

Rocketboots Limited

Annual Report

For the year ended

30 June 2025

ABN 83 165 522 887

ACN: 165 522 887

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

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Directors' Report

30 June 2025

Directors

Hugh BradlowNon-Executive Independent ChairResigned 18 December 2024Roy McKelvieNon-Executive Independent ChairAppointed 18 December 2024Karl MedakNon-Executive DirectorResigned 30 June 2025

Cameron PetricevicNon-Executive DirectorAppointed 22 April 2025David WillingtonNon-Executive DirectorAppointed 22 April 2025Lew StaritaNon-Executive DirectorAppointed 30 June 2025

Company Secretaries

Cameron Petricevic Michael Carruthers

Registered Office and Principal Place of Business

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6-10 O'Connell Street Sydney NSW 2000

 Telephone:
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 Email:
 info@rocketboots.com

Website

www.rocketboots.com

Stock Exchange Listing

ASX Limited 20 Bridge Street Sydney NSW 2000 **ASX Code**: ROC

Share Registry

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd Yarra Falls, 452 Johnston Street

Abbotsford VIC 3067

Telephone: +61 02 9415 5000
Facsimile: +61 02 9473 2500
Website www.computershare.com

Auditors

Armada Auditing & Assurance Pty Ltd 18 Sangiorgio Court Osbourne Park WA 6017

Solicitors

K&L Gates Level 25 525 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements of the Group, being RocketBoots Limited (the "Company") and its controlled entities (the "Group"), for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

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Directors' Report

30 June 2025

1. General information

Information on directors

The names, qualifications, experience and special responsibilities of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

Hugh Bradlow Non-Executive Independent Chair (resigned 18 December 2024)

Qualifications B.Sc (Eng)(1st class Honours), D.Phil (Oxon), FTSE

Experience Hugh was the former President at Australian Academy of Technology and

Engineering between October 2016 and December 2022. Since June 2017 he has also been a Non- Executive Director at Silicon Quantum Computing Pty Ltd, a joint venture start- up working to commercialise the University of New South Wales' silicon

quantum computing technology. In 2021, Hugh served on the Australian Government's Regional Telecommunications Independent Review Committee. Hugh previously worked at Telstra for over 22 years. He spent three years as the Chief Scientist at Telstra. Prior to that he held the role of Telstra's Chief Technology

Officer for over eight years, and Head of Innovation for 3 years.

Prior to joining Telstra in 1995, Hugh was Professor of Computer Engineering at the University of Wollongong. He was also Professor of Electrical Engineering (Digital

Systems) at the University of Cape Town.

Hugh is a graduate in electrical engineering from the University of Cape Town and has received a D.Phil. degree for research in experimental nuclear physics from the University of Oxford. He has numerous academic appointments and was awarded a Centenary Medal from the Commonwealth of Australia. In 2009, he was elected as the joint Australian Telecommunications Ambassador of the Year. Global Telecom Business has named him as one of the 100 most influential telecommunications executives in the world, and he has been named one of the 12 most influential people

in Australian ICT by Smart Company

Interest in shares and options

Contractual rights to share

Special responsibilities

50,000 shares and no options

Chair of RocketBoots Inc (RocketBoots Ltd's USA subsidiary) (appointed 26 July

2024, resigned 18 December 2024)

Member of the Audit & Risk Committee (resigned 18 December 2024)

Member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (resigned 18 December

2024)

Other current directorships in

listed entities

Other directorships in listed entities held in the previous

three years

None

None

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Directors' Report

30 June 2025

1. General information (continued)

Information on directors (continued)

Roy McKelvie Non-Executive Independent Chair (appointed 18th December 2024)

Qualifications BSc in Production Engineering, MBA

Experience Mr McKelvie is well placed to provide corporate and public markets support during the

Company's next phase of international expansion, having over 25 years' experience in private equity and financial markets in the US, UK, continental Europe, Asia and

Australia.

He has worked and consulted to companies across multiple sectors including financial services, resources, retail, business services and FMCG. Mr McKelvie is currently Chairman at WageSafe, Pathify Holdings Inc, Infocus Wealth Management and

Encompass Corporation.

Prior to this, he was previously a Non-Executive Director of ASX listed Broadspectrum, CEO of Transfield Holdings Limited, MD and CEO of Gresham Private Equity, MD and Asian Head of Deutsche Bank Capital Partners and a Director at 3i plc. He has a BSc in Production Engineering from the University of Strathclyde

and an MBA from the University of Edinburgh Business School.

Interest in shares and options Contractual rights to share Special responsibilities 3,652,941 shares and 6,000,000 options

Member of the Audit and Risk Committee (appointed 18th December 2024)

Member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (appointed 18th December

2024)

Other current directorships in

listed entities

Other directorships in listed entities held in the previous

three years

ASX:PTH
None

Karl Medak Non-Executive Director (resigned 30 June 2025)

Qualifications Bachelor of Business & Commerce degree; Diploma in Project Management;

Diploma - Company Directors Course

Experience Karl has almost 40 years of deep experience within the information and

communications technology (ICT) sector, across varied segments including corporate

matters.

He has worked for Telstra, Ericsson Australia, Lend Lease Communications, Communications Design & Management and is became a founding member of The Frame Group (Frame Group) in 2000. He has experience with working with some of

Australia's largest corporates as well as government and defence clients.

Karl has several other certifications and industry memberships, including a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (FAICD) and is a Certified Practicing Portfolio Executive (CPPE) with the Australian Institute of Project Management. Karl is currently the head of Frame Group's consulting practice, focusing on advice and solutions that help to improve organisational performance, improve return on investment (IDOII) and increase acceptability process.

investment ('ROI') and increase competitiveness

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Directors' Report

30 June 2025

General information (continued)

Information on directors (continued)

Interest in shares and options

Contractual rights to share

249,930 shares and 3,000,000 options

Special responsibilities

Chair of the Audit & Risk Committee (appointed 5 February 2024, resigned 30 June

Other current directorships in

listed entities

None

Other directorships in listed entities held in the previous

three years

None

Cameron Petricevic

Non-Executive Director

Qualifications

Actuary (AIAA), B Commerce/B Engineering (Hons) and Graduate of the Australian

Institute of Company Directors (GAICD)

Experience

Cameron has spent over 18 years in the financial industry, with roles at AXA Asia Pacific Holdings (now AMP), Acorn Capital and Kentgrove Capital/Lucrum. Cameron has extensive investment banking experience, including valuations, mergers & acquisitions, initial public offerings and portfolio management. Cameron is a

founder/director of Lucrum as well as other private organisations.

Cameron is a qualified Actuary (AIAA) and holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Actuarial) and a Bachelor of Engineering (Electrical) from the University of Melbourne, with First Class Honours. He is also a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (GAICD) and founder/treasurer of Brimbank ToRCH, a Royal Children's Hospital

auxiliary charity.

Interest in shares and options Contractual rights to share Special responsibilities

7,307,791 shares and 3,000,000 options

Chair of RocketBoots Inc (RocketBoots Ltd's USA subsidiary) (Resigned 26th July

Chair of Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Member of the Audit & Risk Committee

Other current directorships in

listed entities

ASX:BTN (Chair), ASX:VR1

Other directorships in listed entities held in the previous

three years

None

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Directors' Report

30 June 2025

1. General information (continued)

Information on directors (continued)

David Willington Non-Executive Director (Appointed 22nd April 2025)

Qualifications BComm, CA, FFin

Experience David Willington has over 30 years' experience in the funds management, investment

banking and corporate finance industries focusing on the technology sector.

Currently David is a Director and Co-founder of Bombora Investment Management Pty Ltd, a specialist funds management business that invests and manages high growth technology related businesses.Previously, David was a Senior Corporate Finance Partner at Deloitte and prior to that was an investment banker with NM Rothschild and Citi.David is currently the Chairman of EzyCollect Holdings Limited, Autism 360 and a Non Executive Director of Clarence Group Investments.

David has a Bachelor of Commerce, is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and is a Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of

Australia.

Interest in shares and options

Contractual rights to share

Special responsibilities

Other current directorships in

listed entities

Other directorships in listed entities held in the previous

three years

No shares and 3,000,000 options

Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee (appointed 20 August 2025)

None

None

Lew Starita Non-Executive Director (appointed 30 June 2025)

Qualification Diploma of Electronics and Communications

Experience Mr Starita has over 40 years experience in the information and communications

technology (ICT) sector, across varied public and private sector roles. Mr Starita worked for various Federal government departments, Westpac and is a founding member of The Frame Group in 2000 (owned by E8). He has experience working in the financial services industry, state and federal government and with some of Australia's largest corporates. Prior to the IPO of RocketBoots, Mr Starita was a Director and Chair of RocketBoots Operations Pty Ltd (now a wholly owned subsidiary

of the Company).

Interest in shares and options 33,547,500 shares and no options

Contractual rights to share

Special responsibilities

Other current directorships in listed entities

Other directorships in listed entities held in the previous

three years

Member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (appointed 20 August 2025)

None

None

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

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Directors' Report

30 June 2025

1. General information (continued)

Principal activities and significant changes in nature of activities

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year were to operate software as a service at scale using proprietary computer vision-based machine learning/artificial intelligence applications to optimise businesses and solve security challenges.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the financial year.

2. Operating results and review of operations for the year

Review of operations

RocketBoots ("ROC", "Company") continued to execute on its international growth strategy in FY25, achieving a significant milestone with its first major international contract win, alongside strong progress in global trials and key domestic partnerships.

Key operational highlights include:

- International Contract Win: Secured the Company's first major international contract with a total contract value of A\$1.8 million, marking a breakthrough in the UK and US retail markets.
- Expanded International Reach: Revenue generated outside of Australia increased by 145% compared to FY24 (\$184,351 v \$75,217), driven by successful trials with major UK and US retailers.
- Domestic Growth: Extended an existing contract with a major retail bank, with a total contract value of A\$432,000.
- Strategic Partnerships: Signed a partnership deal with Gebit Solutions to strengthen mutual customer markets.
- Capital Management: Raised A\$4 million via a share placement announced in March 2025, contributing to a
 total of A\$5.5 million raised in FY25. Bombora Investment Management also took a strategic stake in the
 Company, accompanied by a Board appointment.
- Leadership: Appointment of Roy McKelvie as Chair of the Board, adding further strategic depth and governance expertise.

