



**PREMIER
INVESTMENTS
LIMITED**

A.C.N. 006 727 966

Annual Report 2023

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peteralexander

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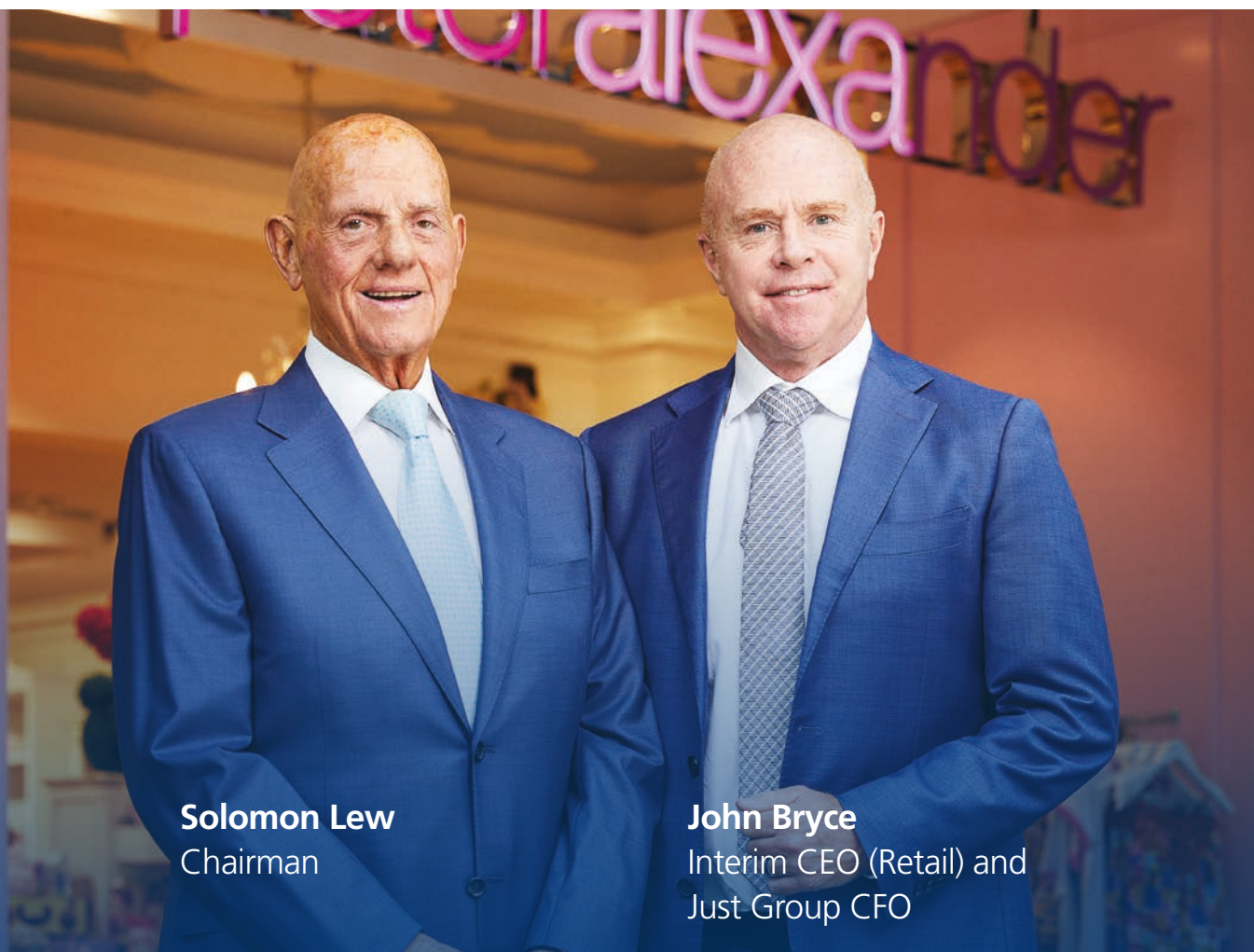


smiggle®
where a smile meets a giggle

Smiggle - Matilda's Range

Chairman's Report

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Solomon Lew
Chairman

John Bryce
Interim CEO (Retail) and
Just Group CFO

On behalf of the Premier Investments Limited ("Premier") Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the 2023 Annual Report for the financial year ended 29 July 2023 ("FY23").

This year marks 15 years since Premier's acquisition of the Just Group in 2008. Reflecting on the past 15 years, I am delighted with Premier's continued growth and development as a formidable retail and investment group. Notwithstanding the numerous challenges presented over the past years – a once in a lifetime global pandemic, Brexit, and challenging macroeconomic environments to name a few – one thing has remained constant: Premier has continued to deliver for all of its stakeholders.

Premier reported a statutory Net Profit After Tax ("NPAT") of \$271.1 million for FY23. This year's statutory profit result includes the accounting impact of equity accounting partway through the year for Premier's 25.79% investment in Myer Holdings Limited. Premier now equity accounts for its investments in Myer Holdings Limited as well as Breville Group Limited. Premier's adjusted NPAT (non-IFRS), excluding the accounting effects of equity accounting and a non-cash impairment of intangible assets, was \$278.6 million for the year, up 6.43% on FY22¹.

¹ Refer to page 6 of the Directors Report for an explanation of Premier's Adjusted NPAT, including a reconciliation to statutory NPAT. Due to the complexities of equity accounting and considering that equity accounting for Myer commenced partway through the year, the Group has presented an adjusted NPAT to better explain the impact of AASB 128 Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures on this year's profit result.

Chairman's Report continued

Premier Retail – Outstanding performance

Premier Retail, our wholly owned retail segment, contributed record Earnings Before Interest and Tax ("EBIT") of \$356.5 million, up 6.4% on FY22² and up 113% on 'pre-COVID' FY19.

Premier Retail comprises of our seven iconic brands – Peter Alexander, Smiggle, Just Jeans, Jay Jays, Portmans, Dotti and Jacqui E. Our omni-channel customer experience allows for a seamless shopping experience, supporting customers in whichever way they choose to engage with us. Be it through our over 1,100 bricks and mortar stores across six countries, or online via our websites across four countries or through our wholesale partnership arrangements with international 'best in class' retail partners.

Premier Retail reported record global sales for the year of \$1.644 billion, up 9.7% on FY22. This result reflects yet another record sales result for Peter Alexander, a record sales contribution from the apparel brands, and a record Smiggle global sales result.

Our five apparel brands contributed sales for the year of \$844.8 million, an increase of 17.9% on 'pre-COVID' FY19, trading as a more efficient business through 37 less stores than at the end of FY19.

The apparel brands continue to focus on improved product and sourcing, and enhancing the customer experience, whilst maintaining a strong focus on operational efficiency and excellence.

Peter Alexander – Powerful designer brand delivering record sales

Peter Alexander is a unique design-led brand that continues to excite our customers and deliver year on year record results for our shareholders.

The brand has cemented its position as one of the leading lifestyle and gifting brands in Australia and New Zealand for the entire family, delivering full year sales of \$478.9 million, up 11.8% on FY22 and up 93.3% on FY19.

The record sales result was driven by exceptional performance across all product categories and channels. Peter Alexander delivered yet another record sales week in the lead up to Christmas 2022, as well as a record Mother's Day in the second half.

We are optimistic for the future of this much-loved heritage brand. Opportunities have been identified for new or larger format stores to better showcase the product offering. Furthermore, we continue to progress our business cases for future offshore market expansion of this brand.

Smiggle – Rebounding as schools reopen

Smiggle is the ultimate destination for school essentials as well as innovative and fun products for young people. The brand has fully reset since COVID, delivering a record global sales result of \$319.8 million in FY23, up 22.4% on FY22.

Smiggle performed well in all existing markets of Australia, New Zealand, Europe and Asia. We are particularly pleased with the brand's record wholesale sales performance, reflecting continued strong demand from existing and new partners. Smiggle is represented in over 800 doors during peak "back-to-school" trading periods.

Smiggle continues to have successful collaborations with major international studios including Disney, and sporting collaborations with the Australian Football League (AFL), to name a few. We are pleased to report that Smiggle celebrated its 20th Birthday with the launch of a successful birthday range in the second half of the year.

Smiggle is an exciting brand, offering further growth potential through expanding the brand's reach in existing markets, as well as growing and evolving the wholesale sales channel.

Strong omni-channel offering

Each Premier Retail brand seeks to delight customers in whichever way they choose to shop, and to support this we continue to invest in people, technology and marketing to improve our world-class platforms and customer experiences.

The business delivered online sales of \$324.7 million in FY23, representing 19.8% of total Group sales for the year. Sales in the online channel are delivered at a significantly higher EBIT margin than the retail store channel.

Significantly for each of the seven brands, the most viewed window and the largest store is the brand's online channel. Our customers also value the Group's more than 1,100 bricks and mortar stores in six countries. With the appropriate landlord support, opportunities exist to refresh, upgrade and/or expand stores across all of Premier's brands over the next three years as we simultaneously continue to invest in our online potential.

² Premier Retail EBIT of \$356.5 million excludes significant items. Refer to page 11 of the Directors Report for a reconciliation of Premier Retail EBIT and statutory reported profit before tax for the Retail Segment.

Balance sheet and dividends

Premier maintains a strong balance sheet with cash on hand of \$417.6 million at the end of FY23.

At the end of FY23, Premier's 25.6% investment in Breville Group Limited had a market value of \$829.3 million.

Premier received a total of \$10.9 million in fully franked dividends from Breville during the year.

During FY23, Premier commenced accounting for its 25.8% investment in Myer Holdings Limited as an investment in associate. The market value of Premier's investment in Myer at the end of FY23 was \$137.7 million. Premier received a total of \$21.6 million in fully franked dividends from its investment in Myer during the year.

In late August 2023, the Premier Board announced the commencement of a strategic review into the corporate, operating and capital structure of the Group. The Board believes that this is an exciting and important initiative, building on the recent success of the Group and exploring the future growth avenues available to the Group.

The strategic review will be a key focus for the Board in the near term, with our businesses reviewing their respective growth plans and optimal structures. This is the beginning stages of a review that will take some time to complete. I look forward to updating shareholders in due course as our strategic review progresses.

Considering the strategic review, and the fact that the current retail environment, whilst challenging, may present new opportunities for the Group the Board has approved a final fully franked ordinary dividend of 60 cents per share.

The full year ordinary and special dividends for FY23 total 130 cents per share. During FY23, Premier has paid a total of \$237.2 million in fully franked dividends to shareholders.

Acknowledgements

Premier's year after year outstanding results do not happen by chance. Premier's results are an outcome of the Board and the leadership team's careful planning, strong execution and a continuous pursuit for excellence in all that we do. On a personal note, I am thankful to have the counsel and insight of such an experienced and cohesive group of fellow Directors, especially as we embark on our strategic review journey.

Of course, our outstanding results would not be possible without our dedicated global teams. Our exceptional teams deliver day after day for our customers, our communities, and our shareholders. On behalf of all shareholders, I would like to say thank you to all of our global team members.

Additionally, in late August 2023, Premier announced the resignation of Richard Murray as Premier Retail CEO. On behalf of the Board, I want to express our sincere thanks to Richard for providing the Group with leadership over the past two years. The Board also announced that John Bryce, Premier Retail's long-standing Chief Financial Officer, will step into the role of interim CEO (Retail) during this all-important phase for the Group. I would personally like to thank John for taking on this role, in addition to his responsibilities as Premier Retail CFO, leading our teams through the strategic review, whilst also focusing on the first-rate retail execution that the Group is known for.

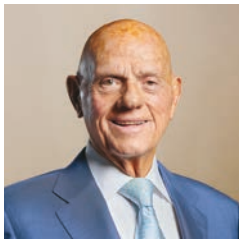
I encourage all of our shareholders to participate in the company's Annual General Meeting on 1 December 2023 for a further review on the Group's performance and strategies for the future.



Solomon Lew

Chairman and
Non-Executive Director

The Directors



Solomon Lew

Chairman and
Non-Executive Director



David M. Crean

Deputy Chairman
and Non-Executive Director



Richard Murray

Premier Retail CEO &
Executive Director
(Resigned: 21 August 2023)



Sylvia Falzon

Non-Executive Director



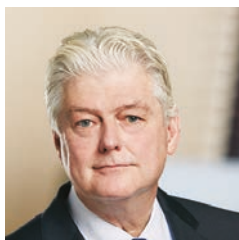
Sally Herman

Non-Executive Director



Henry D. Lanzer AM

Non-Executive Director



Terrence McCartney

Non-Executive Director



Timothy Antonie

Non-Executive Director



Michael R.I. McLeod

Non-Executive Director

Brand Performance Premier Retail



peteralexander

Peter Alexander, is a powerful designer brand and delivered another record sales result for the year of \$478.9 million, up 11.8% on FY22 and up 93.3% on FY19. Peter Alexander's unique design led product continues to excite customers. The creative direction of the marketing program positions the brand as one of the leading lifestyle and gifting brands catering for the entire family in Australia and New Zealand. The creative involvement of Peter Alexander as Founder and Creative Director, in collaboration with a strong team, under the leadership of Judy Coomber (Managing Director – Peter Alexander), has allowed the brand to maintain the design led, look and feel of the much-loved heritage of the Peter Alexander brand.



Smiggle
where a smile meets a giggle

Smiggle, is a powerful global brand and delivered record global sales of \$319.8 million in FY23, up 22.4% on FY22, whilst trading as a more efficient business with 51 fewer stores compared with previous record sales delivered in FY19. Smiggle has reset from the COVID-19 pandemic and is growing from strength to strength with strong and sustainable momentum across all channels. Smiggle celebrated its 20th birthday in 2H23, with the launch of a highly successful limited-edition birthday range. John Cheston (Managing Director – Smiggle) continues to lead a high performing team that will maximise EBIT growth through both like-for-like and new growth across all markets and channels.

Apparel Brands

Our Apparel Brands (consisting of Just Jeans, Jay Jays, Portmans, Dotti and Jacqui E) delivered record sales of \$844.8 million in FY23, up 17.9% on FY19. All individual apparel brands delivered growth over the 4-year period from pre-COVID FY19 to FY23. Under the leadership of Teresa Rendo (Managing Director – Apparel Brands) the group has a trusted portfolio of apparel brands positioned to deliver future growth:

- Optimising store portfolio with the opportunity to explore new formats
- Continuous improvement in product and sourcing
- Continuing to enhance the customer experience, building brand engagement and awareness



Jay Jays

Jay Jays, delivered a strong result for FY23, with sales growth of 4.6% over 4 years from FY19 to FY23, whilst reducing store numbers by 5.3%. Jay Jays has a strong, distinctive and competitive market position and is well positioned for future growth, with store layout trials extended over 4 stores, creating a better customer experience, and increased investment in social marketing to build brand engagement.



JACQUI-E

Jacqui E, delivered strong results in FY23, delivering sales of \$81.9 million, up 17.5% on FY22. Jacqui E has an extremely strong and distinctive market position and is well positioned for future growth. The brand has a loyal customer base who trust the brand for both work and occasion dressing, and customers have responded strongly to new, seasonally relevant, high quality volume programs, presenting further growth potential in the future.



Just Jeans

Just Jeans, the Group's iconic original brand, delivered sales of \$307.1 million representing growth of 27.0% over a four year period. With new ranges being well received by customers, and design work progressing on a new store format to better showcase the product offering, the brand has a strong, distinctive and competitive market position and is well positioned for future growth.



portmans

Portmans, delivered a record sales result of \$165.6 million in FY23, up 5.7% on FY22. The brand has achieved 29.0% sales growth over a 4-year period from FY19 to FY23. Portmans has an extremely strong and distinctive market position and is well positioned for future growth, particularly through strong growth in tailoring and desk to dinner dressing, and extended ranging launched in FY22.



dotti.

Dotti, delivered strong results in FY23, with sales of \$113.7 million, up 3.6% on FY22, delivering its second best sales result in the history of the brand. New volume trend programs and seasonally relevant product has resonated with customers, presenting further opportunities for growth. Dotti has a strong, distinctive and competitive market position and is well positioned for future growth.

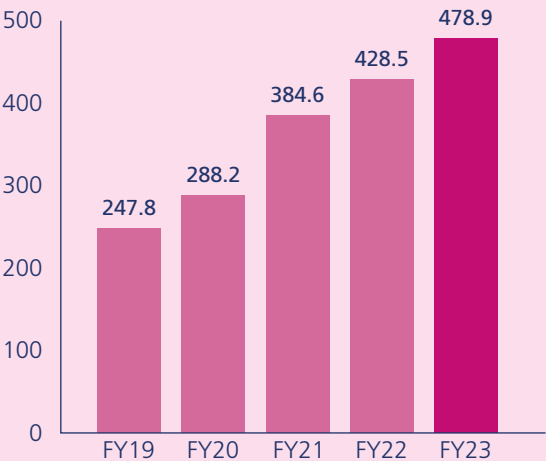
Peter Alexander

Powerful designer brand delivering record results

- Record FY23 sales of \$478.9 million, up 11.8% on FY22
- Peter Alexander delivered four year sales growth of 93.3% from pre-COVID FY19 to FY23
- Peter Alexander’s unique design led product continues to excite customers. The brand has cemented its position as one of the leading lifestyle and gifting brands for the entire family throughout Australia and New Zealand
- Peter Alexander’s record sales result was driven by exceptional performance across all channels and all product categories (womenswear, menswear, children’s wear and gifting)
- Six new stores were opened during FY23, all trading significantly ahead of expectations
- The Brand has a runway for further growth:
 - 6 new stores and 4 relocations/expansions into larger format stores confirmed to open in 1H24
 - 20 to 30 opportunities have been identified for both new and/or larger format stores in the near term to better showcase the wider product offering that has been developed in recent years
 - the brand continues to progress with the development of business cases into future offshore market opportunities, including global cross border ecommerce platform provider to grow the brand across 35 countries set to launch in November 2023
- The creative involvement of Peter Alexander as Founder & Creative Director in collaboration with a strong team, under the leadership of Judy Coomber, has allowed the brand to maintain the design led, look and feel of the much-loved heritage of the Peter Alexander brand



Peter Alexander Sales \$'M



Smiggle

Growth momentum delivers record results

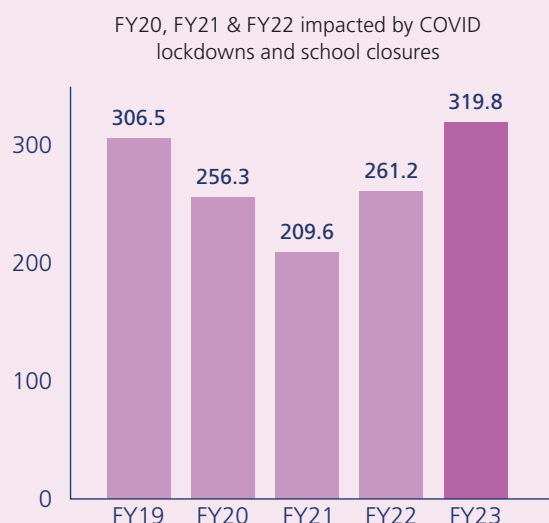
- Smiggle delivered record global sales of \$319.8 million in FY23, up 22.4% on FY22
- Smiggle is a unique global brand and the ultimate children's destination for school essentials. From backpacks, water bottles and lunchboxes to pens and pencil cases, Smiggle is the original creator of all things fun, colourful and on trend
- Record results have been delivered across all categories, including new expansion into bath and body ranges, as well as categories designed for the brand's younger fans (3-7 years of age)
- Australia and New Zealand delivered a record full year performance, with total and like-for-like sales growth across both markets, including a record Christmas and record back to school result
- Europe sales performance has continued to surpass expectations, gaining significant market share and delivering strong like-for-like sales growth in FY23
- Asia has rebounded strongly, delivering exceptional total and like-for-like sales growth
- Smiggle's international wholesale markets have delivered record sales in FY23, with continued strong demand from both existing and new partners. The brand is represented in 350 wholesale doors all year round across many countries stretching from Asia through to Europe. This flexes up to over 800 doors for the peak 'back-to-school' selling period
- Highly successful global collaborations in FY23 with Harry Potter, Minecraft, Mickey & Minnie, Australian Football League, and Matilda's ranges delivering record results
- Under the leadership of John Cheston (Managing Director – Smiggle), Smiggle will maximise EBIT growth as sales continue to grow in all markets and across all channels:
 - 30+ opportunities have been identified for new stores in the near term in existing market
 - Wholesale model continues to evolve
 - » Further door growth opportunities to gain more market share in existing markets in the near term
 - » Opportunity for key partners to evolve to include their own freestanding Smiggle stores
 - Continue to explore future offshore market opportunities



Smiggle - Mickey & Minnie range

Smiggle has reset from the pandemic and is growing from strength to strength with strong and sustainable momentum across all channels.

Smiggle Global Sales \$'M

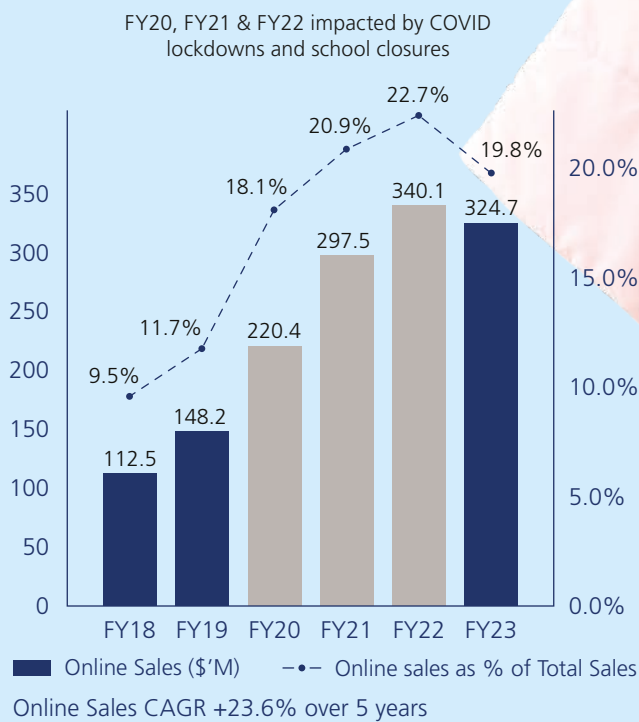


Omni-channel

Delighting customers however they choose to shop

- Premier's strategy is to delight customers however they choose to engage and shop, whether this is in-store or online
- Online sales of \$324.7 million, up 119.2% on pre-COVID FY19, contributing 19.8% of total FY23 sales
- Online Sales of \$153.8 million in 2H23, up 6.3% on 2H22, delivering normalised growth on the comparative reporting period no longer impacted by COVID lockdowns
- For each of the seven brands the most viewed window and the largest store is the brand's online channel
- The Online channel continues to deliver a significantly higher EBIT margin than the retail store network providing significant operating leverage for future growth
- Customers continue to value the Group's more than 1,100 bricks and mortar stores across six countries. With the appropriate landlord support, opportunities exist for new stores and to refresh, upgrade and/or expand existing stores across all brands

Online Sales Growth



Our Commitment to Ethical & Responsible Business Practices

Premier acknowledges that ethical and responsible operations drive positive change throughout our value chain for each brand: the workers and the suppliers we partner with, our customers, our team, our stakeholders, the communities we serve and our shareholders.

As a Group, we are focused on creating sustainable long-term value for our customers, team members, shareholders, suppliers and the broader community with our commitment to make meaningful and lasting change. Our focus is to always act ethically, with integrity, responsibly and with care in all our dealings.

Ethical and responsible business practices are sponsored at a Board level and are a strategic focus of our Directors. Our CEO and Executive Team are accountable for the implementation of our agreed commitments and goals.

This year we have strengthened our focus to the following four pillars which better align to our strategic efforts:

People, Partners, Planet and Product.

As part of communicating our work in these areas, our brands have launched their 'Better Practices' customer facing online sites which align with, and provide insight into, brand specific activities in each pillar. We will continue to evolve these sites over time as our work continues to evolve.

People

We strive to create a great place to work that is safe, inclusive and has the best talent who can connect with current and emerging customer needs.

The most enduring impact we can have on our team members is to create an environment that fosters engagement: allowing them to bring their whole selves to the workplace, and ensuring they strive for excellence while prioritising their wellbeing.

We are a committed team of over 10,000 team members across seven countries. Our people lay the groundwork for our success.

Our work program that underlies our people strategy has a particular focus on:

1. team member wellbeing & engagement;
2. diversity, equality & inclusion; and
3. health & safety.

Team Member Wellbeing & Engagement

Background

Our culture framework aligns personal performance with organisational goals and values. This arms our team with purpose, enabling our people to achieve both career progression and their full potential.

We have a suite of vehicles for our team members across all markets to provide us with feedback, including our People Support Advisory line for all questions or concerns, together with focus group discussions to better understand key issues, improve ways of working and develop initiatives to maximise team member engagement.

Employee Assistance Program

We recognise that sometimes our team members face difficult or challenging circumstances in their life.

An employee assistance program is available to all team members across all markets, providing team members with access to confidential psychological, social and financial counselling services.

Training and Development

We are committed to unlocking the potential of every team member. Premier provides ongoing learning and development for our team. We ensure all team members understand the competencies for their roles and support this with a comprehensive induction program, training, tools and regular development discussions.

Our training and development programs enable in person and remote self-learning via our 'JUST Learn' platform. In FY23, 17 training programs were available on our online platform.

Reward and Recognition

We believe that celebrating our achievements, big and small, are important for individuals and teams.

We recognise and reward in a number of ways throughout the year including bi-annual Brand retail conferences, annual Just Excellence Awards and bonus and incentive programs.

Diversity, equality & inclusion

All workplaces should be free from discrimination.

We are proud of the opportunities and careers our company provides to all team members, and in particular, for women in retail.

In FY23, 91% of our total team, and 55% of our executive leadership team, are women. Our Board is made up of 22% women. We continue to focus on building more holistic diversity and inclusion across our teams. We are committed to learning from, and engaging with, our team on diversity and inclusion initiatives.

