

DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED and its controlled entities

ACN: 649 177 677

Financial Report For The Year Ended 30 June 2025

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Paul Lloyd (Non-Executive Chairman)
Barnaby Egerton-Warburton (Non-Executive Director)
Greg Smith (Non-Executive Director)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Shaun Menezes

REGISTERED OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL BUSINESS OFFICE

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SHARE REGISTRY

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AUDITOR

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SECURITIES EXCHANGE

ASX Limited (Australian Securities Exchange) ASX Code: DBO

DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED

ACN: 649 177 677

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Your directors present their report together with the financial statements on the consolidated entity, Diablo Resources Limited (the "Company") and its controlled entities (the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2025.

Directors

The names, qualifications and experience of the directors in office at any time during, or since the end of, the year are as follows. Directors have been in office since the start of the year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Mr Paul Lloyd (Non-Executive Chairman) BBus, CA

Mr Lloyd is a Chartered Accountant with over 30 years' commercial experience. Mr Lloyd operates his own corporate consulting business, specialising in the area of corporate, financial and management advisory services. Mr Lloyd has been responsible for a number of IPOs, reverse takeovers, project acquisitions and capital raisings for ASX listed public companies.

Other current directorships: Arizona Lithium Limited (September 2018), BPM Minerals Limited (October 2020) and Lord Resources Limited (February 2021).

Former directorships (last 3 years): None

Mr Barnaby Egerton-Warburton (Non-Executive Director) BEcon

Mr. Egerton-Warburton has over 30 years of investment banking, international investment and market experience with positions at JP Morgan (New York, Sydney, Hong Kong) BNP Equities (New York) and Prudential Securities (New York). An experienced investment banker and corporate advisor, having held managing director and non-executive director positions in the investment banking, technology, energy and resource sectors. He holds a degree in economics and is a graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Other current directorships: Arizona Lithium Limited (May 2019), Lord Resources Limited (March 2015), NSX Limited (April 2022) and Pantera Minerals Limited (December 2020).

Former directorships (last 3 years): Invictus Energy Limited (October 2021), Southern Cross Payments Limited (August 2022), Locality Planning Energy Holdings Limited (February 2024)

Mr Greg Smith (Non-Executive Director) BSc Geology, Dalhousie University, Canada

Mr Smith commenced his career in 1975 and has worked over a wide cross section of minerals and countries including in North America, Australia, Asia, and throughout Africa. Mr Smith was the exploration manager for Moto Gold Mines Ltd, responsible for the discovery of 22.5 million ounces of gold in the Democratic Republic of Congo (Kibali Mine). As exploration manager with Hawkstone Mining Ltd, he led the drill out of the Big Sandy Lithium Deposit in Arizona, USA. He is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.

Other current directorships: BPM Minerals Limited (September 2020)

Former directorships (last 3 years): None

Company Secretary

Mr Shaun Menezes BCom, LLB

Mr Menezes is an accounting and finance professional with over 20 years experience. He has worked in the capacity of Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer of a number of ASX and SGX listed companies, held a senior management role within an ASX 200 listed company and was an executive director at a leading international accounting firm. He is a member of the Governance Institute of Australia and the Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand.

Directors Meetings

The following table sets out the number of meetings of the Company's directors held during the year ended 30 June 2025 attended by each director:

	Number Eligible to Attend	Number Attended
Paul Lloyd	5	5
Barnaby Egerton-Warburton	5	4
Greg Smith	5	5

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Group during the year was the exploration for copper, focusing on the Phoenix Copper Project in the USA. No other significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

Review of Operations

The consolidated loss of the Group for the financial year after providing for income tax amounted to \$762,528 (2024: \$9,767,947).

Phoenix Copper Project

During the year the Company acquired the Phoenix Copper Project located in southwestern USA, approximately 70km southwest of Moab proximal to the Utah/Colorado border. The Project consists of two separate areas, the CC and Stateline Claim Blocks, located to the northwest and southeast respectively along strike from the currently operating Lisbon Valley Copper Mine. The Project consists of 292 unpatented lode claims covering 5,840 acres (23.6 km²).

The Company completed in-house geological / structural interpretation on the CC Claim Block identifying six targets that are considered highly prospective for copper mineralisation. Geochemical sampling and mapping was completed at two priority areas, Philadelphia (Target 1) and Trenton Prospects (Target 2).

At Philadelphia, rock grab samples from outcrop and old workings/dumps were collected over some 750m of strike at Philadelphia and averaged 6.29% Cu, with Cu and Ag values ranging from 0.5% Cu to 45.7% Cu and to 219 g/t Ag (~7oz Ag). Rock chip channel sampling was completed across five outcropping mineralised zones over a 400m strike length on both the interpreted main fault and possible subsidiary splays indicating multiple mineralised zones. Significant results included:

- 6m @ 2.13% Cu, incl 1m @ 7.16% Cu
- 3m @ 1.28% Cu
- 2m @ 2.4% Cu

At Trenton, rock grab sampling returned copper results to 8.21% from mineralised float associated with geochemical soil anomalies along the interpreted East Bounding Fault (EBF), a regionally important control to copper mineralisation in the Lisbon Valley area, and a priority exploration target area. The Trenton Prospect is largely covered by transported valley fill material.

The Stateline Claim Block overlies the interpreted extensions of known mineralised faults and prospective geological units that control and host the copper mineralisation in the Lisbon Valley to the northwest. The Company completed in-house geological / structural interpretation on the Stateline Claim Block which identified four priority targets considered prospective for sediment hosted copper mineralisation . Reconnaissance at Target 1 located a copper mineralised outcrop of conglomerates and sandstones, named the Fair Dinkum Prospect. The mineralisation outcrops over 100m of strike along before being obscured by scree or overlying sediments. Rock grab samples were collected along the outcrop with peak results to 2.76% Cu and 92 g/t Ag, averaging 1.12% Cu with a minimum of 0.19% Cu.

Drill permits were submitted to the Bureau of Land Mamangement (BLM) for intial drilling programs at all three priority prospects, Philadelphia, Trenton and Fair Dinkum. The Company can find no evidence of drilling at either Philadelphia or Trenton. Several historical (circe 2005-6) drill pad locaitons were located at Fair Dimkum, although no data is available.

