impairment with respect to this asset.

| NOTE 10: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT | | |
| Trade payables | 40,711 | 105,516 |
| Accrued expenses (note 13) | 167,927 | 40,500 |
| Other payables | 5,706 | 1,345 |
| | 214,344 | 147,361 |

All trade and other payable amounts are short-term. The net carrying value is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

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| NOTE 11: ISSUED CAPITAL | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|---------------|--------------|
| NOTE II. ISSUED CAFITAL | \$ | \$ |
| (a) Share capital | | |
| Fully paid ordinary shares | 13,525,338 | 12,866,350 |
| | No. | \$ |
| (b) Movements in fully paid ordinary capital | | |
| Opening balance at 1 July 2023 | 1,043,282,536 | 12,984,481 |
| Share issue costs | - | (118,131) |
| Closing balance at 30 June 2024 | 1,043,282,536 | 12,866,350 |
| Placement 6-Dec-2024 @ 0.20 cents | 331,250,000 | 662,500 |
| Placement 7-Oct-2024 @ 0.20 cents | 225,000,000 | 450,000 |
| Options | - | 600 |
| Share issue costs | - | (454,112) |
| Closing balance as at 30 June 2025 | 1,599,532,536 | 13,525,338 |

(c) Capital Management

Due to the nature of the Group's activities, the Group does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. Therefore, the focus of the Group's capital risk management is the current working capital position against the requirements of the Group to meet research and development programs and corporate overheads. The Group's strategy is to ensure appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required. Any surplus funds are invested with major financial institutions.

| NOTE 12: RESERVES | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|---|----------------|--------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| a) Reserves | | |
| Share based payment reserve | 3,357,564 | 2,413,582 |
| | 3,357,564 | 2,413,582 |
| The share based payment reserve records the value of share-based payment transactions | | |
| b) Movement in share based payment reserve | No. of options | \$ |
| Opening balance at 1 July 2023 | 227,123,998 | 2,138,664 |
| Issue of options - lead manager | 20,000,000 | 111,889 |
| Free-attaching options issued on placement | 97,826,087 | - |
| Expiry of options | (1,000,000) | - |
| Vesting of share based payments | - | 163,029 |
| Closing balance at 30 June 2024 | 343,950,085 | 2,413,582 |
| Issue of options - lead manager | 75,000,000 | 397,862 |
| Issue of options | 60,000,000 | 271,008 |
| Vesting of share based payments | - | 275,112 |
| Closing balance at 30 June 2025 | 478,950,085 | 3,357,564 |

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NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

During the period, the Company issued 75,000,000 options to a lead manager in relation to a capital raising. The options have an exercise price of \$0.005 and an expiry date of 6 December 2027. The total value of these options totalling \$397,862 have been recognised as a capital raising cost.

Options have been valued using a Black & Scholes methodology given the value of the services provided could not be reliably measured. The key inputs for the valuation of the options are as follows:

A summary of the inputs used in the valuation of the other options issued during the year is as follows:

| Options | Lead manager options |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| Exercise price | \$0.005 |
| Grant date | 28-Nov-2024 |
| Expected volatility | 120% |
| Expiry date | 6-Dec-2027 |
| Value per option | \$0.0054 |
| Number of options | 75,000,000 |
| Vesting date | Immediate |

During the period, the Company issued 60,000,000 unlisted options to newly appointed directors. The options have an exercise price of \$0.01, \$0.015, and \$0.02 and an expiry date of 14 April 2030. Totalling an expense of \$271,008.

| 0 | pt | io | ns |
|---|----|----|----|
|---|----|----|----|

| Exercise price | \$0.01 | \$0.015 | \$0.02 |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Grant date | 9-Apr-2025 | 9-Apr-2025 | 9-Apr-2025 |
| Risk free rate | 3.35% | 3.35% | 3.35% |
| Expected volatility | 120.50% | 120.90% | 120.90% |
| Expiry date | 14-Apr-2030 | 14-Apr-2030 | 14-Apr-2030 |
| Value per option | \$0.0047 | \$0.0045 | \$0.0043 |
| Number of options | 20,000,000 | 20,000,000 | 20,000,000 |
| Vesting date | Immediate | Immediate | Immediate |

On 10 April 2025, the Company announced its intention to issue 30,000,000 director options to Mr Zane Lewis, subject to shareholder approval at a meeting scheduled after 30 June 2025. As at the reporting date, shareholder approval had not been obtained. An expense has been recognised in the financial year ended 30 June 2025 in share-based payments of \$131,879. When approval is obtained, the options will be reassessed in the period when the grant date is established.

