

## ASX RELEASE

The Manager

Company Announcements Office

Australian Securities Exchange

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## 2024 AGM Letter of Access, Notice of Meeting and Proxy

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**22 October 2024 - White Energy Company Limited (ASX: WEC, OTC: WECFF) (“White Energy” or “the Company”)** attaches the following documents in relation to FY2024 Annual General Meeting (AGM):

- AGM Letter of Access;
- AGM Notice of Meeting; and
- Proxy Form.

**Announcement authorised by:**

Greg Sheahan, Chief Executive Officer

**For further information contact:**

Mr Greg Sheahan

Chief Executive Officer

E: info@whiteenergyco.com

P: +61 7 3229 9035

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**Forward Looking Statements**

This press release contains forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements include information about possible or assumed future results of our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations, plans and objectives. In some cases, you may identify forward-looking statements by words such as "may," "should," "plan," "intend," "potential," "continue," "believe," "expect," "predict," "anticipate" and "estimate," the negative of these words or other comparable words. These statements are only predictions. One should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are qualified by their terms and/or important factors, many of which are outside the Company's control, involve a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results and events to differ materially from the statements made. The forward-looking statements are based on the Company's beliefs, assumptions and expectations of our future performance, taking into account information currently available to the Company. These beliefs, assumptions and expectations can change as a result of many possible events or factors, not all of which are known to the Company. Neither the Company nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of these statements. The Company will update the information in this press release only to the extent required under applicable securities laws. If a change occurs, the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations may vary materially from those expressed in the aforementioned forward-looking statements.

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**white energy** company limited

ABN 62 071 527 083

MR SAM SAMPLE  
FLAT 123  
123 SAMPLE STREET  
THE SAMPLE HILL  
SAMPLE ESTATE  
SAMPLEVILLE VIC 3030

## 2024 ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (HYBRID MEETING)

The 2024 Annual General Meeting of White Energy Company Limited will be held at 10:00am AEDT (Sydney time) on Thursday, 28 November 2024 as a hybrid meeting, at Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney NSW 2000 and virtually.

### PARTICIPATING IN THE MEETING IN PERSON

Shareholder can attend the Annual General Meeting on the date and at the place set out above.

### PARTICIPATING IN THE MEETING ONLINE

The online platform will allow you to listen to the proceedings, view the presentations and ask questions of the Board and vote in real-time. Please note that each resolution considered at the Meeting will be determined on a poll.

### NOTICE OF AGM

The full Notice of AGM ("Notice of Meeting") is available:

1. at <https://whiteenergyco.com/investors/>
2. at <https://www2.asx.com.au/markets/company/WEC>
3. by contacting the Company Secretary on [david.franks@automicgroup.com.au](mailto:david.franks@automicgroup.com.au) or +612 8072 1400.

### BUSINESS AND RESOLUTIONS AT THE AGM

The business and resolutions of the AGM, as outlined in the Notice of Meeting, are:

- Financial statements and reports
- Resolution 1: Adoption of Remuneration Report;
- Resolution 2: Re-Election of Mr. Brian Flannery as a Director;
- Resolution 3: ASX Listing Rule 7.1A Approval of Future Issue of Securities;
- Resolution 4: Approval to Issue Securities under the Company's Long Term Incentive Plan; and
- Resolution 5: Amendment to the Company's Constitution.

### VIRTUAL VENUE AND VOTING INFORMATION

If you wish to virtually attend the AGM (which will be broadcast as a live webinar), please **pre-register** in advance for the virtual meeting here: [https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN\\_DA7S4AwJTouPiVenb\\_GOqA](https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN_DA7S4AwJTouPiVenb_GOqA)

After registering, you will receive a confirmation containing information on how to attend the virtual meeting on the day of the AGM.

Shareholders will be able to vote (see the "Voting virtually at the Meeting" section of this Notice of Meeting below) and ask questions at the virtual meeting.

Shareholders are also encouraged to submit questions in advance of the Meeting to the Company Secretary, at least 5 business days before the meeting, on [david.franks@automicgroup.com.au](mailto:david.franks@automicgroup.com.au).

The Company will also provide Shareholders with the opportunity to ask questions during the Meeting in respect to the formal items of business as well as general questions in respect to the Company and its business.

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## YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

The business of the AGM affects your shareholding and your vote is important.

## VOTING VIRTUALLY AT THE MEETING

Shareholders who wish to vote virtually on the day of the AGM will need to login to the online meeting platform powered by Automic.

Shareholders who do not have an account with Automic are strongly encouraged to register for an account as soon **as possible and well in advance of the Meeting** to avoid any delays on the day of the Meeting. An account can be created via the following link [investor.automic.com.au](https://investor.automic.com.au) and then clicking on **"register"** and following the prompts. Shareholders will require their holder number (Securityholder Reference Number (SRN) or Holder Identification Number (HIN)) to create an account with Automic.

To access the virtual meeting on the day:

1. Open your internet browser and go to [investor.automic.com.au](https://investor.automic.com.au)
2. Login with your username and password or click **"register"** if you haven't already created an account. **Shareholders are encouraged to create an account prior to the start of the meeting to ensure there is no delay in attending the virtual meeting**
3. After logging in, a banner will display at the bottom of your screen to indicate that the meeting is open for registration, click on **"Register"** when this appears. Alternatively, click on **"Meetings"** on the left-hand menu bar to access registration.
4. Click on **"Register"** and follow the steps
5. Once the Chair of the Meeting has declared the poll open for voting click on **"Refresh"** to be taken to the voting screen
6. Select your voting direction and click **"confirm"** to submit your vote. Note that you cannot amend your vote after it has been submitted

For further information on the live voting process please see the **Registration and Voting Guide** at <https://www.automicgroup.com.au/virtual-agms/>.

## VOTING BY PROXY

A personalised proxy form has been provided to each shareholder.

To vote by proxy, please use one of the following methods:

<b>Online</b>	Lodge the Proxy Form online at <a href="https://investor.automic.com.au/#/loginsah">https://investor.automic.com.au/#/loginsah</a> by following the instructions: Login to the Automic website using the holding details as shown on the Proxy Form. Click on 'View Meetings' – 'Vote'. To use the online lodgement facility, Shareholders will need their holder number (Securityholder Reference Number (SRN) or Holder Identification Number (HIN)) as shown on the front of the Proxy Form.  For further information on the online proxy lodgement process please see the Online Proxy Lodgement Guide at <a href="https://www.automicgroup.com.au/virtual-agms/">https://www.automicgroup.com.au/virtual-agms/</a> .
<b>By post</b>	Automic, GPO Box 5193, Sydney NSW 2001
<b>By hand</b>	Automic, Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney NSW 2000
<b>By email</b>	Completing the enclosed Proxy Form and emailing it to: <a href="mailto:meetings@automicgroup.com.au">meetings@automicgroup.com.au</a>

Your Proxy instruction must be received not later than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting. **Proxy Forms received later than this time will be invalid.**

## BY ORDER OF THE BOARD



**David Franks**  
Company Secretary

14 October 2024

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**white energy** company limited

# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Explanatory Statement | Proxy Form

# 2024

28 November 2024

**10:00AM (AEDT)**

AS A **HYBRID MEETING**

**Held at:**

Level 5  
126 Phillip Street  
Sydney  
NSW 2000

AND **VIRTUALLY AT**

[https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN\\_  
DA7S4AwJTouPiVenb\\_GOqA#/](https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN_DA7S4AwJTouPiVenb_GOqA#/)

This Notice of Meeting should be read in its entirety. If Shareholders are in doubt as to how they should vote, they should seek advice from their professional advisers prior to voting.

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## IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS ABOUT THE COMPANY'S 2024 AGM

This Notice is given based on circumstances as at 14 October 2024.

Accordingly, should circumstances change, the Company will make an announcement on the ASX market announcements platform and on the Company's website at <https://www.whiteenergyco.com/>.

Shareholders are urged to monitor the ASX announcements platform and the Company's website.

## VENUE AND VOTING INFORMATION

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders to which this Notice of Meeting relates will be held at 10:00am AEDT on 28 November 2024 at the Automic Group Offices, Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 and as a **virtual meeting**.

To be able to hold this Meeting at both a physical and virtual venue, the Company is relying upon s249R(b) of the Corporations Act.

If you wish to virtually attend the AGM (which will be broadcast as a live webinar), please pre-register in advance for the virtual meeting here: [https://us02web.zoom.us/join/wn\\_da7s4awjtpivenb\\_goqa](https://us02web.zoom.us/join/wn_da7s4awjtpivenb_goqa)

After registering, you will receive a confirmation containing information on how to attend the virtual meeting on the day of the AGM.

Shareholders will be able to vote (see the "Voting virtually at the Meeting" section of this Notice of Meeting below) and ask questions at the virtual meeting.

Shareholders are also encouraged to submit questions in advance of the Meeting to the Company.

Questions must be submitted in writing to David Franks at [david.franks@automicgroup.com.au](mailto:david.franks@automicgroup.com.au) at least 5 business days before the AGM.

The Company will also provide Shareholders with the opportunity to ask questions during the Meeting in respect to the formal items of business as well as general questions in respect to the Company and its business.

### YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

The business of the Annual General Meeting affects your shareholding, and your vote is important.

### VOTING IN PERSON

To vote in person, attend the Annual General Meeting on the date and at the place set out above.

### VOTING VIRTUALLY AT THE MEETING

Shareholders who wish to vote virtually on the day of the AGM will need to login to the online meeting platform powered by Automic.

Shareholders who do not have an account with Automic are strongly encouraged to register for an account **as soon as possible and well in advance of the Meeting** to avoid any delays on the day of the Meeting. An account can be created via the following link <https://investor.automic.com.au/#/home> and then clicking on "register" and following the prompts. Shareholders will require their holder number (Securityholder Reference Number (SRN) or Holder Identification Number (HIN)) to create an account with Automic.

To access the virtual meeting on the day:

1. Open your internet browser and go to <https://investor.automic.com.au/#/home>
2. Login with your username and password or click “register” if you haven’t already created an account. **Shareholders are encouraged to create an account prior to the start of the meeting to ensure there is no delay in attending the virtual meeting.**
3. After logging in, a banner will display at the bottom of your screen to indicate that the meeting is open for registration, click on “Register” when this appears. Alternatively, click on “Meetings” on the left-hand menu bar to access registration.
4. Click on “Register” and follow the steps.
5. Once the Chair of the Meeting has declared the poll open for voting click on “Refresh” to be taken to the voting screen.
6. Select your voting direction and click “confirm” to submit your vote. Note that you cannot amend your vote after it has been submitted.

For further information on the live voting process please see the **Registration and Voting Guide** at <https://www.automicgroup.com.au/virtual-agms/>.

**VOTING BY PROXY**

To vote by proxy, please use one of the following methods:

<b>Online</b>	Lodge the Proxy Form online at <a href="https://investor.automic.com.au/#/loginsah">https://investor.automic.com.au/#/loginsah</a> by following the instructions: Login to the Automic website using the holding details as shown on the Proxy Form. Click on ‘View Meetings’ – ‘Vote’. To use the online lodgement facility, Shareholders will need their holder number (Securityholder Reference Number (SRN) or Holder Identification Number (HIN)) as shown on the front of the Proxy Form.  For further information on the online proxy lodgment process please see the <b>Online Proxy Lodgment Guide</b> at <a href="https://www.automicgroup.com.au/virtual-agms/">https://www.automicgroup.com.au/virtual-agms/</a>
<b>By post</b>	Automic, GPO Box 5193, Sydney NSW 2001
<b>By hand</b>	Automic, Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney NSW 2000
<b>By email</b>	Completing the enclosed Proxy Form and emailing it to: <a href="mailto:meetings@automicgroup.com.au">meetings@automicgroup.com.au</a>

Your Proxy instruction must be received not later than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

**Proxy Forms received later than this time will be invalid.**

**POWER OF ATTORNEY**

If the proxy form is signed under a power of attorney on behalf of a shareholder, then the attorney must make sure that either the original power of attorney or a certified copy is sent with the proxy form, unless the power of attorney has already provided it to the Share Registry.

**CORPORATE REPRESENTATIVES**

If a representative of a corporate shareholder or a corporate proxy will be attending the Meeting, the representative should bring to the Meeting adequate evidence of their appointment, unless this has previously been provided to the Share Registry.

**ASKING QUESTIONS**

We encourage you to submit questions in advance of the Meeting on any matter that may be relevant to the Meeting. You can do this by sending your question to the Company Secretary by email to: [david.franks@automicgroup.com.au](mailto:david.franks@automicgroup.com.au).

To allow time to collate questions and prepare answers, you must submit any questions by 10:00am (AEDT) on Thursday, 21 November 2024.

Questions will be collated and, during the Meeting, the Chair of the Meeting will seek to address as many of the more frequently raised topics as possible. However, there may not be sufficient time available at the Meeting to address all topics raised. Please note that individual responses will not be sent to shareholders.

Shareholders and proxy holders will also have the ability to listen to the discussion at the Meeting and ask questions during the Meeting via the online meeting platform.

**TECHNICAL DIFFICULTIES**

Technical difficulties may arise during the course of the Annual General Meeting. The Chair has discretion as to whether and how the Meeting should proceed in the event that a technical difficulty arises. In exercising his discretion, the Chair will have regard to the number of Shareholders impacted and the extent to which participation in the business of the Meeting is affected. Where he considers it appropriate, the Chair may continue to hold the Meeting and transact business, including conducting a poll and voting in accordance with valid proxy instructions. For this reason, Shareholders are encouraged to lodge a proxy not later than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

# NOTICE TO FACILITATE ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

Recent legislative changes to the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) mean there are new options available to White Energy Company Limited shareholders as to how you receive communications from the Company.

White Energy Company Limited will no longer be sending physical meeting documents unless you request a copy to be posted.

The Company encourages all shareholders to provide an email address so we can communicate with you electronically when shareholder notices become available online, for items such as meeting documents and annual reports.

Shareholders can still elect to receive some or all of their communications in physical or electronic form, or elect not to receive certain documents such as annual reports. To review your communications preferences, or sign up to receive your shareholder communications via email, please update your details at the Automic website (<https://investor.automic.com.au/#/home>) with your *username and password*.

## HOW DO I CREATE AN ACCOUNT WITH AUTOMIC?

To create an account with Automic, please go to the Automic website ([investor.automic.com.au](https://investor.automic.com.au)), click on 'register' and follow the steps. Shareholders will require their holder number (Securityholder Reference Number (SRN) or Holder Identification Number (HIN)) to create an account with Automic.

If you are a shareholder and would like a physical copy of a communication, need further information about the options available to you or have questions about your holding, visit <https://www.automicgroup.com.au/contact-us/> or contact the Automic Registry:

By post	Automic, GPO Box 5193, Sydney NSW 2001
In person	Automic, Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney NSW 2000
Telephone (within Australia)	1300 288 664
Telephone (outside Australia)	+61 2 9698 5414
By facsimile	+61 2 8583 3040
Email	<a href="mailto:hello@automicgroup.com.au">hello@automicgroup.com.au</a>
Website	<a href="https://www.automicgroup.com.au/">https://www.automicgroup.com.au/</a>

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# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that an Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of White Energy Company Limited ACN 071 527 083 will be held at 10:00am AEDT on 28 November 2024 at Automic Group Offices, Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 and as a **virtual meeting (Meeting)**.

The Explanatory Statement to this Notice of Meeting provides additional information on matters to be considered at the Annual General Meeting. The Explanatory Statement and the Proxy Form forms part of this Notice of Meeting.

The Directors have determined pursuant to Regulation 7.11.37 of the *Corporations Regulations 2001* (Cth) that the persons eligible to vote at the Annual General Meeting are those who are registered Shareholders at 7.00pm AEDT on Tuesday, 26 November 2024.

Terms and abbreviations used in this Notice of Meeting and Explanatory Statement are defined in the Glossary.

## AGENDA

### ORDINARY BUSINESS

#### Financial statements and reports

*"To receive and to consider the Annual Financial Report of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 together with the declaration of the Directors, the Directors' Report, the Remuneration Report and the Auditor's Report for that financial year."*

**Note:** This item of ordinary business is **for discussion only and is not a resolution**.

Pursuant to the Corporations Act, Shareholders will be given a reasonable opportunity at the Meeting to ask questions about, or make comments in relation to, each of the aforementioned reports during consideration of these items.

## RESOLUTIONS

### REMUNERATION REPORT

#### Resolution 1 – Adoption of Remuneration Report

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without amendment the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

*"That, for the purpose of Section 250R(2) of the Corporations Act and for all other purposes, approval is given for the adoption of the Remuneration Report as contained in the Company's Annual Financial Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2024."*

**Note:** The vote on this Resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

**Voting Exclusion Statement:** In accordance with the Corporations Act, the Company will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 1 by or on behalf of a member of the Company's key management personnel (including the Directors), whose remuneration details are included in the Remuneration Report (**KMP**), or any of that person's Closely Related Parties (such as close family members and any controlled companies of those persons) (collectively referred to as Restricted Voter). However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

- it is cast by a person as a proxy appointed in writing that specifies how the proxy is to vote on Resolution 1; and
- it is not cast on behalf of a Restricted Voter.

If you appoint the person chairing the Meeting (**Chair**) and you are not a Restricted Voter, by submitting the Proxy Form you authorise the person chairing the Meeting to exercise the proxy even though Resolution 1 is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of a KMP, and you will be taken to have directed the Chair to vote in accordance with his or her stated intention to vote in favour of Resolution 1. If you do not want your vote exercised in favour of Resolution 1, you should direct the person chairing the Meeting to vote "against", or to abstain from voting on, this Resolution.

### RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

#### Resolution 2 – Re-Election of Brian Flannery as a Director

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without amendment the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

*"That Brian Flannery, a Director who retires by rotation in accordance with the Company's Constitution and ASX Listing Rule 14.5, and being eligible offers himself for re-election as a Director of the Company, effective immediately."*

### ASX LISTING RULE 7.1A (ADDITIONAL 10% CAPACITY)

#### Resolution 3 – ASX Listing Rule 7.1A Approval of Future Issue of Securities

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without amendment the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

*"That, for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.1A and for all other purposes, the Shareholders approve the issue of equity securities up to 10% of the issued capital of the Company (at the time of issue) calculated in accordance with the formula prescribed in ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2 and otherwise on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Statement which accompanies and forms part of this Notice of Meeting."*

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# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

continued

## APPROVAL TO ISSUE SECURITIES UNDER THE COMPANY'S LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

### Resolution 4 – Approval to Issue Securities under the Company's Long Term Incentive Plan

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without amendment the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

*"That, for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.2 (exception 13(b)), and for all other purposes, the Shareholders of the Company approve the issue of securities under the Company's Long Term Incentive Plan on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Statement which accompanies and forms part of this Notice of Meeting."*

**Voting Exclusion Statement:** The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour of Resolution 4 by or on behalf of:

- a. a person who is eligible to participate in Company's Long Term Incentive Plan; or
- b. an Associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of Resolution 4 by:

- i. a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the Resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the Resolution in that way; or
- ii. the Chair of the Meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the Resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the Chair to vote on the Resolution as the Chair decides; or
- iii. a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
  - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the Resolution; and
  - the holder votes on the Resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

**Voting Prohibition Statement:** In accordance with section 250BD of the Corporations Act, a person appointed as a proxy must not vote, on the basis of that appointment, on Resolution 4 if:

- a. the proxy is either:
  - i. a member of the Company's Key Management Personnel; or
  - ii. a closely related party of a member of the Company's Key Management Personnel; and
- b. the appointment does not specify the way the proxy is to vote on the resolution.

