

Excite Technology Services Limited  
Appendix 4E  
Preliminary final report

1. Company details

Name of entity:	Excite Technology Services Limited
ABN:	61 120 658 497
Reporting Period:	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Previous Period:	For the year ended 31 March 2024

2. Results for announcement to the market

Revenues from ordinary activities	up	53%	to	12,267,050
Loss from ordinary activities after tax attributable to the Owners of Excite Technology Services Limited	up	94%	to	(4,435,887)
Loss for the year attributable to the owners of Excite Technology Services Limited	up	94%	to	(4,435,887)

Dividends  
There were no dividends paid, recommended or declared during the current financial period.

Comments  
The loss for the Group after providing for income tax amounted to \$4,435,887 (31 March 2024: \$2,281,932).

3. Net tangible assets

	Reporting Period Cents	Previous Period Cents
Net tangible assets per ordinary security	(0.04)	(0.03)

4. Control gained over entities

On 28 June 2024 Excite Technology Services entered into a Binding Term Sheet to acquire 100% of the share capital of CBIT Pty Ltd. The Term Sheet was subsequently completed by all parties and announced to the ASX on 8 October 2024.

5. Loss of control over entities

Not applicable

6. Dividends

Current Period  
There were no dividends paid, recommended or declared during the current financial period.

Previous period  
There were no dividends paid, recommended or declared during the previous financial period.

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**7. Dividend reinvestment plans**

Not applicable

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**8. Details of associates and joint venture entities**

Not applicable

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**9. Foreign entities**

Details of origin of accounting standards used in compiling the report:

Not applicable

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**10. Audit qualification or review**

Details of audit/review dispute or qualification (if any):

The Financial Report is in the process of being audited with an expectation of an unmodified audit report containing a material uncertainty relating to going concern.

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**11. Attachments**

*Details of attachments (if any):*

The Preliminary financial statements of Excite Technology Services Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025 is attached.

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**12. Signed**

Signed 

Steven Bliim

Date: 30 May 2025

For personal use only

**Excite Technology Services Limited**

**ABN 61 120 658 497**

**Preliminary financial statements - 31 March 2025**

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## **Excite Technology Services Limited**

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### **General information**

The financial statements cover Excite Technology Services Limited as a Group consisting of Excite Technology Services Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Excite Technology Services Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Excite Technology Services Limited is a listed public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

#### **Registered Office**

Suite 2.01, 157 Walker Street  
North Sydney, NSW 2060  
Telephone: (02) 9136 6066

A description of the nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 30 May 2025. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

**Excite Technology Services Limited**  
**Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income**  
**For the year ended 31 March 2025**

	<b>Note</b>	<b>Consolidated 2025 \$</b>	<b>2024 \$</b>
<b>Revenue</b>	5	12,267,050	8,002,257
<b>Expenses</b>			
Software and hardware for resale		(5,622,229)	(1,444,487)
Employee benefits expense	6	(7,706,457)	(6,374,444)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	6	(432,361)	(308,808)
Legal and professional fees expense		(441,891)	(644,439)
Marketing and promotion expense		(19,623)	(17,560)
Travel and accommodation expense		(214,658)	(140,841)
Office and administration expense		(2,018,927)	(1,241,009)
Interest expense	6	(250,229)	(99,799)
<b>Operating loss</b>		(4,439,325)	(2,269,130)
Interest Income		5,083	3,204
(Loss) on disposal of fixed assets		-	(16,006)
<b>Loss before income tax expense from continuing operations</b>		(4,434,242)	(2,281,932)
<b>Loss after income tax expense for the year attributable to the owners of Excite Technology Services Limited</b>		<u>(4,434,242)</u>	<u>(2,281,932)</u>
Income tax expense		-	-
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
Foreign currency translation		-	(2,345)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	(2,345)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the owners of Excite Technology Services Limited</b>		<u>(4,434,242)</u>	<u>(2,284,277)</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year is attributable to:			
Continuing operations		(4,434,242)	(2,284,277)
Discontinued operations		-	-
		<u>(4,434,242)</u>	<u>(2,284,277)</u>

*The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**Excite Technology Services Limited**  
**Statement of financial position**  
**As at 31 March 2025**