King Solomon Gold Project

The King Solomon Gold Project is located 10 km west of Salmon in Lemhi County, Idaho. The project contains precious metal occurrences including the Lone Pine Vein Zone and King Solomon Prospect. Mineralisation at the LPVS is hosted in a sub-vertical quartz-clay zone whilst at King Solomon mineralisation is associated with stockwork quartz veining and alteration proximal to geological contacts.

All previous exploration was reviewed leading to a rationalisation of the project to cover key areas, namely the Lone Pine Vein Zone (LPVZ) and the King Solmon Prospect. The Company obtained approval during the reporting period from the USFS for a 5 year Plan of Operations permitting further exploration within the King Solomon Project area.

Devils Canyon Gold-Copper Project

The Devil's Canyon Project is located within the Carlin Trend, Nevada lying 20 km west of Kinross Gold Corporation's Bald Mountain Gold Mine and 40 km north of Barrick Gold Corporation's Ruby Hill Gold Mine. All previous exploration was reviewed leading to a rationalisation of the project to cover key areas, and the Company was reviewing its options for the project.

Operating and Financial Risks

The Group's activities have inherent risk and the Board is unable to provide certainly of the expected results of activities, or that any or all of the likely activities will be achieved. The material business risks faced by the Group that could influence the Group's future prospects, and the Group manages these risks, are detailed below:

Operational risks

The Company may be affected by various operational factors. In the event that any of these potential risks eventuate, the Company's operational and financial performance may be adversely affected. No assurances can be given that the Company will achieve commercial viability through the successful exploration and/or mining of its tenement interests. Until the Company is able to realise value from its projects, it is likely to incur ongoing operating losses.

The tenements are at various stages of exploration, and potential investors should understand that mineral exploration and development are speculative and high-risk undertakings that may be impeded by circumstances and factors beyond the control of the Company.

There can be no assurance that exploration of the Tenements, or any other exploration properties that may be acquired in the future, will result in the discovery of an economic mineral resource. Even if an apparently viable deposit is identified, there is no guarantee that it can be economically exploited.

There is no assurance that exploration or project studies by the Company will result in the definition of an economically viable mineral deposit or that the exploration tonnage estimates, and conceptual project developments discussed in this Prospectus are able to be achieved. In the event the Company successfully delineates economic deposits on any Tenement, it will need to apply for a mining lease to undertake development and mining on the relevant Tenement. There is no guarantee that the Company will be granted a mining lease if one is applied for and if a mining lease is granted, it will also be subject to conditions which must be met.

Further capital requirements

The Company's projects may require additional funding in order to progress activities. There can be no assurance that additional capital or other types of financing will be available if needed to further exploration or possible development activities and operations or that, if available, the terms of such financing will be favourable to the Company.

Government regulations and approvals

The Company is subject to certain Government regulations and approvals. Any material adverse change in government policies or legislation in Utah, Idaho and Nevada, United States that affect mining, processing, development and mineral exploration activities, export activities, income tax laws, royalty regulations, government subsidiaries and environmental issues may affect the viability and profitability of any planned exploration or possible development of the Company's portfolio of projects.

Global conditions

General economic conditions, movements in interest and inflation rates and currency exchange rates may have an adverse effect on the Company's exploration, development and production activities, as well as on its ability to fund those activities. General economic conditions, laws relating to taxation, new legislation, trade barriers, movements in interest and inflation rates, currency exchange controls and rates, national and international political circumstances (including outbreaks in international hostilities, wars, terrorist acts, sabotage, subversive activities, security operations, labour unrest, civil disorder, and states of emergency), natural disasters (including fires, earthquakes and floods), and quarantine restrictions, epidemics and pandemics, may have an adverse effect on the Company's operations and financial performance, including the Company's exploration, development and production activities, as well as on its ability to fund those activities.

General economic conditions may also affect the value of the Company and its market valuation regardless of its actual performance.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

Other than stated in the Review of Operations, no significant changes in the Group's state of affairs occurred during the year.

Events Subsequent to the End of the Reporting Period

On 18 July 2025, the Company completed a placement raising \$396,000 before costs by the issue of 33,000,000 shares at \$0.012 each with one free attaching option per two new shares. The options will be unlisted and exercisable at \$0.024 each expiring 3 years from date of issue. The issue of the options is subject to shareholder approval.

On 17 August 2025, the Company issued 2,750,000 options exercisable at \$0.036 each expiring on 23 April 2028 to management and consultants.

On 10 September 2025, the Company issued:

- 8,610,970 shares and 4,305,484 options exercisable at \$0.024 each expiring on 10 September 2028 to directors in lieu of accrued director's fees;
- 16,500,000 free-attaching placement options exercisable at \$0.024 each expiring on 10 September 2028; and
- 3,500,000 broker options exercisable at \$0.024 each expiring on 10 September 2028.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

Likely Developments and Expected Results of Operations

Likely developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as the inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

Environmental Regulation

The Group is subject to environmental regulations under the laws of the countries in which it undertakes exploration activities and ensures that it complies with all applicable regulations when carrying out exploration works.

Dividends

No dividends were paid or declared since the start of the financial year.

Options and Performance Rights

The Company has the following options on issue as at the date of the Directors' Report.

Security Description	Number of Securities
Options exercisable @ \$0.08 expiring 14 November 2026	19,566,299
Options exercisable @ \$0.036 expiring 23 April 2028	27,522,221
Options exercisable @ \$0.024 expiring 10 September 2028	24,305,484

Option holders do not have any right, by virtue of the options, to participate in any share issue of the Company or any related body corporate.

No shares were issued during or since the end of the year as a result of the exercise of an option or performance right over unissued shares or interests.

Directors' Interests in Shares and Options of the Company

As at the date of this report, the directors' interest in shares and options of the Company were:

	Number of Ordinary Shares	Number of Options
Paul Lloyd	5,459,446	6,361,111
Barnaby Egerton-Warburton	3,233,938	2,452,776
Greg Smith	2,958,946	3,452,708

Corporate Governance

In recognising the need for the highest standards of corporate behaviour and accountability, the directors of the Company support and have substantially adhered to the best practice recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council. The Company's corporate governance statement is contained in the annual report.