However, the above prohibition does not apply if:

- a. the proxy is the Chair of the Meeting; and
- b. the appointment expressly authorises the Chair to exercise the proxy even if the Resolution is connected directly or indirectly with remuneration of a member of the Company's Key Management Personnel.

## AMENDMENTS TO THE COMPANY'S CONSTITUTION

### Resolution 5 – Amendments to the Company's Constitution

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without amendment the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

*"That, for the purposes of section 136(2) of the Corporations Act and for all other purposes, approval is given for the Company to amend its Constitution in the manner set out in the Explanatory Statement with effect from the passing of this resolution."*

## BY ORDER OF THE BOARD



**David Franks**  
Company

14 October 2024

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# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

This Explanatory Statement has been prepared for the information of the Shareholders in connection with the business to be conducted at the Annual General Meeting to be held at 10:00am AEDT on 28 November 2024 at the Automic Group Offices, Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney, NSW 200 and as a **virtual meeting**.

The purpose of this Explanatory Statement is to provide information which the Directors believe to be material to Shareholders in deciding whether or not to pass the Resolutions in the Notice of Meeting.

If you are in any doubt about what to do in relation to the Resolutions contemplated in the Notice of Meeting and this Explanatory Statement, it is recommended that you seek advice from an accountant, solicitor or other professional advisor.

Full details of the business to be considered at the Annual General Meeting are set out below.

## AGENDA

### ORDINARY BUSINESS

#### Financial statements and reports

In accordance with the Constitution and the Corporations Act, the business of the Annual General Meeting will include receipt and consideration of the Annual Financial Report of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 together with the declaration of the Directors, the Director's Report, the Remuneration Report and the Auditor's Report.

In accordance with the amendments to the Corporations Act, the Company is no longer required to provide a hard copy of the Company's Annual Financial Report to Shareholders unless a Shareholder has specifically elected to receive a printed copy.

Whilst the Company will not provide a hard copy of the Company's Annual Financial Report unless specifically requested to do so, Shareholders may view the Company Annual Financial Report on its website at [www.whiteenergyco.com/](http://www.whiteenergyco.com/).

No resolution is required for this item, but Shareholders will be given the opportunity to ask questions and to make comments on the management and performance of the Company.

The Company's auditor will be present at the Meeting. During the discussion of this item, the auditor will be available to answer questions on the:

- Conduct of the audit;
- Preparation and content of the Auditor's Report;
- Accounting policies adopted by the Company in relation to the preparation of the financial statements; and
- Independence of the auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit.

### Written questions of the auditor

If you would like to submit a written question about the content of the Auditor's Report or the conduct of the audit of the Annual Financial Report of the Company's auditor, please send your question to the Company Secretary. A list of qualifying questions will be made available at the Meeting.

Please note that all written questions must be received at least five business days before the Meeting, which is by Thursday, 21 November 2024.

## RESOLUTIONS

### REMUNERATION REPORT

#### Resolution 1 – Adoption of Remuneration Report

In accordance with section 250R(2) of the Corporations Act, the Company is required to present to its Shareholders the Remuneration Report as disclosed in the Company's Annual Financial Report.

The vote on the Resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company. The Remuneration Report is set out in the Company's Annual Financial Report and is also available on the Company's website at [www.whiteenergyco.com/](http://www.whiteenergyco.com/).

However, if at least 25% of the votes cast are against the adoption of the Remuneration Report at the Meeting (subject of this Notice of Meeting), and then again at the 2025 Annual General Meeting (**2025 AGM**), the Company will be required to put to the vote a resolution (**Spill Resolution**) at the 2025 AGM to approve the calling of a further meeting (**Spill Meeting**). If more than 50% of Shareholders vote in favour of the Spill Resolution, the Company must convene the Spill Meeting within 90 days of the 2025 AGM. All of the Directors who were in office when the 2025 Directors' Report was approved, other than the Managing Director, will (if desired) need to stand for re-election at the Spill Meeting.

The Remuneration Report explains the Board's policies in relation to the nature and level of remuneration paid to KMPs (including Directors) and sets out remuneration details, service agreements and the details of any share-based compensation.

#### Voting

Note that a voting exclusion applies to Resolution 1 in the terms set out in the Notice of Meeting. In particular, the Directors and other Restricted Voters must not vote on this Resolution and must not cast a vote as proxy, unless the appointment gives a direction on how to vote, or the proxy is given to the Chair and you submit the Proxy Form, authorising the Chair to exercise the proxy even though Resolution 1 is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of a KMP and that in doing so you will be taken to have directed the Chair to vote in accordance with the Chair's stated intention to vote in favour of Resolution 1.

# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

continued

Shareholders are urged to read carefully the Proxy Form and to provide a direction to the proxy on how to vote on this Resolution.

## Directors' Recommendation

The Board of Directors is not making a recommendation for this Resolution.

The Chair intends to vote in favour of this resolution.

## RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

### Resolution 2 – Re-election of Brian Flannery as Director

Rule 8.1(f) of the Company's Constitution requires that, to the extent that no Director is required to retire pursuant to clause 8.1(c) or 8.1(d), the Director to retire is any Director who wishes to retire, or otherwise the Director who has been in office the longest since their last re-election or appointment (excluding the Managing Director).

At the 2023 AGM, all Directors stood for election.

ASX Listing Rule 14.5 also provides that an entity which has Directors must hold an election of Directors at each annual general meeting.

The current Board comprises Brian Flannery, Vincent O'Rourke, Michael Chapman and Keith Whitehouse. It is the current intention of Mr O'Rourke to retire from the Board at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting.

Brian Flannery was appointed as a Director of the Company on 17 September 2010 and was last re-elected at the 2023 AGM.

Under this Resolution, Brian Flannery has elected to retire by rotation, and being eligible, seeks re-election as a Director of the Company at this AGM.

Brian Flannery was appointed to the Board and as Managing Director of White Energy on 17 September 2010 and then as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer on 17 December 2023. He resigned from his position as Chief Executive Officer on 19 October 2023 but remains in his position as non-executive Chairman. He is a mining engineer with more than 50 years experience in the development, engineering, construction and management of open-cut and underground mining projects in Australia and overseas.

Brian Flannery was Managing Director of White Mining Limited prior to its merger with Felix Resources Limited in April 2005. Subsequent to that merger he held the position of Managing Director of Felix Resources Limited and Yancoal Australia Limited until September 2010.

## Directors' Recommendation

The Directors (excluding Brian Flannery) recommend that Shareholders vote for this Resolution.

The Chair intends to vote in favour of this resolution.

## ASX LISTING RULE 7.1A

### Resolution 3 – ASX Listing Rule 7.1A Approval of Future Issue of Securities

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of equity securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12-month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period.

Under Listing Rule 7.1A, however, an eligible entity can seek approval from its members, by way of a special resolution passed at its annual general meeting, to add an additional 10% capacity.

An eligible entity for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.1A is an entity that is not included in the S&P/ASX 300 Index and has a market capitalisation less than the amount prescribed by ASX (currently \$300 million).

As at close of trading on 11 October 2024, the Company has a market capitalisation of approximately \$10.944 million and therefore is an eligible entity. If at the time of the Meeting the Company is no longer an eligible entity this Resolution will be withdrawn.

This Resolution seeks Shareholder approval by way of a special resolution for the Company to have the additional 10% capacity provided for in Listing Rule 7.1A to issue equity securities without Shareholder approval.

If this Resolution is passed, the Company will be able to issue equity securities up to the combined 25% limit in Listing Rules 7.1 and 7.1A without any further Shareholder approval.

If this Resolution is not passed, the Company will not be able to access the additional 10% capacity to issue equity securities without Shareholder approval provided for in Listing Rule 7.1A and will remain subject to the 15% limit on issuing equity securities without Shareholder approval set out in Listing Rule 7.1.

The capital structure of the Company as at 11 October 2024 is:

Security Class	Number on issue
Listed Ordinary Shares	198,984,276

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**Information Required by ASX Listing Rule 7.3A**

The following information is provided to Shareholders for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.3A.

Period for which the approval will be valid

An approval under this Listing Rule 7.1A commences on the date of the annual general meeting at which the approval is obtained and expires on the first to occur of the following:

- a. the date which is 12 months after the date of the annual general meeting at which the approval is obtained;
- b. the time and date of the entity's next annual general meeting; and
- c. the time and date on which Shareholders approve a transaction under Listing Rule 11.1.2 (a significant change to the nature or scale of activities) or 11.2 (disposal of main undertaking).

Minimum price at which the equity securities may be issued under Listing Rule 7.1A

Any equity securities issued under Listing Rule 7.1A.2 must be an existing quoted class of the Company's equity securities and issued for cash consideration.

The issue price per equity security must not be less than 75% of the volume weighted average market price of the equity securities in that class, calculated over 15 trading days on which trades in that class were recorded immediately before:

- a. the date on which the price at the equity securities are to be issued is agreed by the Company and the recipient of the equity securities; and
- b. if the equity securities are not issued within 10 trading days of the date in paragraph (a), the date on which the equity securities are issued.

Purposes for which the funds raised by an issue of equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A may be used

As noted above, any equity securities issued under Listing Rule 7.1A.2 must be issued for cash consideration. Accordingly, every issue of equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A.2 will have an accompanying proposed use of funds at the time of issue.

As at the date of this Notice, the Company has not formed an intention to offer any equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A during the Listing Rule 7.1A mandate period, if Shareholders approve this Resolution.

However, if Shareholders approved this Resolution and the Company did raise funds from the issue of equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A, based on the Company's existing plans, the Company considers that the funds may be used for the following purposes:

- a. acquisition of assets such as mineral tenements, or a business or company holding mineral tenements, where those tenements may be at various stages such as exploration through to an operating and producing tenement;
- b. screenings and assessments, feasibility studies, appraisal and testing activities, development and production expenditures on the Company's current assets or acquired assets or any aspects related to the financing thereof;
- c. all preliminary costs such as planning and design costs and all stages of construction costs relating to any current or future BCB project capital expenditure or any aspects related to the financing thereof;
- d. any costs associated with the Company's or its subsidiaries' legal action against PT Bayan Resources Tbk and Bayan International Pte Ltd including but not limited to legal fees, expert fees, travel and out of pocket expenses; and
- e. for general corporate purpose, including working capital.

Risk of economic and voting dilution to existing ordinary Securityholders

If this Resolution is approved, and the Company issues equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A, the existing Shareholders' economic and voting power in the Company will be diluted.

There is a risk that:

- a. the market price for the Company's equity securities in that class may be significantly lower on the issue date than on the date of the approval under Listing Rule 7.1A; and
- b. the equity securities may be issued at a price that is at a discount (as described above) to the market price for the Company's equity securities on the issue date;

which may have an effect on the amount of funds raised by the issue of equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A.

# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

continued

The table below shows the potential dilution of existing Securityholders on the basis of 3 different assumed issue prices and values for the variable "A" in the formula in rule 7.1A.2:

Variable "A" ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2		Potential Dilution and Funds Raised		
		\$0.0275 50% decrease in issue price	\$0.0550 issue prices <sup>(b)</sup>	\$0.1100 100% increase in issue price
<b>"A" is the number of shares on issue, being 198,984,276 Shares<sup>(a)</sup></b>	<b>10% voting dilution<sup>(c)</sup></b>	19,898,427	19,898,427	19,898,427
	<b>Funds raised</b>	\$547,207	\$1,094,413	\$2,188,827
<b>"A" is a 50% increase in shares on issue, being 298,476,414 Shares</b>	<b>10% voting dilution<sup>(c)</sup></b>	29,847,641	29,847,641	29,847,641
	<b>Funds raised</b>	\$820,810	\$1,641,620	\$3,283,241
<b>"A" is a 100% increase in shares on issue, being 397,968,552 Shares</b>	<b>10% voting dilution<sup>(c)</sup></b>	39,796,855	39,796,855	39,796,855
	<b>Funds raised</b>	\$1,094,414	\$2,188,827	\$4,377,654

## Notes:

- Based on the total number of fully paid ordinary Shares on issue as at 11 October 2024.
- Based on the closing price of the Company's Shares on ASX as at 11 October 2024.
- The table assumes that the Company issues the maximum number of ordinary Shares available to be issued under Listing Rule 7.1A.
- The table does not show an example of dilution that may be caused to a particular Shareholder by reason of issues of equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A based on that Shareholder's holding at the date of this Explanatory Statement.
- The table shows the effect of an issue of equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A only, not under the Company's 15% placement capacity under Listing Rule 7.1.

## Allocation policy for issues under Listing Rule 7.1A

The Company's allocation policy and the identity of the allottees of equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A will depend on a number of factors, including:

- the Company's intentions in relation to the possible issue of equity securities (for cash consideration) during the Listing Rule 7.1A mandate period;
- the structure and timeframe of the capital raising opportunities available to the Company and any alternative methods for raising funds that are available to the Company (such as a pro rata offer or an offer under a share purchase plan);
- the potential effect on the control of the Company;
- the Company's financial position and the likely future capital requirements; and
- advice from the Company's corporate or financial advisors.

Based on the Company's historical cashflow reports and capital raising activities in the past 12 months, the Company considers that it may raise funds during the Listing Rule 7.1A mandate period, although this cannot be guaranteed. As of the date of this Notice, no specific intention to issue equity securities in relation to any parties, investors or existing Securityholders have been formed. In addition, no intentions have been formed in relation to the possible number of issues, or the time frame in which the issues could be made. Subject to the requirements of the Listing Rules and the Corporations Act, the Board of Directors reserve the right to determine at the time of any issue of equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A, the allocation policy that the Company will adopt for that issue.

If and when the determination is made to proceed with an issue of equity securities during the Listing Rule 7.1A mandate period, details regarding the allottees and purposes of issue will be disclosed pursuant to the Company's obligations under Listing Rules 3.10.3 and 7.1A.4.

Offers made under Listing Rule 7.1A may be made to parties (excluding any related parties) including professional and sophisticated investors, existing Shareholders of the Company, clients of Australian Financial Service Licence holders and/or their nominees, or any other person to whom the Company is able to make an offer of equity securities.

## Issue or agreement to issue equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A in the 12 months prior to AGM

The Company has not issued or agreed to issue equity securities under Listing Rule 7.1A.2 in the 12 months preceding the AGM.

This Resolution is a Special Resolution. For a Special Resolution to be passed, at least 75% of the votes validly cast on the resolution by Shareholders (by number of ordinary shares) must be in favour of this Resolution.

## Directors' Recommendation

The Board of Directors recommend that Shareholders vote for this Resolution.

The Chair intends to vote in favour of this resolution.

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## APPROVAL TO ISSUE SECURITIES UNDER THE COMPANY'S LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

### Resolution 4 – Approval to Issue Securities Under the Company's Long-Term Incentive Plan

This Resolution seeks Shareholder approval to issue up to a maximum of 19,898,427 securities under the Company's Long-Term Incentive Plan (**Incentive Plan**), being 10% of the shares on issue as at 14 October 2024.

The Incentive Plan was last approved by Shareholders of the Company on 24 November 2023. Shareholders approved a maximum of 3,420,000 Incentive Securities to be issued under the Plan on 24 November 2023.

Shareholder approval is being sought to adopt an amended Incentive Plan which has the ability to issue further Incentive Securities under the Plan (without using up any of the Company's 15% Placement Capacity).

The Incentive Plan provides the Company flexibility to grant Performance Rights or Options to eligible employees so that it can effectively incentivise and retain employees. The Company considers that the adoption of the proposed Incentive Plan will provide a cost-effective method of incentivising and remunerating its personnel whilst allowing the Company to spend a greater portion of its cash reserves on its operations than it would if alternative cash forms of remuneration were required to be paid to incentivise and remunerate those personnel.

Accordingly, the Company seeks Shareholder approval to issue up to a maximum of 19,898,427 Incentive Securities under the Incentive Plan for the purposes set out in this Explanatory Statement, including for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.2 Exception 13(b).

A summary of the key terms of the Incentive Plan is set out in Annexure A, and a copy of the rules of the Incentive Plan is available upon request from the Company.

#### ASX Listing Rules

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of equity securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period.

If this Resolution is approved by Shareholders for all purposes under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules, including ASX Listing Rule 7.2 (exception 13(b)), it will have the effect of enabling the securities issued by the Company under the Incentive Plan to be automatically excluded from the formula to calculate the number of securities which the Company may issue in any 12-month period using Listing Rule 7.1 (15% capacity) during the next three year period.

Since the Incentive Plan was last approved by Shareholders on 24 November 2023, the Company notes that as at the date of this Notice of Meeting, no securities have been issued under the Incentive Plan. However it is the intention of the Company to issue prior to the AGM 5,400,000 Unlisted

Options under the Incentive Plan, comprising 3,420,000 Unlisted Options issued under Listing Rule 7.2 Exemption 13 and 1,980,000 Unlisted Options under Listing Rule 7.1.

If this Resolution is approved by Shareholders, the Company will, for the purposes of Exception 13(b) of ASX Listing Rule 7.2, issue up to a maximum of 19,898,427 Incentive Securities under the Incentive Plan during the three-year period following approval. For the avoidance of doubt and unless the contrary intention appears, if the Company seeks Shareholder approval to issue securities to Directors (or their nominees), these issuances will not form part of the maximum number of securities identified above.

If this Resolution is not approved by Shareholders, the Company will be able to proceed with the issue of securities under the Company's Long-Term Incentive Plan to eligible participants, but any issues of securities will not fall within an exception under Listing Rule 7.2 and therefore will utilise the Company's placement capacity under Listing Rule 7.1.