	<b>Note</b>	<b>Consolidated 2025 \$</b>	<b>2024 \$</b>
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents		1,136,066	204,857
Trade and other receivables	7	1,701,252	1,159,567
Inventories		33,986	-
Prepayments		371,925	21,403
Total current assets		<u>3,243,229</u>	<u>1,385,827</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	8	74,920	108,233
CBIT pre-acquisition		2,513,129	-
Right-of-use assets	9	697,819	346,217
Intangibles	10	6,744,922	3,337,019
Total non-current assets		<u>10,030,790</u>	<u>3,828,472</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u>13,274,019</u>	<u>5,214,299</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	11	5,655,810	2,124,641
Convertible notes	12	2,000,000	-
Contract liabilities	13	603,794	264,417
Lease liabilities	14	495,475	165,233
Employee benefits		1,478,279	296,232
Deferred consideration		1,081,190	855,000
Total current liabilities		<u>11,314,548</u>	<u>3,705,523</u>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Borrowings		70,623	150,000
Lease liabilities	15	244,546	264,999
Employee benefits		117,685	125,135
Total non-current liabilities		<u>432,854</u>	<u>540,134</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>11,747,402</u>	<u>4,245,657</u>
<b>Net (Liabilities) / Assets</b>		<u><u>1,526,617</u></u>	<u><u>968,642</u></u>
<b>Equity</b>			
Issued capital	16	114,236,512	108,779,914
Reserves		4,227,505	4,691,886
Accumulated losses		(116,937,400)	(112,503,158)
<b>Total equity</b>		<u><u>1,526,617</u></u>	<u><u>968,642</u></u>

*The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**Excite Technology Services Limited**  
**Statement of changes in equity**  
**For the year ended 31 March 2025**

<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>Issued capital \$</b>	<b>Reserves \$</b>	<b>Accumulated Losses \$</b>	<b>Total equity \$</b>
Balance at 1 April 2023	107,360,972	4,836,670	(110,753,608)	1,444,034
Loss after income tax expense for the year	-	-	(2,281,932)	(2,281,932)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	(2,345)	-	(2,345)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(2,345)	(2,281,932)	(2,284,277)
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</i>				
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs (note 16)	1,278,942	-	-	1,278,942
Share based payments – performance rights	-	283,373	-	283,373
	140,000	(140,000)	-	-
Share based payments – share options	-	246,570	-	246,570
Lapse of employee share options	-	(532,382)	532,382	-
Balance at 31 March 2024	<u>108,779,914</u>	<u>4,691,886</u>	<u>(112,503,158)</u>	<u>968,642</u>
<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>Issued capital \$</b>	<b>Reserves \$</b>	<b>Accumulated Losses \$</b>	<b>Total equity \$</b>
Balance at 1 April 2025	108,779,914	4,691,886	(112,503,158)	968,642
Loss after income tax expense for the year	-	-	(4,434,242)	(4,434,242)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(4,434,242)	(4,434,242)
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</i>				
Contributions of equity, net of transaction cost (note 16)	2,150,000			2,150,000
Share-based payments - performance rights	1,222,563	(1,222,563)	-	-
Share-based payments – deferred consideration	523,810	-	-	523,810
Share based payments – expense	60,225	20,000	-	80,225
Share based payments – acquisition CBIT	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000
FX movement	-	738,182		738,182
Balance at 31 March 2025	<u>114,236,512</u>	<u>4,227,505</u>	<u>(116,937,400)</u>	<u>1,526,617</u>

*The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**Excite Technology Services Limited**  
**Statement of cash flows**  
**For the year ended 31 March 2025**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Loss before income tax expense for the year	(4,434,241)	(2,281,932)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	420,483	308,808
Share-based payments	80,225	744,977
Interest and other finance costs	-	99,799
	<u>(3,933,533)</u>	<u>(1,128,348)</u>
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in trade and other receivables	149,055	271,779
Decrease in other operating assets	(350,523)	245,303
Increase/Decrease in trade and other payables	341,902	(6,331)
Increase in contract liabilities	-	(277,174)
Increase in employee benefits	37,869	32,859
Net cash (used) in operating activities	<u>(3,755,230)</u>	<u>(861,912)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Payment for purchase of business, net of cash acquired	(750,000)	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment	<u>(19,350)</u>	<u>(14,078)</u>
Net cash (used) in investing activities	<u>(769,350)</u>	<u>(14,078)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from issue of shares	2,150,000	25,000
Proceeds from issue of convertible notes	2,000,000	-
Repayment of borrowings	(23,109)	(3,863)
Share issue transaction costs	-	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	<u>(318,540)</u>	<u>(189,583)</u>
Net cash provided by /(used in) financing activities	<u>3,808,351</u>	<u>(168,446)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(716,229)	(1,044,436)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	204,857	1,251,638
Cash and cash equivalents acquired from CBIT	1,647,438	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,345)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	<u><u>1,136,066</u></u>	<u><u>204,857</u></u>

