

Annual Report - 30 June 2023

Mithril Resources Limited Contents 30 June 2023

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Stock exchange listing Website

Mithril Resources Limited Corporate directory 30 June 2023

Directors Mr Garry Thomas (Non-Executive Director)

Mr John Skeet (Managing Director)

Mr Stephen Layton (Non-Executive Director)

Company secretary Ms Claire Newstead-Sinclair

Registered office Vistra Australia

Level 4, 100 Albert Road

SOUTH MELBOURNE VIC 3205

Principal place of business Vistra Australia

Level 4, 100 Albert Road

SOUTH MELBOURNE VIC 3205

Share register Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd

Level 5, 115 Grenfell Street

ADELAIDE SA 5000

Nexia Melbourne Audit Pty Ltd Level 35, 600 Bourke Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

National Australia Bank 800 Bourke Street

MELBOURNE VIC 3008

tock exchange listing Mithril Resources Limited shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange

(ASX code: MTH)

www.mithrilresources.com.au

The Directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the 'Group') consisting of Mithril Resources Limited (referred to hereafter as the 'Company' or 'Parent Entity') and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2023.

Information on Directors

The following persons were Directors of Mithril Resources Limited during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Name: John Skeet (Appointed 8 September 2020) Title: Chief Executive Officer / Managing Director

Qualifications:

Mr. Skeet has over 30 years experience in gold-silver mining, both in management at Experience and expertise:

operations and developing projects in Australia, Republic of Georgia and Mexico. He successfully developed Ballarat East, Quartzite Gold in Georgia, and Palmarejo Silver Gold Mine in Mexico, prior to the Coeur Mining takeover and was COO of Cerro Resources prior to its takeover by Primero Mining. He has 16 years experience in Mexico. He founded Sun Minerals in 2017 and acquired the option to purchase the

Copalquin Project in Mexico.

Other current directorships: N/A Former directorships (last 3 years): N/A

Interests in shares: 224,563,615 ordinary shares

Interests in Options: 25,000,000 Options exercisable at \$0.15 expiring 16 November 2025

Name: Mr Stephen Layton (Appointed 15 May 2019)

Ĵitle: Non-Executive Director

experience and expertise: **MSIAA**

Mr Layton has over 35 years' experience in equity capital markets in the UK and

Australia. Mr Layton has worked with various stockbroking firms and/or AFSL regulated corporate advisory firms. Mr Layton specialised in capital raising services and opportunities, corporate advisory, facilitation of ASX listings and assisting companies

grow.

ther current directorships: EQ Resources Ltd

New Age Exploration Ltd (resigned 26 September 2020) Former directorships (last 3 years):

Interests in shares: 200,500,000 ordinary shares

Interests in Options: 5,000,000 Options exercisable at \$0.15 expiring 26 April 2024

10,000,000 Options exercisable at \$0.007 expiring 9 December 2025

Mr Garry Thomas (Appointed as Alternate-Director 15 June 2020) (Appointed Non-Name:

Executive Director 17 August 2020)

Non-Executive Director Title:

Qualifications: Assoc. CE

Mr Thomas is a civil engineer with over 35 years' experience in civil construction, mine Experience and expertise:

development and operations. He has been involved in the implementation of mining operations in Australia, Indonesia, Laos, Russia, Zimbabwe, Ghana, Zambia, South Africa, Algeria, Mexico and Mali. He has managed the construction and commissioning of over 20 CIL/CIP, flotation and heap leach plants in Australasia, Russia and Africa as well as many plant upgrades including construction of at Palmarejo, Mexico prior to the Coeur Mining take over. Mr Thomas founded Intermet Engineering which he sold to

Sedgman Metals.

Oakajee Corporation Ltd Other current directorships:

Former directorships (last 3 years): N/A

Interests in shares: 378,399,559 ordinary shares

Interests in Options: 42,857,143 Options exercisable at \$0.007 expiring 9 December 2025

'Former directorships (last 3 years)' quoted above are directorships held in the last 3 years for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

Company Secretary

Claire Newstead-Sinclair is the Company Secretary.

Ms Newstead-Sinclair is a Chartered Accountant and Member of the Governance Institute of Australia at the Corporate Business Service Provider, Vistra Australia, Ms Newstead-Sinclair has been CFO and Company Secretary for several ASX listed and unlisted public and private companies in a range of industries including biotechnology, healthcare and mineral exploration.

Principal activities

During the financial year the principal continuing activities of the Group consisted of:

- to carry out exploration of mineral tenements, both on a joint venture basis and by the Group in its own right;
- to continue to seek extensions of areas held and to seek out new areas with mineral potential; and
- to evaluate results achieved through surface sampling, drilling and geophysical surveys carried out during the year.

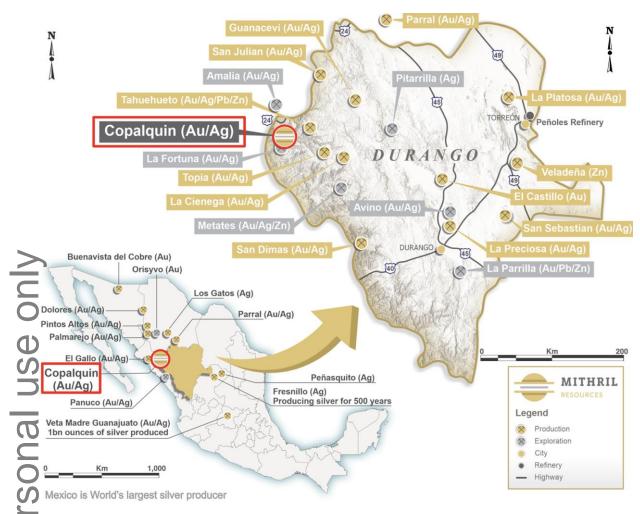


Figure 1 – Copalquin District location map with locations of mining and exploration activity within the state of Durango

Within 15 months of drilling in the Copalquin District, Mithril released a maiden JORC mineral resource estimate demonstrating the high-grade gold and silver resource potential for the district. This maiden resource is detailed below (see ASX release 17 November 2021).

- 2,416,000 tonnes @ 4.80 g/t gold, 141 g/t silver for 373,000 oz gold plus 10,953,000 oz silver (Total 529,000 oz AuEq*) using a cut-off grade of 2.0 g/t AuEq*
- 28.6% of the resource tonnage is classified as indicated.

	Tonnes (kt)	Tonnes (kt)	Gold (g/t)	Silver (g/t)	Gold Equiv.* (g/t)	Gold (koz)	Silver (koz)	Gold Equiv.* (koz)
El Refugio	Indicated	691	5.43	114.2	7.06	121	2,538	157
	Inferred	1,447	4.63	137.1	6.59	215	6,377	307
La Soledad	Indicated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Inferred	278	4.12	228.2	7.38	37	2,037	66
Total	Indicated	691	5.43	114.2	7.06	121	2,538	157
	Inferred	1,725	4.55	151.7	6.72	252	8,414	372
	TOTAL	2,416	4.80	141	6.81	373	10,953	529

Table 1 - Mineral resource estimate El Refugio – La Soledad using a cut-off grade of 2.0 g/t AuEq*

* The gold equivalent (AuEq.) values are determined from gold and silver values and assume the following: AuEq. = gold equivalent calculated using and gold:silver price ratio of 70:1. That is, 70 g/t silver = 1 g/t gold. The metal prices used to determine the 70:1 ratio are the cumulative average prices for 2021: gold USD1,798.34 and silver: USD25.32 (actual is 71:1) from kitco.com. Metallurgical recoveries are assumed to be approximately equal for both gold and silver at this early stage. Actual metallurgical recoveries from test work to date are 96% and 91% for gold and silver, respectively. In the Company's opinion there is reasonable potential for both gold and silver to be extracted and sold. Actual metal prices have not been used in resource estimate, only the price ratio for the AuEq reporting.

^ The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on information provided in the following ASX announcement: 17 Nov 2021 - MAIDEN JORC RESOURCE 529,000 OUNCES @ 6.81G/T (AuEq*), which includes the full JORC MRE report, also available on the Mithril Resources Limited Website.

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

Mining study and metallurgical test work supports a future development of the El Refugio-La Soledad resource with conventional mining methods indicated as being appropriate and with high gold-silver recovery to produce metal on-site with conventional processing.

Mithril is currently exploring in the Copalquin District to expand the resource footprint, demonstrating its multi-million-ounce gold and silver potential.

Mithril has an exclusive option to purchase 100% interest in the Copalquin mining concessions by paying US\$10M on or any Time before 7 August 2026 (option has been extended by 3 years). Mithril currently holds a 50% interest in the Copalquin mining concessions.

Exploration Activities – Copalquin **U**prilling

At the start of the reporting year, the company completed follow up drilling at the El Refugio resource area to drill test some gaps in the previous drilling. No further drilling in the district was completed after July 2022.