Indemnification of Officers

In accordance with the constitution, except as may be prohibited by the Corporations Act 2001, every Officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the property of the Company against any liability incurred by them in their capacity as Officer, or agent of the Company or any related corporation in respect of any act or omission whatsoever and howsoever occurring or in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal. The Company has agreed to pay a premium for Directors and Officers Insurance.

Indemnification of Auditors

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the Company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the Company or any related entity.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Company

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the period.

Non-Audit Services

The were no fees paid or payable to HLB Mann Judd during the year ended 30 June 2025 in relation to non-audit services.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 10.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The remuneration report outlines the remuneration arrangements for the Key Management Personnel ("KMP") of the Group, being the Company's Board members, and is set out under the following main headings:

- 1. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- 2. Remuneration committee and board charter
- Details of remuneration

Principles Used to Determine the Nature and Amount of Remuneration

In determining competitive remuneration rates, the Board seeks independent advice as required on local and international trends among comparative companies and industry generally. Independent advice may be obtained to confirm that executive remuneration is in line with market practice and is reasonable in the context of Australian executive reward practices.

The Board recognises that the Company operates in a global environment. To prosper in this environment it must attract, motivate and retain key executive staff.

The principles supporting the remuneration policy are as follows:

- reward reflects the competitive global market in which the Company operates;
- rewards to executives are linked to creating value for shareholders;
- remuneration arrangements are equitable and facilitate the development of senior management across the Company;
- where appropriate, senior managers receive a component of their remuneration in equity to align their interests with those of the shareholders; and
- long term incentives are used to ensure that remuneration of KMP reflects the Group's financial performance, with particular emphasis on the Group's earnings and the consequence of the Group's performance on shareholder wealth.

Fees and payments to directors reflect the demands which are made on, and the responsibilities of, the directors. Directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Board. The Board also ensures that directors' fees and payments are appropriate and in line with the market.

There are no retirement allowances or other benefits paid to directors.

Remuneration Committee and Board Charter

The Charter of the Remuneration Committee extends the duties to that of a Nominations Committee. The Board considers that given the Company's current position in respect of the composition of the Board and the size of the Company, the Company is not in a position to justify the establishment of a Remuneration Committee and the full Board performs the duties of this committee, with members abstaining from discussions and decisions as appropriate.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations on remuneration policies and packages applicable to Board members and for approval of remuneration for executive officers of the Company taking into account the financial position of the Company. The broad remuneration policy per the formal Charter is to ensure the remuneration package properly reflects the person's duties and responsibilities, and that remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality.

It is the Remuneration Committee's policy to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities though taking into account the financial position of the Company and the Company's shareholder-approved limits. The Constitution of the Company specifies that the aggregate remuneration of directors, other than salaries paid to executive directors, shall be determined from time to time by a general meeting. The total aggregate remuneration currently stated in the Constitution is \$300,000 per year. An amount not exceeding the amount determined is divided between those directors as they agree.

The Board as a whole determines the amount of the fees paid to each non-executive director. All Directors may be allocated options to acquire shares in the Company under the Director and Employee Share Option Plan approved by shareholders from time to time.

The Board approves remuneration packages for executive officers based on performance criteria and the Group's financial performance. Other employee remuneration packages are determined and approved by the Board based on salary market rate indicators, press advertisements, performance criteria and against the Group's financial state of affairs.

Performance-based remuneration

The Company has not granted any performance-based remuneration during the year.

Details of Remuneration - Service Agreements

Director	Position held as at 30 June 2025	Contract details (duration & termination)
Paul Lloyd	Non-Executive Chairman	Appointed 1 April 2021 Letter of appointment / In accordance with Constitution No termination benefits payable No notice period
Barnaby Egerton- Warburton	Non-Executive Director	Appointed 1 April 2021 Letter of appointment / In accordance with Constitution No termination benefits payable No notice period
Greg Smith	Non-Executive Director	Appointed 1 April 2021 Letter of appointment / In accordance with Constitution No termination benefits payable No notice period
Lyle Thorne	Chief Executive Officer	Consultancy Services Agreement Commencement Date: 12 October 2021 Term: 36 months (extended on a rolling monthly basis) Fixed Remuneration: \$180,000 per annum (1 July 2024 onwards: \$900/day up to a maximum of \$15,000/month) Notice period: 3 months (without cause) / Immediately (with cause)

Remuneration Details for the Year Ended 30 June 2025

The following table of benefits and payments details, in respect to the financial year, the components of remuneration for each member of the KMP of the Group. The aggregate remuneration of non-executive directors was less than the approved aggregate remuneration of \$300,000 per year.

Table of Benefits and Payments for the Year Ended 30 June 2025

		Short-term Benefits Cash salary and fees \$	Post Employment Benefits Super- annuation	Consulting fees \$	Share based payment Options/ Rights	Total \$	Proportion of remuneration performance related %
Paul Lloyd	2025	60,000	-	-	26,619	86,619	31
-	2024	60,000	-	_	-	60,000	-
B Egerton-	2025	40,000	-	-	7,394	47,394	16
Warburton	2024	40,000	-	_	· -	40,000	-
G Smith	2025	40,000	-	-	13,310	53,310	25
	2024	40,000	-	-	· -	40,000	-
L Thorne	2025	155,988	-	-	-	155,988	-
	2024	180,000	-	_	-	180,000	-
Total	2025	295,988	-	-	47,323	343,311	14
	2024	320,000	-	_	-	320,000	-

KMP Shareholdings

The number of ordinary shares in Diablo Resources Limited held by each KMP of the Company, as disclosed to the ASX, during the financial year is as follows:

30 June 2025	Balance at beginning of year	Granted as remuneration during the year	Issued on exercise of options during the year	Other changes during the year ¹	Balance at end of year
P Lloyd B Egerton-	1,737,224	-	-	1,222,222	2,959,446
Warburton	814,430	-	-	1,016,667	1,831,097
G Smith	553,528	-	-	1,016,667	1,570,195
L Thorne	183,536	-	_	3,038,889	3,222,425

^{1.} Movement is a result of participation in the Company's share placement in April 2025.