*The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*



## **Note 1. General Information**

The financial statements cover Excite Technology Services Limited (the 'Company' or 'parent entity') as a consolidated entity consisting of Excite Technology Services Limited and the entities it controlled ('the Group') at the end of, or during, the year. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Excite Technology Services Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Excite Technology Services Limited is a listed public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Suite 2.01, 157 Walker Street  
North Sydney, NSW 2060

A description of the nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 31 May 2025.

## **Note 2. Material accounting policy information**

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### **New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted**

The Group has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

### **Going concern**

The financial statements of the Group have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the continuation of normal business operations and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group is in the revenue growth stage of its cyber security services in order to achieve scale. During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group incurred a loss after tax from continuing operations of \$4,434,242 (2024: \$2,281,932) and incurred net cash outflows from operating activities of \$3,755,230 (2024: \$861,912). At 31 March 2025, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,136,066. The Group has prepared cash flow forecasts as at 31 March 2025 to determine the appropriateness of the going concern assumption. The key assumptions underlying these forecasts are as follows:

- Winning new project and managed services business at a rate similar to historical performance and building on recently announced channel partnerships;
- The continuation of renewals in service contracts from existing customers;
- Management continuing to reduce costs in line with available resources; and
- The Group's ability to raise further debt or equity funding from new and existing investors

The inability to complete the above key assumptions would have a material impact on the anticipated trading results and cash flows, which gives rise to a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. In this event the Group may not be able to realise its assets and settle its liabilities in the normal course of operations and at the amounts stated in the financial statements.

During the period, Belgravia Group (through Belgravia Strategic Equities Pty Ltd along with GNR Superannuation Fund) have exercised their option to invest \$2 million in Excite by way of convertible note. Additionally, during May 2025, the Group has placed a further \$3 million by way of issue of ordinary fully paid shares to sophisticated and institutional investors to assist with strategic opportunities and working capital.

The Group expects to remain well-resourced to meet the challenges of growing scale in its cyber security services and products. Accordingly the directors remain confident the Group will be able to realise its assets and settle liabilities in the normal course of operations. Consequently, the directors believe the going concern assumption is appropriate for the Group.

**Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)**

However, forecast events may not occur as expected as many external and internal factors impact on future events. The financial statements do not contain any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets or liabilities that might be necessary should the Group not be able to continue as a going concern.

**Basis of preparation**

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

*Historical cost convention*

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

*Critical accounting estimates*

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 3.

**Parent entity information**

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, these financial statements present the results of the Group only.

**Revenue recognition**

The Group recognises revenue as follows:

*Revenue from contracts with customers*

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. For each contract with a customer, the Group: identifies the contract with a customer; identifies the performance obligations in the contract; determines the transaction price which takes into account estimates of variable consideration and the time value of money; allocates the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service to be delivered; and recognises revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that depicts the transfer to the customer of the goods or services promised.

Variable consideration within the transaction price, if any, reflects concessions provided to the customer such as discounts, rebates and refunds, any potential bonuses receivable from the customer and any other contingent events. Such estimates are determined using either the 'expected value' or 'most likely amount' method. The measurement of variable consideration is subject to a constraining principle whereby revenue will only be recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. The measurement constraint continues until the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. Amounts received that are subject to the constraining principle are recognised as a refund liability.

*Sale of goods*

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods, which is generally at the time of delivery.

*Rendering of services*

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised over time as the services are rendered based on either a fixed price or an hourly rate.

*Interest*

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

*Other revenue*

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

**Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)**

**Intangible assets**

Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination, other than goodwill, are initially measured at their fair value at the date of the acquisition. Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. Indefinite life intangible assets are not amortised and are subsequently measured at cost less any impairment. Finite life intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less amortisation and any impairment. The gains or losses recognised in profit or loss arising from the derecognition of intangible assets are measured as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the intangible asset. The method and useful lives of finite life intangible assets are reviewed annually. Changes in the expected pattern of consumption or useful life are accounted for prospectively by changing the amortisation method or period.