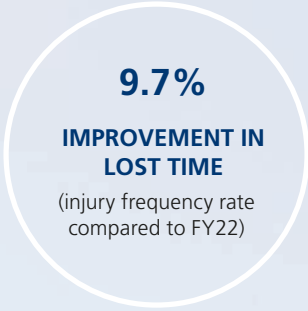
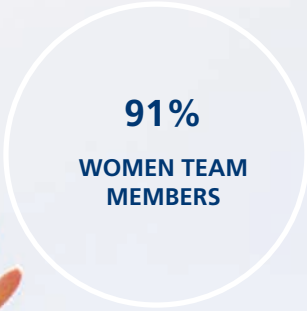
Health & Safety

Creating a safe environment for our team, partners and customers is a key priority that is embedded in our culture. Our teams are trained to monitor, assess, prevent, record and mitigate risks using the 'Just Play it Safe' and 'Safety Eyes' framework.

Our Distribution Centres in Australia and New Zealand are a key focus given the potential risk of injury in the movement of stock. Our Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) include Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR – the number of Lost Time Injuries per million hours worked) and Lost Time Injuries (LTI).

Both metrics saw improvement on the previous year and we remain focused on ensuring all our teams return home safely and without incident.

We reported a 9.7% improvement to LTIFR and a 6% reduction in LTI compared to the previous year.



New Projects to Improve Workplace Health & Safety

In addition to our general safety framework, two new projects have commenced in FY23 to address key Health & Safety risks in our workplace:

Manual handling task analysis project

Manual handling incidents are the leading cause of injuries and claims in the workplace. We have engaged expert external advisers to complete an independent analysis and risk based recommendation report.

Psychosocial risk assessment

Recent legislative changes in several jurisdictions related to psychosocial risk have clarified and increased our obligation to assess, monitor and control risks relating to occupational violence. Our external advisers are assisting us to assess our psychosocial risk profiles across all operations, and to provide a detailed analysis to assist in building an actionable improvement plan.

Partners

Ethical Sourcing

We are committed to the highest standards of ethical conduct and responsible sourcing practices to protect the rights of workers and the communities from which we source. Our program framework drives ongoing improvement through measurable and actionable insight.

Our Supplier Partners

We partner with suppliers – both locally and internationally – with factories located in Australia, China, Bangladesh, Vietnam, Pakistan, India, Indonesia and Taiwan. In our first full non-COVID impacted trading year since FY19, we have returned to a normal travel schedule, enabling us to visit and engage with our international factory partners. Furthermore, we have successfully collaborated with key partners from all regions to update suppliers on our ethical sourcing work program, and to carry out key sourcing activities.

We continue to work closely with our partners to ensure they understand the importance of full transparency, and support our approach of continuous improvement.

Our Ethical Sourcing Program

In FY23 we continued to partner with LRQA (formerly ELEVATE) to embed our Ethical Sourcing program, and to further understand the Modern Slavery risk within our product supply chain. The deployment of Elevate Responsible Sourcing Assessments (ERSA), SMETA 4 Pillar Audits (for nominated licensed factories), Production Verification Assessments (PVA) and Anonymous Worker Sentiment Surveys (WSS) built on the level of data and insights that was collected in the previous year.

Partnered with our strategic audit partner in FY23 LRQA to conduct:

122 on-site social compliance audits (ERSA and SMETA)

34 on-site production verification audits

40 anonymous worker sentiment surveys

Modern Slavery Statement FY22



Documents are available on Premier's website; www.premierinvestments.com.au

Audit and Risk Monitoring

We monitor risks in our supply chain through reviewing public and proprietary risk indices at a country and province level through the use of EiQ and Sentinel tools.

Social compliance audits are one part of our holistic work program which seek to understand the true working conditions in the factories we partner with. ERSA's are our nominated social compliance audit due to their focus on transparency and integrity. These audits provide an in-depth assessment of a factory's compliance level, so we can make informed decisions about necessary remediation and capacity building based on an assessment of the following five key pillars as outlined directly below.



Partners

Published our
third Modern
Slavery Statement
in January 2023

Expansion of
Worker Voice Program
and Speak Up
Channels in FY23

Over **80%** of
our product teams
trained in Ethical
Sourcing and
Modern Slavery
awareness

Modern Slavery Reporting

Premier has zero tolerance to modern slavery in all its forms.

Our third Modern Slavery Statement was published in January 2023, which spoke to the results of our Ethical Sourcing program. Our Modern Slavery Statement includes our framework for measuring the effectiveness of our program against a number of indicators and engagement points.

Our Modern Slavery Statement is a comprehensive report on all of our activities and due diligence, and is published in January each year. Some key areas of focus in FY23 are set out below.

Living Wage Commitment

In June 2022, Premier published our first Living Wage Position Statement, which included a clear roadmap of plans and activities.

Premier is committed to working alongside our suppliers, NGOs, unions and industry peers in addition to exploring multi stakeholder initiatives, where we will continue to strive to close the gap between minimum legal wage and a living wage. During FY23 we progressed a number of activities including finalising the scope of a wage gap analysis, to further understand the wages paid within our supply chain.

Further details on our progress will be reported on in our next Modern Slavery Statement.



Documents are available on Premier's website;
www.premierinvestments.com.au

Worker Voice

In FY23, we expanded on our worker voice program by launching a new pilot project in Bangladesh. The Amader Kotha worker helpline is an existing third-party grievance mechanism benefiting workers in the Bangladesh garment manufacturing industry. By implementing this mechanism in our Bangladesh factory partners, we give workers a channel to report grievances they may be experiencing, whilst also giving Premier further insight into worker experience. In partnership with LRQA, we have begun the rollout of this grievance mechanism in key factories, and will continue to do so into FY24.

Training

Throughout FY23 we continued our training efforts through the delivery of our internal Ethical Sourcing and Modern Slavery awareness training. Through this exercise we have trained 80% of product team members to date. This year we also introduced our Ethical Sourcing program to our Australian store managers, with updates provided at our annual store conferences. This supports our work to further educate our internal team members, regardless of role, on the topic of Modern Slavery and our Ethical Sourcing program more generally. We will continue to undertake this training program in FY24.

As part of our ongoing commitment to collaboration and education, we also conducted Ethical Sourcing and Modern Slavery training for our supplier and factory partners. Run over two sessions, we provided our partners with an update on our Ethical Sourcing program to date and educated participants on Modern Slavery risks in supply chains. We also focused on the ongoing support we require from our supplier and factory partners. This training was a valuable exercise to further engage and collaborate with our partners, and we will continue to build out further capacity around training programs in the future.

To support our formal training, we have also implemented a number of informal 'Lunch and Learn' training and awareness activities, including an internal event commemorating the 10th anniversary of the tragic Rana Plaza factory collapse.

Partners

Community

Through continued collaboration, we are proud to work alongside a number of community organisations through financial and in-kind support programs.

We support both brand and team level fundraising for a number of important causes.

Thread Together

Our five apparel brands plus Peter Alexander have worked with Thread Together since 2022. Thread Together was founded on the idea that unsold clothing should be donated, rather than disposed, providing new clothing to people in need, while also protecting the environment.

In FY23, 10,659 items donated, supporting over **2,100** people in need. Since FY22, 43,658 items donated, supporting over **8,700** people in need.

RSPCA & Paw Justice

Peter Alexander along with our Peter Alexander team have had a long-standing relationship with the RSPCA in Australia, and Paw Justice in New Zealand.

This year the proceeds of charity chocolate blocks were donated to the RSPCA and this, along with other activities, raised just under \$133,000. Since the partnership commenced over 15 years ago, a total sum of over \$1.4 million has been raised.

Our commitment to communities in New Zealand has seen similar activity with proceeds donated to Paw Justice. In FY23 we raised \$8,500, totalling over \$148,000 since our partnership began in 2014.

Animal Welfare donation of **\$141,200** for the RSPCA (Australia) and Paw Justice (NZ) in FY23.

Supporting the National Breast Cancer Foundation

Just Group has been supporting the National Breast Cancer Foundation via their 'Go Pink' campaign since 2016 through various fundraising efforts. To date Just Group have raised over \$150,000 for this important cause and look forward to continuing this in years to come.

Foodbank Fundraiser

Throughout FY23, the Jay Jays retail operations team conducted a food drive in partnership with Foodbank Victoria. Foodbank are an organisation who provide food and grocery relief to Australians experiencing food insecurity. The food collected provides hundreds of meals to people in need.

Supporting Families and Children

Our Smiggle brand contribute and fundraise for a number of charities that support children's physical and mental well-being at home and in schools.

Alannah & Madeline Foundation

The Alannah & Madeline Foundation is an organisation committed to the safety and well-being of children. Smiggle is proud to be the Foundation's Official Buddy Bag Partner. Since 2019, Smiggle has provided complimentary products and in FY23 donated \$80,000 (RRP) worth of backpacks.

The Diana Award

In FY23 Smiggle sold 'Choose Kindness Keyrings' during the Back to School period, with all proceeds donated to The Diana Award Anti-Bullying Programme in the UK and Republic of Ireland. Smiggle raised over £9,000 for this cause.

Dolly's Dream

Smiggle has supported Dolly's Dream for the past four years, raising funds for the antibullying cause through the sale of the 'Choose Kindness Keyring' for the past two years. This initiative has raised over \$50,000 in FY23, and over \$100,000 in the past two years. The funds raised help Dolly's Dream to continue to support schools, speak directly to parents via an online portal, and expand the services of the Dolly's Dream Support Line helping parents, carers and children around bullying and associated mental health issues.



Planet

We recognise our responsibility to ensure we have a positive impact on the environment and reduce the amount of energy and natural resources consumed.

We are committed to ongoing improvement, including focusing on increasing our understanding of our impact on the planet and what change and mitigation strategies we can implement to manage current and future risk.

In FY23 we have implemented or improved a number of our processes including:

- Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) certified materials used in our distribution centre and packaging
- Completed the scoping of a project to convert all poly-bags from virgin plastic to those utilising recycled plastic, or the removal of poly-bags completely where to do so maintains product integrity
- In FY23 we reduced the number of customer plastic shopping bags ordered across our network by 40%
- We are well underway in removing customer plastic shopping bags from our stores to comply with legislative requirements. This includes the complete removal of plastic bags in Peter Alexander and Smiggle, and from all our apparel brands in WA. In addition, by the end of 2023, plastic shopping bags will also have been removed from all brands in Queensland and the ACT
- Across our Australian and New Zealand distribution centres, over 900 tonnes of cardboard was recycled

- All customer-facing shipper bags used in our online business have been converted to 100% recycled plastic, with a further trial underway exploring alternative options
- Moving to adopt Australasian Recycling Labels (ARLs) on some of our packaging, bags and tags to better educate customers on what materials can be recycled. ARLs are an initiative of the Australian Packaging Covenant, of which Just Group is a signatory
- A review of ticketing, including in Peter Alexander removing the 'Penny' plastic kimble in favour of a plant based alternative made from corn starch
- In our Smiggle brand, switching from PVC visual merchandising signage to recycled and reusable paper signage. This switch is saving over 6,000kg of PVC vinyl from going to landfill each year. Reviews are underway to expand this initiative to all Premier brands
- We continue to ensure all lighting supplied to new and refurbished stores along with support offices is low energy LED

We acknowledge that our journey is one of continuous review and improvement. We will continue to adapt our policies and activities to ensure they meet the expectations of the suppliers and workers in our supply chain, our customers, team members and shareholders.

Case Study

In FY23, our Melbourne support office and Australian distribution centres partnered with social enterprise Reground to collect soft plastics and coffee grounds from those workplaces. The soft plastic is recycled into building film, whilst coffee grounds are distributed to home and community gardens. Through our partnership with Reground we have recovered 4,458kg of resources, whilst avoiding 4,952 greenhouse gas emissions.

Soft plastic recycling:



3,198 kg
SOFT PLASTIC
DIVERTED



2,558 kg
EMISSIONS
AVOIDED



640
TROLLEYS OF SOFT
PLASTIC SAVED

Coffee ground collection:



1,260 kg
COFFEE GROUNDS
DIVERTED



2,394 kg
EMISSIONS
AVOIDED



HOME GARDENS: 83%
MELBOURNE ZOO: 3%
COMMUNITY GARDENS: 12%
(END USERS)

Product

We are committed to creating product ranges that meet changing customer trends and values.

Premier recognises the social and environmental impacts that our purchasing decisions have. This year, we accelerated our existing sourcing efforts to embed human rights, animal welfare and responsible fabric procurement requirements. Underpinning this work is the evolution and expansion of our framework for responsibly sourced materials along with a more detailed governance around our customer facing communications.

The vast majority of the apparel products we sell are composed of one or more of cotton, polyester or viscose fibres. Our approach to these materials continues to evolve with more of our products moving away from utilising the conventional form of the fibre (for example, moving from virgin polyester to recycled polyester).

We will continue to evolve and mature in our capability to source a far greater proportion of our products in preferred materials.

In FY23, we continued to work on initiatives such as:

- **Better Cotton membership**
Better Cotton's mission is "to help cotton communities survive and thrive, while protecting and restoring the environment". Since Just Jeans' membership first commenced in early 2021, Premier has expanded its membership to include Jay Jays, Dotti, Portmans, Jacqui E and Peter Alexander. Premier is committed to improving cotton farming practices globally with Better Cotton
- **Global Organic Textile Standard (GOTS)**
GOTS is an internationally recognised organic textile standard. Products carrying GOTS certification contain an assurance of organic origin, as well as environmentally and socially responsible processing, as clothing produced under a GOTS certification must use a minimum of 95% organic cotton. Peter Alexander continues its commitment to GOTS for a selection of women's apparel and childrenswear
- **LENZING™ ECOVERO™ & Birla Cellulose's LIVAECO™**
A large proportion of viscose used in apparel is made from pulp sourced from endangered and ancient forests. LENZING™ ECOVERO™ and Birla Cellulose's Liva Eco™ are viscose fibres derived from certified renewable wood sources and made using more responsible production methods, both generating lower emissions and having a reduced water impact than traditional viscose. Premier continues to explore more responsible sources of viscose and increase the proportion of improved options such as LENZING™ ECOVERO™ and Birla Cellulose's Liva Eco™

Case Study

Our largest project to date has been the rollout of our **Better Cotton** membership and usage across Jay Jays, Dotti, Portmans, Jacqui E, Just Jeans and Peter Alexander.

- Over 55% of Just Jeans cotton procurement in FY23 was sourced as Better Cotton
- At a group level, 664 metric tonnes of Better Cotton in FY23, which equates to over 16% of our total cotton sourcing across all six brands, an improvement from FY22.

- **Cotton Pledge**

We do not condone the sourcing of cotton harvested from any region where state sanctioned forced labour regimes or where forced labour practices exist

- **Recycled polyester**

Synthetic fibres such as polyester are essentially a type of plastic which is usually derived from petroleum. Recycled polyester uses existing materials in the supply chain to help create new fabric. With a lower reliance on resources such as water and energy, these fabrics leave a smaller impact on the environment. Our teams are incorporating recycled polyester where possible into new ranges and are continuing to review additional alternatives to virgin synthetics

- **Animal welfare**

Premier does not condone any form of animal cruelty. The following animal derived materials are banned from all Just Group products - angora & other rabbit hair; fur and feathers

Premier Investments Limited
A.C.N. 006 727 966

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Financial Report

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

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Directors' Report

The Board of Directors of Premier Investments Limited (A.B.N. 64 006 727 966) has pleasure in submitting its report in respect of the financial year ended 29 July 2023.

The Directors present their report together with the consolidated financial report of Premier Investments Limited (the "Company" or "Premier") and its controlled entities (the "Group") for the 52 week period 31 July 2022 to 29 July 2023, together with the independent audit report to the members thereon.

DIRECTORS

The names and details of the Company's Directors in office during the financial year and until the date of the report are as follows. Directors were in office for this entire period unless otherwise stated.

Solomon Lew *Chairman and Non-Executive Director*

Mr. Lew was appointed as Non-Executive Director and Chairman of Premier on 31 March 2008. Mr. Lew is a director of Century Plaza Investments Pty Ltd, the largest shareholder in Premier and was previously Chairman of Premier from 1987 to 1994.

Mr. Lew has over 50 years' experience in the manufacture, wholesale and retailing of textiles, apparel and general merchandise, as well as property development. His success in the retail industry has been largely due to his ability to read fashion trends and interpret them for the Australasian market, in addition to his demonstrated ability in the timing of strategic investments.

Mr. Lew was a Director of Coles Myer Limited from 1985 to 2002, serving as Vice Chairman from 1989, Chairman from 1991 to 1995, Executive Chairman in 1995 and Vice Chairman in 1995 and 1996.

Mr. Lew is a member of the World Retail Hall of Fame and is the first Australian to be formally inducted.

He is also a former Board Member of the Reserve Bank of Australia and former Member of the Prime Minister's Business Advisory Council.

Mr. Lew was the inaugural Chairman of the Mount Scopus Foundation (1987 – 2013) which supports the Mount Scopus College, one of Australia's leading private colleges with 2000 students. He has also been the Chairman or a Director of a range of philanthropic organisations.

Dr. David M. Crean *Deputy Chairman and Non-Executive Director*

Dr. Crean has been an Independent Non-Executive Director of Premier since December 2009, Deputy Chairman since July 2015 and is currently the Chairman of Premier's Audit and Risk Committee (appointed August 2010).

Dr. Crean was Chairman of the Hydro Electric Corporation (Hydro Tasmania) from September 2004 until October 2014 and was also Chairman of the Business Risk Committee at Hydro Tasmania, member of the Audit Committee and Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee.

Dr. Crean was State Treasurer of Tasmania from August 1998 to his retirement from the position in February 2004. He was also Minister for Employment from July 2002 to February 2004. He was a Member for Buckingham in the Legislative Council from 1992 to February 1999, and then for Elwick until May 2004. From 1989 to 1992 he was the member for Denison in the House of Assembly. From 1993 to 1998 he held Shadow Portfolios of State Development, Public Sector Management, Finance and Treasury.

Dr. Crean has been a Non-Executive Director and Deputy Chairman of Moonlake Investments, owner of VDL dairy farms in Tasmania from August 2016 to April 2018. He is also a Board member of the Linfox Foundation. Dr. Crean graduated from Monash University in 1976 with a Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery.

Directors' Report continued

Timothy Antonie *Non-Executive Director and Lead Independent Director*

Mr. Antonie was appointed to the Board of Directors on 1 December 2009. He holds a Bachelor of Economics degree from Monash University and qualified as a Chartered Accountant with Price Waterhouse. He has 20 years' experience in investment banking and formerly held positions of Managing Director from 2004 to 2008 and Senior Advisor in 2009 at UBS Investment Banking, with particular focus on large scale mergers and acquisitions and capital raisings in the Australian retail, consumer, media and entertainment sectors.

Mr. Antonie is also Chairman of Breville Group Limited and Netwealth Group Limited and is a Principal of Stratford Advisory Group.

Sylvia Falzon *Non-Executive Director*

Ms. Falzon was appointed to the Board of Directors on 16 March 2018. She brings to Premier an executive career that spanned over nearly 30 years in Financial Services where she held senior executive positions responsible for institutional and retail funds management businesses, both here in Australia and offshore.

As a Non-Executive Director since 2010, Ms. Falzon has experience across a range of sectors and customer driven businesses in financial services, health, aged care, e-commerce and retail. During this time, she has been involved in several business transformations, IPOs, merger and acquisitions and divestment activities. Ms. Falzon is currently an Independent Non-Executive Director of the ASX listed company Suncorp Group Limited. In the not-for-profit sector, she is the Chairman of Cabrini Australia Limited, and is also a member of the Australian Government Takeovers Panel. Ms. Falzon previously served on the board of ASX listed companies Zebit Inc until 17 March 2022, Regis Healthcare until October 2021 and Perpetual Limited until October 2019.

Ms. Falzon holds a Masters Degree in Industrial Relations and Human Resource Management (Hons) from the University of Sydney and a Bachelor of Business from the University of Western Sydney. She is a Senior Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia and a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Sally Herman *Non-Executive Director*

Ms. Herman is an experienced Non-Executive Director in the fields of financial services, retail, manufacturing and property. She had a successful executive career spanning 25 years in financial services in both Australia and the US, transitioning in late 2010 to a full time career as a Non-Executive Director.

Prior to that, she had spent 16 years with the Westpac Group, running major business units in most operating divisions of the Group as well as heading up Corporate Affairs and Sustainability through the merger with St. George and the global financial crisis.

Ms. Herman sits on both listed and not-for-profit Boards, including Suncorp Group Limited, Breville Group Limited and Abacus Property Group. She is also a Trustee of the Art Gallery of NSW. Ms. Herman was previously a director of Irongate Funds Management Limited (recently taken over by Charter Hall), and E&P Financial Group Limited (resigned November 2021). Ms. Herman holds a Bachelor of Arts from the University of New South Wales and is a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Henry D. Lanzer AM B.COM. LLB (Melb) *Non-Executive Director*

Henry Lanzer AM is Managing Partner of Australian commercial law firm, Arnold Bloch Leibler. Henry has over 40 years' experience in providing legal, corporate finance and strategic advice to some of Australia's leading companies.

Mr. Lanzer was appointed to the Board of Directors in 2008. He is a Non-Executive Director of Just Group Limited, Thorney Opportunities Limited and previously the TarraWarra Museum of Art and the Burnett Institute. He is also a Life Governor of the Mount Scopus College Council. In June 2015, Mr. Lanzer was appointed as a Member of the Order of Australia.

Terrence L. McCartney *Non-Executive Director*

Mr. McCartney has had a long and successful career in retail. Mr. McCartney started at Boans Department Stores in Perth then moved to Grace Bros in Sydney. After the acquisition of Grace Bros by Myer, he relocated to the merged Department Stores Group in Melbourne within the merchandise and marketing department. His successful career within Coles Myer meant that Terry then moved to the Kmart discount department stores as Head of Merchandise and Marketing and then Managing Director. Following several years as Managing Director of Kmart Australia and New Zealand, Terry became Managing Director of Myer Grace Bros. For 5 years Terry lead year on year growth in profitability of Australia's largest department store.

Terry's experience spans the full spectrum of retailing, ranging from luxury goods in department stores to large mass merchandise discount operations. Terry has also been retained by large international accounting and legal firms as an expert witness in relation to Australian retail.

In addition to his extensive list of retail experience, he has also been an advisor to large Australian and international mining companies, prior to joining the Just Group Board in 2008. Terry lends his extensive retail and commercial expertise to the Just Group as Non-Executive Director, and by serving on a number of committees, including the Internet Steering Committee of the Group, and through various store and site visits, both locally and overseas. He is also involved in seasonal and trading performance reviews for the Group. Terry is a member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee of Premier Investments Limited. In August 2017, he was appointed Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee. Terry is also a Non-Executive Director of Myer Holdings Limited.

Michael R.I. McLeod *Non-Executive Director*

Mr. McLeod is a former Executive Director of the Century Plaza Group and has been involved with the Group since 1996 as an advisor in the areas of corporate strategy, investment and public affairs. He has been a Non-Executive Director of Premier Investments Limited since 2002 and was a Non-Executive Director of Just Group Limited from 2007 to 2013. Past experience includes the Australian Board of an international funds manager, chief of staff to a Federal Cabinet Minister and statutory appointments including as a Commission Member of the National Occupational Health and Safety Commission. He holds a Bachelor of Arts (First Class Honours and University Medal) from the University of New South Wales.

Richard Murray *Executive Director (Resigned as Director: 21 August 2023)*

Richard Murray commenced as Premier Retail Chief Executive Officer on 6 September 2021 and was appointed to the Premier Board as Executive Director on 3 December 2021. Richard has over 25 years' experience in retail and finance. Prior to joining Premier, Richard held the position of Group Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director at JB Hi-Fi Limited (ceased August 2021). Richard joined JB Hi-Fi as Chief Financial Officer in 2003 and took the business through the IPO process. Richard was appointed as Group CEO of JB Hi-Fi on 1 July 2014, at the age of 38. Prior to his career at JB Hi-Fi, Richard was an Associate Director in the Corporate Finance Division of Deloitte.

Richard resigned as Premier Retail Chief Executive Officer effective 15 September 2023, and resigned as Executive Director of Premier Investments Limited effective 21 August 2023.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Marinda Meyer

Ms. Meyer has over 20 years' experience as a practising Chartered Accountant in senior finance roles. She has both local and international experience in financial accounting and reporting, corporate governance, and administration of listed companies.

Directors' Report continued

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group operates a number of specialty retail fashion chains within the specialty retail fashion markets in Australia, New Zealand, Asia and Europe. The Group also has significant investments in listed securities and money market deposits.

DIVIDENDS

	CENTS	\$'000
Final Dividend approved for 2023	60.00	95,565
Dividends paid in the year:		
Final Dividend for 2022 (paid: 25 January 2023)	54.00	85,981
Special Dividend for 2022 (paid: 25 January 2023)	25.00	39,806
Interim Dividend for the half-year ended 28 January 2023 (paid: 26 July 2023)	54.00	85,981
Special Dividend for the half-year ended 28 January 2023 (paid: 26 July 2023)	16.00	25,476

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

Group Overview:

Premier Investments Limited acquired a controlling interest in Just Group Limited ("Just Group"), a listed company on the Australian Securities Exchange in August 2008. Just Group is a leading specialty fashion retailer with operations in Australia, New Zealand, Asia and Europe. The Group has a portfolio of well-recognised retail brands, consisting of Just Jeans, Jay Jays, Jacqui E, Portmans, Dotti, Peter Alexander and Smiggle. Currently, these seven unique brands are trading from more than 1,100 stores across six countries, as well as through wholesale and online. The Group's key strategic growth initiatives continue to deliver results for the Group. The Group's emphasis is on a range of brands that provide diversification through breadth of target demographic and sufficiently broad appeal to enable a broad footprint. Over 90% of the product range is designed, sourced and sold under its own brands. There is a continuing investment in these brands to ensure they remain relevant to changing customer tastes and remain at the forefront of their respective target markets.

In addition to its investment in Just Group, Premier owns strategic investments in Breville Group Limited (2023: 25.56%) and Myer Holdings Limited (2023: 25.79%). As at 29 July 2023, both these investments are reflected as Investments in Associates in the Group's Statement of Financial Position. The combined fair value of these investments at year-end was \$966.9 million (based on quoted market prices as at 29 July 2023).

