



KINGSLAND MINERALS LTD

ABN 53 647 904 014

Annual Report

**For the financial year ended
30 June 2023**

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Dear Shareholders

It gives me pleasure to present the 2023 Annual Report for Kingsland Minerals Ltd for a year which has brought significant success at our Leliyn Graphite discovery.

Whilst our initial listing was focused on our Cleo Uranium project in the Northern Territory with an Inferred Mineral resource of 5.2 million pounds of U₃O₈, our focus has changed with the transformational discovery of our world class Tier 1 Graphite discovery at Leliyn. The timing for the Leliyn discovery has been exceptional with Graphite now listed as a critical mineral with both the respective Australian and US governments. While graphite has perhaps not yet received the attention of other EV battery ingredients such as Lithium, it is the single largest ingredient in lithium batteries. "Increases in graphite demand will be predominantly driven by its use as the anode active material in batteries for EV's and stationary energy storage systems" the US Department of Energy penned in its 2023 Critical Minerals Assessment. Analysts predict that graphite demand will outpace EV sales and that over the next decade graphite mine production will have to be in multiples of current production.

Whilst the "right time, right place and right commodity" has been coined often, it is the appropriate terminology for our Leliyn discovery as market awareness of the importance of graphite becomes apparent, particularly for a non - Chinese producer. China currently produces approximately more than 60% of the worlds mined graphite and nearly 90% of advanced anode material and with the worlds shift away from reliance on Chinese critical minerals, Tier 1 projects such as Leliyn should be very attractive to non- Chinese EV and stationary battery manufacturers.

The last 12 months has been extremely productive at Leliyn. We have been fortunate to have existing infrastructure in place at Pine Creek which has allowed us to hit the ground running under the direction of our experienced geologists, Managing Director Richard Maddocks and Technical Director Nick Revell. An additional factor, is operating in the Northern Territory Jurisdiction, who have committed to ensuring that the right policy settings are in place to be globally competitive. Fortunately Leliyn is located less than 25 kilometers from a direct rail line to Darwin and power is available in the Pine Creek area so we have critical logistical infrastructure in place and available for future mine development and transportation.

As stated above, our initial focus was on Uranium but with the recent increase in uranium yellow cake price and forecasts for increased uranium demand to accommodate supply to the existing and approximately 50 new Nuclear power plants under construction and more at the planning stages worldwide, our Cleo project could reemerge should the projected uranium demand eventuate.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank our small and hard working team of fellow directors, Richard, Bruno and Nick and of course our loyal shareholders who have stayed with us through our IPO and subsequent capital raising. I would also like to thank Westar capital for our successful IPO and their ongoing activity and more recently Discovery Capital for the recent successful capital raising.

We are looking forward to an exciting 2023.



Mal Randall
Chairman

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General information

The financial statements cover Kingsland Minerals Ltd and its controlled entities for the financial year ended 30 June 2023. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Kingsland Minerals Ltd's functional and presentation currency.

Kingsland Minerals Ltd is limited by shares, incorporated, and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business are:

Registered office

Level 1, 43 Ventnor Avenue
West Perth WA 6005

Principal place of business

Level 1, 43 Ventnor Avenue
West Perth WA 6005

A description of the nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 28 September 2023.

The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.



Fellow shareholders, it is with great pleasure that I present to you what is effectively our company's first Annual Report. The 2022-23 year has been one of great achievement and advancement for Kingsland Minerals and I would like to remind you of what we have done. Kingsland listed on the ASX on 14 June 2022 with a well supported IPO. I would like to thank our lead broker, Westar Capital and all shareholders that contributed to the IPO.

Kingsland listed with the Cleo Uranium Project in the Northern Territory as our lead project and we began drilling in September 2022. This successful program culminated with the estimation of an Inferred Mineral Resource containing 5.2 million pounds of U₃O₈ in March 2023. During this drilling we also recognized the potential for graphite mineralisation and after a search of historic data and ground reconnaissance, an Exploration Target for the Leliyn Graphite Project was also announced in March 2023. Subsequent drilling at Leliyn has revealed it to be a potentially world class orebody with drilling continuing at the date of this report. We believe that Leliyn has the potential to be a 'company maker' for Kingsland Minerals.

So, to summarise our first full year of existence, your company has not only delineated a significant uranium resource, at a time of increasing demand and rising prices for uranium, but has also discovered a potential world class graphite resource. The demand for graphite is forecast to increase significantly over the next few years as the use of electric vehicles grows and the company is very well placed to capitalise on this.

In addition to this considerable exploration success we completed an oversubscribed capital raising in June 2023. This raised \$3.6m (before costs) for our future exploration programs and was done at a price well in excess of our 20c IPO price. The company would like to thank Discovery Capital for taking the lead in this raising and Westar Capital for their continued support. We also welcome new shareholders to Kingsland and thank you for the confidence you have shown in the company.

Kingsland has completed a year of enviable success, particularly for a recently listed junior. I would like to take this opportunity to thank my fellow directors, Mal Randall, Nick Revell and Bruno Seneque for their support, hard work and dedication. One of your company's strengths is this Board and its vision of growing the company to reward all shareholders.

I would like to thank all of our shareholders for their support. I have met many of you over the past year and am looking forward to meeting many more in the future. Also, all of our other stakeholders deserve thanks. We have been well supported by contractors and consultants and would like to extend a special thanks to the people of Pine Creek and the Mary River East Station for their continued support.

Your company has had a great year and I'm looking forward to reporting an even better 2023-24 in twelve months' time.

Regards

Richard Maddocks
Managing Director

Review of Operations Report

Since listing in June 2022 Kingsland has been very busy, progressing the Cleo Uranium Project and then the Leliyn Graphite Project. It has been particularly pleasing to deliver these significant projects within 12 months of listing on the ASX. The company is now developing what is expected to be a globally significant graphite project and the Board considers this to be a valuable asset for the company. The Cleo Uranium Project was drilled and a maiden Mineral Resource Estimate completed within 8 months of listing. The future supply and demand fundamentals for both graphite and uranium are forecast to be very positive for the price of both these commodities.

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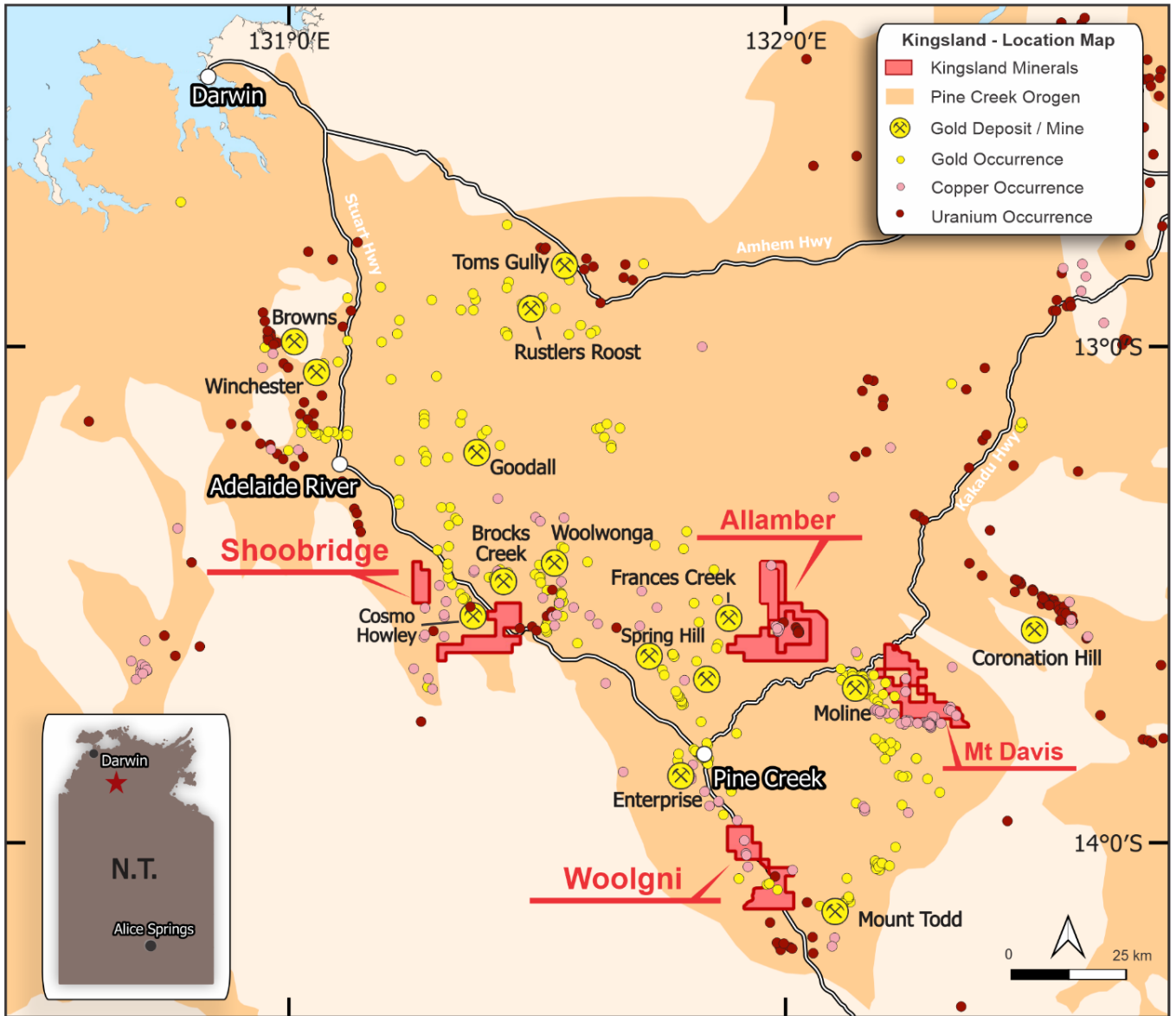


Figure 1: Location of Northern Territory Projects

Leliyn Graphite Project

The discovery of the Leliyn Graphite Project was announced on 1 February 2023. A combination of historical data and data generated by Kingsland was used to estimate an Exploration Target. Kingsland commenced drilling during May 2023 with the focus on generating data for the estimation of a Mineral Resource and providing diamond drill core for metallurgical test-work. During the March 2023 quarter an Exploration Target was estimated for the Leliyn Graphite Project. The Exploration Target was based on historic drilling and sampling and ground reconnaissance conducted by Kingsland Minerals.

Table 1: Leliyn Graphite Project Exploration Target¹

Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (% TGC)	Contained Graphite (Mt)
200 -250	8-11	16 -27

The quantity and grade of the Exploration Target for the Leliyn Graphite Project is conceptual in nature, there has been insufficient exploration to estimate a Mineral Resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the estimation of a Mineral Resource.

RC drilling commenced in early May and diamond core drilling in early June. This drilling is aimed at upgrading the Exploration Target to a Mineral Resource. To the end of this financial year a total of 31 RC holes for 3,240m were completed and 4 diamond holes for 550m. Drilling continued into the 2023/24 year.

Tables 2 and 3 shows drilling results for diamond core and RC drilling received to the date of this report.

Table 2: Leliyn Diamond Drilling Assay Results

Hole	From	To	Length	% TGC
LEDD_01	0	132	132	8.73
incl	31	54	23	11.69
incl	84	125	41	12.31
LEDD_02	52	178	126	7.44
incl	117	170	53	11.09
LEDD_03	11	75	64	8.72
incl	42	74	32	10.87
and	94	124	30	8.36
LEDD_04	154	363	209	7.39
incl	237	268	31	10.90
	314	352	38	11.19
LEDD_05	0	206	206	10.02
incl	3	49	46	12.17
	67	140	73	11.18
	161	180	19	11.45
and	219	250	31	4.39
LEDD_06	11	112	101	6.39

¹ Kingsland ASX announcement 'Graphite Exploration Target' 21 March 2023

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Table 3: Leliyn RC Drilling Assay Results

Hole	From	To	Length	% TGC
LEDDRC_01	25	54	29	9.30
incl	40	54	14	12.99
LERC_02	41	60	19	8.15
incl	42	52	10	11.69
LERC_06	0	25	25	10.10
incl	11	23	12	11.48
LERC_08	0	46	46	8.33
incl	0	18	18	11.79
	55	84	29	10.83
LERC_09	67	84	17	2.44
	101	113	12	2.33
LERC_10	0	124	124	4.32
incl	5	37	32	7.40
and	59	124	65	3.15
LERC_11	0	130	130	6.28
incl	1	30	29	8.92
and	93	114	21	11.27
LERC_12	NSI			
LERC_13	13	150	137	7.29
incl	69	116	47	10.85
and	138	150	12	11.23
LERC_14	48	187	139	6.97
incl	107	170	63	10.04
	200	204	4	8.93
LERC_15	9	78	69	7.97
LERC_16	2	5	3	2.71
LERC_17	16	174	158	10.13
LERC_18	45	173	128	8.58
incl	87	173	86	10.90
LERC_19	8	91	83	5.92
LERC_20	11	22	11	5.27
LERC_21	0	78	78	5.19
incl	57	71	14	8.71
LERC_22	42	114	72	4.71
LERC_23	0	18	18	6.08
LERC_24	NSI			
LERC_25	4	21	17	3.79
LERC_26	2	7	5	4.14
	33	34	1	2.18
LERC_28	0	41	41	10.50
	52	66	14	10.81
	79	87	8	7.26
	99	109	10	3.46

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Hole	From	To	Length	% TGC
LERC_29	153	174	21	4.90
LERC_30	0	19	19	9.02
	35	118	83	5.02

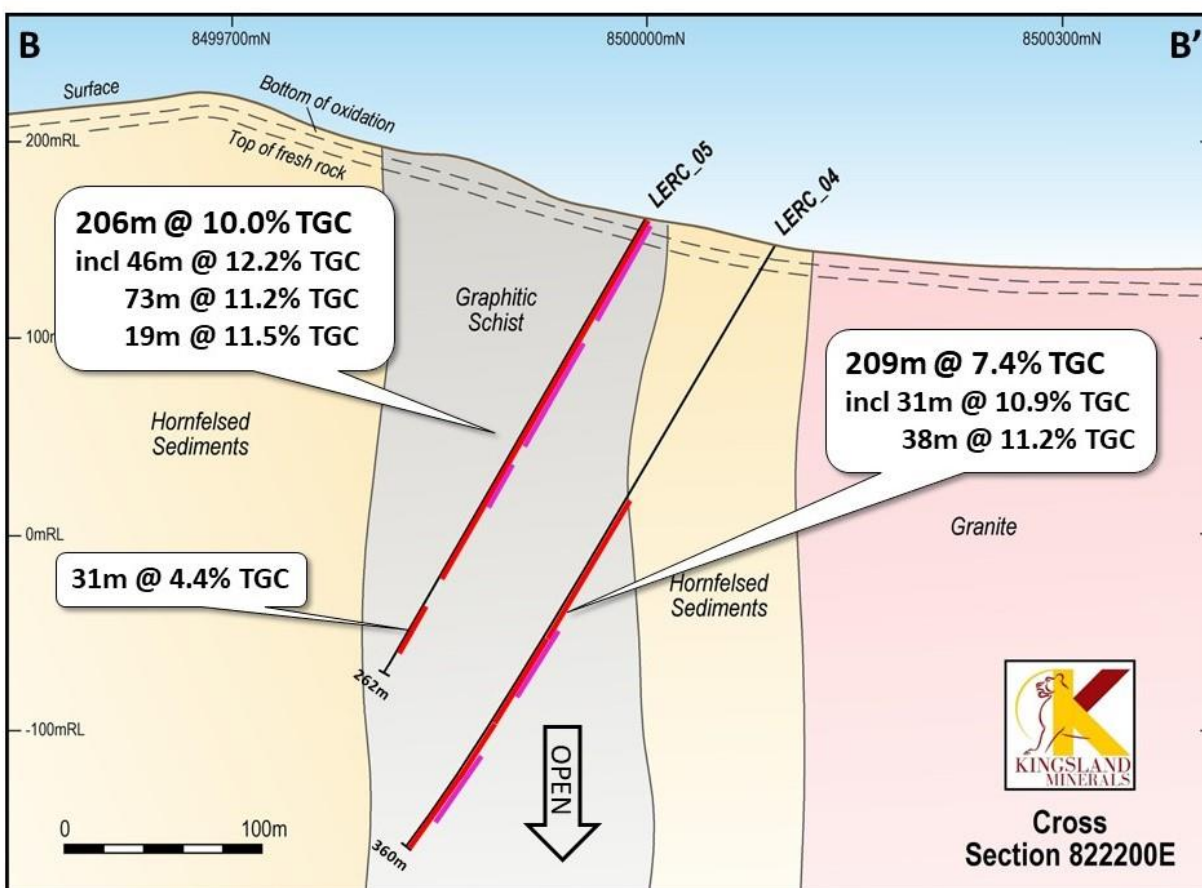


Figure 2: Cross section B showing drill intersections

Figure 2 shows a cross-section through the Leliyn graphite deposit at location B (see Figure 3). The geometry of the graphitic schist is evident and is typical of the deposit. Figure 3 is a plan view showing drilling locations and drill intersections.