*Goodwill*

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of a business. Goodwill is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are taken to profit or loss and are not subsequently reversed.

*Patents and trademarks*

Significant costs associated with patents and trademarks are deferred and amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected benefit, being their finite life of 10 years.

**Impairment of non-financial assets**

Goodwill and other intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

**Fair value measurement**

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified into three levels, using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Classifications are reviewed at each reporting date and transfers between levels are determined based on a reassessment of the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, external valuers may be used when internal expertise is either not available or when the valuation is deemed to be significant. External valuers are selected based on market knowledge and reputation. Where there is a significant change in fair value of an asset or liability from one period to another, an analysis is undertaken, which includes a verification of the major inputs applied in the latest valuation and a comparison, where applicable, with external sources of data.

**Issued capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

**Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)**

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

**Business combinations**

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired.

The consideration transferred is the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred, equity instruments issued or liabilities incurred by the acquirer to former owners of the acquiree and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the non-controlling interest in the acquiree is measured at either fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All acquisition costs are expensed as incurred to profit or loss.

On the acquisition of a business, the Group assesses the financial assets acquired and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic conditions, the Group's operating or accounting policies and other pertinent conditions in existence at the acquisition-date.

Where the business combination is achieved in stages, the Group remeasures its previously held equity interest in the acquiree at the acquisition-date fair value and the difference between the fair value and the previous carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at the acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The difference between the acquisition-date fair value of assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the consideration transferred and the fair value of any pre-existing investment in the acquiree is recognised as goodwill. If the consideration transferred and the pre-existing fair value is less than the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired, being a bargain purchase to the acquirer, the difference is recognised as a gain directly in profit or loss by the acquirer on the acquisition-date, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired, the non-controlling interest in the acquiree, if any, the consideration transferred and the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquirer.

Business combinations are initially accounted for on a provisional basis. The acquirer retrospectively adjusts the provisional amounts recognised and also recognises additional assets or liabilities during the measurement period, based on new information obtained about the facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition-date. The measurement period ends on either the earlier of (i) 12 months from the date of the acquisition or (ii) when the acquirer receives all the information possible to determine fair value.

**Earnings per share**

*Basic earnings per share*

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Excite Technology Services Limited, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the financial year.

*Diluted earnings per share*

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

### **Note 3. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### *Share-based payment transactions*

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using either the Binomial or Black-Scholes model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity.

#### *Allowance for expected credit losses*

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each group. These assumptions include recent sales experience and historical collection rates.

#### *Goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets*

The Group tests annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate impairment, whether goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets have suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 2. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of assumptions, including estimated discount rates based on the current cost of capital and growth rates of the estimated future cash flows.

#### *Recovery of deferred tax assets*

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the Group considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

#### *Employee benefits provision*

As discussed in note 2, the liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

#### *Business combinations*

As discussed in note 2, business combinations are initially accounted for on a provisional basis. The fair value of assets acquired, liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed are initially estimated by the Group taking into consideration all available information at the reporting date. Fair value adjustments on the finalisation of the business combination accounting is retrospective, where applicable, to the period the combination occurred and may have an impact on the assets and liabilities, depreciation and amortisation reported.

### **Note 4. Operating segments**

#### *Identification of reportable operating segments*

The Group is organised into five operating segments based on acquisition entity: Brace168 Pty Ltd (Brace168), Virtual Information Technology Pty Ltd (VIT), ExciteIT Pty Ltd, CBIT Pty Ltd and the Corporate entities. These operating segments are based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (who are identified as the Chief Operating Decision Makers ('CODM')) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. There is no aggregation of operating segments.

The CODM reviews EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation). The accounting policies adopted for internal reporting to the CODM are consistent with those adopted in the financial statements.

The information reported to the CODM is on a monthly basis.

**Excite Technology Services Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**31 March 2025**

**Note 4. Operating segments (continued)**

*Types of products and services*

The principal products and services of each of these operating segments are as follows:

Brace168	the provision of cybersecurity services predominantly in NSW
VIT	the provision of cybersecurity services predominantly in Tasmania
Excite IT	IT managed services across Australia
CBIT	The provision of digital forensic and training
Corporate	management of the Group, acquisitions and divestiture, and previously the security software development and sales.

*Intersegment transactions*

There were no intersegment transactions during the period.