KMP Option Holdings

The number of share options in Diablo Resources Limited held by each KMP of the Company, as disclosed to the ASX, during the financial year is as follows:

30 June 2025		Granted as					
	Balance at	remuneration	Exercised during	Other changes	Balance at end of		
	beginning of year	during the year	the year	during the year ¹	year		
P Lloyd	-	4,500,000	-	611,111	5,111,111		
B Egerton-							
Warburton	-	1,250,000	-	508,333	1,758,333		
G Smith	-	2,250,000	-	508,333	2,758,333		
L Thorne	-	-	-	1,519,444	1,519,444		
1. Movement is a result of participation in the Company's share placement in April 2025.							

Cash Bonuses, Performance-Related Bonuses and Share-Based Payments

There were no cash bonuses, or other short term performance related bonuses, made to any KMP in the financial years ended 30 June 2025.

There were 8,000,000 options over ordinary shares in the Company provided as remuneration to KMP during 2025. (Refer Note 9) When exercised, each option is convertible into one ordinary share of Diablo Resources Limited.

[END OF AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT]

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

On behalf of the Directors

Paul Lloyd Director

26 September 2025



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the consolidated financial report of Diablo Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- a) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Perth, Western Australia 26 September 2025 M R Ohm Partner

Marach

hlb.com.au

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DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	Consolidated 2025 \$	Consolidated 2024 \$
Other income		12,392	24,957
Expenses Corporate expenses Exploration expensed Impairment of exploration expenditure Foreign currency gain/(loss)	5	(734,092) (41,059) - 231	(481,209) (2,348) (9,279,707) (29,640)
Loss before tax Income tax expense Loss for the period	3 _	(762,528) - (762,528)	(9,767,947) - (9,767,947)
Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Foreign currency translation		(5,796)	10,679
Total comprehensive loss for the period attributable to the members	- -	(768,324)	(9,757,268)
Loss per share attributable to the shareholders of the Company arises from: Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share)	2	(0.67)	(10.39)

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	Consolidated 2025 \$	Consolidated 2024 \$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	4	180,331	556,584
Security deposits	•	-	237,444
Other receivables		11,154	12,662
Prepayments		21,749	14,936
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		213,234	821,626
NOV 01177117 400770			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Security deposits		197,939	
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	5	353,465	-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	· ·	551,404	-
TOTAL ASSETS		764,638	821,626
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	6	236,111	114,768
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		236,111	114,768
TOTAL LIABILITIES		236,111	114,768
NET ASSETS		528,527	706,858
			,
EQUITY			
Issued capital	7	15,747,388	15,235,552
Reserves	8	367,015	294,654
Accumulated losses		(15,585,876)	(14,823,348)
TOTAL EQUITY		528,527	706,858

DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Issued Capital \$	Reserves \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Total \$
Consolidated				
Balance at 1 July 2024	15,235,552	294,654	(14,823,348)	706,858
Loss for the period	-	-	(762,528)	(762,528)
Other comprehensive income	-	(5,796)	-	(5,796)
Total comprehensive loss for the period Equity transactions:	-	(5,796)	(762,528)	(768,324)
Issue of fully paid ordinary shares	576,800	_	_	576,800
Capital raising costs	(64,964)	_	_	(64,964)
Share-based payments	-	78,157	-	78,157
Balance at 30 June 2025	15,747,388	367,015	(15,585,876)	528,527
	Issued Capital	Reserves	Accumulated Losses	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consolidated				
Balance at 1 July 2023	14,277,081	283,975	(5,055,401)	9,505,655
Loss for the period	· · ·	-	(9,767,947)	(9,767,947)
Other comprehensive income		10,679	· -	10,679
Total comprehensive loss for the period <i>Equity transactions:</i>	-	10,679	(9,767,947)	(9,757,268)
Issue of fully paid ordinary shares	1,000,000	_	_	1,000,000
Capital raising costs	(41,529)	-	-	(41,529)
Balance at 30 June 2024	15,235,552	294,654	(14,823,348)	706,858

DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

		Consolidated 30 June 2025	Consolidated 30 June 2024
	Note	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		12,392	24,957
Payments to suppliers and employees		(576,295)	(516,160)
Net cash used in operating activities	4	(563,903)	(491,203)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Refund of security deposit		39,505	-
Payments for exploration and evaluation expenditure		(394,524)	(2,434,074)
Net cash used in investing activities		(355,019)	(2,434,074)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of shares		576,800	1,000,000
Payments for share issue costs		(34,131)	(41,529)
Net cash provided by financing activities		542,669	958,471
Net decrease in cash held		(376,253)	(1,966,806)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		556,584	2,523,390
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4	180,331	556,584

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Diablo Resources Limited is a public company domiciled in Australia.

These consolidated financial statements and notes represent Diablo Resources Limited and its controlled entities (together 'Consolidated Group', 'Group').

The Company is principally engaged in the business of mineral exploration. The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is Level 2, 10 Outram Street, West Perth, WA 6005.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2025 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 26 September 2025.

2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board.

The financial report has been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting including the historical cost convention and the going concern assumption. Accounting policies have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

Both the functional and presentation currency of the Company is in Australian dollars.

Going concern

The consolidated financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

To meet the capital and operating expenditure budgets for the next twelve months the Directors intend to raise further capital for the Group. The directors believe that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable given its past history of successfully raising new equity and current market capitalisation of the Company.

Should the Company be unable to raise the required capital to fund the next 12 months planned capital and operating expenditure, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on its ability to continue as a going concern and realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial statements.

(b) Statement of compliance

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Compliance with IFRS ensures that the financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

(c) New accounting standards and interpretations

The Company has adopted all new accounting standards and interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for annual reporting periods beginning 1 July 2024. The adoption of these new and revised standards and interpretations did not have any effect on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Accounting standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

Certain Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations have recently been issued or amended but are not yet effective and have not been adopted by the Group for the reporting year ended 30 June 2025. The Directors have not early adopted any of these new or amended standards or interpretations. The Directors have not yet fully assessed the impact of these new or amended standards (to the extent relevant to the Group) and interpretations.

1. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of entities controlled by Diablo Resources Limited at the end of the reporting period. A controlled entity is any entity over which Diablo Resources Limited has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Where controlled entities have entered or left the group during the period, the financial performance of those entities are included only for the period that they were controlled. Details of controlled entities are contained in Note 10.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intra-group balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated group have been eliminated in full on consolidation.