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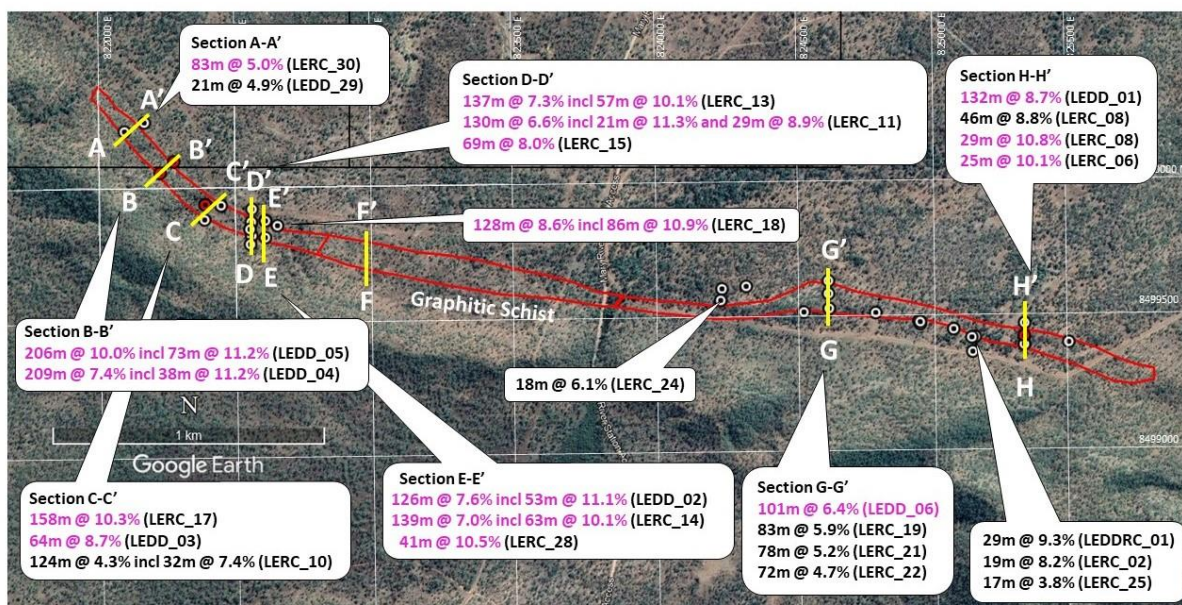


Figure 3: Plan view of Exploration Target areas with drillhole locations and intersections

Cleo Uranium Project

After drilling a total of 30 holes with 3,228m of Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling and 450 meters of diamond core during the second half of 2022, an independent MRE was estimated for the Cleo Uranium Deposit. The estimation used the recent Kingsland Minerals drilling as well as historic drilling by previous explorers. The MRE is presented in Table 4.

Table 4: Cleo Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate²

Classification	Cut off grade U ₃ O ₈ ppm	Tonnes	Grade U ₃ O ₈ ppm	U ₃ O ₈ pounds	U ₃ O ₈ kilograms
Inferred	150	6,800,000	345	5,200,000	2,360,000

A total of 18 mineralised domains were modelled with grades estimated using ordinary kriging. Figure 4 shows the modelled domains.

² Kingsland ASX release 'Cleo Uranium Resource' 14 March 2023

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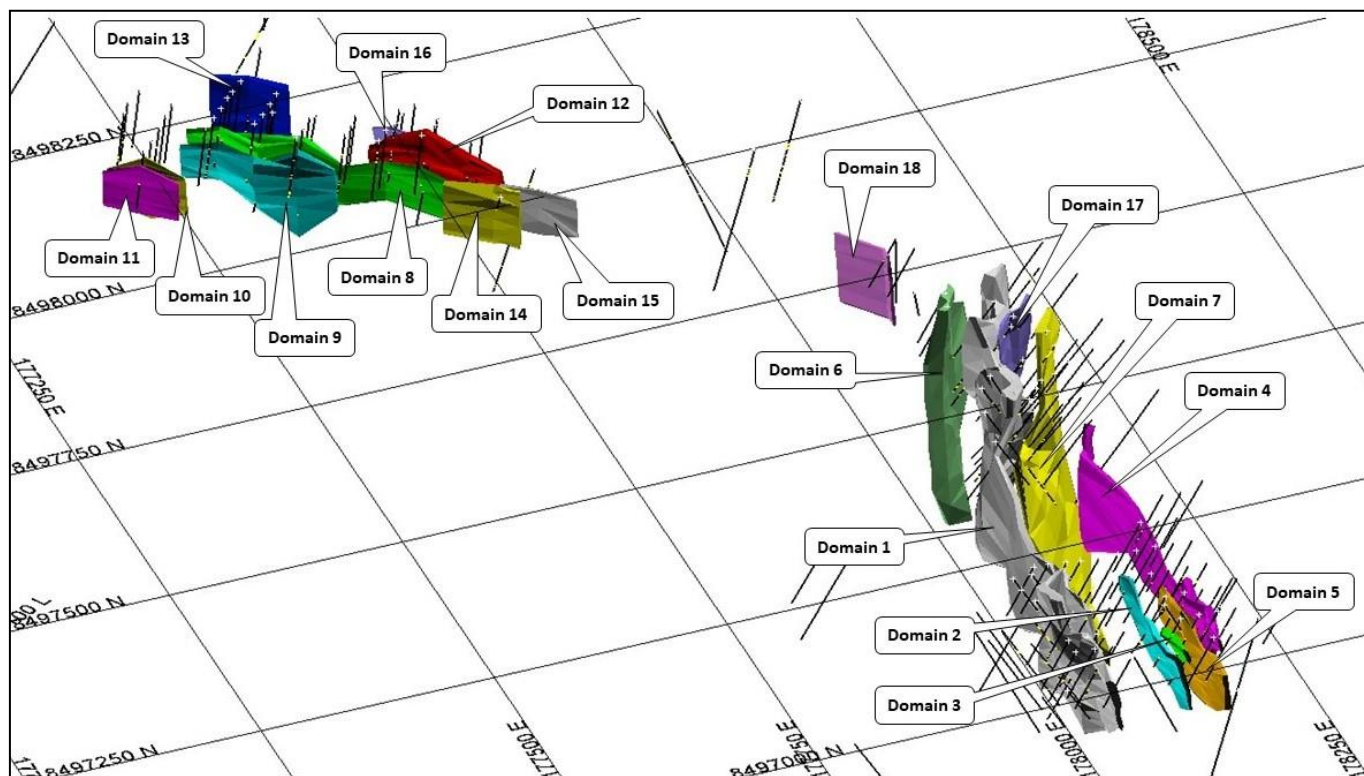


Figure 4: View looking North-east showing 18 modelled mineralised domains and drilling³

Figure 5 shows a cross-section through the Cleo deposit. Uranium mineralisation is interpreted to be associated with later stage intrusives in the graphitic schist host unit. Later faulting is also thought to influence uranium mineralisation distribution.

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³ Refer to Kingsland Minerals Ltd ASX announcement March 14 2023, 'Cleo Mineral Resource'

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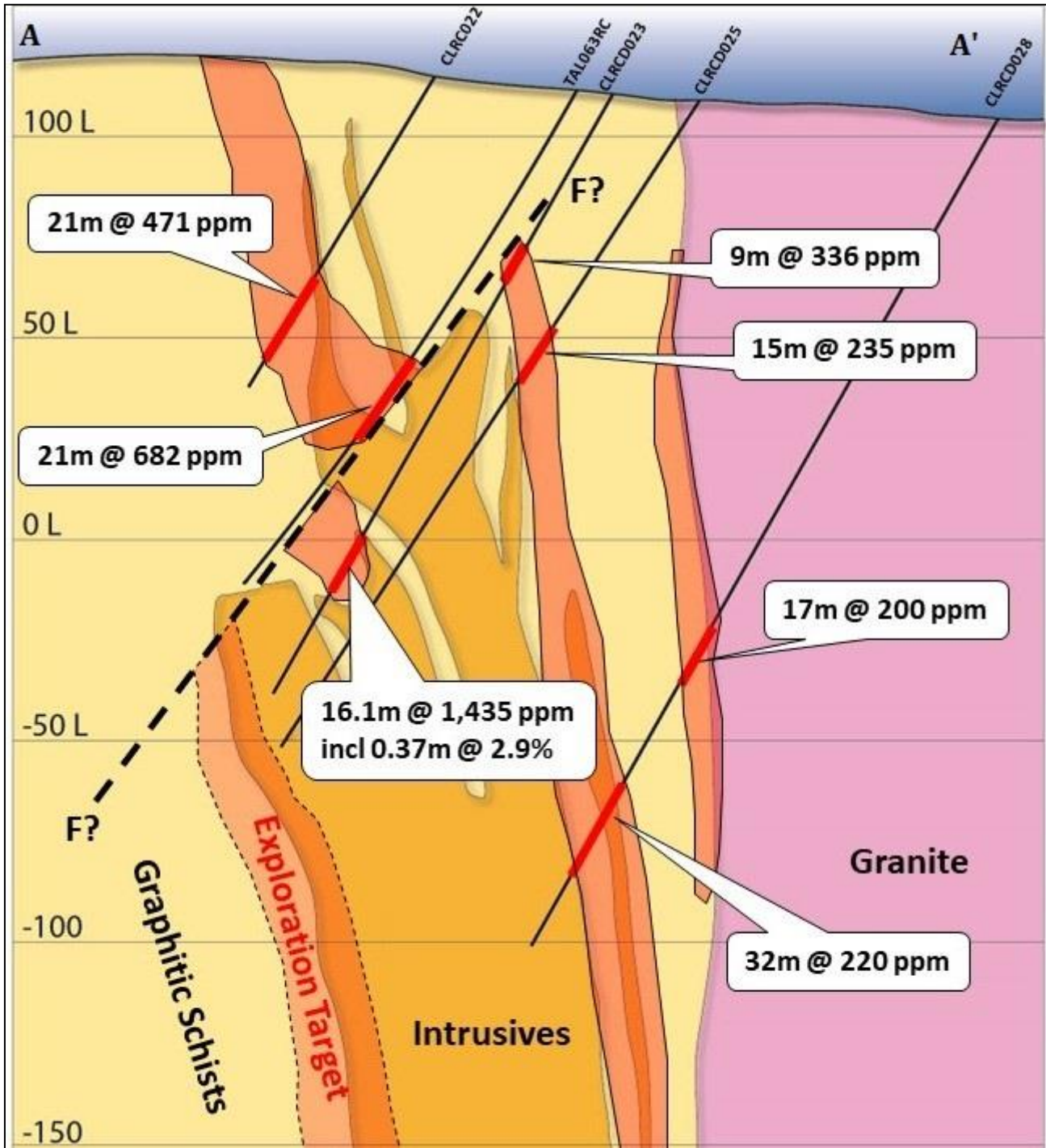


Figure 5: Cross section A-A' showing mineralisation and geology⁴

Figure 6 illustrates the completed drilling with significant results and the modelled mineralised domains. The location of cross-section A-A' in Figure 5 is also shown.

⁴ Refer to Kingsland Minerals Ltd ASX announcement March 14 2023, 'Cleo Mineral Resource'

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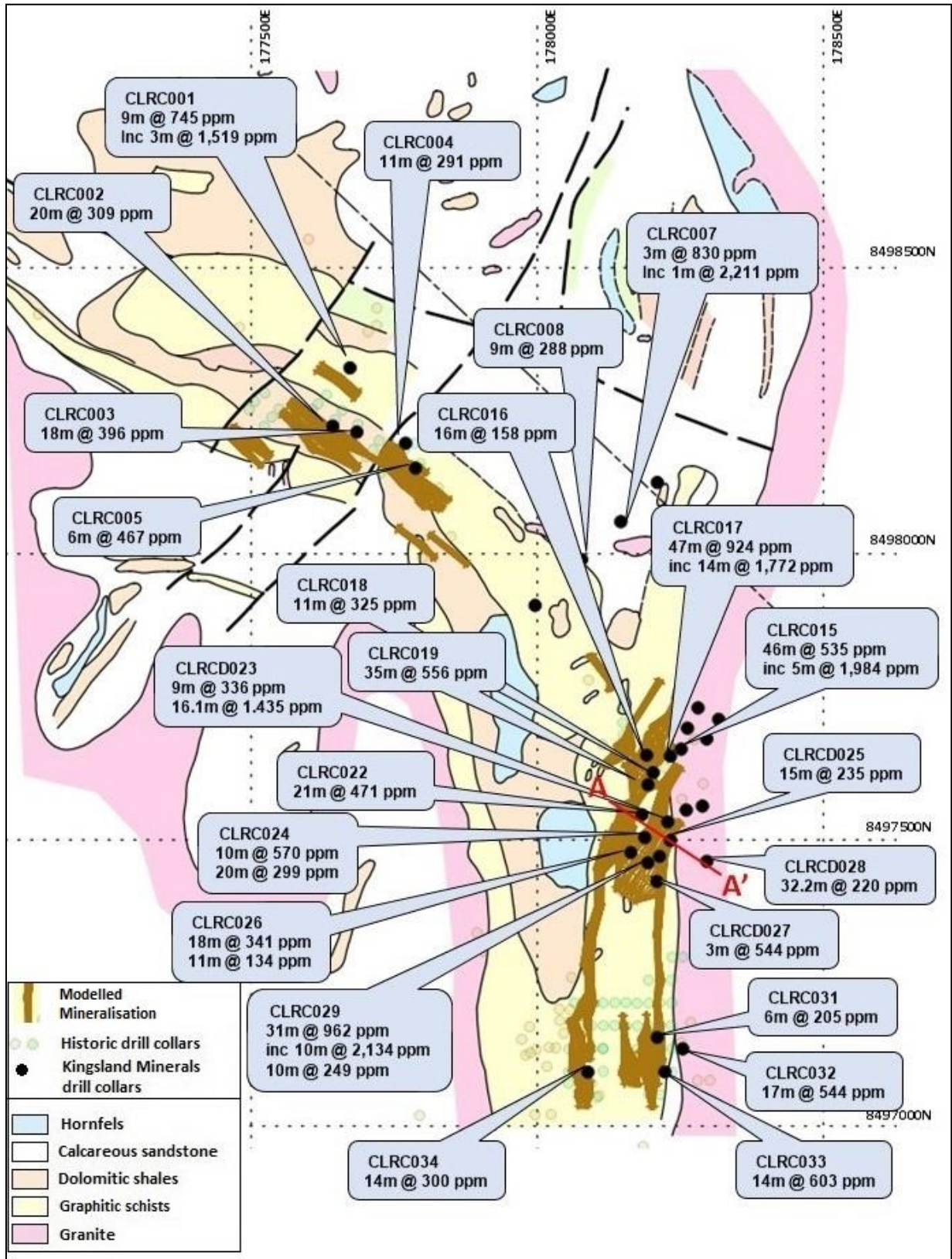


Figure 6: Plan of Cleo Uranium Project showing KNG drilling and U₃O₈ grades, modelled mineralised domains and location of cross section AA'⁵

⁵ Refer to Kingsland Minerals Ltd ASX announcement March 14 2023, 'Cleo Mineral Resource'

Diamond drilling completed by Kingsland shows that the higher grade uranium intersections are generally controlled by the position and possibly orientation of granitic intrusions. The contact between the sedimentary Masson Formation and the Cullen Granite batholith provides an eastern contact constraining uranium mineralisation. At Cleo, the Masson Formation generally consists of a series of graphitic, schistose sediments. These graphitic sediments have been intruded by a series of later felsic/granitic dykes varying in downhole width from centimetres to several meters. There appears to be several intrusion events with variation in grain size, mineralogy and orientation distinguishing them.