First holes from deep drilling at El Refugio confirmed continuing high-grade gold and silver, important for the considerably Greater depth potential of the El Refugio system

1. 5.67m @ 4.37 g/t gold, 174 g/t silver from 331.33m, (CDH-137), including
1.67m @ 9.64 g/t gold, 399 g/t silver from 331.33m, plus
1.00m @ 1.68 g/t gold, 67.2 g/t silver from 367.0m, plus
1.00m @ 1.27 g/t gold, 46.1 g/t silver from 370.0m

An excellent drill intercept confirming high-grade gold-silver at the western end of the El Refugio resource area with first drilling on section 800

2. 5.83m @ 15.7 g/t gold, 474 g/t silver from 91.77m, (CDH-140), including
3. 1.81m @ 45.5 g/t gold, 1,387 g/t silver from 93.77m

Additional drilling on section 600 filled a down dip area and demonstrates the size of the El Refugio structure in the upper brecciation zone with broad 62.4m wide mineralised intercept

- 4. 5.49m @ 2.54 g/t gold, 23.8 g/t silver from 292.51m, (CDH-141), including
 - 1.00m @ 7.09 g/t gold, 60.5 g/t silver from 292.51m, and including
 - 1.00m @ 4.04 g/t gold, 20.2 g/t silver from 297.00m, plus
 - 4.00m @ 1.35 g/t gold, 47.6 g/t silver from 276.00m, plus
 - 2.00m @ 0.82 g/t gold, 27.7 g/t silver from 317.00m, plus
 - 2.00m @ 0.98 g/t gold, 30.5 g/t silver from 325.00m, plus
 - 1.00m @ 0.94 g/t gold, 22.8 g/t silver from 331.00m, plus
 - 1.80m @ 1.67 g/t gold, 54.8 g/t silver from 292.51m

High-grade gold-silver intercepts at the eastern end of the El Refugio resource area, on sections 200 to 360

- 5. 7.00m @ 3.40 g/t gold, 227 g/t silver from 185.0m, (CDH-143), including
 - 3.00m @ 6.49 g/t gold, 454 g/t silver from 189.0m, plus
 - 4.70m @ 0.42 g/t gold, 41.0 g/t silver from 218.0m
- 6. 4.00m @ 2.27 g/t gold, 170 g/t silver from 106.0m, (CDH-146)

Petrography Work

During the year petrographic work on drill core and rock chip samples from across the Copalquin district was reported. The very high-grade and significant drill intercepts from holes CDH-077 (8.26m @ 80.3 g/t gold, 705 g/t silver from 468.34m) and CDH-094 (18.67m @ 9.64 g/t gold, 278.8 g/t silver from 144.0m), raised questions regarding the initial geologic interpretation at EI Refugio. The detailed petrographic work involving electron microscopy provides data to support an explanation for the high-grade intercepts and guidance in locating further high-grade veins as drilling and development work progress in this key area in the Copalquin District. In summary, the work concludes the majority of the EI Refugio drilling is in an upper brecciation zone which broke up the high-grade veins (current maiden JORC resource). Deeper and peripheral to the breccia zone, future drilling is to target veins like those intercepted by holes CDH-077 and CDH-094.

Petrography Report Conclusions

- The El Refugio vein shows no recognisable vertical temperature zoning. All crystalline quartz phases show fluid
 inclusion petrography and scarce measurements <200°C with consistent low salinities (0.35-1.72 weight % NaCl
 equiv.) characteristic of low sulfidation deposits.
- The core area of the mineralised body is affected by an explosive breccia that fragmented and diluted early mineralized veins such as those present in drill holes CDH-077 and CDH-094 which appear to lie below and lateral to the breccia body. Post mineralisation crystalline quartz hosts common pseudo-secondary all-vapor rich inclusions suggesting an environment of abundant remnant steam in the system after the explosive event. Presence of these all-vapor inclusions is present only where breccias occur such as Refugio, Los Reyes and perhaps Montura veins, and is absent in Soledad, El Gallo, Apolonia, and Brujas veins.
- At El Refugio, if the breccia is not present at greater depth, high grade veins such as present in drill hole CDH-077
 could persist to greater depth since root zones of low sulfidation type deposits generally extend down to the 240°c
 isotherm. Thus, deeper drilling under El Refugio is required.
- La Soledad and Los Reyes veins do host higher temperature fluids at depth (>240°C) and are worth exploring under the old mines to investigate the vertical extent of mineralisation. If grade is present at greater depth with higher temperatures, the precedent will further support deeper drilling to higher temperature isotherms in the other lower temperature targets.
- The Apolonia and Brujas veins do host early-stage multi-banded vein material with crystalline quartz hosting consistent petrographically low temperature fluid inclusions (<200°C), which is congruent with the higher stratigraphic position of the veins in the lower part of the upper volcanic series. The depth and/or lateral extensions of the veins could host mineralization and are worth exploring. The El Gallo target is in deeper stratigraphy but petrographically also is potentially high level.</p>

No.	Sample ID	Target Area
Petro 1	COPALQUIN-2022-8A CDH-077 472.05m	El Refugio
Petro 2	COPALQUIN-2022-3A CDH-033 209.6m, 234.4m	El Refugio
Petro 3	COPALQUIN-2022-6 El Refugio Mine Workings	El Refugio
Petro 4	COPALQUIN-2022-38 CDH-050 233.43m	El Refugio
Petro 5	COPALQUIN-2022-6B CDH-094 153.6m	El Refugio
Petro 6	COPALQUIN-2022-11 (El Gallo Surface Samples)	El Gallo
Petro 7	COPALQUIN-2022-1A CDH-001 112.75m	La Soledad
Petro 8	COPALQUIN-2022-1B CDH-014 258.3m	La Soledad
Petro 9	COPALQUIN-2022-1C Level 2	La Soledad
Petro 10	COPALQUIN-2022-2, SDH-040, 93.05m	Los Reyes
Petro 11	COPALQUIN-2022-4 Mine Workings No. 6	Los Reyes
Petro 12	COPALQUIN-2022-7 La Montura	La Montura
Petro 13	COPALQUIN-2022-8 Apolonia Vein	San Manuel
Petro 14	COPALQUIN-2022-9 Las Brujas Vein	Las Brujas

Table 2 Petrography sample details with locations shown in Figure 3, Figure 4 and Figure 5 below

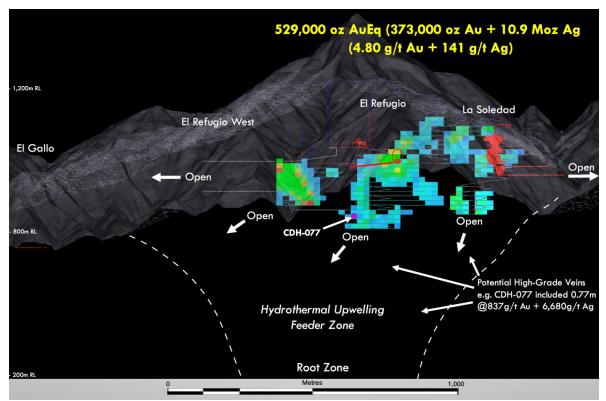


Figure 2 Schematic long section – El Refugio showing the depth potential confirmed by the recent petrography

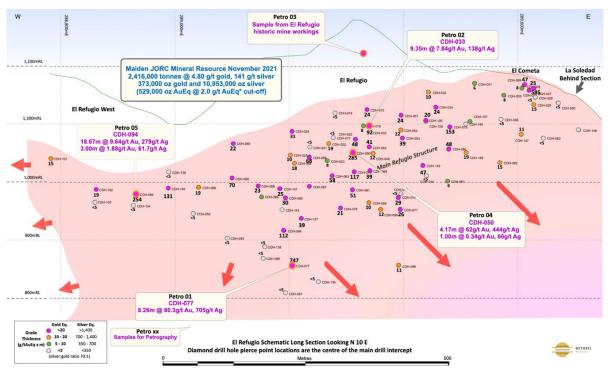


Figure 3 - Schematic long section for El Refugio showing the drill hole pierce points and locations of samples used for petrographic analysis. Arrows highlighting the direction for resource expansion drilling.

Figure 4 - Schematic long section of the Copalquin District Middle Section showing the locations of the petrography samples and which includes the maiden JORC resource at El Refugio/La Soledad.

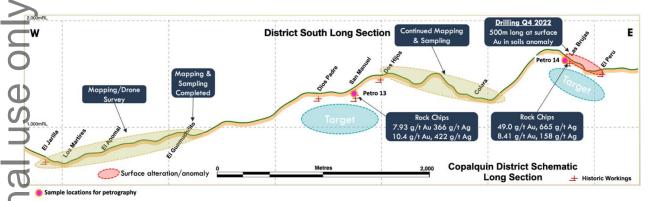


Figure 5 - Schematic long section of the District South Section, Copalquin Mining District showing the locations of the petrography samples.

Pistrict target generation, advancement and drilling preparation work continued throughout the second half of the reporting year during the dry season months (Jan-Jun). Soil sampling programs were undertaken with results from samples pending. The current silver in soils map is shown below in Figure 7 with most work being directed to the middle section across the opalquin district with further work planned for San Manuel target area on the southern section of the district.



Figure 6 – Satellite image of the Copalquin Mining District 70km² concession area showing the two main lines of historic workings, areas of exploration work and the location of the maiden JORC MRE at El Refugio.

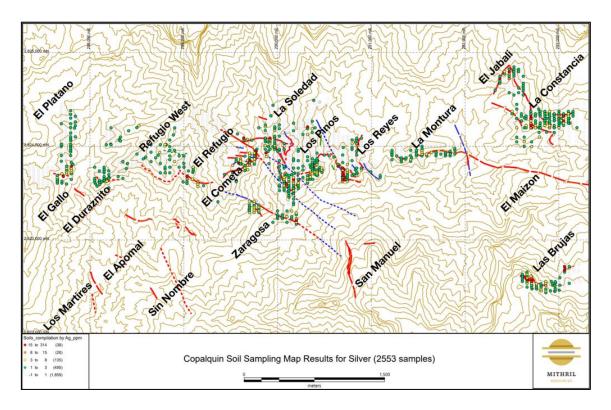


Figure 7 Soil sampling map for silver, across middle and southern sections of the Copalquin Mining District

drill core relogging program was completed during the year and considerable work done to update the drill database and district wide vein modelling, which are key to understanding, progressing and demonstrating the exceptional growth potential for the Copalquin district scale property

Study work progressed to optimise a future development of the highly attractive maiden high-grade gold-silver resource at Refugio – higher grade indicated-category blocks of the resource containing 51kt at 24.6 g/t gold and 187 g/t silver accessible via a short 300m horizontal tunnel.