The Company's operational momentum in FY25 demonstrates its ability to convert trials into significant contract wins, while continuing to grow its pipeline of opportunities. ROC has now established an international footprint that is expected to contribute a growing proportion of future revenue, with recurring revenue representing 84% of total revenue in FY25.

While total revenue for the year was \$660,596 (down 9% from FY24), the shift in revenue mix towards international markets is a key strategic achievement. Management remains focused on converting high-value trials into multi-year, recurring contracts, particularly with global retailers and banks, where contract negotiation and onboarding cycles remain rigorous but are progressing steadily. Importantly, no major international trials have been lost to date.

The Company recorded a net loss of \$4,653,924 for the year ended 30 June 2025, which includes \$1,481,717 in non-cash share-based payment expenses and significant investment expenditure. Net assets at 30 June 2025 were \$1.3 million.

The strengthened balance sheet, with \$2,466,007 in cash and a current ratio of 2.12 at 30 June 2025, positions ROC to continue its investment in scaling operations and pursuing large global opportunities. The Company's share price remained steady over the year at \$0.081, with market capitalisation increasing significantly from \$8.9 million in FY24 to \$13.8 million in FY25, reflecting increased investor confidence in the Company's long-term growth prospects.

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Directors' Report

30 June 2025

2. Operating results and review of operations for the year (continued)

Review of operations (continued)

ROC enters FY26 with a solid financial position, a growing international client base, and an expanding pipeline of trials and opportunities. Management remains committed to executing its strategy of global expansion, building long-term recurring revenue streams, and delivering value to shareholders over the coming years.

Material business risks

Sufficiency of funding

The Company currently has limited financial resources to fund operations. The Company is in the process of securing new contracts, including in overseas markets, in order to become cashflow positive. The ability to raise additional funds will be subject to, among other things, factors beyond the control of the Company and its Directors.

Business strategy execution risk

The Company is reliant on retaining its current pipeline of customers as well as winning contracts and developing relationships with new customers. This includes overseas customers. Onboarding of new customers requires significant initial investment on their behalf, which may discourage them from adopting BeeHive.

Reliance on key personnel

The Company depends to a significant extent on the ability, performance and experience of its key personnel. A loss of key personnel or an inability to recruit suitable replacements can have a material impact on the Company's leadership as well as its ability to onboard new customers. RocketBoots is dependent on key personnel to increase sales and develop its sales pipeline.

Competition

The Company faces risks associated with new entrants to the market, as well as current competitors. These risks include aggressive marketing campaigns, product innovation, price discounting, advances in technology and acquisitions. If any of these risks materialise, it could have negative impact upon the Company's ability to compete in the market.

Additionally, the Company exists in a relatively fast-paced industry and is at risk of new technology becoming available that supersedes BeeHive. This may result in lower competitiveness or discounting required to continue to drive sales.

Regulatory risk

The Company and its products are subject to various laws and regulations, including accounting standards, taxes, cybersecurity and privacy laws. Changes in these laws could negatively affect financial performance. Additionally, laws are specific to each geographic location, and the Company has expanded into both the US and UK markets. There is a risk that the Company is not compliant with new, unfamiliar laws in these locations.

Cybersecurity risk

The Company stores sensitive information, such as operational data, payroll and employee information and intellectual property. A breach of security could lead to leaking of intellectual property and subsequent erosion of competitive advantage, as well as cyber fraud and loss of trust.

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3. Other items

3. Other items

Significant changes in state of affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of entities in the Group during the year.

Dividends paid or recommended

No dividends were paid or declared since the start of the financial year. No recommendation for payment of dividends has been made.

Events after the reporting date

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

Future developments and results

Likely developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as the inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

Environmental issues

The Group's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory of Australia.

Company secretaries

The following persons held the position of Company secretary at the end of the financial year:

Cameron Petricevic (AIAA, B Comm/Eng, GAICD) has been company secretary since August 2022 and an entity associated with him received fees for this service.

Michael Carruthers (B BComm, CA) has been company secretary since February 2025.

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Directors' Report

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3. Other items

Meetings of directors

During the financial year, 8 formal meetings of directors (including committees of directors) were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

	Directors' Meetings		Audit Committee		Remuneration Committee				
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend attended		Changes		
Cameron Petricevic	5	5	2	2	1	1			
Karl Medak	5	5	2	2	1	1	Resigned 30 June 2025		
Roy McKelvie	3	3	1	1	1	1	Appointed 18 December 2024		
Hugh Bradlow	2	2	1	1	1	1	Resigned 18 December 2024		
David Willington	1	1	0	0	0	0	Appointed 22 April 2025		
Lew Starita	0	0	0	0	0	0	Appointed 30 June 2025		

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

The Company has indemnified the directors and executives of the Company for costs incurred, in their capacity as director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

Options

At the date of this report, the unissued ordinary shares of RocketBoots Limited and Controlled Entities under option are as follows:

40 101101101			
Grant Date	Date of Expiry	Exercise Price	Number under option
13/02/2024	09/02/2027	\$0.20	500,000
29/08/2024	26/08/2026	\$0.10	800,000
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.12	2,000,000
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.15	2,000,000
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.18	2,000,000
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.12	1,000,000
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.15	1,000,000
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.18	1,000,000
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.12	1,000,000
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.15	1,000,000
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.18	1,000,000
11/03/2025	18/10/2026	\$0.12	250,000
11/03/2025	18/10/2026	\$0.12	600,000
11/03/2025	18/10/2026	\$0.12	150,000
11/03/2025	08/10/2027	\$0.15	500,000
11/03/2025	17/12/2027	\$0.12	200,000
11/03/2025	17/12/2027	\$0.12	300,000
17/06/2025	23/06/2028	\$0.12	4,000,000
17/06/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.12	1,000,000
17/06/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.15	1,000,000
17/06/2025	18/12/2029	\$0.18	1,000,000
11/03/2025	31/08/2027	\$0.20	1,500,000
		_	23,800,000
		_	

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Directors' Report

30 June 2025

Other items

Options, performance rights and shares in lieu

Option and performance rights holders do not have any rights to participate in any issues of shares or other interests in the Company or any other entity. Shares issued in lieu have the same rights as all other ordinary shares of the Company.

For details of options, performance rights and shares in lieu issued to directors and other key management personnel as remuneration, refer to the remuneration report.

Proceedings on behalf of company

No person has applied for leave of court under Section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

Non-audit services

The Board of Directors, in accordance with advice from the audit committee, is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The directors are satisfied that the services disclosed below did not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the audit committee prior to commencement to ensure they
 do not adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided do not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence in accordance with APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

The following fees were paid or payable to the external auditors for non-audit services provided during the year ended 30 June 2025:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Other services	-	

Auditor's independence declaration

The auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the year ended 30 June 2025 has been received and can be found on page 21 of the financial report

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Directors' Report 30 June 2025

Remuneration report (audited)

Remuneration policy

The remuneration policy of RocketBoots Limited and Controlled Entities has been designed to align key management personnel (KMP) objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Group's financial results. The Board of RocketBoots Limited and Controlled Entities believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel to run and manage the Group, as well as create goal congruence between directors, executives and shareholders.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for key management personnel of the Group is as follows:

- The remuneration policy has been developed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board.
- All key management personnel receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service and experience), superannuation, fringe benefits, and performance incentives.
- Performance incentives are based on predetermined key performance indicators.
- Incentives paid in the form of options or rights are intended to align the interests of the KMP and the Group with those of the shareholders. In this regard, key management personnel are prohibited from limiting risk attached to those instruments by use of derivatives or other means.
- The Remuneration Committee reviews key management personnel packages annually by reference to the Group's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors.

The performance of key management personnel is measured against criteria agreed annually with each executive and is based predominantly on the forecast growth of the Group's profits and shareholders' value. All bonuses and incentives must be linked to predetermined performance criteria. The Board may, however, exercise its discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options, and can recommend changes to the Committee's recommendations. Any changes must be justified by reference to measurable performance criteria. The policy is designed to attract the highest calibre of executives and reward them for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder wealth.

Key management personnel receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the law, which is currently 11.5%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits. Some individuals, however, have chosen to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.

All remuneration paid to key management personnel is valued at the cost to the Group and expensed.

The Board's policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Remuneration Committee determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

Key management personnel are also entitled and encouraged to participate in the employee share and option arrangements to align their interests with shareholders' interests.

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Directors' Report

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Options and rights granted under these arrangements do not carry dividend or voting rights. Each option is entitled to be converted into one ordinary share and is valued using the Black-Scholes methodology. Each performance right is valued based on Monte Carlo simulations.

Key management personnel who are subject to these arrangements are subject to a policy governing the use of

external hedging arrangements. Such personnel are prohibited from entering into hedge arrangements, i.e. put options, on unvested shares and options which form part of their remuneration package. Terms of employment signed by such personnel contain details of such restrictions.

Relationship between remuneration policy and company performance

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase goal congruence between shareholders, directors and executives. Two methods have been applied to achieve this aim, the first being a performance-based bonus based on key performance indicators, and the second being the issue of options to directors and executives to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The Company believes this policy has been effective in increasing shareholder wealth.

The following table shows the gross revenue, profits and dividends for the last two years for the Company, as well as the share prices at the end of the respective financial years.

 2025
 2024

 \$
 \$

 Revenue
 660,596
 729,953

 Loss after tax
 (4,653,924) (2,954,416)

 Share price at year-end
 0.08
 0.11

Performance conditions linked to remuneration

The key performance indicators (KPIs) are set annually, with a certain level of consultation with key management personnel to ensure support. The measures are specifically tailored to the area each individual is involved in and has a level of control over. The KPIs target areas the Board believes hold greatest potential for the Group expansion and profit, covering financial and non-financial as well as short and long-term goals. The level set for each KPI is based on budgeted figures for the Group and respective industry standards.