Table 5 shows the mineralised interval in diamond drill hole CLRCD023 and Figures 7 and 8 illustrate the mineralisation in hole CLRCD023. The samples were assayed for uranium and this has been converted to U₃O₈ by applying a factor of 1.179.

Table 5: Assay Results CLRCD023

Hole	From	To	Width	U ppm	U ₃ O ₈ ppm
CLRCD023	114	115.05	1.05	76	90
CLRCD023	115.05	115.48	0.43	39	46
CLRCD023	115.48	115.86	0.38	29	34
CLRCD023	115.86	116.6	0.74	184	217
CLRCD023	116.6	117	0.40	4,409	5,198
CLRCD023	117	117.62	0.62	64	75
CLRCD023	117.62	118.55	0.93	40	47
CLRCD023	118.55	119	0.45	191	225
CLRCD023	119	120	1.00	78	92
CLRCD023	120	120.63	0.63	595	702
CLRCD023	120.63	121	0.37	24,764	29,197
CLRCD023	121	122	1.00	94	111
CLRCD023	122	123	1.00	119	141
CLRCD023	123	124	1.00	111	131
CLRCD023	124	125	1.00	47	56
CLRCD023	125	126	1.00	87	102
CLRCD023	126	127	1.00	71	84
CLRCD023	127	128	1.00	3,329	3,924
CLRCD023	128	128.45	0.45	602	709
CLRCD023	128.45	129	0.55	298	351
CLRCD023	129	130	1.00	1,165	1,374
CLRCD023	130	130.68	0.68	2,666	3,144
CLRCD023	130.68	131.2	0.52	113	133
CLRCD023	131.2	132	0.80	791	932
CLRCD023	132	132.63	0.63	23	27
Intersection	115.86	132	16.14	1,217	1,435

The core photos in Figures 7 and 8 show the assay results and the location of intrusives (denoted by red dashed lines). There are a series of intrusives around 113m to 115m and then from 124m to 127m. Meter marks are written on the core. There is also an intrusive in tray 9 starting at 132.6m. Significant mineralisation is generally bordered by these intrusives with higher grade mineralisation contained in the graphitic schists.

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Figure 7: Hole CRRCD023 Trays 4 to 6 (112.8m to 122.4m)

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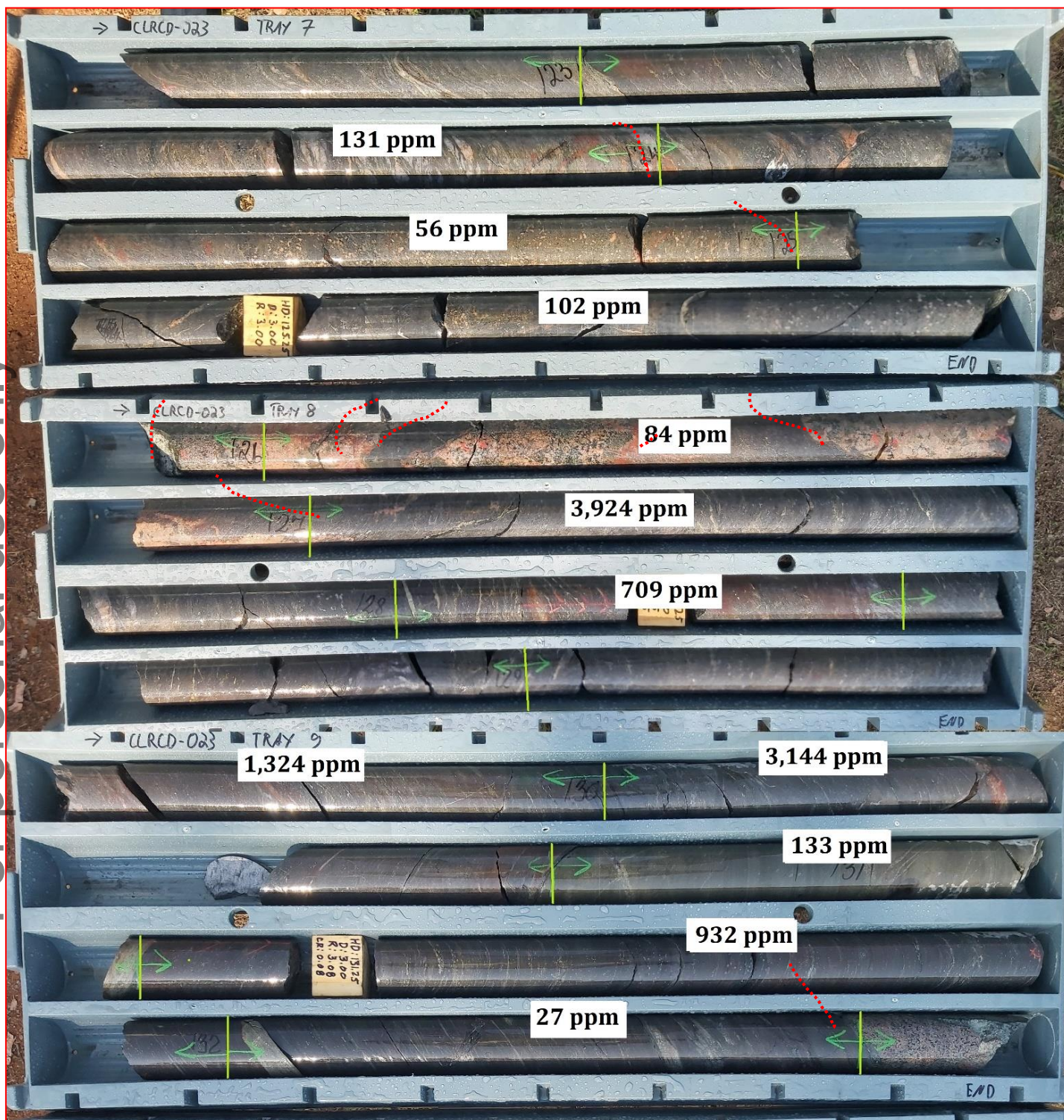


Figure 8: Hole CLRC023 Trays 7 to 9 (122.4m to 132.7m)



Figure 9: Hole CLRC023 120.63m – 121.0m 2.92% U₃O₈

Figure 9 shows a close up of hole CLRC023 120.63m – 121.0m. This interval assayed 29,197 ppm U₃O₈ or 2.92%. Within the red coloured interval are several areas of very dark mineralisation. This has been identified in this hand specimen as likely being Uraninite (UO₂). Uraninite, also known as pitchblende, is a significant ore of uranium. The red-orange material is likely various weathering products of uraninite containing other uranium oxides.

Table 6 contains significant drilling results from Kingsland's 2022 drilling campaign.

Table 6: Cleo Uranium Project RC Drillhole Intervals >100 ppm U₃O₈

Hole	From	To	Width	U ₃ O ₈ ppm
CLRC001	34	35	1	218
	46	47	1	319
	53	62	9	745
	incl 53	56	3	1,519
	65	66	1	126
	69	71	2	355
	75	76	1	100
	86	89	3	331
CLRC002	22	42	20	309
	incl 40	41	1	1,340
	45	47	2	130
	54	65	11	102
	68	74	6	136
	81	82	1	192
	85	87	2	201
	91	92	1	107

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Hole	From	To	Width	U ₃ O ₈ ppm
CLRC003	24	25	1	336
	28	30	2	219
	33	37	4	334
	41	59	18	396
	incl 51	52	1	1,345
	68	72	4	160
	75	87	12	152
	91	102	11	415
	incl and 92 and 100	93 101	1 1	1,667 1,153
CLRC004	30	35	5	127
	38	39	1	617
	44	55	11	291
	60	72	12	247
CLRC005	21	27	6	467
	61	62	1	180
	66	69	3	177
CLRC007	47	53	6	250
	59	60	1	223
	69	72	3	830
	incl 70	71	1	2,211
	76	78	2	186
	82	83	1	145
101	104	3	145	
CLRC008	20	29	9	288
	incl 24	25	1	1,321
CLRC011	162	164	2	271
CLRC013	14	20	6	185
	64	72	8	307
	79	83	4	238
CLRC014				NSI
CLRC015	48	52	4	127
	62	108	46	535
	incl 69	70	1	1,076
	and 77	79	2	1,958
	and 90	95	5	1,984
and 91	92	1	4,394	
CLRC016	44	45	1	145
	48	52	4	456
	85	101	16	158
CLRC017	8	16	8	351
	19	20	1	117
	24	25	1	174
	31	32	1	242
	36	45	9	462
	incl 41	42	1	1,160

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Hole	From	To	Width	U ₃ O ₈ ppm
	53	100	47	924
	incl 53	54	1	1,777
	and 62	76	14	1,772
	incl 64	65	1	3,800
	and 91	94	3	1,575
	103	114	9	138
	118	126	8	243
CLRC018	7	12	5	163
	28	31	3	170
	38	39	1	175
	45	46	1	150
	51	57	6	149
	60	71	11	325
	incl 61	62	1	1,521
	103	105	2	142
	110	113	3	177
	119	120	1	122
CLRC019	15	21	6	157
	30	31	1	119
	38	50	12	158
	60	95	35	556
	incl 62	69	7	2,059
	and 62	63	1	10,172
	and 68	69	1	2,002
CLRC020				NSI
CLRC021				NSI
CLRC022	34	35	1	215
	38	40	2	139
	54	57	3	670
	61	82	21	471
	incl 67	68	1	1,622
	incl 74	75	1	1,971
	incl 79	80	1	1,234
CLRCD023	36	38	2	376
	46	55	9	336
	58	60	2	195
	115.86	132	16.14	1,435
	incl 120.63	121	0.37	29,197
	incl 127	130.68	3.68	2,160
	135	136	1	113
	137	138	1	122
	142.4	143.57	1.17	113
CLRC024	44	45	1	155
	47	48	1	394
	51	65	14	380
	incl 54	55	1	2,411
	incl 57	58	1	1,377

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Hole	From	To	Width	U ₃ O ₈ ppm
	61	65	4	138
	68	78	10	570
	incl 68	69	1	3,472
	84	104	20	299
	incl 88	89	1	1,877
CLRCD025	64	79	15	235
	83	84	1	171
	139	139.64	0.64	131
	158.3	159	0.7	219
	175	176	1	112
CLRC026	22	40	18	341
	43	54	11	134
CLRCD027	88	89	1	110
	97	100	3	544
	incl 99	100	1	1,140
	105	106	1	642
	108.58	112.3	3.72	476
	incl 110.9	111.17	0.27	2,874
	120	122	2	392
	147	150	3	624
	incl 147	147.87	0.87	1,778
	165.8	167	1.2	1,065
	181	181.64	0.64	137
CLRCD028	149	166	17	200
	170	171	1	117
	174	175	1	107
CLRCD028	177.43	177.64	0.21	1,887
	181	213.2	32.2	220
	incl 184	184.22	0.22	2,057
	185.23	185.35	0.12	3,902
CLRC029	70	71	1	198
	74	77	3	534
	incl 75	76	1	1,216
	82	83	1	102
	90	110	20	252
	incl 96	97	1	1,434
	118	149	31	962
	incl 131	141	10	2,134
	incl 132	134	2	4,280
	152	162	10	249
CLRC030				NSI
CLRC031	1	7	7	189
	28	31	3	198
	34	40	6	205
	44	45	1	150
	51	52	1	258
	60	62	2	207

Hole	From	To	Width	U ₃ O ₈ ppm
CLRC032	72	73	1	250
	76	93	17	544
	incl 80	81	1	2,700
	and 91	92	1	3,643
	96	97	1	159
	111	113	2	350
CLRC033	11	12	1	174
	22	36	14	603
	incl 24	25	1	5,467
	41	42	1	162
	52	54	2	983
	incl 52	53	1	1,491
	60	69	9	236
	91	95	4	327
CLRC034	18	28	10	222
	32	46	14	300
	49	51	2	282
	54	57	3	159
	63	65	2	302
	98	100	2	121

incl - including

EOH – end of hole

NSI – No significant intercept

Results reported at a cut-off grade of 100ppm U₃O₈ with a maximum of 2m contiguous internal dilution

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Shoobridge Project

A LiDar aerial survey was flown over Shoobridge in October 2022. The results of this are being processed and examined to determine whether or not pegmatitic dykes are present. There has been historic tin and tantalum mining in shear zones, possibly containing pegmatites, emanating from the circular Shoobridge granite plug. The northern half of the Shoobridge granite is contained within Kingsland tenements.