(e) Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except when the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(f) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that tenure exists and the costs are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the period in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

(g) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

1. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each of the Group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency. All figures presented in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the profit or loss and other comprehensive income, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the profit or loss.

Controlled entities

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the Group's presentation currency are translated as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date.
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period.
- Accumulated losses are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the Group's foreign currency translation reserve in the statement of financial position. These differences are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the operation is disposed. The functional currency of the subsidiaries incorporated in the United States of America (refer Note 10) is the US Dollar (USD).

(i) Critical accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting judgements and estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Other than below, there are no areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements.

Key judgement: Capitalised Exploration Expenditure

Exploration and evaluation costs have been capitalised on the basis that the Group will commence commercial production in the future, from which time the costs will be amortised in proportion to the depletion of the mineral resources. Key judgements are applied in considering costs to be capitalised which includes determining expenditures directly related to these activities and allocating overheads between those that are expensed and capitalised. In addition, costs are only capitalised that are expected to be recovered either through successful development or sale of the relevant mining interest. Factors that could impact the future commercial production at the mine include the level of reserves and resources, future technology changes, which could impact the cost of mining, future legal changes and changes in commodity prices. To the extent that capitalised costs are determined not to be recoverable in the future, they will be written off in the period in which this determination is made

Upon approval for the commercial development of an area of interest, accumulated expenditure for the area of interest is transferred to mining assets.

Key judgement: Share-Based Payments

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using either the Binomial or Black-Scholes model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity.

2. LOSS PER SHARE

The following reflects the income and data used in the calculations of basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share:

Loss per share (cents)	2025 (0.67)	2024 (10.39)
Loss used in calculating basic and diluted loss per share	(762,528)	(\$9,767,947)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating	# shares	# shares
basic loss per share:	113,079,831	93,999,805

3. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The prima facie tax on loss before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Loss before income tax Income tax calculated at 30% Add back:	(762,528) (228,758)	(9,767,947) (2,930,384)
Accruals Share-based payments	15,585 21,493	900
Capital raising costs Capitalised exploration immediately deductible Capitalised exploration written-off	(18,624) (106,040) -	(14,726) (682,634) 2,783,912
Future income tax benefit not brought to account Income tax expense	316,344 	842,932
Deferred tax assets: Capital raising costs Accruals	163,437 22,485	111,465 6,900
Carried forward tax losses	4,728,538 4,914,461	4,412,195 4,530,560
Deferred tax liabilities: Capitalised exploration costs	106,040	-
	106,040	-

The ability of the Group to utilise the tax losses is subject to the Company satisfying either the continuity of ownership test or the business continuity test.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Cash at bank and on hand	180,331	556,584

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

(a) Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash from operating activities

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Loss for the period	(762,528)	(9,767,947)
Non-cash items: Share-based payments Impairment of exploration and evaluation expenditure	47,323 -	- 9,279,707
Movement in assets and liabilities: (Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables	(1,508) 152,810	234,783 (237,746)
Net cash used in operating activities	(563,903)	(491,203)

(b) Non-cash investing and financing activities

There were no non-cash investing and financing activities during the year ended 30 June 2025 (2023: Nil).

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Balance at the beginning of the period	-	7,004,260
Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred during the period	356,321	2,206,101
Impairment of exploration and evaluation expenditure(i)	-	(9,279,707)
Foreign exchange movement	(2,856)	69,346
Balance at the end of the period	353,465	-

(i) As exploration results to date have not been sufficiently positive to warrant further work on the Devils Canyon and King Solomon Projects, the Company impaired the carrying value of \$9,279,707 at 30 June 2024.

The value of the exploration tenements carried forward is dependent upon:

- (a) The continuance of the Consolidated Entity's rights to tenure of the area of interest;
- (b) The results of future exploration; and
- (c) The recoupment of costs through successful development and exploitation of the areas of interest or alternatively by their sale.

6. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Current		
Trade payables and accruals	236,111	114,768

7. ISSUED CAPITAL

(a) Issued Capital

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Fully paid ordinary shares	16,476,801	15,900,001
Less: capital raising costs	(729,413)	(664,449)
	15,747,388	15,235,552

(b) Movement in ordinary share capital of the Company:

Date	Details	No. of Shares	Issue Price	\$
01/07/2023	Opening balance	74,500,001		14,900,001
26/09/2023	Placement – T1	11,142,857	\$0.035	390,000
14/11/2023	Placement – T2	17,428,571	\$0.035	610,000
30/06/2024	Closing balance	103,071,429	_	15,900,001
26/02/2025	Placement – T1	25,750,000	\$0.018	463,500
23/04/2025	Placement – T2	6,294,445	\$0.018	113,300
30/06/2025	Closing balance	135,115,874		16,476,801

(c) Capital risk management

The Company does not have a defined share buy-back plan.

No dividends will be paid in 2025 (2024: Nil).

There is no current intention to incur debt funding on behalf of the Company as on-going expenditure will be funded via cash reserves or equity.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

8. RESERVES

(a) Foreign currency translation and share based payments reserve

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Foreign currency translation reserve	108,077	113,873
Share based payments reserve	258,938	180,781

(b) Movement in options

Date	Details	No. of Unlisted Options	Fair Value of Options Granted	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
01/07/2023	Opening balance	2,550,000	\$0.071	\$0.25	10/02/2026
26/04/2024	Cancellation	(2,550,000)			
30/06/2024	Closing balance				
23/04/2025	Director remuneration	8,000,000	\$0.006	\$0.036	23/04/2028
23/04/2025	Lead manager	3,500,000	\$0.009	\$0.036	23/04/2028
30/06/2025	Closing balance	11,500,000			

8. RESERVES (continued)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve

Exchange differences relating to the translation of the results and net assets of the Group's foreign operations from their functional currencies to the Group's presentation currency (i.e. Australian dollars) are recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign translation reserve. Exchange differences previously accumulated in the foreign translation reserve (in respect of translating the net assets of foreign operations) are reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the foreign operation.

Share-based payments reserve

The share-based payments reserve is the value of equity benefits provided to directors, employees and consultants by the Company as part of their remuneration.

9. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(a) Shares

There were no shares issued as share-based payments in 2025 (2024: Nil).