Performance in relation to the KPIs is assessed annually, with bonuses being awarded depending on the number and deemed difficulty of the KPIs achieved. Following the assessment, the KPIs are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee in light of the desired and actual outcomes, and their efficiency is assessed in relation to the Group's goals and shareholder wealth, before the KPIs are set for the following year.

The satisfaction of the financial performance conditions are based on a review of the audited financial statements of the Group, as such figures reduce any risk of contention relating to payment eligibility. The Board does not believe that performance conditions should include a comparison with factors external to the Group at this time.

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Directors' Report

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Employment details of members of key management personnel

The following table provides employment details of persons who were, during the financial year, members of key management personnel of the Group.

Directors Position

Hugh Bradlow Non-executive Independent Chair (resigned 18 December 2024)

Karl Medak Non-executive Director (resigned 30 June 2025)
Cameron Petricevic Non-executive Director and Company Secretary

Roy McKelvie Non-executive Independent Chair (appointed 18 December 2025)

David Willington Non-executive Director (appointed 22 April 2025)
Lew Starita Non-executive Director (appointed 30 June 2025)

KMP

Details

Details

Joel Rappolt Chief Executive Officer
Harry Robin Hilliard Chief Technology Officer

Service Agreements

On appointment to the Board, all non-executive directors enter into a service agreement with the Company in the form of a letter of appointment. The letter summarises the Board policies and terms, including remuneration, relevant to the office of director.

In cases of resignation, no separation payment is made to the executive, except for amounts due and payable up to the date of ceasing employment, including accrued leave entitlements.

The remuneration and other terms of employment for the Chief Executive Officer and senior executives are set out in formal service agreements. Details of these agreements are as follows:

Name Joel Rappolt

Title Chief Executive Officer
Agreement Commenced 19 November 2021

Tames of American

Term of Agreement Indefinite, subject to resignation or termination for any other reason

Base salary for the year ending 30 June 2025 of \$210,000 plus superannuation, to be reviewed annually by the Board of Directors. 3 month termination notice via resignation, 1 month termination notice by the Company. Cash bonus of \$80,000, subject to KPI achievement and at the discretion of the Board of Directors. Non-solicitation and non-compete clauses. Performance rights and share options based on total shareholder

return and KPIs.

Name Robin Hilliard

Title Chief Technology Officer
Agreement Commenced 19 November 2021

Term of Agreement Indefinite, subject to resignation or termination for any other reason

Base salary for the year ending 30 June 2025 of \$180,000 plus superannuation, to be reviewed annually by the Board of Directors. 3 month termination notice via resignation, 1 month termination notice by the Company. Cash bonus of \$40,000, subject to KPI achievement and at the discretion of the Board of Directors. Non-solicitation and

non-compete clauses.

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Directors' Report

30 June 2025

Changes in KMP

Hugh Bradlow resigned as non-executive Independent Chair on 18 December 2024 and was replaced by Roy McKelvie. David Willington was appointed as non-executive director on 22 April 2025 and was appointed head of the audit and risk committee on 20 August 2025. Karl Medak resigned as non-executive director and chair of the audit and risk committee on 30 June 2025.

Remuneration details for the year ended 30 June 2025

The following table of benefits and payment details, in respect to the financial year, the components of remuneration for each member of the key management personnel of the Group.

Table of benefits and payments

	Short-to	erm	Post -employ ment	Long-term		
	Cash Salary Fees	Annual Leave	Superannuat ion	Long service leave	Share-based payments	
2025	\$	\$	\$	\$	•	\$
Directors						
Hugh Bradlow	30,052	-	3,456	=	-	33,508
Karl Medak	55,000	-	-	_	218,965	273,965
Cameron Petricevic	55,000	-	-	-	218,965	273,965
Roy McKelvie	2,656	•	305	-	485,781	488,742
David Willington	9,529	-	1,096	-	163,656	174,281
Lew Starita KMP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Joel Rappolt	197,308	34,591	22,690	11,561	11,583	277,733
Harry Robin Hilliard	180,000	(15,920)	20,700	3,977	<u> </u>	188,757
	529,545	18,671	48,247	15,538	3 1,098,950	1,710,951

			Post-employ			
	Short-to	erm	ment Long-term			
	Cash salary fees	Annual leave	Superannuati on	Long service leave	Share-based payments	
2024	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors						
Hugh Bradlow	54,299	-	5,475	-	-	59,774
Pang Ming Wee	32,083	-	-	-	-	32,083
Karl Medak	52,083	-	-	-	-	52,083
Cameron Petricevic	55,000	-	_	-	-	55,000
KMP						
Joel Rappolt	180,000	9,396	20,790	3,475	-	213,661
Harry Robin Hilliard	169,615	10,717	18,658	3,168	-	202,158
	543,080	20,113	44,923	6,643	-	614,759

ACN: 165 522 887

Directors' Report

30 June 2025

Securities received that are not performance related

No members of key management personnel are entitled to receive securities which are not performance-based as part of their remuneration package. Key management personnel shareholdings

The number of ordinary shares in RocketBoots Limited and Controlled Entities held by each key management person of the Group during the financial year is as follows:

	Balance at		Other changes	
30 June 2025	beginning of year	On exercise of options	during the year	Balance at end of year
Directors				
Hugh Bradlow	50,000	=	=	50,000
Karl Medak (resigned 30 June 2025)	20,499,930	=	(20,250,000)*	249,930
Cameron Petricevic	4,432,791	-	2,875,000	7,307,791
Roy McKelvie	-	-	3,652,941	3,652,941
David Willington	-	-	-	-
Lew Starita	-	-	33,547,500	33,547,500
KMP				
Joel Rappolt	2,250,000	-	1,601,250	3,851,250
Harry Robin Hilliard	2,400,000	-	1,601,250	4,001,250
	29,632,721	-	23,027,941	52,660,662

^{*} Karl Medak and Lew Starita have shared indirect holdings of RocketBoots Limited shares via E8. Other changes for Karl Medak is depicted as such to not double-count these indirect holdings.

30 June 2024	Balance at beginning of year	On exercise of options	Other changes during the year	Balance at end of year
Directors				
Hugh Bradlow	50,000	-	-	50,000
Pang Ming Wee	134	-	=	134
Karl Medak	20,499,930	-	-	20,499,930
Cameron Petricevic	4,432,791	-	-	4,432,791
KMP				
Joel Rappolt	2,250,000	-	-	2,250,000
Harry Robin Hilliard	2,400,000	-	-	2,400,000
	29,632,855		-	29,632,855

ACN: 165 522 887

Directors' Report

30 June 2025

The number of options in RocketBoots Limited and Controlled Entities held by each key management person of the Group during the financial year is as follows:

Group during the financial year is as follows:				
30 June 2025	Balance at beginning of year	Issue of options/rights	Other changes during the year	Balance at end of year
Directors				
Hugh Bradlow	=	=		=
Karl Medak (resigned 30 June 2025)	=	3,000,000		3,000,000
Cameron Petricevic	-	3,000,000		3,000,000
Roy McKelvie	-	6,000,000		6,000,000
David Willington	-	3,000,000		3,000,000
Lew Starita	•	=		=
KMP				
Joel Rappolt	-	4,000,000		4,000,000
Harry Robin Hilliard	-	-		-
	-	19,000,000	**	19,000,000
30 June 2024	Balance at beginning of year	Issue of options/rights	Other changes during the year	Balance at end of year
Directors				
Hugh Bradlow	-	-	-	_
Pang Ming Wee	-	-	-	-
Karl Medak	-	-	-	_
Cameron Petricevic	=	=	=	-
KMP				
Joel Rappolt	-	-	-	_
Harry Robin Hilliard	-	-	-	-
		_	_	_

ACN: 165 522 887

Directors' Report

30 June 2025

KMP related party transactions

The Group undertook the following transactions with:

- Key management personnel (KMP)
- A close member of the family of that person, or
- An entity over which the key management person or family member has, directly or indirectly, control, joint control or significant influence,

during the reporting period.

CGP Lucrum Pty Ltd, a company of which Mr Cameron Petricevic is a Director, was paid for company secretarial duties. These payments were made at arm's length and based on market pricing. Further details are outlined in Note 22 to the financial statements.

Information regarding share-based payment transactions with these persons or entities are included elsewhere in the remuneration report.

End of Audited Remuneration Report

This director's report, incorporating the remuneration report, is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Roy Mckelvie

Roy McKelvie

Dated 22 August 2025

ACN: 165 522 887

Corporate Governance Statement

30 June 2025

RocketBoots Limited (the Company) is committed to the highest standards of corporate governance. The board of directors (Board) of RocketBoots Limited supports the central principles and best practice recommendations published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

A description of RocketBoots Limited's current corporate governance practices, policy and statement can be found on the Company's website, under the Governance section of the Investors tab here:

https://www.rocketboots.com/investors#Governance

Despite being a small entity, RocketBoots continues to strive for gender diversity in the workplace:

- 27% of employees, excluding board members, are female, and 73% are male;
- 0% of Board members are female and 100% are male:
- 0% of senior executive members are female and 100% are male.

The Board endeavours to continue to define, achieve and report measurable objectives for diversity. The Diversity Charter can be found below:

https://cdn.prod.website-files.com/62858be23cceab36c8679abb/62941863437de4aaf9df1da5 Diversity-Charter-191121.pdf

The Chairman of RocketBoots Limited has developed key performance indicators for the Board of directors, its committees and individual directors in accordance with the Board charter.

As per the Board charter, the Board agreed on these metrics and processes to evaluate these metrics during the meeting on 26 June 2023, and performed a full review on 19 February 2025 after approval by the Risk and Nomination Committee, as well as conducted period and appropriate evaluations during the financial year.

The RocketBoots Limited Board Charter sets out requirements for senior management performance evaluation. The Board will meet at least once per year to review the performance of any senior executives and address any issues that may emerge from said review. The evaluation framework process for evaluation and performance evaluation was conducted reviewed and approved during the financial year.

The Board charter can be found below:

https://cdn.prod.website-files.com/62858be23cceab36c8679abb/629418e624323884844281f5_Board-Charter-191121.pdf

The Charter was updated and approved on 19 February 2025.