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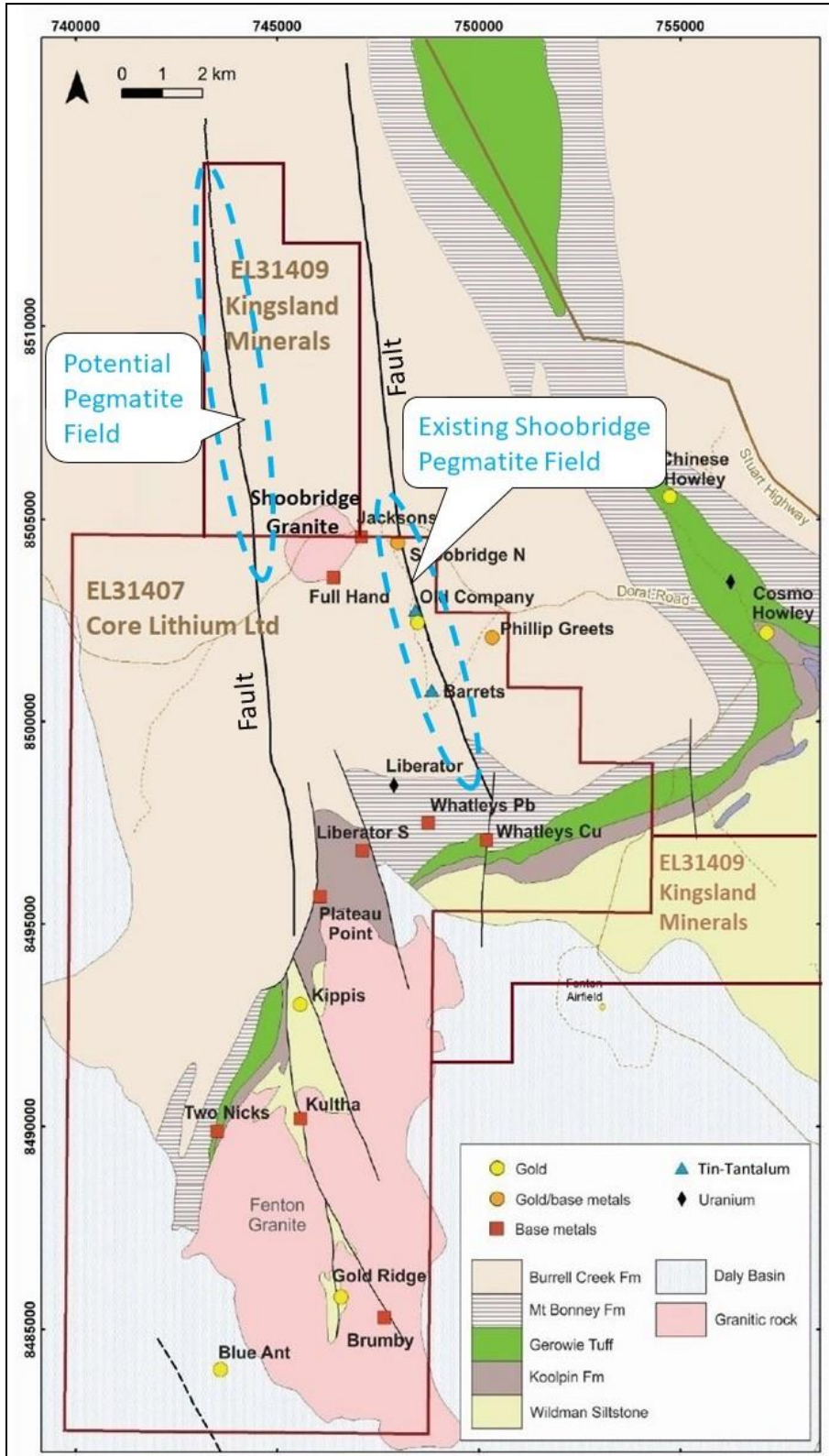


Figure 10: Shoobridge Granite

Woolgni Gold Project

A LiDAR aerial survey was flown over Woolgni to obtain an accurate topographical survey for final drilling planning. Figure 11 shows the historic drilling locations and intersections.

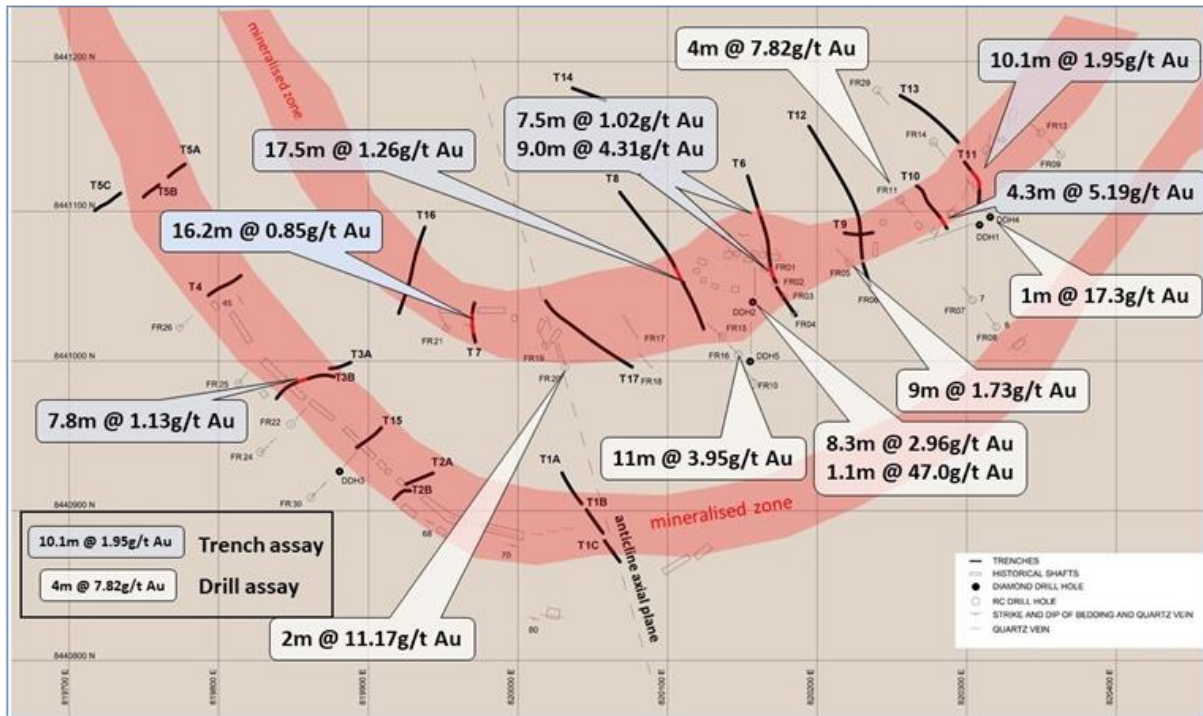


Figure 11: Woolgni historic drilling

Mt Davis Project

Limited work was completed on the Mt Davis project due to work commitments at Cleo and Leliyn. Mt Davis contains excellent potential for gold mineralisation, especially along strike from the adjacent Moline Gold Project. There is also historic workings targeting base metal mineralisation at the Mt Coronet project within the Kingsland tenements.

Lake Johnston

Access to historic drilling was established during the year. This historic drilling was targeting nickel mineralisation. A soil sampling program has been designed and will be completed during the 2023/24 year. This program will test for anomalous lithium mineralization.

Competent Persons Statement

Information regarding the Leliyn Graphite Project is extracted from the reports 'Significant Graphite Discovery' created on 1 February 2023, 'Graphite Exploration Target' created on March 21 2023, 'EM Survey Confirms Immense Potential of Leliyn Graphite Project' created on 6 June 2023, 'First Assays Reveal Extensive High-grade Graphite at Leliyn' created on 15 June 2023, these reports are available to view on www.kingslandminerals.com.au or on the ASX website www.asx.com.au under ticker code KNG. The company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.'

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results and Mineral Resources for the Cleo Uranium Project is based on information compiled by Mr David Princep, a Competent Person who is a Fellow of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Princep is an independent consultant employed by Gill Lane Consulting. Mr Princep has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Princep consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

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The Directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on Kingsland Minerals Ltd (“the Company”) and its controlled entities (“the Group”) for the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the Group during the whole of the financial period and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Richard Maddocks: Appointed 12 February 2021

Bruno Seneque: Appointed 12 February 2021

Nicholas Revell: Appointed 12 February 2021

Malcolm Randall: Appointed 24 November 2021

Principal activities

During the financial year the principal continuing activities of the Group was mineral exploration. There have been no significant changes in the nature of those principal activities during the financial year.

Dividends

There were no dividends paid, recommended, or declared during the current financial year.

Review of operations

The loss for the Group after providing for income tax amounted to \$2,118,533 (period to 30 June 2022: loss of \$633,655).

Significant changes in the state of affairs

On 1 February 2023, the Company announced the discovery of graphite potential on its Allamber Project area in the Northern Territory and the commencement of drilling at the Leliyn Graphite Project was announced on 1 May 2023. The Leliyn Graphite Project has become a focus for Kingsland Minerals Ltd, and as a result of this new focus, the Company announced a successful capital raising of \$3.6 million (before costs) to advance the Leliyn Graphite Project.

Other than the changes noted above, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial period.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Group's operations, the results of those operations, or the Group's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Group will continue its mineral exploration activity at and around its exploration projects with the object of identifying commercial resources.

Environmental regulation

The Group holds participating interests in a number of exploration licences. The various authorities granting such licences require the holder to comply with directions given to it under the terms of the grant of the licence.

The Board is not aware of any breaches of the Group's licence conditions.

Information on directors

Richard Maddocks – Managing Director

MSc (Mineral Economics), BAppSc (Geology), Grad Dip (Finance and Investment), FAusIMM, GAICD

Mr Maddocks is a geologist and has extensive experience in development and production in open pit and underground gold and nickel mines in Australia, Papua New Guinea and South America. He has previously been Chief Geologist at several large open pit and underground gold and nickel mines in Western Australia. Mr Maddocks has significant experience in Mineral Resource estimation, grade control, exploration, business development and asset identification. Mr Maddocks meets the requirements of a Competent Person as defined by the JORC Code 2012 for several commodities and mineralisation styles relevant to the Group.

Directorships held in other ASX-listed companies in the last 3 years: Nil.

Interest in securities at the date of this report: 3,760,584 ordinary shares, 847,419 listed options and 1,500,000 unlisted options.

Malcolm Randall – Non-Executive Chairman

Dip Applied Chem, FAICD

Mr Randall holds a Bachelor of Applied Chemistry Degree, is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, and has more than 46 years' of extensive experience in corporate, management and marketing in the resource sector, including more than 25 years with the Rio Tinto group of companies. His experience has covered a diverse range of mineral activities including Iron Ore, Base Metals, Uranium, Minerals Sands and Lithium.

Directorships held in other ASX-listed companies in the last 3 years:

- Hastings Technology Metals Ltd, appointed 11 February 2019
- Argosy Minerals Ltd, appointed 3 March 2017
- Ora Gold Ltd (formerly Thundelarra Ltd), appointed 8 September 2003
- Magnetite Mines Ltd, appointed 4 October 2006, resigned 23 November 2022

Interest in securities at the date of this report: 1,550,000 ordinary shares, 125,000 listed options and 1,000,000 unlisted options.

Bruno Seneque – Director, CFO and Company Secretary

BBus (Accounting), CPA Australia and GIA

Mr Seneque has 27 years' experience as a qualified accountant and has accumulated extensive experience in the mining industry over 25 years in various roles including executive general management (Managing Director, Finance Director), CFO, company secretarial, corporate and mine site accounting for ASX listed companies.

He was most recently a Director and CFO for Kairos Minerals Ltd (ASX: KAI), and prior to that role he was the Managing Director of Tyranna Resources Ltd from December 2015 to October 2019 (ASX: TYX). Mr Seneque has also held various roles (CFO, Finance Director, Managing Director) with Fox Resources Ltd, which operated the Radio Hill nickel-copper mine in Karratha, producing nickel and copper concentrates. He was also Financial Controller/Company Secretary for Haddington Resources Ltd which produced tantalum concentrates from the Bald Hill tantalum mine. Mr Seneque commenced his career in 1996 in the audit division with Ernst and Young (Perth office) prior to moving to Titan Resources NL as Group Accountant in 1998.

Directorships held in other ASX-listed companies in the last 3 years:

- Kairos Minerals Ltd, appointed 4 August 2017, resigned 23 March 2022

Interest in securities at the date of this report: 3,162,838 ordinary shares, 831,419 listed options and 1,500,000 unlisted options.

Interest in securities at the date of this report as a director and shareholder of Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd: 4,107,081 ordinary shares, 1,027,703 listed options, and 2,055,405 unlisted options.

Nicholas Revell - Non-Executive Director

BAppSc (Geology)

Mr Revell is a geologist and has over 31 years' experience as an exploration/mine geologist specialising in gold, iron ore and base metals. He has held several senior positions in mining, exploration geology and project evaluation, working for ASX and TSX mineral exploration companies across a range of minerals. Mr Revell is currently a director of Allup Silica Ltd (ASX: APS) and was previously a director of ASX listed companies including, Tyranna Resources Ltd (ASX: TYX) and Orinoco Gold Ltd (ASX: OGX). Mr Revell meets the requirements of a Competent Person as defined by the JORC Code 2012 for several commodities and mineralisation styles relevant to the Group.

Directorships held in other ASX-listed companies in the last 3 years:

- Allup Silica Ltd, appointed 5 May 2020, resigned 7 March 2023

Interest in securities at the date of this report: 3,169,504 ordinary shares, 838,919 listed options and 1,500,000 unlisted options.

Interest in securities at the date of this report as a director and shareholder of Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd: 4,107,081 ordinary shares, 1,027,703 listed options, and 2,055,405 unlisted options.

Remuneration Report – Audited

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each director of the Company.

Remuneration Policy

As a consequence of the size and composition of the Board, the Company does not have a standalone remuneration committee. The Board as a whole has responsibilities typically assumed by a remuneration committee. The Board reviews and approves the Company's remuneration policy in order to ensure that the Company is able to attract and retain executives and Directors who will create value for Shareholders, having regard to the amount considered to be commensurate for an entity of the Company's size and level of activity as well as the relevant Directors' time, commitment and responsibility.

The remuneration of any Director will be decided by the Board, without the affected Director participating in that decision-making process. In addition, subject to any necessary Shareholder approval, a Director may be paid fees or other amounts as the Directors determine where a Director performs special duties or otherwise performs services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director (e.g. non-cash performance incentives such as options). Directors are also entitled to be paid reasonable travel and other expenses incurred by them in the course of the performance of their duties as Directors.

The Board reviews the remuneration (including short- and long-term incentive schemes and equity-based remuneration, where applicable) and performance of Directors. The Board is also responsible for reviewing any employee incentive and equity-based plans including the appropriateness of performance hurdles and total payments proposed.

The Board also sets policies for senior executive remuneration, setting the terms and conditions of employment for senior executives, undertaking reviews of senior executive performance, including setting goals and reviewing progress in achieving those goals. The Board reviews the Company's senior executive and employee incentive schemes (including equity-based remuneration) (where applicable) and making recommendations to the Non-Executive Chair on any proposed changes

The Board may seek any information it considers necessary to fulfil its duties as a remuneration committee, which includes the right to obtain appropriate external advice.

Executive Services Agreement and Letters of Appointment

(a) Executive Services Agreement - Richard Maddocks

The Company has entered into an executive services agreement with Richard Maddocks, pursuant to which Mr Maddocks was appointed as Managing Director on 12 February 2021. Pursuant to the agreement, Mr Maddocks is entitled to receive \$250,000 per annum (excluding statutory superannuation). In addition, the Company agreed to issue to Mr Maddocks (or his nominees) 1,500,000 Options exercisable at \$0.25 and expiring on 17 June 2026.

The Board may, in its absolute discretion invite Mr Maddocks to participate in bonus and/or other incentive schemes in the Company that it may implement from time to time, subject to compliance with the Corporations Act.

Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

The agreement is for an indefinite term, continuing until terminated by either the Company or Mr Maddocks giving not less than 6 months written notice of termination to the other party (or shorter period in limited circumstances).

Mr Maddocks is also subject to restrictions in relation to the use of confidential information during and after his employment with the Company ceases and being directly or indirectly involved in a competing business during the continuance of his employment with the Company and for a period of three months after his employment with the Company ceases, on terms which are otherwise considered standard for agreements of this nature. In addition, the agreement contains additional provisions considered standard for agreements of this nature.

(b) Non-Executive Director Letter of Appointment – Bruno Seneque

The Company has entered into a non-executive director letter of appointment with Bruno Seneque pursuant to which the Company has agreed to pay Mr Seneque, \$48,000 per annum (excluding statutory superannuation) for services provided to the Company as Non-Executive Director.

In addition, the Company agreed to issue to Mr Seneque (or his nominees) 1,500,000 Options exercisable at \$0.25 and expiring on 17 June 2026.

The agreement contains additional provisions considered standard for agreements of this nature.

(c) Non-Executive Director Letter of Appointment – Nicholas Revell

The Company has entered into a non-executive director letter of appointment with Nicholas Revell pursuant to which the Company has agreed to pay Mr Revell, \$48,000 per annum (excluding statutory superannuation) for services provided to the Company as Non-Executive Director.

In addition, the Company agreed to issue to Mr Revell (or his nominees) 1,500,000 Options exercisable at \$0.25 and expiring on 17 June 2026.

The agreement contains additional provisions considered standard for agreements of this nature.