Figure 8 Copalquin District location and surrounding road access, major regional town of El Durazno and distances to cities. All-terrain vehicle track connecting to unsealed road with total length of 40 km between Copalquin and El Durazno.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

Mithril's Copalquin District, located in the Sierra Madre mountains in the western most area of Durango State, Mexico is an isolated site currently with mule road and light aircraft access only. There are small settlements throughout the district, with El Limon just outside the south-west corner of the concession area, the largest with about 20 dwellings. In the second half of the nineteenth century, it is reported that the Copalquin settlement was home to over 2,000 inhabitants with cobblestone street, church and mine buildings. Now there is just one family residing in the Copalquin settlement. Many of the families have been in the district for generations. While there are no records of ejidos (land grants given after the Mexican revolution) or registered communities, the inhabitants have legal possession of the land if fenced and occupied for longer than 10 years. Mithril's (and previously Sun Minerals') approach is to proceed as if the community is registered, with all members having legal possessions of land as we progress future applications for development with the Mexican authorities.

Mithril is the only employer in the Copalquin district, and all of our non-professional staff are from within the district. Our people are skilled and hard-working, developed from living in an isolated location. Skills possessed include carpentry, dwelling and road construction, mule handling, farming and mining. Mithril has implemented job specific training and encourages online learning.

Throughout 2022-23, Mithril has progressed study work on infrastructure enhancements that will be of benefit to both our exploration developments and the local community. Specific community focussed developments are for education, medical, environmental management and communications.

The Company's philosophy towards community support focuses mainly on children's education and providing employment opportunities. This includes supporting three community schools in the district, employing twenty people from within the district under the federal employment laws, and developing infrastructure in the district for long term benefit.



Photo 1 – Inside the Los Reyes school house during a community day in 2023.

During the year, the Company

supported the local community to upgrade the all-terrain vehicle track to give access from key areas within the Copalquin District to the nearby township of El Durazno, approximately 12 km east of the Copalquin Mining District, and 40 km via all-terrain vehicle track. This opens up future transport and development options to advance exploration and a future development in the district (Figure 8).

The Company's drilling contractor utilises well developed environmental management practices. A low impact man-portable diamond core drill is used for exploration drilling.

In terms of a future mine development in the district, the operational footprint can be minimised with underground mining, high-grade, low tonnage, waste rock storage underground and dry-stack tailings management anticipated for the Copalquin development.

Competent Persons Statement

The information in this announcement that relates to exploration results and study work in this announcement, has been compiled by Mr John Skeet who is Mithril's CEO and Managing Director. Mr Skeet is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. This is a Recognised Professional Organisation (RPO) under the Joint Ore Reserves Committee (JORC) Code.

Mr Skeet has sufficient experience of relevance to the styles of mineralisation and the types of deposits under consideration, and to the activities undertaken, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Joint Ore Reserves Committee (JORC) Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Skeet consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on information in the form and context in which it appears. The Australian Securities Exchange has not reviewed and does not accept responsibility for the accuracy or adequacy of this release.

The information in this announcement that relates to Mineral Resources is reported by Mr Rodney Webster, Principal Geologist at AMC Consultants Pty Ltd (AMC), who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. The report was peer reviewed by Andrew Proudman, Principal Consultant at AMC. Mr Webster is acting as the Competent Person, as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Joint Ore Reserves Committee (JORC) Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves, for the reporting of the Mineral Resource estimate. A site visit was carried out by Jose Olmedo a geological consultant with AMC, in September 2021 to observe the drilling, logging, sampling and assay database.

This report contains information extracted from previous ASX releases which are referenced in the report. The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements. The Company confirms that the form and content in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements available on the Mithril Resources Limited Website www.mithrilresources.com.au

Mithril Resources Limited Group Tenement information

30 June 2023

Australian Interests:

Mining Concession	Tenement title number	Interest owned %
Kurnalpi Area	E28/2506	100.00
Kurnalpi Area	E28/2567	100.00
Kurnalpi Area	E28/2682	100.00
Kurnalpi Area	E28/2760	100.00
Lignum Dam Area	E27/538	100.00#
Lignum Dam Area	E27/582	100.00#
Lignum Dam Area	E27/584	100.00#
Murchison Area (Limestone Well)	E20/846	10.00
Murchison Area (Limestone Well)	E57/1069	10.00
West Kimberley Area	E04/2497	100.00^
West Kimberley Area	E04/2503	100.00^
West Kimberley Area	E80/5191	100.00^

[^]During July 2023, following advice from the Company's tenement consultant, the decision was taken to surrender and impair the West Kimberly Area tenements, two of which were due for renewal with rental payments and expenditure commitments.

The Kurnalpi tenements are currently in good standing and Mithril is looking to farm-out or divest these tenements. Mithril continues to hold a 10% free carried interest in the Limestone Well tenements with Auteco Minerals.

^{*}The Lignum Dam tenements are under an earn-in agreement with Great Bolder Resources. Great Bolder has completed exploration expenditures to earn 51% interest in the tenements although this interest is not yet formally registered. Mithril is considering options to fully divest its interest in these tenements.

Mexican Operations:

Mining Concession	Mining Concession title number	Interest owned %
LA SOLEDAD	52033	50.00
EL COMETA	164869	50.00
SAN MANUEL	165451	50.00
COPALQUIN	178014	50.00
EL SOL	236130	50.00
EL CORRAL	236131	50.00

Mithril has currently owns a 50% interest in the Copalquin mining concessions and has an exclusive option to purchase the remaining 50% (bringing Mithril's ownership of the Copalquin mining concessions to 100%) by paying US\$10M to the vendor on or any time before 7 August 2026 (the due date for payment was initially 7 August 2023, and was extended by 3 years by writte and the vendor). Mithril has reached an agreement with the vendor for an extension of the payment date by payment date to 7 August 2028) and is in the process of finalising documentation for this 2 year extension. August 2026 (the due date for payment was initially 7 August 2023, and was extended by 3 years by written agreement between Mithril and the vendor). Mithril has reached an agreement with the vendor for an extension of the payment date by a further 2 years (bringing the

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

Mithril has executed a binding Scheme Implementation Deed under which Newrange Gold Corp. will acquire 100% of the issued capital of Mithril. The Scheme is yet to be approved and subject to various conditions including approval by Mithril and Newrange shareholders.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Group's operations, the results of those operations, or the Group's state of affairs in future financial years.

Environmental regulation

The Group is aware of its responsibility to impact as little as possible on the environment, and where there is any disturbance, to rehabilitate sites. During the year under review the majority of work carried out was in the Northern Territory, Western Australia and Durango (Mexico) and the Group followed procedures and pursued objectives in line with guidelines published by the Australian and Mexican Governments. These guidelines are quite detailed and encompass the impact on owners and land users, heritage, health and safety and proper restoration practices. The Group supports this approach and is confident that it properly monitors and adheres to these objectives, and any local conditions applicable wherever it explores.

The Group is committed to minimising environmental impacts during all phases of exploration, development and production through a best practice environmental approach. The Group shares responsibility for protecting the environment for the present and the future. It believes that carefully managed exploration programs should have little or no long-lasting impact on the environment and the company has formed a best practice policy for the management of its exploration programs. The Group properly monitors and adheres to this approach and there were no environmental incidents to report for the year under review. Furthermore, the Group is in compliance with the state and/or commonwealth environmental laws for the jurisdictions in which it operates.

Occupational Health, Safety and Welfare

In running its business, Mithril aims to protect the health, safety and welfare of employees, contractors and guests. The group reviews its OHS&W policy at regular intervals to ensure a high standard of OHS&W, and to reflect best practice in injury and accident prevention.

Corporate Governance

In recognising the need for the highest standards of corporate behaviour and accountability, the Directors of Mithril Resources imited support and have adhered to the principles of sound corporate governance. The Board recognises the recommendations of the Australian Securities Exchange Corporate Governance Council and considers that Mithril Resources is in compliance to the extent possible with those guidelines, which are of importance to the commercial operation of a junior listed resources company. During the financial year, shareholders continued to receive the benefit of an efficient and cost-effective corporate governance policy for the Company.

The Company has established a set of corporate governance policies and procedures and these can be found within the Company's Corporate Governance Statement located on the Company's website: www.mithrilresources.com.au/corporate-governance

Shares under option

At the date of this report, options to acquire ordinary shares in the Company were on issue as follows:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise Number price under option
26/04/2022 22/06/2022 16/11/2022 Various	26/04/2024 26/04/2024 16/11/2025 09/12/2025	\$0.015 170,000,000 \$0.015 5,000,000 \$0.015 25,000,000 \$0.007 214,285,714
		414,285,714

No person entitled to exercise the options had or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of the Company or of any other body corporate.

Shares issued on the exercise of options

No ordinary shares of Mithril Resources Limited were issued during the year ended 30 June 2023 and up to the date of this report on the exercise of options granted:

Remuneration report (audited)

The remuneration report details the key management personnel remuneration arrangements for the Group, in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and its Regulations.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including all directors. These are as follows:

Stephen Layton Garry Thomas Non-Executive Director (Appointed 15 May 2019)

Alternate-Director / Non-Executive Director (Appointed Alternate-Director 15 June 2020)

(Appointed Non-Executive Director 17 August 2020)

John Skeet Chief Executive Officer / Managing Director (Appointed Managing Director 8 September 2020)

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The Board is responsible for determining remuneration policies applicable to directors and senior executives of the Group. The Board policy is to ensure that remuneration properly reflects the individuals' duties and responsibilities and that remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people with appropriate skills and experience. At the time sof determining remuneration consideration is given by the Board to the Group's financial performance.