This maximum is not intended to be the actual number of Incentive Securities to be issued under the Incentive Plan, but rather a ceiling on the number of Incentive Securities approved to be issued under and for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.2 Exception 13(b). If that number is reached, fresh Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.2 Exception 13(b) would be required, otherwise any additional Incentive Securities issued over the maximum under the Incentive Plan will count towards calculating the Company's placement capacity under Listing Rule 7.1 (and, if applicable, any additional placement capacity approved under Listing Rule 7.1A).

#### Directors Recommendation

The Board of Directors recommend that Shareholders vote for this Resolution.

The Chair intends to vote in favour of this resolution.

## AMENDMENTS TO THE COMPANY'S CONSTITUTION

### Resolution 5 – Amendments to the Company's Constitution

A company may modify or repeal its constitution or a provision of its constitution by special resolution of Shareholders.

Resolution 5 is special resolution which will enable the Company to amend its existing Constitution (**Amended Constitution**) to insert the following:

Securities issued under the Employee Incentive Plan (new clause 2.9)

Under the new Division 1A of Part 7.12 of the Corporations Act, which came into effect on 1 October 2022, offers under an employee incentive plan that do not require a monetary payment (e.g. zero exercise price options or performance rights) can be issued without an issue cap. However, offers requiring a monetary payment (whether upon grant or upon

# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

continued

exercise/vesting of the awards and issue of the underlying shares) must be accompanied by an 'ESS offer document' and must comply with an issue cap. The cap is set at 5% under the Corporations Act unless raised by a company's constitution. Company's may include an issue cap in its constitution to allow for more than 5% of securities to be issued under the plan. The proposed Constitution has set the issue cap at 10%.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared an Amended Constitution which inserts the following as the new clause 2.9:

## ***'2.9 Securities Issued under the Employee Incentive Plan***

***Subject to the Listing Rules and the Act and for the purposes of section 1100V(2) of the Act, the issue cap is 10%.'***

Prior to the Meeting, a copy of the Amended Constitution is available for review by Shareholders at the Company's registered office during normal business hours. A copy of the Amended Constitution is also attached to this Notice under Annexure B.

A complete signed copy of the Amended Constitution will be tabled at the Meeting.

Pursuant to section 136(2) of the Corporations Act, a modification to the Company's Constitution can only be effected by way of a Special Resolution passed by its Shareholders. Therefore, this Resolution is a Special Resolution that can only be passed if at least 75% of the total votes cast by Shareholders entitled to vote on this Resolution are voted in its favour.

## **Professional Advice**

If you have any doubt or do not understand Resolution 5, it is strongly recommended that you seek advice from a solicitor or other professional advisor.

## **Directors' Recommendation**

The Board of Directors recommend Shareholders vote for Resolution 5.

The Chair intends to vote in favour of Resolutions 5.

## ENQUIRIES

Shareholders are asked to contact the Company Secretary, Mr David Franks, on +612 8072 1400 if they have any queries in respect of the matters set out in these documents.

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# GLOSSARY

**AEDT** means Australian Eastern Daylight Time as observed in Sydney, New South Wales.

**Annual Financial Report** means the 2024 Annual Report to Shareholders for the period ended 30 June 2024 as lodged by the Company with ASX on 22 October 2024.

**Annual General Meeting** or **AGM** or **Meeting** means an Annual General Meeting of the Company and, unless otherwise indicated, means the meeting of the Company's members convened by this Notice of Meeting.

**ASIC** means Australian Securities and Investment Commission.

**Associate** has the meaning given to it by the ASX Listing Rules.

**ASX** means ASX Limited ACN 008 624 691 or the financial market operated by it, as the context requires, of 20 Bridge Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

**ASX Listing Rules** or **Listing Rules** means the official ASX Listing Rules of the ASX and any other rules of the ASX which are applicable while the Company is admitted to the official list of the ASX, as amended or replaced from time to time, except to the extent of any express written waiver by the ASX.

**Auditor's Report** means the auditor's report of PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership dated 26 September 2024 as included in the Annual Financial Report.

**Board** means the current board of Directors of the Company.

**Business Day** means a day on which trading takes place on the stock market of ASX.

**Chair** means the person chairing the Meeting.

**Closely Related Party** of a member of the KMP means:

- a. a spouse or child of the member;
- b. a child of the member's spouse;
- c. a dependant of the member or of the member's spouse;
- d. anyone else who is one of the member's family and may be expected to influence the member, or be influenced by the member, in the member's dealings with the Company;
- e. a company the member controls; or
- f. a person prescribed by the *Corporation Regulations 2001* (Cth).

**Company** means White Energy Company Limited ABN 62 071 527 083.

**Constitution** or **Amended Constitution** means the Company's constitution, which shareholder approval is sought for the amendment under Resolution 5, as attached to Annexure B of this Notice.

**Corporations Act** means the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) as amended or replaced from time to time.

**Director** means a current director of the Company.

**Directors' Report** means the report of Directors as included in the Annual Financial Report.

**Dollar** or "\$" means Australian dollars.

**Explanatory Statement** means the explanatory statement accompanying this Notice of Meeting.

**Incentive Securities** means the Securities that may be granted by the Company pursuant to the terms of the Incentive Plan.

**KMP** means key management personnel (including the Directors) whose remuneration details are included in the Remuneration Report.

**Notice of Meeting** or Notice of **Annual General Meeting** means this notice of annual general meeting dated 14 October 2024 including the Explanatory Statement.

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## GLOSSARY

continued

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**Ordinary Resolution** means a resolution that can only be passed if at least 50% of the total votes cast by Shareholders entitled to vote on the resolution are voted in its favour at the meeting.

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**Proxy Form** means the proxy form attached to this Notice of Meeting.

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**Remuneration Report** means the remuneration report as set out in the Annual Financial Report.

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**Resolutions** means the resolutions set out in this Notice of Meeting, or any one of them, as the context requires.

---

**Restricted Voter** means a member of the Company's KMP and any Closely Related Parties of those members.

---

**Securities** mean Shares and/or Options (as the context requires).

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**Share** means a fully paid ordinary share in the capital of the Company.

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**Shareholder** means a holder of a Share.

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**Share Registry** means Automic Pty Ltd.

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**Special Resolution** means a resolution that can only be passed if at least 75% of the total votes cast by Shareholders entitled to vote on the resolution are voted in its favour at the meeting.

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**Spill Meeting** means the meeting that will be convened within 90 days of the 2025 AGM if a threshold of votes is cast against the adoption of the Remuneration Report at the Meeting and the 2025 AGM.

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**Spill Resolution** means the resolution required to be put to Shareholders at the 2025 AGM if a threshold of votes is cast against the adoption of the Remuneration Report at the Meeting and the 2025 AGM.

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**Trading Day** has the meaning given to that term in ASX Listing Rule 19.12.

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## ANNEXURE A

### - KEY TERMS OF THE LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

Summary of Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP) rules

The LTIP rules set out the general terms of the LTIP. A grant of Incentive Securities under the LTIP is subject to both the LTIP rules and the terms of the specific grant. The Board is responsible for administering the LTIP in accordance with the LTIP rules and determines the specific terms and conditions of each grant to eligible employees.

A summary of the key terms of the LTIP is set out below:

- the LTIP provides for the grant of Performance Rights or Options to eligible employees (Incentive Securities), which may vest subject to the satisfaction of performance, service or other vesting conditions imposed at the time of grant. This provides the Company with broad flexibility so that it can effectively incentivise employees using the most appropriate instrument (which may vary depending on the seniority of the executive, the jurisdiction in which they are issued, or prevailing market and regulatory conditions);
- the Board may in its absolute discretion determine which eligible employees will be invited to participate in a grant of Incentive Securities under the LTIP;
- the Board may impose performance, service or other vesting conditions on any grant of Incentive Securities under the LTIP. Incentive Securities will vest to the extent these performance, service or other vesting conditions are satisfied;
- on vesting (and exercise, in the case of Options), participants will become entitled to fully paid ordinary shares in the Company. The Board can decide whether to purchase Shares on-market or issue new Shares for the purposes of the LTIP or, where a cash alternative has been provided for under the terms of a grant, to provide the cash equivalent value of one Share in the Company to the participant;
- if the Board determines that the cash equivalent value of Shares in the Company will be provided on vesting, the applicable amount will be based on the volume-weighted average price of a Share in the Company for the 20 trading day period ending on the trading day before the date the Incentive Securities vest, or any other calculation determined by the Board;
- where a participant ceases employment due to termination for cause, gross misconduct or other reason determined by the Board, any unvested Incentive Securities will lapse, unless the Board determines otherwise;
- where a participant ceases employment in other circumstances, the Incentive Securities will remain 'on foot', subject to the Board's discretion to determine that some or all of the unvested Incentive Securities lapse or vest on cessation;
- Incentive Securities may lapse in certain circumstances, including if they act fraudulently or dishonestly, engage in gross misconduct, or are in breach of their obligations to the Company;
- further, if in the Board's opinion, Incentive Securities vest as a result of the fraud, dishonesty or breach of obligations by the participant or another person, or if there is a material misstatement or omission in the financial statements of a Group company, the Board may determine any treatment in relation to the Incentive Securities (or Shares received on vesting) to ensure no unfair benefit is obtained by the participant;
- Incentive Securities may not be traded or hedged, and the Board may impose restrictions on dealing of Shares allocated on vesting of Incentive Securities;
- any Shares issued under the LTIP will rank equally with those traded on the ASX at the time of issue;
- A participant cannot participate in any new issue of securities without first exercising their options. The Rules include specific provisions dealing with rights issues, bonus issues and other capital reconstructions. These provisions are intended to ensure that there is no material advantage or disadvantage to the participant in respect of their Incentive Securities as a result of such corporate actions;
- in the event of a takeover bid, scheme of arrangement or similar transaction, the Board may determine whether any or all unvested Incentive Securities vest, having regard to such factors as the Board considers relevant, including performance against the applicable performance conditions; and
- in the event of any capital reorganisation, Incentive Securities will be adjusted having regard to the ASX Listing Rules and on the basis that participants do not receive any advantage or disadvantage from such an adjustment.

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# Constitution for White Energy Company Limited

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28 November 2024

ABN 62 071 527 083

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Mr Brian Flannery  
Chair  
White Energy Company Limited  
28 November 2024

PROPOSED - SUBJECT TO SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL

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PROPOSED - SUBJECT TO SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL

# Constitution

**White Energy Company Limited ABN 62 071 527 083**

**A public company limited by shares**

## 1 Preliminary

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### 1.1 Definitions and interpretation

(a) The meanings of the terms used in this constitution are set out below.

<b>Term</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
<b>Act</b>	<i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (Cth).
<b>AGM</b>	an annual general meeting of the company that the Act requires to be held.
<b>ASX Settlement Operating Rules</b>	the operating rules of ASX Settlement Pty Limited and, to the extent that they are applicable, the operating rules of the Exchange and the operating rules of ASX Clear Pty Limited.
<b>Board</b>	the directors for the time being of the company or those of them who are present at a meeting at which there is a quorum.
<b>Business Day</b>	has the meaning given to that term in the Listing Rules.
<b>Exchange</b>	the Australian Securities Exchange or ASX Limited or such other body corporate that is declared by the Board to be the company's primary stock exchange for the purposes of this definition.
<b>Listing Rules</b>	the listing rules of the Exchange as they apply to the company, or any other rules of the Exchange which are applicable while the entity is admitted to the Official List of the Exchange, each as amended or replaced from time to time, except to the extent of any express written waiver by the Exchange.
<b>Proper ASTC Transfer</b>	has the meaning given to that term in the <i>Corporations Regulations 2001</i> (Cth).

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Term	Meaning
<b>Record Time</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 in the case of a meeting for which the caller of the meeting has decided, under the Act, that shares are to be taken to be held by the persons who held them at a specified time before the meeting, that time; and</li> <li>2 in any other case, 7.00pm Sydney time two trading days prior to the meeting or 48 hours before the meeting (whichever is later).</li> </ol>
<b>Representative</b>	in relation to a member that is a body corporate, means a person authorised in accordance with the Act (or a corresponding previous law) by the body corporate to act as its representative at the meeting.
<b>Seal</b>	any common seal, duplicate seal or certificate seal of the company.
<b>Transmission Event</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 for a member who is an individual – the member's death, the member's bankruptcy, or a member becoming of unsound mind, or a person who, or whose estate, is liable to be dealt with in any way under the laws relating to mental health; and</li> <li>2 for a member who is a body corporate – the dissolution of the member or the succession by another body corporate to the assets and liabilities of the member.</li> </ol>
<b>URL</b>	Uniform Resource Locator, the address that specifies the location of a file on the internet.

- (b) A reference in this constitution to a partly paid share is a reference to a share on which there is an amount unpaid.
- (c) A reference in this constitution to an amount unpaid on a share includes a reference to any amount of the issue price which is unpaid.
- (d) A reference in this constitution to a call or an amount called on a share includes a reference to a sum that, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable on issue or at a fixed date.
- (e) A reference in this constitution to a member for the purposes of a meeting of members is a reference to a registered holder of shares as at the relevant Record Time.
- (f) A reference in this constitution to a member present at a general meeting is a reference to a member present in person or by proxy, attorney or Representative or, except in any rule that specifies a quorum or except in any rule prescribed by the Board, a member who has duly lodged a valid direct vote in relation to the general meeting under rule 7.8.
- (g) A chairperson or deputy chairperson appointed under this constitution may be referred to as chairman or chairwoman, or deputy chairman or chairwoman, or as chair, if applicable.
- (h) A reference in this constitution to a person holding or occupying a particular office or position is a reference to any person who occupies or performs the duties of that office or position.

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- (i) A reference to a document being 'signed' or to 'signature' includes that document being executed under hand or under seal or by any other method and, in the case of a communication in electronic form, includes the document being authenticated in accordance with the Act or any other method approved by the Board.
- (j) Unless the contrary intention appears, in this constitution:
- (1) the singular includes the plural and the plural includes the singular;
  - (2) words that refer to any gender include all genders;
  - (3) words used to refer to persons generally or to refer to a natural person include a body corporate, body politic, partnership, joint venture, association, board, group or other body (whether or not the body is incorporated);
  - (4) a reference to a person includes that person's successors and legal personal representatives;
  - (5) a reference to a statute or regulation, or a provision of any of them includes all statutes, regulations or provisions amending, consolidating or replacing them, and a reference to a statute includes all regulations, proclamations, ordinances and by-laws issued under that statute;
  - (6) a reference to the Listing Rules or the ASX Settlement Operating Rules includes any variation, consolidation or replacement of those rules and is to be taken to be subject to any applicable waiver or exemption; and
  - (7) where a word or phrase is given a particular meaning, other parts of speech and grammatical forms of that word or phrase have corresponding meanings.
- (k) Specifying anything in this constitution after the words 'including', 'includes' or 'for example' or similar expressions does not limit what else is included unless there is express wording to the contrary.
- (l) In this constitution, headings and bold type are only for convenience and do not affect the meaning of this constitution.

## 1.2 Application of the Act, Listing Rules and ASX Settlement Operating Rules

- (a) The rules that apply as replaceable rules to companies under the Act and the regulations in Table A in the legislation under which the company was formed do not apply to the company except so far as they are repeated in this constitution.
- (b) Unless the contrary intention appears:
- (1) an expression in a rule that deals with a matter dealt with by a provision of the Act, the Listing Rules or the ASX Settlement Operating Rules has the same meaning as in that provision; and
  - (2) subject to rule 1.2(b)(1), an expression in a rule that is used in the Act has the same meaning in this constitution as in the Act.
- (c) If the company is admitted to the official list of the Exchange, the following clauses apply:
- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this constitution, if the Listing Rules prohibit an act being done, the act shall not be done.
  - (2) Nothing contained in this constitution prevents an act being done that the Listing Rules require to be done.
  - (3) If the Listing Rules require an act to be done or not to be done, authority is given for that act to be done or not to be done (as the case may be).

- (4) If the Listing Rules require this constitution to contain a provision and it does not contain such a provision, this constitution is deemed to contain that provision.
- (5) If the Listing Rules require this constitution not to contain a provision and it contains such a provision, this constitution is deemed not to contain that provision.
- (6) If any provision of this constitution is or becomes inconsistent with the Listing Rules, this constitution is deemed not to contain that provision to the extent of the inconsistency.

### 1.3 Exercising powers

- (a) The company may, in any way the Act permits:
  - (1) exercise any power;
  - (2) take any action; or
  - (3) engage in any conduct or procedure,
 which, under the Act a company limited by shares may exercise, take or engage in.
- (b) Where this constitution provides that a person 'may' do a particular act or thing, the act or thing may be done at the person's discretion.
- (c) Where this constitution confers a power to do a particular act or thing, the power is, unless the contrary intention appears, to be taken as including a power exercisable in the same way and subject to the same conditions (if any) to repeal, rescind, revoke, amend or vary that act or thing.
- (d) Where this constitution confers a power to do a particular act or thing, the power may be exercised from time to time and may be exercised subject to conditions.
- (e) Where this constitution confers a power to do a particular act or thing concerning particular matters, the power is, unless the contrary intention appears, to be taken to include a power to do that act or thing as to only some of those matters or as to a particular class of those matters, and to make different provision concerning different matters or different classes of matters.
- (f) Where this constitution confers a power to make appointments to an office or position (except the power to appoint a director under rule 8.1(b)), the power is, unless the contrary intention appears, to be taken to include a power:
  - (1) to appoint a person to act in the office or position until a person is formally appointed to the office or position;
  - (2) to remove or suspend any person appointed (without prejudice to any rights or obligations under any contract between the person and the company); and
  - (3) to appoint another person temporarily in the place of any person removed or suspended or in the place of any sick or absent holder of the office or position.
- (g) Where this constitution gives power to a person to delegate a function or power:
  - (1) the delegation may be concurrent with, or (except in the case of a delegation by the Board) to the exclusion of, the performance or exercise of that function or power by the person;
  - (2) the delegation may be either general or limited in any way provided in the terms of delegation;
  - (3) the delegation need not be to a specified person but may be to any person holding, occupying or performing the duties of a specified office or position;

- (4) the delegation may include the power to delegate; and
- (5) where performing or exercising that function or power depends on that person's opinion, belief or state of mind about a matter, that function or power may be performed or exercised by the delegate on the delegate's opinion, belief or state of mind about that matter.

#### 1.4 Currency

Any amount payable to the holder of a share, whether in relation to dividends, repayment of capital, participation in surplus property of the company or otherwise, may, with the agreement of the holder or under the terms of issue of the share, be paid in the currency of a country other than Australia. The Board may fix a time on or before the payment date as the time at which the applicable exchange rate will be determined for that purpose.