(d) Non-Executive Director and Chairman Letter of Appointment – Malcom Randall

The Company has entered into a non-executive director and chairman letter of appointment with Malcom Randall pursuant to which the Company has agreed to pay Mr Randall, \$60,000 per annum (excluding statutory superannuation) for services provided to the Company as Non-Executive Director and Chairman.

In addition, the Company agreed to issue to Mr Randall (or his nominees) 1,000,000 Options exercisable at \$0.25 and expiring on 31 May 2027.

The agreement contains additional provisions considered standard for agreements of this nature.

Consultancy Agreements

(a) Bruno Seneque ATF <Seneque Family Trust> t/as Amber Corporate

The Company has entered into a consultancy agreement with Bruno Seneque ATF <Seneque Family Trust> t/as Amber Corporate (**Amber Corporate**), an entity controlled by Bruno Seneque, pursuant to which Mr Seneque will provide Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Company Secretary duties to the Company.

As consideration for the CFO and Company Secretary duties, the Company has agreed to pay Amber Corporate \$11,000 per month (exclusive of GST). The agreement contains additional provisions considered standard for agreements of this nature.

(b) Spurs Geological Services Pty Ltd

The Company has entered into a consultancy agreement with Spurs Geological Services Pty Ltd (**Spurs**), an entity controlled by Nicholas Revell, pursuant to which Mr Revell will provide geological consulting services to the Company. As consideration for the geological consulting services, the Company has agreed to pay Spurs \$1,200 per day (exclusive of GST), on the basis of 10 hours per day. If the consultant works more than 10 hours per day for the Company, the Company will pay \$1,200 per day (exclusive of GST) to the consultant. The agreement contains additional provisions considered standard for agreements of this nature.

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Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

Details of Remuneration

For the financial year ended 30 June 2023

The remuneration for key management personnel of the Company during the period was as follows:

30 June 2023	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Share-based payments	Total	Performance Related Remuneration
	Director's Fee	Salary and other	Non-monetary benefits	Superannuation Contribution	Equity-settled		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Malcolm Randall	60,000	-	-	6,300	213,000	279,300	-
Richard Maddocks	250,000	-	-	26,250	340,800	617,050	-
Bruno Seneque ⁱ	48,000	132,000	-	5,040	255,600	440,640	-
Nicholas Revell ⁱ	48,000	92,700	-	5,040	213,000	358,740	-
	406,000	224,700	-	42,630	1,022,400	1,695,730	-

i) Bruno Seneque was paid \$132,000 as part of the consultancy agreement with Amber Corporate. Nicholas Revell was paid \$92,700 as part of the consultancy agreement with Spurs Geological Services Pty Ltd.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

The remuneration for key management personnel of the Company during the period was as follows:

30 June 2022	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Share-based payments	Total	Performance Related Remuneration
	Director's Fee	Salary and other	Non-monetary benefits	Superannuation Contribution	Equity-settled		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Malcolm Randall	5,000	-	-	500	145,712	151,212	-
Richard Maddocks ⁱ	20,833	40,000	-	2,083	-	62,916	-
Bruno Seneque ^{i & ii}	4,000	51,000	-	400	-	55,400	-
Nicholas Revell	4,000	-	-	400	-	4,400	-
	33,833	91,000	-	3,383	145,712	273,928	-

i) The Company paid \$40,000 each to Richard Maddocks and Bruno Seneque on admission to the official list of the ASX, for work undertaken in assisting the Company in relation to listing on the ASX.
ii) Bruno Seneque was paid \$11,000 as part of the consultancy agreement with Amber Corporate.

Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

Details of Shares Held

	Balance at beginning of year	Issued during the period as remuneration	Net change other	Balance at end of year
30 June 2023				
Malcolm Randall ⁱ	250,000	833,334	50,000	1,133,334
Richard Maddocks ⁱ	1,637,838	1,333,334	122,746	3,093,918
Bruno Seneque ^{i & ii}	3,643,243	1,000,000	2,126,676	6,769,919
Nicholas Revell ^{i & ii}	3,643,243	833,334	2,383,342	6,859,919
	9,174,324	4,000,002	4,682,764	17,857,090

- i) On 3 July 2023, the Directors were issued shares as a result of the conversion of Class C Performance Rights as follows: Malcolm Randall was issued 416,666 shares, Richard Maddocks was issued 666,666 shares, Bruno Seneque was issued 500,000 shares, and Nicholas Revell was issued 416,666 shares.
- ii) During the period, 2,051,676 shares were issued to Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd as a result of the conversion of Vendor Performance Shares. Messrs. Revell and Seneque are directors and shareholders of Trafalgar Resources Pty.

	Balance at incorporation	Issued during the period	Issue Price	Net change other	Balance at the end of the year
30 June 2022					
Malcolm Randall ⁱ	-	250,000	\$0.20	-	250,000
Richard Maddocks ⁱⁱ	2	1,587,836	\$0.01 and \$0.10	50,000	1,637,838
Bruno Seneque ^{ii & iii}	2	3,643,241	\$0.01, \$0.10 and \$0.20	-	3,643,243
Nicholas Revell ^{ii&iii}	2	3,643,241	\$0.01, \$0.10 and \$0.20	-	3,643,243
	6	9,124,318		50,000	9,174,324

Malcolm Randall acquired shares by taking up shares in the IPO Prospectus for the Company and was issued 250,000 ordinary shares at \$0.20.

ii) Messrs. Maddocks, Seneque, and Revell were issued 1,500,000 ordinary shares each at an issue price of \$0.01 per share as Founders Shares, and 87,836 ordinary shares each on acquisition of Kingsland Gold Pty Ltd at a deemed issue price of \$0.10 per share.

- iii) Includes 2,055,405 shares. Messrs. Revell and Seneque are directors and shareholders of Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd which was issued the shares as part of the aforementioned binding option agreement (Refer to Note 13(b)).

Details of Options Held

	Balance at beginning of year	Issued during the period	Options Lapsed	Net change other	Balance at the end of the year
30 June 2023					
Malcolm Randall ⁱ	1,000,000	-	-	125,000	1,125,000
Richard Maddocks ⁱ	1,500,000	-	-	847,419	2,347,419
Bruno Seneque ^{i & ii}	3,555,405	-	-	1,859,122	5,414,527
Nicholas Revell ^{i&ii}	3,555,405	-	-	1,866,622	5,422,027
	9,610,810	-	-	4,698,163	14,308,973

- i) During the period the directors acquired listed options by participating in the Loyalty Option Entitlement Prospectus as announced on 25 October 2022. The following listed options (KNGO) were issued as follows: Malcolm Randall was issued 125,000 listed options, Richard Maddocks was issued 847,419 listed options, Bruno Seneque was issued 831,419 listed options, and Nicholas Revell was issued 838,919 listed options.
- ii) During the period, 1,027,703 listed options (KNGO) were issued to Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd as a result of Trafalgar participating in the Loyalty Option Entitlement Prospectus as announced on 25 October 2022. Messrs. Revell and Seneque are directors and shareholders of Trafalgar Resources Pty.

Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

	Balance at incorporation	Issued during the period	Options Lapsed	Net change other	Balance at the end of the year
30 June 2022					
Malcolm Randall ⁱ	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Richard Maddocks ⁱⁱ	-	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000
Bruno Seneque ^{ii & iii}	-	3,555,405	-	-	3,555,405
Nicholas Revell ^{ii&iii}	-	3,555,405	-	-	3,555,405
	-	9,610,810	-	-	9,610,810

- i) Malcolm Randall received options via the IPO Prospectus for the Company and was issued 1,000,000 unlisted Director options on 31 May 2022, exercisable at \$0.25 each and expiring on 31 May 2027. Refer to Note 13(d) for further details.
- ii) Messrs. Maddocks, Seneque, and Revell were each issued 1,500,000 unlisted Founder options on 17 June 2021, exercisable at \$0.25 each and expiring on 17 June 2026.
- iii) Includes 2,055,405 options. Messrs. Revell and Seneque are directors and shareholders of Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd which was issued the options as part of the aforementioned binding option agreement (Refer to Note 13(b)).

No options were exercised during the period and to the date of this report.

Performance Shares

At 30 June 2023, there were 1,999,998 Class C Performance Rights on issue which had vested as announced on 20 June 2023. These Class C Performance Rights were converted to shares and issued on 3 July 2023. Other than the aforementioned performance shares, there are no other performance shares on issue at 30 June 2023 and to the date of this report.

Other Transactions with Directors

As noted above, Nicholas Revell and Bruno Seneque are shareholders and directors of Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd (Trafalgar). During the period, 2,051,676 shares were issued to Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd as a result of the conversion of Vendor Performance Shares. Also during the period, 1,027,703 listed options (KNGO) were issued to Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd as a result of Trafalgar participating in the Loyalty Option Entitlement Prospectus as announced on 25 October 2022.

End of Remuneration Report

Meetings of directors

During the financial year ended 30 June 2023, 6 meetings of Directors were held. Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

	Directors' Meetings	
	Number attended	Number eligible to attend
Mr Richard Maddocks	6	6
Mr Bruno Seneque	6	6
Mr Nicholas Revell	5	6
Mr Malcolm Randall	6	6

Material Business Risks

A summary of material business risks that are associated with the Company are disclosed in the Risk Management Policy on the Company's website.

Options over Unissued Shares

At the date of this report, the unissued ordinary shares of Kingsland Minerals Limited under option are as follows:

ASX Code	Number under option	Date of Expiry	Exercise Price
KNGO	18,669,920	31 October 2026	\$0.25
Unlisted	4,500,000	17 June 2026	\$0.25
Unlisted	5,136,486	8 July 2026	\$0.25
Unlisted	1,800,000	31 May 2025	\$0.30
Unlisted	1,000,000	31 May 2027	\$0.25

Option holders do not have any right, by virtue of the option, to participate in any share issue of Kingsland Minerals Limited.

Indemnification of Officers

The company has not indemnified the directors and executives of the Company for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the company against a liability to the extent permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of liability and the amount of the premium.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Consolidated Entity

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Non-Audit Services

Non-audit services provided by the Group's auditor Hall Chadwick for the period ended 30 June 2023 is shown at Note 20 of the Financial Statements.

The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services, during the year by the auditor is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporation Act 2001*. The nature and scope of each type of non-audit service provided means that auditor independence was not compromised.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out immediately after this directors' report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the Directors



Malcolm Randall
Chairman

28 September 2023
Perth

To the Board of Directors,

Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

As lead audit Director for the audit of the financial statements of Kingsland Minerals Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2023, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours Faithfully

Hall Chadwick
HALL CHADWICK WA AUDIT PTY LTD

Mark Delaurentis
MARK DELAURENTIS CA
Director

Dated Perth, Western Australia this 28th day of September 2023

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Kingsland Minerals Ltd
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
For the year ended 30 June 2023



	Note	30 June 2023 \$	12 February 2021 to 30 June 2022 \$
Revenue			
Other income		-	-
Interest revenue		5,282	-
Expenses			
Compliance and regulatory expenses		(130,687)	(118,653)
Directors' remuneration		(481,737)	(129,819)
Share based payments	13	(1,022,400)	(145,712)
Occupancy expenses		(32,346)	(17,722)
Administration expenses		(406,832)	(221,749)
Depreciation expense	7,8	(42,891)	-
Finance costs	8	(6,922)	-
Loss before income tax (expense)/benefit		(2,118,533)	(633,655)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	3	-	-
Loss after income tax (expense)/benefit for the period attributable to the owners of Kingsland Minerals Ltd		(2,118,533)	(633,655)
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the period attributable to the owners of Kingsland Minerals Ltd		(2,118,533)	(633,655)
Loss per share for the period attributable to owners of Kingsland Minerals Ltd			
Basic loss per share (cents per share)	15	(5.30)	(6.94)
Diluted loss per share (cents per share)	15	(5.30)	(6.94)

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Kingsland Minerals Ltd
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
As at 30 June 2023



	Note	30 June 2023 \$	30 June 2022 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	5,187,387	4,243,345
Trade and other receivables	5	261,975	117,063
Total current assets		<u>5,449,362</u>	<u>4,360,408</u>
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	45,441	27,290
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	7	4,634,385	2,072,565
Rights-of-use assets	8	126,459	-
Total non-current assets		<u>4,806,285</u>	<u>2,099,855</u>
Total assets		<u>10,255,647</u>	<u>6,460,263</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	9	985,035	86,840
Provisions	10	18,910	1,603
Lease liabilities	8	33,852	-
Total current liabilities		<u>1,037,797</u>	<u>88,443</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	8	102,724	-
Total non-current liabilities		<u>102,724</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		<u>1,140,521</u>	<u>88,443</u>
Net assets		<u>9,115,126</u>	<u>6,371,820</u>
Equity			
Issued capital	11	10,615,063	5,722,373
Reserves	12	1,252,251	1,283,102
Accumulated losses		(2,752,188)	(633,655)
Total equity		<u>9,115,126</u>	<u>6,371,820</u>

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Kingsland Minerals Ltd
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
For the year ended 30 June 2023



	Note	Issued capital \$	Reserves \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total \$
Balance at 12 February 2021		6	-	-	6
Loss after income tax benefit for the year		-	-	(633,655)	(633,655)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(633,655)	(633,655)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Shares issued	11	6,196,611	-	-	6,196,611
Capital raising costs	11	(474,244)	-	-	(474,244)
Share based payments	12	-	1,283,102	-	1,283,102
Balance at 30 June 2022		5,722,373	1,283,102	(633,655)	6,371,820

	Note	Issued capital \$	Reserves \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2022		5,722,373	1,283,102	(633,655)	6,371,820
Loss after income tax benefit for the year		-	-	(2,118,533)	(2,118,533)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(2,118,533)	(2,118,533)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Shares issued	11	3,601,587	-	-	3,601,587
Capital raising costs	11	(457,297)	-	-	(457,297)
Share based payments	12	-	1,717,549	-	1,717,549
Transfer to/(from) reserves	12	1,748,400	(1,748,400)	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2023		10,615,063	1,252,251	(2,752,188)	9,115,126

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Kingsland Minerals Ltd
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended 30 June 2023



	Note	30 June 2023 \$	12 February 2021 to 30 June 2022 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash paid to suppliers		(1,002,352)	(526,524)
Interest received		5,282	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash used in operating activities	23	(997,070)	(526,524)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Exploration and evaluation		(1,520,016)	(68,034)
Property, plant and equipment		(27,764)	(18,188)
Security deposits		(83,549)	(5,000)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,631,329)	(91,222)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from equity issues		3,788,536	5,142,969
Share issue costs		(216,095)	(281,878)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from financing activities		3,572,441	4,861,091
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		944,042	4,243,345
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial period		4,243,345	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period	4	5,187,387	4,243,345

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

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Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Kingsland Minerals Ltd (“the Company”) for the year ended 30 June 2023 comprises the Company and its controlled entities (“the Group”).

Kingsland Minerals Ltd is a for-profit company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 28 September 2023 by the Directors of the Company.

Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the *Corporations Act 2001*, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB'). The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for, where applicable, the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, investment properties, certain classes of property, plant and equipment and derivative financial instruments.

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of the Company as at 30 June 2023 and the results of its subsidiaries for the period of incorporation to 30 June 2023. The Company and its subsidiaries are referred to in this financial report as ‘the Group’.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The effects of potential exercisable voting rights are considered when assessing whether control exists. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities in the Group are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. A change in ownership interest, without the loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction, where the difference between the consideration transferred and the book value of the share of the non-controlling interest acquired is recognised directly in equity attributable to the parent.

Where the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets including goodwill, liabilities and non-controlling interest in the subsidiary together with any cumulative translation differences recognised in equity. The Group recognises the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any investment retained together with any gain or loss in profit or loss.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business.

