Sarama Resources Ltd

(An Exploration Stage Company)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2024

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

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DIRECTORS

Andrew Dinning (Executive Chairman) Simon Jackson (Non-executive Director) Adrian Byass (Non-executive Director) Michael Bohm (Non-executive Director)

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ASX CODE : SRR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Sarama Resources Ltd

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Sarama Resources Ltd ("the Company") and its controlled entities ("the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* ('IESBA Code') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial report, which indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section we have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

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Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Investment in Associate Refer to Note 6	
The Group has a 17.63% holding in Joint Venture BFI Inc., which holds the Karankasso Project in Burkina Faso. This has been accounted for as an investment in an associate. We considered the treatment of the investment in an associate to be a key audit matter as we considered it to be a significant risk under auditing standards, it required a degree of judgement and it involved the most communication with key management personnel.	 Our audit procedures included, but were not limited to, the following: Obtaining an understanding of the key processes and controls involved with management's treatment of its investment in the associate; Considering the existence of significant influence over the entity; Reviewing the financial statements of the associate and determined whether there existed any indicators of impairment; Ensuring the associate has current tenure across its areas of interest in accordance with IFRS 6 <i>Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources</i>; Ensuring that the equity accounting entries have been correctly performed; Ensuring the adequacy of disclosures within the financial statements.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.



From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

HLB Mann Judl

HLB Mann Judd Chartered Accountants

Perth, Western Australia 28 March 2025

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M R Ohm Partner

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and all other financial information included in this report are the responsibility of management. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Financial statements include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. When alternative methods exist, management has chosen those it deems most appropriate in the circumstances to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects.

Management maintains appropriate systems of internal control, consistent with reasonable cost, to give reasonable assurance that its assets are safeguarded, and the financial records are properly maintained.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfils its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control. The Audit Committee, which is comprised of three Directors, all of whom are nonmanagement and independent, meets with management to review the consolidated financial statements to satisfy itself that management is properly discharging its responsibilities to the Directors, who approve the consolidated financial statements.

Management recognises its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in compliance with established financial reporting standards, and applicable laws and regulations, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct for its activities.

(signed) "Andrew Dinning" Executive Chairman March 28, 2025 (signed) "Lui Evangelista" CFO March 28, 2025

	Note	As at December 31, 2024 \$	As at December 31, 2023 \$
ASSETS Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents Security deposits Other receivables Prepayments Total current assets	4	1,148,675 21,713 30,047 24,402 1,224,837	492,521 23,819 23,633 28,171 568,144
Non-current assets Plant and equipment Investment in associate Royalty Total non-current assets	5 6	13,197 13,197	34,097 1,836,171 23,131 1,893,399
Total assets		1,238,034	2,461,543
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Provision for employee entitlements Financial liabilities Total current liabilities	15 	1,239,772 139,884 49,379 1,429,035	895,269 152,482 22,136 1,069,887
Non-current liabilities Provision for employee entitlements Total non-current liabilities	_	<u>41,998</u> 41,998	<u>58,488</u> 58,488
Total liabilities		1,471,033	1,128,375
EQUITY Share capital Share-based payments reserve Accumulated losses Total equity / (deficiency)	7(b) 7(d)	61,513,987 5,322,513 (67,069,499) (232,999)	58,959,589 5,160,207 (62,786,628) 1,333,168
Total liabilities and equity		1,238,034	2,461,543

These financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on March 28, 2025.

They are signed on the Company's behalf by:

(Signed) "Andrew Dinning" Andrew Dinning, Director

(Signed) "Simon Jackson" Simon Jackson, Director

Sarama Resources Ltd An Exploration Stage Company Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income Expressed in United States Dollars

	Note	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Income			
Interest income		18,479	20,000
Fair value gain on warrants carried at fair value through profit or loss		26,416	288,488
Gain on disposal of assets		53,705	28,391
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	3	152,769	
Total income		251,369	336,879
Expenses			
Accounting and audit		21,870	24,853
Depreciation		4,476	4,770
Directors' fees		96,219	99,217
Directors' fees Exploration expenditure as incurred Finance charges		1,288,894	1,344,517
Finance charges		4,380	-
Foreign exchange (gain) / loss		(26,949)	45,594
Impairment of royalty		23,130	-
Insurance		35,231	50,498
Share of losses of associate	6	1,836,171	-
Marketing and investor relations		4,367	113,650
Office and general		168,575	150,259
Professional fees		322,035	123,553
Office and general Professional fees Salaries		656,717	618,674
Stock-based compensation	7(d)	88,449	199,894
Travel		10,675	40,187
Total expenses		4,534,240	2,815,666
Loss before income tax		(4,282,871)	(2,478,787)
Income tax benefit		-	-
Loss for the year		(4,282,871)	(2,478,787)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(4,282,871)	(2,478,787)
Basic and diluted loss per share	13	(1.9) cents	(1.6) cents
Weighted average number of shares Basic and diluted		222,137,453	151,790,992
		, -, ,	- ,

		Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
	Note		
Cash flows from operating activities		(78(210)	
Payments to suppliers and employees Payments for exploration and evaluation		(786,210) (553,481)	(966,706) (953,762)
Interest received		18,479	20,000
Net cash used in operating activities	14	(1,321,212)	(1,900,468)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of plant and equipment	5	(1,363)	(1,698)
Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment		53,705	42,452
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	3	160,000	-
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	_	212,342	40,754
Cash flows from financing activities			
Common shares and warrants issued for cash		2,000,114	1,662,244
Payment of share issue costs		(146,935)	(126,580)
Net cash from financing activities		1,853,179	1,535,664
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash			
equivalents		744,309	(324,050)
Net foreign exchange differences		(88,155)	(26,514)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		492,521	843,085
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		1,148,675	492,521

Sarama Resources Ltd An Exploration Stage Company Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Expressed in United States Dollars