The Board currently determines the nature and amount of remuneration for board members and senior executives of the Group. The policy is to align Director and executive objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives.

The Non-Executive Directors and other executives receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which was 10%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits. Some individuals, however, may choose to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation. All remuneration paid to directors and executives is expensed as incurred. Executives are also entitled to participate in the Company share option scheme. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

Non-Executive Directors remuneration is set from a pool that is approved by shareholders, which presently is set at \$250,000 per annum. The Non-Executive Director fees have not been increased since the Group's initial public offering in 2002 and the Group has a policy of obtaining shareholder approval for any share based remuneration (such as options) to be granted to Directors in accordance with the ASX Listing Rules. The Board policy is to remunerate Non-Executive Directors at market rates based on comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The board determines payments to non-executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required.

There is no direct relationship between the remuneration policy and the Entity's performance.

Voting and comments made at the Company's 2022 Annual General Meeting ('AGM')

At the 2022 AGM, more than 97% of the votes received supported the adoption of the remuneration report for the year ended 30 June 2022. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM regarding its remuneration practices.

Details of remuneration

Amounts of remuneration

Details of the remuneration of key management personnel of the Group are set out in the following tables.

		Post-		
	Short-term benefits	employment benefits	Share-based payments	
	benefits	benents	payments	
	Cash salary	Super-	Oattana	T. (-1
0000	and fees	annuation	Options	Total
2023	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-Executive Directors:				
Stephen Layton	48,000	-	-	48,000
Garry Thomas	43,636	4,364	-	48,000
Executive Director:				
John Skeet	180,000	-	52,500	232,500
0)	271,636	4,364	52,500	328,500
\supset	<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>	
2022				
Non-Executive Directors:				
Stephen Layton	48,000	-	_	48,000
Dudley Leitch*	825	78	-	903
Garry Thomas	43,636	4,364	-	48,000
(C)				
Executive Director:				
John Skeet	180,000			180,000
	272,461	4,442	<u> </u>	276,903

Mr Leitch resigned as a Director on 7 July 2022.

The proportion of remuneration linked to performance and the fixed proportion are as follows:

	Fixed remuneration		At risk - STI	
Name	2023	2022	2023	2022
Non-Executive Directors:				
Stephen Layton	100%	100%	-	-
Dudley Leitch	N/A	100%	N/A	-
Garry Thomas	100%	100%	-	-
Executive Director:				
John Skeet	77.4%	100%	22.6%	-

Service agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for key management personnel are formalised in service agreements. Details of these agreements are as follows:

Name: John Skeet

Title: Chief Executive Officer (Appointed Managing Director 8 September 2020)

9 June 2020 Agreement commenced:

Term of agreement: Reviewed every two years

Details: Mr Skeet's gross salary, is \$180,000. The Company or the employee may terminate

the employment contract without cause by providing 3 months written notice or making payment in lieu of notice, based on the annual salary component. Termination payments are generally not payable on resignation or dismissal for serious misconduct. In the instance of serious misconduct the Company can terminate employment at any

time.

Share-based compensation

Issue of shares

There were no shares issued to Directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2023.

Issue of options

There were 25,000,000 Options issued to Directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during

the year ended 30 June 2023 as follows:

per right Grant date Expiry date at grant date

Fair value

Cohn Skeet

16 November 2022

16 November 2025

\$0.0021

Performance rights
The terms and conditions of each grant of performance rights over ordinary shares affecting remuneration of Directors and other key management personnel in this financial year or future reporting years are as follows:

Fair value per right
Grant date

Expiry date

Grant date Grant date Expiry date at grant date

Garry Thomas 24 November 2020 23 November 2024 \$0.019

Performance rights granted carry no dividend or voting rights.

Further information regarding the performance rights and Options can be found in note 27.

Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel

Shareholding

The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each Director and other members of key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Received as part of remuneration	Acquired	Disposals/ other	Balance at the end of the year
Ordinary shares					
Stephen Layton	140,500,000	-	60,000,000	-	200,500,000
Garry Thomas	292,685,273	-	85,714,286	-	378,399,559
John Skeet	224,163,615	-	400,000	-	224,563,615
	657,348,888	-	146,114,286	-	803,463,174

Options

The number of Options in the Company held during the financial year by each Director and other members of key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Received as part of remuneration	Acquired	Disposals/ other	Balance at the end of the year
Options Stephen Layton	5,000,000	-	10,000,000	-	15,000,000
Garry Thomas	-	-	42,857,143	-	42,857,143
John Skeet	-	25,000,000	-	-	25,000,000
	5,000,000	25,000,000	52,857,143	-	82,857,143

Performance rights holding

The number of performance rights over ordinary shares in the Company held during the financial year by each Director and other members of key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

Performance rights over ordinary shares	Balance at the start of the year	Granted during the year	Vested during the year	Balance at the end of the year
Garry Thomas	33,333,333	-	-	33,333,333

Other transactions with key management personnel and their related parties

Mr Skeet is a director of Trimin Pty Ltd (Trimin). During the financial year the Company incurred costs of \$nil (2022: \$45,360) relating to consultancy services provided by Trimin for legal and administration services for Mexico. From 1 April 2022, a related party of Mr Skeet has been employed in an administration and legal role related to Mexico requirements and incurred salary costs of \$84,035 (2022: \$20,914).

This concludes the remuneration report, which has been audited.

Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors ('the Board') held during the year ended 30 June 2023, and the number of meetings attended by each Director were:

	Directors N	Лeetings
_	Attended	Held
Qohn Skeet	9	9
Stephen Layton	9	9
Garry Thomas	9	9

Held: represents the number of meetings held during the time the Director held office.

Indemnity and insurance of officers

The Group has made and agreement indemnifying all the Directors and Officers of the Company against all losses or liabilities by each Director or Officer in their capacity as Directors or Officers of the Company to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001, the indemnification specifically excludes wilful acts of negligence.

The Company paid insurance premiums in respect of Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance contracts for current officers of the Company, including officers of the Company's controlled entities. The liabilities insured are damages and legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceeding that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of entities of the Group. The total amount of insurance premiums paid for the financial year was \$45,622 (2022: \$46,680).

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the Company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the Company or any related entity.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

Non-audit services

There were no non-audit services provided during the financial year by the auditor.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately after this Directors' report.

Auditor

Nexia Melbourne Audit Pty Ltd continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

his report is made in accordance with a resolution of Directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors

John Skeet

Managing Director

21 August 2023



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> > nexia.com.au

Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of **Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Mithril Resources Limited**

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2023, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Nexia Melbourne Audit Pty Ltd Melbourne

Mexica

Dated this 21st day of August 2023

Ben Bester Director

Mithril Resources Limited Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Consolidated		lated
	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Income	_		07.044
Other income	5	144,900	25,611
Interest received Profit on sale of tenement interest		1,915	2,309 293,079
From on sale or tenement interest		-	293,079
Expenses			
Administration expenses		(625,266)	(429,629)
ASIC and ASX listing fees		(65,001)	(88,528)
Share-based payments	27	(52,500)	-
Employee benefits expense	6	(360,035)	(317,551)
Occupancy expense		(00,000)	(3,100)
Travel expenses		(36,680)	(71,275)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	11	(53,389)	(43,220)
Impairment of exploration assets Interest expense	11	(1,049,436) (2,589)	-
Ciliterest expense	-	(2,369)	<u>-</u>
Ooss before income tax expense		(2,098,081)	(632,304)
Income tax expense	7	-	<u>-</u>
Soss after income tax expense for the year		(2,098,081)	(632,304)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Foreign currency translation	=	3,565,851	866,821
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		3,565,851	866,821
	-	-,,	
otal comprehensive income for the year	=	1,467,770	234,517
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	25	(0.07)	(0.02)
Diluted earnings per share	25	(0.07)	(0.02)
	_3	(0.01)	(0.02)

Mithril Resources Limited Consolidated statement of financial position As at 30 June 2023

	Note	Consoli 2023 \$	idated 2022 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	568,530	2,271,886
Trade and other receivables	9	334,856	938,391
Other assets	10	21,773	20,102
Total current assets		925,159	3,230,379
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables		1,326	1,082
Exploration and evaluation	11	30,093,495	25,176,844
Total non-current assets		30,094,821	25,177,926
Total assets		31,019,980	28,408,305
Qiabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	356,457	670,498
Borrowings		10,524	-
Employee benefits	13	26,369	20,383
Total current liabilities		393,350	690,881
otal liabilities		393,350	690,881
Net assets		30,626,630	27,717,424
S			
Equity	4.4	00.050.050	04 000 047
Ussued capital	14	66,250,053	64,808,617
Reserves	15	6,998,248	3,432,397
Accumulated losses		(42,621,671)	(40,523,590)
Otal equity		30,626,630	27,717,424
LĒ.			