*Intersegment receivables, payables and loans*

Intersegment loans are initially recognised at the consideration received. Intersegment loans receivable and loans payable that earn or incur non-market interest are not adjusted to fair value based on market interest rates. Intersegment loans are eliminated on consolidation.

*Major customers*

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group had 1 major customer that contributed \$1,490,501 to the total Group's external revenue (\$1,490,501 - 12%) (2024: one major customer contributed \$2,822,497 to the total Group's external revenue (\$2,822,497 - 35%))

*Operating segment information*

	<b>Brace168</b>	<b>VIT</b>	<b>Excite IT</b>	<b>Corporate</b>	<b>CBIT</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Consolidated – 31 March 2025</b>						
<b>Revenue</b>						
Sales to external customers	1,664,085	1,128,914	2,676,106	-	6,753,199	12,222,304
Other Income -	1,638	16	-	-	43,092	44,746
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>1,665,723</b>	<b>1,128,930</b>	<b>2,676,106</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,796,291</b>	<b>12,267,050</b>
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>(2,307,232)</b>	<b>(739,919)</b>	<b>1,128,047</b>	<b>(1,859,033)</b>	<b>21,401</b>	<b>(3,756,735)</b>
Depreciation and amortisation	(66,444)	(51,901)	(2,836)	(125,024)	(186,155)	(432,361)
Impairment of assets						
Interest Revenue	695	619	-	2,394	1,375	5,083
Finance costs	(112,090)	(29,700)	(65,122)	(23,671)	(19,646)	(250,229)
<b>Profit/(Loss) Before income tax expense</b>	<b>(2,485,071)</b>	<b>(820,901)</b>	<b>1,060,089</b>	<b>(2,005,334)</b>	<b>(183,025)</b>	<b>(4,434,242)</b>
Income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Loss after income tax expense</b>						<b>(4,434,242)</b>
<b>Assets</b>						
Segment assets	(4,013,383)	(698,895)	3,801,131	1,4747,905	2,438,007	16,274,765
Intersegment elimination						(3,000,746)
<b>Total assets</b>						<b>13,274,019</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>						
Segment liabilities	(1,208,250)	(986,936)	(1,072,993)	(7,739,251)	(4,689,068)	(15,696,498)
Intersegment eliminations						3,994,096
<b>Total liabilities</b>						<b>(11,747,402)</b>

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<b>Consolidated - 2024</b>	<b>Brace168 \$</b>	<b>VIT \$</b>	<b>Excite IT \$</b>	<b>Corporate \$</b>	<b>Total \$</b>
<b>Revenue</b>					
Sales to external customers	2,387,155	1,387,852	4,227,138	112	8,002,257
<b>Total revenue</b>	<u>2,387,155</u>	<u>1,387,852</u>	<u>4,227,138</u>	<u>112</u>	<u>8,002,257</u>
<b>EBITDA</b>	(801,618)	(185,217)	1,270,932	(1,415,649)	(1,131,552)
Depreciation and amortisation	(164,818)	(51,904)	2,624	(94,710)	(308,808)
Share based payments	-	-	-	(744,977)	(744,977)
Interest revenue	697	932	-	1,575	3,204
Finance costs	(32,140 )	(27,161)	(25,531)	(14,967)	(99,799)
<b>Profit/(loss) before income tax expense</b>	<u>(997,879)</u>	<u>(263,350)</u>	<u>1,248,025</u>	<u>(2,268,728)</u>	<u>(2,281,932)</u>
Income tax expense					-
<b>Loss after income tax expense</b>					(2,281,932)
<b>Assets</b>					
Segment assets	(2,048,441)	(118,632)	2,799,684	8,510,699	9,143,310
Intersegment eliminations					(3,929,011)
<b>Total assets</b>					<u>5,214,299</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>					
Segment liabilities	768,588	751,837	1,158,525	5,472,024	8,150,974
Intersegment eliminations					(3,905,317)
<b>Total liabilities</b>					<u>4,245,657</u>

**Note 5. Revenue**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>From continuing operations</b>		
<i>Revenue from contracts with customers</i>		
Revenue - technology related products and services	12,222,304	7,971,180
<i>Other revenue</i>		
Other revenue	44,746	31,077
Revenue from continuing operations	<u>12,267,050</u>	<u>8,002,257</u>

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**Note 5. Revenue (continued)**

*Disaggregation of revenue*

The disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers is as follows:

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Major product lines</i>		
Maintenance and Support	2,038,052	2,907,405
Hardware and software resale	6,660,179	1,754,717
Services	3,076,573	3,309,058
Training	447,500	
	<u>12,222,304</u>	<u>7,971,180</u>
<i>Geographical regions</i>		
Australasia	12,222,304	7,791,180
	<u>12,222,304</u>	<u>7,791,180</u>
<i>Timing of revenue recognition</i>		
Goods transferred at a point in time	6,660,179	1,754,171
Services transferred over time	5,562,125	6,216,463
	<u>12,222,304</u>	<u>7,971,180</u>
<i>Other Income</i>		
	<u>44,746</u>	<u>31,077</u>
	<u>12,267,050</u>	<u>8,002,257</u>

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**Note 6. Expenses**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Loss before income tax from continuing operations includes the following specific expenses:		
<i>Depreciation</i>		
Leasehold improvements	1,144	1,146
Plant and equipment	78,883	86,692
Office right-of-use assets	352,334	220,970
Total depreciation	432,361	308,808
Employee benefit expense		
Wages and salaries	6,540,657	4,806,415
Non-executive director fees	35,315	80,758
Recruitment and sourcing	164,312	69,652
<i>Other employee related expenses</i>	39,417	40,385
Payroll taxes	249,134	157,435
Defined contribution superannuation expense	597,397	474,822
Equity settled share-based payments	80,225	744,977
	7,706,457	6,374,444
Finance costs		
Interest and finance charges paid/payable on borrowings	213,462	83,793
Interest and finance charges paid/payable on lease liabilities	35,731	13,873
Other finance charges	1,036	2,134
Finance costs expensed	250,229	99,799

**Note 7. Current assets - trade and other receivables**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Trade receivables	1,574,120	1,046,464
Other receivables	127,132	113,103
	1,701,252	1,159,567

**Note 8. Non-current assets - property, plant and equipment**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Leasehold improvements - at cost	71,516	75,746
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(71,516)	(72,272)
	-	3,474
Plant and equipment - at cost	552,270	336,219
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(473,120)	(231,460)
	79,150	104,759
	<u>79,150</u>	<u>108,233</u>

**Reconciliations**

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>Leasehold improvement</b>	<b>Plant and equipment</b>		<b>Total</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>		<b>\$</b>
Balance at 31 March 2023	31,164	150,829	-	181,993
Additions	-	14,078	-	14,078
Depreciation expense	(27,690)	(60,148)	-	(87,838)
Balance at 31 March 2024	3,474	104,759	-	108,233
Additions	-	50,609	-	50,943
Depreciation expense	(3,474)	(76,218)	-	(79,692)
Balance at 31 March 2025	-	79,150	-	79,150

**Note 9. Non-current assets - right-of-use assets**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Office - right-of-use	1,186,427	899,374
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(488,608)	(553,157)
	697,819	346,217
	<u>697,819</u>	<u>346,217</u>

The Group leases office space under an agreement of between 2 to 3 years with options to extend. The leases have various escalation clauses. On renewal, the terms of the leases are renegotiated.

The Group leases office equipment under agreements of less than 1 year. These leases are either short-term or low-value, so have been expensed as incurred and not capitalised as right-of-use assets.

**Note 10. Non-current assets - intangibles**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Goodwill - at cost	13,480,149	10,077,662
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(6,743,050)	(7,035,208)
	<u>6,737,099</u>	<u>3,042,454</u>
Patents and trademarks - at cost	<u>2,142</u>	<u>2,142</u>
Software - at cost	18,900	18,900
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(18,418)	(12,977)
	<u>482</u>	<u>5,923</u>
	<u><u>6,739,723</u></u>	<u><u>3,337,019</u></u>

**Reconciliations**

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>Goodwill</b>	<b>Patents and Trademarks</b>	<b>Software</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Balance at 31 March 2025	<u>6,737,099</u>	<u>2,142</u>	<u>482</u>	<u>6,739,723</u>

**Impairment testing**

The recoverable amount of the Group's goodwill, especially the acquisitions of CBIT Pty Ltd has been determined by a value-in-use calculation using a discounted cash flow model, based on a 2-year projection period approved by management, and extrapolated for a further 3 years using a steady rate, together with a terminal value.

Key assumptions are those to which the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is most sensitive.