The Group's reported revenue from contracts with customers, total income and net profit before income tax for the 52 week period ended 29 July 2023 (2022: 52 week period ended 30 July 2022) are summarised below:

	CONSOLIDATED		
	52 WEEKS ENDED 29 JULY 2023 \$'000	52 WEEKS ENDED 30 JULY 2022 \$'000	% CHANGE
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,643,502	1,497,520	+9.7%
Total interest income	14,162	1,321	+972%
Total dividend income	4,695	2,449	+91.7%
Total other income and revenue	2,194	15,586	-85.9%
Total revenue and other income	1,664,553	1,516,876	+9.7%
Reported profit before income tax	382,137	392,663	-2.7%

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Group Overview (continued):

During the 2023 financial year, the Group increased its shareholding in Myer Holdings Limited ("Myer") to 25.79% (at 30 July 2022, the Group's holding was 19.88%). Due to the Group's increased shareholding, and the fact that Mr Terry McCartney, joined the Myer Board, the Group commenced accounting for its investment in Myer as an Investment in Associate from 13 December 2022 (refer to the Group's Investments in Associates note to the financial statements for more information). The total dividend income of \$4,695,000 reflected in other revenue for the year ended 29 July 2023 only reflects the dividend income received from Myer prior to 13 December 2022. Dividends received subsequent to 13 December 2022 have been recorded in the statement of financial position as a reduction of the carrying value of the investment in associate.

Accounting for an investment as an associate under AASB 128 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* involve complex accounting treatments for profit share, dividends received and other gains and losses resulting from shareholding dilution. To better understand and compare the result of the Group, and the sources of income received from its investments, the below table presents an adjusted net profit after taxation (Non-IFRS), which reflects the accounting for the Group's investments on the basis of dividends received during the year instead of profit share under equity accounting and excludes the non-cash impairment expense of intangible assets. Non-IFRS information is not subject to audit or review.

	CONSOLIDATED		
	52 WEEKS ENDED 29 JULY 2023 \$'000	52 WEEKS ENDED 30 JULY 2022 \$'000	% CHANGE
Statutory net profit after taxation, under IFRS	271,078	285,174	-4.94%
<u>Exclude:</u>			
Share of profit from associates	(30,864)	(27,085)	
Loss (gain) on investments in associates, resulting from share issue (included in other expenses/ income)	703	(15,251)	
Non-cash impairment expense of intangible assets	5,000	-	
<u>Include:</u>			
Cash dividends received from investment in associates, not accounted for in statutory profit after taxation	27,894	10,402	
Income tax expense adjustment on accounting for investments in associates	4,759	8,509	
Adjusted net profit after taxation (non-IFRS)	278,570	261,749	+6.43%

Investment Segment:

The Group's balance sheet remains strong, primarily due to the significant asset holding of the investment segment.

INVESTMENT IN BREVILLE GROUP LIMITED

As at 29 July 2023, the Group continued to reflect its 25.56% (2022: 25.62%) shareholding in Breville Group Limited ("Breville") as an investment in associate, with an equity accounted value of \$333.7 million (2022: \$312.2 million). The fair value of the Group's interest in Breville as determined based on the quoted market price for the shares as at 29 July 2023 was \$829.3 million (2022: \$760.3 million). Dividends received from Breville during the year amounted to \$10.9 million (2022: \$10.4 million).

Breville is a company incorporated in Australia, whose shares are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange. The principal activities of Breville involves the innovation, development, marketing and distribution of small electrical appliances.

Directors' Report continued

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Investment Segment (continued):

INVESTMENT IN BREVILLE GROUP LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Details of the Group's investment in Breville can be summarised as follows:

	AS AT 29 JULY 2023	AS AT 30 JULY 2022	% CHANGE
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% shareholding in Breville at year-end	25.56%	25.62%	-0.2%
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	52 WEEKS ENDED 29 JULY 2023 \$'000	52 WEEKS ENDED 30 JULY 2022 \$'000	% CHANGE
--	--	--	----------

Fair value of investment at year-end, based on quoted market prices	829,270	760,285	+9.1%
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Carrying value at year-end in the Statement of Financial Position, based on equity accounting	333,666	312,201	+6.9%
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Profit from associate recorded in the Group's Statement of Comprehensive Income	28,169	27,085	+4.0%
---	--------	--------	-------

Cash dividends received from Breville during the year	10,950	10,402	+5.3%
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INVESTMENT IN MYER HOLDINGS LIMITED

During the year, the Group commenced accounting for its shareholding in Myer Holdings Limited ("Myer") as an investment in associate. As at 29 July 2023, the Group's shareholding in Myer was 25.79%. In addition to the Group's shareholding, Mr Terry McCartney, a Premier Non-Executive Director, joined the Myer Board of Directors effective 13 December 2022. Premier commenced equity accounting its investment in Myer as of 13 December 2022.

A timeline of the Group's shareholding in Myer is presented below:

% SHAREHOLDING IN MYER AT:				
30 JULY 2022	4 AUGUST 2022	27 FEBRUARY 2023	29 JULY 2023 (YEAR-END)	POST YEAR-END: 30 AUGUST 2023
19.88%	22.87%	25.79%	25.79%	28.79%

The fair value of the Group's interest in Myer as determined based on the quoted market price for shares as at 29 July 2023 was \$137.7 million (2022: \$75.9 million). Dividends received from Myer during the year amounted to \$21.6 million (2022: \$2.4 million).

Myer is a company incorporated in Australia, whose shares are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange. The principal activities of Myer involves operation of a number of department stores across Australia and through its online business.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Investment Segment (continued):

INVESTMENT IN MYER HOLDINGS LIMITED

Details of the Group's investment in Myer can be summarised as follows:

	52 WEEKS ENDED 29 JULY 2023 \$'000	52 WEEKS ENDED 30 JULY 2022 \$'000	% CHANGE
Fair value of investment at year-end, based on quoted market prices	137,667	75,932 *	n/m
Carrying value at year-end in the Statement of Financial Position, based on equity accounting	125,109	75,932 *	n/m
Profit from associate recorded in the Group's Statement of Comprehensive Income	2,695	-	n/m
Cash dividends received from Myer during the year	21,639	2,449 *	+783.6%

* For the 2022 financial year, the investment was reflected in the Financial Statements of Premier Investments Limited as a Listed Equity Investment at Fair Value. Dividends received were wholly reflected in profit and loss for the 2022 financial year.

PROPERTY INVESTMENT

Premier owns its Australian Distribution Centre, as well as the global head office building of Premier Retail in Melbourne. These properties are carried at a combined written down value at 29 July 2023 of \$71.2 million (2022: \$72.7 million).

CASH HOLDINGS

The Investment Segment recorded cash on hand as at 29 July 2023 of \$242.8 million (2022: \$284.2 million). Interest earned during the year ended 29 July 2023 amounted to \$8.9 million (2022: \$1.0 million). The investment segment's cash holdings remain strong despite paying \$237.2 million in dividends to shareholders during the 2023 financial year (2022: dividends paid amounted to \$146.3 million).

Retail Segment:

As Premier's core business, Just Group (Premier Retail) was the key contributor to the Group's operating results for the financial year. Key financial indicators for the retail segment for the 52-week period ended 29 July 2023 (2022: 52 week period ended 30 July 2022) are highlighted below:

RETAIL SEGMENT	52 WEEKS ENDED 29 JULY 2023 \$'000	52 WEEKS ENDED 30 JULY 2022 \$'000	% CHANGE
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,643,502	1,497,520	+9.7%
Total segment income	1,650,898	1,498,139	+10.2%
Segment net profit before income tax	352,515	353,192	-0.2%

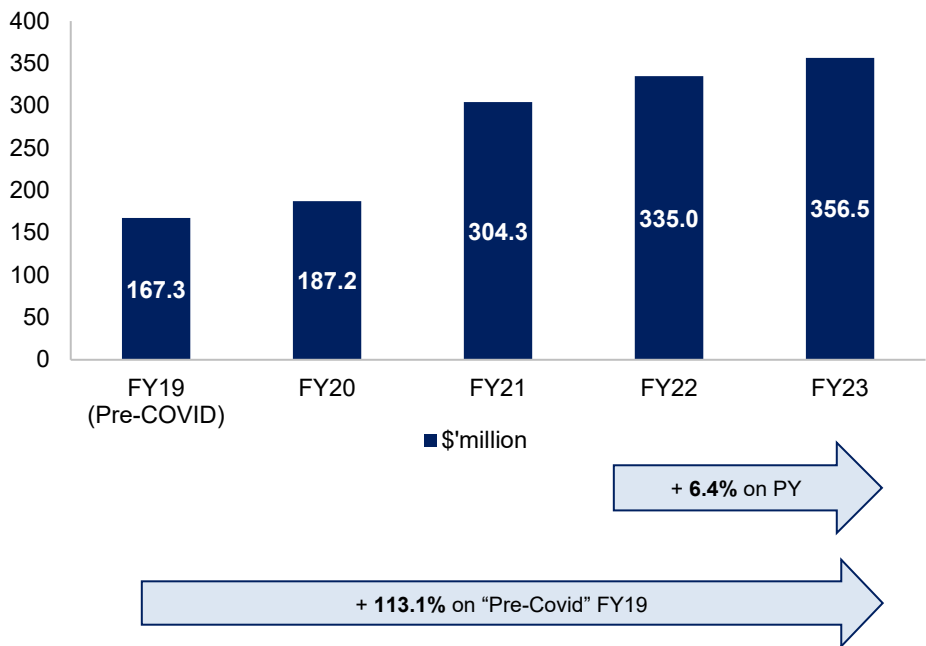
Directors' Report continued

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Retail Segment (continued):

The Retail Segment contributed \$352.5 million to the Group's net profit before income tax for the 52 week period ended 29 July 2023 (2022: \$353.2 million net profit before income tax for the 52 week period ended 30 July 2022). Premier Retail's Earnings Before Interest and Tax (EBIT), excluding significant items was \$356.5 million for the 2023 financial year, up 6.4% on the previous financial year.

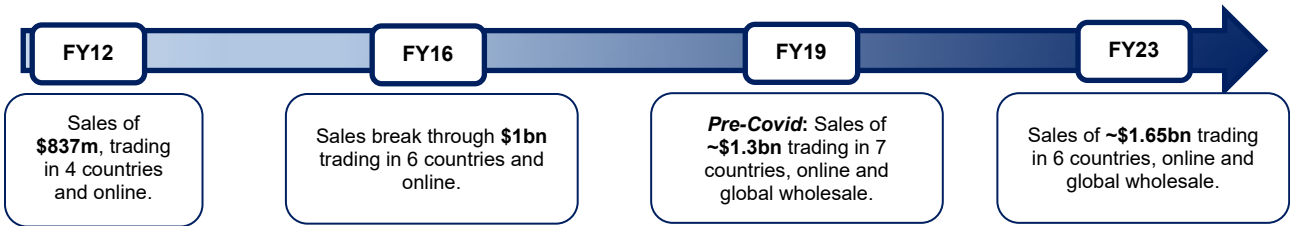
Premier Retail EBIT (comparable 52-week basis)



Refer to page 11 of the Directors' Report for a reconciliation of Premier Retail EBIT and reported Premier Retail Profit before Tax.

Over the years, Premier Retail has evolved into a multi-channel global business, growing the portfolio of 7 unique brands to each have a distinctive and competitive market position. The Group's ability to remain nimble, under the leadership of an experienced Board and highly motivated senior management team, enables us to pivot when macro-economic environments change.

Evolution of Premier Retail Sales to Customers over the years

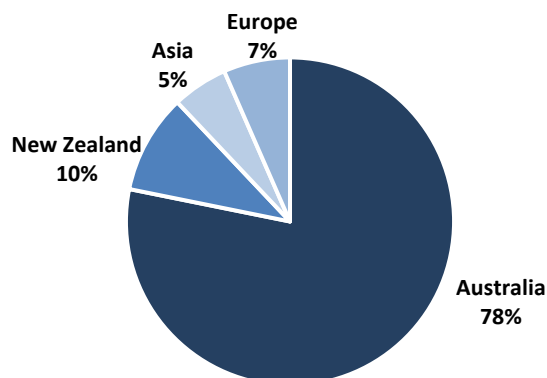


Premier Retail delivered global sales for the 2023 financial year of \$1,643.5 million, up 9.7% on the 2022 financial year. Global sales are up 29.3% on pre-pandemic sales for the 2019 financial year.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Retail Segment (continued):

Revenue from customers per Geographic Segment for the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023



Premier Retail delivered a gross margin percentage of 62.2%, down 255 basis points on the previous year (2022: 64.8%), driven by currency headwinds and a market wide promotional environment in the last quarter of the 2023 financial year. The strong sales, solid gross profit and strong cost control has delivered a record EBIT of \$356.5 million, up 6.4% on the previous year (2022: \$335.0 million).

Peter Alexander delivered another record sales result for the 52-week period ended 29 July 2023 of \$478.9 million, up 11.8% on a record set in the prior year (2022: \$428.5 million). The record result was driven across all Peter Alexander product categories. The Group's decision to continuously invest in inventory, enabled Peter Alexander to be in-stock during key gift giving periods of the year – Black Friday/Cyber Monday, Christmas, Easter, Mother's Day and Father's Day.

Smiggle delivered record global sales of \$319.8 million for the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023, an increase of 22.4% on the prior financial year. Pleasingly, Smiggle celebrated its 20th birthday during the second half of 2023, with the launch of a highly successful limited edition range. Smiggle has reset from the pandemic and is growing from strength to strength.

The Group's five iconic Apparel Brands (Just Jeans, Jay Jays, Portmans, Dotti and Jacqui-E) delivered a combined sales result for the period ended 29 July 2023 of \$844.8 million - up 17.9% on pre-pandemic sales of \$671.8 million in the 2019 financial year, and trading from 37 less stores than at July 2019.

The Retail Segment delivered online sales of \$324.7 million for the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 contributing 19.8% of total group sales to customers for the period ended 29 July 2023 (2022: 22.7%). The Group is pleased to have world class customer facing websites.

The Group seeks to delight customers with a seamless customer experience across all channels, supporting customers in whichever way they choose to shop. As a result, the Group will continue to invest in people, technology and marketing to improve our platforms and customer experiences.

The Group operates centralised distribution centres in four countries, including the Group's owned Australian Distribution Centre. These distribution centres have enabled the Group to be agile and scale up operations in response to customer shopping behaviours across all channels.

The Group prides itself on having:

- A portfolio of seven unique brands, each with a strong and distinctive competitive market position
- Omni-channel – driving a seamless customer experience across all channels
- Leverage across centralised support functions
- Support from its experienced Board, and capital

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Directors' Report continued

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation between Premier Retail EBIT and Reported Retail Segment Result

The Group's results are reported under Australian Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Non-IFRS information is financial information that is presented other than in accordance with all relevant accounting standards and is not subject to audit or review. The Group provides these Non-IFRS financial measures to better understand key aspects of the performance and drivers of the Group's Retail Segment. The table below reconciles the Non-IFRS financial term Premier Retail EBIT to the Reported Retail Segment Result for each of the financial years:

RETAIL SEGMENT	FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 29 JULY 2023 \$'000	FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JULY 2022 \$'000	FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021 \$'000	FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 25 JULY 2020 \$'000
Reported Retail Segment Operating Profit before Taxation	352,515	353,192	352,112	165,776
Add back: Interest expense (excluding AASB 16 interest on lease liabilities)	2,755	1,379	1,967	2,757
Post-AASB 16 EBIT	355,270	354,571	354,079	168,553
Adjusted for:				
Net impact of AASB 16 on results	2,662	(2,039)	(2,147)	427
Pre-AASB 16 EBIT, including one-off and significant items	357,932	352,532	351,932	168,980
One-off COVID-19 impairment of store plant & equipment and associated costs	-	-	-	31,420
One-off COVID-19 net gain from settlement of cash flow hedge book	-	-	-	(13,207)
Pre-AASB 16 EBIT, excluding one-off items	357,932	352,532	351,932	187,193
Non-comparable EBIT contribution for the 53 rd week in 2021	-	-	(8,894)	-
COVID-19 related rent concessions	(1,432)	(10,538)	(19,521)	-
Other Australia and New Zealand holdover rent concessions	-	(3,465)	(9,960)	-
COVID-19 United Kingdom temporary rates relief	-	(3,500)	(4,600)	-
COVID-19 United Kingdom lockdown grants	-	-	(4,622)	-
Pre-AASB 16 Premier Retail EBIT excluding significant items	356,500	335,029	304,335	187,193
Premier Retail EBIT, expressed in \$' millions	356.5	335.0	304.3	187.2

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year ended 29 July 2023.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Directors of Premier Investments Limited approved a final ordinary dividend in respect of the 2023 financial year. The total amount of the final ordinary dividend is \$95,565,000 (2022: Final ordinary dividend of \$85,981,000 and a special dividend of \$39,806,000) which represents a fully franked ordinary dividend of 60 cents per share (2022: Final ordinary dividend of 54 cents per share, special dividend of 25 cents per share). The dividend has not been provided for in the 2023 financial statements.

On 21 August 2023, Premier Investments Limited announced that it has commenced a formal review to assess its corporate, operating and capital structure. The review will consider a range of options, including a separation of the Group into two or more distinct entities by way of demerger. The review will examine capital requirements, business plans, management structures and any cost of dis-synergies. Given the range of issues to be considered, there is no certainty that the review will result in a change to the Group's current corporate, operating or capital structure.

In addition, on 21 August 2023, Premier Investments Limited announced that Mr Richard Murray resigned from his role as Chief Executive Officer (Premier Retail) effective 15 September 2023. Mr. John Bryce, Premier Retail's Chief Financial Officer, has been appointed as interim Chief Executive Officer (Retail) effective 21 August 2023, and will continue to fulfil his CFO responsibilities in the interim.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Certain likely developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations in financial years subsequent to the period ended 29 July 2023 are referred to in the preceding operating and financial review. No additional information is included on the likely developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations as the Directors reasonably believe that the disclosure of such information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group if included in this report, and it has therefore been excluded in accordance with section 299(3) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AND PERFORMANCE

The Group's operations are not subject to any significant environmental obligations or regulations.

SHARE OPTIONS AND SHARES ISSUED DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Unissued Shares:

As at the date of this report, there were 1,051,965 (2022: 1,412,074) unissued performance rights. Refer to the remuneration report for further details of the options outstanding in relation to Key Management Personnel.

Shares Issued as a Result of the Exercise of Options:

A total of 231,603 shares (2022: 129,077) were issued during the year pursuant to the Group's Performance Rights Plan. No other shares were issued during the year.

ROUNDING

The company is a company of the kind specified in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, dated 24 March 2016. In accordance with that ASIC instrument amounts in the financial statements and the Directors' Report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless specifically stated to be otherwise.

Directors' Report continued

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

To the extent permitted by law, the company indemnifies every person who is or has been a director or officer of the company or of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the company against liability for damages awarded or judgments entered against them and legal defence costs and expenses, arising out of a wrongful act, incurred by that person whilst acting in their capacity as a director or officer provided there has been no admission, or judgment, award or other finding by a court, tribunal or arbitrator which establishes improper use of position, or committing of any criminal, dishonest, fraudulent or malicious act.

The officers include the Directors, as named earlier in this report, the Company Secretary and other officers, being the executive senior management team. Details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premium paid in respect of the Directors, and Officers, liability insurance contracts are not disclosed as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contracts.

INDEMNIFICATION OF AUDITORS

To the extent permitted by law, the company has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Ernst & Young, as part of the terms of its audit engagement agreement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payment has been made to indemnify Ernst & Young during or since the financial year.

DIRECTOR INTERESTS IN SHARES AND RIGHTS OF THE COMPANY

At the date of this report, the interests of the Directors in the shares and performance rights of the company were:

Solomon Lew	4,437,699 ordinary shares**
Timothy Antonie	5,001 ordinary shares
Sally Herman	11,500 ordinary shares
Henry Lanzer AM	27,665 ordinary shares
Michael McLeod	28,186 ordinary shares
Richard Murray	100,000 ordinary shares

**Mr. Lew is an associate of Century Plaza Investments Pty. Ltd. and Metrepark Pty. Ltd (Associated Entities). The Associated Entities, collectively, have a relevant interest in 59,804,731 shares in the Company. However, Mr. Lew does not have a relevant interest in the shares of the Company held by the Associated Entities.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of meetings of the Board of Directors during the financial year, and the number of meetings attended by each Director were as follows:

DIRECTOR	BOARD MEETINGS		AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE		REMUNERATION AND NOMINATION COMMITTEE	
	MEETINGS HELD	NUMBER ATTENDED	MEETINGS HELD	NUMBER ATTENDED	MEETINGS HELD	NUMBER ATTENDED
Solomon Lew	8	8	-	1	-	1
Richard Murray	8	7	-	2	-	-
Timothy Antonie	8	8	4	4	3	3
David Crean	8	8	4	4	-	-
Sylvia Falzon	8	7	4	4	-	-
Sally Herman	8	8	4	4	-	-
Henry Lanzer AM	8	8	-	2	-	-
Terrence McCartney	8	8	-	2	3	3
Michael McLeod	8	8	-	-	3	3

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

To view Premier's Corporate Governance Statement, please visit www.premierinvestments.com.au/about-us/board-policies.

AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE

The Directors received a copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration in relation to the audit for this financial year and is presented on page 34.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The nature and scope of each type of non-audit service provided means that independence was not compromised.

Details of non-audit services provided by the Group's auditor, Ernst & Young, can be found in Note 31 of the Financial Report.

REMUNERATION REPORT

The Remuneration Report, which forms part of this Directors' Report, is presented from page 15.

The Directors' Report is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



Solomon Lew
Chairman
28 September 2023

Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

As Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, I am pleased to present Premier Investments' remuneration report for the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023. This report outlines, in detail, the remuneration outcomes and incentive arrangements, related to our performance.

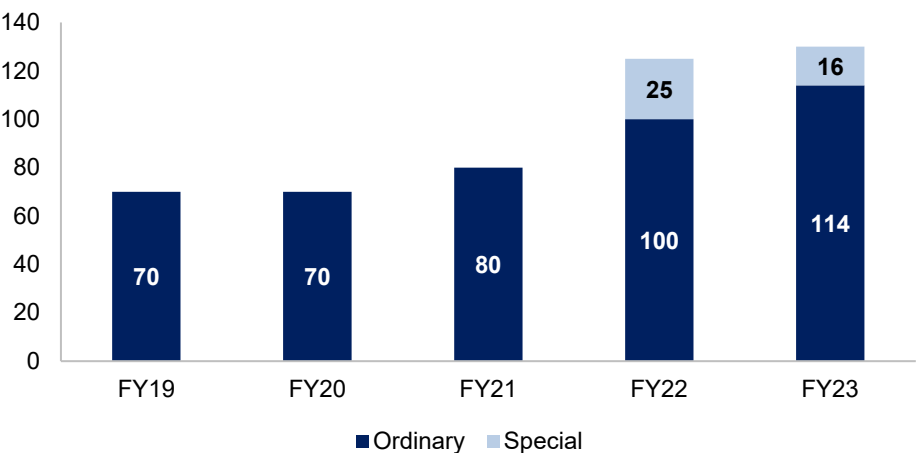
Premier has delivered an outstanding result for shareholders during the 2023 financial year. Premier Retail delivered a record EBIT of \$356.5 million – the Group's highest EBIT on record – up 6.4% on the previous financial year.

The Board recognises that the performance of the Group depends on the quality and dedication of our entire global workforce. Our experienced executive leadership team, which includes our executive Key Management Personnel, provide the integral backbone to the Group, delivering year-on-year growth in an increasingly competitive landscape.

The Group continued its strong performance in FY23. This has translated into strong returns for our shareholders:

- Premier Investments Limited statutory net profit after tax of \$271.1 million, although this is down 4.9% on the 2022 financial year, this remains up over 150% on a 'pre-COVID' 2019 financial year;
- Premier Investments Limited adjusted net profit after tax of \$278.6 million, up 6.4% on the 2022 financial year (*refer to page 6 of the Directors' Report for a breakdown of adjusted net profit after tax*);
- A record Premier Retail EBIT of \$356.5 million, an increase of 6.4% on the previous financial year, and an increase of 113.1% on a 'pre-COVID' 2019 financial year;
- Premier Retail sales to customers of \$1,643.5 million, up 9.7% on the previous financial year, and up 29.3% on a 'pre-COVID' 2019 financial year;
- During the 2023 financial year, Premier paid dividends to shareholders totaling over \$237.2 million;
- Full year total dividends of 130 cents (ordinary and special) per share for the 2023 financial year, an increase of 4.0% on the previous financial year, and the highest ordinary dividend in the Group's history;
- The Group's total shareholder return (TSR) consistently outperforming the ASX 200 Index return.

**Full year ordinary and special dividends per share
(cents per share, fully franked)**



REMUNERATION REPORT

The Board believes that it is the Group's ability to respond to changing environments, through strategic planning and execution by an experienced Board and skilled management team that have led to shareholders enjoying strong financial returns. The Group is committed to ensuring that executive remuneration outcomes are explicitly linked to the overall performance and success of the Group. The importance of attracting, retaining and rewarding a diverse senior executive team is crucial in navigating through a complex macro-economic environment.

The Group encourages and supports a business leadership structure that reflects the values of equal opportunity across the Group. The Board is proud of its diverse senior executive team, whom are all well respected within the retail industry. Women represent 55% of Premier Retail's senior executive leadership team, and 75.5% of management positions are held by women. Over 90% of the Group's workforce are women. We will continue to encourage and support a business leadership structure that reflects the values of equal opportunity across the Group.

Following the conclusion of the 2023 year, Mr. Richard Murray resigned as Chief Executive Officer (Retail), effective 15 September 2023. Mr. John Bryce, Just Group Limited's long-standing Chief Financial Officer, has been appointed as Interim CEO (Retail) and CFO effective 21 August 2023. Mr. Bryce will be well supported by Premier Retail's experienced senior management team during the formal strategic review process, announced on 21 August 2023. The Board appreciates the strength of Premier Retail's highly skilled and experienced senior management team and is confident that the team will continue to focus on the first-rate retail execution that this Group is well known for, whilst exploring all options for further value creation as part of the Group's strategic review.