Mithril Resources Limited Consolidated statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2023

Consolidated	Issued capital \$	Reserves \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	64,808,617	3,432,397	(40,523,590)	27,717,424
Loss after income tax expense for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	<u> </u>	- 3,565,851	(2,098,081)	(2,098,081) 3,565,851
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	3,565,851	(2,098,081)	1,467,770
Transactions with Owners in their capacity as Owners: Shares issued during the period (note 14) Transactions costs	1,550,000 (108,564)	- -		1,550,000 (108,564)
Balance at 30 June 2023	66,250,053	6,998,248	(42,621,671)	30,626,630
Consolidated	Issued capital \$	Reserves \$	Accumulated losses	Total equity
Balance at 1 July 2021	58,287,739	2,565,576	(39,891,286)	20,962,029
oss after income tax expense for the year other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		- 866,821	(632,304)	(632,304) 866,821
	-	866,821	(632,304)	234,517
Transactions with Owners in their capacity as Owners: Shares issued during the period (note 14) Transactions costs	6,950,000 (429,122)	- -		6,950,000 (429,122)
Balance at 30 June 2022	64,808,617	3,432,397	(40,523,590)	27,717,424
For pe				

Mithril Resources Limited Consolidated statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Consolidated		dated
	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		-	27,614
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)	-	(935,681)	(973,287)
		(935,681)	(945,673)
Interest received		58,454	1,896
Mexico VAT/IVA received	-	878,582	<u> </u>
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	24	1,355	(943,777)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for exploration activities		(3,086,242)	(6,591,897)
Proceeds from disposal of exploration assets		(3,000,242)	500,000
Troccas from disposar of exploration assets	-		300,000
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(3,086,242)	(6,091,897)
0	-	(2,222, 7	(= 1 = 1 = 1
ash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares	14	1,500,000	6,800,000
Share issue transaction costs		(86,367)	(419,022)
Repayment of borrowings	=	(41,696)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	-	1,371,937	6,380,978
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,712,950)	(654,696)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		2,271,886	2,920,481
Foreign exchange movements		9,594	6,101
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	8	568,530	2,271,886

Note 1. General information

The financial statements cover Mithril Resources Limited ('the Company') as a Group consisting of Mithril Resources Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Mithril Resources Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Mithril Resources Limited is a listed public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Vistra Australia Level 4, 100 Albert Road SOUTH MELBOURNE VIC 3205

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of Directors, on the date of signing the Directors' Declaration.

Note 2. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out either in the respective notes or below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Group has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

The adoption of these Accounting Standards and interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the Group.

Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on the basis of a going concern. The financial report shows the Group incurred a net loss of \$2,098,081 (2022: \$632,304) and a net cash outflow from operating and investing activities of \$3,084,887 (2022: \$7,035,674) during the year ended 30 June 2023.

The Group continues to be economically dependent on the generation of cashflow from the raising of additional capital as and when required for the continued operations including the exploration program and the provision of working capital.

Notwithstanding this, the Directors are satisfied that the Group will have sufficient cash resources to meet its working capital requirements in the future. The Directors have reviewed the cashflow forecasts and believe that for a period in excess of 12 months from the date of signature of the financial report, the Group has the ability to meet its debts as and when they fall due. The cashflow forecasts incorporate the binding Scheme Implementation Deed under which Newrange Gold Corp. will acquire 100% of the issued capital of Mithril. The Scheme is yet to be approved and subject to various conditions including approval by Mithril and Newrange shareholders.

The Group's ability to continue as a going concern is contingent upon generation of cashflow from successfully raising additional capital. If sufficient additional funds are not raised, the going concern basis may not be appropriate, with the result that the Group may have to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities, other than in the ordinary course of business and at amounts different from those stated in the financial report. The Group continues to receive strong interest and support from professional investors in its capital raisings.

No allowance for such circumstances has been made in the financial report.

Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for, where applicable, the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, investment properties, certain classes of property, plant and equipment and derivative financial instruments.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 3.

Rarent entity information

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, these financial statements present the results of the Group only. Supplementary information about the parent entity is disclosed in note 21.

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Mithril Resources Limited (Company' or 'parent entity') as at 30 June 2023 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Mithril Resources Limited and its subsidiaries together are referred to in these financial statements as the 'Group'.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities in the Group are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Mithril Resources Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates at the reporting date. The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the average exchange rates, which approximate the rates at the dates of the transactions, for the period. All resulting foreign exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income through the foreign exchange reserve in equity.

The foreign exchange reserve is recognised in profit or loss when the foreign operation or net investment is disposed of.

Income

Interest

Interest income is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the Group's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the Group's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

Joint Arrangement

AASB 11 Joint Arrangements defines a joint arrangement as an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control and classifies these arrangements as either joint ventures or joint operations.

Mithril Resources Ltd has determined that it has both joint Ventures and joint operations.

Its assets, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly;
Its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation;
Its expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly. In relation to its joint venture operations, where the venturer

These figures are incorporated into the relevant line item in the primary statements.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and other intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Group for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2023. The Group has not yet assessed the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations.

Note 3. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Capitalisation of exploration and evaluation expenditure

The Group's policy for exploration and evaluation is discussed in Note 11. The application of this policy requires management to make certain assumptions as to future events and circumstances. Any such estimates and assumptions may change as new information becomes available. If, after having capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure, management concludes that the capitalised expenditure is unlikely to be recovered by future sale or exploration, then the relevant capitalised amount will be written off through the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Share-based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using either the Monte Carlo or Black-Scholes model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity.

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the Group considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Note 4. Operating segments

Indentification of reportable operating segments

The Board has considered the requirements of AASB 8 Operating Segments and has determined that the Group has two operating segments: Mexican operations and Australian operations.

In determining these operating segments, the Board has considered the location of the Group's exploration activities which represent its principal operations. The results of these operating segments are monitored by the Board and form the basis for which strategic decisions are made.

The Copalquin Gold Silver Project in Durango, Mexico constitutes a separately identifiable operating segment to the Group's Australian operations given the Board's intention to regularly review the financial information from its Mexican operations to determine the future allocation of resources.

Intersegment receivables, payables and loans

Intersegment loans are initially recognised at the consideration received. Intersegment loans receivable and loans payable that earn or incur non-market interest are not adjusted to fair value based on market interest rates. Intersegment loans are eliminated on consolidation.

Note 4. Operating segments (continued)

Operating segment information

Consolidated - 2023	Mexican operations \$	Australian operations	Total \$
Revenue			
Other revenue	144,900	-	144,900
Interest revenue	<u>-</u>	1,915	1,915
Total revenue	144,900	1,915	146,815
Operating expenses	(16,379)	(713,157)	(729,536)
Share-based payments	-	(52,500)	(52,500)
Employee benefits expense	-	(360,035)	(360,035)
Depreciation and amortisation	(53,389)	-	(53,389)
Impairment of assets		(1,049,436)	(1,049,436)
Loss before income tax expense	75,132	(2,173,213)	(2,098,081)
ncome tax expense			
Loss after income tax expense			(2,098,081)
Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
→ Foreign currency translation	3,565,851	-	3,565,851
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	_	_
total comprehensive income for the year	3,640,983	(2,173,213)	1,467,770
		, , , ,	
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	420,713	147,817	568,530
rade and other receivables	304,706	30,150	334,856
Other assets	15	21,758	21,773
L exploration and evaluation	29,985,967	108,854	30,094,821
Total assets	30,711,401	308,579	31,019,980
L iabilities			
Trade and other payables	105,477	261,504	366,981
Employee benefits	26,369		26,369
Total liabilities	131,846	261,504	393,350

Note 4. Operating segments (continued)

Consolidated - 2022	Mexican operations \$	Australian operations \$	Total \$
Revenue Other revenue	25,611	293,079	318,690
Interest revenue	-	2,309	2,309
Total revenue	25,611	295,388	320,999
Operating expenses	(2,706)	(589,826)	(592,532)
Share-based payments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-
Employee benefits expense	-	(317,551)	(317,551)
Depreciation and amortisation	(43,220)	-	(43,220)
Impairment of assets		-	<u>-</u>
Loss before income tax expense	(20,315)	(611,989)	(632,304)
Income tax expense		-	
oss after income tax expense		-	(632,304)
Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Foreign currency translation	866,821	_	866,821
— Other comprehensive income for the year, net			
of tax	946 506	(611.000)	
otal comprehensive income for the year	846,506	(611,989)	234,517
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	42,517	2,229,369	2,271,886
rade and other receivables	956,236	(17,845)	938,391
Other assets	542	20,642	21,184
Exploration and evaluation	24,059,437	1,117,407	25,176,844
T otal assets	25,058,732	3,349,573	28,408,305
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	571,117	99,381	670,498
Employee benefits	20,383	-	20,383
Total liabilities	591,500	99,381	690,881
<u></u>		,	·

Note 5. Other income

	Consolidated	
	2023 \$	2022 \$
Mexico tax adjustments Other income	144,900	- 25,611
Other income	144,900	25,611

Mexico tax adjustments

Mexico tax adjustments income is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Company has the rights and the tax adjustments will be received.

Note 5. Other income (continued)

Other income

Other income is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Note 6. Employee benefits expense

	Consolic 2023 \$	lated 2022 \$
	·	•
Salaries and wages Superannuation	352,050 7,985	311,241 6,310
Superannuation	7,905	0,310
	360,035	317,551
Note 7. Income tax		
	Consolid	lated
D	2023 \$	2022 \$
Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense and tax at the statutory rate Loss before income tax expense	(2,098,081)	(632,304)
ax at the statutory tax rate of 25% (2022: 25%)	(524,520)	(158,076)
Tax effect amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Expenses not allowable for income tax purposes	45,453	36,186
Share based payments	13,125	-
	(465,942)	(121,890)
urrent year tax losses not recognised	465,942	121,890
Income tax expense	_	_
·		

The Group has tax losses arising in Australia of \$40,832,235 (2022: \$39,394,702) that may be available and may be offset against future taxable profits. In addition, these tax losses can only be utilised in the future if the continuity of ownership test is passed, or failing that, the same business test is passed.

No deferred tax asset has been recognised because it is not likely future assessable income is derived of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit to be realised.

Accounting policy for income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to be applied when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with interests in subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Note 7. Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to settle simultaneously.

Mithril Resources Ltd and its wholly owned Australian resident entities are part of a tax consolidated group.