	Number of common shares	Share capital (Note 7)	Share-based payments reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at December 31, 2022	137,922,169	57,693,133	4,960,313	(60,307,841)	2,345,605
Loss attributed to shareholders of the Company	_	-		(2,478,787)	(2,478,787)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:	-	-	-	(2,478,787)	(2,478,787)
Issue of shares (7(b)) Fair value of share issue ascribed to warrants and recorded as	43,500,000	1,662,244	-	-	1,662,244
financial liability (7(b))	-	(269,208)	-	-	(269,208)
Share issuance costs (7(b)) Stock-based compensation -	-	(126,580)	-	-	(126,580)
options (7(d)(i))	-	-	199,894	-	199,894
Balance at December 31, 2023	181,422,169	58,959,589	5,160,207	(62,786,628)	1,333,168
Loss attributed to shareholders of the Company	_	-	_	(4,282,871)	(4,282,871)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:	-	-	-	(4,282,871)	(4,282,871)
Issue of shares (7(b)) Fair value of share issue ascribed to warrants and recorded as	166,515,646	2,801,633	-	-	2,801,633
financial liability (7(b))	-	(55,525)	-	-	(55,525)
Share issuance costs (7(b))	-	(191,710)	-	-	(191,710)
Stock-based acquisition Stock-based compensation -	-	-	73,857	-	73,857
options (7(d)(i))	-	-	88,449	-	88,449
Balance at December 31, 2024	347,937,815	61,513,987	5,322,513	(67,069,499)	(232,999)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Sarama Resources Ltd (the "**Company**") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada on April 8, 2010.

Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in United States Dollars.

The board of directors of the Company have approved these consolidated financial statements on March 28, 2025.

Business Activities

The consolidated entity, consisting of Sarama Resources Ltd. and its subsidiaries is in the exploration stage and its principal business activity is the sourcing and exploration of mineral properties. As at December 31, 2024, the Company is in the process of exploring its principal mineral properties and has not yet determined whether the properties contain gold reserves that are economically recoverable.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, comprise the accounts of Sarama Resources Ltd and its subsidiaries and the Company's interest in equity accounted investments.

Basis of Presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business.

As disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, the consolidated entity recorded a net loss of \$4,282,871 and had a net cash outflow from operating and investing activities of \$1,108,870. As at December 31, 2024, the consolidated entity had available cash of \$1,148,675 and a deficit of current assets over current liabilities of \$204,198.

The Directors have reviewed cashflow forecasts for the upcoming period and assessed that the consolidated entity will need to complete a capital raising or obtain alternative sources of financing to support forecast future cashflows over the relevant period of twelve months from the anticipated date of signing of these financial statements. A process is currently being conducted to determine the likely timing and quantum of these future sources of funding.

Should this capital raising or alternative source of financing not eventuate, or not eventuate on a sufficiently timely basis, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt as to whether the consolidated entity will continue as a going concern and realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Standards and Interpretations applicable to December 31, 2024

In the year ended December 31, 2024, the Directors have reviewed all the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the IASB that are relevant to the consolidated entity and effective for the current annual reporting period. As a result of this review, the Directors have determined that there is no material impact of the

new and revised Standards and Interpretations on the consolidated entity and, therefore, no material change is necessary to the consolidated entity's accounting policies.

b) Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet adopted

The Directors have also reviewed all the new and revised Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet adopted for the year ended December 31, 2024. As a result of this review the Directors have determined that there is no material impact of the Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet adopted on the consolidated entity and, therefore, no change is necessary to the consolidated entity's accounting policies.

c) Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended.

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Company has control. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Company. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.

d) Foreign Currency Translation

(a) Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Company's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("**the functional currency**"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars ("**USD**"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and Balances

Monetary assets and liabilities of the Company are translated into USD at the exchange rate in effect at balance date while non-monetary assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses are translated using exchange rates in effect at the time of each transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented separately in profit or loss for the financial year.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair-value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

(c) Functional Currency

The results and financial position of foreign operations that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the balance date,
- income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the

rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case, income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions), and

• all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

e) Financial Instruments

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as current assets and include short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. The Company places the majority of its cash holdings with an Australian financial institution which has a high credit rating.

Non-derivative financial assets and liabilities

The Company has the following non-derivative financial assets and liabilities:

i. Receivables

Receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are initially recognised at fair value, less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

- ii. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
 - Financial assets that are held within a different business model other than 'hold to collect' or 'hold to collect and sell' are categorised at fair value through profit or loss. Further, irrespective of the business model, financial assets whose contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest are accounted for at FVTPL. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.
- iii. Amounts payable and other accrued liabilities
 Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value, net of any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method if significant.

f) Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Mineral exploration and evaluation costs are expensed as incurred based upon each area of interest. Acquisition costs will normally be expensed but will be assessed on a case by case basis for each area of interest and if appropriate may be capitalised. These acquisition costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development or sale of the tenement. Accumulated acquisition costs in relation to an abandoned tenement are written off in full against profit or loss in the year in which the decision to abandon the tenement is made. Where a decision has been made to proceed with development in respect of a particular area of interest, all future costs are recorded as a development asset.

g) Impairment of Plant and Equipment

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Company's plant and equipment are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of these assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is determined as the higher of the fair value less costs to sell for the asset and the asset's value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time-value-of-money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognised within profit or loss for the period. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

h) Plant and Equipment

The cost of all plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment charges. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Assets are depreciated over their estimated useful service lives using the straight-line method as follows:

Office equipment	4 years
Plant and equipment	3 years
Motor vehicles	4 years

Depreciation expense relating to plant and equipment in Burkina Faso, Mali and Liberia is capitalised and forms part of exploration expensed in profit or loss. Depreciation expense for plant and equipment in Australia is recognised as an expense through profit or loss.

i) Stock-based Compensation

The fair value of share purchase options or warrants granted is determined by the Black-Scholes option pricing model using estimates for the volatility of the trading price of the Company's stock, the expected lives of share purchase options awarded, the fair value of the Company's shares and the risk-free interest rate.