The Remuneration Report summarises our remuneration strategies, the way in which incentives are calculated, and the connection between those strategies and the achievement of positive returns for shareholders.



Terrence McCartney
Chairman, Remuneration and Nomination Committee

Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

This remuneration report for the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 outlines the remuneration arrangements of the Group in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth), as amended (the "Act") and its regulations. This information has been audited as required by section 308 (3C) of the Act.

The remuneration report is presented under the following headings:

1. Introduction
2. Remuneration Governance
3. Executive remuneration arrangements:
 - A. Remuneration principles and strategy
 - B. Fixed remuneration objectives
 - C. Group performance and its link to executive remuneration
 - D. Group performance and its link to STI
 - E. Group performance and its link to LTI
 - F. Detail of incentive plans
4. Remuneration framework of CEO (Retail)
5. Executive service agreements
6. Non-Executive Director remuneration arrangements
7. Remuneration of Key Management Personnel
8. Additional disclosures relating to Rights and Shares
9. Additional disclosures relating to transactions and balances with Key Management Personnel

1. INTRODUCTION

The remuneration report details the remuneration arrangements for Key Management Personnel ("KMP") who are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Group.

The table below outlines the Group's KMP during the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023. Unless otherwise indicated, the individuals were KMP for the entire financial year.

KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

(i) Non-Executive Directors

Solomon Lew	Chairman and Non-Executive Director
David Crean	Deputy Chairman and Non-Executive Director
Timothy Antonie	Non-Executive Director and Lead Independent Director
Sylvia Falzon	Non-Executive Director
Sally Herman	Non-Executive Director
Henry Lanzer AM	Non-Executive Director
Terrence McCartney	Non-Executive Director
Michael McLeod	Non-Executive Director

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

1. INTRODUCTION (CONTINUED)

KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (CONTINUED)

(ii) Executive Director

Richard Murray Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer (Retail) (see note (a))

(iii) Executives

John Bryce Chief Financial Officer, Just Group Limited (see note (b))

Marinda Meyer Company Secretary, Premier Investments Limited

(a) Mr. Murray resigned as Chief Executive Officer (Retail) effective 15 September 2023, and resigned as an Executive Director effective 21 August 2023.

(b) Mr. Bryce was appointed Interim Chief Executive Officer (Retail) on 21 August 2023, in addition to fulfilling his duties as Chief Financial Officer of Just Group Limited.

There were no other changes to the KMP after the reporting date and before the date the financial report was authorised for issue.

2. REMUNERATION GOVERNANCE

Remuneration and Nomination Committee

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee ("Committee") of the Board of Directors of the Group ("Board") comprises three Non-Executive Directors. The Committee is led by Terrence McCartney, an independent Non-Executive Director, and the majority of its members are independent Non-Executive Directors. This demonstrates an ongoing commitment to the independence of the Committee. The Committee has delegated decision-making authority for some matters related to the remuneration arrangements for KMP and is required to make recommendations to the Board on other matters.

Specifically, the Board approves the remuneration arrangements of the Chief Executive Officer (Retail) ("CEO Retail") and other executives, including awards made under the short-term incentive ("STI") and long-term incentive ("LTI") plans, following recommendations from the Committee. The Board also sets the aggregate remuneration for Non-Executive Directors (which is subject to shareholder approval) and Non-Executive Director fee levels. The Committee approves, having regard to recommendations made by the CEO (Retail), the level of the Group STI pool.

The Committee meets regularly. The CEO (Retail) attends certain Committee meetings by invitation, where management input is required. The CEO (Retail) is not present during discussions relating to his own remuneration arrangements.

Further information relating to the Committee's role, responsibilities and membership can be seen at www.premierinvestments.com.au.

Use of remuneration advisors

The Committee may from time to time seek external remuneration advice to ensure it is fully informed when making remuneration decisions. Remuneration advisors are engaged by, and report directly to, the Committee.

No remuneration recommendations for the purposes of the *Corporations Act 2001* were made during the 2023 financial year.

Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

3. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS

3A. Remuneration principles and strategy

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023, the executive remuneration framework comprised of fixed remuneration, STI and LTI, as outlined below.

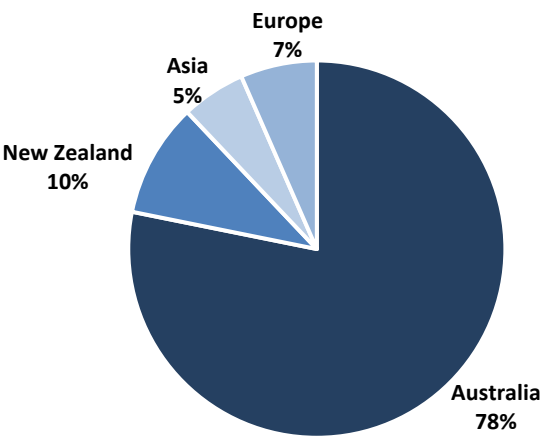
The Group aims to reward executives with a competitive level and mix of remuneration appropriate to their position and responsibilities and linked to shareholder value creation.

The Group's executive remuneration strategy is designed to attract, motivate and retain high performing individuals, and align the interests of executives with shareholders.

The Group operates mainly in the retail industry, with significant revenues earned in its traditional markets of Australia and New Zealand. The retail industry in these markets has seen marked structural change over recent years, including a prevalence in the use of new and existing technology, an increase in international competitors and significant changes in general consumer sentiment.

Complementing its strong market position in Australia and New Zealand, the Group continues to operate in international markets in Asia and Europe.

REVENUE FROM CUSTOMERS PER GEOGRAPHIC AREA FY23



The market for skilled and experienced executives in the retail industry continues to be increasingly competitive and international in nature. The Group's strong domestic position, as well as global reach, provides exposure to an international pool of talent and access to a diverse range of strategies to respond to industry changes.

Given these structural changes and the Group's growth focus, the Board believes it is both critical to the future success of the business, and in the best interest of shareholders, to attract, retain and develop the best possible executive team through the provision of competitive remuneration packages, and incentive arrangements which are aligned to growth and performance. The year-on-year growth in performance and shareholder value over more than a decade, is a testament to Premier's remuneration strategy.

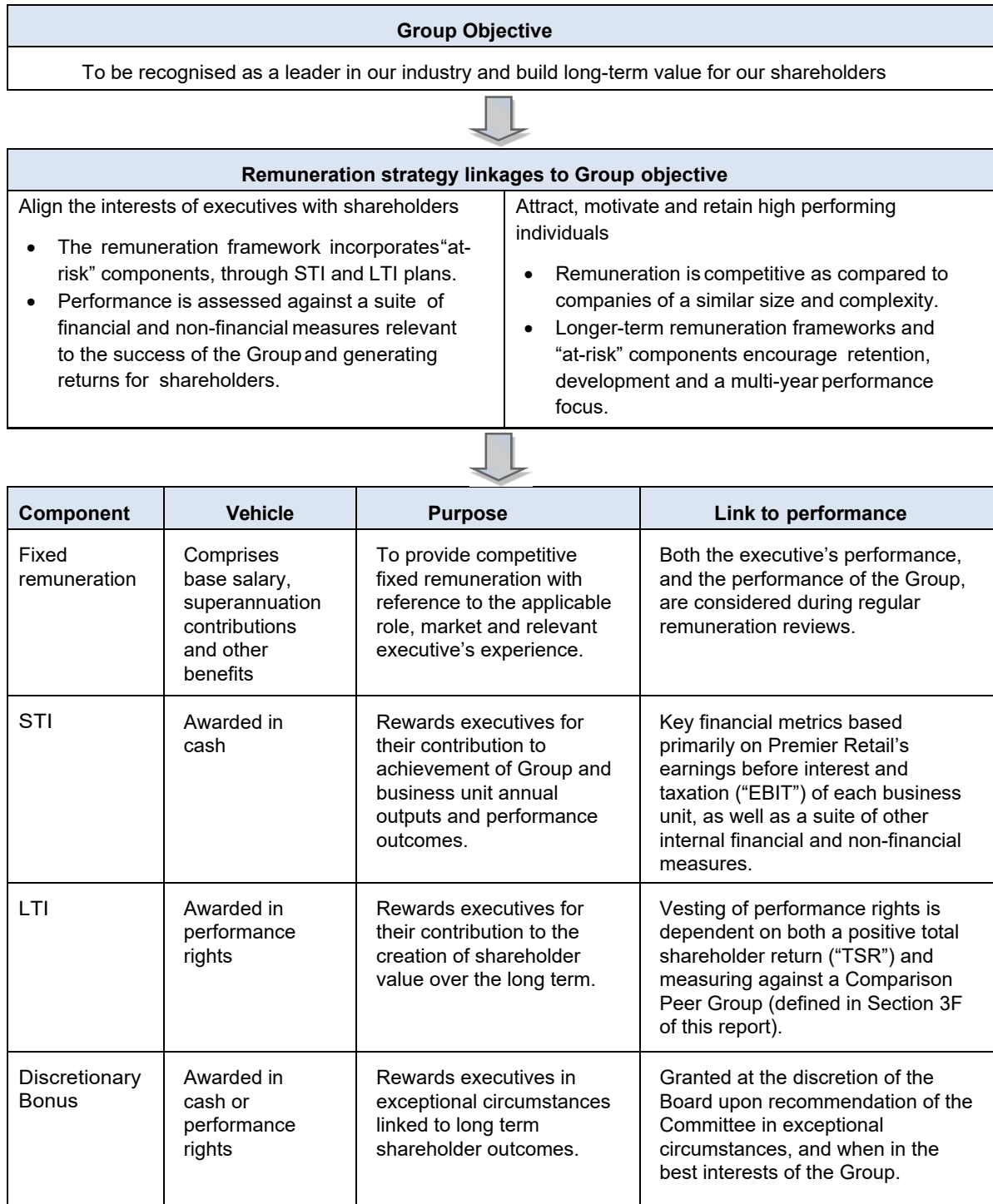
The Group's strategic objective is to be recognised as a leader in the retail industry and build long-term value for shareholders.

The Group is committed to ensuring that executive remuneration outcomes are explicitly linked to the overall performance and success of the Group. This section illustrates this link between the Group's strategic objectives and its executive remuneration strategies.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3A. Remuneration principles and strategy (continued)



Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

3. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3B. Fixed remuneration objectives

Fixed remuneration is reviewed by the Committee. The process consists of a review of the Group, applicable business unit and executive's individual performance, relevant comparative remuneration (both externally and internally) and, where appropriate, external advice. The Committee has access to external advice independent of management.

3C. Group performance and its link to executive remuneration

The Group is pleased to report that despite tough economic conditions, it continued to generate strong returns for shareholders. The dividends approved for the year reaffirm the confidence the Directors have in the Group's future performance and underline Premier's commitment to enhancing shareholder value through capital management and business investment.

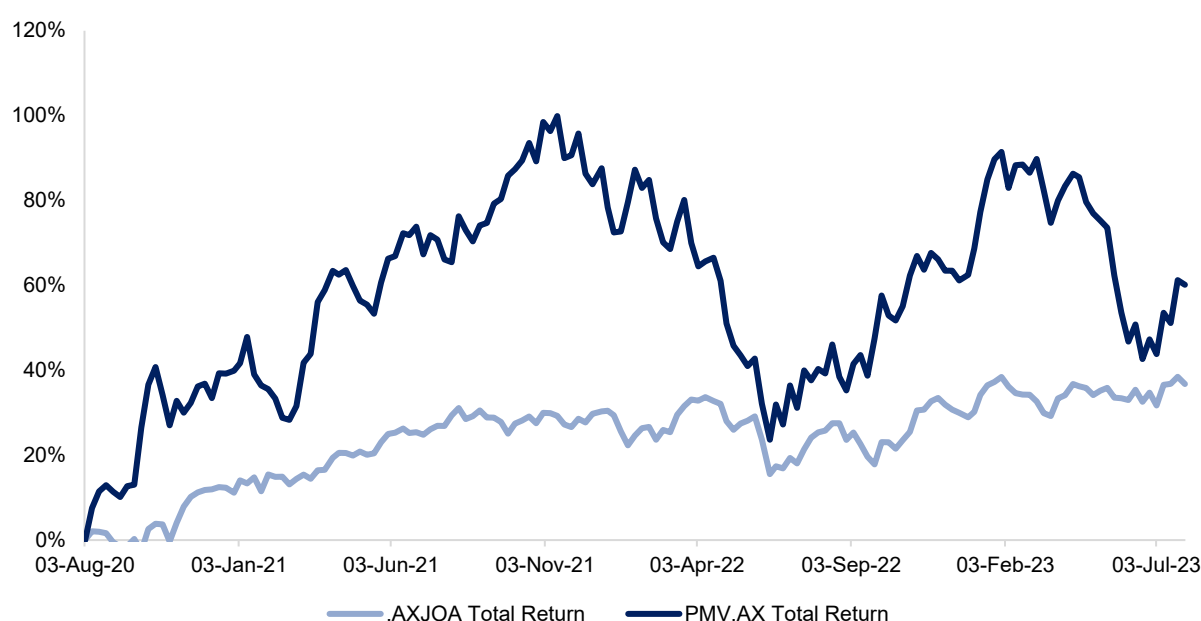
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Closing share price at end of financial year	\$22.18	\$21.04	\$26.84	\$17.57	\$16.28
Basic earnings per share (cents)	170.31	179.40	171.15	86.89	67.51
Dividends per share (cents)	130.0 ²	125.0 ²	80.0	70.0	70.0
Return on equity (%)	15.6% ¹	17.0%	17.7%	10.2%	7.9%

¹ Return on Equity excludes the impact of a non-cash impairment of intangible assets in FY23 (\$5 million).

² Comprising an ordinary dividend of 114 cents per share (FY22: 100 cents per share), and a special dividend of 16 cents per share (FY22: 25 cents per share).

The below chart illustrates the total return of the Premier share price against the S&P/ASX200 Accumulation Index, over the past 3 years, between 2021 and 2023, where the Group has delivered a TSR of 60%, outperforming the Index's return of 37%.

PREMIER SHARE PRICE TOTAL RETURN AGAINST ASX200 ACCUMULATION INDEX – 3 YEARS

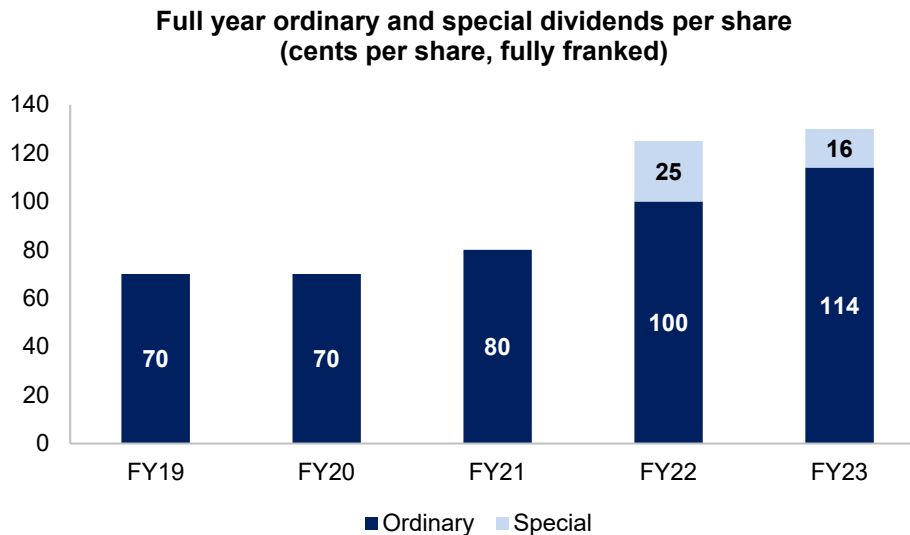


REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

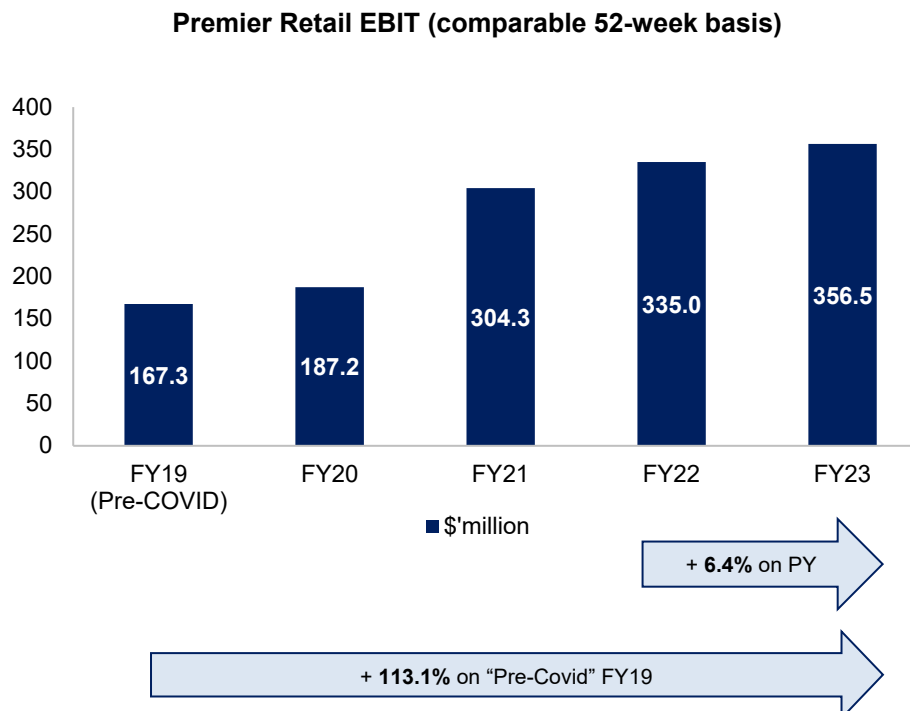
3. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3C. Group performance and its link to executive remuneration (continued)

The below chart illustrates full year ordinary and special dividends per share (fully franked) over a 5 year period:



Premier Retail achieved another outstanding result in FY23, with Premier Retail EBIT of \$356.5 million, an increase of 6.4% on FY22. Notably, Premier Retail's FY23 EBIT is up 113.1% on a "Pre-COVID" FY19 EBIT of \$167.3 million. The following chart shows Premier Retail's EBIT for the past 5 years.



Note: Please refer to page 11 of the Directors' Report for a reconciliation between Premier Retail EBIT (excluding one-off and significant items) and statutory reported operating profit before tax for the Retail Segment.

Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

3. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3D. Group performance and its link to STI

STI payment outcomes are primarily driven by Premier Retail's EBIT growth. The Board continuously evaluates the most appropriate STI performance hurdles and metrics for each year, ensuring that the STI component rewards the achievement of metrics most appropriate to the growth of the Group in the relevant year.

For the 2023 financial year, the Group provided Mr. Murray with an STI opportunity equivalent to between 37.5% and 75% of his fixed remuneration, subject to the achievement of performance hurdles. The Board determined that the 2023 financial year should primarily be based on growth of Premier Retail EBIT, achieving growth of 6.4% on FY22. Mr. Murray was therefore entitled to an STI payment of 37.5% of his fixed remuneration (being \$750,000), which has been reflected as part of his remuneration in section 7.

For the 2023 financial year, the Group provided Mr. Bryce with an STI opportunity equivalent to 50% of his fixed remuneration, subject to the achievement of performance hurdles. However, due to the increases to Mr. Bryce's remuneration arrangements in August 2023 associated with the increased scope of his role (see section 4.2), the Board determined that no STI payment was to be made to Mr. Bryce in relation to the 2023 financial year.

3E. Group performance and its link to LTI

The performance measure which drives LTI vesting is dependent on an absolute test, being a positive Premier TSR performance and a relative test, being a comparison against the Comparison Peer Group (as defined in section 3F of this report).

The table below illustrates the outcomes of the TSR testing performed during the 2023 financial year in relation to KMP. Due to Premier's strong share price performance over the past three years, where positive TSR meant the absolute test was met and the award was eligible for testing, the Group's relative performance was at the 82nd percentile against the peer group. This resulted in a vesting outcome of 100%.

Testing Period	Share price at start of testing period	Share price at end of testing period	Dividends paid (fully franked)	TSR percentage	TSR percentile
1 May 2020 to 30 Sept 2022	\$13.21	\$22.17	\$1.96	65.87%	82

Mr. Bryce was the only member of the current executive KMP participating in the 2020 LTI grant. Mr. Murray's LTI arrangements were not eligible for testing in the 2023 financial year and lapsed on cessation of his employment.

3F. Detail of incentive plans

Short term incentive ("STI")

The Group operates an annual STI program which is awarded subject to the attainment of clearly defined financial and non-financial Group and business unit measures.

Who participates?	Executives who have served a minimum of nine months.
How is STI delivered?	Cash.
What is the STI opportunity?	Executives have an STI opportunity of between 0% and 50% of their fixed remuneration. Mr. Murray has an STI opportunity of between 37.5% and 75% of his fixed remuneration.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

3. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3F. Detail of incentive plans (continued)

Short term incentive ("STI") (continued)

What are the applicable financial performance measures?	STI payments awarded to each executive are explicitly aligned to the key value drivers of Premier Retail, such that rewards are payable based on the following criteria: • target EBIT of Premier Retail and an incentive pool has been created; • the executive receives a performance appraisal on target or above; • the executive's minimum performance outcomes have been achieved; and • the executive's key performance indicators ("KPIs") have been met. The financial performance measures are chosen with reference to the strategic objective to promote both short term success and provide a framework for delivering long term value. The criteria are designed to ensure STI outcomes are aligned to the creation of shareholder value. The KPI criteria aligns the individual activities and focus of the executive to creating shareholder value. Each executive is set multiple KPIs covering financial, non-financial, Group and business unit measures of performance. The KPIs are quantifiable and weighted according to their value. The target EBIT for each year is expected to incorporate growth on the previous year. As such, in a year in which STI payments are made, Premier Retail considers the actual result in the prior year in order to assess an STI in the following year. This mechanism ensures the STI scheme continues to build shareholder returns over time.
What are the applicable non-financial performance measures?	The award of an STI is dependent on the executive achieving individual aligned non-financial performance indicators, such as: • retention of existing customers through outstanding customer service; • implementation of key growth initiatives; • demonstrated focus on a continuous improvement in safety performance; and • demonstrated focus on the growth and development of leadership and team talent to encourage leadership succession.
How is performance assessed?	After the end of the financial year, following consideration of the financial and non-financial performance indicators, the Committee obtains input from the CEO Retail in relation to the amount of STI to be paid to eligible executives. The Committee then provides its recommendations to the Board for approval. The provision of any STI payments is subject to the sole discretion of the Chairman.

Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

3. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3F. Detail of incentive plans (continued)

Long-term incentive ("LTI")

Premier's LTI plan seeks to create shareholder value over the long term by aligning executive remuneration with the Group's strategic objectives. The majority of Premier's LTI rights are assessed according to the performance measures described in the table below. In certain circumstances, Premier considers that the most appropriate performance condition relates to retention of key executives. In these circumstances, limited equity rights are issued to certain executives with the only performance measure relating to the executive remaining employed by the Group on the relevant vesting date.

Who participates?	Executives.										
How is LTI delivered?	Performance rights.										
How often are grants made?	One grant over multiple years. The most recent grant was made to executives in October 2022, excluding the CEO Retail.										
What are the performance measures?	The majority of LTI rights awarded to executives are subject to a two-stage performance test - an absolute and relative test - based on Premier's TSR. Broadly, TSR is the percentage growth achieved from an investment in ordinary shares over the relevant testing period (assuming all dividends are reinvested). The two-stage performance measure approach ensures that the LTI plan operates as a key driver for performance whilst also providing an incentive to executives. The absolute test requires Premier to achieve a positive TSR over the testing period. If the TSR is negative over the testing period, then the performance rights lapse. If the TSR is positive over the testing period, the relative test is undertaken, which compares Premier's TSR with the S&P/ASX200 excluding overseas companies and companies classified in the Energy or Materials sector ("Comparison Peer Group"). The Comparison Peer Group represents over 100 companies in the ASX200, which reflects the Group's competitors for both capital and talent. The Comparator Peer Group consists of ASX200 companies, including companies within the consumer discretionary, consumer staple and information technology sectors. Premier's performance against the Comparison Peer Group measure is determined according to its ranking against the Comparison Peer Group over the performance period. The vesting schedule is as follows: <table> <tr> <td>Target</td><td>Conversion ratio of rights to shares available to vest under the TSR performance condition</td></tr> <tr> <td>Below 50th percentile</td><td>0%</td></tr> <tr> <td>50th percentile</td><td>50%</td></tr> <tr> <td>Between 50th and 75th percentile</td><td>Pro Rata</td></tr> <tr> <td>75th percentile and above</td><td>100%</td></tr> </table>	Target	Conversion ratio of rights to shares available to vest under the TSR performance condition	Below 50th percentile	0%	50th percentile	50%	Between 50th and 75th percentile	Pro Rata	75th percentile and above	100%
Target	Conversion ratio of rights to shares available to vest under the TSR performance condition										
Below 50th percentile	0%										
50th percentile	50%										
Between 50th and 75th percentile	Pro Rata										
75th percentile and above	100%										

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

3. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3F. Detail of incentive plans (continued)

Long-term incentive ("LTI") (continued)

What are the performance measures (continued)?	The absolute test (or gateway) ensures that shareholders and executives are aligned in the goal of absolute wealth creation. The relative test provides alignment between comparative shareholder return and reward for executives. The performance rights under each tranche will lapse if the applicable performance hurdles are not met (unless otherwise determined by the Board in its absolute discretion). Premier considers the suitability of the above performance conditions on a regular basis.
How is performance assessed?	TSR performance is calculated by an independent external advisor at the end of each performance period. Section 8 of this report, titled "Additional disclosures relating to rights and shares", provides details of performance rights granted, vested, exercised and lapsed during the year.
When does the LTI vest?	For rights issued in the most recent grant during 2022, the performance rights will vest in accordance with the following schedule: Tranche 1: LTI rights will be tested for vesting from 1 October 2022 to 1 October 2025 (being the 1st Vesting Date). Tranche 2: LTI rights will be tested for vesting from 1 October 2022 to 1 October 2026 (being the 2nd Vesting Date). Tranche 3: LTI rights will be tested for vesting from 1 October 2022 to 1 October 2027 (being the 3rd Vesting Date). Performance rights have no opportunity to be re-tested.
How are grants treated on termination?	Generally, all rights (whether vested or unvested) lapse and terminate on cessation of employment.
May participants enter into hedging arrangements?	Executives are prohibited from entering into transactions to hedge or limit the economic risk of the securities allocated to them under the LTI scheme, either before vesting or after vesting while the securities are held subject to restriction. Executives are only able to hedge securities that have vested but continue to be subject to a trading restriction and a seven-year lock, with the prior consent of the Board. No employees have any hedging arrangements in place.
Are there restrictions on disposals?	Once rights have been allocated, disposal of performance shares is subject to restrictions whereby Board approval is required to sell shares granted within seven years under the LTI plan.
Do participants receive distributions or dividends on unvested LTI grants?	Participants do not receive distributions or dividends on unvested LTI grants.

Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

4.1 REMUNERATION OF CEO (RETAIL), MR. MURRAY

Mr. Murray's annual fixed remuneration for the 2023 financial year was \$2,000,000. Mr. Murray resigned as CEO (Retail) effective 15 September 2023, and resigned as Executive Director of Premier effective 21 August 2023.

Mr. Murray was eligible to receive an FY23 STI award of between 37.5% and 75% of his fixed remuneration. Mr. Murray received an STI payment equivalent to 37.5% of his fixed remuneration.

At Premier's 2021 Annual General Meeting of shareholders held on 2 December 2021, shareholders approved the granting of 200,000 performance rights to Mr Murray, split into 4 equal tranches, as a once-off sign on retention performance rights grant. In accordance with the agreed timeframes, in the 2023 financial year, 25% of the once-off sign on retention performance rights were tested and awarded to Mr. Murray.

As a result of the cessation of his employment, the remaining 50% of Mr. Murray's unvested once-off sign-on retention performance rights and all of his LTI rights lapsed. Mr. Murray is not eligible to receive an FY24 STI award.

4.2 FY24 REMUNERATION OF INTERIM CEO (RETAIL), MR. BRYCE

On 21 August 2023, Premier announced the appointment of Mr. John Bryce as Interim CEO (Retail), following the resignation of Mr. Murray. Mr. Bryce will continue to fulfil his duties as Chief Financial Officer, Just Group Limited, during this time. The material terms of Mr. Bryce's employment arrangement as Interim CEO (Retail) and CFO were provided to the ASX on 21 August 2023, and are summarised below:

Commencement Date and Term	From 21 August 2023 until 26 July 2024 or when the Board appoints a new CEO (whichever is earlier), Mr Bryce will be engaged in the position of Interim CEO (Retail), and CFO.
Fixed Remuneration	\$1,000,000 per annum, during the period in which Mr. Bryce is engaged in the position of Interim CEO (Retail) and CFO.
Once-off Retention Award	The Company will grant Mr. Bryce 25,000 performance rights as a once off retention award to recognise his increased scope of role. The performance rights will be tested, and if applicable, will vest on 26 July 2024. Vesting of the performance rights is subject to Mr. Bryce being actively employed on the vesting date. If vested, each performance right is an entitlement to a fully paid ordinary share of the Company (Performance Shares). The performance rights are subject to the terms and conditions of the Company's Performance Rights Plan Rules (Rules). In accordance with the Rules, disposal of Performance Shares is subject to restrictions whereby Board approval is required to sell shares granted within 7 years.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

5. EXECUTIVE SERVICE AGREEMENTS

Remuneration and other terms of employment for KMP and other executives are formalised in written service agreements (with the exception of Ms. Meyer, whose relevant terms of employment are set out below). Material provisions of the service agreements are set out below:

	Start date	Term of agreement	Review period	Notice period required from Premier	Notice period required from employee
Mr. Murray	6 Sept 2021	Ongoing	Annual	12 months	12 months
Mr. Bryce	13 Dec 2016	Ongoing	Annual	12 months	12 months *
Ms. Meyer	4 Feb 2019	Ongoing	Annual	12 months	12 months

* If Mr. Bryce gives notice of termination, then his notice period may be extended to delay the date on which his termination becomes effective, by a period of up to six months.

6. NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS

Determination of fees and maximum aggregate Non-Executive Director Remuneration

The Board seeks to set Non-Executive Director fees at a level which provides the Group with the ability to attract and retain Non-Executive Directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost which is acceptable to shareholders.

The Group's constitution and the ASX listing rules specify that the Non-Executive Director maximum aggregate remuneration shall be determined from time to time by a general meeting. The most recent determination of this kind was at the 2016 Annual General Meeting held on 2 December 2016 when shareholders approved an aggregate remuneration of an amount not exceeding \$1,500,000 per year.

The Chairman of the Group, consistent with his past practice, has declined to accept any remuneration for his role as a director or for his role on any committees.

Fee policy

Non-Executive Director's fees consist of base fees and committee fees. The payment of committee fees recognises the additional time commitment required by Non-Executive Directors who serve on Board committees. Effective 1 August 2021, Premier increased Non-Executive Director base fees by \$20,000 each.

Non-Executive Directors may be reimbursed for expenses reasonably incurred in attending to the Group's affairs. Non-Executive Directors do not participate in any incentive programs. Premier has not established any schemes for retirement benefits for Non-Executive Directors (other than superannuation).

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Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

7. REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (KMP)

Details of the nature and amount of each element of compensation for services for KMP of the Group related to the financial year are as follows:

2023	Short-term		Share based		Performance related
	Salary/Fee/ Allowances	Cash	Long-term incentives	Total	%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Non-Executive Directors					
Mr. S. Lew	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. T. Antonie	160,000	-	-	160,000	-
Dr. D. Crean	180,928	-	-	200,000	-
Ms. S. Falzon	140,000	19,072	-	140,000	-
Ms. S. Herman	140,000	-	-	140,000	-
Mr. H. D. Lanzer ¹	140,000	-	-	140,000	-
Mr. T.L. McCartney	360,000	-	-	360,000	-
Mr. M. R. I. McLeod	144,742	-	15,258	160,000	-
Total Non-Executive Directors	1,265,670	-	34,330	1,300,000	
Executives					
Mr. R. Murray ²	1,973,520	750,000 ³	4,261,494 ²	7,010,482	71%
Mr. J. Bryce	624,568	-	129,335	779,371	17%
Ms. M. Meyer	374,532	50,000	162,842	612,842	35%
Total executives	2,972,620	800,000	4,553,671	8,402,695	
TOTAL 2023	4,238,290	800,000	4,553,671	9,702,695	

¹ Mr. Lanzer's director's fees were paid to Arnold Bloch Leibler.

² Mr. Murray resigned as CEO (Retail) effective 15 September 2023. Mr. Murray's Long-term Incentives expense for FY23 includes an amount of \$3,331,680 relating to Long-term Incentives that will lapse, following his resignation subsequent to year-end.

³ Refer to section 3 for information relating to the STI payment for Mr. Murray.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

7. REMUNERATION OF KMP (CONTINUED)

2022	Short-term		Share based		Performance related %
	Salary/Fee/ Allowances \$	Cash \$	Superannuation \$	Long-term incentives \$	
Non-Executive Directors					
Mr. S. Lew	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. T. Antonie	160,000	-	-	-	160,000
Dr. D. Crean	181,750	-	18,250	-	200,000
Ms. S. Falzon	140,000	-	-	-	140,000
Ms. S Herman	140,000	-	-	-	140,000
Mr. H. D. Lanzer ¹	140,000	-	-	-	140,000
Mr. T.L. McCarthy	360,000	-	-	-	360,000
Mr. M. R. I. McLeod	144,150	-	15,850	-	160,000
Total Non-Executive Directors	1,265,900	-	34,100	-	1,300,000
Executives					
Mr. R. Murray ²	1,783,808	1,347,945	21,748	4,420,833	7,574,334
Mr. J. Bryce	526,288	275,000	23,712	70,594	895,594
Ms. M. Meyer	336,791	100,000	23,712	-	460,503
Total executives	2,646,887	1,722,945	69,172	4,491,427	8,930,431
TOTAL 2022	3,912,787	1,722,945	103,272	4,491,427	10,230,431
					76%
					39%
					22%

¹ Mr. Lanzer's director's fees were paid to Arnold Bloch Leibler.² Mr. Murray commenced as CEO (Retail) on 6 September 2021.

Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

8. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES RELATING TO RIGHTS AND SHARES OF KMP

a) Rights awarded, vested and lapsed during the year:

The table below discloses the number of performance rights granted to KMP as remuneration for the financial year ended 29 July 2023, as well as the number of rights vested and lapsed during the year:

Terms and Conditions					
2023	Rights granted during the year No.	Grant date	Fair value per right at grant date \$	Expiry and Exercise date	Rights vested No.
Mr. R. Murray	-	Dec-21	-	-	50,000
Mr. J. Bryce	-	May-20	-	-	8,516
	38,319	Oct-22	\$11.21	-	-
Ms. M. Meyer	45,000	Oct-22	\$19.98	-	-

No rights lapsed during the financial year ended 29 July 2023.

b) Value of rights awarded, exercised and lapsed during the year:

2023	Value of rights granted during the year \$	Value of rights exercised during the year \$	Remuneration consisting of rights for the year %
Mr. R. Murray	-	1,121,500	61%
Mr. J. Bryce	429,556	212,645	17%
Ms. M. Meyer	899,100	-	27%

There were no alterations to the terms and conditions of rights awarded as remuneration since their award date. The value of rights exercised during the year represent the intrinsic value of the rights based on the share price on the relevant day of vesting.

c) Shares issued on exercise of rights:

2023	Shares issued No	Paid per share \$	Unpaid per share \$	Alterations to terms and conditions of rights awarded since award date
Mr. R. Murray	50,000	-	-	No
Mr. J. Bryce	8,516	-	-	No

d) Rights holdings of KMP:

2023	Balance at 30 July 2022	Granted as remuneration	Rights exercised	Balance at 29 July 2023 (not exercisable)
Mr. R. Murray	800,000	-	(50,000)	750,000
Mr. J. Bryce	25,548	38,319	(8,516)	55,351
Ms. M. Meyer	-	45,000	-	45,000

Rights granted to KMP were made in accordance with the provisions of the Group's Performance Rights Plan.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

8. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES RELATING TO RIGHTS AND SHARES OF KMP (CONTINUED)

e) Number of Ordinary Shares held in Premier Investments Limited by KMP:

2023	Balance at 30 July 2022	Movement in shareholdings	Balance at 29 July 2023
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS			
Mr. S. Lew *	4,437,699	-	4,437,699
Mr. T. Antonie	5,001	-	5,001
Dr. D.M. Crean	-	-	-
Ms. S. Falzon	-	-	-
Ms. S. Herman	11,500	-	11,500
Mr. H.D. Lanzer	27,665	-	27,665
Mr. T.L. McCartney	-	-	-
Mr. M.R.I. McLeod	28,186	-	28,186
EXECUTIVES			
Mr. R. Murray	-	50,000	50,000
Mr. J. Bryce	14,901	8,516	23,417
Ms. M. Meyer	-	20,000	20,000
TOTAL	4,524,952	78,516	4,603,468

* Mr. Lew is an associate of Century Plaza Investments Pty. Ltd. and Metrepark Pty. Ltd (Associated Entities). The Associated Entities, collectively, have a relevant interest in 59,804,731 (2022: 59,804,731) shares in the company. However, Mr. Lew does not have a relevant interest in the shares in the company held by the Associated Entities.

9. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES RELATING TO TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH KMP AND THEIR RELATED PARTIES

Mr. Lanzer is the managing partner of the legal firm Arnold Bloch Leibler. Group companies use the services of Arnold Bloch Leibler from time to time. Legal services totalling \$1,695,213 (2022: \$1,479,010), including Mr. Lanzer's Director fees, GST and disbursements were invoiced by Arnold Bloch Leibler to the Group, with \$234,282 (2022: \$114,909) remaining outstanding at year-end. The fees paid for these services were at arm's length and on normal commercial terms.

Mr. Lanzer is a director of Loch Awe Pty Ltd. During the year, lease payments totalling \$240,167 (2022: \$388,556) including GST was paid to Loch Awe Pty Ltd, with \$nil outstanding rent payments at year-end (2022: \$nil). The payments were at arm's length and on normal commercial terms.

Mr. Lew is a director of Voyager Distributing Company Pty Ltd. During the year, purchases totalling \$25,652,581 (2022: \$19,597,245) including GST have been made by Group companies from Voyager Distributing Co. Pty Ltd, with \$3,820,631 (2022: \$4,154,029) remaining outstanding at year-end. The purchases were all at arm's length and on normal commercial terms.

Mr. Lew is a director of Century Plaza Trading Pty. Ltd. Premier and Century Plaza Trading Pty Ltd are parties to a Services Agreement to which Century Plaza Trading agrees to provide certain administrative services to the Company to the extent required and requested by Premier. Premier is required to reimburse Century Plaza Trading for costs it incurs in providing the Company with the services under the Service Agreement. Premier reimbursed a total of \$434,500 (2022: \$440,000) costs including GST incurred by Century Plaza Trading Pty Ltd, with \$nil (2022: \$198,000) outstanding at year-end.

Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

9. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES RELATING TO TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH KMP AND THEIR RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Amounts recognised in the financial report at the reporting date in relation to other transactions:

i) Amounts included within Assets and Liabilities

2023 \$'000

Current Liabilities

Trade and other payables	4,055
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ii) Amounts included within Profit or Loss

2023 \$'000

Expenses

Purchases/ Cost of goods sold	23,537
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Lease rental expense	218
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Legal fees	1,541
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Other expenses	435
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Total expenses	25,731
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Auditor's Independence Declaration



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Auditor's independence declaration to the directors of Premier Investments Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Premier Investments Limited for the financial year ended 29 July 2023, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit;
- b. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit; and
- c. No non-audit services provided that contravene any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Premier Investments Limited and the entities it controlled during the financial year.

Ernst & Young

Ernst & Young

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Glenn Carmody', written over a horizontal line.

Glenn Carmody
Partner
28 September 2023

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

	NOTES	CONSOLIDATED	
		2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Revenue from contracts with customers	4	1,643,502	1,497,520
Other revenue	4	19,022	3,967
Total revenue		1,662,524	1,501,487
Other income	4	2,029	15,389
Total revenue and other income		1,664,553	1,516,876
Changes in inventories		(621,011)	(527,721)
Employee expenses		(383,091)	(350,664)
Lease rental expenses	5	(43,756)	(21,239)
Depreciation and impairment of non-current assets	5	(165,222)	(166,176)
Advertising and direct marketing		(24,569)	(22,233)
Finance costs	5	(16,513)	(8,862)
Other expenses		(59,118)	(54,403)
Total expenses		(1,313,280)	(1,151,298)
Share of profit of associates	20	30,864	27,085
Profit from continuing operations before income tax		382,137	392,663
Income tax expense	6	(111,059)	(107,489)
Net profit for the period attributable to owners		271,078	285,174
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Net gain (loss) on cash flow hedges	24	491	(6,166)
Foreign currency translation	24	5,814	(3,092)
Net movement in other comprehensive income of associates	24	4,809	8,895
Income tax on items of other comprehensive (income) loss	6	(147)	1,850
Other comprehensive income which may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods, net of tax		10,967	1,487
Items not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Net fair value gain (loss) on listed equity investment	24	29,165	(2,673)
Income tax on items of other comprehensive (income) loss	6	(17,356)	802
Other comprehensive income (loss) not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods, net of tax		11,809	(1,871)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS		293,854	284,790

Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the parent:

- basic, profit for the year (cents per share)	7	170.31	179.40
- diluted, profit for the year (cents per share)	7	168.59	178.16

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Statement of Financial Position

As at 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

		CONSOLIDATED	
	NOTES	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	21	417,647	471,273
Trade and other receivables	9	12,678	11,026
Income tax receivable		12,214	-
Inventories	10	231,157	224,392
Other financial instruments	25	577	87
Other current assets	11	13,042	10,299
Total current assets		687,315	717,077
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	17	128,495	125,313
Right-of-use assets	12	389,739	195,558
Intangible assets	18	822,363	827,227
Deferred tax assets	6	31,442	51,426
Listed equity investment at fair value	19	-	75,932
Investments in associates	20	458,775	312,201
Total non-current assets		1,830,814	1,587,657
TOTAL ASSETS		2,518,129	2,304,734
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	127,264	143,454
Income tax payable		1,875	31,974
Lease liabilities	14	153,045	158,290
Provisions	15	39,505	44,505
Other current liabilities	16	14,307	16,129
Total current liabilities		335,996	394,352
Non-current liabilities			
Interest-bearing liabilities	22	69,000	69,000
Deferred tax liabilities	6	78,653	71,908
Lease liabilities	14	277,287	80,991
Provisions	15	15,857	10,964
Total non-current liabilities		440,797	232,863
TOTAL LIABILITIES		776,793	627,215
NET ASSETS		1,741,336	1,677,519
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	23	608,615	608,615
Reserves	24	25,696	(4,287)
Retained earnings		1,107,025	1,073,191
TOTAL EQUITY		1,741,336	1,677,519

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this Statement of Financial Position.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

		CONSOLIDATED	
	NOTES	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		1,823,370	1,661,826
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(1,317,480)	(1,172,536)
Interest received		13,610	732
Borrowing costs paid		(5,742)	(3,193)
Interest on lease liabilities		(10,705)	(5,605)
Income taxes paid		(143,998)	(125,747)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	21(b)	359,055	355,477
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends received from listed equity investment		4,695	2,449
Dividends received from investments in associates		27,894	10,402
Payment for trademarks		(136)	(223)
Purchase of investments		(34,400)	(15,143)
Payment for property, plant and equipment		(16,315)	(8,651)
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(18,262)	(11,166)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Equity dividends paid		(237,244)	(146,274)
Payment of lease liabilities		(161,754)	(169,573)
Proceeds of borrowings		188,376	-
Repayment of borrowings		(188,376)	(77,834)
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(398,998)	(393,681)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH HELD		(58,205)	(49,370)
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		471,273	523,356
Net foreign exchange difference		4,579	(2,713)
CASH AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	21(a)	417,647	471,273

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this Statement of Cash Flows.

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CONSOLIDATED								
CONTRIBUTED EQUITY	CAPITAL PROFITS RESERVE	PERFORMANCE RIGHTS RESERVE	CASH FLOW HEDGE RESERVE	FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVE	FAIR VALUE RESERVE	RETAINED PROFITS	TOTAL	
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
At 31 July 2022	608,615	464	27,313	61	8,604	(40,729)	1,073,191	1,677,519
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	271,078	271,078
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	344	10,623	11,809	-	22,776
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	344	10,623	11,809	271,078	293,854
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:								
Performance rights issued	-	-	7,207	-	-	-	-	7,207
Dividends paid and payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	(237,244)	(237,244)
Balance as at 29 July 2023	608,615	464	34,520	405	19,227	(20,313)	1,107,025	1,741,336
At 1 August 2021	608,615	464	21,215	4,377	2,801	(38,858)	934,291	1,532,905
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	285,174	285,174
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(4,316)	5,803	(1,871)	-	(384)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	(4,316)	5,803	(1,871)	285,174	284,790
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:								
Performance rights issued	-	-	6,098	-	-	-	-	6,098
Dividends paid and payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	(146,274)	(146,274)
Balance as at 30 July 2022	608,615	464	27,313	61	8,604	(40,729)	1,073,191	1,677,519

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this Statement of Changes in Equity

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The financial report contains the consolidated financial statements of the consolidated entity, comprising Premier Investments Limited (the 'parent entity') and its wholly owned subsidiaries ('the Group') for the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023. The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 28 September 2023.

Premier Investments Limited is a for profit company limited by shares incorporated in Australia whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange. The nature of the operations and principal activities of the Group are described in the Directors' Report.

The notes to the financial statements have been organised into the following sections:

- (i) Other significant group accounting policies: Summarises the basis of financial statement preparation and other accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. Specific accounting policies are disclosed in the note to which they relate.
- (ii) Group performance: Contains the notes that focus on the results and performance of the Group.
- (iii) Operating assets and liabilities: Provides information on the Group's assets and liabilities used to generate the Group's performance.
- (iv) Capital invested: Provides information on the capital invested which allows the Group to generate its performance.
- (v) Capital structure and risk management: Provides information on the Group's capital structure and summarises the Group's Risk Management policies.
- (vi) Group structure: Contains information in relation to the Group's structure and related parties.
- (vii) Other disclosures: Summarises other disclosures which are required in order to comply with Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements.

2 OTHER SIGNIFICANT GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial report is prepared for the 52 weeks from 31 July 2022 to 29 July 2023.

Below is a summary of significant group accounting policies applicable to the Group which have not been disclosed elsewhere. The notes to the financial statements, which contain detailed accounting policy notes, should be read in conjunction with the below Group accounting policies.

(a) BASIS OF FINANCIAL REPORT PREPARATION

The financial report is a general-purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. The financial report has been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for other financial instruments and listed equity investments at fair value, which have been measured at fair value as explained in the relevant accounting policies throughout the notes.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000), unless otherwise stated, as the Company is of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, dated 24 March 2016.

(b) STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

2 OTHER SIGNIFICANT GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements are those of the consolidated entity, comprising Premier Investments Limited and its wholly owned subsidiaries as at the end of each financial year. A list of the Group's subsidiaries is included in note 27.

Subsidiaries are entities that are controlled by the Group. Control is achieved when the Group has:

- Power over the investee;
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Investments in subsidiaries held by Premier Investments Limited are accounted for at cost in the separate financial statements of the parent entity less any impairment losses. Dividends received from subsidiaries are recorded as a component of other revenue in the separate statement of comprehensive income of the parent entity, and do not impact the recorded cost of the investment.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary.

(d) COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

The current reporting period, 31 July 2022 to 29 July 2023, represents 52 weeks and the comparative reporting period is from 1 August 2021 to 30 July 2022 which represents 52 weeks. From time to time, management may change prior year comparatives to reflect classifications applied in the current year.

(e) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements and estimates on historical experience and on other various factors it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Management has identified certain critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are required. These key judgements, estimates and assumptions have been disclosed as part of the relevant note to the financial statements. Actual results may differ from those estimated under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

(f) OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Notes to the Financial Statements *continued*

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

2 OTHER SIGNIFICANT GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) *CURRENT VERSUS NON-CURRENT CLASSIFICATION*

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current versus non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold in the normal operating cycle, or primarily held for the purpose of trading, or is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or;
- Cash and cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is current when it is:

- Expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle, or primarily held for the purpose of trading, or is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or;
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

(h) *FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). Both the functional and presentation currency of the parent entity and its Australian subsidiaries is Australian dollars.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency by applying the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. All exchange differences are taken to profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

As at the reporting date the assets and liabilities of the overseas subsidiaries are translated into the presentation currency of the parent entity at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date and the statements of comprehensive income are translated at the weighted average exchange rates for the period. Exchange variations resulting from the translations are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve in equity.

(i) *GOODS AND SERVICES TAX (GST), INCLUDING OTHER VALUE-ADDED TAXES*

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST) except:

- When the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

2 OTHER SIGNIFICANT GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

Changes in accounting policies, disclosures, standards and interpretations

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for new and amended Australian Accounting Standards and AASB Interpretations relevant to the Group and its operations that are effective for the current annual reporting period. There are no new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that had a material impact on the consolidated financial report of the Group.

Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective

Recently issued or amended Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have been identified as those which may be relevant to the Group in future reporting periods, but are not yet effective, have not been early adopted by the Group for the reporting period ended 29 July 2023. The Group does not anticipate that the below amended standards and interpretations will have a material impact on the Group, unless otherwise stated below:

- Amendments to AASB 101: *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current*
- Definition of Accounting Estimates – *Amendments to AASB 108*
- Disclosure of Material Accounting Policies – *Amendments to AASB 101*
- International Tax Reform Pillar Two Model Rules - In June 2023, the AASB issued AASB 2023-2 *Amendments to Australian Accounting standards – International tax reform – Pillar Two Model Rules*, which amends AASB 112 'Income Taxes' and introduces:
 - A temporary exception to recognise and disclose information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.
 - Requirements for entities to disclose qualitative and quantitative information about its exposure to Pillar Two income taxes, including a separate disclosure of current income tax related to Pillar Two incomes taxes.

These disclosures are effective for the Group in the next financial year and the impact on the Group's financial report is yet to be assessed. The Group will continue to monitor developments in tax legislation and assess the impact of the new requirements in the financial year 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

GROUP PERFORMANCE

3 OPERATING SEGMENTS

Identification of operating segments

The Group determines and presents operating segments based on the information that is internally provided and used by the chief operating decision maker in assessing the performance of the Group and in determining the allocation of resources.

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. The operating segments are identified by management based on the nature of the business conducted, and for which discrete financial information is available and reported to the chief operating decision maker on at least a monthly basis.

Segment results that are reported to the chief operating decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly of corporate assets, head office expenses and income tax assets and liabilities.

Reportable Segments

Retail

The retail segment represents the financial performance of a number of speciality retail fashion chains.

Investment

The investment segment represents investments in securities for both long and short term gains, dividend income and interest.

Accounting policies

The key accounting policies used by the Group in reporting segments internally are the same as those contained in these financial statements.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense is calculated based on the segment operating net profit using the Group's effective income tax rate.

It is the Group's policy that if items of revenue and expense are not allocated to operating segments then any associated assets and liabilities are also not allocated to the segments. This is to avoid asymmetrical allocations within segments which management believe would be inconsistent.

Segment capital expenditure

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets other than goodwill.

The table on the following page presents revenue and profit information for operating segments for the periods ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022.