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NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

The share-based expense as at 30 June 2025 comprises of the following:

| | 30 June 25 | 30 June 24 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Description | \$ | \$ |
| Unlisted director options | 271,008 | - |
| Unlisted director options – accrued - unissued as at 30 June 2025 | 131,879 | - |
| Issue of options to KMP's - vesting during the year | 275,112 | 163,030 |
| Total expense | 677,999 | 163,030 |

NOTE 14: OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group has identified its operating segment based on internal reports that are reviewed by the Board and management. The company has determined that it has one operating segment. The Board does not identify separate segments for internal management reporting hence no segment information has been reported.

NOTE 15: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial risk management policies

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The main purpose of non-derivative financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations.

Specific financial risk exposures and management

The main risk the Group is exposed to through its financial instruments are market risk (including fair value and interest rate risk), cash flow interest rate risk, credit risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk.

(a) Interest Rate Risk

From time to time the Group has significant interest-bearing assets, but they are as a result of the timing of equity-raising and capital expenditure rather than a reliance on interest income. The interest rate risk arises on the rise and fall of interest rates.

The Group's income and operating cash flows are not expected to be materially exposed to changes in market interest rates in the future and the exposure to interest rates is limited to the cash and cash equivalents balances.

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NOTE 15: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets and financial liabilities, is below:

| | Floating interest rate | Non- interest bearing | 2025 Total | Floating interest rate | Non- interest bearing | 2024 Total |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| - Within one year | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | - | 2,149,938 | 2,149,938 | - | 2,267,583 | 2,267,583 |
| Trade and other receivables | - | 71,701 | 71,701 | - | 40,000 | 40,000 |
| Total financial assets | - | 2,221,639 | 2,221,639 | - | 2,307,583 | 2,307,583 |
| Weighted average interest rate | | 0.01% | | - | 0.01% | - |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| - Within one year | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | - | 103,715 | 103,715 | - | 147,361 | 147,361 |
| Borrowings | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total financial liabilities | - | 103,715 | 103,715 | - | 147,361 | 147,361 |
| Weighted average interest rate | - | | | - | - | - |
| Net financial assets | - | 2,117,924 | 2,117,924 | - | 2,160,222 | 2,160,222 |

(b) Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Group in accordance with approved Board policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a Standard and Poor's rating of at least AA-. The following table provides information regarding the credit risk relating to cash and money market securities based on Standard and Poor's counterparty credit ratings.

| | Note | 30 June 2025 \$ | 30 June 2024 \$ |
|--------------------------------------|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents - AA Rated | 7(a) | 2,149,938 | 2,267,543 |

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Group might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

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NOTE 15: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.

The Group has no access to credit standby facilities or arrangements for further funding or borrowings in place. The financial liabilities of the Group are confined to trade and other payables as disclosed in the statement of financial position. All trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and due within 12 months of the reporting date.

| 30 June 2025 | Interest rate | Less than 6 months \$ | 6-12 months \$ | 1-2 years \$ | 2-5 years \$ | Over 5 years \$ | Total contractual cash flows \$ | Carrying amount liabilities \$ |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| Financial liabilities at amort | ised cost | | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | | 214,344 | - | - | - | - | 214,344 | 214,344 |
| | | 214,344 | - | - | _ | _ | 214,344 | 214,344 |
| 30 June 2024 | Interest rate | Less than 6 months \$ | 6-12 Months \$ | 1-2 years \$ | 2-5 years \$ | Over 5 years \$ | Total contractual cash flows \$ | Carrying amount liabilities \$ |
| Financial liabilities at amort | ised cost | | | | | | | _ |
| Trade and other payables | | 147,361 | - | - | - | - | 147,361 | 147,361 |
| | - | 147,361 | - | - | - | - | 147,361 | 147,361 |

(d) Net fair value of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value estimation

Due to the short-term nature of the receivables and payables of the Group, the carrying value approximates fair value.

(e) Financial arrangements

The consolidated entity had no other financial arrangements in place at 30 June 2025 based on the information available to the current board (30 June 2024: none).

(f) Currency risk

The currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the consolidated entity's functional currency. The consolidated entity has no direct material exposure to foreign exchange.

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ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025

CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

NOTE 16: PARENT ENTITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following information has been executed from the books and records of the legal parent Odessa Minerals Limited have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the accounting policies as outlined in Note 1.