For employees, the fair value of the options is measured at the date of the grant. For non-employees, the fair value of the options is measured on the earlier of the date on which the counterparty performance is complete or the date the performance commitment is reached or the date at which the equity instruments are granted if they are fully vested and non-forfeitable. The estimated fair value of awards of share purchase options is charged to expense over the vesting period, with offsetting amounts to equity. If the share purchase options are granted for past services, they are expensed immediately. If the share purchase options are forfeited prior to vesting, no amounts are charged to expense. If share purchase options are exercised, then the fair value of the options is reclassed from stock-based compensation reserve to share capital.

At each reporting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share purchase options or warrants that are expected to vest. The corresponding entry is recognised in the stock-based compensation reserve.

j) Basic and Diluted Earnings/Loss per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings/loss per share data for its common shares, calculated by dividing the result attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share does not adjust the profit or loss attributable to common shareholders or the weighted average number of common shares outstanding when the effect is anti-dilutive.

k) Share Warrants

In accordance with IFRS, an obligation to issue shares for a price that is not fixed in the Company's functional currency, and that does not qualify as a rights offering, must be classified as a derivative liability and measured at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with the requirements of IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation. The financial liability will be accounted for at fair value through profit or loss until such time that the warrants are exercised or lapse, at which point the liability will be transferred to equity.

l) Income Taxes

Income tax on the profit or loss for the period presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at year end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is provided for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: goodwill not deductible for tax purposes; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date applicable to the period of expected realisation or settlement.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised.

m) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

n) Critical Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on management experience and other factors, including expectations about future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates. Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty considered by management in preparing the financial statements is described below.

Measurement of warrants and stock options

The Company determines the fair value of both warrants and options classified as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss using the Black-Scholes Model. Note 7 provides detailed information about the key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of options and warrants.

3. GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

	December 31, 2024 \$	December 31, 2023 \$
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries		
Proceeds on sale of subsidiaries	160,000	-
Less net assets disposed	(7,231)	-
	152,769	-

During the year the Company divested two entities; Burkina Faso Holdings Limited (the holding entity) and its wholly owned subsidiary operating in Burkina Faso - Sarama Faso SARL.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31, 2024 \$	December 31, 2023 \$
Cash at bank and in hand	22,533	100,641
Deposits at call	1,126,142	391,880
	1,148,675	492,521

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made on a rolling overnight basis and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk and sensitivity analysis for financial assets and liabilities is disclosed in Note 9.

5. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	December 31, 2024			
	Plant and Equipment S	Motor Vehicles \$	Office Equipment S	Total \$
	ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Opening net book value	13,734	13,659	6,704	34,097
Additions	-	-	1,363	1,363
Disposals at Cost	(115,086)	(69,855)	(526)	(185,467)
Disposal – Accum depn	109,877	69,855	526	180,258
Impairment at Cost	(29,070)	-	-	(29,070)
Impairment – Accum depn	29,070	-	-	29,070
Depreciation	(2,385)	(9,639)	(5,030)	(17,054)
Closing net book value	6,140	4,020	3,037	13,197
Cost	109,612	28,922	247,491	386,025
Accumulated Depreciation	(103,472)	(24,902)	(244,454)	(372,828)
Closing net book value	6,140	4,020	3,037	13,197

	Detember 51, 2025			
	Plant and Equipment \$	Motor Vehicles \$	Office Equipment \$	Total \$
Opening net book value	17,023	46,295	26,724	90,042
Additions	738	-	960	1,698
Disposals at Cost	-	(116,570)	-	(116,570)
Disposal – Accum depn	-	102,509	-	102,509
Impairment at Cost	-	-	(70,945)	(70,945)
Impairment – Accum depn	-	-	58,926	58,926
Depreciation	(4,027)	(18,575)	(8,961)	(31,563)
Closing net book value	13,734	13,659	6,704	34,097
Cost	253,768	98,777	246,654	599,199
Accumulated Depreciation	(240,034)	(85,118)	(239,950)	(565,102)
Closing net book value	13,734	13,659	6,704	34,097

December 31, 2023

6. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

The Company has determined that it has significant influence over Joint Venture BFI Inc., a joint venture focussed on the exploration and evaluation of the Karankasso Project ("the Project") in Burkina Faso, as it holds 17.63% (2023: 17.58%) of the voting power as well as holding 2 out of the 4 Board positions. The Company's interest is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements. Summarised financial information of the joint venture, based on IFRS financial statements, and a reconciliation with the carrying amount of the investment in the consolidated financial statements are set out below. The Company has not made any additional contributions during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Summarised statement of financial position of Joint Venture BF1 Inc.:

	December 31, 2024 \$	December 31, 2023 \$
Current assets	189,812	305,125
Non-current assets	-	17,513,010
Current liabilities	(103,850)	(18,859)
Non-current liabilities	(5,443,813)	(5,559,216)
Equity	(5,357,851)	12,240,060
Reconciliation to carrying amount of investment		
Company's share of equity	(944,589)	2,144,459
Plus additional contributions	1,365,851	1,365,851
	421,262	3,510,310
Notional premium on acquisition by JV	(421,262)	(1,674,139)
Karankasso Project Joint Venture– at cost	-	1,836,171

Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment

	December 31, 2024 \$	December 31, 2023 \$
Opening carrying amount	1,836,171	1,836,171
Share of loss after tax	(1,836,171)	-
Closing carrying amount		1,836,171

As the share of equity associated losses exceeds the Company's interest in the investee, the investment has been written down to nil.

7. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorised Share Capital

At December 31, 2024, the authorised share capital comprised an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

(b) Issued Share Capital

	2024 Number of	2024	2023 Number of	2023
Details	shares	\$	shares	\$
Balance at January 1	181,422,169	58,959,589	137,922,169	57,693,133
Issue of shares under private placement (i),(ii),(iii),(v)	119,166,666	2,003,913	43,500,000	1,662,244
Issue of shares for debt (iv)	22,348,980	299,163	-	-
Issue of shares for acquisition of Cosmo (vi)	25,000,000	498,557	-	-
Share issuance costs	-	(191,710)	-	(126,580)
Fair value warrants issued	-	(55,525)	-	(269,208)
Balance December 31 (net of costs)	347,937,815	61,513,987	181,422,169	58,959,589

(i) Private Placement April 2024

On April 17, 2024, the Company announced that it had closed Tranche 2 of its previously announced A\$520,000 equity placement ("April 24 Placement"). The second and final Tranche of the April 24 Placement raised aggregate gross proceeds of A\$50,000 with the Company issuing 2,500,000 CDIs at an issue price of A\$0.02 per CDI to a director, Mr Andrew Dinning. Each new CDI issued will rank equally with existing CDIs on issue and each CDI will represent a beneficial interest in one common share of the Company.

On June 25, 2024, the Company announced that it had closed tranche 1 of its previously announced A\$1m equity placement ("**Placement**"). Tranche 1 of the Placement raised aggregate gross proceeds of A\$900,000 with the Company issuing 45,000,000 CDIs at an issue price of A\$0.02 per CDI. Tranche 2 of the Placement will consist of the remaining 5,000,000 CDIs.

(iii) Private Placement Tranche 2 - September 2024

On September 16, 2024, the Company announced that it had closed tranche 2 of its previously announced A\$1m equity placement ("**Tranche 2 Placement**"). Tranche 2 Placement raised aggregate gross proceeds of A\$100,000 with the Company issuing 5,000,000 CDIs at an issue price of A\$0.02 per CDI.

⁽ii) Private Placement Tranche 1 - June 2024

(iv) Shares for Debt – September 2024

On September 18, 2024, the Company announced that it had completed the issue of shares in part settlement of deferred executive salaries and director fees (the "**Shares for Debt**") as previously announced in a news release dated 17 July 2024. The Shares for Debt arrangement comprised the issue of 22,348,980 CDIs at a deemed issue price of A\$0.02 per CDI, equivalent to A\$446,980 (US\$299,163).

(v) Private Placement Tranche 1 - November 2024

On November 29, 2024, the Company announced that it had closed Tranche 1 of its private placement (the "**Placement**") raising proceeds of A\$2.0m by issuing 66,666,666 CDIs at an issue price of A\$0.03 per CDI. Tranche 2 of the Placement will consist of 16,666,666 free attaching unlisted warrants (each a "Placement Warrant") and 14,000,000 broker warrants (each a "Broker Warrant" and together with the Placement Warrants, the "Warrants"), with each Warrant exercisable at A\$0.09 and expiring on 30 November 2028. The issuance of the Warrants was subject to shareholder approval which was obtained at a general meeting held on February 4, 2025. The Warrants were issued on February 10, 2025. No funds were received from Tranche 2.

(vi) Shares for Acquisition of Cosmo Gold Project - December 2024

On December 6, 2024, the Company announced that it had completed the acquisition of a majority interest in the Cosmo Gold Project (the "Project") in Western Australia with the Company issuing 25,000,000 CDIs at an issue price of A\$0.031 per security, for consideration of A\$775,000 (US\$498,557). The Company also issued 7,500,000 warrants (exercisable at A\$0.05/warrant for a period of 2-years after issue and converting to Sarama CDIs at a rate of 1:1).

(c) Company Stock Option Plan

The Company has a stock option plan (the "**Plan**") that provides for the issuance of up to 10% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company. The board of directors is authorised to set the exercise price, expiry date, and vesting provisions for each grant, subject to the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange. The plan provides for a maximum grant period of ten years. Options can be exercised at any time prior to their expiry date. Details are as follows:

		Exercise	Expiry Date
Grant Date	No.	Price	
January 19, 2022 (fully vested)	2,721,665	C\$0.20	January 19, 2025
April 20, 2023 (fully vested)	6,809,999	A\$0.16	April 20, 2026
July 23, 2024 (fully vested)	9,900,000	A\$0.03	July 23, 2027
•	19,431,664		-

On July 23, 2024, the Company issued 9,900,000 options to directors, officers and employees of the company, vesting immediately and exercisable at A\$0.03 and expiring 3 years after issue.

No options were exercised in the year ended December 31, 2024 (December 31, 2023: Nil).

3,158,336 options expired in the year ended December 31, 2024 at a weighted average exercise price and life of C\$0.35 and 3 years respectively (year ended December 31, 2023: 4,099,999 options expired in the year ended December 31, 2023 at a weighted average exercise price and life of C\$0.21 and 3 years respectively).

(d) Stock-Based Compensation

(i) Options

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the expense incurred relating to stock-based compensation on the grant of options was \$88,449 (December 31, 2023: \$199,894).

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company granted stock options to its directors, officers, employees and consultants and estimated the stock-based compensation as follows:

	July 23, 2024
Total options granted	9,900,000
Exercise price	A\$0.03
Estimated fair value of compensation recognised	\$88,449
Balance to be recognised over remaining vesting period	\$nil
Estimated fair value per option	\$0.01

The fair value of the stock-based compensation recognised in the accounts has been estimated using the Black-Scholes Option-Pricing Model with the following assumptions:

	July 23, 2024
Share price of underlying security on date of grant	C\$0.02
Risk-free interest rate	3.62%
Expected dividend yield	0%
Expected stock price volatility	86.4%
Expected option life in years	3 years

The share price volatility is based on historical data and reflects the assumption that historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the option is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be indicative of exercise patterns that may occur.

(ii) Warrants

The Company has issued warrants as part of its capital raising and exploration programs. The details of all warrants still on issue are detailed below.