GROUP PERFORMANCE

3 OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

(A) OPERATING SEGMENTS

	RETAIL		INVESTMENT		ELIMINATION		CONSOLIDATED	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME								
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,643,502	1,497,520	-	-	-	-	1,643,502	1,497,520
Interest revenue	5,202	321	8,960	1,000	-	-	14,162	1,321
Other revenue	165	160	202,195	295,986	(197,500)	(293,500)	4,860	2,646
Other income	2,029	138	-	15,251	-	-	2,029	15,389
Total revenue and other income	1,650,898	1,498,139	211,155	312,237	(197,500)	(293,500)	1,664,553	1,516,876
Total revenue per the statement of comprehensive income							1,664,553	1,516,876

RESULTS								
Depreciation	15,793	19,431	1,505	1,505	-	-	17,298	20,936
Depreciation – right-of-use asset	144,583	147,817	-	-	(1,659)	(2,577)	142,924	145,240
Impairment of intangible asset brand names	-	-	5,000	-	-	-	5,000	-
Interest expense	13,726	7,169	3,052	1,878	(265)	(185)	16,513	8,862
Share of profit of associates	-	-	30,864	27,085	-	-	30,864	27,085
Profit before income tax expense	352,515	353,192	232,050	332,885	(202,428)	(293,414)	382,137	392,663
Income tax expense							(111,059)	(107,489)
Net profit after tax per the statement of comprehensive income							271,078	285,174

	RETAIL		INVESTMENT		ELIMINATION		CONSOLIDATED	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES								
Segment assets	1,043,614	841,300	1,568,007	1,583,413	(93,492)	(119,979)	2,518,129	2,304,734
Segment liabilities	639,051	500,476	143,469	163,881	(5,727)	(37,142)	776,793	627,215
Capital expenditure	20,606	8,797	-	-	-	-	20,606	8,797

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

GROUP PERFORMANCE

3 OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

(B) GEOGRAPHIC AREAS OF OPERATION

	AUSTRALIA	NEW ZEALAND	ASIA	EUROPE	ELIMINATION	CONSOLIDATED
	2023 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2023 \$'000
REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME						
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,284,730	160,713	90,204	107,855	-	1,643,502
Other revenue and income	49,170	519	127	(17)	(28,748)	21,051
Total revenue and other income	1,333,900	161,232	90,331	107,838	(28,748)	1,664,553
Segment non-current assets	1,706,279	39,941	14,519	27,486	42,589	1,830,814
Capital expenditure	18,102	1,559	710	235	-	20,606

	AUSTRALIA	NEW ZEALAND	ASIA	EUROPE	ELIMINATION	CONSOLIDATED
	2022 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2022 \$'000
REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME						
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,196,623	147,379	49,954	103,564	-	1,497,520
Other revenue and income	37,989	4	139	30	(18,806)	19,356
Total revenue and other income	1,234,612	147,383	50,093	103,594	(18,806)	1,516,876
Segment non-current assets	1,478,405	26,180	15,102	28,270	39,700	1,587,657
Capital expenditure	7,733	862	159	43	-	8,797

GROUP PERFORMANCE

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

4 REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

REVENUE

Revenue from contracts with customers	1,643,502	1,497,520
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(Disaggregated revenue from contracts with customers is presented in note 3B, *Operating Segments*)

OTHER REVENUE

Dividends received from listed equity investment	4,695	2,449
Sundry revenue	165	197
Interest received	14,162	1,321

TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	19,022	3,967
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TOTAL REVENUE	1,662,524	1,501,487
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OTHER INCOME

Gain on investment in associate resulting from share issue	-	15,251
Insurance proceeds	1,866	-
Other	163	138

TOTAL OTHER INCOME	2,029	15,389
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TOTAL REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME	1,664,553	1,516,876
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REVENUE RECOGNITION ACCOUNTING POLICY

Revenue recognition occurs at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, generally at the point of sale or on delivery of the goods.

The Group estimates the value of expected customer returns that will arise as a result of the Group's returns policy, which entitles the customer to a refund of returned unused products within the specified timeframe for the respective brands. At the same time, the Group recognises a right of return asset, being the former carrying amount of the inventory, less any expected costs to recover the goods the Group expects to be returned by customers as a result of the returns policy.

The Group operates certain loyalty programmes, which allow customers to accumulate points when products are purchased, and which can be redeemed for free or discounted product once a minimum number of points have been accumulated. Loyalty points give rise to a separate performance obligation providing a material right to the customer, therefore a portion of the transaction price is allocated to the loyalty programme based on the relative stand-alone selling prices.

The Group recognises a contract liability upon the sale of gift cards and recognises revenue when the customer redeems the gift card, and the Group fulfils its performance obligation. The Group also recognises revenue on the portion of unredeemed gift cards for which redemption is unlikely, known as gift card breakage. Gift card breakage is estimated and recognised as revenue in proportion to the pattern of rights exercised by customers. On expiry of the gift card, any unused funds are recognised in full as breakage.

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

GROUP PERFORMANCE

		CONSOLIDATED	
		2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
5	EXPENSES		
	<i>LEASE RENTAL EXPENSES (BENEFITS)</i>		
	Variable lease expenses	12,647	11,723
	Other lease expenses	32,541	23,519
	COVID-19 related rent concessions	(1,432)	(10,538)
	Other Australia and New Zealand holdover rent concessions	-	(3,465)
	NET LEASE RENTAL EXPENSES	43,756	21,239
	<i>DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT OF NON-CURRENT ASSETS</i>		
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	17	17,298
	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	12	142,924
	Impairment of intangible asset brand names	18	5,000
	TOTAL DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT OF NON-CURRENT ASSETS	165,222	166,176
	<i>FINANCE COSTS</i>		
	Interest on lease liabilities	14	10,705
	Interest on bank loans and overdraft		5,808
	TOTAL FINANCE COSTS	16,513	8,862
	<i>OTHER EXPENSES INCLUDE:</i>		
	Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	132	201
	Loss on investment in associate resulting from share issue	703	-

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GROUP PERFORMANCE

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

6 INCOME TAX

The major components of income tax expense are:

(a) INCOME TAX RECOGNISED IN PROFIT OR LOSS

CURRENT INCOME TAX		
Current income tax charge	99,688	97,603
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of previous years	2,070	(1,757)
DEFERRED INCOME TAX		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	9,301	11,643
INCOME TAX EXPENSE REPORTED IN THE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	111,059	107,489

(b) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Deferred income tax related to items credited directly to equity:

Net deferred income tax on movements on cash-flow hedges	147	(1,850)
Net deferred income tax on unrealised gain (loss) on listed equity investment at fair value	17,356	(802)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) REPORTED IN EQUITY	17,503	(2,652)

(c) RECONCILIATION BETWEEN TAX EXPENSE AND THE ACCOUNTING PROFIT BEFORE TAX MULTIPLIED BY THE GROUP'S APPLICABLE AUSTRALIAN INCOME TAX RATE

Accounting profit before income tax	382,137	392,663
At the Parent Entity's statutory income tax rate of 30% (2022: 30%)	114,641	117,799
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of previous years	2,070	(1,757)
Expenditure not allowable for income tax purposes	3,702	1,852
Effect of different rates of tax on overseas income	(3,776)	(5,421)
Income not assessable for tax purposes	(5,697)	(4,927)
Other	119	(57)
AGGREGATE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	111,059	107,489

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

GROUP PERFORMANCE

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

6 INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

(d) RECOGNISED DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

DEFERRED TAX RELATES TO THE FOLLOWING:

Foreign currency balances	163	195
Potential capital gains tax on financial investments	(72,343)	(50,227)
Deferred gains and losses on financial instruments	(173)	(26)
Inventory provisions	537	571
Lease arrangements	7,018	5,648
Employee provisions	10,762	10,415
Property, plant and equipment	2,004	4,393
Other provisions	3,365	4,455
Other	1,456	4,094
NET DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	(47,211)	(20,482)

REFLECTED IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS FOLLOWS:

Deferred tax assets	31,442	51,426
Deferred tax liabilities	(78,653)	(71,908)
NET DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	(47,211)	(20,482)

INCOME TAX ACCOUNTING POLICY

Income tax expense comprises current tax (amounts payable or receivable within 12 months) and deferred tax (amounts payable or receivable after 12 months). Tax expense is recognised in profit or loss, unless it relates to items that have been recognised in equity as part of other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this instance, the related tax expense is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities based on the current and prior period taxable income. The tax rates and tax laws used to calculate tax amounts are those that are enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax base of the assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes based on the expected manner of recovery of the carrying value of an asset or liability.

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GROUP PERFORMANCE

6 INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

INCOME TAX ACCOUNTING POLICY (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences except:

- When the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination or the initial recognition of a lease and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor the taxable profit or loss; and
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interest in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, except for the following:

- When the deferred tax asset arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination or the initial recognition of a lease and, at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit;
- When the deductible temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interest in joint ventures, in which case the deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available to utilise the deferred tax asset.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Tax assets and tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off and the tax assets and tax liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Tax consolidation

Premier Investments Limited and its wholly owned Australian controlled entities have implemented a tax consolidation group. The head entity, Premier Investments Limited and the controlled entities continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. The Group has applied the Group allocation approach to determining the appropriate amount of current taxes and deferred taxes to allocate to members of the tax consolidated group. The agreement provides for the allocation of income tax liabilities between the entities should the head entity default on its tax payment obligations. At reporting date the possibility of default is remote.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, Premier Investments Limited also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the tax consolidated group.

KEY ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences as management considers that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available to utilise those temporary differences.

Notes to the Financial Statements *continued*

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

GROUP PERFORMANCE

6 INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

KEY ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation.

These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised in the statement of financial position and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amounts of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in a corresponding credit or charge to profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

7 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following reflects the income and share data used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

Net profit for the period	271,078	285,174
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NUMBER OF SHARES '000	NUMBER OF SHARES '000
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Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating:

- basic earnings per share	159,166	158,958
- diluted earnings per share	160,796	160,070

There have been no other conversions to, calls of, or subscriptions for ordinary shares or issues of potential ordinary shares since the reporting date and before the completion of this financial report.

EARNINGS PER SHARE ACCOUNTING POLICY

Basic earnings per share are calculated as net profit attributable to members of the parent divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the parent, adjusted for costs of servicing equity, the after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses, and other non-discretionary changes in revenue or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares, divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares.

GROUP PERFORMANCE

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

8 A) DIVIDENDS

DIVIDENDS APPROVED AND/ OR PAID

Interim approved and paid during the year:

Interim ordinary franked dividends:

2023: 54 cents per share (2022: 46 cents)	85,981	73,137
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Special franked dividends:

2023: 16 cents per share (2022: nil cents)	25,476	-
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Final approved and paid during the year:

Final ordinary franked dividends:

2022: 54 cents per share (2021: 46 cents)	85,981	73,137
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Special franked dividends:

2022: 25 cents per share (2021: nil cents)	39,806	-
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TOTAL DIVIDENDS FOR THE YEAR	237,244	146,274
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DIVIDENDS APPROVED AND NOT RECOGNISED AS A LIABILITY:

Final franked dividend for 2023:

60 cents per share (2022: 54 cents)	95,565	85,981
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Special franked dividend for 2023:

nil cents per share (2022: 25 cents)	-	39,806
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The Directors of Premier Investments Limited approved a final ordinary dividend in respect of the 2023 financial year. The total amount of the final dividend is \$95,565,000 (2022: \$125,787,000) which represents a fully franked ordinary dividend of 60 cents per share (2022: Final ordinary dividend of 54 cents per share, and a special dividend of 25 cents per share).

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

B) FRANKING CREDIT BALANCE

The amount of franking credits available for the subsequent financial year are:

franking account balance as at the end of the financial year at 30% (2022: 30%)	333,611	289,705
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franking (debits) credits that will arise from the settlement of income tax as at the end of the financial year	(12,214)	29,631
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franking debits that will be used on the payment of dividends subsequent to the end of the financial year	(40,956)	(53,830)
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TOTAL FRANKING CREDIT BALANCE	280,441	265,506
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The tax rate at which paid dividends have been franked is 30% (2022: 30%). Dividends approved will be franked at the rate of 30% (2022: 30%).

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

9 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CURRENT)

Sundry debtors	12,678	11,026
TOTAL CURRENT TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	12,678	11,026

(a) *Impairment losses*

Receivables are non-interest-bearing and are generally on 30 to 60 day terms. An allowance for credit losses is recognised based on the expected credit loss from the time the financial asset is initially recognised. Bad debts are written off when identified. No material allowance for credit losses has been recognised by the Group during the financial year ended 29 July 2023 (2022: \$nil). During the year, no material bad debt expense (2022: \$nil) was recognised. It is expected that sundry debtor balances will be received when due.

(b) *Fair value*

Due to the short-term nature of these receivables, their carrying value is considered to approximate their fair value.

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES ACCOUNTING POLICY

Trade and other receivables are classified as non-derivative financial assets and are recognised initially at their transaction value. After initial measurement, these assets are measured at amortised cost, less any allowance for any expected credit losses.

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

10 INVENTORIES

Finished goods	231,157	224,392
TOTAL INVENTORIES AT COST	231,157	224,392

INVENTORIES ACCOUNTING POLICY

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted for as follows:

- Finished goods - purchase cost plus a proportion of the purchasing department, freight, handling and warehouse costs incurred to deliver the goods to the point of sale.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated direct costs necessary to make the sale.

OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

11 OTHER ASSETS (CURRENT)

Deposits and prepayments	13,042	10,299
TOTAL OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	13,042	10,299

12 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Opening balance	195,558	167,087
Additions	8,861	5,290
Remeasurements	325,100	171,024
Depreciation expense	(142,924)	(145,240)
Exchange differences	3,144	(2,603)
TOTAL RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS	389,739	195,558

RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS ACCOUNTING POLICY

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease, being the date that the underlying asset is available for use. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease less any lease incentives received and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories. Unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

*KEY ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS**Impairment of right-of-use assets*

The carrying values of the right-of-use assets are reviewed for impairment annually. If an indication of impairment exists, and where the carrying value of the asset exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units (CGU) are written down to their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. Value-in-use refers to an asset's value based on the expected future cash flows arising from its continued use, discounted to present value using a post-tax discount rate that reflect current market assessments of the risks specific to the CGU.

The recoverable amount was estimated on an individual store basis, as this has been identified as the CGU of the Group's retail segment.

No impairment loss was recognised in relation to the Group's right-of-use assets during the current financial year (2022: \$nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

13 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CURRENT)

Trade creditors	56,779	64,873
Other creditors and accruals	70,485	78,581
TOTAL CURRENT TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	127,264	143,454

(a) *Fair values*

Due to the short-term nature of these payables, their carrying values approximate their fair values.

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES ACCOUNTING POLICY

Trade and other payables are recognised and carried at original invoice cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received whether or not billed to the Group.

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

14 LEASE LIABILITIES

Opening balance	239,281	237,485
Additions	11,335	5,660
Remeasurements	328,962	177,209
Interest expense	10,705	5,605
Payments	(161,754)	(169,573)
COVID-19 related rent concessions	(1,432)	(10,538)
Other Australia and New Zealand holdover rent concessions	-	(3,465)
Exchange rate differences	3,235	(3,102)
TOTAL LEASE LIABILITIES	430,332	239,281

COMPRISING OF:

Current lease liability	153,045	158,290
Non-current lease liability	277,287	80,991
TOTAL LEASE LIABILITIES	430,332	239,281

LEASE LIABILITIES ACCOUNTING POLICY

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date, and amount expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The variable lease payments which are not included in the measurement of the lease liability are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

14 LEASE LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

LEASE LIABILITIES ACCOUNTING POLICY (CONTINUED)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date, if the rate implicit in the lease cannot be readily determined, using inputs such as government bond rates for the lease period and the Group's expected borrowing margin. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments, a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset, or a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee.

The Group applies the low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of certain office equipment that are considered of low value. Lease payments on low-value assets are recognised as a lease expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Significant judgement in determining the lease term

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

After the lease commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew.

Where a lease enters holdover, the Group estimates the expected lease term based on reasonably certain information available as at balance date. Any adjustments required due to changes in estimates or entering into a new lease agreement are recognised in the period in which the adjustments are made.

Significant judgement in determining the incremental borrowing rate

The Group has applied judgement to determine the incremental borrowing rate, which affects the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised. The Group assesses and applies the incremental borrowing rate on a lease by lease basis at the relevant lease commencement date, based on the term of the lease. The incremental borrowing rate is determined using inputs including the Group's expected lending facility margin and applicable government bond rates at the time of entering into the lease, which reflects the expected lease term.

COVID-19 related rent concessions

The Group has adopted the practical expedient issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board whereby it has not accounted for rent concessions which are a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic as lease modifications. Instead, the Group recognised these concessions in the statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022 as a variable amount as and when incurred.

The practical expedient may be applied where the following conditions apply:

- The changed lease payments were substantially the same or less than the payments prior to the rent concession;
- The reductions only affect payments which fall due before 30 June 2022; and
- There has been no substantive change in the terms and conditions of the lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

15 PROVISIONS

CURRENT

Employee entitlements – Annual Leave	17,904	19,063
Employee entitlements – Long Service Leave	12,371	11,151
Provision for make-good in relation to leased premises	5,925	11,576
Refund liability	2,088	2,088
Other provisions	1,217	627
TOTAL CURRENT PROVISIONS	39,505	44,505

NON-CURRENT

Employee entitlements – Long Service Leave	2,981	2,378
Provision for make-good in relation to leased premises	10,514	4,541
Other provisions	2,362	4,045
TOTAL NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS	15,857	10,964

MOVEMENT IN PROVISIONS

<i>Provision for make-good in relation to leased premises</i>		
Opening balance	16,117	17,085
Charged to profit or loss	592	812
Utilised during the period	(270)	(1,780)
CLOSING BALANCE (CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT)	16,439	16,117

PROVISIONS ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time-value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability and the time value of money. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

EMPLOYEE ENTITLEMENTS ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Current annual leave

The provisions for employee entitlements to wages, salaries and annual leave (which are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date) represent the amount which the Group has a present obligation to pay, resulting from employees' services provided up to the reporting date. The provisions have been calculated at nominal amounts based on current wage and salary rates and include related on-costs.

OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

15 PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)

EMPLOYEE ENTITLEMENTS ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long service leave and non-current annual leave

The liability for long service leave and non-current annual leave (which are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date) is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Related on-costs have also been included in the liability.

Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds with terms to maturity that match as closely as possible the estimated cash outflow.

Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the Group are entitled to benefits from the Group's superannuation plan on retirement, disability or death. The Group operates a defined contribution plan. Contributions to the plan are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payment is made available.

PROVISION FOR MAKE-GOOD IN RELATION TO STORE PLANT AND EQUIPMENT ACCOUNTING POLICY

A provision has been recognised in relation to make-good costs arising from contractual obligations in lease agreements, in regions where the Group has such a present obligation. The provision recognised represents the present value of the estimated expenditure required to remove these store plant and equipment.

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

16 OTHER LIABILITIES

CURRENT

Deferred income	14,307	16,129
TOTAL CURRENT	14,307	16,129

DEFERRED INCOME ACCOUNTING POLICY

Unredeemed gift cards are expected to be largely redeemed within a year.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL INVESTED

17 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	CONSOLIDATED				
	LAND \$'000	BUILDINGS \$'000	PLANT AND EQUIPMENT \$'000	CAPITAL WORKS IN PROGRESS \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
AT 29 JULY 2023					
Cost	21,953	59,577	478,116	4,469	564,115
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(10,380)	(425,240)	-	(435,620)
NET CARRYING AMOUNT	21,953	49,197	52,876	4,469	128,495
<i>RECONCILIATIONS:</i>					
Carrying amount at beginning of the financial year	21,953	50,702	44,460	8,198	125,313
Additions	-	-	5,726	14,882	20,608
Transfers between classes	-	-	18,611	(18,611)	-
Depreciation	-	(1,505)	(15,793)	-	(17,298)
Disposals	-	-	(132)	-	(132)
Exchange differences	-	-	4	-	4
Carrying amount at end of the financial year	21,953	49,197	52,876	4,469	128,495
AT 30 JULY 2022					
Cost	21,953	59,577	453,571	8,024	543,125
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(8,875)	(408,937)	-	(417,812)
NET CARRYING AMOUNT	21,953	50,702	44,634	8,024	125,313
<i>RECONCILIATIONS:</i>					
Carrying amount at beginning of the financial year	21,953	52,207	58,885	4,753	137,798
Additions	-	-	2,462	6,335	8,797
Transfers between classes	-	-	2,890	(2,890)	-
Depreciation	-	(1,505)	(19,431)	-	(20,936)
Disposals	-	-	(201)	-	(201)
Exchange differences	-	-	(145)	-	(145)
Carrying amount at end of the financial year	21,953	50,702	44,460	8,198	125,313

LAND AND BUILDINGS

The land and buildings with a combined carrying amount of \$71,150,000 (2022: \$72,655,000) have been pledged to secure certain interest-bearing borrowings of the Group (refer to note 22).

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CAPITAL INVESTED

17 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT ACCOUNTING POLICY

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated on a systematic basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

- Buildings 40 years
- Store plant and equipment 3 to 10 years
- Other plant and equipment 2 to 20 years

Freehold land is not depreciated.

KEY ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The estimation of useful lives of assets has been based on historical experience as well as manufacturers' warranties (for plant and equipment). In addition, the condition of the assets is assessed at least once per year and considered against the remaining useful life. Adjustments to useful lives are made when considered necessary and are accounted for as a change in accounting estimate, in accordance with AASB 108 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*. Depreciation methods used reflect the pattern in which the asset's future economic benefits are expected to be consumed and are reviewed at least at each financial year-end. Adjustments to depreciation methods are made when considered necessary and are accounted for as a change in accounting estimate, in accordance with AASB 108 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*.

Impairment testing of Property, Plant and Equipment and key accounting estimates and assumptions

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment annually. If an indication of impairment exists, and where the carrying value of the asset exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units (CGU) are written down to their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. Value-in-use refers to an asset's value based on the estimated future cash flows arising from its continued use, discounted to present value using a post-tax discount rate that reflect current market assessments of the risks specific to the CGU. These value-in-use calculations use cash flow projections based on financial estimates covering a period of up to five years, discounting using a post-tax discount rate of 10.5% (2022: 10.5%).

If an asset does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs. The recoverable amount was estimated for certain items of plant and equipment on an individual store basis, as this has been identified as the CGU of the Group's retail segment.

No impairment loss was recognised during the current financial year (2022: \$nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL INVESTED

18 INTANGIBLES

RECONCILIATION OF CARRYING AMOUNTS AT THE BEGINNING AND END OF THE PERIOD

	CONSOLIDATED			
	GOODWILL \$'000	BRAND NAMES \$'000	TRADEMARKS \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
YEAR ENDED 29 JULY 2023				
<i>As at 31 July 2022 net of accumulated amortisation and impairment</i>	477,085	346,179	3,963	827,227
Impairment of brand names	-	(5,000)	-	(5,000)
Trademark registrations	-	-	136	136
As at 29 July 2023 net of accumulated amortisation and impairment	477,085	341,179	4,099	822,363
AS AT 29 JULY 2023				
Cost (gross carrying amount)	477,085	376,179	4,099	857,363
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	(35,000)	-	(35,000)
NET CARRYING AMOUNT	477,085	341,179	4,099	822,363
YEAR ENDED 30 JULY 2022				
<i>As at 1 August 2021 net of accumulated amortisation and impairment</i>	477,085	346,179	3,740	827,004
Trademark registrations	-	-	223	223
As at 30 July 2022 net of accumulated amortisation and impairment	477,085	346,179	3,963	827,227
AS AT 30 JULY 2022				
Cost (gross carrying amount)	477,085	376,179	3,963	857,227
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	(30,000)	-	(30,000)
NET CARRYING AMOUNT	477,085	346,179	3,963	827,227

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CAPITAL INVESTED

18 INTANGIBLES (CONTINUED)

GOODWILL ACCOUNTING POLICY

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is not amortised but is subject to impairment testing.

Goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the date of acquisition, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (CGUs) that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the goodwill relates.

Where the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not subsequently reversed.

OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (excluding goodwill) ACCOUNTING POLICY

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially measured at cost. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are initially recognised at fair value. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

A summary of the key accounting policies applied to the Group's intangible assets are as follows:

	<i>Brands</i>	<i>Trademarks & Licences</i>
Useful life assessment?	Indefinite	Indefinite
Method used?	Not amortised or revalued	Not amortised or revalued
Internally generated or acquired?	Acquired	Acquired
Impairment test/recoverable amount testing	Annually or more frequently if there are indicators of impairment	Annually or more frequently if there are indicators of impairment

Brand names, trademarks and licences are assessed as having an indefinite useful life, as this reflects management's intention to continue to operate these to generate net cash inflows into the foreseeable future. These assets are not amortised but are subject to impairment testing.

Intangible assets are tested for impairment where an indicator of impairment exists, or in the case of indefinite life intangibles, impairment is tested annually and where an indicator of impairment exists.

Where the carrying amount of an intangible asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's value-in-use and fair value less costs of disposal. Value-in use refers to an asset's value based on the expected future cash flows arising from its continued use, discounted to present value using a post-tax discount rate that reflect current market assessments of the risks specific to the asset.

If an asset does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

Notes to the Financial Statements *continued*

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL INVESTED

18 INTANGIBLES (CONTINUED)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The recoverable amounts of CGUs are determined based on the higher of value-in-use calculations or fair value less costs of disposal. These calculations depend on management estimates and assumptions. In particular, significant estimates and judgements are made in relation to the key assumptions used in forecasting future cash flows and the expected growth rates used in these cash flow projections, as well as the discount rates applied to these cash flows. Management assesses these assumptions each reporting period and considers the potential impact of changes to these assumptions.

IMPAIRMENT TESTING OF GOODWILL

The key factors contributing to the goodwill relate to the synergies existing within the acquired business and also synergies expected to be achieved as a result of combining Just Group Limited with the rest of the Group. Accordingly, goodwill is assessed at a retail segment level, which is also an operating segment for the Group.

The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined based upon a range of value-in-use calculations, using estimated cash flow scenarios for a period of five years plus a terminal value.

The value-in-use calculations have been determined based on scenarios of cash flows using financial estimates for the 2024 financial year (FY24) and are projected for a further four years (FY25 – FY28) based on estimated growth rates. As part of the annual impairment test for goodwill, management assesses the reasonableness of profit margin assumptions by reviewing historical cash flow projections as well as future growth objectives.