RocketBoots Limited has a Board skills matrix. Despite RocketBoots Limited's relatively small size, the Company is committed to improving its skills as it continues to mature. The skills matrix has been updated and added to the Governance section of the Company's website:

https://cdn.prod.website-

files.com/62858be23cceab36c8679abb/64f159cb8c0f6affc0f8331c_Board%20Skills%20Matrix%2031082023.pdf

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) are charged with reviewing and updating the skills matrix. The matrix was reviewed on 19 February 2025.

RocketBoots Limited and its subsidiary companies are committed to acting ethically and with integrity in our business relationships. In order to achieve this, RocketBoots Limited set up and adopted a Modern Slavery policy on 31 August 2023. RocketBoots Limited's Modern Slavery policy outlines company values and conduct standards for all employees, service providers and contractors to abide by. Any breach of these values and conduct standards can be considered a material breach of contract with RocketBoots Limited.

The Company also is committed to fair wages for all employees, contractors and suppliers by paying at least the minimum Award wage. The Company's Modern Slavery policy can be found here: https://cdn.prod.website-

 $files.com/62858be 23cceab 36c8679 abb/67b65660f1 da 4abcf1b8e8d3_Modern \%20 Slavery \%20 Policy \%2019022025\%20 (final). pdf files.com/62858be 23cceab 36c8679 abb/67b65660f1 da 4abcf1b8e8d3_Modern \%20 Slavery \%20 Policy \%2019022025\%20 (final). pdf files.com/62858be 23cceab 36c8679 abb/67b65660f1 da 4abcf1b8e8d3_Modern \%20 Slavery \%20 Policy \%2019022025\%20 (final). pdf files.com/62858be 23cceab 36c8679 abb/67b65660f1 da 4abcf1b8e8d3_Modern \%20 Slavery \%20 Policy \%2019022025\%20 (final). pdf files.com/62858be 23cceab 36c8679 abb/67b65660f1 da 4abcf1b8e8d3_Modern \%20 Slavery \%20 Policy \%20 P$

The Audit and Risk Committee (ARC) Charter of the Company requires the risk management framework to be reviewed by the Board at least annually. The ARC reviewed and signed off on the risk management matrix/plan on 28 August 2023 and was last reviewed on 20 August 2025.

The ARC is responsible for identifying environmental and social risks and how those risks are to be managed. To assist with this, ARC maintains a risk matrix document which is reviewed regularly during Board meetings and which was most recently formally reviewed during the Board meeting on 20 August 2025. It has been assessed that the Company does not have any material exposure to environmental or social risks. ARC charter can be found below:

https://cdn.prod.website-

files.com/62858be23cceab36c8679abb/67b6568c641b133614801269_Audit%20%26%20Risk%20Committee%20Charter%201902 2025%20(final).pdf



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strength in numbers

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF

ROCKETBOOTS LIMITED

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of RocketBoots Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 there have been:

- i) No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- ii) No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Armada Audit & Assurance

ARMADA AUDIT & ASSURANCE PTY LTD

Nigel Dias

Director

Dated 22 August 2025, Perth

TAX & ACCOUNTING | AUDITING | BUSINESS MANAGEMENT | BUSINESS CONSULTING | FINANCIAL PLANNING | LENDING

ACN: 165 522 887

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
Revenue	4	660,596	729,953
Other income	4	324,569	314,247
Direct costs		(535,897)	(605,549)
Employee benefits expense		(1,884,428)	(1,816,230)
Finance expenses		(6,529)	(2,748)
Marketing expense		(55,046)	(12,540)
Professional fees		(885,375)	(917,766)
Share based payments expense	25	(1,481,717)	(24,747)
Subscriptions		(258,126)	(243,408)
Other expenses	14	(531,971)	(375,628)
Loss before income tax		(4,653,924)	(2,954,416)
Income tax expense	5	-	_
Loss for the year	=	(4,653,924)	(2,954,416)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	-		
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:	-		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	(2,016)	
Total comprehensive loss for the year	=	(4,655,940)	(2,954,416)
Earnings per share From continuing and discontinued operations:			
Basic earnings per share (cents)		(4.01)	(4.54)
Diluted earnings per share (cents)		(4.01)	(4.54)

ACN: 165 522 887

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As At 30 June 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	2,466,007	555,789
Trade and other receivables	8	23,840	12,689
Contract assets	9	2,992	27,558
Other assets	11 .	56,251	42,802
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-	2,549,090	638,838
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Plant and equipment	10	22,985	12,498
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	<u>-</u>	22,985	12,498
TOTAL ASSETS	_	2,572,075	651,336
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES	•		
Trade and other payables	12	440,504	620,384
Contract liabilities	9	240,687	209,759
Employee entitlements	13	519,366	491,398
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	1,200,557	1,321,541
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Employee entitlements	13	75,829	49,282
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>-</u>	75,829	49,282
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	1,276,386	1,370,823
NET ASSETS		1,295,689	(719,487)
EQUITY			
Issued capital	15	18,862,837	13,532,602
Reserves	16	1,363,614	114,948
Retained earnings	. <u>-</u>	(18,930,762)	(14,367,037)
TOTAL EQUITY	=	1,295,689	(719,487)

ACN: 165 522 887

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2025

	Mata	Issued Capital	Retained Earnings	Share-based payment Reserve	Other Reserve \$	Total
	Note	<u> </u>	\$	\$		\$
Balance at 1 July 2024		13,532,602	(14,367,037)	· ·	-	(719,487)
Loss for the year		-	(4,653,924)	=	-	(4,653,924)
Other comprehensive loss		-	-	-	(2,016)	(2,016)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners						
Shares issued during the year	15	5,860,150	-	-	-	5,860,150
Capital raise costs		(529,915)	-	-	-	(529,915)
Options/rights recognised		-	-	1,340,881	-	1,340,881
Options/rights forfeited		-	90,199	(90,199)	=	
Balance at 30 June 2025		18,862,837	(18,930,762)	1,365,630	(2,016)	1,295,689
2024						
		Issued Capital	Retained	Share-based payment	Other Reserve	Total

	Issued Capital	Retained Earnings	payment Reserve	Reserve \$	Total
	\$	\$	\$		\$
Balance at 1 July 2023	11,763,942	(11,451,626)	192,286	-	504,602
Loss for the year	-	(2,954,416)	-	-	(2,954,416)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners					
Shares issued during the year	1,807,500	-	-	_	1,807,500
Capital raise costs	(101,920)	-	-	=	(101,920)
Options/rights exercised	63,080	39,005	(102,085)	_	-
Options recognised		-	24,747	-	24,747
Balance at 30 June 2024	13,532,602	(14,367,037)	114,948	-	(719,487)

ACN: 165 522 887

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		751,843	570,314
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(4,381,829)	(3,676,857)
Interest received		4	9,437
Interest paid		(10,034)	=
Receipt from grants		304,312	304,810
Other income		10,883	_
Net cash used in operating activities	24	(3,324,821)	(2,792,296)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of plant and equipment		(22,540)	(13,276)
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(22,540)	(13,276)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from issue of shares		5,500,000	1,807,500
Payment of capital raise costs	_	(248,560)	(83,920)
Net cash provided by financing activities	_	5,251,440	1,723,580
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held		1,904,079	(1,081,992)
Net effect of foreign currency translation		6,139	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		555,789	1,637,781
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	7	2,466,007	555,789

ACN: 165 522 887

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

The financial report covers RocketBoots Limited ('the Company') and its controlled entities ('the Group'). RocketBoots Limited is a for-profit Company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The principal activities of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2025 were to operate at scale using proprietary computer vision-based machine learning applications to optimise businesses and solve security challenges.

Each of the entities within the Group prepare their financial statements based on the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

These financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

2 Material Accounting Policy Information

(a) Basis for consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial position and performance of controlled entities from the date on which control is obtained until the date that control is lost.

Intragroup assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cashflows relating to transactions between entities in the consolidated entity have been eliminated in full for the purpose of these financial statements.

Appropriate adjustments have been made to a controlled entity's financial position, performance and cash flows where the accounting policies used by that entity were different from those adopted by the consolidated entity.

All controlled entities have the same financial year end as the parent.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 21 to the financial statements.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the parent has control. Control is established when the parent is exposed to, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(b) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method which requires an acquiring entity to be identified in all cases. The acquisition date under this method is the date that the acquiring entity obtains control over the acquired entity.

The fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities acquired are recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.

Goodwill or a gain on bargain purchase may arise on the acquisition date, this is calculated by comparing the consideration transferred and the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree with the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired. Where consideration is greater than the net assets acquired, the excess is recorded as goodwill. Where the net assets acquired are greater than the consideration, the measurement basis of the net assets are reassessed and then a gain from bargain purchase recognised in profit or loss.

All acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred except for costs to issue debt or equity securities.

Any contingent consideration which forms part of the combination is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity then it is not remeasured and the settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise subsequent changes in the value of the contingent consideration liability are measured through profit or loss.

(c) Revenue and other income

Revenue from contracts with customers

The core principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Group expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services.

Generally the timing of the payment for sale of goods and rendering of services corresponds closely to the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligations, however where there is a difference, it will result in the recognition of a receivable, contract asset or contract liability.

None of the revenue streams of the Group have any significant financing terms as there is less than 12 months between receipt of funds and satisfaction of performance obligations.

Statement of financial position balances relating to revenue recognition

Contract assets and liabilities

Where the amounts billed to customers are based on the achievement of various milestones established in the contract, the amounts recognised as revenue in a given period do not necessarily coincide with the amounts billed to or certified by the customer.

When a performance obligation is satisfied by transferring a promised good or service to the customer before the customer pays consideration or the before payment is due, the Group presents the contract as a contract asset, unless the Group's rights to that amount of consideration are unconditional, in which case the Group recognises a receivable.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(c) Revenue and other income (continued)

Statement of financial position balances relating to revenue recognition (continued)

When an amount of consideration is received from a customer prior to the entity transferring a good or service to the customer, the Group presents the contract as a contract liability.

The Group recognises revenue at a point in time and over time. Revenue recognised at a point in time ('enablement'), is recognised in full when the service condition is fulfilled, being the provision and installation of hardware. Revenue recognised over time ('license fees') is recognised over the length of the license once the provision and installation of hardware is complete.