Warrant issue	Total Warrants Issued	Exercise Price (A\$)	Estimated fair value of warrants (A\$)	Estimated fair value per warrant (A\$)	Expiry Date
Broker Warrants issued					
April 22, 2022 (c)	2,500,000	\$0.273	328,350	0.131	April 22, 2025
Broker Warrants issued (a) February 10, 2025	-	0.09	71,625	0.005	November 30, 2028
Acquisition Warrants issued					
December 5, 2024 (d)	7,500,000	0.05	42,269	0.005	December 5, 2026
Sub Total	10,000,000		442,244	-	

Shareholder Warrants issued					
April 13, 2023 (e)	6,875,000	0.15	327,460	0.048	April 13, 2026
June 14, 2023 (f)	1,312,180	0.15	30,368	0.023	June 14, 2026
June 21, 2023 (g)	1,812,820	0.15	35,236	0.019	June 21, 2026
February 10, 2025 (b)	-	0.09	85,268	0.005	November 30, 2028
Total	20,000,000		920,576	-	

- (a) 14,000,000 broker warrants were issued on February 10, 2025, to brokers assisting a private placement conducted by the Company in November 2024, at an exercise price of A\$0.09 each and expire on November 30, 2028. As the service to which the warrants related was completed at the time of the placement, the value of the warrants has been recorded in the current period.
- (b) 16,666,666 shareholder warrants were issued on February 10, 2025, in relation to a private placement conducted by the Company in November 2024. The warrants are exercisable at A\$0.09 and expire on November 30, 2028. As the warrants were promised during the placement to shareholders, the value of the warrants has been recorded in the current period
- (c) 2,500,000 broker warrants were issued on April 22, 2022, to the Lead Manager of the ASX listing process, Euroz Hartleys Limited, at an exercise price of A\$0.273 each and expire on April 22, 2025.
- (d) 7,500,000 acquisition warrants were issued to Adelong Gold Limited, as directed by Cosmo Gold Limited ("Cosmo"), on December 5, 2024, as part consideration of definitive agreement executed by the Company and Cosmo on August 13, 2024, for the acquisition of an initial 80% interest in the Cosmo Gold project in Western Australia. The warrants were issued at an exercise price of A\$0.05 expiring on December 5, 2026.
- (e) 6,875,000 shareholder warrants were issued on April 13, 2023, in relation to a private placement conducted by the Company. The warrants are exercisable at A\$0.15 and expire on April 13, 2026.
- (f) 1,312,180 shareholder warrants were issued on June 14, 2023, in relation to a private placement conducted by the Company. The warrants are exercisable at A\$0.15 and expire on June 14, 2026.
- (g) 1,812,820 shareholder warrants were issued on June 21, 2023, in relation to a private placement conducted by the Company. The warrants are exercisable at A\$0.15 and expire on June 21, 2026.

The fair value of the broker and acquisition warrants are recognised within the share-based payments reserve, within the equity section of the financial statements, in accordance with IFRS 2 due to the warrants being issued for a good or service.

The fair value of shareholder warrants are recognised as a financial liability in the financial statements in accordance with IAS 32 as the warrants fail the fixed for fixed test due to the existence of a foreign currency component.

The fair value of the warrants recognised in the financial statements has been estimated using the Black-Scholes Option-Pricing Model at inception with the following assumptions:

Warrant issue

	Price of Security on issue date	Risk – free interest rate	Expected dividend yield	Expected stock price volatility	Remaining warrant life
Broker Warrants issued February 10, 2025	A\$0.03	2.98%	0%	54%	47 months
Shareholder Warrants issued February 10, 2025	A\$0.03	2.98%	0%	54%	47 months
Acquisition Warrants issued December 5, 2024	A\$0.03	3.03%	0%	55%	23 months
Shareholder Warrants issued June 21, 2023	A\$0.08	4.22%	0%	62%	18 months
Shareholder Warrants issued June 14, 2023	A\$0.08	4.15%	0%	61%	18 months
Shareholder Warrants issued April 13,2023	A\$0.12	3.59%	0%	64%	16 months
Broker Warrants issued April 22, 2022	A\$0.25	2.70%	0%	76%	4 months

8. INCOME TAXES

<i>A reconciliation of the income tax at statutory rates is as follows:</i>	December 31, 2024 \$	December 31, 2023 \$
Loss for the year before income tax	(4,282,871)	(2,478,787)
"Prima facie" income tax benefit at 27% (2023: 27%) Tax effect of permanent differences:	(1,156,375)	(669,273)
Stock – based payments	23,881	53,971
Foreign exchange (gains) / losses	(3,871)	11,378
Fair value gain on warrants carried at fair value through		
profit or loss	(7,132)	(77,892)
Capital raising costs	(56,383)	(43,877)
Non-deductible exploration expenses	49,702	145,543
Deferred tax assets not brought to account	1,150,178	580,150
Income tax benefit	_	-

Deferred tax assets and liabilities Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following: Deferred tax liabilities:

Deferred tax assets:		
Tax losses	4,747,315	4,589,896
Exploration expenditure	8,555,308	9,454,153
	13,302,623	14,044,049
Deferred tax assets not recognised	(13,302,623)	(14,044,049)
Deferred tax assets recognised at December 31	-	-

Unrecognised deferred tax assets Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:		
Tax losses - Canada	4,622,177	4,450,476
Tax losses - Burkina Faso	125,138	139,420
Exploration expenditure	8,555,308	9,454,153
	13,302,623	14,044,049

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company is exposed to financial risks through the normal course of its business operations. The key risks impacting the Company's financial instruments are considered to be foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and equity price risk. The Company's financial instruments exposed to these risks are cash and short-term deposits, receivables, trade payables and investments in foreign operations.

The executive management team monitors the financial instrument risk to which it is exposed and assesses the impact and likelihood of those risks on an ongoing basis. Where material, these risks are reported and reviewed by the board of directors.