(a) Statement of financial position

| | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets | 2,209,377 | 2,342,729 |
| Non-current assets | 7,187 | 3,814 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 2,216,564 | 2,346,543 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current liabilities | 296,414 | 139,056 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 296,414 | 139,056 |
| NET ASSETS | 1,920,150 | 2,207,487 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Issued capital | 255,636,066 | 254,977,079 |
| Reserves | 3,396,070 | 2,321,087 |
| Accumulated Losses | (257,111,986) | (255,090,679) |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | 1,920,150 | 2,207,487 |
| (b) Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income | | |
| Loss for the year | (2,021,307) | (2,258,197) |
| Total comprehensive loss | (2,021,307) | (2,258,197) |

Included in the parent entity's loss for the financial year ending 30 June 2025 is an impairment charge for all the intercompany loans, representing the remaining related party non-current loan receivables owed to the parent by its subsidiaries.

- (c) Guarantees entered into by Odessa Minerals Limited for the debts of its subsidiaries

 There are no guarantees entered into by Odessa Minerals Limited as at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: none).
- (d) Contingent liabilities of Odessa Minerals Limited

 There were no known contingent liabilities of the Company as at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: none).
- (e) Commitments by Odessa Minerals Limited

 The Company did not have any commitments or contractual obligations as at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: none).

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

NOTE 17: CONTROLLED ENTITIES

| Name of Controlled Entity | Country of Incorporation | Percentage owned 2025 | Percentage owned 2024 |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Odessa Australia Pty Ltd | Australia | 100% | 100% |
| Odessa Lyndon Pty Ltd | Australia | 100% | 100% |
| OD4 Noonie Pty Ltd | Australia | 100% | 100% |
| OD3 Cedric Pty Ltd | Australia | -%1 | 100% |
| OD3 Ellenex Pty Ltd | Australia | -%1 | 100% |
| OD3 Liverniga Pty Ltd | Australia | -%1 | 100% |
| OD3 Whiterock Pty Ltd | Australia | -%1 | 100% |
| OD3 Wynne Pty Ltd | Australia | -%1 | 100% |
| OD3 Aries Pty Ltd | Australia | -%1 | 100% |

¹These subsidiaries were deregistered on 18 June 2025.

| NOTE 18: COMMITMENTS | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--|
| | \$ | \$ | |
| No longer than 1 year | 315,500 | 1,061,000 | |
| Longer than 1 year and not longer than 5 years | 394,107 | 2,534,677 | |
| Longer than 5 years | <u> </u> | - | |
| | 709,607 | 3,595,677 | |

Commitments represent minimum spend expenditure on the Group's exploration tenements.

NOTE 19: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group has no known contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: none).

NOTE 20: EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

There were no significant events after the reporting date.

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ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025

CONSOLIDATED ENTITY DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

| Name of Controlled Entity | Entity type | Trustee, partner, or participant in joint venture | Country of Incorporation | % of share capital | Australian or foreign tax resident | Foreign jurisdiction of foreign residents |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Odessa Australia Pty Ltd | Body Corporate | N/A | Australia | 100% | Australian | N/A |
| Odessa Lyndon Pty Ltd | Body Corporate | N/A | Australia | 100% | Australian | N/A |
| OD4 Noonie Pty Ltd | Body Corporate | N/A | Australia | 100% | Australian | N/A |

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ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025

In the Director's opinion:

- The consolidated financial statements and notes set out on pages 27 and 48 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001;
- The consolidated financial statements complying with Australian Accounting Standards and Corporations Regulations 2001, noting the matters documented in Note 1(a);
- the financial statements and notes also comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1;
- The consolidated financial statements and notes give a true and fair view, the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- There are reasonable grounds to believe that the consolidated entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- The information disclosed in the consolidated entity disclosure statement as set out on page 48 is in accordance with Corporations Act 2001 and is true and correct as at 30 June 2025.

This declaration has been made after receiving the declaration required to be made to the directors in accordance with Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Zane Lewis

Non-Executive Chairman

26 September 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ODESSA MINERALS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Odessa Minerals Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Consolidated Entity"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the director's declaration.

In our opinion:

- a. the accompanying financial report of the Consolidated Entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Consolidated Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.





Key Audit Matter

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Capitalised Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

As disclosed in note 9 to the financial statements, during the year ended 30 June 2025 the Company capitalised exploration \$3,575,320

The recognition and recoverability of the exploration and evaluation expenditure was considered a key audit matter due to:

- The significance of the balance to the Consolidated Entity's financial position;
- The level of judgement required in evaluating management's application of the requirements of AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources ("AASB 6"). AASB 6 is an industry specific accounting standard requiring the application judgements, estimates significant industry knowledge. This includes specific requirements for expenditure to be capitalised as an asset and subsequent requirements which must be complied with for capitalised expenditure to continue to be carried as an asset; and

The assessment of impairment of mineral exploration expenditure being inherently difficult.