For the year ended 30 June 2023, the Group recorded a loss of \$2,118,533 (2022: loss of \$633,655) and had net cash outflows from operating of \$997,070 (2022: outflows of \$526,524). At 30 June 2023, the Group had net assets of \$9,115,126 (2022: net assets of \$6,371,820).

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Going concern (continued)

Based on the Group's net assets as at 30 June 2023 and its projected expenditure for the next 12 months, the Directors are confident that the Group will continue as a going concern.

Revenue

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to be applied when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with interests in subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to settle simultaneously.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the Group's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the Group's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

The Group has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial period and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

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Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit or loss in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

The costs of restoration obligations are provided for in full at the time of the activities which give rise to the need of restoration. Restoration costs include reclamation, site closure and monitoring of those activities, and are based on undiscounted prospective current cost estimates which satisfy anticipated legal requirements. Estimates of future costs are measured at least annually.

Where part of a tenement/area of interest is farmed out in consideration of the farminee undertaking to incur further expenditure on behalf of both the farminee and the farmor, exploration expenditure incurred and carried forward prior to farm-out continues to be carried forward without adjustment, unless the terms of the farm-out are excessive based on the diluted interest retained. A decision is then made to reduce exploration expenditure to its recoverable amount.

Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

Financial instruments

Recognition, initial measurement and de-recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial instruments (except for trade receivables) are measured initially at fair value adjusted by transactions costs, except for those carried "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine the fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted. Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities are described below.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and all substantial risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with AASB 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments, are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

- amortised cost;
- fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI'); and
- fair value through profit or loss ('FVPL').

Classifications are determined by both:

- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets; and
- the entities business model for managing the financial asset.

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss. Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, gains and losses arising on changes in fair value that are recognised in profit or loss

Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Share based payments

The Group measures the cost of equity settled transactions by reference to the fair value of the equity instrument at the date at which they are granted (for employees) or their measurement date (for other service providers).

For options, the fair value is determined by an internal valuation using a Black-Scholes and Monte-Carlo option pricing model. The valuation relies on the use of certain assumptions. If the assumptions were to change, there may be an impact on the amounts reported. For ordinary shares which are traded on the stock exchange, the fair value is determined by reference to the closing price of the security on the measurement date.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Kingsland Minerals Ltd, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Leases

The Group assesses at the start of a contract whether or not it contains a lease, by deciding if the contract provides the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group currently uses a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use underlying assets.

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the start of the lease and are measured at costs, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives received, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g. changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Plant and equipment – over 2 to 10 years
Motor vehicles – 8 years

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Plant and equipment (continued)

The assets' residual values, useful lives and amortisation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

Impairment

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date, with recoverable amount being estimated when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs, unless the asset's value in use can be estimated to be close to its fair value.

An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash-generating units exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The asset or cash-generating unit is then written down to its recoverable amount.

For plant and equipment, impairment losses are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income in the cost of sales line item.

De-recognition and disposal

An item of property, plant and equipment is de-recognised upon disposal or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is de-recognised.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

Key estimates

Impairment

The Group assess impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating the conditions and events specific to the Group that may be indicative of impairment triggers.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Group has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the Group.

Note 2. Segment information

The Directors determined that the Group has one reportable segment, being mineral exploration activities in Australia, consequently the Group does not report segmented operations.

Note 3. Income tax expense/(benefit)

	2023 \$	2022 \$
a. Income tax benefit		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
b. Reconciliation of income tax benefit to prima facie tax payable		
The prima facie tax benefit on loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
Prima facie tax on operating loss at 25%	(2,118,533)	(633,655)
Income tax benefit on loss from continuing operations at 25% (2022: 25%)	(529,633)	(158,414)
Adjusted for tax effect of the following amounts:		
Non-deductible expenditure/(non-assessable income)	258,204	37,724
(Deductible expenditure)/assessable income	(25,460)	-
Temporary differences not recognised	(523,636)	(547,654)
Benefits from tax losses not brought to account	820,525	668,344
Income tax benefit attributable to operating loss	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
c. The applicable weighted average effective tax rates attributable to the operating result are as follows:		
The tax rate used in the above reconciliations is the corporate tax rate of 25% payable by the Australian corporate entity on taxable profits under Australian tax law.		
d. Balance of franking account at year end of the legal parent	Nil	Nil
e. Tax losses carried forward	3,695,548	2,673,376

Potential deferred tax assets attributable to tax losses have not been brought to account at 30 June 2023 because the directors do not believe it is appropriate to regard the realisation of the deferred tax assets as probable at this point in time. These benefits will only be obtained if:

- i. the Group derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the deductions for the loss to be realised;
- ii. the Group continues to comply with conditions for deductibility imposed by law; and
- iii. no changes in tax legislation adversely affect the Group in realising the benefit from the deductions for the loss.

Note 4. Cash and cash equivalents

	2023 \$	2022 \$
<i>Current assets</i>		
Cash at bank	4,172,595	4,243,345
Cash at bank – debit cards	14,792	-
Term deposit	1,000,000	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>5,187,387</u>	<u>4,243,345</u>

Note 5. Trade and other receivables

	2023 \$	2022 \$
<i>Current assets</i>		
GST	128,748	78,340
Prepayments	44,678	33,723
Other receivables	88,549	5,000
	<u>261,975</u>	<u>117,063</u>

Note 6. Property, plant and equipment

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Plant and equipment at cost	38,144	27,290
Less: accumulated depreciation	(7,893)	-
Total plant and equipment	<u>30,251</u>	<u>27,290</u>
Motor vehicles at cost	16,910	-
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,720)	-
Total motor vehicles	<u>15,190</u>	-
Total property, plant and equipment	<u>45,441</u>	<u>27,290</u>
Reconciliation:		
Opening balance	27,290	-
Additions	27,764	27,290
Less: accumulated depreciation	(9,613)	-
Closing balance	<u>45,441</u>	<u>27,290</u>

Note 7. Exploration and evaluation expenditure

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Opening balance	2,072,565	-
Acquisition costs	508,200 ¹	2,018,672 ²
Capitalised exploration expenditure	2,053,620	53,893
Closing balance	<u>4,634,385</u>	<u>2,072,565</u>

Ultimate recovery of exploration costs is dependent upon the Group maintaining appropriate funding through success in its exploration activities or by capital raising, or sale/farm-out of its exploration tenement interests to support continued exploration activities.

¹ On 14 March 2023, the Company announced a detailed JORC compliant Inferred Mineral Resource (MRE) of 5.2 million pounds at a grade of 345ppm U3O8 at the Cleo Uranium Deposit. As a result of the MRE, 100% of the vendor performance shares vested and 1,578,324 fully paid ordinary shares at a fair value of \$220,966 were issued to Bacchus Resources Pty Ltd and 2,051,676 fully paid ordinary shares at a fair value of \$287,234 were issued to Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd. Refer to Note 13(b) for further details.

Note 7. Exploration and evaluation expenditure (continued)

² On 8 July 2021, the Company entered into an Option Agreement with Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd to acquire the Allamber Project. Under the agreement, Trafalgar grants the Group a twelve-month option from the date of agreement to purchase the tenements at an option fee of \$10,000 in cash, which was paid on 13 September 2021.

Pursuant to the Company's Prospectus, the Company issued the following securities: (i) 2,055,405 shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share; (ii) 2,055,405 unlisted options at a fair value of \$0.14158 per option; and (iii) 2,051,676 performance shares at a value of \$0.06 per share (refer to Note 13(b)) to Trafalgar as consideration for the acquisition of three exploration licences (EL 31960, EL 32152 and EL 32418) in the Northern Territory, being the Allamber Project.

The total fair value of the securities issued by the Company was \$825,187, being ordinary shares of \$411,081, unlisted options of \$291,005 and performance shares of \$123,101.

Kingsland Minerals Ltd acquired the Lake Johnson Project by acquiring all the shares in Kingsland Gold Pty Ltd via a Share Sale Agreement. The consideration was 263,514 shares at a deemed price of \$0.10. Refer to Note 24 for further details.

On 8 July 2021, the Group entered into an Option Agreement with Bacchus Resources Pty Ltd to acquire the Pine Creek Project. Under the agreement, Bacchus grants the Group a twelve-month option from the date of agreement to purchase the tenements at an option fee of \$10,000 in cash, which was paid on 12 August 2021.

Pursuant to the Company's Prospectus, the Company issued the following securities: (i) 3,081,081 shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share; (ii) 3,081,081 unlisted options at a fair value of \$0.14158 per option; and (iii) 1,578,324 performance shares at a value of \$0.06 per share (refer to Note 13(b)) to Bacchus as consideration for the acquisition of five exploration licences (EL 31457, EL 31409, EL 32275, EL 31659 and EL 31764) in the Northern Territory, being the Mt Davis, Shoobridge, and Woolgni Projects.

The total fair value of the securities issued by the Company was \$1,147,134, being ordinary shares of \$616,216, unlisted options of \$436,219 and performance shares of \$94,699.

Note 8. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

(i) *Amounts recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position*

The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Right-of-use assets</i>		
Premises	159,737	-
Less: accumulated amortisation	(33,278)	-
Net carrying value of right-of-use assets	126,459	-
<i>Lease liabilities</i>		
Current	33,852	-
Non-current	102,724	-
Total lease liabilities	136,576	-

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Note 8. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities (continued)

Reconciliation of right-of-use assets:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Opening balance	-	-
Initial adoption	159,737	-
Depreciation expense	(33,278)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Closing balance	126,459	-

Reconciliation of lease liabilities:

Opening balance	-	-
Initial adoption	159,737	-
Principal repayments	(30,083)	-
Interest expense	6,922	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Closing balance	136,576	-

(ii) Amounts recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

The Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
<i>Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets</i>		
Buildings	(33,278)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Interest expense (included in finance costs)	(6,922)	-

Note 9. Trade and other payables

	2023 \$	2022 \$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Trade creditors	666,061	44,493
Accruals ¹	278,998	31,401
Other payables	39,976	10,946
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total trade and other payables	985,035	86,840

1: Includes value of lead manager options

Note 10. Provisions

	2023 \$	2022 \$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Provision for annual leave	18,910	1,603
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total provisions	18,910	1,603

Note 11. Issued capital

(a) Shares

	30 June 2023 Shares	30 June 2022 Shares	30 June 2023 \$	30 June 2022 \$
Fully paid ordinary shares	56,274,802	37,389,840	10,615,063	5,722,373
	56,274,802	37,389,840	10,615,063	5,722,373

	Issue price	Fully paid ordinary shares	\$
Incorporation shares	\$1.00	6	6
Founder's shares	\$0.01	4,499,994	44,994
Issue of shares – acquisition of Kingsland Gold Pty Ltd (refer to Note 23)	\$0.10	263,514	26,351
Issue of shares – seed placement	\$0.10	4,000,000	400,000
Issue of shares – initial public offering (IPO)	\$0.20	23,489,840	4,697,968
Issue of shares – pursuant to option agreement with vendors	\$0.20	5,136,486	1,027,298
Capital raising costs		-	(474,244)
Balance at 30 June 2022		37,389,840	5,722,373

	Issue price / fair value	Fully paid ordinary shares	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022		37,389,840	5,722,373
Issue of shares – director performance shares (refer to Note 13(a))	\$0.17	4,000,002	680,000
Issue of shares – Trafalgar performance shares (refer to Note 13(b))	\$0.20	2,051,676	410,335
Issue of shares – Bacchus performance shares (refer to Note 13(b))	\$0.20	1,578,324	315,665
Issue of shares – placement	\$0.32	11,254,960	3,601,587
Capital raising costs		-	(457,297)
		56,274,802	10,272,663
<i>Unissued capital</i>			
Issue of shares – director performance shares (refer to Note 13(a))	\$0.1712	1,999,998	342,400
Balance at 30 June 2023		58,274,800	10,615,063

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the Group in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the Group does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

(b) *Unlisted Options*

The following options were on issue during the year ended 30 June 2022:

Exercise price	30c	25c	25c	25c
Expiry date	31 May 2025	17 June 2026	8 July 2026	31 May 2027
Opening balance	-	-	-	-
Issued during the year	1,800,000	4,500,000 ¹	5,136,486	1,000,000
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	1,800,000	4,500,000	5,136,486	1,000,000

¹ Represents free attaching Founder Options issued to Directors on 17 June 2021.

Note 11. Issued capital (continued)

(b) Unlisted Options (continued)

The following options were on issue during the year ended 30 June 2023:

Exercise price	30c	25c	25c	25c
Expiry date	31 May 2025	17 June 2026	8 July 2026	31 May 2027
Opening balance	1,800,000	4,500,000	5,136,486	1,000,000
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	1,800,000	4,500,000	5,136,486	1,000,000

(c) Listed Options

The following options were on issue during the year ended 30 June 2023:

Exercise price	25c
Expiry date	31 October 2026
Opening balance	-
Issued during the year	18,694,920 ¹
Expired during the year	-
Exercised during the year	-
Closing balance	18,694,920

¹ Represents Loyalty Options issued during the year at an issue price of \$0.01 per option.

Note 12. Reserves

	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
	\$	\$
Share based payments reserve	1,252,251	1,283,102
	1,252,251	1,283,102

	Options	Performance	Total
	\$	Shares	\$
Balance at 12 February 2021	-	-	-
Issue of options (refer to Note 13)	1,065,302	-	1,065,302
Issue of performance shares (refer to Note 13)	-	217,800	217,800
Balance at 30 June 2022	1,065,302	217,800	1,283,102

	Options	Performance	Total
	\$	Shares	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	1,065,302	217,800	1,283,102
Issue of options (refer to Note 11(c))	186,949	-	186,949
Issue of performance shares (refer to Note 13)	-	1,530,600	1,530,600
Transfer to issued capital	-	(1,748,400)	(1,748,400)
Balance at 30 June 2023	1,252,251	-	1,252,251

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Note 13. Share based payments

Share based payments reserve

The share based payments reserve is used to recognise the value of equity benefits provided to employees and Directors as part of their remuneration and other parties as part of their compensation for services.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the following transactions were recognised as share based payments by the Group:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Director performance shares (Note 13(a))	1,022,400	-
Director options (Note 13(d))	-	145,712
Amount expensed in profit or loss	1,022,400	145,712
Vendor performance shares capitalised to exploration and evaluation (Note 13(b))	508,200	217,800
Vendor options capitalised to exploration and evaluation (Note 13(b))	-	727,224
Lead manager options charged to equity (Note 13(c))	-	192,366
Total share based payments	1,530,600	1,283,102

(a) Director performance shares

The performance shares will convert into fully paid ordinary shares upon the satisfaction of any one of the following milestones before the expiry date, being 31 October 2026:

Class A Performance Shares

Uranium Resource

The announcement or announcements by the Company to ASX that the Company has defined in aggregate Mineral Resources of at least 2,000,000 pounds of U₃O₈ at a minimum grade of 250ppm U₃O₈ on any of the Company's tenements, which is prepared and reported in accordance with the JORC Code; or

Gold Resource

The announcement or announcements by the Company to ASX that the Company has defined in aggregate Mineral Resources of at least 32,000 ounces of gold at a minimum grade of 1.0g/t of gold on any of the Company's tenements, which is prepared and reported in accordance with the JORC Code; or

Copper Resource

The announcement or announcements by the Company to ASX that the Company has defined in aggregate Mineral Resources of at least 10,000 tonnes of copper at a minimum grade of 1% copper on any of the Company's tenements, which is prepared and reported in accordance with the JORC Code.