Contract cost assets

The Group recognises assets relating to the costs of obtaining a contract and the costs incurred to fulfil a contract or set up / mobilisation costs that are directly related to the contract provided they will be recovered through performance of the contract.

Contract assets are recognised when the Group has purchased goods for delivery to a customer under a pre-paid customer contract. Contract assets are treated as financial assets for impairment purposes.

Costs to obtain a contract

Costs to obtain a contract are only capitalised when they are directly related to a contract and it is probable that they will be recovered in the future. Costs incurred that would have been incurred regardless of whether the contract was won are expensed, unless those costs are explicitly chargeable to the customer in any case (whether or not the contract is won).

The capitalised costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected life of the contract.

Set-up / mobilisation costs

Costs required to set up the contract, including mobilisation costs, are capitalised provided that it is probable that they will be recovered in the future and that they do not include expenses that would normally have been incurred by the Group if the contract had not been obtained. They are recognised as an expense on the basis of the proportion of actual output to estimated output under each contract. If the above conditions are not met, these costs are taken directly to profit or loss as incurred.

Costs to fulfil a contract

Where costs are incurred to fulfil a contract, they are accounted for under the relevant accounting standard (if appropriate), otherwise if the costs relate directly to a contract, the costs generate or enhance resources of the Group that will be used to satisfy performance obligations in the future and the costs are expected to be recovered then they are capitalised as contract costs assets and released to the profit or loss on an systematic basis consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates.

Other income

Other income is recognised on an accruals basis when the Group is entitled to it.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(d) Income tax

The tax expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income comprises current income tax expense plus deferred tax expense.

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit (loss) for the year and is measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current tax liabilities (assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences which are determined by comparing the carrying amounts of tax bases of assets and liabilities to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred tax is not provided for the following:

- The initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).
- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.
- Temporary differences related to investment in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities to
 the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is
 probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and losses can be utilised.

Current and deferred tax is recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period except where the tax arises from a transaction which is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity respectively.

(e) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the consolidated statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

ACN: 165 522 887

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(f) Plant and equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured using the cost model.

Depreciation

Plant and equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the Group, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset class

Depreciation rate

Computer Equipment Computer Software 2 to 5 years 3 to 5 years

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

(g) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost.

Classification

On initial recognition, the Group classifies its financial assets as those measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Amortised cost

The Group's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

ACN: 165 522 887

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(g) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Interest income, foreign exchange gains or losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of financial assets is recognised on an expected credit loss (ECL) basis for financial assets measured at amortised cost.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial assets has increased significant since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information.

The Group uses the presumption that an asset which is more than 30 days past due has seen a significant increase in credit risk.

The Group uses the presumption that a financial asset is in default when:

- the other party is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse to the Group to
 actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial assets is more than 90 days past due.

Credit losses are measured as the present value of the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the cash flows expected to be received. This is applied using a probability weighted approach.

Trade receivables and contract assets

Impairment of trade receivables and contract assets have been determined using the simplified approach in AASB 9 which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The Group has determined the probability of non-payment of the receivable and contract asset and multiplied this by the amount of the expected loss arising from default.

The amount of the impairment is recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised in finance expense. Once the receivable is determined to be uncollectable then the gross carrying amount is written off against the associated allowance.

Where the Group renegotiates the terms of trade receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(g) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Impairment of other financial assets measured at amortised cost are determined using the expected credit loss model in AASB 9. On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced significant increase in credit risk then the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

Financial liabilities

The Group measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The financial liabilities of the Group comprise of trade and other payables.

(h) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period the Group determines whether there is evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets.

Where an indicator exists and regardless for goodwill, indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash-generating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss, except for goodwill.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(j) Employee entitlements

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and long service leave when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliable.

Defined contribution schemes

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods in which services are provided by employees.

(k) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the basic earnings per share to take into account the after tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(I) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options which vest immediately are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(m) Equity-settled compensation

The Group operates equity-settled share-based payment employee share and option schemes. The fair value of the equity to which employees become entitled is measured at grant date and recognised as an expense over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase to an equity account. The fair value of shares is ascertained as the market bid price. The fair value of options is ascertained using an appropriate option pricing model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options or shares granted, this expense takes in account any market performance conditions and the impact of any non-vesting conditions but ignores the effect of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions.

Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account when considering the number of options expected to vest. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of options which are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting conditions. Revisions to the prior period estimate are recognised in profit or loss and equity.

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(n) Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the spot rate on the date of the transaction.

At the end of the reporting period:

- Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate;
- Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and
- Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value are translated using the rate at the date when fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition or in prior reporting periods are recognised through profit or loss, except where they relate to an item of other comprehensive income or whether they are deferred in equity as qualifying hedges.

(o) Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which contemplates the continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business. As disclosed in the financial statements, the Group incurred a loss for the year-ended 30 June 2025 of \$4,653,924 (2024: \$2,954,416) and had net cash operating outflows of \$3,324,821 (2024: \$2,792,296). These factors indicate a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt as to whether the Group will doubt as to whether the Group will continue as a going concern

Notwithstanding the factors above, the Directors believe that it is reasonably foreseeable that the Group will

Notwithstanding the factors above, the Directors believe that it is reasonably foreseeable that the Group will continue as a going concern and that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial report Management has reviewed the cashflow forecasts and has assessed that there is sufficient cash reserves and incoming cash to continue operations for a period of greater than 12 months from the date of this report.

- The Company has demonstrated that it can raise capital when required, evidenced through the \$5,500,000 that has been raised in FY25. Management is confident that future cash can be raised when it is required.
- This assessment is based on upcoming contracts with customers and the research and development grants
 expected to be received. In the event that there is a delay in securing further contracts the Group will reduce
 its discretionary costs as required to preserve cash flows.

Accordingly, the Directors believe that Group will be able to continue as a going concern and that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial report. However in the event that the Group is unable to raise further capital when required, generate further cash flow from customer contracts and/or reduce discretionary expenditure there exists a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt as to whether the Group will doubt as to whether the Group will continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report The financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the amounts or classification of recorded assets or liabilities that might be necessary if the Group does not continue as a going concern.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(p) Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The Group has not adopted any new standards in the year ended 30 June 2025.

(q) New accounting standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The directors have decided against early adoption of these Standards, but does not expect the adoption of these standards to have any impact on the reported position or performance of the Group.

3 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors make estimates and judgements during the preparation of these financial statements regarding assumptions about current and future events affecting transactions and balances.

These estimates and judgements are based on the best information available at the time of preparing the financial statements, however as additional information is known then the actual results may differ from the estimates.

The significant estimates and judgements made have been described below.

Key estimates - revenue recognition

When determining the nature, timing and amount of revenue to be recognised, the following critical estimates and judgements were applied and are considered to be those that have the most significant effect on revenue recognition.

Licences are generally considered a distinct single performance obligation. Revenue related to license fee is recognised evenly over the contracted term in which the customer is entitled to receive the services.

Enablement revenue is recognised when control over the hardware and software are installed and delivered on customer premises. Determination of when controls has passed depends on whether the customer has legal title over the products or whether the customer has obtained possession of the products.

Key estimates - recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the Group considers it probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise these temporary differences and losses.

Key estimates - share based payments

Share based payments are recognised in accordance with vesting conditions outlined by the relevant contract, and over the period of the underlying service. The valuation of share based payments use generally-accepted pricing models including Black-Scholes and Monte Carlo simulations.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

4 Revenue and Other Income

Revenue from continuing operations

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers		
- Enablement revenue	99,186	147,031
- License fee	561,410	582,922
	660,596	729,953

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group has a number of key customers to whom it provides products and services. For the year ended 30 June 2025, 46% (2024: 43%) of the group's external revenue was derived from sales to a major Australian retailer. The second largest customer, also located in Australia, accounted for 25% of revenue (2024: 27%) The next most significant customer accounts for 18% of revenue (2024: 18%).

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Timing of revenue recognition		
Services transferred over time	561,410	582,922
Services at a point in time	99,186	147,031
	660,596	729,953
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Disaggregation of revenue		
- Services transferred over time	561,410	582,922
- Services at a point in time	99,186	147,031
	660,596	729,953
Geographical regions		
- Australia	476,246	654,736
- Rest of the world	184,350	75,217
	660,596	729,953
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Other Income		
- Grant income	304,312	304,810
- Interest income	9,374	9,437
- Third-party software fee	10,883	
	324,569	314,247

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

5 Income Tax Expense

Reconciliation of income tax to accounting profit:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Profit	(4,653,924)	(2,954,416)
Tax	25.00%	25.00%
	(1,163,481)	(738,604)
Add:		
Tax effect of:		
- Permanent differences not brought to account	295,982	(71,180)
- Temporary differences not brought to account	(19,467)	(80,444)
	(886,966)	(890,228)
Tax losses not previously brought to accounts	886,966	890,228
Income tax expense		<u>-</u>

The Company decided not to recognise a deferred tax asset in respect of the Group losses, given its financial outlook for the 2025 financial year and future financial years in the short term.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Tax losses	13,333,242	9,785,375
	13,333,242	9,785,375

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits therein.

6 Operating Segments

Segment information

Identification of reportable segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (Chief Operating Decision Makers ('CODM')) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

Operating segments are presented using the 'management approach' where the information presented is on the same basis as the internal reports provided to the CODM. The CODM is responsible for the avocation of resources to operating segments and assessing their performance.

The Group's principal activities are those of a software Company and therefore identifies only one corporate reportable segment. The results of this segment are the same as the Group's results.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

6 Operating Segments (continued)

Segment information (continued)

Identification of reportable segments (continued)

The Group established business in two new markets in 2023 – the United States and the United Kingdom (subsequently expanding into Europe). The Group shall report results by geographical segment when results and cash flow from these two markets become material to the Group.

7 Cash and Cash Equivalents

		2025 \$	2024 \$
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,466,007	Ψ 555,789
	Deposits at call	1,000,000	<u> </u>
		2,466,007	555,789
8	Trade and Other Receivables	2025	2024
		\$	\$
	CURRENT		
	Trade receivables	23,840	12,689
		23,840	12,689

The carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivable in the financial statements.