The head entity within the tax-consolidated group is Mithril Resources Ltd. Mithril Resources Ltd and each of its wholly-owned controlled entities recognise the current and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities applicable to the transactions undertaken by it, after elimination of intra-group transactions. Mithril Resources Ltd recognises the entire tax-consolidated group's retained tax losses.

Note 8. Cash and cash equivalents

0)	Consolidated		
	2023 \$	2022 \$	
ash at bank Short-term deposits	568,530 	1,271,886 1,000,000	
	568,530	2,271,886	

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

Accounting policy for cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Note 9. Trade and other receivables

	Consoli	dated
	2023 \$	2022 \$
Other receivables	(1,333)	629
GST and overseas taxes receivable	336,189	937,762
	334,856	938,391

Trade and other receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30-90 day terms. An allowance for expected credit loss is made when there is objective evidence that a trade receivable is impaired. No impairment was recognised in the current and prior financial year and no receivables are past due at balance date.

Note 9. Trade and other receivables (continued)

Accounting policy for trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is raised when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default or delinquency in payments (more than 90 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable may be impaired. The amount of the impairment allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Note 10. Other assets Prepayments

Ote 11. Exploration and evaluation

Tangible exploration assets Consolidated 2023 2022 \$ \$ 21,773 20,102 Consolidated 2023 2022 \$ \$ **1** angible exploration assets Exploration and evaluation - Copalquin Gold Silver Project (Mexico) 356,669 333,727 Intangible exploration assets Exploration and evaluation - Australia 108,854 1,117,407 Exploration and evaluation - Copalquin Gold Silver Project (Mexico) 29,627,972 23,725,710 29,736,826 24,843,117

30,093,495

25,176,844

Note 11. Exploration and evaluation (continued)

Movements

		Copalquin	
	Australian	Gold Silver	.
	Projects	Project	Total
Consolidated	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2021	1,232,261	16,841,882	18,074,143
Additions through expenditures capitalised	92,067	6,356,912	6,448,979
Foreign exchange translation	-	860,643	860,643
Disposal of interest in Limestone Well project	(206,921)		(206,921)
Balance at 30 June 2022	1,117,407	24,059,437	25,176,844
Additions through expenditures capitalised	40,883	2,552,553	2,593,436
Foreign exchange translation	-	3,372,651	3,372,651
Impairment expense	(1,049,436)	<u> </u>	(1,049,436)
Balance at 30 June 2023	108,854	29,984,641	30,093,495
write-off of capitalised exploration expenditures for the tenements that impairment of exploration assets expense.	were relinquished	d during the yea	ar, included in
The recoverability of the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation as	ssets is depender	nt on successful	development
and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of i	•		

and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

The recoverable amount of development expenditure is determined as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its alue in use.

Exploration and Evaluation expenditure has been carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development or sale of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recovered reserves.

Acquisition of Copalguin Gold Silver Project (Mexico)

On 27 May 2020 the Company completed the acquisition of Sun Mineral Pty Ltd (Sun Minerals). Sun Minerals holds the exclusive option to earn up to a 100% interest in the high-grade Copalquin Gold Silver Project in Durango, Mexico as set out below:

At the completion of the Transaction Sun Minerals held a 10% interest in the concessions forming Copalquin.

- If, on or before 7 August 2023, Sun Minerals:
- (i) incurs expenditure of US \$4 million on Copalguin, Sun Minerals will hold a 25% interest in the concessions forming Copalguin: and
- (ii) incurs further expenditure of US \$4 million (aggregate expenditure of US \$8 million) on Copalquin, Sun Minerals will hold a 50% interest in the concessions forming Copalguin.
- (c) At any time on or before 7 August 2023, Sun Minerals may make a cash payment of US \$10 million to CMC (and/or its nominee) to acquire the remaining interests then held by CMC. CMC may elect to receive the US \$10 million through the issue of fully paid Mithril shares at a deemed issue price per share that is the higher of:
 - (i) a 10% discount for the 20-day VWAP of fully paid Mithril shares on ASX, ending on the trading day immediately before any such election; or
 - (ii) \$0.01 (1 cent).

Following payment of the US \$10 million (in cash, fully paid Mithril shares or a combination of both) the Group will hold a 100% interest on the concessions forming Copalquin.

Requirements (b)(i) and (b)(ii) above have been completed and Sun Minerals holds a 50% interest in the concessions.

Accounting policy for exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation expenditures in relation to each separate area of interest are recognised as an exploration and evaluation asset in the year in which they are incurred where the following conditions are satisfied:

Note 11. Exploration and evaluation (continued)

- (a) the rights to tenure of the area of interest are current; and
- (b) at least one of the following conditions is also met:
 - (i) the exploration and evaluation expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploration of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale; or
 - (ii) exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not at the balance date reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are initially measured at cost and include acquisition of rights to explore, studies, exploratory drilling, trenching and sampling and associated activities and an allocation of depreciation and amortisation of assets used in exploration and evaluation activities.

General and administrative costs are only included in the measurement of exploration and evaluation costs where they are related directly to operational activities in a particular area of interest.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the exploration and evaluation asset (for the cash generating unit(s) to which it has been allocated being no larger than the relevant area of interest) is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in previous years.

Where a decision has been made to proceed with development in respect of a particular area of interest, the relevant exploration and evaluation asset is tested for impairment and the balance is then reclassified to development. Where an area of interest is abandoned, any expenditure carried forward in respect of that area is written off as an impairment loss.

Note 12. Trade and other payables

Grade payables
Other payables

Consolidated		
2023	2022	
\$	\$	
225,530	595,870	
130,927	74,628	
356,457	670,498	

Refer to note 16 for further information on financial instruments.

Accounting policy for trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Note 13. Employee benefits

	Consoli	Consolidated	
	2023 \$	2022 \$	
Annual leave	26,369	20,383	
	26,369	20,383	

Accounting policy for employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

2023

Shares

Consolidated

2023

\$

2022

\$

2022

Shares

Note 14. Issued capi	ital
----------------------	------

Ordinary shares - fully paid	3,368,804,470	2,930,233,041	66,250,053	64,808,617
Movements in ordinary share capital				
Details	Date	Shares	Issue price	\$
Balance	30 June 2021	2,350,233,041		58,287,739
Issue of shares – placement Increase in Copalquin project, Mexico Issue of shares – placement Iransaction costs (net of tax) Balance	8 September 2021 14 October 2021 13 April 2022 30 June 2022	220,000,000 10,000,000 350,000,000 2,930,233,041	\$0.015 \$0.015 \$0.01	3,300,000 150,000 3,500,000 (429,122) 64,808,617
Issue of shares – placement Issue of shares – placement Transaction costs (net of tax) Balance	18 August 2022 9 December 2022 16 May 2023 30 June 2023	10,000,000 322,857,143 105,714,286 3,368,804,470	\$0.005 \$0.0035 \$0.0035	50,000 1,130,000 370,000 (108,564) 66,250,053

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

Share buy-back

There is no current on-market share buy-back.

Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Note 14. Issued capital (continued)

Capital is regarded as total equity, as recognised in the statement of financial position, plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Proceeds from share issues are used to maintain and expand the Company's exploration activities and fund operating costs.

Accounting policy for issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Note 15. Reserves

	Consol	Consolidated	
	2023	2022	
	\$	\$	
Foreign exchange reserve	4,580,419	1,067,068	
Share options reserve	176,996	124,496	
Performance rights reserve	2,240,833	2,240,833	
$\frac{S}{S}$	6,998,248	3,432,397	

Foreign exchange reserve

The reserve is used to recognise exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations to Australian dollars.

Share-based payments reserves

The share options reserve and the performance rights reserve are used to recognise the value of equity benefits provided to employees and Directors as part of their remuneration, and other parties as part of their compensation for services.

Movements in reserves

Movements in each class of reserve during the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Consolidated	Share options reserve	Performance rights reserve \$	Foreign exchange reserve \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	124,496	2,240,833	200,247	2,565,576
Movement in foreign exchange reserve Balance at 30 June 2022	124,496	2,240,833	866,821 1,067,068	866,821 3,432,397
Share options issued Movement in foreign exchange reserve	52,500	<u> </u>	3,513,351	52,500 3,513,351
Balance at 30 June 2023	176,996	2,240,833	4,580,419	6,998,248

Note 16. Financial instruments

Financial risk management objectives

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate and ageing analysis for credit risk.

Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors ('the Board'). These policies include identification and analysis of the risk exposure of the Group and appropriate procedures, controls and risk limits. The Board identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks within the Group's operating units.

Market risk

Foreign currency risk

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currency and is exposed to foreign currency risk through foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The Board has determined that the current level of foreign currency risk resulting from its operations in Mexico is not significant to the Group.

♠ Price risk

The Group is not exposed to any significant price risk.

Interest rate risk

The Group is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the net result for the year and equity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates with effect from the beginning of the year. These changes are considered to be reasonably possible based on be been based on current market conditions but are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's operating result.

Onsolidated - 2022		sis points incre Effect on profit before tax	ase Effect on equity		is points decrea Effect on profit before tax	ase Effect on equity
Cash and cash equivalents	50	11,359	11,359	50	(11,359)	(11,359)
Ľ		sis points incre Effect on			is points decrea	
Consolidated - 2023	Basis points change	profit before tax	Effect on equity	change	profit before tax	Effect on equity
Cash and cash equivalents	50	2 843	2 843	50	(2 843)	(2 843)

Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that the counterparty to the financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the Group to incur a financial loss. The Group's maximum credit exposure is the carrying amounts on the statement of financial position. The Group holds financial instruments with credit worthy third parties. The credit risk for liquid funds and other short-term financial assets is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks and institutions with high quality external credit ratings. The Group has no past due or impaired debtors as at 30 June 2023.