#### 1.5 Transitional provisions

This constitution must be interpreted in such a way that:

- (a) every director, chief executive officer, managing director and secretary in office in that capacity immediately before this constitution is adopted continues in office subject to, and is taken to have been appointed or elected under, this constitution;
- (b) any register maintained by the company immediately before this constitution is adopted is taken to be a register maintained under this constitution;
- (c) any Seal adopted by the company as a Seal immediately before this constitution is adopted is taken to be a Seal which the company has under a relevant authority given by this constitution;
- (d) for the purposes of rule 4.1(p), a cheque issued under the predecessor of rule 4.1(k) is taken to have been issued under rule 4.1(k), any money held at the date of adoption of this constitution for a member under the predecessor of rule 4.1(m) is taken to have been held in an account under rule 4.1(m) and any money held at the date of adoption of this constitution for a member the company regards as uncontactable is taken to have been held in an account under rule 4.1(n); and
- (e) unless a contrary intention appears in this constitution, all persons, things, agreements and circumstances appointed, approved or created by or under the constitution of the company in force before this constitution is adopted continue to have the same status, operation and effect after this constitution is adopted.

## 2 Share capital

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### 2.1 Shares

Subject to this constitution, the Board may:

- (a) issue, allot or grant options for, or otherwise dispose of, shares in the company; and
- (b) decide:
  - (1) the persons to whom shares are issued or options are granted;
  - (2) the terms on which shares are issued or options are granted; and
  - (3) the rights and restrictions attached to those shares or options.

## 2.2 Preference shares

- (a) The company may issue preference shares including preference shares which are, or at the option of the company or holder are, liable to be redeemed or convertible into ordinary shares.
- (b) Each preference share confers on the holder a right to receive a preferential dividend, in priority to the payment of any dividend on the ordinary shares, at the rate and on the basis decided by the Board under the terms of issue.
- (c) In addition to the preferential dividend and rights on winding up, each preference share may participate with the ordinary shares in profits and assets of the company, including on a winding up, if and to the extent the Board decides under the terms of issue.
- (d) The preferential dividend may be cumulative only if and to the extent the Board decides under the terms of issue, and will otherwise be non-cumulative.
- (e) Each preference share confers on its holder the right in a winding up and on redemption to payment in priority to the ordinary shares of:
- (1) the amount of any dividend accrued but unpaid on the share at the date of winding up or the date of redemption; and
  - (2) any additional amount specified in the terms of issue.
- (f) To the extent the Board may decide under the terms of issue, a preference share may confer a right to a bonus issue or capitalisation of profits in favour of holders of those shares only.
- (g) A preference share does not confer on its holder any right to participate in the profits or assets of the company except as set out above.
- (h) A preference share does not entitle its holder to vote at any general meeting of the company except in the following circumstances:
- (1) during a period in which a dividend or part of a dividend on the share is in arrears;
  - (2) on a proposal to reduce the share capital of the company;
  - (3) on a resolution to approve the terms of a buy back agreement;
  - (4) on a proposal that affects rights attached to the preference share;
  - (5) on a proposal to wind up the company;
  - (6) on a proposal for the disposal of the whole of the property, business and undertaking of the company;
  - (7) during the winding up of the company; or
  - (8) in any other circumstances in which the Listing Rules require holders of preference shares to be entitled to vote.
- (i) The holder of a preference share who is entitled to vote in respect of that share under rule 2.2(h) is, on a poll, entitled to the greater of one vote per share or such other number of votes specified in, or determined in accordance with, the terms of issue for the share.
- (j) In the case of a redeemable preference share, the company must, at the time and place for redemption specified in, or determined in accordance with, the terms of issue for the share, redeem the share and, on receiving a redemption request under the terms of issue, pay to or at the direction of the holder the amount payable on redemption of the share.
- (k) A holder of a preference share must not transfer or purport to transfer, and the Board, to the extent permitted by the Listing Rules, must not register a transfer of, the share if the

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transfer would contravene any restrictions on the right to transfer the share set out in the terms of issue for the share.

### 2.3 Alteration of share capital

Subject to the Act, the Board may do anything required to give effect to any resolution altering the company's share capital, including, where a member becomes entitled to a fraction of a share on a consolidation, by:

- (a) making cash payments;
- (b) determining that fractions may be disregarded to adjust the rights of all members;
- (c) appointing a trustee to deal with any fractions on behalf of members; and
- (d) rounding (or rounding up) each fractional entitlement to the nearest whole share.

### 2.4 Conversion or reclassification of shares

Subject to rule 2.5, the company may by resolution convert or reclassify shares from one class to another.

### 2.5 Variation of class rights

- (a) The rights attached to any class of shares may, unless their terms of issue state otherwise, be varied:
  - (1) with the written consent of the holders of 75% of the shares of the class; or
  - (2) by a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of shares of the class.
- (b) The provisions of this constitution relating to general meetings apply, with necessary changes, to separate class meetings as if they were general meetings, except that:
  - (1) a quorum is 2 persons holding or representing at least one-third of the issued shares of the class or, if there is one holder of shares in a class, that person; and
  - (2) any holder of shares of the class present may demand a poll.
- (c) The rights conferred on the holders of any class of shares are to be taken as not having been varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking equally with them.

### 2.6 Joint holders of shares

Where 2 or more persons are registered as the holders of a share, they hold it as joint tenants with rights of survivorship, on the following conditions:

- (a) they are liable individually as well as jointly for all payments, including calls, in respect of the share;
- (b) subject to rule 2.6(a), on the death of any one of them the survivor is the only person the company will recognise as having any title to the share;
- (c) any one of them may give effective receipts for any dividend, bonus, interest or other distribution or payment in respect of the share; and
- (d) except where persons are jointly entitled to a share because of a Transmission Event, or where required by the Listing Rules or the ASX Settlement Operating Rules, the company may, but is not required to, register more than 3 persons as joint holders of the share.

## 2.7 Equitable and other claims

The company may treat the registered holder of a share as the absolute owner of that share and need not:

- (a) recognise a person as holding a share on trust, even if the company has notice of a trust; or
- (b) recognise, or be bound by, any equitable, contingent, future or partial claim to or interest in a share by any other person, except an absolute right of ownership in the registered holder, even if the company has notice of that claim or interest.

## 2.8 Restricted securities

If, at any time, any of the share capital of the company is classified by the Exchange as 'restricted securities', then despite any other provision of this constitution:

- (a) the holder or restricted securities must not dispose of, or agree or offer to dispose of, the securities during the escrow period applicable to those securities except as permitted by the Listing Rules or the Exchange;
- (b) if the restricted securities are in the same class as quoted securities, the holder will be taken to have agreed in writing that the restricted securities are to be kept on the company's issuer sponsored subregister and are to have a holding lock applied for the duration of the escrow period applicable to those securities;
- (c) the company must refuse to acknowledge a disposal (including, without limitation, registering a transfer) of the restricted securities during the escrow period except as permitted by the Listing Rules or the Exchange;
- (d) a holder of the restricted securities will not be entitled to participate in any return of capital on those securities during the escrow period applicable to those securities except as permitted by the Listing Rules or the Exchange; and
- (e) during a breach of the Listing Rules relating to restricted securities or a breach of a restriction agreement, the holder of the restricted securities is not entitled to any dividend or distribution, or voting rights, in respect of the restricted securities.

## 2.9 Securities Issued under the Employee Incentive Plan

Subject to the Listing Rules and the Act and for the purposes of section 1100V(2) of the Act, the issue cap is 10%.

# 3 Calls, forfeiture, indemnities, lien and surrender

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## 3.1 Calls

- (a) Subject to the terms on which any shares are issued, the Board may:
  - (1) make calls on the members for any amount unpaid on their shares which is not by the terms of issue of those shares made payable at fixed times; and
  - (2) on the issue of shares, differentiate between members as to the amount of calls to be paid and the time for payment.
- (b) The Board may require a call to be paid by instalments.

- (c) The Board must send members notice of a call at least 14 days (or such longer period required by the Listing Rules) before the amount called is due, specifying the amount of the call, the time for payment and the manner in which payment must be made.
- (d) Each member must pay the amount called to the company by the time and in the manner specified for payment.
- (e) A call is taken to have been made when the resolution of the Board authorising the call is passed.
- (f) The Board may revoke a call or extend the time for payment.
- (g) A call is valid even if a member for any reason does not receive notice of the call.
- (h) If an amount called on a share is not paid in full by the time specified for payment, the person who owes the amount must pay:
- (1) interest on the unpaid part of the amount from the date payment is due to the date payment is made, at a rate determined under rule 3.9; and
  - (2) if the share was issued after the date this constitution is adopted, any costs, expenses or damages the company incurs due to the failure to pay or late payment.
- (i) Any amount unpaid on a share that, by the terms of issue of the share, becomes payable on issue or at a fixed date:
- (1) is treated for the purposes of this constitution as if that amount were payable under a call duly made and notified; and
  - (2) must be paid on the date on which it is payable under the terms of issue of the share.
- (j) The Board may, to the extent the law permits, waive or compromise all or part of any payment due to the company under the terms of issue of a share or under this rule 3.1.

### 3.2 Proceedings to recover calls

- (a) In a proceeding to recover a call, or an amount payable due to the failure to pay or late payment of a call, proof that:
- (1) the name of the defendant is entered in the register as the holder or one of the holders of the share on which the call is claimed;
  - (2) the resolution making the call is recorded in the minute book; and
  - (3) notice of the call was given to the defendant complying with this constitution,
- is conclusive evidence of the obligation to pay the call and it is not necessary to prove the appointment of the Board who made the call or any other matter.
- (b) In rule 3.2(a), **defendant** includes a person against whom the company alleges a set-off or counterclaim, and a **proceeding** to recover a call or an amount is to be interpreted accordingly.

### 3.3 Payments in advance of calls

- (a) The Board may accept from a member the whole or a part of the amount unpaid on a share even though no part of that amount has been called.
- (b) The Board may authorise payment by the company of interest on an amount accepted under rule 3.3(a), until the amount becomes payable, at a rate agreed between the Board and the member paying the amount.



- (c) The Board may repay to a member any amount accepted under rule 3.3(a).

### 3.4 Forfeiting partly paid shares

- (a) If a member fails to pay the whole of a call or an instalment of a call by the time specified for payment, the Board may serve a notice on that member:
- (1) requiring payment of the unpaid part of the call or instalment, together with any interest that has accrued and all costs, expenses or damages that the company has incurred due to the failure to pay;
  - (2) naming a further time (at least 14 days after the date of the notice) by which, and the manner in which, the amount payable under rule 3.4(a)(1) must be paid; and
  - (3) stating that if the whole of the amount payable under rule 3.4(a)(1) is not paid by the time and in the manner specified, the shares on which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
- (b) If a member does not comply with a notice served under rule 3.4(a), the Board may by resolution forfeit any share concerning which the notice was given at any time after the day named in the notice and before the payment required by the notice is made.
- (c) A forfeiture under rule 3.4(b) includes all dividends, interest and other amounts payable by the company on the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture.
- (d) Where a share has been forfeited:
- (1) notice of the resolution must be given to the member in whose name the share stood immediately before the forfeiture; and
  - (2) an entry of the forfeiture, with the date, must be made in the register of members.
- (e) Failure to give the notice or to make the entry required under rule 3.4(d) does not invalidate the forfeiture.
- (f) A forfeited share becomes the property of the company and the Board may sell, reissue or otherwise dispose of the share as it thinks fit and, in the case of reissue or other disposal, with or without crediting as paid up any amount paid on the share by any former holder.
- (g) A person whose shares have been forfeited ceases to be a member as to the forfeited shares, but must, unless the Board decides otherwise, pay to the company:
- (1) all calls, instalments, interest, costs, expenses and damages owing on the shares at the time of the forfeiture; and
  - (2) interest on the unpaid part of the amount payable under rule 3.4(g)(1), from the date of the forfeiture to the date of payment, at a rate determined under rule 3.9.
- (h) The forfeiture of a share extinguishes all interest in, and all claims and demands against the company relating to, the forfeited share and, subject to rule 3.8(i), all other rights attached to the share.
- (i) The Board may:
- (1) exempt a share from all or part of this rule 3.4;
  - (2) waive or compromise all or part of any payment due to the company under this rule 3.4; and
  - (3) before a forfeited share has been sold, reissued or otherwise disposed of, cancel the forfeiture on the conditions it decides.

### 3.5 Members' indemnity

- (a) If the company becomes liable for any reason under a law to make a payment:
- (1) in respect of shares held solely or jointly by a member;
  - (2) in respect of a transfer or transmission of shares by a member;
  - (3) in respect of dividends, bonuses or other amounts due or payable or which may become due and payable to a member; or
  - (4) in any other way for, on account of or relating to a member,
- rules 3.5(b) and 3.5(c) apply, in addition to any right or remedy the company may otherwise have.
- (b) The member or, if the member is dead, the member's legal personal representative must:
- (1) fully indemnify the company against that liability;
  - (2) on demand reimburse the company for any payment made; and
  - (3) pay interest on the unpaid part of the amount payable to the company under rule 3.5(b)(2), from the date of demand until the date the company is reimbursed in full for that payment, at a rate determined under rule 3.9.
- (c) The Board may:
- (1) exempt a share from all or part of this rule 3.5; and
  - (2) waive or compromise all or part of any payment due to the company under this rule 3.5.

### 3.6 Lien on shares

- (a) The company has a first lien on:
- (1) each partly paid share for all unpaid calls and instalments due on that share; and
  - (2) each share for any amounts the company is required by law to pay and has paid in respect of that share.
- In each case the lien extends to reasonable interest and expenses incurred because the amount is not paid.
- (b) The company's lien on a share extends to all dividends payable on the share and to the proceeds of sale of the share.
- (c) The Board may sell a share on which the company has a lien as it thinks fit where:
- (1) an amount for which a lien exists under this rule 3.6 is presently payable; and
  - (2) the company has given the registered holder a written notice, at least 14 days before the date of the sale, stating and demanding payment of that amount.
- (d) The Board may do anything necessary or desirable under the ASX Settlement Operating Rules to protect any lien, charge or other right to which the company is entitled under this constitution or a law.
- (e) When the company registers a transfer of shares on which the company has a lien without giving the transferee notice of its claim, the company's lien is released so far as it relates to amounts owing by the transferor or any predecessor in title.
- (f) The Board may:
- (1) exempt a share from all or part of this rule 3.6; and

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- (2) waive or compromise all or part of any payment due to the company under this rule 3.6.

### 3.7 Surrender of shares

- (a) The Board may accept a surrender of a share by way of compromise of a claim.
- (b) Any share so surrendered may be sold, reissued or otherwise disposed in the same manner as a forfeited share.

### 3.8 Sale, reissue or other disposal of shares by the company

- (a) A reference in this rule 3.8 to a sale of a share by the company is a reference to any sale, reissue or other disposal of a share under rule 3.4(f), rule 3.6(c) or rule 5.4.
- (b) When the company sells a share, the Board may:
- (1) receive the purchase money or consideration given for the share;
  - (2) effect a transfer of the share or execute or appoint a person to execute, on behalf of the former holder, a transfer of the share; and
  - (3) register as the holder of the share the person to whom the share is sold.
- (c) A person to whom the company sells shares need not take any steps to investigate the regularity or validity of the sale, or to see how the purchase money or consideration on the sale is applied. That person's title to the shares is not affected by any irregularity by the company in relation to the sale. A sale of the share by the company is valid even if a Transmission Event occurs to the member before the sale.
- (d) The only remedy of a person who suffers a loss because of a sale of a share by the company is a claim for damages against the company.
- (e) The proceeds of a sale of shares by the company must be applied in paying:
- (1) first, the expenses of the sale;
  - (2) secondly, all amounts payable (whether presently or not) by the former holder to the company;
- and any balance must be paid to the former holder on the former holder delivering to the company proof of title to the shares acceptable to the Board.
- (f) The proceeds of sale or buy-back arising from a notice under rule 5.4(b) must not be applied in payment of the expenses of the sale or buy-back and must be paid to the former holder on the former holder delivering to the company proof of title to the shares acceptable to the Board.
- (g) Until the proceeds of a sale of a share sold by the company are claimed or otherwise disposed of according to law, the Board may invest or use the proceeds in any other way for the benefit of the company.
- (h) The company is not required to pay interest on money payable to a former holder under this rule 3.8.
- (i) On completion of a sale, reissue or other disposal of a share under rule 3.4(f), the rights which attach to the share which were extinguished under rule 3.4(h) revive.
- (j) A written statement by a director or secretary of the company that a share in the company has been:
- (1) duly forfeited under rule 3.4(b);
  - (2) duly sold, reissued or otherwise disposed of under rule 3.4(f); or

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(3) duly sold or bought back under rule 3.6(c) or rule 5.4,

on a date stated in the statement is conclusive evidence of the facts stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and of the right of the company to forfeit, sell, reissue or otherwise dispose of the share.

### 3.9 Interest payable by member

- (a) For the purposes of rules 3.1(h)(1), 3.4(g)(2) and 3.5(b)(3), the rate of interest payable to the company is:
- (1) if the Board has fixed a rate, that rate; or
  - (2) in any other case, a rate per annum 2% higher than the rate prescribed in respect of unpaid judgments in the Supreme Court of Victoria.
- (b) Interest accrues daily and may be capitalised monthly or at such other intervals the Board decides.

## 4 Distributions

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### 4.1 Dividends

- (a) The Board may pay any interim and final dividends that, in its judgment, the financial position of the company justifies.
- (b) The Board may rescind a decision to pay a dividend if it decides, before the payment date, that the company's financial position no longer justifies the payment.
- (c) The Board may pay any dividend required to be paid under the terms of issue of a share.
- (d) Paying a dividend does not require confirmation at a general meeting.
- (e) Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares:
- (1) all dividends must be paid equally on all shares, except that a partly paid share confers an entitlement only to the proportion of the dividend which the amount paid (not credited) on the share is of the total amounts paid and payable (excluding amounts credited);
  - (2) for the purposes of rule 4.1(e)(1), unless the Board decides otherwise, an amount paid on a share in advance of a call is to be taken as not having been paid until it becomes payable; and
  - (3) interest is not payable by the company on any dividend.
- (f) Subject to the ASX Settlement Operating Rules, the Board may fix a record date for a dividend, with or without suspending the registration of transfers from that date under rule 5.3.
- (g) Subject to the ASX Settlement Operating Rules, a dividend in respect of a share must be paid to the person who is registered, or entitled under rule 5.1(c) to be registered, as the holder of the share:
- (1) where the Board has fixed a record date in respect of the dividend, on that date; or
  - (2) where the Board has not fixed a record date in respect of that dividend, on the date fixed for payment of the dividend,

and a transfer of a share that is not registered, or left with the company for registration under rule 5.1(b), on or before that date is not effective, as against the company, to pass any right to the dividend.