Impairment of receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to expected credit losses, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

9 Contract Balances

Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has recognised the following contract assets and liabilities from contracts with customers:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Contract assets	2,992	27,558
CURRENT		
Contract liabilities	240,687	209,759

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

9 Contract Balances

Reconciliation of liabilities

Reconciliation of the written down values:

reconditation of the written down values.	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Opening balance	209,759	398,094
Payments received in advance	639,093	533,760
Cumulative catch-up adjustment	=	1,840
Transfer to revenue – included in the opening balance	(173,558)	(223,291)
Transfer to revenue – performance obligations satisfied during the year	(434,607)	(500,644)
	240,687	209,759

Unsatisfied performance obligations

The aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period was \$240,478 as at 30 June 2025 (\$209,759 as at 30 June 2024) and is expected to be recognised as revenue in future periods as follows:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Within 6 months	176,848	98,689
6 to 12 months	36,469	83,680
12 to 18 months	26,050	11,550
18 to 24 months	1,320	9,900
24 months +		5,940
	240,687	209,759

10 Plant and Equipment

	2025 \$	2024 \$
	Ψ	Φ
Plant and equipment		
At cost	155,453	132,913
Accumulated depreciation	(132,468)	(120,415)
	22,985	12,498
Computer software		
At cost	1,153	1,153
Accumulated depreciation	(1,153)	(1,153)
	<u> </u>	=
	22,985	12,498
		,

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

10 Plant and Equipment

Movements in carrying amounts of plant and equipment

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Plant and Equipment	Computer Software	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Year ended 30 June 2025			
Balance at the beginning of the year	12,498	=	12,498
Additions	22,540	=	22,540
Depreciation expense	(12,053)	-	(12,053)
Balance at the end of the year	22,985	<u>-</u>	22,985
	Plant and Equipment	Computer Software	Total
	\$	\$	\$

	Plant and Equipment	Software	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Year ended 30 June 2024			
Balance at the beginning of the year	23,509	=	23,509
Additions	19,048	-	19,048
Disposals	(13,522)	-	(13,522)
Depreciation expense	(16,537)		(16,537)
Balance at the end of the year	12,498	=	12,498

11 Other Assets			
	11	Othor	Accate

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Prepayments	46,881	42,802
Accrued revenue	9,370	_
	56,251	42,802

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

12 Trade and Other Payables

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Trade payables	263,110	329,341
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	126,484	248,894
Wage payable	50,910	42,149
	440,504	620,384

Trade and other payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days. The carrying value of trade and other payables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

13 Employee Entitlements

. ,	2025 \$	2024 \$
CURRENT		
Long service leave	289,983	229,126
Annual leave	229,383	262,272
	519,366	491,398
NON-CURRENT		
Long service leave	75,829	49,282

14 Other Expenses

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Member and statutory expenses	174,177	118,089
Travel and entertainment expenses	130,242	79,621
Insurance expenses	74,495	81,770
Telephone and IT expenses	64,304	35,147
Office expenses	39,165	23,220
Foreign currency losses	25,131	19,414
Subscriptions	12,404	1,830
Depreciation	12,053	16,537
	531,971	375,628

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

15 Issued Capital

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
171,313,384 (2024: 81,193,532) Ordinary Shares	\$18,862,837	13,532,602

Total shares issued for cash in 2025 totals to 84,882,352 (2024: 20,155,000). The total value of shares issued for cash in 2025 is \$5,500,000 (2024: \$1,807,500.)

Shares issued as share based payments in 2025 totals to 5,237,500 (2024: 788,500). The total value of shares issued as share based payments in 2025 is \$360,150 (2024: \$63,080.)

(a) Ordinary shares

	2025	2024
	No.	No.
At the beginning of the reporting period	81,193,532	60,250,032
Shares issued during the year	90,119,852	20,155,000
Rights exercised during the year		788,500
At the end of the reporting period	171,313,384	81,193,532

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

17 Earnings Per Share (continued)

(a) Ordinary shares (continued)

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company. On a show of hands at meetings of the Company, each holder of ordinary shares has one vote in person or by proxy, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

The Company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its shares.

(b) Capital management

The key objectives of the Company when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and maintain optimal benefits to stakeholders. The Company defines capital as its equity and net debt.

There has been no change to capital risk management policies during the year.

16 Reserves

Share-based payments reserve

This reserve records the cumulative value of share options and performance rights. When the option or right is exercised the amount in the reserve is transferred to share capital.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
At the beginning of the reporting period	114,948	192,286
Options/rights recognised	1,340,881	24,747
Options/rights forfeited	(90,199)	(102,085)
At the end of the reporting period	1,365,630	114,948

Share Based Payments Reserve \$1,365,630 and FCTR Reserve \$(2,016) Total Reserve = \$1,363,614

17 Earnings Per Share

(a) Reconciliation of earnings to profit or loss from continuing operations

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Loss for the year	(4,653,924)	(2,954,416)
Earnings used in the calculation of dilutive EPS from continuing operations	(4,653,924)	(2,954,416)
425		
(b) Earnings used to calculate overall earnings per share	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Earnings used to calculate overall earnings per share	(4,653,924)	(2,954,416)

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

- 17 Earnings Per Share (continued)
- (a) Ordinary shares (continued)

		sed in calculating basic EPS

(c) Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in t	calculating basic EP	3
	2025 No.	2024 No.
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in		
calculating basic EPS	116,152,704	65,087,225

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

18 Financial Risk Management

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks through its use of financial instruments.

The Group's overall risk management plan seeks to minimise potential adverse effects due to the unpredictability of financial markets.

The most significant financial risks to which the Group is exposed to are described below:

Specific risks

- Liquidity risk
- Credit risk

Financial instruments used

The principal categories of financial instrument used by the Group are:

- Trade receivables
- Cash at bank
- Trade and other payables

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Financial assets	·	·
Held at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,466,007	555,789
Trade and other receivables	23,840	12,689
Total financial assets	2,489,847	568,478
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	681,191	620,384
Total financial liabilities	681,191	620,384

Objectives, policies and processes

The Board of Directors have overall responsibility for the establishment of the Group's financial risk management framework. This includes the development of policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and the use of derivatives.

Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

18 Financial Risk Management (continued)

Objectives, policies and processes (continued)

The day-to-day risk management is carried out by the Group's finance function under policies and objectives which have been approved by the Board of Directors. The Chief Financial Officer has been delegated the authority for designing and implementing processes which follow the objectives and policies. This includes monitoring the levels of exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk and assessment of market forecasts for interest rate and foreign exchange movements.

The Board of Directors receives monthly reports which provide details of the effectiveness of the processes and policies in place.

Mitigation strategies for specific risks faced are described below:

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Group's management of working capital and the finance charges and principal repayments on its debt instruments. It is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Group's policy is to ensure that it will always have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due. The Group maintains cash and marketable securities to meet its liquidity requirements for up to 30-day periods. Funding for long-term liquidity needs is additionally secured by an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to sell long-term financial assets.

The Group manages its liquidity needs by carefully monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for long-term financial liabilities as well as cash-outflows due in day-to-day business.

Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a 180-day and a 360-day period are identified monthly.

At the reporting date, these reports indicate that the Group expected to have sufficient liquid resources to meet its obligations under all reasonably expected circumstances.

Financial guarantee liabilities are treated as payable on demand since the Group has no control over the timing of any potential settlement of the liabilities.

The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates and does not reflect management's expectations that banking facilities will be rolled forward. The amounts disclosed in the table are the undiscounted contracted cash flows and therefore the balances in the table may not equal the balances in the consolidated statement of financial position due to the effect of discounting.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group.

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions.

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

18 Financial Risk Management (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The credit risk for liquid funds and other short-term financial assets is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

Trade receivables and contract assets

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable.

The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The risk management committee has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group review includes external ratings, if they are available, financial statements, credit agency information and industry information. Credit limits are established for each customer and the utilisation of credit limits by customers is regularly monitored by line management. Customers who subsequently fail to meet their credit terms are required to make purchases on a prepayment basis until creditworthiness can be re-established.

The Board receives monthly reports summarising the turnover, trade receivables balance and aging profile of each of the key customers individually and the Group's other customers analysed by industry sector as well as a list of customers currently transacting on a prepayment basis or who have balances in excess of their credit limits.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk associated with the industry and country in which the customers operate.

Management considers that all the financial assets that are not impaired for each of the reporting dates under review are of good credit quality, including those that are past due.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

On a geographical basis, the Group has significant credit risk exposures in Australia given the location of its operations in those regions.

19 Key Management Personnel Remuneration

Key management personnel remuneration included within employee expenses for the year is shown below:

	2023	2027
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	548,216	563,193
Long-term benefits	1,114,488	6,642
Post-employment benefits	48,247	44,923
	1,710,951	614,758

Refer to the remuneration report for shares and options held by related parties and KMP.

2024

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

20 Auditors' Remuneration

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor for:		
- auditing or reviewing the financial statements	30,600	75,000
	30,600	75,000

21 Interests in Subsidiaries

Composition of the Group

	Principal place of business / Country of Incorporation	Percentage Owned (%)* 2025	Percentage Owned (%)* 2024
Subsidiaries:			
RocketBoots Operation Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
RocketBoots Inc.	United States	100	100
RocketBoots Operations UK Limited	United Kingdom	100	100

^{*}The percentage of ownership interest held is equivalent to the percentage voting rights for all subsidiaries.

22 Contingencies

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company did not have any contingencies at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: None).

23 Related Parties

The Group's main related parties are as follows:

The ultimate parent entity, which exercises control over the Group, is RocketBoots Limited which is incorporated in

Key management personnel - refer to Note 19.