(b) Performance Rights

There were no performance rights issued during the period. In 2022, the Company issued 7,400,000 Performance Rights to directors, broken down into the following classes:

	Number	Expiry Date(1V)
Class A	3,000,000	20/09/2026
Class B	2,300,000	20/09/2026
Class C	2,100,000	20/09/2026
Total	7,400,000	

The Performance Rights have the following milestones attached to them:

- (i) Class A Performance Rights: The Company achieving a JORC compliant inferred mineral resource estimate of 100,000 ounce gold, copper, silver and or platinum group elements, with a cut off grade of 0.5g/t, within five years from the date of issue of the Performance Rights.;
- (ii) Class B Performance Rights: The Company achieving a JORC compliant inferred mineral resource estimate of 250,000 ounce gold, copper, silver and or platinum group elements, with a cut off grade of 0.5g/t, within five years from the date of issue of the Performance Rights. and
- (iii) Class C Performance Rights: The Company achieving a JORC compliant inferred mineral resource estimate of 500,000 ounce gold, copper, silver and or platinum group elements, with a cut off grade of 0.5g/t, within five years from the date of issue of the Performance Rights.

No value has been recorded for the Performance Rights as the Company could not determine the achievement of the milestones as being probable during the vesting period.

(iv) All performance rights on issue were cancelled by mutual agreement on 26 April 2024.

(c) Options

The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options issued under share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

	Weighted average exercise price	Number of Options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of Options
	2025	2025	2024	2024
Outstanding at 1 July Granted during the period	- \$0.036	- 11,500,000	0.25	2,550,000
Cancelled during the period	-	-	0.25	(2,550,000)
Outstanding at 30 June	\$0.036	11,500,000	- -	-
Exercisable at 30 June	\$0.036	11,500,000	-	-

9. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

The options outstanding at 30 June 2025 have a weighted average exercise price of \$0.036 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.83 years.

During the year ended 30 June 2025, the Company granted 3,500,000 options exercisable at \$0.036 expiring 23 April 2028 to the lead manager as part of a capital raising fee and 8,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.036 expiring 23 April 2028 to directors as remuneration.

The following table lists the inputs to the model used for the valuation of the options issued during the year.

	Lead Manager	Director
Number of options	3,500,000	8,000,000
Fair value at measurement date (cents)	0.881	0.592
Dividend yield (%)	Nil	Nil
Expected volatility (%)	90%	90%
Risk free rate (%)	3.82%	3.37%
Expected life of option	3	3
Share price (cents)	\$0.019	\$0.015
Exercise price (cents)	\$0.036	\$0.036
Model used	Black – Scholes	Black-Scholes
Value of options	\$30,834	\$47,323
Expensed in 2025	\$30,834	\$47,323

10. CONTROLLED ENTITIES

	Percentaç	Country of incorporation		
Parent entity	2025	2024	incorporation	
Diablo Resources Limited			Australia	
Particulars in relation to controlled entities				
Phoenix Minerals Inc	100%	_	United States	
HWK Idaho Pty Ltd	100%	100%	Australia	
Ounces High Exploration Inc	100%	100%	United States	
HWK Utah Pty Ltd	100%	100%	Australia	
Roughead Exploration Inc	100%	100%	United States	
HWK Nevada Pty Ltd	100%	100%	Australia	
Hawkstone Nevada Inc	100%	100%	United States	

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, LEASE COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

As at 30 June 2025 there were no contingent liabilities, lease commitments or contingent assets.

The following commitments are included in the terms of the agreement to acquire the Devils Canyon Project:

- The payment of USD15,000 per year on the anniversary date.
- The payment of 3% of the annual exploration and development work expenditures.
- On commencement of commercial production the 3% fee will convert to a 3% net smelter royalty.
- The Company has the option to purchase the 3% fee and royalty within 4 years from completion by the payment of USD3,000,000 in cash or shares as agreed between the parties.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company's main related parties are as follows:

a. Subsidiaries

Interest in subsidiaries are set out in Note 10.

b. Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 13.

c. Transactions with related parties:

There were no transactions with related parties in 2025 (2024: Nil).

13. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

Compensation:

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the Group is set out below:

	2025	2024	
	\$	\$	
Short term employee benefits	295,988	320,000	
Share-based payments	47,323	-	
Aggregate compensation	343,311	320,000	_

14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's financial instruments consistent mainly of deposits with banks, short-term investments, and accounts receivable and payables.

The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as other receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments is cash flow interest rate risk and liquidity risk. Other minor risks are either summarised below or disclosed at Note 7 in the case of capital risk management. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks.

(a) Cash flow interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risks of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's short-term deposits with a floating interest rate. These financial assets with variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. All other financial assets and liabilities in the form of receivables and payables are non-interest bearing. The Group does not engage in any hedging or derivative transactions to manage interest rate risk.

The Group has not entered into any hedging activities to cover interest rate risk. In regards to its interest rate risk, the Group does not have a formal policy in place to mitigate such risks.

The following table sets out the carrying amount by maturity of the Group's exposure to interest rate risk and the effective weighted average interest rate for each class of these financial instruments. There were no fixed interest rate financial assets or liabilities held by the Group.

Non Interest Bearing \$	Floating Interest Rate \$	Fixed Interest Rate \$	Total \$	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate %
-	180,331	-	180,331	3.36
197,939	-	-	197,939	
197,939	180,331	-	378,270	•
(236,111)	-	-	(236,111)	
(236,111)	-	-	(236,111)	•
(38,172)	180,331	-	142,159	
	Bearing \$ 197,939 197,939 (236,111) (236,111)	Bearing Interest Rate	Bearing Interest Rate Interest Rate \$	Bearing \$ Interest Rate \$ Interest Rate Rate \$ - 180,331 - 180,331 197,939 - - 197,939 197,939 180,331 - 378,270 (236,111) - - (236,111) (236,111) - - (236,111)

14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2024	Non Interest Bearing \$	Floating Interest Rate \$	Fixed Interest Rate \$	Total \$	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate %
Financial Assets					
 Cash and cash equivalents 	-	106,584	450,000	556,584	1.62
- Security deposits held	237,444	-	-	237,444	-
Total Financial Assets	237,444	106,584	450,000	794,028	
Financial Liabilities					
 Trade creditors 	(114,768)	-	-	(114,768)	-
Total Financial Liabilities	(114,768)	-	-	(114,768)	
Net Financial Assets / (Liabilities)	122,676	106,584	450,000	679,260	

Interest rate sensitivity

At 30 June 2025, if interest rates had changed by 10% during the entire year with all other variables held constant, profit/(loss) for the year and equity would have been \$1,239 lower/higher, mainly as a result of lower/higher interest income from cash and cash equivalents.