- (h) When resolving to pay a dividend, the Board may direct payment of the dividend from any available source permitted by law, including:
- (1) wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets, including paid-up shares or other securities of the company or of another body corporate, either generally or to specific members; and
  - (2) unless prevented by the Listing Rules, to particular members wholly or partly out of any particular fund or reserve or out of profits derived from any particular source, and to the other members wholly or partly out of any other particular fund or reserve or out of profits derived from any other particular source.
- (i) Subject to the ASX Settlement Operating Rules, where a person is entitled to a share because of a Transmission Event, the Board may, but need not, retain any dividends payable on that share until that person becomes registered as the holder of that share or transfers it.
- (j) The Board may retain from any dividend payable to a member any amount presently payable by the member to the company and apply the amount retained to the amount owing.
- (k) The Board may decide the method of payment of any dividend or other amount in respect of a share. Different methods of payment may apply to different members or groups of members (such as overseas members). Without limiting any other method of payment which the company may adopt, payment in respect of a share may be made:
- (1) by such electronic or other means approved by the Board directly to an account (of a type approved by the Board) nominated in writing by the member or the joint holders; or
  - (2) by cheque sent to the address of the member shown in the register of members or, in the case of joint holders, to the address shown in the register of members of any of the joint holders, or to such other address as the member or any of the joint holders in writing direct.
- (l) A cheque sent under rule 4.1(k):
- (1) may be made payable to bearer or to the order of the member to whom it is sent or any other person the member directs; and
  - (2) is sent at the member's risk.
- (m) If the Board decides that payments will be made by electronic transfer into an account (of a type approved by the Board) nominated by a member, but no such account is nominated by the member or an electronic transfer into a nominated account is rejected or refunded, the company may credit the amount payable to an account of the company to be held until the member nominates a valid account.
- (n) Where a member does not have a registered address or the company believes that a member is not known at the member's registered address, the company may credit an amount payable in respect of the member's shares to an account of the company to be held until the member claims the amount payable or nominates a valid account.
- (o) An amount credited to an account under rules 4.1(m) or 4.1(n) is to be treated as having been paid to the member at the time it is credited to that account. The company will not be a trustee of the money and no interest will accrue on the money. The money may be used for the benefit of the company until claimed, reinvested under rule 4.1(p) or disposed of in accordance with the laws relating to unclaimed monies.

- (p) If a cheque for an amount payable under rule 4.1(k) is not presented for payment for at least 11 calendar months after issue or an amount is held in an account under rules 4.1(m) or 4.1(n) for at least 11 calendar months, the Board may, subject to law, reinvest the amount, after deducting reasonable expenses, into shares in the company on behalf of, and in the name of, the member concerned and may stop payment on the cheque. The shares may be acquired on market or by way of new issue at a price the Board accepts is market price at the time. Any residual sum which arises from the reinvestment may be carried forward or donated to charity on behalf of the member, as the Board decides. The company's liability to provide the relevant amount is discharged by an application under this rule 4.1(p). The Board may do anything necessary or desirable (including executing any document) on behalf of the member to effect the application of an amount under this rule 4.1(p). The Board may determine other rules to regulate the operation of this rule 4.1(p) and may delegate its power under this rule to any person.

## 4.2 Capitalising profits

- (a) Subject to the Listing Rules, any rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares and any special resolution of the company, the Board may capitalise and distribute to members, in the same proportions as the members are entitled to receive dividends, any amount:
- (1) forming part of the undivided profits of the company;
  - (2) representing profits arising from an ascertained accretion to capital or a revaluation of the assets of the company;
  - (3) arising from the realisation of any assets of the company; or
  - (4) otherwise available for distribution as a dividend.
- (b) The Board may resolve that all or any part of the capitalised amount is to be applied:
- (1) in paying up in full, at an issue price decided by the Board, any unissued shares in or other securities of the company;
  - (2) in paying up any amounts unpaid on shares or other securities held by the members;
  - (3) partly as specified in rule 4.2(b)(1) and partly as specified in rule 4.2(b)(2); or
  - (4) in any other method permitted by law.
- The members entitled to share in the distribution must accept that application in full satisfaction of their interest in the capitalised amount.
- (c) Rules 4.1(e), 4.1(f) and 4.1(g) apply, so far as they can and with any necessary changes, to capitalising an amount under this rule 4.2 as if references in those rules to:
- (1) a dividend were references to capitalising an amount; and
  - (2) a record date were references to the date the Board resolves to capitalise the amount under this rule 4.2.
- (d) Where the terms of options (existing at the date that the resolution referred to in rule 4.2(b) is passed) provide that the holder of those options is entitled to an issue of bonus shares under this rule 4.2, the Board may, in determining the number of unissued shares to be so issued, allow in an appropriate manner for the future issue of bonus shares to options holders.

### 4.3 Ancillary powers

- (a) To give effect to any resolution to reduce the capital of the company, to satisfy a dividend as set out in rule 4.1(h)(1) or to capitalise any amount under rule 4.2, the Board may settle as it thinks expedient any difficulty that arises in making the distribution or capitalisation and, in particular:
- (1) make cash payments in cases where members are entitled to fractions of shares or other securities and decide that amounts or fractions of less than a particular value decided by the Board may be disregarded to adjust the rights of all parties;
  - (2) fix the value for distribution of any specific assets;
  - (3) pay cash or issue shares or other securities to any member to adjust the rights of all parties;
  - (4) vest any of those specific assets, cash, shares or other securities in a trustee on trust for the persons entitled to the distribution or capitalised amount; and
  - (5) authorise any person to make, on behalf of all the members entitled to any specific assets, cash, shares or other securities as a result of the distribution or capitalisation, an agreement with the company or another person which provides, as appropriate, for the distribution or issue to them of shares or other securities credited as fully paid up or for payment by the company on their behalf of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares or other securities by applying their respective proportions of the amount resolved to be distributed or capitalised.
- (b) Any agreement made under an authority referred to in rule 4.3(a)(5) is effective and binds all members concerned.
- (c) If a distribution, transfer or issue of specific assets, shares or securities to a particular member or members is, in the Board's discretion, considered impracticable or would give rise to parcels of securities that do not constitute a marketable parcel, the Board may make a cash payment to those members or allocate the assets, shares or securities to a trustee to be sold on behalf of, and for the benefit of, those members, instead of making the distribution, transfer or issue to those members. Any proceeds receivable by members under this rule 4.3(c) will be net of expenses incurred by the company and trustee in selling the relevant assets, shares or securities.
- (d) If the company distributes to members (either generally or to specific members) securities in the company or in another body corporate or trust (whether as a dividend or otherwise and whether or not for value), each of those members appoints the company as his or her agent to do anything needed to give effect to that distribution, including agreeing to become a member of that other body corporate.

### 4.4 Reserves

- (a) The Board may set aside out of the company's profits any reserves or provisions it decides.
- (b) The Board may appropriate to the company's profits any amount previously set aside as a reserve or provision.
- (c) Setting aside an amount as a reserve or provision does not require the Board to keep the amount separate from the company's other assets or prevent the amount being used in the company's business or being invested as the Board decides.

## 4.5 Carrying forward profits

The Board may carry forward any part of the profits remaining that they consider should not be distributed as dividends or capitalised, without transferring those profits to a reserve or provision.

## 5 Transfer and transmission of shares

### 5.1 Transferring shares

- (a) Subject to this constitution and to any restrictions attached to a member's shares, a member may transfer any of the member's shares by:
- (1) a Proper ASTC Transfer; or
  - (2) a written transfer in any usual form or in any other form approved by the Board.
- (b) A transfer referred to in rule 5.1(a)(2) must be:
- (1) signed by or on behalf of both the transferor and the transferee unless the transfer relates only to fully paid shares and the Board has dispensed with a signature by the transferee or the transfer of the shares is effected by a document which is, or documents which together are, a sufficient transfer of those shares under the Act;
  - (2) if required by law, duly stamped; and
  - (3) left for registration at the company's registered office, or at any other place the Board decides, with such evidence the Board requires to prove the transferor's title or right to the shares and the transferee's right to be registered as the owner of the shares.
- (c) Subject to rules 5.2(a) and 5.3, where the company receives a transfer complying with rule 5.1, the company must register the transferee named in the transfer as the holder of the shares to which it relates.
- (d) A transferor of shares remains the holder of the shares until a Proper ASTC Transfer has been effected or the transferee's name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares.
- (e) The company must not charge a fee for registering a transfer of shares unless:
- (1) the company is not listed on the Exchange; or
  - (2) the fee is permitted by the Listing Rules.
- (f) Subject to rule 5.1(e), the company may charge a reasonable fee for:
- (1) registering paper-based transfers in registrable form; and
  - (2) marking a transfer form, or marking a renunciation and transfer form, within 2 business days after the form is lodged.
- (g) The company (or the company's securities registry) may put in place, and require compliance with, reasonable processes and procedures in connection with determining the authenticity of an instrument of transfer, notwithstanding that this may prevent, delay or interfere with the registration of the relevant instrument of transfer.
- (h) The company may retain a registered transfer for any period the Board decides.
- (i) The Board may do anything that is necessary or desirable for the company to participate in any computerised, electronic or other system for facilitating the transfer of shares or

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operation of the company's registers that may be owned, operated or sponsored by the Exchange or a related body corporate of the Exchange.

- (j) The Board may, to the extent the law permits, waive any of the requirements of this rule 5.1 and prescribe alternative requirements instead, to give effect to rule 5.1(i) or for another purpose.

## 5.2 Power to decline to register transfers

- (a) The Board may decline to register, or prevent registration of, a transfer of shares or apply a holding lock to prevent a transfer in accordance with the Act or the Listing Rules where:
- (1) the transfer is not in registrable form;
  - (2) the company has a lien on any of the shares transferred;
  - (3) registration of the transfer may breach a law of Australia;
  - (4) the transfer is paper-based and registration of the transfer will result in a holding which, at the time the transfer is lodged, is less than a marketable parcel;
  - (5) the transfer is not permitted under the terms of an employee share plan; or
  - (6) the company is otherwise permitted or required to do so under the Listing Rules or, except for a Proper ASTC Transfer, under the terms of issue of the shares.
- (b) If the Board declines to register a transfer, the company must give notice of the refusal as required by the Act and the Listing Rules. Failure to give that notice will not invalidate the decision of the Board to decline to register the transfer.
- (c) The Board may delegate its authority under this rule 5.2 to any person.

## 5.3 Power to suspend registration of transfers

The Board may suspend the registration of transfers at any time, and for any periods, permitted by the ASX Settlement Operating Rules that it decides.

## 5.4 Selling non marketable parcels

- (a) The Board may sell or buy back shares that constitute less than a marketable parcel by following the procedures in this rule 5.4.
- (b) The Board may send to a member who holds, on a date decided by the Board, less than a marketable parcel of shares in a class of shares of the company, a notice that:
- (1) explains the effect of the notice under this rule 5.4; and
  - (2) advises the holder that he or she may choose to be exempt from the provisions of this rule. A form of election for that purpose must be sent with the notice.
- (c) If, before 5.00pm Sydney time on a date specified in the notice (which must be no earlier than 6 weeks after the notice is sent):
- (1) the company has not received a notice from the member exempting the member from the provisions of this rule 5.4; and
  - (2) the member has not increased his or her shareholding to a marketable parcel,
- the member is taken to have irrevocably appointed the company as his or her agent to do anything in rule 5.4(e).
- (d) In addition to initiating a sale by sending a notice under rule 5.4(b), the Board may also initiate a sale or buy-back if a member holds less than a marketable parcel and that

holding was created by a transfer of a parcel of shares effected on or after 1 September 1999 that was less than a marketable parcel at the time that the transfer document was initiated or, in the case of a paper-based transfer document, was lodged with the company. In that case:

- (1) the member is taken to have irrevocably appointed the company as his or her agent to do anything in rule 5.4(e); and
  - (2) if the holding was created after the adoption of this rule, the Board may remove or change the member's rights to vote or receive dividends in respect of those shares. Any dividends withheld must be sent to the former holder after the sale when the former holder delivers to the company such proof of title as the Board accepts.
- (e) The company may:
- (1) sell or buy back the shares constituting less than a marketable parcel as soon as practicable;
  - (2) deal with the proceeds of sale or buy-back under rule 3.8; and
  - (3) receive any disclosure document, including a financial services guide, as agent for the member.
- (f) The costs and expenses of any sale or buy-back of shares arising from a notice under rule 5.4(b) (including brokerage and stamp duty) are payable by the purchaser or by the company.
- (g) A notice under rule 5.4(b) may be given to a member only once in a 12 month period and may not be given during the offer period of a takeover bid for the company.
- (h) If a takeover bid is announced after a notice is given but before an agreement is entered into for the sale or buy-back of shares, this rule ceases to operate for those shares. However, despite rule 5.4(g), a new notice under rule 5.4(b) may be given after the offer period of the takeover bid closes.
- (i) The Board may, before a sale is effected under this rule 5.4, revoke a notice given or suspend or terminate the operation of this rule either generally or in specific cases.
- (j) If a member is registered in respect of more than one parcel of shares, the Board may treat the member as a separate member in respect of each of those parcels so that this rule 5.4 will operate as if each parcel was held by different persons.

## 5.5 Transmission of shares

- (a) Subject to rule 5.5(c), where a member dies, the only persons the company will recognise as having any title to the member's shares or any benefits accruing on those shares are:
- (1) where the deceased was a sole holder, the legal personal representative of the deceased; and
  - (2) where the deceased was a joint holder, the survivor or survivors.
- (b) Rule 5.5(a) does not release the estate of a deceased member from any liability on a share, whether that share was held by the deceased solely or jointly with other persons.
- (c) The Board may register a transfer of shares signed by a member before a Transmission Event even though the company has notice of the Transmission Event.
- (d) A person who becomes entitled to a share because of a Transmission Event may, on producing such evidence as the Board requires to prove that person's entitlement to the share, choose:

- (1) to be registered as the holder of the share by signing and giving the company a written notice stating that choice; or
- (2) to nominate some other person to be registered as the transferee of the share by executing or effecting in some other way a transfer of the share to that other person.
- (e) The provisions of this constitution concerning the right to transfer shares and the registration of transfers of shares apply, so far as they can and with any necessary changes, to a notice or transfer under rule 5.5(d) as if the relevant Transmission Event had not occurred and the notice or transfer were executed or effected by the registered holder of the share.
- (f) Where 2 or more persons are jointly entitled to a share because of a Transmission Event they will, on being registered as the holders of the share, be taken to hold the share as joint tenants and rule 2.6 will apply to them.

## 6 Proportional takeover provisions

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### 6.1 Definitions

The meanings of the terms used in this rule 6 are set out below.

Term	Meaning
<b>Approving Resolution</b>	in relation to a Proportional Takeover Bid, a resolution to approve the Proportional Takeover Bid passed in accordance with rule 6.3.
<b>Approving Resolution Deadline</b>	in relation to a Proportional Takeover Bid, the day that is 14 days before the last day of the bid period and during which the offers under the Proportional Takeover Bid remain open or a later day allowed by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.
<b>Proportional Takeover Bid</b>	a takeover bid that is made or purports to be made under section 618(1)(b) of the Act in respect of securities included in a class of securities in the company.
<b>Relevant Class</b>	in relation to a Proportional Takeover Bid, means the class of securities in the company in respect of which offers are made under the Proportional Takeover Bid.

### 6.2 Transfers not to be registered

Despite rules 5.1(c) and 5.2, a transfer giving effect to a contract resulting from the acceptance of an offer made under a Proportional Takeover Bid must not be registered unless an Approving Resolution has been passed or is taken to have been passed in accordance with rule 6.3.

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### 6.3 Approving Resolution

- (a) Where offers have been made under a Proportional Takeover Bid, the Board must:
- (1) convene a meeting of the persons entitled to vote on the Approving Resolution for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing a resolution to approve the Proportional Takeover Bid; and
  - (2) ensure that the resolution is voted on in accordance with this rule 6.3, before the Approving Resolution Deadline.
- (b) The provisions of this constitution relating to general meetings apply, with such modification as the circumstances require, to a meeting that is convened under rule 6.3(a), as if that meeting were a general meeting of the company.
- (c) The bidder under a Proportional Takeover Bid and any associates of the bidder are not entitled to vote on the Approving Resolution and if they do vote, their votes must not be counted.
- (d) Subject to rule 6.3(c), a person who, as at the end of the day on which the first offer under the Proportional Takeover Bid was made, held securities of the relevant class, is entitled to vote on the Approving Resolution.
- (e) An Approving Resolution that has been voted on is taken to have been passed if the proportion that the number of votes in favour of the resolution bears to the total number of votes on the resolution is greater than 50%, and otherwise is taken to have been rejected.
- (f) If an Approving Resolution has not been voted on in accordance with this rule 6.3 as at the end of the day before the Approving Resolution Deadline, an Approving Resolution will be taken to have been passed in accordance with this rule 6.3 on the Approving Resolution Deadline.

### 6.4 Sunset

Rules 6.1, 6.2 and 6.3, cease to have effect at the end of 3 years beginning:

- (a) where those rules have not been renewed in accordance with the Act, on the date that those rules were adopted by the company; or
- (b) where those rules have been renewed in accordance with the Act, on the date those rules were last renewed.

## 7 General meetings

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### 7.1 Calling general meetings

- (a) A general meeting may only be called:
- (1) by a Board resolution; or
  - (2) as otherwise provided in the Act.
- (b) The Board may, by notice to the Exchange, change the venue for, postpone or cancel a general meeting but:
- (1) a meeting that is called in accordance with a members' requisition under the Act; and

- (2) any other meeting that is not called by a Board resolution.

may not be postponed or cancelled without the prior written consent of the person or persons who called or requisitioned the meeting.

## 7.2 Notice of general meetings

- (a) Notice of a general meeting must be given to each person who at the time of giving the notice:
- (1) is a member, director or auditor of the company; or
  - (2) is entitled to a share because of a Transmission Event and has satisfied the Board of that fact.
- (b) The content of a notice of a general meeting called by the Board is to be decided by the Board, but it must state the general nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting and any other matters required by the Act.
- (c) Unless the Act provides otherwise:
- (1) no business may be transacted at a general meeting unless the general nature of the business is stated in the notice calling the meeting; and
  - (2) except with the approval of the Board or the chairperson, no person may move any amendment to a proposed resolution or to a document that relates to such a resolution.
- (d) A person may waive notice of any general meeting by written notice to the company.
- (e) Failure to give a member or any other person notice of a general meeting or a proxy form, does not invalidate anything done or resolution passed at the general meeting if:
- (1) the failure occurred by accident or inadvertent error; or
  - (2) before or after the meeting, the person notifies the company of the person's agreement to that thing or resolution.
- (f) A person's attendance at a general meeting waives any objection that person may have to:
- (1) a failure to give notice, or the giving of a defective notice, of the meeting unless the person at the beginning of the meeting objects to the holding of the meeting; and
  - (2) the consideration of a particular matter at the meeting which is not within the business referred to in the notice of the meeting, unless the person objects to considering the matter when it is presented.