The following key assumptions were used in the discounted cash flow model for the acquisition:

- 16% pre-tax discount rate;
- Revenue growth rates in year one and two ranging between 5% to 30% for various revenue streams and declining thereafter to 3% per annum projected revenue growth rate in year three and later years; and
- Growth rates in year one in operating costs and overheads in line with revenue growth and declining thereafter to 3% per annum increase in operating costs and overheads in year three and later years.

The discount rate of 16% pre-tax reflects management's estimate of the time value of money and the Group's weighted average costs of capital, the risk-free rate, and the volatility of the share price relative to market movements.

Management believes the projected 3% revenue growth rate is prudent and justified, based on CBIT revenue growth during the year, the investment in capabilities, and growth in the market.

Management have maintained their estimation of the increase in operating costs and overheads, balancing higher inflation rates offset by efforts by the Group to contain costs.

There were no other key assumptions for the CBIT division.

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**Note 11. Current liabilities - trade and other payables**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Trade payables	2,187,912	1,624,033
Other payables	3,467,898	500,608
	<u>5,655,810</u>	<u>2,124,641</u>

**Note 12. Convertible Notes**

Convertible Notes		
Belgravia Strategic Equities	1,000,000	-
GNR Superannuation Fund	1,000,000	-
	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>-</u>

**Note 13. Current liabilities - contract liabilities**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Contract liabilities	<u>609,331</u>	<u>264,417</u>

*Reconciliation*

Reconciliation of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Opening balance	264,417	514,591
Payments received in advance	714,528	-
Transfer to revenue - performance obligations satisfied	<u>(369,615)</u>	<u>(250,174)</u>
Closing balance	<u>609,331</u>	<u>264,417</u>

**Note 14. Current liabilities - lease liabilities**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Lease liability	<u>495,475</u>	<u>165,233</u>

**Note 15. Non-current liabilities - lease liabilities**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Lease liability	<u>244,546</u>	<u>264,999</u>

**Note 16. Equity – Issued capital**

	<b>2025 Shares</b>	<b>Consolidated 2024 Shares</b>	<b>2025 \$</b>	<b>2024 \$</b>
Ordinary shares - fully paid	<u>1,820,341,624</u>	<u>1,329,241,732</u>	<u>114,236,512</u>	<u>108,779,914</u>

*Movements in ordinary share capital*

<b>Details</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Issue price</b>	<b>\$</b>
Balance	31 March 2023	<u>1,143,673,812</u>		<u>107,960,972</u>
Issue of shares (i)	27 April 2023	10,567,920	\$0.005	52,840
Issue of shares (ii)	24 April 2023	5,000,000	\$0.005	25,000
Issue of shares on VIT Milestone (iii)	19 September 2023	50,000,000	\$0.010	500,000
Issue of shares on Excite IT Milestone	12 December 2023	50,000,000	\$0.007	350,000
Issue of shares (iv)	14 December 2023	50,000,000	\$0.007	350,000
Consideration transfer from performance rights(v)	15 December 2023	20,000,000	\$0.007	140,000
Less: Share issue costs			\$0.000	(598,898)
Balance	31 March 2024	<u>1,329,241,732</u>		<u>108,779,914</u>
Issue of shares (vi)	05 April 2024	100,000,000	\$0.008	800,000
Issue of shares (vii)	18 April 2024	25,000,000	\$0.008	200,000
Performance rights (viii)	12 July 2024	18,975,000	\$0.010	189,750
Share based payment (ix)	15 July 2024	1,500,000	\$0.010	15,000
Issue of shares (x)	11 October 2024	100,000,000	\$0.010	1,000,000
Issue of shares (xi)	15 October 2024	100,000,000	\$0.015	1,500,000
Performance rights (xii)	11 November 2024	11,562,500	\$0.010	115,625
Issue of shares (xiii)	20 December 2024	47,619,048	\$0.011	523,810
Issue of shares (xiv)	23 December 2024	20,000,000	\$0.010	200,000
Issue of shares (xv)	23 December 2024	2,202,273	\$0.011	24,225
Issue of shares (xvi)	20 February 2025	47,812,500	\$0.015	717,188
Issue of shares (xvii)	21 February 2025	1,000,000	\$0.01	10,000
Issue of shares (xviii)	24 February 2025	2,000,000	\$0.01	20,000
Issue of shares (xix)	27 February 2025	1,000,000	\$0.01	10,000
Issue of shares (xx)	03 March 2025	10,000,000	\$0.01	100,000