Class B Performance Shares

(i) **Uranium Resource**

The announcement or announcements by the Company to ASX that the Company has defined in aggregate Mineral Resources of at least 5,000,000 pounds of U₃O₈ at a minimum grade of 250ppm U₃O₈ on any of the Company's tenements, which is prepared and reported in accordance with the JORC Code; or

Gold Resource

The announcement or announcements by the Company to ASX that the Company has defined in aggregate Mineral Resources of at least 64,000 ounces of gold at a minimum grade of 1.0g/t of gold on any of the Company's tenements, which is prepared and reported in accordance with the JORC Code; or

Copper Resource

The announcement or announcements by the Company to ASX that the Company has defined in aggregate Mineral Resources of at least 20,000 tonnes of copper at a minimum grade of 1% copper on any of the Company's tenements, which is prepared and reported in accordance with the JORC Code.

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Note 13. Share based payments (continued)

AASB 2 prescribes that performance-based vesting conditions are either market conditions or non-market conditions. The Class A and B Performance Shares are not subject to a market condition and have nil exercise price, therefore these have been valued at share price at grant date.

Valuation assumptions:

Grant date: 18 October 2022

Spot price: \$0.17 (closing price on 28 November 2022)

Exercise price: \$nil

Value per Class A Performance Share: \$0.17

Value per Class B Performance Share: \$0.17

On 14 March 2023, the Company announced a detailed JORC compliant Inferred Mineral Resource (MRE) of 5.2 million pounds at a grade of 345ppm U₃O₈ at the Cleo Uranium Deposit. As a result of the MRE, 100% of the Class A and B Performance Shares vested and the following shares were issued:

- 1,333,334 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to Mr Richard Maddocks (or his nominee);
- 1,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to Mr Bruno Seneque (or his nominee);
- 833,334 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to Mr Nicholas Revell (or his nominee); and
- 833,334 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to Mr Malcolm Randall (or his nominee).

Therefore, the total fair value of Class A and B Performance Shares granted to Directors was \$680,000 which was recognised as a share based payment as at 30 June 2023.

Class C Performance Shares

The Company announcing the achievement of a share price equal to or above \$0.30 at a volume weighted average price (VWAP) of the Company's shares over 20 consecutive trading days.

The Class C Performance Shares are subject to a market condition, therefore these have been valued using the Trinomial Barrier Option Model which factors in the target price.

Valuation assumptions:

Grant date: 18 October 2022

Spot price: \$0.18 (closing price on 17 October 2022)

Exercise price: \$nil

Expiry date: 4 years

Volatility: 100% (consistent with industry practice for exploration companies)

Interest rate: 3.6% (5 year Government bond yield)

Value per Class C Performance Share: \$0.1712

In June 2023, the market condition associated with the Class C Performance Shares was satisfied and on 3 July 2023, 1,999,998 fully paid ordinary shares were issued as follows:

- 666,666 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to Mr Richard Maddocks (or his nominee);
- 500,000 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to Mr Bruno Seneque (or his nominee);
- 416,666 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to Mr Nicholas Revell (or his nominee); and
- 416,666 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to Mr Malcolm Randall (or his nominee).

Therefore, the total fair value of Class C Performance Shares granted to Directors was \$342,400 which was recognised as a share based payment as at 30 June 2023.

Note 13. Share based payments (continued)

(b) Vendor options and performance shares

On 8 July 2021, the Company entered into a binding option agreement with Bacchus Resources Pty Ltd (Bacchus) as amended by letter deeds of variation dated 23 November 2021, 14 March 2022 and 6 April 2022, pursuant to which Bacchus had agreed to grant the Company the option to acquire five exploration licences (EL 31457, EL 31409, EL 32275, EL 31659 and EL 31764) in the Northern Territory, being the Mt Davis, Shoobridge, and Woolgni Projects.

Pursuant to the option agreement and it being exercised, the following securities were issued:

- 3,081,081 Shares;
- 3,081,081 Options; and
- 1,578,324 Performance Shares.

Furthermore, on 8 July 2021, the Company entered into a binding option agreement with Trafalgar as amended by letter deeds of variation dated 9 March 2022 and 6 April 2022, pursuant to which Trafalgar had agreed to grant the Company the option to acquire three exploration licences (EL 31960, EL 32152 and EL 32418) in the Northern Territory, being the Allamber Project.

Pursuant to the option agreement and it being exercised, the following securities were issued:

- 2,055,405 Shares;
- 2,055,405 Options; and
- 2,051,676 Performance Shares.

Options

The fair value of the share options granted is estimated as at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

Total options issued	5,136,486
Weighted average exercise price	\$0.25
Weighted average underlying share price	\$0.20
Weighted average life of the options	5.00 years
Expected share price volatility	100%
Risk-free interest rate	0.25%
Grant date	8 July 2021
Expiry date	8 July 2026
Value per option	\$0.14158

Therefore, the total fair value of the options granted to vendors was \$727,224 which was recognised as a share based payment as at 30 June 2022.

Performance shares

The performance shares will convert into fully paid ordinary shares upon the satisfaction of any one of the following milestones before the expiry date, being 31 May 2027:

Uranium Resource

The announcement or announcements by the Company to ASX that the Company has defined in aggregate Mineral Resources of at least 2,000,000 pounds of U₃O₈ at a minimum grade of 250ppm U₃O₈ on any of the Company's tenements, which is prepared and reported in accordance with the JORC Code; or

Gold Resource

The announcement or announcements by the Company to ASX that the Company has defined in aggregate Mineral Resources of at least 32,000 ounces of gold at a minimum grade of 1.0g/t of gold on any of the Company's tenements, which is prepared and reported in accordance with the JORC Code; or

Copper Resource

The announcement or announcements by the Company to ASX that the Company has defined in aggregate Mineral Resources of at least 10,000 tonnes of copper at a minimum grade of 1% copper on any of the Company's tenements, which is prepared and reported in accordance with the JORC Code.

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Note 13. Share based payments (continued)

The fair value of the performance shares granted to vendors under option agreements has been valued at \$0.20 per share with management assigning a 30% probability of the milestones attaching to the performance shares being achieved.

During the year ended 30 June 2022, the fair value of the 3,630,000 performance shares granted to vendors was \$217,800 which was recognised as a share based payment.

On 14 March 2023, the Company announced a detailed JORC compliant Inferred Mineral Resource (MRE) of 5.2 million pounds at a grade of 345ppm U₃O₈ at the Cleo Uranium Deposit. As a result of the MRE, 100% of the vendor performance shares vested and the following shares were issued:

- 1,578,324 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to Bacchus Resources Pty Ltd; and
- 2,051,676 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd.

Therefore, the remaining total fair value of the 3,630,000 performance shares granted to vendors under option agreements of \$508,200, being a value of \$0.20 per share at 70% probability, has been recognised as a share based payment as at 30 June 2023.

(c) Lead manager options

Year ended 30 June 2023

The Company entered into an agreement to engage Discovery Capital Partners to act as lead manager to the capital raising of \$3.6 million (before costs) completed in June 2023. Pursuant to this agreement, the Company agreed to issue 1,000,000 unlisted options to the lead manager upon the successful completion of the capital raising.

Although the unlisted options will be issued to the lead manager subsequent to 30 June 2023, \$229,985 has been charged to share issue costs with a corresponding charge to accrued expenses so as to recognise the Company's obligation as at 30 June 2023. As such, the fair value of the share options granted will be recognised as a share based payment during the year ended 30 June 2024.

The fair value of the share options granted is estimated as at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

Weighted average exercise price	\$0.40
Weighted average underlying share price	\$0.37
Weighted average life of the options	3.00 years
Expected share price volatility	100%
Risk-free interest rate	4.08%
Grant date	21 June 2023
Expiry date	20 June 2026
Value per option	\$0.23

Year ended 30 June 2022

Pursuant to the Company's Prospectus and its successful Initial Public Offering, the Company issued 1,800,000 unlisted options to the lead manager under the Prospectus as partial consideration for services. For the year ended 30 June 2022, \$192,366 was charged to share issue costs.

The fair value of the share options granted is estimated as at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

Weighted average exercise price	\$0.30
Weighted average underlying share price	\$0.20
Weighted average life of the options	3.00 years
Expected share price volatility	100%
Risk-free interest rate	0.25%
Grant date	31 May 2022
Expiry date	31 May 2025
Value per option	\$0.10687

Note 13. Share based payments (continued)

(d) Director options

In accordance with a letter of appointment as a Non-Executive Director and Chairman, the Company issued Malcom Randall 1,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at \$0.25 each and expiring on 31 May 2027. For the year ended 30 June 2022, \$145,712 was expensed to the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

The fair value of the share options granted is estimated as at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

Weighted average exercise price	\$0.25
Weighted average underlying share price	\$0.20
Weighted average life of the options	5.00 years
Expected share price volatility	100%
Risk-free interest rate	0.25%
Grant date	31 May 2022
Expiry date	31 May 2027
Value per option	\$0.14571

Note 14. Key management personnel disclosures

Directors

The following persons were directors of Kingsland Minerals Ltd during the financial period:

Richard Maddocks	Managing Director
Bruno Seneque	Director/Company Secretary
Nicholas Revell	Non-Executive Director
Malcolm Randall	Non-Executive Chairman

Remuneration

Refer to the audited remuneration report regarding remuneration paid to key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2023.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Short term employee benefits	630,700	124,833
Post-employment benefits	42,630	3,383
Share based payments	1,022,400	145,712
Total remuneration	1,695,730	273,928

Note 15. Earnings per share

	2023	2022
Basic loss per share (cents)	(5.30)	(6.94)
Diluted loss per share (cents)	(5.30)	(6.94)
	\$	\$
Net loss used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share	(2,118,533)	(633,655)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share	39,626,580	9,127,358

Note 16. Commitments and contingencies

Contingencies

As at 30 June 2023, the Group has no material contingencies (2022: nil).

Exploration Commitments

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to exploration tenements, the Company and economic entity is required to outlay rentals and to meet the minimum expenditure requirements.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Committed at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities, payable:		
Within one year	260,518	384,250
One to five years	279,667	534,750
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total exploration commitments	540,185	919,000

Note 17. Related party transactions

Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in Note 14.

Transactions with related parties

The Company has entered into a consultancy agreement with Bruno Seneque ATF <Seneque Family Trust> t/as Amber Corporate (Amber Corporate), an entity controlled by Bruno Seneque, pursuant to which Mr Seneque provides Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Company Secretary duties to the Company. During the period, \$132,000 (exclusive of GST) was paid to Bruno Seneque as part of the consultancy agreement.

The Company has entered into a consultancy agreement with Spurs Geological Services Pty Ltd (Spurs), an entity controlled by Nicholas Revell, pursuant to which Mr Revell will provide geological consulting services to the Company. As consideration for the geological consulting services, the Company has agreed to pay Spurs \$1,200 per day (exclusive of GST), on the basis of 10 hours per day. If the consultant works more than 10 hours per day for the Company, the Company will pay \$1,200 per day (exclusive of GST) to the consultant. The agreement contains additional provisions considered standard for agreements of this nature. During the period, \$92,700 (exclusive of GST) was paid to Nicholas Revell as part of the consultancy agreement.

Nicholas Revell and Bruno Seneque are shareholders and directors of Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd (Trafalgar). During the period, 2,051,676 shares were issued to Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd as a result of the conversion of Vendor Performance Shares. Also during the period, 1,027,703 listed options (KNGO) were issued to Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd as a result of Trafalgar participating in the Loyalty Option Entitlement Prospectus as announced on 25 October 2022.

Note 18. Financial instruments

Financial risk management objectives

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign currency risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks, ageing analysis for credit risk and beta analysis in respect of investment portfolios to determine market risk.

Risk management is carried out by senior finance executives ('finance') under policies approved by the Board of Directors ('the Board'). These policies include identification and analysis of the risk exposure of the Group and appropriate procedures, controls and risk limits. Finance identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks within the Group's operating units. Finance reports to the Board on a monthly basis.

Note 18. Financial instruments (continued)

Financial risk management and policies

The Group's exploration activities are being funded by equity and are not exposed to significant financial risks. There are no speculative or financial derivative instruments.

The Company holds the following financial instruments:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	5,187,387	4,243,345
Trade and other receivables	261,975	117,063
	5,449,362	4,360,408
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	985,035	86,840
Lease liabilities	136,576	-
	1,121,611	86,840

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents.

The main purpose of these financial instruments is to fund the Group's operations.

Market risk

(i) Foreign currency risk

The Group is not exposed to any significant foreign currency risk.

(ii) Price risk

The Group is not exposed to any significant price risk.

(iii) Interest rate risk

The financial instruments which primarily expose the Group to interest rate risk are cash and cash equivalents held at banks. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk and the effective interest rate for classes of financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the table below.

Sensitivity Analysis

The Group does not consider this to be material and have therefore not undertaken any further analysis.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has a strict code of credit, including obtaining agency credit information, confirming references and setting appropriate credit limits. The Group obtains guarantees where appropriate to mitigate credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements. The Group does not hold any collateral.

The Group has adopted a lifetime expected loss allowance in estimating expected credit losses to trade receivables through the use of a provisions matrix using fixed rates of credit loss provisioning. These provisions are considered representative across all customers of the Group based on recent sales experience, historical collection rates and forward-looking information that is available.

Generally, trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators of this include the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan, no active enforcement activity and a failure to make contractual payments for a period greater than 1 year.

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Note 18. Financial instruments (continued)

Liquidity risk

Vigilant liquidity risk management requires the Group to maintain sufficient liquid assets (mainly cash and cash equivalents) and available borrowing facilities to be able to pay debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves and available borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring actual and forecast cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Remaining contractual maturities

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial instrument liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the financial liabilities are required to be paid. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows disclosed as remaining contractual maturities and therefore these totals may differ from their carrying amount in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed.

	Weighted average interest rate %	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 2 years \$	Between 2 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Total \$
2022						
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	4,243,345	-	-	-	4,243,345
Trade and other receivables		117,063	-	-	-	117,063
		<u>4,360,408</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,360,408</u>
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables		86,840	-	-	-	86,840
		<u>86,840</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>86,840</u>
	Weighted average interest rate %	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 2 years \$	Between 2 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Total \$
2023						
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	0.10	5,187,387	-	-	-	5,187,387
Trade and other receivables		261,975	-	-	-	261,975
		<u>5,449,362</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,449,362</u>
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables		985,035	-	-	-	985,035
Lease liabilities		33,852	42,029	60,695	-	136,576
		<u>1,018,887</u>	<u>42,029</u>	<u>60,695</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,121,611</u>

The cash flows in the maturity analysis above are not expected to occur significantly earlier than contractually disclosed above.

Note 19. Controlled Entities

	Country of Incorporation	Percentage Owned (%) 2023	Percentage Owned (%) 2022
Parent Entity			
Kingsland Minerals Limited	Australia		
Subsidiaries of Kingsland Minerals Limited			
Kingsland Gold Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%

Note 20. Auditor's Remuneration

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Remuneration of the auditor:		
Audit services	27,500	25,009
Preparation of Investigating Accountant's Report	-	8,000
Non-audit services	-	2,500
	27,500	35,509

The auditor of Kingsland Minerals Ltd is Hall Chadwick WA Audit Pty Ltd.

Note 21. Parent Entity Information

The following table sets out selective financial information relating to Kingsland Minerals Limited, the parent entity of the Group:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
<i>Financial position</i>		
Current Assets	5,621,262	4,387,697
Non-current Assets	4,634,385	2,072,565
Current Liabilities	(1,140,521)	(88,442)
Non-current Liabilities	-	-
Net assets	9,115,126	6,371,820
Issued Capital	10,615,063	5,722,373
Reserves	1,252,251	1,283,102
Accumulated losses	(2,752,188)	(633,655)
Total Equity	9,115,126	6,371,820
<i>Financial performance</i>		
Loss for year	(2,118,533)	(633,655)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive loss	(2,118,533)	(633,655)

Guarantees entered into by the parent entity for debts of controlled entities	Nil	Nil
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Note 22. Events after the reporting period

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the reporting period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the result of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in subsequent financial years.