## 7.3 Admission to general meetings

- (a) The chairperson of a general meeting may take any action he or she considers appropriate for the safety of persons attending the meeting and the orderly conduct of the meeting and may refuse admission to, or require to leave and remain out of, the meeting any person:
- (1) in possession of a pictorial-recording or sound-recording device;
  - (2) in possession of a placard or banner;
  - (3) in possession of an article considered by the chairperson to be dangerous, offensive or liable to cause disruption;

- (4) who refuses to produce or permit examination of any article, or the contents of any article, in the person's possession;
- (5) who refuses to comply with a request to turn off a mobile telephone, personal communication device or similar device;
- (6) who behaves or threatens to behave or who the chairperson has reasonable grounds to believe may behave in a dangerous, offensive or disruptive way; or
- (7) who is not entitled to receive notice of the meeting.

The chairperson may delegate the powers conferred by this rule to any person he or she thinks fit.

- (b) A person, whether a member or not, requested by the Board or the chairperson to attend a general meeting is entitled to be present and, at the request of the chairperson, to speak at the meeting.
- (c) If the chairperson of a general meeting considers that there is not enough room for the members who wish to attend the meeting (if held in person), he or she may arrange for any person whom he or she considers cannot be seated in the main meeting room to observe or attend the general meeting in a separate room. Even if the members present in the separate room are not able to participate in the conduct of the meeting, the meeting will nevertheless be treated as validly held in the main room.
- (d) Subject to the Act, Listing Rules and any applicable law:
  - (1) a general meeting may be held at one or more venues using any technology that gives the members as a whole a reasonable opportunity to participate;
  - (2) a general meeting may be hybrid (virtual and in-person), held at one or more venues using any technology that gives the members as a whole a reasonable opportunity to participate; or
  - (3) a general meeting may be held virtually only, using any technology that gives the members as a whole a reasonable opportunity to participate.
- (e) If, before or during a general meeting, any technical difficulty occurs, such that the members as a whole do not have a reasonable opportunity to participate, the chairperson of a general meeting may:
  - (1) adjourn the general meeting until the technical difficulty is remedied; or
  - (2) where a quorum remains present (either at the place at which the chairperson is present or by technology contemplated by rule 7.3(d)) and able to participate, subject to the Act, continue the general meeting (in which case no member may object to the general meeting being held or continuing).
- (f) Nothing in this rule 7.3 or in rule 7.6 is to be taken to limit the powers conferred on the chairperson by law.

#### **7.4 Quorum at general meetings**

- (a) No business may be transacted at a general meeting, except the election of a chairperson and the adjournment of the meeting, unless a quorum of members is present when the meeting proceeds to business.
- (b) A quorum is 2 or more members present at the meeting (in person or by proxy, attorney or Representative) and entitled to vote on a resolution at the meeting.
- (c) If a quorum is not present within 30 minutes after the time appointed for the general meeting:

- (1) where the meeting was called at the request of members, the meeting must be dissolved; or
- (2) in any other case, the meeting stands adjourned to the day, and at the time and place, the directors present decide or, if they do not make a decision, to the same day in the next week at the same time and place and if a quorum is not present at the adjourned meeting within 30 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting must be dissolved.

## 7.5 Chairperson of general meetings

- (a) The chairperson of the Board or, in the absence of the chairperson, the deputy chairperson of the Board is entitled, if present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for a general meeting and willing to act, to preside as chairperson at the meeting.
- (b) The directors present may choose one of their number to preside as chairperson if, at a general meeting:
  - (1) there is no chairperson or deputy chairperson of the Board;
  - (2) neither the chairperson nor the deputy chairperson of the Board is present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting; or
  - (3) neither the chairperson nor the deputy chairperson of the Board is willing to act as chairperson of the meeting.
- (c) If the directors do not choose a chairperson under rule 7.5(b), the members present must elect as chairperson of the meeting:
  - (1) another director who is present and willing to act; or
  - (2) if no other director is present and willing to act, a member who is present and willing to act.
- (d) A chairperson of a general meeting may, for any item of business or discrete part of the meeting, vacate the chair in favour of another person nominated by him or her (**Acting Chairperson**). Where an instrument of proxy appoints the chairperson as proxy for part of the proceedings for which an Acting Chairperson has been nominated, the instrument of proxy is taken to be in favour of the Acting Chairperson for the relevant part of the proceedings.
- (e) Wherever the term 'chairperson' is used in this rule 7, it is to be read as a reference to the chairperson of the general meeting, unless the context indicates otherwise.

## 7.6 Conduct at general meetings

- (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the chairperson is responsible for the general conduct of the meeting and for the procedures to be adopted at the meeting.
- (b) The chairperson may, at any time the chairperson considers it necessary or desirable for the efficient and orderly conduct of the meeting:
  - (1) impose a limit on the time that a person may speak on each motion or other item of business and terminate debate or discussion on any business, question, motion or resolution being considered by the meeting and require the business, question, motion or resolution to be put to a vote of the members present;
  - (2) adopt any procedures for casting or recording votes at the meeting whether on a show of hands or on a poll, including the appointment of scrutineers; and
  - (3) decide not to put to the meeting any resolution proposed in the notice convening the meeting (other than a resolution proposed by members in

accordance with section 249N of the Act or required by the Act to be put to the meeting).

- (c) A decision by a chairperson under rules 7.6(a) or 7.6(b) is final.
- (d) Whether or not a quorum is present, the chairperson may postpone the meeting before it has started if, at the time and place appointed for the meeting, he or she considers that:
  - (1) there is not enough room for the number of members who wish to attend the meeting; or
  - (2) a postponement is necessary in light of the behaviour of persons present or for any other reason so that the business of the meeting can be properly carried out.
- (e) A postponement under rule 7.6(d) will be to another time, which may be on the same day as the meeting, and may be to another place (and the new time and place will be taken to be the time and place for the meeting as if specified in the notice that called the meeting originally).
- (f) The chairperson may at any time during the course of the meeting:
  - (1) adjourn the meeting or any business, motion, question or resolution being considered or remaining to be considered by the meeting either to a later time at the same meeting or to an adjourned meeting; and
  - (2) for the purpose of allowing any poll to be taken or determined, suspend the proceedings of the meeting for such period or periods as he or she decides without effecting an adjournment. No business may be transacted and no discussion may take place during any suspension of proceedings unless the chairperson otherwise allows.
- (g) The chairperson's rights under rules 7.6(d) and 7.6(f) are exclusive and, unless the chairperson requires otherwise, no vote may be taken or demanded by the members present concerning any postponement, adjournment or suspension of proceedings.
- (h) Only unfinished business may be transacted at a meeting resumed after an adjournment.
- (i) Where a meeting is postponed or adjourned under this rule 7.6, notice of the postponed or adjourned meeting must be given to the Exchange, but, except as provided by rule 7.6(k), need not be given to any other person.
- (j) Where a meeting is postponed or adjourned, the Board may, by notice to the Exchange, postpone, cancel or change the place of the postponed or adjourned meeting.
- (k) Where a meeting is postponed or adjourned for 30 days or more, notice of the postponed or adjourned meeting must be given as in the case of the original meeting.

## 7.7 Decisions at general meetings

- (a) Except where a resolution requires a special majority, questions arising at a general meeting must be decided by a majority of votes cast by the members present at the meeting. A decision made in this way is for all purposes, a decision of the members.
- (b) If the votes are equal on a proposed resolution, the chairperson of the meeting has a casting vote, in addition to any deliberative vote.
- (c) The chairperson may determine that any question to be submitted to a general meeting be determined by a poll without first submitting the question to the meeting to be decided on a show of hands.
- (d) Unless the chairperson makes the determination referred to in rule 7.7(c), each question submitted to a general meeting is to be decided in the first instance by a show of hands of the members present and entitled to vote.



- (e) A poll may be demanded by members in accordance with the Act (and not otherwise) or by the chairperson.
- (f) A demand for a poll does not prevent a general meeting continuing to transact any business except the question on which the poll is demanded.
- (g) Unless a poll is duly demanded, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or carried by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the company is conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against the resolution.
- (h) If a poll is duly demanded at a general meeting, it must be taken in the way and either at once or after an interval or adjournment as the chairperson directs. The result of the poll as declared by the chairperson is the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
- (i) A poll cannot be demanded at a general meeting on the election of a chairperson.
- (j) The demand for a poll may be withdrawn with the chairperson's consent.

### 7.8 Direct voting

- (a) Despite anything to the contrary in this constitution, the directors may decide that, at any general meeting or class meeting, a member who is entitled to attend and vote on a resolution at that meeting is entitled to a direct vote in respect of that resolution. A 'direct vote' includes a vote delivered to the company by post, fax or other electronic means approved by the directors.
- (b) The directors may prescribe regulations, rules and procedures in relation to direct voting, including specifying the form, method and timing of giving a direct vote at a meeting in order for the vote to be valid.

### 7.9 Treatment of direct votes

A direct vote on a resolution at a meeting in respect to a share cast in accordance with clause 7.8 is of no effect and will be disregarded:

- (a) if, at the time of the resolution, the person who cast the direct vote:
  - (1) is not entitled to vote on the resolution in respect of the share; or
  - (2) would not be entitled to vote on the resolution in respect of the share if the person were present at the meeting at which the resolution is considered;
- (b) if, had the vote been cast in person at the meeting at which the resolution is considered:
  - (1) the vote would not be valid; or
  - (2) the Company would be obliged to disregard the vote;
- (c) subject to any rule prescribed by the Directors, if the person who cast the direct vote is present in person at the meeting at the time the resolution is considered; and
- (d) if the direct vote was cast otherwise than in accordance with any regulations, rules and procedures prescribed by the Directors under clause 7.8(b).

### 7.10 Voting rights

- (a) Subject to this constitution and the Act and to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares, at a general meeting:
  - (1) on a show of hands, every member present has one vote; and

- (2) on a poll, every member present has one vote for each share held as at the Record Time by the member entitling the member to vote, except for partly paid shares, each of which confers on a poll only the fraction of one vote which the amount paid (not credited) on the share bears to the total amounts paid and payable (excluding amounts credited) on the share. An amount paid in advance of a call is disregarded for this purpose.
- (b) If a person present at a general meeting represents personally or by proxy, attorney or Representative more than one member, on a show of hands the person, subject to the Act, is entitled to one vote only even though he or she represents more than one member.
- (c) A joint holder may vote at a meeting either personally or by proxy, attorney or Representative as if that person was the sole holder. If more than one joint holder tenders a vote in respect of the relevant shares, the vote of the holder named first in the register who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, attorney or Representative, must be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
- (d) The parent or guardian of an infant member may vote at any general meeting on such evidence being produced of the relationship or of the appointment of the guardian as the Board may require and any vote so tendered by a parent or guardian of an infant member must be accepted to the exclusion of the vote of the infant member.
- (e) A person entitled to a share because of a Transmission Event may vote at a general meeting in respect of that share in the same way as if that person were the registered holder of the share if, at least 48 hours before the meeting (or such shorter time as the Board determines), the Board:
- (1) admitted that person's right to vote at that meeting in respect of the share; or
  - (2) was satisfied of that person's right to be registered as the holder of, or to transfer, the share.
- Any vote duly tendered by that person must be accepted and the vote of the registered holder of those shares must not be counted.
- (f) Where a member holds a share on which a call or other amount payable to the company has not been duly paid:
- (1) that member is only entitled to be present at a general meeting and vote if that member holds, as at the Record Time, other shares on which no money is then due and payable; and
  - (2) on a poll, that member is not entitled to vote in respect of that share but may vote in respect of any shares that member holds, as at the Record Time, on which no money is then due and payable.
- (g) A member is not entitled to vote on a resolution if, under the Act or the Listing Rules:
- (1) the member must not vote or must abstain from voting on the resolution; or
  - (2) a vote on the resolution by the member must be disregarded for any purposes.
- If the member or a person acting as proxy, attorney or Representative of the member does tender a vote on that resolution, their vote must not be counted.
- (h) An objection to the validity of a vote tendered at a general meeting must be:
- (1) raised before or immediately after the result of the vote is declared; and
  - (2) referred to the chairperson, whose decision is final.
- (i) A vote tendered, but not disallowed by the chairperson under rule 7.10(h), is valid for all purposes, even if it would not otherwise have been valid.

- (j) The chairperson may decide any difficulty or dispute that arises as to the number of votes that may be cast by or on behalf of any member and the decision of the chairperson is final.

### 7.11 Representation at general meetings

- (a) Subject to this constitution, each member entitled to vote at a general meeting may vote:
- (1) in person or, where a member is a body corporate, by its Representative;
  - (2) by not more than 2 proxies; or
  - (3) by not more than 2 attorneys.
- (b) A proxy, attorney or Representative may, but need not, be a member of the company.
- (c) An instrument appointing a proxy is valid if it is in accordance with the Act or in any form approved by the Board.
- (d) For the purposes of this rule 7.11 a proxy appointment received at an electronic address specified in the notice of general meeting for the receipt of proxy appointment or otherwise received by the company in accordance with the Act is taken to have been signed or executed if the appointment:
- (1) includes or is accompanied by a personal identification code allocated by the company to the member making the appointment;
  - (2) has been authorised by the member in another manner approved by the Board and specified in or with the notice of meeting; or
  - (3) is otherwise authenticated in accordance with the Act.
- (e) A vote given in accordance with an instrument appointing a proxy or attorney is valid despite the transfer of the share in respect of which the instrument was given if the transfer is not registered by the time at which the instrument appointing the proxy or attorney is required to be received under rule 7.11(i).
- (f) Unless otherwise provided in the appointment of a proxy, attorney or Representative, an appointment will be taken to confer authority:
- (1) even though the appointment may refer to specific resolutions and may direct the proxy, attorney or Representative how to vote on those resolutions, to do any of the acts specified in rule 7.11(g); and
  - (2) even though the appointment may refer to a specific meeting to be held at a specified time or venue, where the meeting is rescheduled, adjourned or postponed to another time or changed to another venue, to attend and vote at the rescheduled, adjourned or postponed meeting or at the new venue.
- (g) The acts referred to in rule 7.11(f)(1) are:
- (1) to vote on any amendment moved to the proposed resolutions and on any motion that the proposed resolutions not be put or any similar motion;
  - (2) to vote on any motion before the general meeting, whether or not the motion is referred to in the appointment; and
  - (3) to act generally at the meeting (including to speak, demand a poll, join in demanding a poll and to move motions).
- (h) A proxy form issued by the company must allow for the insertion of the name of the person to be primarily appointed as proxy and may provide that, in circumstances and on conditions specified in the form that are not inconsistent with this constitution, the chairperson of the relevant meeting (or another person specified in the form) is appointed as proxy.

- (i) A proxy or attorney may not vote at a general meeting or adjourned or postponed meeting or on a poll unless the instrument appointing the proxy or attorney, and the authority under which the instrument is signed or a certified copy of the authority, are received by the company:
- (1) at least 48 hours, or such lesser time as specified by the Board in the notice of meeting, (or in the case of an adjournment or postponement of a meeting, any lesser time that the Board or the chairperson of the meeting decides) before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned or postponed meeting or taking the poll, as applicable; or
  - (2) where rule 7.11(j)(2) applies, such shorter period before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned or postponed meeting or taking the poll, as applicable, as the company determines in its discretion.

A document is received by the company under this rule 7.11(i) when it is received in accordance with the Act, and to the extent permitted by the Act, if the document is produced or the transmission of the document is otherwise verified to the company in the way specified in the notice of meeting.

- (j) Where the company receives an instrument appointing a proxy or attorney in accordance with rule 7.11 and within the time period specified in rule 7.11(i)(4), the company is entitled to:
- (1) clarify with the appointing member any instruction in relation to that instrument by written or verbal communication and make any amendments to the instrument required to reflect any clarification; and
  - (2) where the company considers that the instrument has not been duly executed, return the instrument to the appointing member and request that the member duly execute the instrument and return it to the company within the period determined by the company under rule 7.11(i)(2) and notified to the member.
- (k) The member is taken to have appointed the company as its attorney for the purpose of any amendments made to an instrument appointing a proxy in accordance with rule 7.11(j)(1). An instrument appointing a proxy or attorney which is received by the company in accordance with rule 7.11(j) is taken to have been validly received by the company.
- (l) The appointment of a proxy or attorney is not revoked by the appointor attending and taking part in the general meeting, but if the appointor votes on a resolution, the proxy or attorney is not entitled to vote, and must not vote, as the appointor's proxy or attorney on the resolution.
- (m) Where a member appoints 2 proxies or attorneys to vote at the same general meeting:
- (1) if the appointment does not specify the proportion or number of the member's votes each proxy or attorney may exercise, each proxy or attorney may exercise half the member's votes;
  - (2) on a show of hands, neither proxy or attorney may vote if more than one proxy or attorney attends; and
  - (3) on a poll, each proxy or attorney may only exercise votes in respect of those shares or voting rights the proxy or attorney represents.
- (n) Unless written notice of the matter has been received at the company's registered office (or at another place specified for lodging an appointment of a proxy, attorney or Representative for the meeting) within the time period specified under rule 7.11(i) a vote cast by a proxy, attorney or Representative is valid even if, before the vote is cast:
- (1) a Transmission Event occurs to the member; or

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- (2) the member revokes the appointment of the proxy, attorney or Representative or revokes the authority under which a third party appointed the proxy, attorney or Representative.
- (o) The chairperson may require a person acting as a proxy, attorney or Representative to establish to the chairperson's satisfaction that the person is the person duly appointed to act. If the person fails to satisfy the requirement, the chairperson may :
  - (1) exclude the person from attending or voting at the meeting; or
  - (2) permit the person to exercise the powers of a proxy, attorney or Representative on the condition that, if required by the company, he or she produce evidence of the appointment within the time set by the chairperson.
- (p) The chairperson may delegate his or her powers under rule 7.11(o) to any person.