A sensitivity of 10% has been selected as this is considered reasonable given the current level of both short term and long term Australian dollar interest rates. A 10% decrease sensitivity would move short term interest rates at 30 June 2025 from around 3.8% to 3.4% (10% increase: 4.2%) representing a 40 basis points shift. This would represent a number of decreases which is reasonably possible in the current environment with the bias coming from the Reserve Bank of Australia and confirmed by market expectations that interest rates in Australia are more likely to move down than up in the coming period.

Based on the sensitivity analysis, only interest revenue from variable rate deposits and cash balances are impacted resulting in a decrease or increase in overall income.

(b) Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash reserves and through the continuous monitoring of budgeted and actual cash flows.

	2025	2024
Contracted maturities of liabilities at 30 June	\$	\$
Payables - less than 30 days	236,111	114,768

(c) Net fair values

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amount of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

(d) Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the loss that would be recognised if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date in relation to each class of financial asset is the carrying amount of those assets as indicated in the statement of financial position. The majority of cash and cash equivalents is held with one Australian Bank which has an AA- long-term credit rating from Standard and Poor's.

Wherever possible, the Group trades only with recognised, credit worthy third parties. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group. Since the Group trades only with recognised third parties, there is no requirement for collateral.

15. SEGMENT REPORTING

The directors have considered the requirements of AASB 8 – Operating Segments and the internal reports that are reviewed by the chief operating decision maker (the Board) in allocating resources and have concluded that at this time there are no separate identifiable business segments.

The operations and assets of Diablo Resources Limited and its controlled entities are employed in exploration activities relating to minerals in United States of America.

16. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor of Diablo Resources Limited is HLB Mann Judd.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Amounts paid or payable to HLB Mann Judd for:		
Audit services	38,000	36,000
	38,000	36,000

17. INFORMATION RELATING TO DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED (PARENT)

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Current assets	213,173	584,136
Total assets	599,607	584,136
Current liabilities	236,111	114,768
Total liabilities	236,111	114,768
Issued capital Reserves	15,747,388 258,938	15,235,552 180.781
Accumulated losses	(15,642,829)	(14,946,965)
Equity	363,496	469,368
Loss of the parent entity Total comprehensive loss of the parent entity	(695,864) (695,864)	(9,994,758) (9,994,758)

The parent entity has not entered into any guarantees, in relation to the debts of its subsidiary.

The parent entity has not entered into any commitments for expenditure as at the end of the financial year.

18. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 18 July 2025, the Company completed a placement raising \$396,000 before costs by the issue of 33,000,000 shares at \$0.012 each with one free attaching option per two new shares. The options will be unlisted and exercisable at \$0.024 each expiring 3 years from date of issue. The issue of the options is subject to shareholder approval which was obtained on 10 September 2025.

On 17 August 2025, the Company issued 2,750,000 options exercisable at \$0.036 each expiring on 23 April 2028 to management and consultants.

On 10 September 2025, the Company issued:

- 8,610,970 shares and 4,305,484 options exercisable at \$0.024 each expiring on 10 September 2028 to directors in lieu of accrued director's fees;
- 16,500,000 free-attaching placement options exercisable at \$0.024 each expiring on 10 September 2028; and
- 3,500,000 broker options exercisable at \$0.024 each expiring on 10 September 2028.

There have been no other events subsequent to the financial period end that will affect the results as disclosed in this report.

DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES CONSOLIDATED ENTITY DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Name of entity	Type of entity	Trustee, partnership or participant in joint venture	% of share capital held	Country of incorporation	Australian resident or foreign resident (for tax purposes)	Foreign tax jurisdiction(s) of foreign residents
Diablo Resources Limited	Body corporate	n/a	n/a	Australia	Australian	n/a
Phoenix Minerals Inc	Body corporate	n/a	100	United States	Australian & Foreign	United States
HWK Idaho Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100	Australia	Australian	n/a
Ounces High Exploration Inc	Body corporate	n/a	100	United States	Australian & Foreign	United States
HWK Utah Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100	Australia	Australian	n/a
Roughead Exploration Inc	Body corporate	n/a	100	United States	Australian & Foreign	United States
HWK Nevada Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100	Australia	Australian	n/a
Hawkstone Nevada Inc	Body corporate	n/a	100	United States	Australian & Foreign	United States

Basis of Preparation

This Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement (CEDS) has been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, reflecting the amendments to section 295(3A)(vi) and (vii) which clarify the definition of a foreign resident as being an entity that is treated as a resident of a foreign country under the tax laws of that foreign country. These amendments apply for financial years beginning on or after 1 July 2024. The CEDS includes certain information for each entity that was part of the consolidated entity at the end of the financial year in accordance with AASB 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*.

Determination of Tax Residency

Section 295(3B)(a) of the *Corporation Acts 2001* defines Australian resident as having the meaning in the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*. The determination of tax residency involves judgement as there are currently several different interpretations that could be adopted, and which could give rise to a different conclusion on residency. Section 295 (3A)(a)(vii) requires the determination of tax residency in a foreign jurisdiction to be based on the law of the foreign jurisdiction relating to foreign income tax.

In determining tax residency, the consolidated entity has applied the following interpretations:

- Australian tax residency The consolidated entity has applied current legislation and judicial precedent, including having regard to the Tax Commissioner's public guidance in Tax Ruling TR 2018/5.
- Foreign tax residency As the definition of 'foreign resident' under the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* is an entity that is not an 'Australian resident' as defined under that Act, the definitions of 'Australian resident' and 'foreign resident' in the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* are mutually exclusive. Therefore, the entities that are disclosed as foreign tax residents are entities that are not Australian tax residents and, if the entity is a resident of both Australia and another country, it will not be considered to be a foreign resident for the purposes of disclosure in the CEDS.

DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Diablo Resources Limited, the directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. In the opinion of the directors:
 - (a) the financial statements and notes of the Group are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
 - (b) the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2(b); and
 - (c) subject to note 2(a), there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
 - (d) the consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct.
- This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the directors by the chief
 executive officer and the chief financial officer in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the
 financial year ended 30 June 2025.

On behalf of the Board

Paul Lloyd Director

26 September 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Diablo Resources Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Diablo Resources Limited ("the Company") and its controlled entities ("the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2(a) in the financial report, which indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section, we have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

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Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Carrying Value of Exploration and Evaluation Refer to Note 5	
In accordance with AASB 6 Exploration and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, the Group capitalises exploration and evaluation expenditure. During the financial year, the Group recognised a capitalised exploration balance of \$353,465. Exploration and evaluation expenditure was determined to be a key audit matter as it is important to the users' understanding of the financial statements as a whole and was an area which involved the most audit effort and communication with those charged with governance.	Our audit procedures included but were not limited to: - Obtaining an understanding of the key processes involved with management's review of the carrying value of exploration and evaluation expenditure; - Considering the Directors' assessment of potential indicators of impairment in addition to making our own assessment; - Obtaining evidence that the Company has rights to tenure of its areas of interest; - Substantiating a sample of expenditure by agreeing to supporting documentation; - Considering the nature and extent of planned ongoing activities; and - Reviewing the adequacy of disclosures

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

within the financial statements.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- (a) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
- (b) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and



for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- (a) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- (b) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON THE REMUNERATION REPORT

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included within the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2025.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Diablo Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025 complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

HLB Mann Judl

HLB Mann Judd Chartered Accountants

Perth, Western Australia 26 September 2025 M R Ohm Partner

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DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

QUOTED SECURITIES

ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHARES

(i) DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 23 SEPTEMBER 2025:

SPREAD	NO. OF	NO. OF	PERCENTAGE OF
OF HOLDINGS	HOLDERS	SHARES	ISSUED CAPITAL %
0 - 1,000	135	55,837	0.03%
1,001 - 5,000	91	221,438	0.13%
5,001 - 10,000	96	888,045	0.50%
10,001 100,000	641	19,150,284	10.84%
above 100,001	203	156,411,240	88.50%
Totals	1,166	176,726,844	100.00%

The number of shareholdings held in less than marketable parcels is 461.

(ii) TOP 20 HOLDERS OF ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHARES:

The names of the twenty largest shareholders of ordinary fully paid shares are listed below:

	NAME	NO OF ORDINARY SHARES HELD	% OF ISSUED SHARE CAPITAL
1	PARANOID ENTERPRISES PTY LTD	15,928,699	9.01%
2	MR MICHAEL ZOLLO	7,500,000	4.24%
3	ABBYROK PTY LTD <the a="" c="" family="" thorne=""></the>	6,555,758	
4	MR DANNY ALLEN PAVLOVICH <pavlovich 2="" a="" c="" family="" spec=""></pavlovich>	5,995,626	3.39%
5	LI'S PROPERTY HOLLAND PARK PTY LTD <yang FAMILY H A/C></yang 	3,978,882	2.25%
6	CORAL BROOK PTY LTD	3,722,222	2.11%
7	Y&L AU INVESTMENT PTY LTD <bne a="" c="" family="" inv="" yang=""></bne>	3,711,044	2.10%
8	JCR INVESTMENTS CO P/L <adrian venuti<br="">FAMILY 3 A/C></adrian>	3,669,000	2.08%
9	PAC PARTNERS SECURITIES PTY LTD	2,722,652	1.54%
10	WHISTLER STREET PTY LTD <warburton a="" c="" discretionary=""></warburton>	2,419,508	1.37%
11	BARRUP VENTURES PTY LTD	2,250,000	1.27%
12	GIANT SKY ASIA PACIFIC LIMITED	2,150,000	1.22%
13	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <ib au="" noms="" retailclient=""></ib>	2,070,656	1.17%
14	GIOJAZ MANAGEMENT PTY LTD <giojaz 2="" a="" c="" fund="" no="" super=""></giojaz>	2,000,000	1.13%
14	ROCK THE POLO PTY LTD <rock a="" c="" polo="" the=""></rock>	2,000,000	1.13%
14	GIOJAZ MANAGEMENT PTY LTD <giojaz 1="" a="" c="" fund="" no="" super=""></giojaz>	2,000,000	1.13%
15	PEPLON NOMINEES PTY LTD	1,985,126	1.12%
16	INCAZZATO PTY LTD	1,860,000	1.05%
17	HOLLYWOOD MARKETING (WA) PTY LTD	1,764,605	1.00%
18	CORAL BROOK PTY LTD <lloyd fund<br="" super="">A/C></lloyd>	1,737,224	0.98%
19	MR CRAIG ANDREW NELMES	1,580,000	0.89%
20	RAZORBACK RIDGE INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <greg a="" c="" fund="" smith="" super=""></greg>	1,546,938	0.88%
	Total	79,147,940	44.79%

DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (continued)

QUOTED SECURITIES (continued)

ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHARES (continued)

(iii) VOTING RIGHTS

Article 13 of the Constitution specify that on a show of hands every member present in person, by attorney or by proxy shall have:

- (a) for every fully paid share held by him one vote; and
- (b) for every share which is not fully paid a fraction of the vote equal to the amount paid up on the share over the nominal value of the shares.

(iv) SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

 Name
 Ordinary Shares

 No.
 %

 PARANOID ENTERPRISES PTY LTD
 15,928,699
 9.01%

UNQUOTED SECURITIES

(a) UNLISTED OPTIONS ON ISSUE

Options exercisable at \$0.08 expiring 14 November 2026	19,566,299
Options exercisable @ \$0.036 expiring 23 April 2028	27,522,221
Options exercisable @ \$0.024 expiring 10 September 2028	24,305,484

DIABLO RESOURCES LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Diablo Resources Limited and the Board are committed to achieving and demonstrating the highest standards of corporate governance. Diablo Resources Limited has its corporate governance practices against the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th edition) published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

The 2025 corporate governance statement was approved by the Board on 26 September 2025 and is current as at 26 September 2025. A description of the Group's current corporate governance practices is set out in the Group's Corporate Governance Statement which can be viewed at www.diabloresources.com.au/corporate-governance/.