The cash flow projections for FY24 are based on financial estimates approved by senior management and the Board. These financial estimates are projected for a further four years based on average annual estimated growth rates for FY25 to FY28 of 2.15% (2022: 2.5%). Cash flow estimates beyond the five year period have been extrapolated using a growth rate ranging from 1.7% to 1.9% (2022: 1.8% to 2.2%), which reflects the long-term growth expectations beyond the five year period.

The post-tax discount rate applied to these cash flow projections is 9.6% (2022: 9.7%). The discount rate has been determined using the weighted average cost of capital which incorporates both the cost of debt and the cost of capital and adjusted for risks specific to the CGU.

In determining the possible scenarios of cash flows, management considered the reasonably possible changes in estimated sales growth, estimated EBITDA and discount rates applied to the CGU to which goodwill relates. These reasonably possible adverse change in key assumptions on which the recoverable amount is based would not cause the carrying amount of the CGU to exceed its recoverable amount.

IMPAIRMENT TESTING OF BRAND NAMES

Brand names acquired through business combinations have been allocated to the following CGU groups (\$'000) as no individual brand name is considered significant:

- Casual wear - \$153,975
- Women's wear - \$137,744
- Non Apparel - \$49,460

The recoverable amounts of brand names acquired in a business combination have been determined on an individual brand basis based upon value-in-use calculations. The value-in-use calculations have been determined based upon the relief from royalty method using cash flow estimates for a period of five years plus a terminal value.

CAPITAL INVESTED

18 INTANGIBLES (CONTINUED)

IMPAIRMENT TESTING OF BRAND NAMES (CONTINUED)

The recoverable amount of brand names has been determined based upon a range of value-in-use calculations, using estimated cash flow scenarios for a period of five years plus a terminal value. The value-in-use calculations have been determined based on scenarios of cash flows using financial estimates for the 2024 financial year (FY24) and are projected for a further four years (FY25 – FY28) based on estimated growth rates.

The cash flow projections for FY24 are based on financial estimates approved by senior management and the Board. These financial estimates are projected for a further four years based on average annual estimated growth rates for FY25 to FY28. These extrapolated growth rate ranges at which cash flows have been estimated for the individual brands within each of the CGU groups were 2.0% to 2.3% (2022: 2.5%).

Cash flow estimates beyond the five year period have been extrapolated using a growth rate ranging from 1.7% to 1.9% (2022: 1.8% to 2.2%), which reflects the long-term growth expectations beyond the five year period.

The post-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections for each of the three CGU groups is 8.5% (2022: 8.5%). The discount rate has been determined using the weighted average cost of capital which incorporates both the cost of debt and cost of capital and adjusted for risks specific to the CGU.

Royalty rates have been determined for each brand within the CGU groups by considering the brand's history and future expected performance. Factors such as the profitability of the brand, market share, brand recognition and general conditions in the industry have also been considered in determining an appropriate royalty rate for each brand. Consideration is also given to the industry norms relating to royalty rates by analysing market derived data for comparable brands and by considering the notional royalty payments as a percentage of the divisional earnings before interest and taxation generated by the division in which the brand names are used. Net royalty rates applied across the three CGU groups range between 3.5% and 8% (2022: 3.5% and 8%).

In addition to the range of cash flow scenarios, management has considered reasonably possible adverse changes in key assumptions applied to brands within the relevant CGU groups, each of which have been subjected to sensitivities. Key assumptions relate to estimated sales growth, net royalty rates and discount rates applied.

As a result of the annual impairment assessment performed for the 2023 financial year, an impairment expense of \$5.0 million was recognised in relation to brand names within the Casual Wear CGU group. The impairment expense decreases the carrying value of the brand within the Casual Wear CGU group to \$76.2 million.

The carrying value now approximates its recoverable value. Any adverse movements in key assumptions may lead to a further impairment. Reasonably possible changes in key assumptions relating to a 10% reduction in estimated sales projections or a discount rate increase of 50 basis points may lead to a further impairment loss of up to \$3.8 million, which is not considered material to the overall recoverable amount of the CGU.

The brand names were acquired through the acquisition of the Just Group in 2008, and the historical carrying values assigned to the brands were reflective of trading performance and the retail environment over 15 years ago. The accounting standards do not allow for a re-allocation of the carrying values of indefinite-life intangible assets, therefore the significant value created within the collective portfolio of brands subsequent to 2008 is not reflected in the historical carrying values of these intangible assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL INVESTED

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

19 LISTED EQUITY INVESTMENT AT FAIR VALUE

Investment in listed securities at fair value	-	75,932
TOTAL INVESTMENT AT FAIR VALUE	-	75,932

FAIR VALUE LISTED EQUITY INVESTMENT ACCOUNTING POLICY

The listed equity investment comprised a non-derivative equity instrument not held for trading and related to an equity investment in Myer Holdings Limited, of 19.88%. The Group has previously made the irrevocable election to designate the listed equity investment as 'fair value through other comprehensive income', without subsequent reclassification of gains or losses nor impairment to profit or loss, as it is not held for trading, with only dividends recognised in profit or loss. In 2023, the Group accounted for its investment in Myer Holdings Limited as an Investment in Associate (refer note 20).

The fair value of equity investments in listed securities is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business on the reporting date.

20 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

Movements in carrying amounts

Carrying amount at the beginning of the financial year	312,201	271,372
Fair value of investment in Myer Holdings Limited on commencement of equity accounting	117,372	-
Share of profit after income tax	30,864	27,085
(Loss) gain resulting from associate share issue	(703)	15,251
Share of other comprehensive income	4,810	8,895
Acquisition of additional shareholding in associate	22,125	-
Dividends received	(27,894)	(10,402)
TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES	458,775	312,201

Breville Group Limited

As at 29 July 2023, Premier Investments Limited holds 25.56% (2022: 25.62%) of Breville Group Limited ("BRG"), a company incorporated in Australia whose shares are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange. The principal activities of BRG involves the innovation, development, marketing and distribution of small electrical appliances.

There were no impairment losses relating to the investment in BRG and no capital commitments or other commitments relating to the associate. The Group's share of the profit after tax in its investment in BRG for the year was \$28,169,165 (2022: \$27,084,695). As at 29 July 2023, the carrying amount of the Group's investment in BRG for the year was \$333,666,398 (2022: \$312,200,635), and the fair value of the Group's interest in BRG as determined based on the quoted market price was \$829,269,503 (2022: \$760,285,377).

CAPITAL INVESTED

20 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Breville Group Limited (continued)

During the period, a loss of \$703,234 (30 July 2022: gain of \$15,251,000) was recorded in the profit and loss resulting from an issue of shares by BRG, and the corresponding impact on the Group's method of equity accounting. The Group received dividends amounting to \$10,950,000 from BRG during the year (2022: \$10,402,000).

The financial year end date of BRG is 30 June. For the purpose of applying the equity method of accounting, the financial statements of BRG for the year ended 30 June 2023 have been used. The accounting policies applied by BRG in their financial statements materially conform to those used by the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

The following table illustrates summarised financial information relating to the Group's investment in BRG:

EXTRACT OF BRG'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	30 JUNE 2023 \$'000	30 JUNE 2022 \$'000
Current assets	820,818	844,290
Non-current assets	554,034	334,862
Total assets	1,374,852	1,179,152
Current liabilities	(321,772)	(343,105)
Non-current liabilities	(283,421)	(221,630)
Total liabilities	(605,193)	(564,735)
NET ASSETS	769,659	614,417
Group's share of BRG net assets	196,725	157,414

EXTRACT OF BRG'S STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	30 JUNE 2023 \$'000	30 JUNE 2022 \$'000
Revenue	1,478,554	1,418,437
Profit after income tax	110,208	105,717
Other comprehensive income	20,262	33,651
Group's share of BRG profit after income tax	28,169	27,085

Myer Holdings Limited

As at 29 July 2023, Metalgrove Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of Premier Investments Limited, holds 25.79% (2022: 19.88%) of Myer Holdings Limited ("MYR"), a company incorporated in Australia whose shares are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange. The principal activities of MYR involves the operation of a number of department stores across Australia and through its online business. On 4 August 2022, the Group acquired a further 2.99% in MYR, increasing its investment in MYR to 22.87%. In addition to the investment, Mr Terry McCartney was appointed to the Board of Directors of Myer Holdings Limited, effective from 13 December 2022. Under the Accounting Standards, the Group is considered to hold significant influence from this date and commenced equity accounting as of 13 December 2022. The Group acquired a further 2.92% on 27 February 2023, taking its total investment in MYR to 25.79%. The fair value of the Group's investment in MYR on 13 December 2022 amounted to \$117,372,052 and was deemed to be the cost of the investment in associate at this date. As at 29 July 2023, the carrying amount of the Group's investment in MYR for the year was \$125,107,876, and the fair value of the Group's interest in MYR as determined based on the quoted market price was \$137,666,934.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL INVESTED

20 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Myer Holdings Limited (continued)

There were no impairment losses relating to the investment in MYR and no capital commitments or other commitments relating to the associate. The Group's share of the profit after tax in its investment in MYR from 13 December 2022 to 29 July 2023 was \$2,694,541. The Group received total dividends amounting to \$21,639,000 during the year, of which \$16,944,000 has been recorded against the investment in associate, and \$4,695,000 was recorded in Other Revenue, as this dividend was received prior to the equity accounting commencement date.

The financial year end date of MYR is 29 July 2023. For the purpose of applying the equity method of accounting, the financial statements of MYR for the year ended 29 July 2023 have been used. The accounting policies applied by MYR in their financial statements materially conform to those used by the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

Subsequent to the end of the 2023 financial year, the Group acquired a further 3.0% shareholding in MYR, increasing its investment to 28.79% as at 30 August 2023.

The following table illustrates summarised financial information relating to the Group's investment in MYR:

EXTRACT OF MYR'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	29 JULY 2023 \$'000
Current assets	585,400
Non-current assets	1,851,400
Total assets	2,436,800
Current liabilities	640,700
Non-current liabilities	1,555,600
Total liabilities	2,196,300
NET ASSETS	240,500
Group's share of MYR net assets	62,025

EXTRACT OF MYR'S STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	29 JULY 2023 \$'000
Revenue	2,565,800
Profit after income tax	60,400
Other comprehensive income	(900)
Group's share of MYR profit after income tax (apportioned for the year)	2,695

INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES ACCOUNTING POLICY

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies. The considerations made in determining significant influence are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries.

The Group accounts for its investments in associates using the equity method of accounting in the consolidated financial statements. Under the equity method, the investment in the associates is initially recognised at cost. Thereafter, the carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise the Group's share of profit after tax of the associate, which is recognised in profit or loss, and the Group's share of other comprehensive income, which is recognised in other comprehensive income in the statement of comprehensive income.

CAPITAL INVESTED

20 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES ACCOUNTING POLICY (CONTINUED)

Dividends received from the associate generally reduces the carrying amount of the investment. After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in an associate. At each reporting period, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value, then recognises the impairment loss in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

21 NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at bank and in hand	211,999	204,005
Short-term deposits	205,648	267,268
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	417,647	471,273

(b) RECONCILIATION OF NET PROFIT AFTER INCOME TAX TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONS

Net profit for the period after tax	271,078	285,174
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Depreciation and impairment	165,222	166,176
Share of profit of associates	(30,864)	(27,085)
Loss (gain) on investments in associates from share issue	703	(15,251)
Dividends received from listed equity investment	(4,695)	(2,449)
Borrowing costs	16	56
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	132	201
Share-based payments expense	7,207	6,098
Movement in cash flow hedge reserve	344	(4,316)
Net exchange differences	1,235	(378)
<i>Changes in assets and liabilities:</i>		
Increase in trade and other receivables	(1,652)	(1,536)
(Increase) decrease in other current assets	(2,743)	27
Increase in inventories	(6,765)	(15,632)
(Increase) decrease in other financial assets	(490)	6,986
Decrease in deferred tax assets	1,826	4,870
Decrease in provisions	(429)	(594)
Increase in deferred tax liabilities	6,745	3,589
Decrease in trade and other payables	(3,680)	(24,183)
Decrease in other financial liabilities	-	(815)
(Decrease) increase in deferred income	(1,822)	783
Decrease in income tax payable	(42,313)	(26,244)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	359,055	355,477

Notes to the Financial Statements *continued*

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

21 NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(c) *FINANCE FACILITIES*

Working capital and bank overdraft facility

Used	-	-
Unused	-	-
	-	-

Finance facility		
Used	69,000	69,000
Unused	100,000	50,000
	169,000	119,000

Bank guarantee facility		
Used	-	-
Unused	-	-
	-	-

Interchangeable facility		
Used	4,184	4,413
Unused	8,816	8,587
	13,000	13,000

Total facilities		
Used	73,184	73,413
Unused	108,816	58,587
TOTAL	182,000	132,000

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTING POLICY

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and in banks, money market investments readily convertible to cash within two working days and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

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CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

22 INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES

NON-CURRENT

Bank loans* unsecured	-	-
Bank loans ** secured	69,000	69,000
TOTAL INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES	69,000	69,000

* Bank loans are subject to a negative pledge and cross guarantee within the Just Group Ltd group. Premier Investments Limited is not a participant or guarantor of the Just Group Ltd financing facilities.

** Premier Investments Limited obtained bank borrowings amounting to \$69 million. A \$19 million borrowing is secured by a mortgage over Land and Buildings, representing the National Distribution Centre in Truganina, Victoria. During the year ended 30 July 2022, this borrowing was refinanced and is repayable in full at the end of 5 years, being January 2027. Premier Investments Limited obtained a further \$50 million borrowing which is secured by a mortgage over Land and Buildings, representing an office building in Melbourne, Victoria. During the year ended 30 July 2022, this borrowing was refinanced and is repayable in full at the end of 5 years, being December 2026.

(a) Fair values

The carrying values of the Group's current and non-current interest-bearing liabilities approximate their fair values.

(b) Defaults and breaches

During the current and prior years, there were no defaults or breaches on any of the loans.

(c) Changes in interest-bearing liabilities arising from financing activities

	CONSOLIDATED			
	30 JULY 2022 \$'000	CASH FLOWS \$'000	OTHER \$'000	29 JULY 2023 \$'000
Non-current interest-bearing liabilities	69,000	-	-	69,000
TOTAL INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES	69,000	-	-	69,000

'Other' includes the effect of the amortisation of the capitalised borrowing costs, which are amortised over the life of the facility.

INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES ACCOUNTING POLICY

Interest-bearing liabilities are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received net of issue costs associated with the borrowing.

After initial recognition, such items are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any issue costs, and any discount or premium on settlement.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are amortised over the life of the facility while on-going borrowing costs are expensed as incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements *continued*

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

23 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

Ordinary share capital	608,615	608,615
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NO. ('000)	\$'000
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(a) MOVEMENTS IN SHARES ON ISSUE

Ordinary shares on issue 31 July 2022	158,993	608,615
Ordinary shares issued during the year (i)	232	-
Ordinary shares on issue at 29 July 2023	159,225	608,615
Ordinary shares on issue 1 August 2021	158,864	608,615
Ordinary shares issued during the year (i)	129	-
Ordinary shares on issue at 30 July 2022	158,993	608,615

Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the rights to dividends.

(i) A total of 231,603 ordinary shares (2022: 129,077) were issued in relation to the performance rights plan.

(b) CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders. The Group also aims to maintain a capital structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital available to the Group.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt which includes interest-bearing borrowings, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to the equity holders of Premier Investments Limited, comprising of contributed equity, reserves and retained earnings.

The Group operates primarily through its two business segments, investments and retail. The investments segment is managed and operated through the parent company. The retail segment operates through subsidiaries established in their respective markets and maintains a central borrowing facility through a subsidiary, to meet the retail segment's funding requirements and to enable the Group to find the optimal debt and equity balance.

The Group's capital structure is reviewed on a periodic basis in the context of prevailing market conditions, and appropriate steps are taken to ensure the Group's capital structure and capital management initiatives remain in line with the Board's objectives.

(c) EXTERNALLY IMPOSED CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Just Group Ltd, a subsidiary of Premier Investments Limited, is subject to a number of financial undertakings as part of its financing facility agreement. These undertakings have been satisfied during the period.

The Group is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by regulators or other prudential authorities.

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CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

24 RESERVES

RESERVES COMPRISE:

Capital profits reserve	464	464
Foreign currency translation reserve (a)	19,227	8,604
Cash flow hedge reserve (b)	405	61
Performance rights reserve (c)	34,520	27,313
Fair value reserve (d)	(28,920)	(40,729)

TOTAL RESERVES	25,696	(4,287)
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(a) FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVE

Nature and purpose of reserve

Reserve is used to record exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries.

- Movements in the reserve

Opening balance	8,604	2,801
Foreign currency translation of overseas subsidiaries	5,814	(3,092)
Net movement in associate entities' reserves	4,809	8,895

CLOSING BALANCE	19,227	8,604
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(b) CASH FLOW HEDGE RESERVE

Nature and purpose of reserve

Reserve records the portion of the gain or loss on a hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge that is determined to be an effective hedge.

- Movements in the reserve

Opening balance	61	4,377
Net (loss) gain on cash flow hedges	(229)	3,561
Transferred to statement of financial position/ profit or loss	720	(9,727)
Deferred income tax movement on cash flow hedges	(147)	1,850

CLOSING BALANCE	405	61
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Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

24 RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(c) PERFORMANCE RIGHTS RESERVE

Nature and purpose of reserve

Reserve is used to record the cumulative amortised value of performance rights issued to key senior employees, net of the value of performance shares acquired under the performance rights plan.

- Movements in the reserve

Opening balance	27,313	21,215
Performance rights expense for the year	7,207	6,098
CLOSING BALANCE	34,520	27,313

(d) FAIR VALUE RESERVE

Nature and purpose of reserve

Reserve is used to record unrealised gains and losses on fair value revaluation of listed equity investment at fair value.

- Movements in the reserve

Opening balance	(40,729)	(38,858)
Unrealised gain (loss) on revaluation of listed investment	29,165	(2,673)
Net Deferred income tax movement on listed investment	(17,356)	802
CLOSING BALANCE	(28,920)	(40,729)

25 OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

CURRENT ASSETS

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

Forward currency contracts – cash flow hedges	577	87
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	577	87

(a) DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS USED BY THE GROUP

(i) Forward currency contracts – cash flow hedges

The majority of the Group's inventory purchases are denominated in US Dollars. In order to protect against exchange rates movements, the Group has entered into forward exchange contracts to predominantly purchase US Dollars.

The forward currency contracts are considered to be highly effective hedges as they are matched against forecast inventory purchases and are timed to mature when payments are scheduled to be made. Any gain or loss on the contracts attributable to the hedge risk are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the hedge reserve in equity. The cash flows are expected to occur between one to twelve months from 29 July 2023 and the profit or loss within cost of sales will be affected over the next year as the inventory is sold.

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CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

25 OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS USED BY THE GROUP (CONTINUED)

(i) Forward currency contracts – cash flow hedges (continued)

At reporting date, the details of outstanding forward currency contracts are:

CONSOLIDATED				
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023	2022
<i>Buy USD / Sell AUD</i>	NOTIONAL AMOUNTS \$AUD		AVERAGE EXCHANGE RATE	
Maturity < 6 months	11,600	-	0.6896	-
Maturity 6 – 12 months	-	-	-	-
<i>Buy USD / Sell NZD</i>	NOTIONAL AMOUNTS \$NZD		AVERAGE EXCHANGE RATE	
Maturity < 6 months	3,118	1,153	0.6466	0.6853
Maturity 6 – 12 months	-	-	-	-

OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACCOUNTING POLICY

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. These derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value at subsequent reporting dates.

Derivatives are carried as financial assets when their fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when their fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives, except for those that qualify as cash flow hedges and are considered to be effective, are taken directly to profit or loss for the period.

Cash flow hedges

Cash flow hedges are hedges of the Group's exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to highly probable future purchases as well as cash flows attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability that is a firm commitment and that could affect the statement of comprehensive income. The Group's cash flow hedges that meet the strict criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for by recognising the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve in equity, while the ineffective portion due to counterparty credit risk is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts taken to equity are reclassified out of equity and included in the measurement of the hedged transaction (finance costs or inventory purchases) when the forecast transaction occurs.

If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked (due to being ineffective), amounts previously recognised in equity remain in equity until the forecast transaction occurs.

Notes to the Financial Statements *continued*

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments, listed equity investments at fair value, receivables, payables, bank overdrafts and interest-bearing liabilities.

RISK EXPOSURES AND RESPONSES

The Group manages its exposure to key financial risks in accordance with Board-approved policies which are reviewed annually and includes liquidity risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. The objective of the policy is to support the delivery of the Group's financial targets whilst protecting future financial security.

The Group uses different methods to measure and manage different types of risks to which it is exposed. These include, monitoring levels of exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange risk and assessment of market forecasts for interest rate and foreign exchange prices. Liquidity risk is monitored through development of future cash flow forecast projections.

CREDIT RISK

The overwhelming majority of the Group's sales are on cash terms with settlement within 24 hours. As such, the Group's exposure to credit risk is minimal. Receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group and financial instruments are spread amongst a number of financial institutions.

With respect to credit risk arising mainly from cash and cash equivalents and certain derivative instruments, the Group's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counter party, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. Since the Group trades only with recognised creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral by either party.

Credit risk for the Group also arises from financial guarantees that members of the Group act as guarantor. At 29 July 2023, the maximum exposure to credit risk of the Group is the amount guaranteed as disclosed in note 34.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group's exposure to market interest rates relates primarily to its cash and cash equivalents that it holds and interest-bearing liabilities.

At reporting date, the Group had the following mix of financial assets and liabilities exposed to variable interest rate risk that are not designated in cash flow hedges:

	NOTES	CONSOLIDATED	
		2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	21	417,647	471,273
		417,647	471,273
Financial Liabilities			
Bank loans AUD	22	69,000	69,000
		69,000	69,000
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		348,647	402,273

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES (CONTINUED)

INTEREST RATE RISK (continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's objective of managing interest rate risk is to minimise the Group's exposure to fluctuations in interest rates that might impact its interest revenue, interest expense and cash flow. The Group manages this by locking in a portion of its cash and cash equivalents into term deposits. The maturity of term deposits is determined based on the Group's cash flow forecast.

The Group manages its interest rate risk relating to interest-bearing liabilities by having access to both fixed and variable rate debt which can be drawn down.

i) Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on the portion of cash and cash equivalents and interest-bearing liabilities affected. A 100 (2022:100) basis point increase and decrease in Australian interest rates represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. The table indicates an increase or decrease in the Group's profit after tax.

	POST-TAX PROFIT TO INCREASE (DECREASE) BY:	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Impacts of reasonably possible movements:		
CONSOLIDATED		
+1.0% (100 basis points)	2,441	3,024
-1.0% (100 basis points)	(2,441)	(3,024)

Significant assumptions used in the interest rate sensitivity analysis include:

- Reasonably possible movements in interest rates were determined based on the Group's current credit rating and mix of debt in Australian and foreign countries, relationships with financial institutions, the level of debt that is expected to be renewed as well as a review of the last two years' historical movements and economic forecasters' expectations.
- The net exposure at reporting date is representative of what the Group was and is expecting to be exposed to in the next twelve months.
- The sensitivity analysis assumes all other variables are held constant, and the change in interest rates take place at the beginning of the financial year and are held constant throughout the reporting period.

FOREIGN OPERATIONS

The Group has operations in Australia, New Zealand, Singapore, Hong Kong, Malaysia, The Republic of Ireland and the United Kingdom. As a result, movements in the Australian Dollar and the currencies applicable to these foreign operations affect the Group's statement of financial position and results from operations. From time to time the Group obtains New Zealand Dollar denominated financing facilities from a financial institution to provide a natural hedge of the Group's exposure to movements in the Australian Dollar and New Zealand Dollar (AUD/NZD) on translation of the New Zealand statement of financial position. In addition, the Group, on occasion, hedges its cash flow exposure to movements in the AUD/NZD. The Group also on occasion, hedges its cash flow exposure to movements in the AUD/SGD, AUD/GBP, AUD/MYR and AUD/EUR.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES (CONTINUED)

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

The Group has exposures to foreign currencies principally arising from purchases by operating entities in currencies other than their functional currency. Over 80% of the Group's purchases are denominated in United States Dollar (USD), which is not the functional currency of any Australian entities or any of the foreign operating entities.

The Group considers its exposure to USD arising from the purchases of inventory to be a long-term and ongoing exposure. In order to protect against exchange rate movements, the Group enters into forward exchange contracts to purchase US Dollars. These forward exchange contracts are designated as cash flow hedges that are subject to movements through equity and profit or loss respectively as foreign exchange rates move.

The Group's foreign currency risk management policy provides guidelines for the term over which foreign currency hedging will be undertaken for part or all of the risk. This term cannot exceed two years. Factors taken into account include:

- the implied market volatility for the currency exposure being hedged and the cost of hedging, relative to long-term indicators;
- the level of the base currency against the currency risk being hedged, relative to long-term indicators;
- the Group's strategic decision-making horizon; and
- other factors considered relevant by the Board

The policy requires periodic reporting to the Audit and Risk Committee, and its application is subject to oversight from the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee or the Chairman of the Board. The policy allows the use of forward exchange contracts and foreign currency options.

At reporting date, the Group had the following exposures to movements in the United States Dollar (USD), New Zealand Dollar (NZD), Singapore Dollar (SGD), Pound Sterling (GBP), Malaysian Ringgit (MYR), and Euro (EUR):

2023	USD	NZD	SGD	GBP	MYR	EUR
CONSOLIDATED	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>FINANCIAL ASSETS</i>						
Cash and cash equivalents	163	30,240	21,120	24,378	8,548	990
Trade and other receivables	2,284	-	49	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets	577	-	-	-	-	-
	3,024	30,240	21,169	24,378	8,548	990
<i>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</i>						
Trade and other payables	42,296	4,820	258	8,243	-	-
	42,296	4,820	258	8,243	-	-
NET EXPOSURE	(39,272)	25,420	20,911	16,135	8,548	990

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES (CONTINUED)

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

2022	USD	NZD	SGD	GBP	MYR	EUR
CONSOLIDATED	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>FINANCIAL ASSETS</i>						
Cash and cash equivalents	7,616	29,779	13,015	19,767	7,295	793
Trade and other receivables	876	-	58	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets	87	-	-	-	-	-
	8,579	29,779	13,073	19,767	7,295	793
<i>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</i>						
Trade and other payables	44,395	5,757	1,043	3,850	-	-
	44,395	5,757	1,043	3,850	-	-
NET EXPOSURE	(35,816)	24,022	12,030	15,917	7,295	793

The Group has forward currency contracts designated as cash flow hedges that are subject to movements through other comprehensive income and profit or loss respectively as foreign exchange rates move (refer to Note 24).