## 8 Directors

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### 8.1 Appointment and retirement of directors

- (a) The number of directors (not including alternate directors) shall:
  - (1) not be less than 3; and
  - (2) not be more than 9,
 unless the company resolves otherwise at a general meeting.
- (b) The Board may appoint any eligible person to be a director, either as an addition to the existing directors or to fill a casual vacancy, but so that the total number of directors does not exceed the maximum number fixed under this constitution.
- (c) A director appointed by the Board under rule 8.1(b), who is not a managing director, holds office until the conclusion of the next AGM following his or her appointment.
- (d) No director who is not the managing director may hold office without re-election beyond the third AGM following the meeting at which the director was last elected or re-elected.
- (e) If there is more than one managing director, only one of them, nominated by the Board, is entitled not to be subject to vacation of office under rule 8.1(c) or retirement under rule 8.1(d) or 8.1(f).
- (f) To the extent that the Listing Rules require an election of directors to be held and no director would otherwise be required (by rules 8.1(c) or 8.1(d)) to submit for election or re-election the director to retire is any director who wishes to retire (whether or not he or she intends to stand for re-election), otherwise it is the director who has been longest in office since their last election or appointment (excluding the managing director). As between directors who were last elected or appointed on the same day, the director to retire must be decided by lot (unless they agree among themselves who will stand for re-election).
- (g) A director is not required to retire and is not relieved from retiring because of a change in the number or identity of the directors after the date of the notice calling the AGM but before the meeting closes.
- (h) Subject to rule 8.1(j), the members may by resolution at a general meeting elect or re-elect an eligible person as a director, either in addition to the existing directors or to fill a casual vacancy, but so that the total number of directors does not exceed the maximum number fixed under this constitution.

- (i) The retirement of a director from office under this constitution and the re-election of a director or the election of another person to that office (as the case may be) takes effect at the conclusion of the meeting at which the retirement and re-election or election occur.
- (j) A person is eligible for election to the office of a director at a general meeting only if:
- (1) the person is in office as a director immediately before that meeting;
  - (2) the person has been nominated by the Board for election at that meeting;
  - (3) where the person is a member, he or she has, within the timeframe specified in rule 8.1(k), given the company a notice signed by him or her stating the member's desire to be a candidate for election at that meeting; or
  - (4) where the person is not a member, a member intending to nominate the person for election at that meeting has, within the timeframe specified in rule 8.1(k), given the company a notice signed by the member stating the member's intention to nominate the person for election, and a notice signed by the person stating his or her consent to the nomination.
- (k) The relevant timeframe for the purposes of rules 8.1(j)(3) and 8.1(j)(4) is:
- (1) in the case of a general meeting the Board has been duly requested to call by members under the Act, not less than 30 Business Days or more than 90 Business Days before the meeting; and
  - (2) otherwise, not less than 45 Business Days or more than 90 Business Days before the meeting.
- (l) A partner, employer or employee of an auditor of the company may not be appointed or elected as a director.

## 8.2 Vacating office

In addition to the circumstances prescribed by the Act and this constitution, the office of a director becomes vacant if the director:

- (a) becomes of unsound mind or a person who is, or whose estate is, liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental health;
- (b) becomes bankrupt or insolvent or makes any arrangement or composition with his or her creditors generally;
- (c) is convicted on indictment of an offence and the Board does not within one month after that conviction resolve to confirm the director's appointment or election (as the case may be) to the office of director;
- (d) fails to attend meetings of the Board for more than 3 consecutive months without leave of absence from the Board and a majority of the other directors have not, within 14 days of having been given a notice by the secretary giving details of the absence, resolved that leave of absence be granted; or
- (e) resigns by written notice to the company.

## 8.3 Remuneration

- (a) The Board may decide the remuneration from the company to which each director is entitled for his or her services as a director but the total amount provided to all non-executive directors of the company for their services as directors must not exceed in aggregate in any financial year the amount fixed by the company in general meeting.
- (b) When calculating a non-executive director's remuneration for the purposes of rule 8.3(a), any amount paid by the company or related body corporate:

- (1) to a superannuation, retirement or pension fund for a director so that the company is not liable to pay the superannuation guarantee charge or similar statutory charge is to be included;
- (2) as fees for acting as a director of the company or any child entity (including attending and participating in any board committee meeting where the Board has not made a determination under rule 8.7(c)) is to be included;
- (3) as securities issued under the Listing Rules with the approval of members are to be excluded; and
- (4) for any insurance premium paid or agreed to be paid for a director under rule 10.4 is to be excluded.
- (c) Remuneration under rule 8.3(a) may be provided in such manner that the Board decides, including by way of non-cash benefit, such as a contribution to a superannuation fund.
- (d) The remuneration is taken to accrue from day to day.
- (e) The remuneration of a director (who is not a managing director or an executive director) must not include a commission on, or a percentage of, profits or operating revenue.
- (f) The directors are entitled to be paid all travelling and other expenses they incur in attending to the company's affairs, including attending and returning from general meetings of the company or meetings of the Board or of committees of the Board. Such amounts will not form part of the aggregate remuneration permitted under rule 8.3(a).
- (g) Any director who performs extra services, makes any special exertions for the benefit of the company or who otherwise performs services which, in the opinion of the Board, are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a non-executive director, may be remunerated for the services (as determined by the Board) out of the funds of the company. Any amount paid will not form part of the aggregate remuneration permitted under rule 8.3(a).
- (h) If a director is also
- (1) an officer (other than a director);
  - (2) or an executive,
- of the company or of a related body corporate, any remuneration that director may receive for acting in their capacity as that officer or executive may be either in addition to or instead of that director's remuneration under rule 8.3(a).
- (i) The Board may:
- (1) at any time after a director dies or ceases to hold office as a director for any other reason, pay or provide to the director or a legal personal representative, spouse, relative or dependant of the director, in addition to the remuneration of that director under rule 8.3(a), a pension or benefit for past services rendered by that director; and
  - (2) cause the company to enter into a contract with the director or a legal personal representative, spouse, relative or dependant of the director to give effect to such a payment or provide for such a benefit.
- (j) Any director may be paid a retirement benefit, as determined by the Board, in accordance with the Act. The Board may make arrangements with any director with respect to the payment of retirement benefits in accordance with this rule 8.3(j).
- (k) The Board may establish or support, or assist in the establishment or support, of funds and trusts to provide pension, retirement, superannuation or similar payments or benefits to or in respect of the directors or former directors and grant pensions and allowances to those persons or their dependants either by periodic payment or a lump sum.

#### 8.4 Director need not be a member

- (a) A director is not required to hold any shares in the company to qualify for appointment.
- (b) A director is entitled to attend and speak at general meetings and at meetings of the holders of a class of shares, even if he or she is not a member or a holder of shares in the relevant class.

#### 8.5 Directors may contract with the company and hold other offices

- (a) The Board may make regulations requiring the disclosure of interests that a director, and any person deemed by the Board to be related to or associated with the director, may have in any matter concerning the company or a related body corporate. Any regulations made under this constitution bind all directors.
- (b) No act, transaction, agreement, instrument, resolution or other thing is invalid or voidable only because a person fails to comply with any regulation made under rule 8.5(a).
- (c) A director is not disqualified from contracting or entering into an arrangement with the company as vendor, purchaser or in another capacity, merely because the director holds office as a director or because of the fiduciary obligations arising from that office.
- (d) A contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the company in which a director is in any way interested is not invalid or voidable merely because the director holds office as a director or because of the fiduciary obligations arising from that office.
- (e) A director who is interested in any arrangement involving the company is not liable to account to the company for any profit realised under the arrangement merely because the director holds office as a director or because of the fiduciary obligations arising from that office, provided that the director complies with the disclosure requirements applicable to the director under rule 8.5(a) and under the Act regarding that interest.
- (f) A director may hold any other office or position (except auditor) in the company or any related body corporate in conjunction with his or her directorship and may be appointed to that office or position on terms (including remuneration and tenure) the Board decides.
- (g) A director may be or become a director or other officer of, or interested in, any related body corporate or any other body corporate promoted by or associated with the company, or in which the company may be interested as a vendor, and, with the consent of the Board, need not account to the company for any remuneration or other benefits the director receives as a director or officer of, or from having an interest in, that body corporate.
- (h) A director who has an interest in a matter that is being considered at a meeting of the Board may, despite that interest, vote, be present and be counted in a quorum at the meeting, unless that is prohibited by the Act. No act, transaction, agreement, instrument, resolution or other thing is invalid or voidable only because a director fails to comply with that prohibition.
- (i) The Board may exercise the voting rights given by shares in any corporation held or owned by the company in any way the Board decides. This includes voting for any resolution appointing a director as a director or other officer of that corporation or voting for the payment of remuneration to the directors or other officers of that corporation. A director may, if the law permits, vote for the exercise of those voting rights even though he or she is, or may be about to be appointed, a director or other officer of that other corporation and, in that capacity, may be interested in the exercise of those voting rights.
- (j) A director who is interested in any contract or arrangement may, despite that interest, participate in the execution of any document by or on behalf of the company evidencing or otherwise connected with that contract or arrangement.



## 8.6 Powers and duties of directors

- (a) The business and affairs of the company are to be managed by or under the direction of the Board, which (in addition to the powers and authorities conferred on it by this constitution) may exercise all powers and do all things that are:
- (1) within the power of the company; and
  - (2) are not by this constitution or by law directed or required to be done by the company in general meeting.
- (b) The Board may exercise all the powers of the company:
- (1) to borrow or raise money in any other way;
  - (2) to charge any of the company's property or business or any of its uncalled capital; and
  - (3) to issue debentures or give any security for a debt, liability or obligation of the company or of any other person.
- (c) Debentures or other securities may be issued on the terms and at prices decided by the Board, including bearing interest or not, with rights to subscribe for, or exchange into, shares or other securities in the company or a related body corporate or with special privileges as to redemption, participating in share issues, attending and voting at general meetings and appointing directors.
- (d) The Board may decide how cheques, promissory notes, banker's drafts, bills of exchange or other negotiable instruments must be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as applicable, by or on behalf of the company.
- (e) The Board may:
- (1) appoint or employ any person as an officer, agent or attorney of the company for the purposes, with the powers, discretions and duties (including those vested in or exercisable by the Board), for any period and on any other conditions they decide;
  - (2) authorise an officer, agent or attorney to delegate any of the powers, discretions and duties vested in the officer, agent or attorney; and
  - (3) remove or dismiss any officer, agent or attorney of the company at any time, with or without cause.
- (f) A power of attorney may contain any provisions for the protection and convenience of the attorney or persons dealing with the attorney that the Board decides.
- (g) Nothing in this rule 8.6 limits the general nature of rule 8.6(a).

## 8.7 Delegation by the Board

- (a) The Board may delegate any of its powers to a director, a committee of the Board, or any person.
- (b) A director, committee of the Board, or person to whom any powers have been so delegated must exercise the powers delegated in accordance with any directions of the Board.
- (c) The acceptance of a delegation of powers by a director may, if the Board so resolves, be treated as an extra service or special exertion performed by the delegate for the purposes of rule 8.3(g).
- (d) The provisions of this constitution applying to meetings and resolutions of the Board apply, so far as they can and with any necessary changes, to meetings and resolutions of

a committee of the Board, except to the extent they are contrary to any direction given under rule 8.7(b).

## 8.8 Proceedings of directors

- (a) The directors may meet together to attend to business and adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they decide.
- (b) The contemporaneous linking together by telephone or other electronic means of a sufficient number of directors to constitute a quorum, constitutes a meeting of the Board. All the provisions in this constitution relating to meetings of the Board apply, as far as they can and with any necessary changes, to meetings of the Board by telephone or other electronic means.
- (c) A meeting by telephone or other electronic means is to be taken to be held at the place where the chairperson of the meeting is or at such other place the chairperson of the meeting decides on, as long as at least one of the directors involved was at that place for the duration of the meeting.
- (d) A director taking part in a meeting by telephone or other electronic means is to be taken to be present in person at the meeting and all directors participating in the meeting will (unless there is a specific statement otherwise) be taken to have consented to the holding of the meeting by the relevant electronic means.
- (e) If, before or during the meeting, any technical difficulty occurs where one or more directors cease to participate, the chairperson may adjourn the meeting until the difficulty is remedied or may, where a quorum of directors remains present, continue with the meeting.

## 8.9 Calling meetings of the Board

- (a) A director may, whenever the director thinks fit, call a meeting of the Board.
- (b) A secretary must, if requested by a director, call a meeting of the Board.

## 8.10 Notice of meetings of the Board

- (a) Notice of a meeting of the Board must be given to each person who is, at the time the notice is given:
  - (1) a director, except a director on leave of absence approved by the Board; or
  - (2) an alternate director appointed under rule 8.15 by a director on leave of absence approved by the Board.
- (b) A notice of a meeting of the Board:
  - (1) must specify the time and place of the meeting;
  - (2) need not state the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting;
  - (3) may, if necessary, be given immediately before the meeting;
  - (4) may be given in person or by post or by telephone, fax or other electronic means, or in any other way consented to by the directors from time to time; and
  - (5) will be taken to have been given to an alternate director if it is given to the director who appointed that alternate director.
- (c) A director or alternate director may waive notice of a meeting of the Board by giving notice to that effect in person or by post or by telephone, fax or other electronic means.

- (d) Failure to give a director or alternate director notice of a meeting of the Board does not invalidate anything done or any resolution passed at the meeting if:
- (1) the failure occurred by accident or inadvertent error; or
  - (2) the director or alternate director attended the meeting or waived notice of the meeting (whether before or after the meeting).
- (e) A person who attends a meeting of the Board waives any objection that person may have to a failure to give notice of the meeting.

### 8.11 Quorum at meetings of the Board

- (a) No business may be transacted at a meeting of the Board unless a quorum of directors is present at the time the business is dealt with.
- (b) Unless the Board decides differently, 2 directors constitute a quorum.
- (c) If there is a vacancy in the office of a director, the remaining directors may act. But, if their number is not sufficient to constitute a quorum, they may act only in an emergency or to increase the number of directors to a number sufficient to constitute a quorum or to call a general meeting of the company.

### 8.12 Chairperson and deputy chairperson of the Board

- (a) The Board must elect a director to the office of chairperson of the Board and may elect one or more directors to the office of deputy chairperson of the Board. The Board may decide the period for which those offices will be held.
- (b) The chairperson of the Board is entitled (if present within 10 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting and willing to act) to preside as chairperson at a meeting of the Board.
- (c) If at a meeting of the Board:
- (1) there is no chairperson of the Board;
  - (2) the chairperson of the Board is not present within 10 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting; or
  - (3) the chairperson of the Board is present within that time but is not willing or declines to act as chairperson of the meeting,

the deputy chairperson, if any, is entitled to be chairperson of the meeting. In the absence of a deputy chairperson, or if the deputy chairperson is unwilling or declines to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present must elect one of themselves to chair the meeting.

### 8.13 Decisions of the Board

- (a) The Board, at a meeting at which a quorum is present, may exercise any authorities, powers and discretions vested in or exercisable by the Board under this constitution.
- (b) Questions arising at a meeting of the Board must be decided by a majority of votes cast by the directors present entitled to vote on the matter.
- (c) Subject to rule 8.13(d), if the votes are equal on a proposed resolution, the chairperson of the meeting has a casting vote, in addition to his or her deliberative vote.
- (d) Where only 2 directors are present or entitled to vote at a meeting of the Board and the votes are equal on a proposed resolution:
- (1) the chairperson of the meeting does not have a second or casting vote; and

- (2) the proposed resolution is taken as lost.

### 8.14 Written resolutions

- (a) If:
- (1) all of the directors (other than any director on leave of absence approved by the Board, any director who disqualifies himself or herself from considering the resolution in question and any director who would be prohibited by the Act from voting on the resolution in question) sign or consent to a written resolution; and
  - (2) the directors who sign or consent to the resolution would have constituted a quorum at a meeting of the Board held to consider that resolution,
- then the resolution is taken to have been passed by a meeting of the Board.
- (b) A director may consent to a resolution by:
- (1) signing the document containing the resolution (or a copy of that document);
  - (2) giving to the company a written notice (including by fax to its registered office, email or other electronic means) addressed to the secretary or to the chairperson of the Board signifying assent to the resolution and either setting out its terms or otherwise clearly identifying them; or
  - (3) telephoning the secretary or the chairperson of the Board and signifying assent to the resolution and clearly identifying its terms.

### 8.15 Alternate directors

- (a) A director may, with the approval of a majority of the other directors, appoint a person to be the director's alternate director for such period as the director decides.
- (b) An alternate director may, but need not, be a member or a director of the company.
- (c) One person may act as alternate director to more than one director.
- (d) In the absence of the appointor, an alternate director may exercise any powers (except the power to appoint an alternate director) that the appointor may exercise.
- (e) An alternate director is entitled, if the appointor does not attend a meeting of the Board, to attend and vote in place of and on behalf of the appointor.
- (f) An alternate director is entitled to a separate vote for each director the alternate director represents in addition to any vote the alternate director may have as a director in his or her own right.
- (g) An alternate director, when acting as a director, is responsible to the company for his or her own acts and defaults and is not to be taken to be the agent of the director by whom he or she was appointed.
- (h) The office of an alternate director is vacated if and when the appointor vacates office as a director.
- (i) The appointment of an alternate director may be terminated or suspended at any time by the appointor or by a majority of the other directors.
- (j) An appointment, or the termination or suspension of an appointment of an alternate director, must be in writing and signed and takes effect only when the company has received notice in writing of the appointment, termination or suspension.
- (k) An alternate director is not to be taken into account in determining the minimum or maximum number of directors allowed or the rotation of directors under this constitution.

- (l) In determining whether a quorum is present at a meeting of the Board, an alternate director who attends the meeting is to be counted as a director for each director on whose behalf the alternate director is attending the meeting.
- (m) An alternate director is not entitled to receive any remuneration as a director from the company otherwise than out of the remuneration of the director appointing the alternate director but is entitled to travelling, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred for the purpose of attending any meeting of the Board at which the appointor is not present.

### 8.16 Validity of acts

An act done by a meeting of the Board, a committee of the Board or a person acting as a director is not invalidated by:

- (a) a defect in the appointment of a person as a director or a member of a committee; or
- (b) a person so appointed being disqualified or not being entitled to vote, if that circumstance was not known by the Board, committee or person when the act was done.

## 9 Executive officers

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### 9.1 Managing directors and executive directors

- (a) The Board may appoint one or more of the directors to the office of managing director or other executive director.
- (b) Unless the Board decides otherwise, a managing director's or other executive director's employment terminates if the managing director or other executive director ceases to be a director.
- (c) A managing director or other executive director may be referred to by any title the Board decides on.

### 9.2 Secretary

- (a) The Board must appoint at least one secretary and may appoint additional secretaries.
- (b) The Board may appoint one or more assistant secretaries.