(a) Fair Values

The fair value of the Company's financial instruments approximates their carrying values due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The Company's financial assets and liabilities are measured and recognised at fair value as at December 31, 2024 according to the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities (level 1),
- (b) quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (level 2), and
- (c) prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity) (level 3).
- (b) Financial Instrument Risk Exposure

Foreign currency risk

The Company has international operations in West Africa, namely Burkina Faso, Mali and Liberia and an administrative office in Western Australia. The multiple locations expose the Company to foreign exchange risk as detailed below:

- Canadian dollar (CAD) primary source of Company funding and its corporate and regulatory costs.
- Australian dollar (AUD) administrative costs in Western Australia.
- Euro and Communauté Financiére Africaine Francs (CFA) funding of African operations.

Management's policy is to actively manage foreign exchange risk. Management mitigates foreign exchange risk by continuously monitoring forecasts and spot prices of foreign currency and holding foreign currency based on expected future expenditure commitments.

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are denominated in USD, except as set out below:

	As at December 31, 2024			
	AUD \$	CAD \$	Euro €	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,817,543	3,338	16,216	
Payables	1,409,460	248,476	26,870	
	A	s at December 31, 2023		
	AUD	CAD	Euro	
	\$	\$	€	
Cash and cash equivalents	706,622	3,933	5,866	
Payables	57,344	92,417	27,235	

Sensitivity

Based on the financial instruments held as at December 31, 2024, had the US dollar weakened/strengthened by 10% against the AUD, CAD or Euro, with all other variables held constant, the Company's losses/gains for the year would have been mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses in translation of foreign denominated currencies. The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Company's cash and cash equivalents to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company's exposure to other foreign exchange movements is not material.

	As	at December 31, 2024	
	AUD \$	CAD \$	Euro €
USD Strengthened by 10% USD Weakened by 10%	(23,015) 28,129	15,505 (18,950)	1,006 (1,230)
	_0,>	(10,000)	(1,=00)
	As	at December 31, 2023	
	AUD	CAD	Euro
	\$	\$	€
USD Strengthened by 10%	(40,170)	6,068	2,144

49.096

(7,416)

(2,620)

Credit risk

USD Weakened by 10%

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

The Company has reduced its credit risk by holding all of its cash and cash equivalents with an Australian financial institution, whose Moody's Investor Service rating is Aa2, except for working capital requirements in West Africa.

Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk rests with the Board of Directors, who oversee a liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's funding and liquidity requirements.

The Company manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and ensuring there are adequate funds available to meet its operating and growth objectives. The Company relies on issuance of shares to fund exploration programs and will most likely issue additional shares in the future.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as entities in the Company deposit funds at both short-term fixed and floating rates of interest. Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Cash bears interest at variable rates. The fair value of cash approximates its carrying value due to the immediate or short-term maturity of this financial instrument.

Other current financial assets and liabilities are not exposed to interest rate risk because they are non-interest bearing.

10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimises the costs of capital at an acceptable risk.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in accordance with the objectives stated above, as well as responding to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended December 31, 2024. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the company, is reasonable. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

The properties in which the Company currently has interests are in the exploration stage. As such, the Company does not recognise revenue from its exploration properties. The Company's historical source of capital has consisted of the issue of equity securities, options and warrants. In order for the Company to carry out planned exploration and development and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its working capital and expects to raise additional amounts externally as needed.

The Company is exposed to various funding and market risks which could curtail its access to funds.

11. SUBSIDIARIES

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 2: During the year the Company divested two entities; Burkina Faso Holdings Limited (the holding entity) and its wholly owned subsidiary operating in Burkina Faso - Sarama Faso SARL.

Name of entity	Country of Incorporation	e e	Functional Currency	Equity holding %	
-	•		•	2024	2023
Sarama Investments Ltd	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	USD	100	100
Sarama Investments (No.2) Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	USD	100	100
Sarama Investments Mali Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	USD	100	100
Vasto Mining Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	USD	100	100
Burkina Faso Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	USD	-	100
SWA BF No.3 Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	USD	100	100
Sarama Mining Burkina SUARL	Burkina Faso	Ordinary	USD	100	100
Sarama Faso SARL	Burkina Faso	Ordinary	USD	-	100
SWA SARL	Burkina Faso	Ordinary	USD	100	100
Eburnean Resources Limited – Burkina SARL	Burkina Faso	Ordinary	USD	100	100
Pedsam Mining Limited (Liberia)	Liberia	Ordinary	USD	100	100

12. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company consider the Board of Directors to be the chief operating decision maker.

The Company has one business segment, being the acquisition, exploration and potential development of mineral properties. The Company has operations in two geographic area, being Australia and Burkina Faso.

	Burkina Faso \$	Australia \$	Corporate \$	Total \$
Segment current assets	20,885	-	1,203,952	1,224,837
Segment non-current assets				
Plant and equipment	10,628	-	2,569	13,197
Investment in Associate	-	-	-	-
Royalty	-	-	-	-
-	10,628	-	2,569	13,197
Segment total assets	31,513	-	1,206,521	1,238,034
Segment liabilities	28,550	208,746	1,233,737	1,471,033
Segment Loss Loss for the period from continuing operations	2,119,702	822,018	1,341,151	4,282,871

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023					
	Burkina Faso	Australia	Corporate	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Segment current assets	20,372	-	547,772	568.144	
Segment non-current assets					
Plant and equipment	28,414	-	5,683	34.097	
Investment in Associate	1,836,171		-	1.836.171	
Royalty	-	-	23,131	23.131	
	1,864,585	-	28,814	1,893,399	
Segment total assets	1,884,957	-	576,586	2,461,543	
Segment liabilities	30,739		1,097,636	1,128,375	
Segment Loss					
Loss for the period from continuing operations	1,316,126	-	1,162,661	2,478,787	

13. BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	Cents per share	Cents per share
Basic and diluted loss per share	(1.9)	(1.6)
	\$	\$
Net loss used in calculating basic/diluted loss per share	(4,282,871)	(2,478,787)
Weighted average number of shares on issue during the period used in the calculation of basic loss per share	222,137,453	151,790,992

Diluted loss per share as at December 31, 2024 is the same as basic loss per share as it is unlikely that the warrants will be converted into common shares.

14. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of loss after tax to net cash flows from operations

	December 31, 2024 \$	December 31, 2023 \$
Loss for the year	(4,282,871)	(2,478,787)
Depreciation	17,055	31,563
Fair value gain on warrants carried at fair value through profit or		
loss	(26,416)	(288,488)
Gain on disposal of plant & equipment	-	(28,391)
Disposal costs	7,231	-
Share of losses of associates	1,836,171	-
Impairment of royalty	23,130	
Stock-based exploration	526,146	-
Stock-based compensation	88,449	199,894
Movements in provisions	(11,849)	44,134
Net exchange differences – (gain)/loss	(14,339)	42,136
Net cash outflows used in operating activities before change in working capital	(1,837,293)	(2,477,939)
Change in working capital	516,081	577,471
Net cash outflows used in operating activities	(1,321,212)	(1,900,468)

15. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE & ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	\$	\$
Accounts payable	248,574	108,419
Directors' fees	42,996	54,284
Deferred salaries	657,052	381,439
Annual leave entitlements	291,150	351,127
	1,239,772	895,269

Deferred salaries and annual leave entitlement (together "employee entitlements") relate to 4 key management personnel, and each have agreed a contract variation to their employment agreement whereby:

- i) if an employment contract is terminated, the employee will not enforce immediate payment of their employee entitlements.
- ii) the variation remains in place until January 1, 2026.
- iii) in the event this employment agreement is terminated by either party prior to January 1, 2026, the employee agrees to convert any employee entitlements payable into an unsecured loan from the Company with interest accrued based on 90 day bank bill swap rate plus 8%.
- iv) if the Company is subject to a change of Control event, the loan becomes due and payable immediately.
- v) In the event a Change of Control event occurs this variation terminates immediately.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parent Entity

Sarama Resources Ltd is the parent entity.

Subsidiaries Interests in subsidiaries are set out in Note 11.

Associates

Interests in associates are set out in Note 6.

Transactions with related parties

The following remuneration to Key Management Personnel was recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Year	Salary (2) \$	Directors' Fees \$	Stock-based compensation \$	Pension value (1) \$	Total compensation \$
2024	736,272	96,219	88,449	61,466	982,406
2023	774,570	99,217	182,771	65,288	1,121,846

Notes:

- (1) The Company is required by applicable law in Australia to make an annual contribution of 11% (effective from July 1, 2023) of gross annual salary to the nominated superannuation funds of Australian employees. Subject to the prevailing legislation, employees are able to elect a higher rate at which the Company contributes. The Company contributes to superannuation funds of Australian resident named executive officers (NEO) at a rate of 11% of base salary per year, in addition to the base salary. The Company does not provide defined benefit plans or other pension entitlements for any of its employees.
- (2) The salaries of key management personnel are paid in Australian and Canadian dollars and are therefore subject to currency variation when converted to United States dollars.

Receivable from and payable to related parties The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	December 31, 2024 \$	December 31, 2023 \$
Current payables: Directors' fees Deferred salaries	42,996 657,052	54,284 381,439

Loans to/from related parties

There were no loans to or from related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

Terms and conditions

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

17. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	December 31, 2024 \$	December 31, 2023 \$
Audit of the financial statements	24,196	24,853
Tax fees	1,478	1,313
	25,674	26,166

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITY: TAX ASSESSMENT – BURKINA FASO

The Company is subjected to a tri-annual taxation audit pursuant to Burkina Faso taxation laws and regulations. The Company's most recent audit was undertaken in the fourth quarter of 2021. As a result of this audit, the Burkina Faso taxation authorities have identified several matters as potentially attracting additional tax liabilities which have not been accounted for by the Company. The Company disputes the basis for, or quantum of, the related tax claims and has commenced the process for this to be reviewed. The review process requires filing of dispute materials with the relevant government authorities which was filed on May 6, 2022. The Company has yet to receive any further communication since the filing. Should that review process resolve in an outcome considered unsatisfactory, the Company may challenge the outcome by commencing court proceedings in Burkina Faso. The Company considers that the above process is common in Burkina Faso and the Company has been through a similar process in its previous tri-annual audits. The Board has assessed the likely outcomes of the process and concluded that the likely outcome is not considered to be material to the Company's financial position.

19. ASX INFORMATION

Sarama's admission to the official list of ASX was conditional on, amongst other things, Sarama undertaking to ASX to include the following information in each annual report:

- 1. Sarama is incorporated in British Columbia under the Business Corporations Act, with incorporation number BC0878074.
- 2. Sarama is not subject to chapters 6, 6A, 6B and 6C of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (Corporations Act) dealing with the acquisition of its shares (including substantial holdings and takeovers).
- 3. There are no limitations under the laws of Canada on the right to acquire outstanding securities of the Company, except that:
 - (a) The Investment Canada Act may require pre-closing review and approval by the Minister of Industry (Canada) of certain acquisitions of "control" of the Company by a "non-Canadian." A "non-Canadian" generally means an individual who is not a Canadian citizen, or a corporation, partnership, trust or joint venture that is ultimately controlled by non-Canadians. The Investment Canada Act also creates a national security regime pursuant to which any level of investment in the Company by foreign state-owned enterprises and foreign state-influenced private investors may be subject to review and could be prohibited if the Government of Canada determines that the investment could be injurious to Canadian national security.
 - (b) The Competition Act (Canada) may require pre-closing notification to and approval by the Competition Bureau (Canada) for certain acquisitions of more than 20% of the shares of the Company, where certain party and transaction size thresholds are met. In some cases, the Commissioner of Competition may seek to block or dissolve such a merger in proceedings before the Competition Tribunal (Canada).
 - (c) Applicable Canadian securities laws contain comprehensive requirements relating to "takeover bids", which apply to any offer to purchase, solicitation of an offer to sell, acceptance of an offer to sell or any combination of the foregoing, which is made to one or more persons whose last address as shown on the books of the Company is in Canada, where the securities subject to the offer, together with the offeror's own securities, constitute in the aggregate 20% or more of the outstanding shares of the Company.
- 4. There are no limitations the organising documents of the Company on the right to acquire outstanding securities of the Company.
- 5. As at 31 December 2024, to the best of Sarama's knowledge based on the available information, the substantial holders in Sarama (within the meaning of section 671B of the Corporations Act) are as follows:

Holder	Fully paid equity securities in which the Holder and its associate have a relevant interest	
	Number	%
Myrmikan Gold Fund LLC	26,481,760	7.61%
Adelong Gold Limited	25,000,000	7.19%
Konwave AG	19,338,999	5.56%

20. ARBITRATION PROCEEDINGS - LITIGATION FUNDING

In October 2024, the Company advised that it had entered into a Litigation Funding Agreement ("LFA") with Locke Capital II LLC, an arm's length party that specializes in providing funding for dispute resolution (the "Funder") to commence international arbitration proceedings in relation to its investment dispute (the "Dispute") with the Government of Burkina Faso. (refer announcement October 24, 2024)

The LFA provides a four-year non-recourse loan facility ("Facility") of US\$4.4 million to the Company to cover all fees and expenses related to its Claim to Arbitration (the "Claim"). If there is no settlement or award (or no default by Sarama under the LFA), the Company does not have an obligation to repay the loan. In the event of the occurrence of a material adverse change under the LFA, the Funder shall be entitled to recover only those funds which were advanced but remain unspent.

The Company has engaged Boies Schiller Flexner (UK) LLP ("**BSF**"), a leading international law firm, to assist with legal matters pertaining to the Dispute. The costs incurred by BSF are presented to the Company for approval prior to being submitted for payment by the Funder.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Equity Placement – Tranche 2

On February 11, 2025, the Company announced that it completed the final tranche of the previously announced A\$2m equity placement (the "**Placement**") (refer to Sarama's news releases dated 21 November 2024 and 29 November 2024).

The second and final tranche of the Placement ("**Tranche 2**") consisted of 16,666,666 free attaching unlisted warrants (each a "**Placement Warrant**") and 14,000,000 broker warrants (each a "**Broker Warrant**" and together with the Placement Warrants, the "**Warrants**"), with each Option exercisable at A\$0.09 and expiring on 30 November 2028. The issuance of the Tranche 2 Warrants was subject to shareholder approval which was obtained at the special meeting held on February 4, 2025.

Issue of Shares for Debt

In September 2023, the Company's Executives and Non-Executive Directors agreed to suspend the payment of salaries and fees to ensure the Company had sufficient financial resources to work through the period of uncertainty created by the illegal withdrawal of the Company's rights to the Tankoro 2 exploration permit in August 2023.

On February 11, 2025, the Company announced it had completed the issue of shares in part settlement of deferred executive salaries and director fees (the "**Compensation Shares**" or the "**Shares for Debt**") as previously announced in a news release dated 21 November 2024.

The Shares for Debt arrangement comprised the issue of 13,132,706 CDIs at a deemed issue price of A\$0.03 per CDI, equivalent to A\$393,981. Each new CDI issued will rank equally with existing CDIs on issue and each CDI will represent a beneficial interest in one common share of the Company. The issuance of the Shares for Debt was subject to TSXV and shareholder approval which was obtained at the special meeting held on February 4, 2025.

Mt Venn Gold Project Acquisition

On February 27, 2025, the Company announced that it had reached binding agreement (the "Agreement") with Orbminco Limited ("**Orbminco**") (ASX: OB1), an arm's length third party, to acquire an 80% in the underexplored, belt-scale 420km² Mt Venn Project (the "**Project**"), located in the Eastern Goldfields of Western Australia. This follows Sarama's recent acquisition of a majority interest in the nearby Cosmo Project (refer Sarama news release 6 December 2024). Together the projects create a 1,000km² well-positioned and underexplored landholding in the Laverton Gold District which is known for its prolific gold endowment.

Orbminco's interest in the Project is held through the participation of its 100%-owned subsidiary Yamarna West Pty Ltd ("Yamarna") in an unincorporated joint venture ("JV") with Cazaly under which Yamarna is acting as operator/manager of the JV. The Agreement provides for a 100%-owned subsidiary of Sarama to be assigned (as provided for in the JV agreement) all of Yamarna's rights, entitlements and obligations under the JV (and associated Native Title Access Agreement) in return for consideration as set out below (the "Transaction").

Yamarna's current 80% interest in the mineral tenements subject to the JV, shall be transferred into the nominee of Sarama at completion of the Transaction.

As consideration for the assignment of its interests in the JV, Orbminco, or its nominee, will receive 12,000,000 CDIs in Sarama (the "Consideration Securities"). Each Consideration Security issued to Orbminco, or its nominee, in connection with the Transaction will rank equally with existing Sarama CDIs and each Consideration Security will represent a beneficial interest of 1 common share in Sarama. Pursuant to the precursor non-binding head of agreement, Orbminco granted Sarama a right of exclusivity in return for a cash payment of A\$20,000. Sarama has also made payments on behalf of Orbminco for annual exploration licence government rental fees totalling approximately A\$39,900 to ensure continuity of tenure for two of the exploration licences subject of the Transaction.

Completion of the Transaction will be subject to the satisfaction or waiver by Sarama of the following key conditions:

• receipt of TSX Venture Exchange final acceptance of the Transaction and issuance of the Consideration Securities;

• receipt of Sarama Board and shareholder approval for the issue of the CDIs as consideration for the Transaction;

• complete assignment of all applicable Native Title Access Agreements affecting the Project;

• execution of an assignment deed/agreement by Yamarna and Cazaly for Yamarna's interest in the Project JV;

• receipt of government extension/renewal notices covering new annual periods for tenements E38/3150 and E38/3581.