**Note 16. Equity - issued capital (continued)**

Details	Date	Shares	Issue Price	\$
Issue of shares (xxi)	07 March 2025	1,000,000	\$0.01	10,000
Issue of shares (xxii)	27 March 2025	1,428,571	\$0.0147	21,000
Balance	31 March 2025	<u>1,820,341,624</u>		<u>114,236,512</u>

During current period ended 31 March 2024, the Group completed the following transactions in respect of the issue of ordinary shares:

- (i) The Group issued 10,567,920 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$52,840 due to completed placement in lieu of cash fees paid in connection with share placement
- (ii) The Group issued 5,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$25,000 for oversubscription placement
- (iii) The Group issued 50,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$500,000 to the vendors of Virtual Information Technologies for the satisfaction of the milestone associated with acquisition
- (iv) The Group issued 50,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$350,000 to the vendors of Excite It Pty Ltd for the satisfaction of the milestone associated with acquisition
- (v) The Group issued 20,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$140,000 as a result of conversion of existing performance rights

During current period ended 31 March 2025, the Group completed the following transactions in respect of the issue of ordinary shares:

- (vi) The Group issued 100,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$800,000 as a result of capital raise
- (vii) The Group issued 25,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$200,000 as a result of capital raise
- (viii) The Group issued 18,975,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$189,750 for conversion of performance rights
- (ix) The Group issued 1,500,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$15,000 for employee incentive
- (x) The Group issued 100,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$1,000,000 as a result of placement
- (xi) The Group issued 100,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$1,500,000 as consideration for acquisition of CBIT Pty Ltd
- (xii) The Group issued 11,562,500 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$115,625 for conversion of performance rights
- (xiii) The Group issued 2,202,273 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$24,225 for milestone achievement of Excite IT
- (xiv) The Group issued 20,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$200,000 for conversion of performance rights
- (xv) The Group issued 2,202,273 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$24,225 for employee settlement payment
- (xvi) The Group issued 47,812,500 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$717,188 for conversion of performance rights
- (xvii) The Group issued 1,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$10,000 as a result of options exercised
- (xviii) The Group issued 2,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$20,000 as a result of options exercised
- (xix) The Group issued 1,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$10,000 as a result of options exercised
- (xx) The Group issued 10,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$100,000 as a result of options exercised
- (xxi) The Group issued 1,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$10,000 as a result of options exercised
- (xxii) The Group issued 1,428,571 ordinary shares in the Company totalling \$21,000 as consideration for services provided

**Ordinary shares**

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

**Note 16. Equity - issued capital (continued)**

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

*Share buy-back*

There is no current on-market share buy-back.

*Capital risk management*

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Capital is regarded as total equity, as recognised in the statement of financial position, plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group would look to raise capital when an opportunity to invest in a business or company was seen as value adding relative to the current company's share price at the time of the investment.

The capital risk management policy remains unchanged from the 31 March 2024 Annual Report.

**Note 17. Earnings per share**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Earnings per share for loss from continuing operations</i>		
Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of Excite Technology Services Limited	<u>(4,435,887)</u>	<u>(2,281,932)</u>
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	<u>1,588,840,221</u>	<u>1,220,804,525</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	<u>1,588,840,221</u>	<u>1,220,804,525</u>
	<b>Cents</b>	<b>Cents</b>
Basic earnings per share	(0.28)	(0.19)
Diluted earnings per share	(0.28)	(0.19)

**Note 18. Business combinations**

Acquisition of CBIT Pty Ltd  
On 8 October 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the shares in CBIT Pty Ltd. CBIT is a premier supplier of digital forensics hardware, software and training. They have a mix of annuity revenues across large enterprise, government departments, and small business customers. Total consideration for the acquisition includes up-front and deferred cash and share based consideration. The total consideration of:

- Cash payment of \$750,000.00
- Share based payment of \$1,500,000.00
- Deferred consideration of \$750,000.00 due 1 July 2025.

Details of the acquisition are as follows:

	Fair Value \$
Cash and cash equivalents	1,369,048
Trade receivables	343,370
Inventory	20,000
Trade payables	(1,558,248)
Other payables	(582,315)
Net liability acquired	(408,145)
Goodwill	<u>3,408,145</u>
Acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration	<u>3,000,000</u>

**Note 19. Events after the reporting period**

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 31 March 2025 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Group's operations, the results of those operations, or the Group's state of affairs in future financial years.