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The following sensitivity is based on the foreign exchange risk exposures in existence at the reporting date:

	POST-TAX PROFIT HIGHER/(LOWER)		OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME HIGHER/(LOWER)	
CONSOLIDATED				
Impacts of reasonably possible movements:	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<i>CONSOLIDATED</i>				
AUD/USD + 10%	3,619	3,263	(555)	(96)
AUD/USD – 10.0%	(4,432)	(3,989)	832	1
AUD/NZD + 10%	(2,311)	(2,184)	-	-
AUD/NZD – 10.0%	2,824	2,669	-	-
AUD/SGD + 10%	(1,901)	(1,094)	-	-
AUD/SGD – 10.0%	2,323	1,337	-	-
AUD/GBP + 10%	(1,467)	(1,447)	-	-
AUD/GBP – 10.0%	1,793	1,769	-	-
AUD/MYR + 10%	(777)	(663)	-	-
AUD/MYR – 10.0%	950	811	-	-
AUD/EUR + 10%	(90)	(72)	-	-
AUD/EUR – 10.0%	110	88	-	-

Notes to the Financial Statements *continued*

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES (CONTINUED)

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK (CONTINUED)

Significant assumptions used in the foreign currency exposure sensitivity analysis include:

- Reasonably possible movements in foreign exchange rates were determined based on a review of the last two years historical movements and economic forecasters' expectations.
- The net exposure at reporting date is representative of what the Group was and is expecting to be exposed to in the next twelve months from reporting date.
- The effect on other comprehensive income is the effect on the cash flow hedge reserve.
- The sensitivity does not include financial instruments that are non-monetary items as these are not considered to give rise to currency risk.

LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk refers to the risk of encountering difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities and other cash flow commitments. Liquidity risk management is ensuring that there are sufficient funds available to meet financial commitments in a timely manner and planning for unforeseen events which may curtail cash flows and cause pressure on liquidity. The Group keeps its short-, medium- and long-term funding requirements under constant review. Its policy is to have sufficient committed funds available to meet medium term requirements, with flexibility and headroom to make acquisitions for cash in the event an opportunity should arise.

The Group has at reporting date, \$212.0 million (2022: \$204.0 million) cash held in deposit with 11am at call and the remaining \$205.6 million (2022: \$267.3 million) cash held in deposit with maturity terms ranging from 30 to 220 days (2022: 30 to 180 days). Hence management believe there is no significant exposure to liquidity risk at 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022.

The Group aims to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts and bank loans with a variety of counterparties.

At reporting date, the remaining undiscounted contractual maturities of the Group's financial liabilities are:

CONSOLIDATED				
	FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 29 JULY 2023		FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JULY 2022	
CONSOLIDATED	MATURITY 0 - 12 MONTHS	MATURITY > 12 MONTHS	MATURITY 0 - 12 MONTHS	MATURITY > 12 MONTHS
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</i>				
Trade and other payables	127,264	-	143,454	-
Bank loans	3,837	78,284	2,165	76,402
Lease liabilities	153,045	309,688	158,290	90,440
Forward currency contracts	14,718	-	1,152	-
	298,864	387,972	305,061	166,842

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The Group measures financial instruments, such as derivatives and listed equity investments at fair value, at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place in either the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset or liability, which is accessible to the Group.

In determining the fair value of an asset or liability, the Group uses market observable data, to the extent possible. The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is based on market prices (where a market exists) or using other widely accepted methods of valuation.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the following fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 – the fair value is calculated using quoted price in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – the fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Level 3 – the fair value is estimated using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

CONSOLIDATED						
FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 29 JULY 2023			FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JULY 2022			
LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
<i>FINANCIAL ASSETS</i>						
Listed equity investment at fair value	-	-	-	75,932	-	-
Foreign Exchange Contracts	-	577	-	-	87	-

There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the financial year.

At 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022, the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, short-term receivables and payables approximate their carrying values. The carrying value of interest-bearing liabilities is considered to approximate the fair value, being the amount at which the liability could be settled in a current transaction between willing parties.

Foreign exchange contracts are initially recognised in the statement of financial position at fair value on the date which the contract is entered into, and subsequently remeasured to fair value. Foreign exchange contracts are measured based on observable spot exchange rates, the yield curves of the respective currencies as well as the currency basis spread between the respective currencies.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

GROUP STRUCTURE

27 SUBSIDIARIES

The consolidated financial statements include that of Premier Investments Limited (ultimate parent entity) and the subsidiaries listed in the following table. (* Indicates not trading as at the date of this report)

	COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION	2023 INTEREST	2022 INTEREST
Kimtara Investments Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Premfin Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Springdeep Investments Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Prempref Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Metalgrove Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Just Group Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Just Jeans Group Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Just Jeans Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Jay Jays Trademark Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Just-Shop Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Peter Alexander Sleepwear Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Old Blues Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Kimbyr Investments Limited	New Zealand	100%	100%
Jacqui E Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Jacqueline-Eve Fashions Pty Limited *	Australia	100%	100%
Jacqueline-Eve (Hobart) Pty Limited *	Australia	100%	100%
Jacqueline-Eve (Retail) Pty Limited *	Australia	100%	100%
Jacqueline-Eve (Leases) Pty Limited *	Australia	100%	100%
Sydleigh Pty Limited *	Australia	100%	100%
Old Favourites Blues Pty Limited *	Australia	100%	100%
Urban Brands Retail Pty Ltd *	Australia	100%	100%
Portmans Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Dotti Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Smiggle Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Just Group International Pty Limited *	Australia	100%	100%
Smiggle Group Holdings Pty Limited *	Australia	100%	100%
Smiggle International Pty Limited *	Australia	100%	100%
Smiggle Singapore Pte Ltd	Singapore	100%	100%
Just Group International HK Limited*	Hong Kong	100%	100%
Smiggle HK Limited*	Hong Kong	100%	100%
Just Group USA Inc.*	USA	100%	100%
Peter Alexander USA Inc.*	USA	100%	100%
Smiggle USA Inc.*	USA	100%	100%
Just UK International Limited*	UK	100%	100%
Smiggle UK Limited	UK	100%	100%
Peter Alexander UK Limited*	UK	100%	100%
Smiggle Ireland Limited	Ireland	100%	100%
ETI Holdings Limited*	New Zealand	100%	100%
Roskill Hill Limited*	New Zealand	100%	100%
RSCA Pty Limited*	Australia	100%	100%
RSCB Pty Limited*	Australia	100%	100%
Just Group Singapore Private Ltd *	Singapore	100%	100%
Peter Alexander Singapore Private Ltd *	Singapore	100%	100%
Smiggle Stores Malaysia SDN BHD	Malaysia	100%	100%

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GROUP STRUCTURE

28 PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

The accounting policies of Premier Investments Limited, being the parent entity, which have been applied in determining the financial information shown below, are the same as those applied in the consolidated financial statements.

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
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(a) Summary financial information

Statement of financial position

Current assets	276,578	334,021
Total assets	1,632,906	1,656,004
Current liabilities	9,873	30,690
Total liabilities	101,287	117,370
<i>Shareholders' equity</i>		
Issued capital	608,615	608,615
Reserves:		
- Foreign currency translation reserve	14,504	9,554
- Performance rights reserve	34,520	27,313
Retained earnings	873,981	893,152
Net profit for the period	218,074	323,984
Other comprehensive loss for the period, net of tax	4,949	9,053

(b) Guarantees entered into by the parent entity

The parent entity has provided no financial guarantees in respect of bank overdrafts and loans of subsidiaries (2022: \$nil).

The parent entity has also given no unsecured guarantees in respect of leases of subsidiaries or bank overdrafts of subsidiaries (2022: \$nil).

(c) Contingent liabilities of the parent entity

The parent entity did not have any contingent liabilities as at 29 July 2023 (2022: \$nil).

(d) Contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant or equipment

The parent entity did not have any contractual commitments to purchase property, plant and equipment as at 29 July 2023 or 30 July 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

GROUP STRUCTURE

29 DEED OF CROSS GUARANTEE

Pursuant to *ASIC Corporations (Wholly-owned Companies) Instrument 2016/785*, dated 17 December 2016, relief has been granted to certain wholly-owned subsidiaries in the Australian Group from the Corporations law requirements for preparation, audit and lodgement of financial reports.

As a condition of this instrument, Just Group Limited, a subsidiary of Premier Investments Limited, and each of the controlled entities of Just Group Limited entered into a Deed of Cross Guarantee as at 25 June 2009. Premier Investments Limited is not a party to the Deed of Cross Guarantee.

30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) PARENT ENTITY AND SUBSIDIARIES

The ultimate parent entity is Premier Investments Limited. Details of subsidiaries are provided in note 27.

(b) KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$	2022 \$

COMPENSATION FOR KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Short-term employee benefits	5,038,290	5,635,732
Post-employment benefits	110,734	103,272
Share-based payments	4,553,671	4,491,427
TOTAL	9,702,695	10,230,431

(c) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS WITH KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Mr. Lanzer is the managing partner of the legal firm Arnold Bloch Leibler. Group companies use the services of Arnold Bloch Leibler from time to time. Legal services totalling \$1,695,213 (2022: \$1,479,010), including Mr. Lanzer's Director fees, GST and disbursements were invoiced by Arnold Bloch Leibler to the Group, with \$234,282 (2022: \$114,909) remaining outstanding at year-end. The fees paid for these services were at arm's length and on normal commercial terms.

Mr. Lanzer is a director of Loch Awe Pty Ltd. During the year, lease payments totalling \$240,167 (2022: \$388,556) including GST was paid to Loch Awe Pty Ltd, with \$nil outstanding rent payments at year-end (2022: \$nil). The payments were at arm's length and on normal commercial terms.

Mr. Lew is a director of Voyager Distributing Company Pty Ltd. During the year, purchases totalling \$25,652,581 (2022: \$19,597,245) including GST have been made by Group companies from Voyager Distributing Co. Pty Ltd, with \$3,820,631 (2022: \$4,154,029) remaining outstanding at year-end. The purchases were all at arm's length and on normal commercial terms.

Mr. Lew is a director of Century Plaza Trading Pty. Ltd. The company and Century Plaza Trading Pty Ltd are parties to a Services Agreement to which Century Plaza Trading agrees to provide certain administrative services to the company to the extent required and requested by the company. The company is required to reimburse Century Plaza Trading for costs it incurs in providing the company with the services under the Service Agreement. The company reimbursed a total of \$434,500 (2022: \$440,000) costs including GST incurred by Century Plaza Trading Pty Ltd, with \$nil (2022: \$198,000) outstanding at year-end.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$	2022 \$

31 AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor of Premier Investments Limited is Ernst & Young (Australia). Amounts received, or due and receivable, by Ernst & Young (Australia) for:

Audit or review of the statutory financial report of the parent covering the group and auditing the statutory financial reports of any controlled entities

648,628 599,550

Other assurance services or agreed-upon-procedures under other legislation or contractual arrangements not required to be performed by the auditor

43,000 39,678

Other non-audit services

12,669 11,613

SUB-TOTAL

704,297 650,841

Amounts received, or due and receivable, by overseas member firms of Ernst & Young (Australia) for:

Audit of the financial report of any controlled entities

210,000 182,000

TOTAL AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

914,297 832,841

32 SHARE-BASED PAYMENT PLANS

(a) RECOGNISED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT EXPENSE

CONSOLIDATED	
2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000

TOTAL EXPENSE ARISING FROM EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

7,207 6,098

(b) TYPE OF SHARE-BASED PAYMENT PLANS

Performance rights

The Group grants performance rights to executives, thus ensuring that the executives who are most directly able to influence the Group's performance are appropriately aligned with the interests of shareholders.

A performance right is a right to acquire one fully paid ordinary share of the Group after meeting pre-determined performance conditions. These performance conditions have been discussed in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors' Report.

The fair value of the performance rights has been calculated as at the respective grant dates using an appropriate valuation technique. The valuation model applied, being either the Monte-Carlo simulation pricing model or the Black-Scholes European pricing model, is dependent on the assumptions underlying the performance rights granted to ensure these are appropriately factored into the determination of fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements *continued*

For the 52 weeks ended 29 July 2023 and 30 July 2022

OTHER DISCLOSURES

32 SHARE-BASED PAYMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

(b) TYPE OF SHARE-BASED PAYMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Performance rights (continued)

In determining the share-based payments expense for the period, the number of instruments expected to vest has been adjusted to reflect the number of executives expected to remain with the Group until the end of the performance period.

The following table shows the share-based payment arrangements in existence during the current and prior reporting periods, as well as the factors considered in determining the fair values of the performance rights in existence:

GRANT DATE (DD/MM/YYYY)	NUMBER OF RIGHTS GRANTED	SHARE ISSUE PRICE	OPTION LIFE	DIVIDEND YIELD	VOLATILITY	RISK-FREE RATE	FAIR VALUE
01/05/2020	544,809	\$13.21	2.5 – 4 years	3.5%	36%	0.40%	\$8.33
02/12/2021	600,000	\$30.58	3 – 6 years	3.6%	24%	0.87%	\$17.40
02/12/2021	200,000	\$30.58	1 – 4 years	3.6%	24%	0.81%	\$27.25
01/07/2022	67,265	\$22.30	1 – 3 years	3.6%	30%	2.32%	\$20.66
24/10/2022	165,000	\$23.30	3 – 5 years	3.9%	25%	3.73%	\$19.98
27/10/2022	455,340	\$24.08	3 – 5 years	3.9%	25%	3.47%	\$11.21

(c) SUMMARY OF RIGHTS GRANTED UNDER PERFORMANCE RIGHTS PLANS

The following table illustrates the number (No.) and weighted average exercise prices ("WAEP") of, and movements in, performance rights issued during the year:

	2023 No.	2023 WAEP	2022 No.	2022 WAEP
Balance at beginning of the year	1,412,074	-	673,886	-
Granted during the year	620,340	-	867,265	-
Exercised during the year (i)	(231,603)	-	(129,077)	-
Forfeited during the year	(23,846)	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,776,965	-	1,412,074	-

(i) The weighted average share price at the date of exercise of rights exercised during the year was \$24.42 (2022: \$32.29).

Since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report, no performance rights have been exercised. 700,000 performance rights have lapsed due to performance conditions not being met.

(d) WEIGHTED AVERAGE FAIR VALUE

The weighted average fair value of performance rights granted during the year was \$13.54 (2022: \$19.92).

SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group provides benefits to its employees in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for rights over shares (equity-settled transactions). The plan in place to provide these benefits is a long-term incentive plan known as the performance rights plan ("PRP"). The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instrument at the date at which they are granted.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

32 SHARE-BASED PAYMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in profit or loss, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled (the vesting period), ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (the vesting date).

At each subsequent reporting date until vesting, the cumulative charge to profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income is the product of: the grant date fair value of the award, the extent to which the vesting period has expired, and the current best estimate of the number of awards that will vest as at the grant date.

The charge to profit or loss for the period is the cumulative amount as calculated above less the amounts already charged in previous periods. There is a corresponding entry to equity. No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions for which vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition. These are treated as vested, irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and service conditions are met.

KEY ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The fair value of share-based payment transactions is determined at the grant date using an appropriate valuation model, which takes into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted to key executives. The terms and conditions require estimates to be made of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. These accounting estimates and assumptions would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact the share-based payment expense and performance rights reserve within equity.

33 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Directors of Premier Investments Limited approved a final ordinary dividend in respect of the 2023 financial year. The total amount of the final ordinary dividend is \$95,565,000 (2022: Final ordinary dividend of \$85,981,000 and a special dividend of \$39,806,000) which represents a fully franked dividend of 60 cents per share (2022: Final ordinary dividend of 54 cents per share, special dividend of 25 cents per share). The dividend has not been provided for in the 2023 financial statements.

On 21 August 2023, Premier Investments Limited announced that it has commenced a formal review to assess its corporate, operating and capital structure. The review will consider a range of options, including a separation of the Group into two or more distinct entities by way of demerger. The review will examine capital requirements, business plans, management structures and any cost of dis-synergies. Given the range of issues to be considered, there is no certainty that the review will result in a change to the Group's current corporate, operating or capital structure.

In addition, on 21 August 2023, Premier Investments Limited announced that Mr Richard Murray resigned from his role as Chief Executive Officer (Premier Retail) effective 15 September 2023. Mr. John Bryce, Premier Retail's Chief Financial Officer, has been appointed as interim Chief Executive Officer (Retail) effective 21 August 2023, and will continue to fulfil his CFO responsibilities in the interim.

34 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group has bank guarantees and outstanding letters of credit totalling \$4,183,609 (2022: \$4,413,392).

Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Premier Investments Limited, I state that:

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of Premier Investments Limited for the financial year ended 29 July 2023 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements, and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 29 July 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date, and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) in the opinion of the directors, as at the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the members of the Closed Group will be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are or may become subject, by virtue of the Deed of Cross Guarantee.

Note 2(b) confirms that the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The Directors have been given the declaration by the Chief Financial Officer required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the financial year ended 29 July 2023.

On behalf of the Board



Solomon Lew
Chairman

28 September 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report



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Independent auditor's report to the members of Premier Investments Limited

Report on the audit of the financial report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Premier Investments Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (collectively the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 29 July 2023, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- Giving a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 29 July 2023 and of its consolidated financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, but we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial report.

Independent Auditor's Report continued



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Why significant	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
At 29 July 2023, the Group held \$818.3 million in goodwill and indefinite-life brand names recognised from historical business combinations, representing 33% of total assets. As outlined in Note 18 of the financial report, the goodwill and brand names are tested by the Group for impairment annually. The recoverable amount of these assets was determined based on a value in use model referencing discounted cash flows of the retail segment for goodwill, and the casual wear, women's wear and non-apparel cash generating units (CGUs) for brand names. The model contains estimates and significant judgements regarding future cash flow projections which are critical to the assessment of impairment, particularly forecast sales growth in the casual wear and women's wear CGUs and discount rates applied. In the current year, the Group recognised \$5.0 million of impairment within the Casual Wear group of CGUs. Significant assumptions used in the impairment testing referred to above are inherently subjective and in times of economic uncertainty the degree of subjectivity is higher than it might otherwise be. Changes in certain assumptions can lead to significant changes in the recoverable amount of these assets. Accordingly, given the significant judgements and estimates involved in assessing impairment of intangible assets we considered this a key audit matter. For the same reasons we consider it important that attention is drawn to the information in Note 18.	Our audit procedures included the following: ▶ Assessed the application of the valuation methodologies applied. ▶ Evaluated whether the determination of CGUs was in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards. ▶ Agreed the cashflows within the impairment model to board approved cashflows. ▶ Considered the historical accuracy of the Group's cash flow forecasting process. ▶ Compared the forecast cash flows used in the value in use model to the actual current year financial performance of the underlying CGUs for reasonability. ▶ Assessed key inputs being discount rates, relief from royalty rates and sales growth rates adopted in the value in use model including comparison to available market data for comparable businesses. ▶ Performed sensitivity analysis on key inputs and assumptions included in the forecast cashflows and impairment models including the discount rates, to assess the risk of the CGU carrying value exceeding the recoverable amount. ▶ Compared earnings multiples derived from the Group's value in use model to those observable from external market data of comparable listed entities. ▶ Assessed the adequacy of the disclosures included in the financial report. Our valuation specialists were involved in the conduct of these procedures where required.

Existence and valuation of inventory

Why significant	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
As at 29 July 2023, the Group held \$231.2 million in inventories. Inventories are held at several distribution centres, as well as at over 1,200 retail stores. As detailed in Note 10 of the financial report, inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of finished goods includes a proportion of purchasing department costs, as well as freight, handling, and warehouse costs incurred to deliver the goods to the point of sale.	Our audit procedures included the following: ▶ Assessed the application of valuation methodologies applied for compliance with Australian Accounting Standards. ▶ Selected a sample of inventory lines and recalculated cost based on supporting supplier invoices and assessed the allocation of costs absorbed from the purchasing department, freight and warehouse costs.

Why significant	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Provisions are recorded for matters such as aged and slow moving inventory to ensure inventory is recorded at the lower of cost and net realisable value. This requires a level of judgement with regard to changing consumer demands and fashion trends. Such judgements include the Group's expectations for future sales and inventory mark downs. Accordingly, the existence and valuation of inventory was considered to be a key audit matter.	▶ Attended store and distribution centre inventory counts on a sample basis and assessed the stock counting process which addressed inventory quantity and condition. ▶ Assessed the basis for inventory provisions, including the rationale for recording specific provisions. In doing so we examined the ageing profile of inventory, considered how the Group identified specific slow-moving inventories, assessed future selling prices and historical loss rates. ▶ Tested the slow-moving inventory reports for accuracy and completeness. Considered the completeness of inventory provisions by identifying mark down sales at or subsequent to year end.

AASB 16 Leases

Why significant	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
The Group holds a significant volume of leases by number and value over retail sites as a lessee, which makes the impact of this accounting standard significant to the financial statements of the Group. The recognition and measurement of remeasured lease agreements executed during the year in accordance with AASB 16 Leases ("AASB 16") are dependent on a number of key judgements and estimates. These include: ▶ The treatment of the option to extend the lease term under holdover; and ▶ The impact of COVID-19 rental abatements and backdated rent variations. Accordingly, given the significant judgements and estimates involved in assessing the treatment of lease remeasurements we considered this a key audit matter.	Our audit procedures included the following: ▶ Assessed the mathematical accuracy of the Group's AASB 16 lease calculation model. ▶ For a sample of leases, agreed the Group's inputs in the AASB 16 lease calculation model in relation to those leases, such as, key dates, fixed and variable rent payments, renewal options and incentives, to the relevant terms of the underlying signed lease agreements. ▶ Assessed the accounting treatment applied to a sample of renegotiated lease agreements during the year, including the impact of abatements and backdated rental savings on the lease balances recognised. ▶ Considered the Group's assumptions in relation to the treatment of the option to extend and lease term under holdover. ▶ Assessed the incremental borrowing rates used to discount future lease payments to present value. ▶ Assessed the adequacy of the disclosures included in the financial report. We assessed the Group's calculations of the financial impact of the standard and the accounting policies, estimates and judgements made in respect of the Group's right of use assets and lease liabilities, as well as related depreciation and interest expense recognised through the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Independent Auditor's Report continued



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Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's 2023 annual report other than the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. We obtained the directors' report that is to be included in the annual report, prior to the date of this auditor's report, and we expect to obtain the remaining sections of the annual report after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report and our related assurance opinion.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- ▶ Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated to the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the audit of the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 17 to 33 of the directors' report for the year ended 29 July 2023.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Premier Investments Limited for the year ended 29 July 2023, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Independent Auditor's Report continued



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Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

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Ernst & Young

Ernst & Young

Glenn Carmody
Partner
Melbourne, Australia
28 September 2023

ASX Additional Information

As at 22 September 2023

TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

NAME	TOTAL	% IC	RANK
CENTURY PLAZA INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	51,569,400	32.38%	1
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	27,164,105	17.05%	2
J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED	24,868,047	15.61%	3
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	12,060,989	7.57%	4
METREPARK PTY LTD	8,235,331	5.17%	5
SL SUPERANNUATION NO 1 PTY LTD <SL SUPER FUND NO 1 A/C>	4,437,699	2.79%	6
NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED	3,476,905	2.18%	7
LINFOX SHARE INVESTMENT PTY LTD	2,577,014	1.62%	8
BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD <DRP>	2,535,521	1.59%	9
BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <AGENCY LENDING DRP A/C>	2,224,441	1.40%	10
ARGO INVESTMENTS LIMITED	1,250,000	0.78%	11
UBS NOMINEES PTY LTD	835,539	0.52%	12
MR CON ZEMPLAS	470,000	0.30%	13
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED <NT COMNWLTH SUPER CORP A/C>	332,577	0.21%	14
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED <EUROCLEAR BANK SA NV A/C>	299,700	0.19%	15
WARBONT NOMINEES PTY LTD <UNPAID ENTREPOT A/C>	290,544	0.18%	16
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED <COLONIAL FIRST STATE INV A/C>	259,904	0.16%	17
GEOMAR SUPERANNUATION PTY LTD <CHAPMAN SUPER FUND A/C>	250,000	0.16%	18
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED – A/C 2	218,524	0.14%	19
GEOMAR SUPERANNUATION PTY LTD <CHAPMAN SUPER FUND A/C>	200,000	0.13%	20
TOTAL FOR TOP 20:	143,556,240	90.13%	

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

NAME	TOTAL UNITS	% IC
CENTURY PLAZA INVESTMENTS PTY LTD AND ASSOCIATES	58,552,420	42.43%
PERPETUAL LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES	10,881,477	6.84%

DISTRIBUTION OF EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS

	1 TO 1,000	1,001 TO 5,000	5,001 TO 10,000	10,001 TO 100,000	100,001 TO (MAX)	TOTAL
Holders	7,758	2,380	274	185	28	10,625
Ordinary Fully Paid Shares	2,596,000	5,284,528	2,032,884	4,662,192	144,699,035	159,274,639

The number of investors holding less than a marketable parcel of 21 securities (\$24.97 on 22 September 2023) is 324 and they hold 2,221 securities.

VOTING RIGHTS

All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restriction.

Corporate Directory

A.C.N. 006 727 966

DIRECTORS

Mr. Solomon Lew (*Chairman*)
Dr. David M. Crean (*Deputy Chairman*)
Mr. Timothy Antonie (*Lead Independent Director*)
Ms. Sylvia Falzon
Ms. Sally Herman
Mr. Henry D. Lanzer AM
Mr. Terrence L. McCartney
Mr. Michael R.I. McLeod
Mr. Richard Murray (*resigned: 21 August 2023*)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Marinda Meyer

REGISTERED OFFICE

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AUDITOR

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Melbourne Victoria 3000

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452 Johnston Street
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