Note 23. Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash from operating activities

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Loss after income tax (expense)/benefit for the year	(2,118,533)	(633,655)
Adjustments for:		
Share based payments	1,022,400	145,712
Finance costs	6,922	-
Depreciation	42,891	-
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(86,066)	-
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	118,008	(38,581)
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	17,308	-
Net cash used in operating activities	(997,070)	(526,524)
<i>Non-cash financing and investing activities</i>		
Issue of performance shares to Directors (refer to Note 13(a))	1,022,400	-
Issue of performance shares to Vendors (refer to Note 13(b))	508,200	-
Issue of shares to acquire Kingsland Gold Pty Ltd (refer to Note 24)	-	26,351
Issue of securities to acquire tenements pursuant to option agreement with vendors (refer to Note 7)	-	1,972,322
Issue of options to Director (refer to Note 13(d))	-	145,712
	1,530,600	2,144,385

Note 24. Acquisition of Kingsland Gold Pty Ltd

On 11 August 2021, Kingsland Minerals Ltd entered into a Share Sale Agreement to acquire 100% shareholding of Kingsland Gold Pty Ltd for a consideration of \$26,351 which was satisfied via the issue of shares in Kingsland Minerals Ltd.

The following table summarises the recognised amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition:

	2022
	\$
Net purchase consideration	26,351
Provisional fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed	
Total current assets	-
Capitalised exploration and evaluation	26,351
Total non-current assets	26,351
Total assets	26,351
Total liabilities	-
Net assets acquired	26,351

Kingsland Minerals Ltd
Directors' declaration
30 June 2023



In the Directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in Note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the financial period ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the Directors

Malcolm Randall
Chairman and Non-Executive Director

28 September 2023
Perth

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KINGSLAND MINERALS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Kingsland Minerals Limited (“the Company”) and its subsidiaries (“the Consolidated Entity”), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors’ declaration.

In our opinion:

- a. the accompanying financial report of the Consolidated Entity is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity’s financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- b. the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Consolidated Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board’s *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
<p>Exploration and evaluation expenditure</p> <p>As disclosed in note 7, the Consolidated Entity incurred exploration expenditure of \$4,634,385 during the period.</p> <p>Mineral exploration expenditure is a focus area due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The significance of the balance to the Consolidated Entity's financial position; • The level of judgement required in evaluating management's application of the requirements of AASB 6 <i>Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources</i> ("AASB 6"). AASB 6 is an industry specific accounting standard requiring the application of significant judgements, estimates and industry knowledge. This includes specific requirements for expenditure to be capitalised as an asset and subsequent requirements which must be complied with for capitalised expenditure to continue to be carried as an asset; and • The assessment of impairment of mineral exploration expenditure being inherently difficult. 	<p>Our audit procedures included but were not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assessing management's determination of its areas of interest for consistency with the definition in AASB 6 <i>Exploration and Evaluation of Mineral Resources</i> ("AASB 6"); • Assessing the Consolidated Entity's rights to tenure for a sample of tenements; • By reviewing the status of the Consolidated Entity's tenure and planned future activities, reading board minutes and discussions with management we assessed each area of interest for one or more of the following circumstances that may indicate impairment of the mineral exploration expenditure: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The licenses for the rights to explore expiring in the near future or are not expected to be renewed; • Substantive expenditure for further exploration in the area of interest is not budgeted or planned; • Decision or intent by the Consolidated Entity to discontinue activities in the specific area of interest due to lack of commercially viable quantities of resources; and • Data indicating that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration asset is unlikely to be recorded in full from successful development or sale; and • We also assessed the appropriateness of the related disclosures in note 7 to the financial statements.

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Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
<p>Accounting for share based payments</p> <p>As disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements, during the period ended 30 June 2023, the Consolidated Entity incurred share based payments of \$1,022,400 recognised in the profit and loss.</p> <p>Share based payments are considered to be a key audit matter due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the value of the transactions; • the complexities involved in the recognition and measurement of these instruments; and • the judgement involved in determining the inputs used in the valuations. • Management used the Black-Scholes option valuation model to determine the fair value of the options granted. This process involved significant estimation and judgement required to determine the fair value of the equity instruments granted. 	<p>Our procedures amongst others included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysing agreements to identify the key terms and conditions of share based payments issued and relevant vesting conditions in accordance with AASB 2 Share Based Payments; • Evaluating management’s Black-Scholes Valuation Models and assessing the assumptions and inputs used; • Assessing the amount recognised during the period in accordance with the vesting conditions of the agreements; and • Assessing the adequacy of the disclosures included in Note 13 to the financial statements.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Consolidated Entity’s annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023, but does not include the financial report and our auditor’s report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard *AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Consolidated Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Consolidated Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Consolidated Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Consolidated Entity to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Consolidated Entity audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2023. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with s 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Kingsland Minerals Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2023, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Hall Chadwick
HALL CHADWICK WA AUDIT PTY LTD

Mark Delaurentis
MARK DELAURENTIS CA
Director

Dated in Perth, Western Australia this 28th day of September 2023

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Kingsland Minerals Ltd
ASX Additional Information as at 22 September 2023

Kingsland Minerals Ltd ("Kingsland" or "Company") sets out below additional information required by ASX Listing Rule 4.10 and not disclosed elsewhere in this report, along with information required to be disclosed as a condition of ASX Listing Rule waivers and confirmations given to the Group by ASX.

Corporate Governance Statement

The Company has adopted comprehensive systems of control and accountability as the basis for the administration of corporate governance. The Board is committed to administering the Company's policies and procedures with openness and integrity, pursuing the true spirit of corporate governance commensurate with the Company's needs.

To the extent applicable, the Company has adopted the 4th edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (**Recommendations**).

In light of the Company's size and nature, the Board considers that the current Board is a cost effective and practical method of directing and managing the Company. As the Company's activities develop in size, nature and scope, the size of the Board and the implementation of additional corporate governance policies and structures will be reviewed.

The Company's full Corporate Governance Plan is available in a dedicated corporate governance information section of the Company's website at www.kingslandminerals.com.au.

The name of the Company Secretary is Bruno Seneque.

The address of the principal registered office in Australia is Level 1, 43 Ventnor Avenue, West Perth, WA, 6005. Telephone: +61(0) 9381 3820.

Registers of securities are held at the following address:

110 Stirling Highway
Nedlands Western Australia
Australia 6009

The Company has no share buy-back in place.

The Company confirms that the cash raised from the Initial Public Offering Prospectus dated 12 April 2022 has been used consistently with its business objectives.

Ordinary Shares

58,299,800 fully paid ordinary shares are held by 602 individual shareholders.

All ordinary shares carry one vote per share. Options and performance shares do not have voting rights.

Distribution of Shareholders

Shareholding Distribution of Shareholders	Number of Holders	Number of Shares	% of Issued Capital
1 - 1,000	18	4,120	0.007%
1,001 - 5,000	91	284,272	0.49%
5,001 - 10,000	90	775,477	1.33%
10,001 - 100,000	316	12,997,029	22.29%
100,001 - and over	87	44,238,902	75.88%
TOTAL	602	58,299,800	100%
Holdings less than a marketable parcel on 22 September 2023.	38		

Kingsland Minerals Ltd
ASX Additional Information as at 22 September 2023

Substantial Shareholders

Substantial holders in the Group are set out below:

	Number Held	% of total shares issued
Bacchus Resources Pty Ltd	5,059,405	8.68%
Trafalgar Resources Pty Ltd	4,107,081	7.04%
Rex Romae Pty Ltd <Maddocks Investment A/C>	3,653,584	6.27%
Mr Bruno Seneque <Seneque Family A/C>	3,162,838	5.43%
Spurs Geological Services Pty Ltd	3,129,504	5.37%

Top 20 Shareholders

Rank	Shareholders	# of Shares	%
1	BACCHUS RESOURCES PTY LTD	5,059,405	8.68
2	TRAFALGAR RESOURCES PTY LTD	4,107,081	7.04
3	REX ROMAE PTY LTD <MADDOCKS INVESTMENT A/C>	3,653,584	6.27
4	MR BRUNO SENEQUE <SENEQUE FAMILY A/C>	3,162,838	5.43
5	SPURS GEOLOGICAL SERVICES PTY LTD	3,129,504	5.37
6	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	2,019,367	3.46
7	RENIQUE HOLDINGS PTY LTD	1,250,000	2.14
8	YENDAH PTY LTD <GM CASELLA FAMILY A/C>	1,240,625	2.13
9	MR ROHAN CHARLES EDMONDSON	1,135,000	1.94
10	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <IB AU NOMS RETAILCLIENT DRP>	988,491	1.70
11	MR WEE HONG TAN & MRS YOCK HIANG TAN <WH & YH TAN SUPERFUND A/C>	985,500	1.69
12	AVELA ASSET MANAGEMENT PTE LTD	930,429	1.60
13	SOLEQUEST PTY LTD	800,000	1.37
14	DC & PC HOLDINGS PTY LTD <DC & PC NEESHAM SUPER A/C>	788,821	1.35
15	PALM BEACH NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	744,299	1.28
16	RUSSELL SYDNEY PTY LTD	717,758	1.23
17	AG INVESTMENT SERVICES PTY LTD	700,000	1.20
18	MR JIA YAO MATTHEW TAN	664,204	1.14
19	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	463,632	0.80
20	MOUNTS BAY INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <CT SUPERANNUATION FUND A/C>	435,000	0.74
Totals: Top 20 holders of KNG ORDINARY FULLY PAID		32,975,538	56.56
Total Remaining Holders Balance		25,324,262	43.44
Total Holders Balance		58,299,800	100

Listed Options exercisable at \$0.25 on or before 31 October 2026 (KNGO)

Top 20 Option holders

Rank	Option holders	# of Options	%
1	BACCHUS RESOURCES PTY LTD	2,000,000	10.71
2	TRAFALGAR RESOURCES PTY LTD	1,027,703	5.51
3	SPURS GEOLOGICAL SERVICES PTY LTD	838,919	4.49
4	MR BRUNO SENEQUE <SENEQUE FAMILY A/C>	831,419	4.45
5	REX ROMAE PTY LTD <MADDOCKS INVESTMENT A/C>	793,919	4.25
5	MR BRUNO SENEQUE <SENEQUE FAMILY A/C>	3,162,838	5.43
5	SPURS GEOLOGICAL SERVICES PTY LTD	3,129,504	5.37
6	MR ROHAN CHARLES EDMONDSON	753,000	4.03
7	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <IB AU NOMS RETAILCLIENT DRP>	752,501	4.03
8	SOLEQUEST PTY LTD	650,000	3.48
9	ANGKOR IMPERIAL RESOURCES PTY LTD <TURKISH BREAD S/F A/C>	625,000	3.35
10	ICE LAKE INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	300,000	1.60
11	MR JOSHUA MARC MEIN	299,896	1.61
12	MR BILAL AHMAD	275,000	1.47
13	M & K KORKIDAS PTY LTD <M & K KORKIDAS PTY LTD A/C>	255,000	1.37
14	MR SAMUEL JOSEPH MORAN	251,822	1.35
15	MR SCOTT ARTHUR CLUFF <THE CLUFF OPERATING A/C>	225,000	1.21
16	MASSIF HOLDINGS PTY LTD	225,000	1.21
17	SAM MORAN SMSF PTY LTD <SAM MORAN S/F ACCOUNT>	221,010	1.18
18	MS VICTORIA JACKSON	218,211	1.17
19	MR DAVID RHYS SULLIVAN	200,350	1.07
20	DEMASIADO PTY LTD <DEMASIADO FAMILY A/C>	200,000	1.07
Totals: Top 20 holders of KNGO options		10,943,750	58.62
Total Remaining Holders Balance		7,726,170	41.38
Total Holders Balance		18,669,920	100

Kingsland Minerals Ltd
ASX Additional Information as at 22 September 2023

Distribution of Option holders (KNGO)

Option holding Distribution of option holders	Number of Holders	Number of Options	% of Issued Options
1 - 1,000	4	1,201	0.006%
1,001 - 5,000	24	90,925	0.48%
5,001 - 10,000	32	255,493	1.37%
10,001 - 100,000	135	5,075,697	27.19%
100,001 - and over	37	13,246,604	70.95%
TOTAL	232	18,669,920	100%
Holdings less than a marketable parcel on 22 September 2023.	30		

Unquoted Securities

Class	Number of Securities	Number of Holders	Name	Number of Securities
\$0.25 Options expiring 17 June 2026	4,500,000	3	REX ROMAE PTY LTD <MADDOCKS INVESTMENT A/C>	1,500,000
			MR BRUNO SENEQUE <SENEQUE FAMILY A/C>	1,500,000
			SPURS GEOLOGICAL SERVICES PTY LTD	1,500,000
\$0.25 Options expiring 8 July 2026	5,136,486	2	BACCHUS RESOURCES PTY LTD	3,081,081
			TRAFALGAR RESOURCES PTY LTD	2,055,405
\$0.30 Options expiring 31 May 2025	1,800,000	1	MINTAKA NOMINEES PTY LTD	1,800,000
\$0.25 Options expiring 31 May 2027	1,000,000	1	RENIQUE HOLDINGS PTY LTD <RANDALL SUPER FUND A/C>	1,000,000

Restricted Securities

Class	Number of Securities	Restriction Period
Ordinary Shares	8,920,595	14 June 2024
\$0.25 Options expiring 17 June 2026	4,500,000	14 June 2024
\$0.25 Options expiring 8 July 2026	2,055,405	14 June 2024
\$0.30 Options expiring 31 May 2025	1,800,000	14 June 2024
\$0.25 Options expiring 31 May 2027	1,000,000	14 June 2024

Kingsland Minerals Ltd
ASX Additional Information as at 22 September 2023

Schedule of Tenements

Tenement	Project	Status	Holder	Ownership%
EL 31457	Woolgni	Granted	Kingsland Minerals Ltd	100%
EL 31409	Shoobridge	Granted	Kingsland Minerals Ltd	100%
EL 32275	Shoobridge	Granted	Kingsland Minerals Ltd	100%
EL 31659	Mt Davis	Granted	Kingsland Minerals Ltd	100%
EL 31764	Mt Davis	Granted	Kingsland Minerals Ltd	100%
EL 31960	Allamber	Granted	Kingsland Minerals Ltd	100%
EL 32152	Allamber	Granted	Kingsland Minerals Ltd	100%
EL 32418	Allamber	Granted	Kingsland Minerals Ltd	100%
E63/2068	Lake Johnston	Granted	Kingsland Gold Pty Ltd	100%

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**Kingsland Minerals Ltd
Corporate Directory**

COMPANY

Kingsland Minerals Limited
ABN 53 647 904 014

DIRECTORS

Mr Malcolm Randall
Mr Richard Maddocks
Mr Bruno Seneque
Mr Nicholas Revell

Non-Executive Chairman
Managing Director
Director/CFO
Technical Director

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr Bruno Seneque

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.kingslandminerals.com.au

REGISTERED OFFICE

Level 1, 43 Ventnor Avenue
West Perth, Western Australia
Australia 6005

Phone: +61 (0)8 9381 3820

AUDITORS

Hall Chadwick WA Audit Pty Ltd
283 Rokeby Road
Subiaco WA 6008

LAWYERS

Steinepreis Paganin
Lawyers and Consultants
Level 4, The Read Buildings
16 Milligan Street
Perth WA 6000

SHARE REGISTRY

Advanced Share Registry Limited
110 Stirling Highway
Nedlands Western Australia
Australia 6009

Telephone: +61 (0)8 9389 8033

Facsimile: +61 (0)8 9262 3723

SECURITIES QUOTED

Australian Securities Exchange (ASX)

Shares – KNG

Options - KNGO

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