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or significantly influenced by those key management personnel or their close family members.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

23 Related Parties (continued)

Transactions with related parties:

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

,	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Payment to CGP Lucrum Pty Ltd for company secretary and other services	90,000	58,050
	90,000	58,050
Transactions with related parties:		

The following payables remain outstanding with related parties:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Payable to CGP Lucrum Pty Ltd	7,500	7,500
	7,500	7,500

Terms and conditions:

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

Cash Flow Information

Reconciliation of result for the year to cashflows from operating activities

Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Loss for the year	(4,653,924)	(2,954,416)
Cash flows excluded from profit attributable to operating activities		
Non-cash flows in loss:		
- depreciation	12,053	16,537
- net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	13,522
- share based payment	1,481,717	24,746
- other	(10,652)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(9,621)	12,212
- (increase)/decrease in prepayments	(13,450)	12,172
- (increase)/decrease in contract assets	24,566	(4,527)
- increase/(decrease) in deferred income	29,203	(188,335)
- (increase)/decrease in trade and other payables	(239,227)	273,262
- increase/(decrease) in employee entitlement	54,514	2,531
Cashflows from operations	(3,324,821)	(2,792,296)

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

25 Share-Based Payments

At 30 June 2025 the Group has the following share-based payment schemes:

A summary of the Company options issued is as follows:

		Exercise	Start of			
Grant Date	Expiry Date	Price	the period	Expired	Balance	Vesting Conditions
07/12/2021	07/12/2024	0.30	903,750	903,750	-	Vested upon issue
16/02/2022	08/03/2025	0.30	903,750	903,750	-	Vested upon issue
13/02/2024	09/02/2027	0.20	500,000	=	500,000	Vested upon issue
29/08/2024	26/08/2026	0.10	-	=	800,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.12	-	=	2,000,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.15	-	=	2,000,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.18	-	=	2,000,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.12	-	=	1,000,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.15	-	-	1,000,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.18	-	-	1,000,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.12	-	=	1,000,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.15	-	-	1,000,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.18	_	-	1,000,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/10/2026	0.12	_	-	250,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/10/2026	0.12	_	-	600,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	18/10/2026	0.12	_	-	150,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	08/10/2027	0.15	-	-	500,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	17/12/2027	0.12	-	-	200,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	17/12/2027	0.12	-	=	300,000	Vested upon issue
17/06/2025	23/06/2028	0.12	_	-	4,000,000	Vested upon issue
17/06/2025	18/12/2029	0.12	_	-	1,000,000	Vested upon issue
17/06/2025	18/12/2029	0.15	-	-	1,000,000	Vested upon issue
17/06/2025	18/12/2029	0.18	-	-	1,000,000	Vested upon issue
11/03/2025	31/08/2027	0.20	-	-	1,500,000	Cumulative TCV exceeds \$25M

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

25 Share-Based Payments (continued)

These values were calculated by using a Black-Scholes option pricing model applying the following inputs:

Number of options	Grant date:	Expiry date:	Exercise price (\$):	Risk-free rate (%):	Volatility (%):	Fair value (\$):
903,750	07/12/2021	07/12/2024	0.30	0.98	42	0.0323
903,750	16/02/2022	08/03/2025	0.30	1.62	94	0.0675
500,000	13/02/2024	09/02/2027	0.20	3.76	117	0.0495
800,000	29/08/2024	26/08/2026	0.10	3.61	89	0.0527
2,000,000	11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.12	3.80	109	0.0754
2,000,000	11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.15	3.80	109	0.0729
2,000,000	11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.18	3.80	109	0.0707
1,000,000	11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.12	3.80	109	0.0754
1,000,000	11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.15	3.80	109	0.0729
1,000,000	11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.18	3.80	109	0.0707
1,000,000	11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.12	3.80	109	0.0754
1,000,000	11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.15	3.80	109	0.0729
1,000,000	11/03/2025	18/12/2029	0.18	3.80	109	0.0707
250,000	11/03/2025	18/10/2026	0.12	3.77	87.59	0.0415
600,000	11/03/2025	18/10/2026	0.12	3.77	87.59	0.0415
150,000	11/03/2025	18/10/2026	0.12	3.77	87.59	0.0415
500,000	11/03/2025	08/10/2027	0.15	3.73	87.81	0.0442
200,000	11/03/2025	17/12/2027	0.12	3.73	110.73	0.0626
300,000	11/03/2025	17/12/2027	0.12	3.73	110.73	0.0626
4,000,000	17/06/2025	23/06/2028	0.12	3.40	86.59	0.0382
1,000,000	17/06/2025	18/12/2029	0.12	3.60	107.18	0.0569
1,000,000	17/06/2025	18/12/2029	0.15	3.60	107.18	0.0544
1,000,000	17/06/2025	18/12/2029	0.18	3.60	107.18	0.0523
1,500,000	11/03/2025	31/08/2027	0.20	3.73	.110.73	0.0537

Historical volatility has been the basis for determining expected share price volatility as it assumed that this is indicative of future movements.

The share price at 30 June 2025 was \$0.08.

Total expenses recognised in profit or loss for the year relating to share-based payment arrangements are \$1,481,717 (2024: \$24,747).

The weighted average exercise price of issued option are as follows:

Weighted Average Exercise Price (\$)

As at 1 July 2024	0.28
Granted:	0.14
Exercised:	-
Lapsed:	0.30
As at 30 June 2025:	0.15
Vested:	0.14

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at year end was 3.69 years.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

25 Share-Based Payments (continued)

Shares in lieu of Wages

Roy McKelvie will be paid shares in lieu of cash for the first six months of his tenure. Roy will be issued a quantity of shares based on a nominal value of \$0.10 per share. RocketBoots has accrued his services from date of appointment to period-end. Announcement of the matter is noted at this link; https://cdn-api.markitdigital.com/apiman-gateway/ASX/asx-research/1.0/file/2924-02896471-2A1569322

The fair value of these shares have been calculated based on the following inputs;

Grant date:	18 December 2024
Share price (\$):	0.087
Discount (%):	100
Probability (%):	100
Fair value (\$):	0.087

The total amount expensed in the year-ended is \$47,850. These shares were issued to Roy McKelvie in FY25.

Performance rights

A summary of the Group performance rights issued is as follows:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	the period	Expired	Balance	Vesting Conditions
11/03/2025	31/08/2027	-	-	=	500,000	30-day VWAP greater than \$0.30
11/03/2025	31/08/2027	=	-	-	500,000	30-day VWAP greater than \$0.45
11/03/2025	31/08/2027	=	=	=	500,000	30-day VWAP greater than \$0.60
11/03/2025	31/08/2027	-	-	-	500,000	Total invoiced contract value exceeds \$5M in any year Total invoiced contract value
11/03/2025	31/08/2027	-	-	=	500,000	exceeds \$9M in any year

The fair values of the performance rights were calculated using Monte Carlo models with the following inputs:

Number of rights	Grant date:	Expiry date:	Risk-free rate (%):	Volatility (%):	Fair value (\$):
500,000	11/03/2025	31/08/2027	3.75%	110.63	0.02
500,000	11/03/2025	31/08/2027	3.75%	110.63	0.01
500,000	11/03/2025	31/08/2027	3.75%	110.63	0.01
500,000	11/03/2025	31/08/2027	3.75%	110.63	0.10
500,000	11/03/2025	31/08/2027	3.75%	110.63	0.10

26 Events Occurring After the Reporting Date

There are no other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

27 Parent Entity

The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the parent, RocketBoots Limited and

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Controlled Entities and has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards.

The financial information for the parent entity, RocketBoots Limited and Controlled Entities has been prepared on the same basis as the financial statements except as disclosed below.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the financial statements of the parent entity. Dividends received from associates are recognised in the parent entity profit or loss, rather than being deducted from the carrying amount of these investments.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Statement of Financial Position Assets		
Current assets	1,478,281	44,160
Non-current assets		5,435,496
Total Assets	1,478,281	5,479,656
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	182,592	161,123
Total Liabilities	182,592	161,123
Equity		
Issued capital	174,159,981	168,829,746
Retained earnings	(174,229,564)	(163,625,805)
RocketBoots Inc. incorporation fees	(356)	(356)
Share based payment reserve	1,365,628	114,948
Total Equity	1,295,689	5,318,533
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income		
Total profit or loss for the year	(2,147,890)	(641,163)
Total comprehensive income	(2,147,890)	(641,163)

Contingent liabilities

The parent entity did not have any contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2025 or 30 June 2024.

Contractual commitments

The parent entity did not have any commitments as at 30 June 2025 or 30 June 2024.

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Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement

As At 30 June 2025

28 Statutory Information

The registered office and principal place of business of the company is:
RocketBoots Limited and Controlled Entities
Level 1
6-10 O'Connell Street
Sydney NSW 2000

Consolidated Entity Disclosure

Entity Name	Entity Type	Place formed / Country of Incorporation	Ownership (%)*	Tax Residency
RocketBoots Operation Pty Ltd	Body Corporate	Australia	100	Australia
RocketBoots Inc.	Body Corporate	United States	100	United States
RocketBoots Operations UK Limited	Body Corporate	United Kingdom	100	United Kingdom

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Directors' Declaration

The directors of the Company declare that:

- the financial statements and notes for the year ended 30 June 2025 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - a. comply with Accounting Standards, which, as stated in basis of preparation, Note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes explicit and unreserved compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
 - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the consolidated group;
 - c. the information disclosed in the attached consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct.
- 2. the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Finance Officer have given the declarations required by Section 295A that:
 - a. the financial records of the Company for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the *Corporations Act 2001*;
 - b. the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards; and
 - c. the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view.
- 3. In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable with the continuing support of creditors.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director Roy McKelvie

Dated



strength in numbers

Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of RocketBoots Limited

Report on the audit of the financial report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of RocketBoots Limited and its subsidiaries ('the "Group') which, comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of RocketBoots Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2025, and of its financial performance for the year then ended and;
- Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to directors of the Group, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Regarding Going Concern

As disclosed in Note 2 (o) of the financial report, for the year ended 30 June 2025, the Group incurred a loss for the year-ended 30 June 2025 of \$4,653,924 (2024: \$2,954,416) and had net cash operating outflows of \$3,324,821 (2024: \$2,792,296). These factors along with other matters disclosed in Note 2 (o) to the financial give rise to a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt whether RocketBoots Limited ('the Group') will continue as a going concern therefore the Group may be unable to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report. Our audit report is not modified in respect of this matter.



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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separated opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter

Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Revenue, Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities) (Note 4, Note 9)

Revenue Recognition is a key audit matter due to the:

- Significance of revenue to the financial statements; and
- The nature and timing of recognition of deferred revenue at the year-end involves management judgment.