Our review procedures included but were not limited to:

- Assessing management's determination of its areas of interest for consistency with the definition in AASB 6 Exploration and Evaluation of Mineral Resources ("AASB 6");
- For each area of interest, we assessed the Consolidated Entity's rights to tenure by corroborating to government registries;
- We tested the additions to capitalised expenditure for the year by evaluating a sample of recorded expenditure for consistency to underlying records, the capitalisation requirements of the Consolidated Entity's accounting policy and the requirements of AASB 6;
- We considered the activities in each area of interest to date and assessed the planned future activities for each area of interest by evaluating budgets for each area of interest.
- We assessed each area of interest for one or more of the following circumstances that may indicate impairment of the capitalised expenditure:
- the licenses for the right to explore expiring in the near future or are not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure for further exploration in the specific area is neither budgeted or planned
- decision or intent by the Consolidated Entity to discontinue activities in the specific area of interest due to lack of commercially viable quantities of resources; and
- data indicating that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration asset is



| Key Audit Matter | How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter | | | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or sale; and We also assessed the appropriateness of the related disclosures in note 9 to the financial statements. | | | | |

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Consolidated Entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the remuneration report and our related assurance opinion.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Consolidated Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Consolidated Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Consolidated Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Consolidated Entity to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Consolidated Entity audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2025.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Company, for the year ended 30 June 2025, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with s 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Hall Chadwick
HALL CHADWICK WA AUDIT PTY LTD

MARK DELAURENTIS CA

Mark Delaurent9

Director

Dated this 26th day of September 2025 Perth, Western Australia

ABN 99 000 031 292

ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025 ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 4.10, the Company provides the following information to shareholders not elsewhere disclosed in the Annual Report. The information provided is current as at 18 September 2025.

REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY

Suite 1, 295 Rokeby Road

Perth WA 6008

Australia

Ph: +61 (08) 6555 2950

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Quotation has been granted for 1,599,532,536 ordinary shares on the Australian Securities Exchange Ltd. The State Office of the Australian Securities Exchange Ltd in Perth, Western Australia has been designated the Home Branch of Odessa Minerals Limited.

There are no current on-market buy-back arrangements for the Company.

VOTING RIGHTS

For all ordinary shares, voting rights are one vote per member on a show of hands and one vote per share in a poll. Option holders are not entitled to vote.

SHARE REGISTRY

The registers of shares and options of the Company are maintained by:

XCEND

Level 2, 477 Pitt St

Haymarket NSW 2000

COMPANY SECRETARY

The name of the Company Secretary is Robbie Featherby.

SUBSTANTIAL HOLDERS

The following are substantial holders:

| Pos | Investor | Holding | % IC |
|-----|--|------------|------|
| 1 | WILHENLU PTY LTD | 85,618,782 | 5.35 |
| 2 | ROCK THE POLO PTY LTD <rock a="" c="" polo="" the=""></rock> | 80,000,000 | 5.00 |
| 3 | SYMORGH INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <symorgh a="" c="" fund="" super=""></symorgh> | 80,000,000 | 5.00 |
| 4 | MS SARAH JUNE NAYLOR | 80,000,000 | 5.00 |
| 5 | KENDALI PTY LTD | 80,000,000 | 5.00 |

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ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025 ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

DISTRIBUTION SCHEDULE OF SHAREHOLDERS

Holding Analysis

| Holding Ranges | Holders of Ordinary Shares |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 - 1,000 | 85 |
| 1,001 - 5,000 | 142 |
| 5,001 - 10,000 | 171 |
| 10,001 - 100,000 | 887 |
| 100,001 - 9,999,999,999 | 827 |
| Totals | 2,112 |
| Holders with an unmarketable parcel | 76 |