### 9.3 Provisions applicable to all executive officers

- (a) A reference in this rule 9.3 to an executive officer is a reference to a managing director, deputy managing director, executive director, secretary or assistant secretary appointed under this rule 9.
- (b) The appointment of an executive officer may be for the period, at the remuneration and on the conditions the Board decides.
- (c) The remuneration payable by the company to an executive officer must not include a commission on, or percentage of, operating revenue.
- (d) The Board may:
  - (1) delegate to or give an executive officer any powers, discretions and duties it decides;

- (2) withdraw, suspend or vary any of the powers, discretions and duties given to an executive officer; and
  - (3) authorise the executive officer to delegate any of the powers, discretions and duties given to the executive officer.
- (e) Unless the Board decides differently, the office of a director who is employed by the company or by a subsidiary of the company automatically becomes vacant if the director ceases to be so employed.
- (f) An act done by a person acting as an executive officer is not invalidated by:
- (1) a defect in the person's appointment as an executive officer;
  - (2) the person being disqualified to be an executive officer; or
  - (3) the person having vacated office,
- if the person did not know that circumstance when the act was done.

## 10 Indemnity and insurance

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### 10.1 Persons to whom rules 10.2 and 10.4 apply

Rules 10.2 and 10.4 apply:

- (a) to each person who is or has been a director, alternate director or executive officer (within the meaning of rule 9.3(a)) of the company; and
- (b) to such other officers or former officers of the company or of its related bodies corporate as the Board in each case determines,  
(each an **Officer** for the purposes of this rule).

### 10.2 Indemnity

The company must indemnify each Officer on a full indemnity basis and to the full extent permitted by law against all losses, liabilities, costs, charges and expenses (**Liabilities**) incurred by the Officer as an officer of the company or of a related body corporate.

### 10.3 Extent of indemnity

The indemnity in rule 10.2:

- (a) is enforceable without the Officer having to first incur any expense or make any payment;
- (b) is a continuing obligation and is enforceable by the Officer even though the Officer may have ceased to be an officer of the company or its related bodies corporate; and
- (c) applies to Liabilities incurred both before and after the adoption of this constitution.

### 10.4 Insurance

The company may, to the extent permitted by law:

- (a) purchase and maintain insurance; or
- (b) pay or agree to pay a premium for insurance,

for each Officer against any Liability incurred by the Officer as an officer of the company or of a related body corporate including, but not limited to, a liability for negligence or for reasonable costs and expenses incurred in defending or responding to proceedings, whether civil or criminal and whatever their outcome.

## 10.5 Savings

Nothing in rule 10.2 or 10.4:

- (a) affects any other right or remedy that a person to whom those rules apply may have in respect of any Liability referred to in those rules;
- (b) limits the capacity of the company to indemnify or provide or pay for insurance for any person to whom those rules do not apply; or
- (c) limits or diminishes the terms of any indemnity conferred or agreement to indemnify entered into prior to the adoption of this constitution.

## 10.6 Deed

The company may enter into a deed with any Officer to give effect to the rights conferred by this rule 10 or the exercise of a discretion under this rule 10 on such terms as the Board thinks fit which are not inconsistent with this rule 10.

# 11 Winding up

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## 11.1 Distributing surplus

Subject to this constitution and the rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares:

- (a) if the company is wound up and the property of the company available for distribution among the members is more than sufficient to pay:
  - (1) all the debts and liabilities of the company; and
  - (2) the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up,
 the excess must be divided among the members in proportion to the number of shares held by them, irrespective of the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares;
- (b) for the purpose of calculating the excess referred to in rule 11.1(a), any amount unpaid on a share is to be treated as property of the company;
- (c) the amount of the excess that would otherwise be distributed to the holder of a partly paid share under rule 11.1(a) must be reduced by the amount unpaid on that share at the date of the distribution; and
- (d) if the effect of the reduction under rule 11.1(c) would be to reduce the distribution to the holder of a partly paid share to a negative amount, the holder must contribute that amount to the company.

## 11.2 Dividing property

- (a) If the company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution:
  - (1) divide among the members the whole or any part of the company's property; and

- (2) decide how the division is to be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
- (b) A division under rule 11.2(a) need not accord with the legal rights of the members and, in particular, any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part.
- (c) Where a division under rule 11.2(a) does not accord with the legal rights of the members, a member is entitled to dissent and to exercise the same rights as if the special resolution sanctioning that division were a special resolution passed under section 507 of the Act.
- (d) If any of the property to be divided under rule 11.2(a) includes securities with a liability to calls, any person entitled under the division to any of the securities may, within 10 days after the passing of the special resolution referred to in rule 11.2(a), by written notice direct the liquidator to sell the person's proportion of the securities and account for the net proceeds. The liquidator must, if practicable, act accordingly.
- (e) Nothing in this rule 11.2 takes away from or affects any right to exercise any statutory or other power which would have existed if this rule were omitted.
- (f) Rule 4.3 applies, so far as it can and with any necessary changes, to a division by a liquidator under rule 11.2(a) as if references in rule 4.3 to:
- (1) the Board were references to the liquidator; and
  - (2) a distribution or capitalisation were references to the division under rule 11.2(a).

## 12 Inspection of and access to records

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- (a) A person who is not a director does not have the right to inspect any of the board papers, books, records or documents of the company, except as provided by law, or this constitution, or as authorised by the Board, or by resolution of the members.
- (b) The company may enter into contracts with its directors or former directors agreeing to provide continuing access for a specified period after the director ceases to be a director to board papers, books, records and documents of the company which relate to the period during which the director or former director was a director on such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit and which are not inconsistent with this rule 12.
- (c) The company may procure that its subsidiaries provide similar access to board papers, books, records or documents as that set out in rules 12(a) and 12(b).
- (d) This rule 12 does not limit any right the directors or former directors otherwise have.

## 13 Seals

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### 13.1 Manner of execution

Without limiting the ways in which the company can execute documents under the Act and subject to this constitution, the company may execute a document if the document is signed by:

- (a) 2 directors; or
- (b) a director and a secretary; or
- (c) any other person authorised by the Board for that purpose.



## 13.2 Common seal

The company may have a common seal. If the company has a common seal, rules 13.3 to 13.7 apply.

## 13.3 Safe custody of Seal

The Board must provide for the safe custody of the Seal.

## 13.4 Using the Seal

Subject to rule 13.7 and unless a different procedure is decided by the Board, if the company has a common seal any document to which it is affixed must be signed by:

- (a) 2 directors;
- (b) by a director and a secretary; or
- (c) a director and another person appointed by the Board to countersign that document or a class of documents in which that document is included.

## 13.5 Seal register

- (a) The company may keep a Seal register and, on affixing the Seal to any document (other than a certificate for securities of the company) may enter in the register particulars of the document, including a short description of the document.
- (b) The register, or any details from it that the Board requires, may be produced at meetings of the Board for noting the use of the Seal since the previous meeting of the Board.

## 13.6 Duplicate seals and certificate seals

- (a) The company may have one or more duplicate seals for use in place of its common seal outside the state or territory where its common seal is kept. Each duplicate seal must be a facsimile of the common seal of the company with the addition on its face of the words 'duplicate seal' and the name of the place where it is to be used.
- (b) A document sealed with a duplicate seal, or a certificate seal as provided in rule 13.7, is to be taken to have been sealed with the common seal of the company.

## 13.7 Sealing and signing certificates

The Board may decide either generally or in a particular case that the Seal and the signature of any director, secretary or other person is to be printed on or affixed to any certificates for securities in the company by some mechanical or other means.

# 14 Notices

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## 14.1 Notices by the company to members

- (a) Without limiting any other way in which notice may be given to a member under this constitution, the Act or the Listing Rules, the company may give a notice to a member by:
  - (1) delivering it personally to the member;

- (2) sending it by prepaid post to the member's address in the register of members or any other address the member supplies to the company for giving notices; or
- (3) sending it by fax or other electronic means (including providing a URL link to any document or attachment) to the fax number or electronic address the member has supplied to the company for giving notices.
- (b) The company may give a notice to the joint holders of a share by giving the notice in the way authorised by rule 14.1(a) to the joint holder who is named first in the register of members for the share.
- (c) The company may give a notice to a person entitled to a share as a result of a Transmission Event by delivering it or sending it in the manner authorised by rule 14.1(a) addressed to the name or title of the person, to:
- (1) the address, fax number or electronic address that person has supplied to the company for giving notices to that person; or
- (2) if that person has not supplied an address, fax number or electronic address, to the address, fax number or electronic address to which the notice might have been sent if that Transmission Event had not occurred.
- (d) A notice given to a member under rules 14.1(a) or 14.1(b) is, even if a Transmission Event has occurred and whether or not the company has notice of that occurrence:
- (1) duly given for any shares registered in that person's name, whether solely or jointly with another person; and
- (2) sufficiently served on any person entitled to the shares because of the Transmission Event.
- (e) A notice given to a person who is entitled to a share because of a Transmission Event is sufficiently served on the member in whose name the share is registered.
- (f) A person who, because of a transfer of shares, becomes entitled to any shares registered in the name of a member, is taken to have received every notice which, before that person's name and address is entered in the register of members for those shares, is given to the member complying with this rule 14.1.
- (g) A signature to any notice given by the company to a member under this rule 14.1 may be printed or affixed by some mechanical, electronic or other means.
- (h) Where a member does not have a registered address or where the company believes that member is not known at the member's registered address, all notices are taken to be:
- (1) given to the member if the notice is exhibited in the company's registered office for a period of 48 hours; and
- (2) served at the commencement of that period,
- unless and until the member informs the company of the member's address.

## 14.2 Notices by the company to directors

The company may give a notice to a director or alternate director by:

- (a) delivering it personally to him or her;
- (b) sending it by prepaid post to his or her usual residential or business address, or any other address he or she has supplied to the company for giving notices; or
- (c) sending it by fax or other electronic means to the fax number or electronic address he or she has supplied to the company for giving notices.

### 14.3 Notices by directors to the company

A director or alternate director may give a notice to the company by:

- (a) delivering it to the company's registered office;
- (b) sending it by prepaid post to the company's registered office; or
- (c) sending it by fax or other electronic means to the principal fax number or electronic address at the company's registered office.

### 14.4 Time of service

- (a) A notice from the company properly addressed and posted is taken to be served at 10.00am on the day after the date it is posted.
- (b) A certificate signed by a secretary or officer of the company to the effect that a notice was duly posted under this constitution is conclusive evidence of that fact.
- (c) Where the company sends a notice by fax, the notice is taken as served at the time the fax is sent if the correct fax number appears on the facsimile transmission report produced by the sender's fax machine.
- (d) Where the company sends a notice by electronic transmission, the notice is taken as served at the time the electronic transmission is sent.
- (e) Where the company gives a notice to a member by any other means permitted by the Act relating to the giving of notices and electronic means of access to them, the notice is taken as given at 10.00am on the day after the date on which the member is notified that the notice is available.
- (f) Where a given number of days' notice or notice extending over any other period must be given, the day of service is not to be counted in the number of days or other period.

### 14.5 Other communications and documents

Rules 14.1 to 14.4 (inclusive) apply, so far as they can and with any necessary changes, to serving any communication or document.

### 14.6 Written notices

A reference in this constitution to a written notice includes a notice given by fax or other electronic means. A signature to a written notice need not be handwritten.

## 15 General

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### 15.1 Submission to jurisdiction

Each member submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the state or territory in which the company is taken to be registered for the purposes of the Act, the Federal Court of Australia and the courts which may hear appeals from those courts.

### 15.2 Prohibition and enforceability

- (a) Any provision of, or the application of any provision of, this constitution which is prohibited in any place is, in that place, ineffective only to the extent of that prohibition.

- (b) Any provision of, or the application of any provision of, this constitution which is void, illegal or unenforceable in any place does not affect the validity, legality or enforceability of that provision in any other place or of the remaining provisions in that or any other place.

PROPOSED - SUBJECT TO SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL

For personal use only



WHITE ENERGY COMPANY

# Proxy Voting Form

If you are attending the virtual Meeting please retain this Proxy Voting Form for online Securityholder registration.

White Energy Company Limited | ABN 62 071 527 083

Your proxy voting instruction must be received by **10.00am (AEDT) on Tuesday, 26 November 2024**, being **not later than 48 hours** before the commencement of the Meeting. Any Proxy Voting instructions received after that time will not be valid for the scheduled Meeting.

## SUBMIT YOUR PROXY

Complete the form overleaf in accordance with the instructions set out below.

### YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS

The name and address shown above is as it appears on the Company's share register. If this information is incorrect, and you have an Issuer Sponsored holding, you can update your address through the investor portal: <https://investor.automic.com.au/#/home> Shareholders sponsored by a broker should advise their broker of any changes.

### STEP 1 – APPOINT A PROXY

If you wish to appoint someone other than the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy, please write the name of that Individual or body corporate. A proxy need not be a Shareholder of the Company. Otherwise if you leave this box blank, the Chair of the Meeting will be appointed as your proxy by default.

### DEFAULT TO THE CHAIR OF THE MEETING

Any directed proxies that are not voted on a poll at the Meeting will default to the Chair of the Meeting, who is required to vote these proxies as directed. Any undirected proxies that default to the Chair of the Meeting will be voted according to the instructions set out in this Proxy Voting Form, including where the Resolutions are connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of Key Management Personnel.

### STEP 2 - VOTES ON ITEMS OF BUSINESS

You may direct your proxy how to vote by marking one of the boxes opposite each item of business. All your shares will be voted in accordance with such a direction unless you indicate only a portion of voting rights are to be voted on any item by inserting the percentage or number of shares you wish to vote in the appropriate box or boxes. If you do not mark any of the boxes on the items of business, your proxy may vote as he or she chooses. If you mark more than one box on an item your vote on that item will be invalid.

### APPOINTMENT OF SECOND PROXY

You may appoint up to two proxies. If you appoint two proxies, you should complete two separate Proxy Voting Forms and specify the percentage or number each proxy may exercise. If you do not specify a percentage or number, each proxy may exercise half the votes. You must return both Proxy Voting Forms together. If you require an additional Proxy Voting Form, contact Automic Registry Services.

### SIGNING INSTRUCTIONS

**Individual:** Where the holding is in one name, the Shareholder must sign.

**Joint holding:** Where the holding is in more than one name, all Shareholders should sign.

**Power of attorney:** If you have not already lodged the power of attorney with the registry, please attach a certified photocopy of the power of attorney to this Proxy Voting Form when you return it.

**Companies:** To be signed in accordance with your Constitution. Please sign in the appropriate box which indicates the office held by you.

**Email Address:** Please provide your email address in the space provided.

**By providing your email address, you elect to receive all communications despatched by the Company electronically (where legally permissible) such as a Notice of Meeting, Proxy Voting Form and Annual Report via email.**

### CORPORATE REPRESENTATIVES

If a representative of the corporation is to attend the Meeting the appropriate 'Appointment of Corporate Representative' should be produced prior to admission. A form may be obtained from the Company's share registry online at <https://automicgroup.com.au>.

### Lodging your Proxy Voting Form:

#### Online

Use your computer or smartphone to appoint a proxy at <https://investor.automic.com.au/#/loginsah> or scan the QR code below using your smartphone

**Login & Click on 'Meetings'. Use the Holder Number as shown at the top of this Proxy Voting Form.**



#### BY MAIL:

Automic  
GPO Box 5193  
Sydney NSW 2001

#### IN PERSON:

Automic  
Level 5, 126 Phillip Street  
Sydney NSW 2000

#### BY EMAIL:

[meetings@automicgroup.com.au](mailto:meetings@automicgroup.com.au)

#### BY FACSIMILE:

+61 2 8583 3040

#### All enquiries to Automic:

#### WEBSITE:

<https://automicgroup.com.au>

#### PHONE:

1300 288 664 (Within Australia)  
+61 2 9698 5414 (Overseas)

## STEP 1 - How to vote

### APPOINT A PROXY:

I/We being a Shareholder entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting of White Energy Company Limited, to be held virtually at **10.00am (AEDT) on Thursday, 28 November 2024** and physically at Level 5, 126 Phillip St, Sydney NSW 2000 hereby:

**Appoint the Chair of the Meeting (Chair)** OR if you are not appointing the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy, please write in the box provided below the name of the person or body corporate you are appointing as your proxy or failing the person so named or, if no person is named, the Chair, or the Chair's nominee, to vote in accordance with the following directions, or, if no directions have been given, and subject to the relevant laws as the proxy sees fit and at any adjournment thereof.

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**The Chair intends to vote undirected proxies in favour of all Resolutions in which the Chair is entitled to vote.**

Unless indicated otherwise by ticking the "for", "against" or "abstain" box you will be authorising the Chair to vote in accordance with the Chair's voting intention.

### AUTHORITY FOR CHAIR TO VOTE UNDIRECTED PROXIES ON REMUNERATION RELATED RESOLUTIONS

Where I/we have appointed the Chair as my/our proxy (or where the Chair becomes my/our proxy by default), I/we expressly authorise the Chair to exercise my/our proxy on Resolutions 1 and 4 (except where I/we have indicated a different voting intention below) even though Resolutions 1 and 4 are connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of a member of the Key Management Personnel, which includes the Chair.

### VIRTUAL PARTICIPATION AT THE MEETING:

The Company is pleased to provide shareholders with the opportunity to attend and participate in a virtual Meeting through an online meeting platform powered by Automic, where shareholders will be able to watch, listen, and vote online.

To access the virtual meeting:

1. Open your internet browser and go to **investor.automic.com.au**
2. Login with your username and password or click "**register**" if you haven't already created an account. **Shareholders are encouraged to create an account prior to the start of the meeting to ensure there is no delay in attending the virtual meeting**

Further information on how to do this is set out in the Notice of Meeting. The Explanatory Notes that accompany and form part of the Notice of Meeting describe the various matters to be considered.

## STEP 2 - Your voting direction

Resolutions	For	Against	Abstain
1 Adoption of Remuneration Report	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2 Re-Election of Brian Flannery as a Director	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3 ASX Listing Rule 7.1A Approval of Future Issue of Securities	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4 Approval to Issue Securities under the Company's Long Term Incentive Plan	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5 Amendments to the Company's Constitution	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Please note: If you mark the abstain box for a particular Resolution, you are directing your proxy not to vote on that Resolution on a show of hands or on a poll and your votes will not be counted in computing the required majority on a poll.

## STEP 3 – Signatures and contact details

Individual or Securityholder 1

--

Sole Director and Sole Company Secretary

Securityholder 2

--

Director

Securityholder 3

--

Director / Company Secretary

Contact Name:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Email Address:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Contact Daytime Telephone

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Date (DD/MM/YY)

		/			/		
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**By providing your email address, you elect to receive all communications despatched by the Company electronically (where legally permissible).**