Note 16. Financial instruments (continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's management of working capital and the finance charges and principal repayments on its debt instruments. It is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, whom have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves.

Fair value of financial instruments

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

Note 17. Key management personnel disclosures

Compensation

The aggregate compensation made to Directors and other members of key management personnel of the Group is set out below:

	Consolidated	
Φ	2023	2022
S	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	271,636	272,461
Post-employment benefits	4,364	4,442
hare-based payments	52,500	
	328,500	276,903

Full details of the remuneration of each director of the Company and each of the other key management personnel are disclosed in the Remuneration Report contained within the Directors' Report.

ther transactions with key management personnel

Mr Skeet is a director of Trimin Pty Ltd (Trimin). During the financial year the Company incurred costs of \$nil (2022: \$45,360) relating to consultancy services provided by Trimin. From 1 April 2022, a related party of Mr Skeet has been employed in an administration and legal role related to Mexico requirements and incurred salary costs of \$84,035 (2022: \$20,914).

Note 18. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided:

During the infancial year the following lees were paid of payable for services provided.	Consolidated	
	2023 \$	2022 \$
Audit or review of the financial statements	49,344	44,720

Note 19. Capital and leasing commitments

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to exploration tenements, the Company is required to meet minimum expenditure requirements in respect of tenement lease rentals. There are also Mexican government mining concession rents and purchase option payments to the concession owner each six month period.

These are not considered commitments as the Company can walk away from the projects and not continue payments at any time.

Note 20. Related party transactions

Parent entity

Mithril Resources Limited is the parent entity.

Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 22.

Transactions between Mithril Resources Ltd and its wholly owned entities during the year consisted of loans advanced by Mithril Resources Ltd to fund exploration and investment activities.

Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 17 and the remuneration report included in the Directors' report.

Transactions with related parties

There were no transactions with related parties during the current and previous financial year other than those disclosed in note 17.

Payable to related parties

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties:

	Consoli	Consolidated	
S	2023 \$	2022 \$	
current payables:	•	•	
Director's fees payable	16,500	16,500	

₩oans to/from related parties

There were no loans to or from related parties at the current and previous reporting date other than those disclosed in note 7.

ferms and conditions

Language III Iransactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

Note 21. Parent entity information

Set out below is the supplementary information about the parent entity.

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	Parent	
	2023 \$	2022 \$
Loss after income tax	(1,120,161)	(900,215)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		
Total comprehensive loss	(1,120,161)	(900,215)

Note 21. Parent entity information (continued)

Statement of financial position

	Parent	
	2023 \$	2022 \$
Total current assets	198,271	2,248,382
Total non-current assets	27,019,700	24,452,117
Total assets	27,217,971	26,700,499
Total current liabilities	261,504	117,807
Total liabilities	261,504	117,807
Net assets	26,956,467	26,582,692
Q equity		
Issued capital	66,250,053	64,808,617
Share options reserve	176,996	124,496
Performance rights reserve Accumulated losses	2,240,833 (41,711,415)	2,240,833 (40,591,254)
Total equity	26,956,467	26,582,692

Guarantees entered into by the parent entity in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries

The parent entity had no guarantees in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022.

Contingent liabilities

The parent entity had no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022.

gignificant accounting policies

The accounting policies of the parent entity are consistent with those of the Group, as disclosed in note 2, except for the following:

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost, less any impairment, in the parent entity.

Investments in associates are accounted for at cost, less any impairment, in the parent entity.

Dividends received from subsidiaries are recognised as other income by the parent entity and its receipt may be an indicator of an impairment of the investment.

Note 22. Interests in subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 2:

		Ownersh	ip interest
Nama	Principal place of business /	2023	2022
Name	Country of incorporation	%	%
Minex (Aust) Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Minex (West) Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Mithril Resources Investments Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Sun Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Drummond Gold S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	100%	100%
Carlton Gold S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	100%	100%

The percentage of ownership interest held is equivalent to the percentage voting rights for all subsidiaries.

Note 23. Events after the reporting period

Mithril has executed a binding Scheme Implementation Deed under which Newrange Gold Corp. will acquire 100% of the lissued capital of Mithril. The Scheme is yet to be approved and subject to various conditions including approval by Mithril and Newrange shareholders.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Group's operations, the results of those operations, or the Group's state of affairs in future financial years.

Note 24. Cash flow information

Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash used in operating activities

	Consolid	dated
\Box	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(2,098,081)	(632,304)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	53,389	43,220
Impairment of non-current assets	1,049,436	-
Net gain on disposal of exploration assets	-	(293,079)
Share-based payments	52,500	-
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	734,397	1,590
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments	(1,671)	963
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	205,399	(66,988)
Increase/(decrease) in employee benefits	5,986	2,821
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	1,355	(943,777)

Note 25. Earnings per share

	Consol 2023 \$	idated 2022 \$
Loss after income tax	(2,098,081)	(632,304)
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	3,132,687,053	2,611,520,712
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	3,132,687,053	2,611,520,712
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	(0.07) (0.07)	(0.02) (0.02)

Accounting policy for earnings per share

Basic earnings per share
Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Mithril Resources Limited, excluding Cany costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the financial year.

- Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Note 26. Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities

The Group had no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022.

Note 27. Share-based payments

The Group established the Mithril Resources Ltd Employee Share Option Plan and a summary of the Rules of the Plan are set out below:

- All employees (full and part time) will be eligible to participate in the Plan after a qualifying period of 12 months employment, although the Board may waive this requirement.
- Options are granted under the Plan at the discretion of the Board and if permitted by the Board, may be issued to an employee's nominee.
- Each option is to subscribe for one fully paid ordinary share in the Company and will expire 5 years from its date of issue. An option is exercisable at any time from its date of issue. Options will be issued free. The exercise price of options will be determined by the Board, subject to a minimum price equal to the market value of the Company's shares at the time the Board resolves to offer those options. The total number of shares, the subject of options issued under the Plan, when aggregated with issues during the previous 5 years pursuant to the Plan and any other employee share plan, must not exceed 5% of the Company's issued share capital.

If, prior to the expiry date of options, a person ceases to be an employee of the Coretirement at age 60 or more (or such earlier age as the board permits), permanent options held by that person (or that person's nominee) automatically lapse on the period of 6 months from the date of such occurrence, and b) the expiry date. If a person will be exercisable by that person's legal personal representative.

Options can't be transferred other than to the legal personal representative of a decomposition of the company will not apply for official quotation of any options issued under the plan.

Shares issued as a result of the exercise of options will rank equally with the Composition holders may only participate in new issues of securities by first exercising the Board may amend the Plan Rules subject to the requirements of the Listing Rules.

Set out below are summaries of options granted under the plan: If, prior to the expiry date of options, a person ceases to be an employee of the Company for any reason other than retirement at age 60 or more (or such earlier age as the board permits), permanent disability, redundancy or death, the options held by that person (or that person's nominee) automatically lapse on the first to occur of a) the expiry of the period of 6 months from the date of such occurrence, and b) the expiry date. If a person dies, the options held by that

Options can't be transferred other than to the legal personal representative of a deceased option holder.

The Company will not apply for official quotation of any options issued under the plan.

Shares issued as a result of the exercise of options will rank equally with the Company's previously issued shares.

Option holders may only participate in new issues of securities by first exercising their options.

2	2023	

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/ other	Balance at the end of the year
16/11/2022	16/11/2025	\$0.015	-	25,000,000	-	-	25,000,000
		- -	-	25,000,000	-	-	25,000,000

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at the end of the financial year was 2.38 years (2022: nil years).

Note 27. Share-based payments (continued)

Performance rights granted to directors and key management personnel

At the Annual General Meeting held on 24 November 2020 the shareholders of the Company granted approval for the issue of 33,333,333 performance rights to Mr Garry Thomas. Details of the performance rights issued can be found in the Notice of General Meeting announcement dated 19 October 2020.

The conversion of the issued performance rights to fully paid ordinary shares of the Company is subject to the satisfaction of either of the following applicable milestones:

- Determination by a geological consultant of an Inferred JORC Resource of 5.443Mt at a combined AuEq grade of not less than 4g/t for 700koz Au (or AuEq) on the Copalquin Project; or
- Mithril achieving a market capitalisation equal to or greater than A\$150,000,000 for a period of 20 consecutive trading days on which the securities of the Company traded.

Options granted to directors and key management personnel

At the Annual General Meeting held on 16 November 2022 the shareholders of the Company granted approval for the issue of 25,000,000 Options to Mr John Skeet. Details of the Options issued are set out below and can be found in the Notice of General Meeting announcement dated 14 October 2022.

Fair value of Options granted:

The fair value of performance rights granted was independently determined using a Black-scholes pricing model.

For the performance rights granted, the valuation model inputs used to determine the fair value at the grant date, are as follows:

Grant date	Expiry date	Share price at grant date	Exercise price	Expected volatility	Dividend yield	Risk-free interest rate	Fair value at grant date
6/11/2022	16/11/2025	\$0.005	\$0.015	100.00%		- 3.25%	\$0.0021

0/11/2022	10/11/2023	\$0.005	φυ.υ15	100.00%	-	3.23%	φυ.υυΖ ι
Share-based p	payments during the	year are:					
0						Consolida	ated
S						2023	2022
						\$	\$
Options issue	d to Directors and ke	y management p	ersonnel			52,500	-
ш							

Note 27. Share-based payments (continued)

Accounting policy for share-based payments

Equity-settled and cash-settled share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees.