EQUITY SECURITY HOLDERS

The names of the 20 largest holders of ordinary shares, and the number of ordinary shares and percentage of capital held by each holder is as follows:

| osition | Holder Name | Holding | % IC | |
|---------|---|------------|------|--|
| 1 | WILHENLU PTY LTD | 85,618,782 | 5.35 | |
| 2 | ROCK THE POLO PTY LTD <rock a="" c="" polo="" the=""></rock> | 80,000,000 | 5.00 | |
| 3 | SYMORGH INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <symorgh a="" c="" fund="" super=""></symorgh> | 80,000,000 | 5.00 | |
| 4 | MS SARAH JUNE NAYLOR | 80,000,000 | 5.00 | |
| 5 | KENDALI PTY LTD | 80,000,000 | 5.00 | |
| 6 | SMALL PUNT PTY LTD <small a="" c="" punt="" sf=""></small> | 40,000,000 | 2.50 | |
| 7 | MR GAVIN JEREMY DUNHILL | 36,000,000 | 2.25 | |
| 8 | CRC MINERALS PTY LTD | 33,700,000 | 2.11 | |
| 9 | GEOBASE AUSTRALIA PTY LTD | 30,006,717 | 1.88 | |
| 10 | MRS LEIGH SINCLAIR <holden a="" c="" family="" sinclair=""></holden> | 25,046,717 | 1.57 | |
| 11 | TROCA ENTERPRISES PTY LTD <coulson a="" c="" super=""></coulson> | 25,000,000 | 1.56 | |
| 12 | GOLDEN TRIANGLE CAPITAL PTY LTD | 23,776,804 | 1.49 | |
| 13 | MILFORD RESOURCES PTY LTD | 22,199,760 | 1.39 | |
| 14 | JHAC PTY LTD | 21,250,000 | 1.33 | |
| 15 | ODETTE GEOSCIENCE PTY LTD | 20,430,545 | 1.28 | |
| 16 | OCEAN VIEW WA PTY LTD | 20,000,000 | 1.25 | |
| 17 | MR ZANE LEWIS <rlz a="" c=""></rlz> | 18,468,835 | 1.15 | |
| 18 | MRS CHERYL KAYE YOUNG & MR JOHN ALEXANDER YOUNG <the a="" c="" forever="" super="" young=""></the> | 16,000,000 | 1.00 | |
| 19 | BILGE & CO PTY LTD | 15,000,000 | 0.94 | |
| 20 | ZENNOR BEACH PTY LTD | 15,000,000 | 0.94 | |

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ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025 ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

| | Total | 767,498,160 | 47.98% |
|--|----------------------|---------------|---------|
| | Total Issued Capital | 1,599,532,536 | 100.00% |

Other equity securities

| Class | Total | Units |
|---|---------|-------------|
| Class | Holders | Offics |
| LISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.025 EXP 28/09/25 | 74 | 117,826,087 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.04 EXP 11/01/2026 | 44 | 140,661,192 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.02 EXP 27/04/2026 | 1 | 2,000,000 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.03 EXP 27/04/2026 | 1 | 2,000,000 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.05 EXP 27/04/2026 | 1 | 4,000,000 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.02 EXP 14/10/2026 | 1 | 10,000,000 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.03 EXP 14/10/2026 | 1 | 10,000,000 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.05 EXP 14/10/2026 | 1 | 20,000,000 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.04 EXP 31/12/2026 | 29 | 37,462,806 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.005 EXP 06/12/2027 | 1 | 75,000,000 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.01 EXP 14/04/2030 | 2 | 20,000,000 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.015 EXP 14/04/2030 | 2 | 20,000,000 |
| UNLISTED OPTIONS @ \$0.02 EXP 14/04/2030 | 2 | 20,000,000 |
| Total | 160 | 478,950,085 |

Holding Analysis for other securities held

| Range | Option Holders | Holdings | Percentage % |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1 - 1000 | - | - | - |
| 1001 - 5000 | - | - | - |
| 5001 - 10,000 | - | - | - |
| 10,001 - 100,000 | 16 | 1,062,167 | 0.22 |
| 100,001 and above | 129 | 477,887,918 | 99.78 |
| Total | 145 | 478,950,085 | 100 |

ESCROWED SECURITIES

There are no escrowed securities.

BUY-BACK

There is no on-market buy-back.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 4.10.3 the Company's Corporate Governance Statement can be found on the Company's website: https://odessaminerals.com.au/corporate-governance/

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ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025 ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO LISTING RULE 5.20

Tenement information

| Project | Tenement | Status | Area (Km²) | Comments |
|-----------------|----------|-------------|------------|----------|
| Lockier Range | | | | |
| Noonie | E09/2649 | Live | 124 | |
| Lyndon | | | | |
| bra Bore Lyndon | E08/3434 | Live | 152 | |
| | E09/2605 | Live | 208 | |
| | E08/3364 | Live | 217 | |
| Lyndon | E09/2435 | Live | 59 | |
| | E09/2787 | Application | 25 | |
| | E09/2938 | Application | 223 | |
| | E09/2794 | Application | 18 | |
| | E08/3722 | Application | 84 | |
| Total | | | 1,110 | |