Therefore, a significant audit effort is required to gather sufficient appropriate audit evidence for revenue recognition.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our Procedures, amongst others, included:

- Understanding the Group's revenue accounting process and testing that the revenue recognition process was in accordance with AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers':
- We tested the design and implementation of the internal controls regarding the recognition of contract revenue.

For a sample of customer contracts:

- We read the contracts and other underlying documentation, such as customer correspondence, to evaluate the inputs to the Group's calculation of revenue
- We checked the accuracy of the deferred revenue balances with reference to supporting documentation.
- We checked that the subscription revenue recognised over the period of 12 months from the date of site goes live.
- We checked the deployment log to determine the date of projection implementation. As per the project implementation revenue to be recognised on the date of site goes live.
- Evaluating the appropriateness of significant judgments and estimates related to revenue recognition, including the identification of performance obligations and checking that revenue is recognised in the correct accounting period;
- We evaluated the appropriateness of the disclosures in the financial report.



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Share-Based Payments (Note 25)

As disclosed in note 25 for the year ended 30 June 2025, the Company had recorded a share-based payments expense relating to performance rights and options granted to employees, directors, and key management personnel.

The fair value of options and performance rights are determined using various option pricing models that take into account the exercise price, the term of the option, market performance conditions, the share price at valuation date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield, and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option. Furthermore, judgment has been exercised on probability and timing of achieving milestones related to the options performance rights.

This area is a key audit matter as the valuation of share-based payments is subject to significant management estimates and judgments.

Our Procedures, amongst others, included:

- Verifying the key terms and conditions of the equity settled share-based payments, including the number of equity instruments granted, exercise price, and vesting conditions to the relevant agreements, notice of meeting documents and award letters.
- Assessing the fair value of the share-based payments by testing the key inputs used in options valuation models. This included checking key assumptions, including the share price on grant date, exercise price, option life, volatility and risk-free rate to supporting documentation and market information.
- Testing the accuracy of the share-based payments amortisation over the relevant vesting periods.
- Assessing the Company's accounting treatment in accordance with AASB 2 Share Based Payments; and
- Assessing the related financial statement disclosures relating to share-based payments.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



strength in numbers

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Group are responsible for the preparation of:

- a. the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act* 2001; and
- b. the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- i. the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- ii. the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1_2020.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 13 to 19 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2025.



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In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of RocketBoots Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Group are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Armada Audit & Assurance

ARMADA AUDIT & ASSURANCE PTY LTD

Nigel Dias

Director

Dated 22 August 2025, Perth

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Additional Information for Listed Public Companies

30 June 2025

ASX Additional Information

Additional information required by the ASX Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is set out below. This information is effective as at 13 August 2025.

Substantial shareholders

The number of substantial shareholders and their associates are set out below:

ShareholdersNumber of sharesE8 INVESTMENTS PTY LIMITED33,547,500J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED12,500,000

Voting rights

Ordinary Shares

At meetings of members each member entitled to vote, may vote in person or by proxy or attorney or, in the case of a member which is a body corporate, by representative duly authorised.

On a show of hands, every member entitled to vote and present at a meeting in person or by proxy or attorney or representative duly authorised shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

Options and performance rights

No voting rights.

Distribution of equity security holders

				;	Security				
Holding	Shares	Holders	%	Options	Holders	%	Rights	Holders	%
1 - 1,000	178,168	652	0.10%	=	=	0%	=	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	509,914	198	0.30%	=	=	0%	=	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	1,220,599	146	0.71%	=	=	0%	=	-	0%
10,001 - 100,000	13,045,101	333	7.61%	=	=	0%	=	-	0%
100,000 and over	156,359,602	179	91.27%	23,800,000	11	100%	2,500,000	1	100%
Total	171,313,384	1,508	100%	23,800,000	11	100%	2,500,000	1	100%

There were 816 holders of less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares.

There were 1,508 holders of shares at 30 June 2025.

There were 11 holders of options at 30 June 2025.

There was 1 holder of performance rights at 30 June 2025.

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Additional Information for Listed Public Companies

30 June 2025

Twenty largest shareholders

	Ordinary shares	
	Number held	% of issued shares
E8 INVESTMENTS PTY LIMITED	33,547,500	19.58
J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED	12,500,000	7.30
NJK PEARSE TRUSTEES LIMITED <tek a="" c=""></tek>	7,361,500	4.30
TTOR PTY LTD <h &="" a="" c="" f="" m="" petricevic="" s=""></h>	7,307,791	4.27
BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD < IB AU NOMS RETAILCLIENT>	4,881,656	2.85
HARRY ROBIN HILLIARD	3,851,250	2.25
RAPPOLT INVESTMENTS PTY (ACN 626 554 587) <rappolt a="" c="" family=""></rappolt>	3,851,250	2.25
S3 CONSORTIUM PTY LTD	3,750,000	2.19
SCHIEHALLION PARTNERS MANAGEMENT LIMITED	3,652,941	2.13
MR SIMON CLARKSON	3,382,353	1.97
SERET NOMINEES PTY LTD < TOPTEC SUPER NO 3 A/C>	3,241,791	1.89
DISCOVERY INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	2,500,000	1.46
SERET NOMINEES PTY LTD < TOPTEC SUPER NO 2 A/C>	2,029,331	1.18
NON CORRELATED CAPITAL PTY LTD <investius a="" c="" cap="" micro="" pb=""></investius>	2,000,000	1.17
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	1,899,821	1.11
JOY A DRYER	1,527,500	0.89
LAUREN KEIF	1,527,500	0.89
MR JOSHUA CHARLES PRICE	1,505,958	0.88
LAPIN TRADING PTY LTD <mcguire a="" c="" family=""></mcguire>	1,312,500	0.77
VIVRE INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	1,300,000	0.76
	102,930,642	60.09

Remaining shareholders account for 68,382,742 shares which is 39.92% of the total issued shares.

Holdings per unquoted class of securities

Class	Holdings	Holders
ROCAD	4,000,000	3
ROCAC	500,000	1
ROCAR	800,000	1
ROCAS	1,000,000	3
ROCAT	500,000	2
ROCAU	5,000,000	4
ROCAV	5,000,000	4
ROCAW	5,000,000	4
ROCAX	1,500,000	1
ROCAY	2,500,000	1
ROCAZ	500,000	1

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Additional Information for Listed Public Companies

30 June 2025

Holders of 20% or more of unquoted securities per class

Class	Holders	Holdings
ROCAD	Taycol Nominees Pty Ltd	1,750,000
ROCAD	JEC Capital Pty Ltd	1,750,000
ROCAD	Taurus Capital Group Pty Ltd	500,000
ROCAC	Taycol Nominees Pty Ltd	500,000
ROCAR	Twyford Hawk Limited	800,000
ROCAS	Chaleyer Holdings Pty Ltd	250,000
ROCAS	Taycol Nominees Pty Ltd	600,000
ROCAS	IRX Enterprises Pty Ltd	150,000
ROCAT	JEC Capital Pty Ltd	200,000
ROCAT	Taycol Nominees Pty Ltd	300,000
ROCAU	Roy McKelvie *	2,000,000
ROCAU	Karl Medak*	1,000,000
ROCAU	Cameron Petricevic *	1,000,000
ROCAU	Bombora Investment Management Pty Ltd	1,000,000
ROCAV	Roy McKelvie*	2,000,000
ROCAV	Karl Medak*	1,000,000
ROCAV	Cameron Petricevic*	1,000,000
ROCAV	Bombora Investment Management Pty Ltd	1,000,000
ROCAW	Roy McKelvie*	2,000,000
ROCAW	Karl Medak*	1,000,000
ROCAW	Cameron Petricevic *	1,000,000
ROCAW	Bombora Investment Management Pty Ltd	1,000,000
ROCAX	Joel Rappolt *	1,500,000
ROCAY	Joel Rappolt*	2,500,000
ROCAZ	IRX Enterprises Pty Ltd	500,000
*Granted to as:	sociated entities	

Distribution of each class

ROCAD

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	=	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	-	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	-	-	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	-	_	0%
100,001 Over	4.000.000	1	100%

ROCAC

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	_	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	-	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	_	=.	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	-	-	0%
100,001 Over	500,000	1	100%

ROCAR

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	-	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	-	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	=	=	0%

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10,001 -			
100,000	=	-	0%
100,001 Over	800,000	1	100%

ROCAS

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	_	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	_	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	_	-	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	-	-	0%
100.001 Over	1 000 000	3	100%

ROCAT

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	-	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	_	_	0%
5,001 - 10,000	_	-	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	-	_	0%
100.001 Over	500 000	2	100%

ROCAU

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	_	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	_	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	=	_	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	_	-	0%
100,001 Over	5,000,000	4	100%

ROCAV

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	_	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	_	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	=	_	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	-	=	0%
100,001 Over	5,000,000	4	100%

ROCAW

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	-	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	_	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	-	=	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	-	=	0%
100,001 Over	5,000,000	4	100%

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ROCAX

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	-	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	_	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	_	-	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	=	-	0%
100.001 Over	1 500 000	1	100%

ROCAY

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	_	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	_	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	_	_	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	-	-	0%
100,001 Over	2.500,000	1	100%

ROCAZ

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	_	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	_	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	-	-	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	-	-	0%
100,001 Over	500.000	1	100%

Distribution by grouping

Options

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	-	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	-	_	0%
5,001 - 10,000	_	-	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	-	-	0%
100,001 Over	23,800,000	11	100%

Performance Rights

Distribution	Holdings	Holders	Percentage
1 - 1,000	_	-	0%
1,001 - 5,000	-	-	0%
5,001 - 10,000	_	-	0%
10,001 -			
100,000	-	-	0%
100,001 Over	2,500,000	1	100%

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Additional Information for Listed Public Companies 30 June 2025

Unissued equity securities

None.

Securities exchange

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

Market buy-back

There is no current on-market buy-back.

Restricted securities

Ordinary shares (ORD): 1,406,250, escrow ends 16/12/2026 Ordinary shares (ORD): 2,343,000, escrow ends 16/06/2027