Equity-settled transactions are awards of shares, or options over shares, that are provided to employees in exchange for the rendering of services. Cash-settled transactions are awards of cash for the exchange of services, where the amount of cash is determined by reference to the share price.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are measured at fair value on grant date. Fair value is independently determined using either the Monte Carlo or Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option, together with non-vesting conditions that do not determine whether the Group receives the services that entitle the employees to receive payment. No account is taken of any other vesting conditions.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity over the vesting period. The cumulative charge to profit or loss is calculated based on the grant date fair value of the award, the best estimate ef the number of awards that are likely to vest and the expired portion of the vesting period. The amount recognised in profit or loss for the period is the cumulative amount calculated at each reporting date less amounts already recognised in previous periods.

Monte Carlo or Black-Scholes option pricing model, taking into consideration the terms and conditions on which the award was granted. The cumulative charge to profit or loss until settlement of the liability is calculated as follows:

during the vesting period, the liability at each reporting date is the fair value of the award at that the expired portion of the vesting period.

from the end of the vesting period until settlement of the award, the liability is the full fair value of the liability at the

from the end of the vesting period until settlement of the award, the liability is the full fair value of the liability at the reporting date.

All changes in the liability are recognised in profit or loss. The ultimate cost of cash-settled transactions is the cash paid to settle the liability.

Market conditions are taken into consideration in determining fair value. Therefore any awards subject to market conditions 🚺 are considered to vest irrespective of whether or not that market condition has been met, provided all other conditions are satisfied.

If equity-settled awards are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the modification has not been made. An additional expense is recognised, over the remaining vesting period, for any modification that increases the total fair value Of the share-based compensation benefit as at the date of modification.

If the non-vesting condition is within the control of the Group or employee, the failure to satisfy the condition is treated as a cancellation. If the condition is not within the control of the Group or employee and is not satisfied during the vesting period, any remaining expense for the award is recognised over the remaining vesting period, unless the award is forfeited.

If equity-settled awards are cancelled, it is treated as if it has vested on the date of cancellation, and any remaining expense is recognised immediately. If a new replacement award is substituted for the cancelled award, the cancelled and new award is treated as if they were a modification.

Mithril Resources Limited Directors' declaration 30 June 2023

In the Directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 2 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors Signed in accordance with a resolution of Directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Ohn Skeet Managing Director

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August 2023



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Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mithril Resources Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Mithril Resources Limited (the Company and its subsidiaries (the Group)), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, has been given to the directors of the Company, as at the date of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2 in the financial report, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss of \$2,098,081 (2022: \$632,304) and a net cash outflow from operating and investing activities of \$3,084,887 (2022: \$7,035,674) during the year ended 30 June 2023. As stated in Note 2, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Advisory. Tax. Audit.



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mithril Resources Limited

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Exploration and evaluation assets

Refer to Notes 3 and 11

At 30 June 2023, the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets was \$30,093,495.

In accordance with AASB 6 Exploration and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, the Group is required to assess at each reporting date if there are any triggers for impairment which may suggest the carrying value is in excess of the recoverable value.

The process undertaken by management to assess whether there are any impairment triggers in each area of interest involves an element of management judgement.

This area is a key audit matter due to the significant judgement involved in determining the existence of impairment triggers.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- Obtaining schedules of the areas of interest held by the Group and assessing whether the rights to tenure remain current at balance date;
- Considering whether any such areas of interest had reached a stage where a reasonable assessment of economically recoverable reserves existed;
- Reviewing the Group's capitalisation of exploration expenditure in the current year, ensuring that it is consistent with the criteria as stated under AASB 6. This included discussion with management, reviewing Group exploration budgets, ASX announcements and directors' minutes;
- Reviewing and considering whether any facts or circumstances existed that suggested impairment was required;
- Assessing the adequacy of the related disclosures in Note 11 to the financial report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023 but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Act 2001* and International Financial Reporting Standards and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mithril Resources Limited

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at The Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar1.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 15 to 18 of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2023.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Mithril Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Nexia Melbourne Audit Pty Ltd

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Melbourne

Dated this 21st day of August 2023

Ben Bester Director

Mithril Resources Limited Shareholder information 30 June 2023

Details of Shares as at 1 August 2023:

Top Holders

The 20 largest holders of Fully Paid Ordinary Shares were:

Name	No. of Shares	%
TRIMIN PTY LTD	221,663,615	6.58
GARRY THOMAS + NANCY-LEE THOMAS < THOMAS FAMILY A/C>	181,081,267	5.38
EQUITY TRUSTEES LIMITED <lowell a="" c="" fund="" resources=""></lowell>	139,528,822	4.14
BODIE INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	132,500,000	3.93
NORTHER STAR NOMINEES PTY LTD	110,500,000	3.28
THOMAS FAMILY SUPERANNUATION FUND PTY LTD	104,604,006	3.11
MR HALL HERBERT STEWART	101,279,025	3.01
MR DUDLEY ROY LEITCH	98,600,000	2.93
LIGHT FAMILY NOMINEES PTY LTD <the a="" c="" family="" light=""></the>	88,000,000	2.61
THOMAS FAMILY SUPERANNUATION FUND PTY LTD <thomas family="" super<="" td=""><td>87,714,286</td><td>2.60</td></thomas>	87,714,286	2.60
A/C>		
MR MIGUEL MATAS MARTINEZ	78,300,000	2.32
SINDEL NOMINEES PROPRIETARY LIMITED	60,000,000	1.78
UHSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	58,541,559	1.74
MR ADAM RALPH LYSTER & MRS LUCY ANNE LYSTER <hilltop fund<="" super="" td=""><td>33,074,832</td><td>0.98</td></hilltop>	33,074,832	0.98
A/C>		
BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <ib au="" drp="" noms="" retailclient=""></ib>	26,910,133	0.80
ACCORD MBO PTY LTD <mbo a="" c="" fund="" super=""></mbo>	25,490,000	0.76
PIERCE ASIA PTY LTD	23,333,333	0.69
MR BILLY-JOE THOMAS	23,125,280	0.69
CLUB 7 SUPER FUND PTY LTD <club 7="" a="" c="" fund="" super=""></club>	22,000,000	0.65
MR VIGINIO VIGOLO + MRS SUSAN MICHELLE VIGOLO <vsv a="" c="" family=""></vsv>	20,128,750	0.60
	1,636,374,908	48.57

Distribution Schedules

A distribution of each class of equity security as at 1 August 2023:

Gully Paid Ordinary Shares

Range	Total holders	No. of shares	% Units
500,001 Over	641	3,078,033,949	91.37
250,001 to 500,000	349	132,475,907	3.93
10,001 to 250,000	1,867	156,140,571	4.63
5,001 to 10,000	147	1,232,258	0.04
1,001 to 5,000	289	775,054	0.02
1 to 1,000	313	146,731	0.00
	3,606	3,368,804,470	100.00

Unquoted Options

Range	Total holders	No. of Unquoted Options	% Units
100,001 and Over	140	411,665,711	99.37
10,001 to 100,000	12	2,620,000	0.63
5,001 to 10,000	0	0	0.00
1,001 to 5,000	0	0	0.00
1 to 1,000	0	0	0.00
	152	414,285,714	100.00

Mithril Resources Limited Shareholder information 30 June 2023

Unquoted Performance Rights

Range	Total holders	No. of Unquoted Options	% Units
100,001 and Over	1	33,333,333	100.00
10,001 to 100,000	0	0	0.00
5,001 to 10,000	0	0	0.00
1,001 to 5,000	0	0	0.00
1 to 1,000	0	0	0.00
	1	33,333,333	100.00

Substantial shareholders

The names of substantial shareholders and the number of shares to which each substantial shareholder and their associates have a relevant interest, as disclosed in substantial shareholding notices given to the Company, are set out below:

Substantial Shareholder	No. of shares	%
John Skeet	224,563,615	6.67
Stephen Layton	200,500,000	5.95
Garry Thomas	378,399,559	11.08

nmarketable Parcels

(→oldings less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares (being 2,747 at \$0.0015 per share as at 1 August 2023):

Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	Holders	No. of shares	% of issue shares
Holdings less than a marketable parcel	2,747	333,334	0.0015

Coting Rights

The voting rights attaching to fully paid ordinary shares are:

On a show of hands every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

Unquoted Options do not carry any voting rights.

Mithril Resources Limited Shareholder information 30 June 2023

Tenement information

Australian Interests:

Project	Tenement number	Interest owned %
Kurnalpi Area	E28/2506	100.00
Kurnalpi Area	E28/2567	100.00
Kurnalpi Area	E28/2682	100.00
Kurnalpi Area	E28/2760	100.00
Lignum Dam Area	E27/538	100.00 *
Lignum Dam Area	E27/582	100.00 *
Lignum Dam Area	E27/584	100.00 *
Murchison Area (Limestone Well)	E20/846	10.00
Murchison Area (Limestone Well)	E57/1069	10.00
West Kimberley Area	E04/2497	100.00 **
West Kimberley Area	E04/2503	100.00 **
West Kimberley Area	E80/5191	100.00 **

The Lignum Dam tenements are under an earn-in agreement with Great Boulder Resources. Great Boulder has completed exploration expenditures to earn 51% interest in the tenements although this interest is not yet formally registered.

**Decision taken to surrender these tenements in July 2023.

Mexican Operations:

Concession	Concession title number	Interest owned % *
LA SOLEDAD	52033	50.00
EL COMETA	164869	50.00
SAN MANUEL	165451	50.00
COPALQUIN	178014	50.00
EL SOL	236130	50.00
EL CORRAL	236131	50.00

^{*} Interest in the Copalquin Gold Silver Project in Durango, Mexico increased to 50% in July 2022. Mithril holds an exclusive option to purchase a 100% interest in the concessions by paying US\$10m on or anytime before 7 August 2026. Mithril has reached an agreement with the vendor for an extension of the payment date by a further 2 years (bringing the payment date to 7 August 2028) and is in the process of finalising documentation for this 2 year extension.