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Chairman's Message

Dear Shareholder,

AJUO BSM | MELSOLIA | OLIA

I am pleased to present the Annual Report of Dome Gold Mines Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022

The past year has seen further impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in disrupting lives and businesses. Until late 2021, international travel was severely restricted interrupting the normal course of business activity, particularly between Australia and Fiji. Fortunately, Dome was able to take strong steps forward toward the development of a sand mining project at Sigatoka and to advance exploration on its other special prospecting licences (SPL1451 and SPL1452) in Fiji.

During the previous financial year, Dome had completed resource update drilling at Sigatoka (see ASX release dated November 5, 2020 for details and JORC Table 1). The drilling programme concentrated on the Southern Kulukulu part of the Sigatoka resource area in advance of commencement of a Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS). Based on the Sigatoka drilling results obtained, Dome commissioned an update of the mineral resource estimate by its JORC 2012 resource consultants.

The total of classified (116.3MT) and unclassified (73.2MT) resources increased to 189.5 million tonnes. Very importantly at Kulukulu South a new indicated resource of 34 million tonnes with an average Heavy Mineral grade of 19.7% as well as an Inferred Resource of 0.61 million tonnes at 48.3% Heavy Minerals was defined. This is very significant as it this area of the deposit where mining is proposed to commence.

To obtain processing data needed for the DFS, as soon as internal travel restrictions were relaxed in September 2021, the Company proceeded with the collection and shipment of a 15-20 tonne bulk sample representative of the deposit from the Kulukulu south area. Bulk material bags containing the sample were placed into a 20-tonne shipping container for secure transport to the port of Brisbane. Large-scale pilot plant processing of the sample commenced in November 2021 at IHC Mining's metallurgical laboratory at Yatala, Queensland.

Pilot plant operation confirmed that simple washing, screening, heavy mineral separation and magnetic processing produced industry acceptable industrial sand and magnetite concentrate averaging 59.7% Fe, 6.6% TiO2 and 0.67% V2O5.

In conjunction with the pilot plant operation, Dome contracted Flagstaff PCM Pty Ltd, based at Spring Hill, Queensland to provide overall engineering management of the pilot plant program as well as a Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) on behalf of the Company. Based on competitive bidding and recommendations from Flagstaff, Dome has engaged successful bidders for all components of the DFS. These include the following main studies underway;

- 1) Plant Area Package DRA Pacific Pty Ltd
- 2) Geotechnical Investigations Entec Pte Limited
- 3) Mining Package AMC Consultants Pty Ltd
- 4) Environmental Impact Assessment Smith Geosciences Consultancy
- 5) Marketing Studies Stratum Resources
- 6) Marine Studies Royal Haskoning DHV
- 7) Financial Model Flagstaff PCM Pty Ltd

Work on all DFS packages is progressing well including several new areas of investigation required by the Fiji Government.

Chairman's Message

Although, during part of the financial year, access to Dome's other two SPLs was restricted by health regulations, Dome geologists were able to conduct field inspections and chip sampling of outcrop exposures of silicified porphyry and quartz diorite porphyry intrusives with disseminated pyrite and hematite oxidation after pyrite on SPL1452.

A total of nine rock chip grab samples were collected and submitted to ALS Laboratories for assay. Anomalous results for gold (Au), silver (Ag), copper (Cu), Zinc (Zn), Molybdenum (Mo) and Vanadium (V) are present that will require detailed follow-up (see ASX release Dated April 28, 2022 for details).

In June 2022, Dome entered into a Non-Disclosure Agreement with a major multi-national mining group. During July, senior geologists from the major company undertook field examinations of Dome's two hardrock SPLs in Fiji. The work involved site inspections, and collection of rock (9 samples), stream geochemical (5 samples) and examination and sampling of drill core (11 samples). If results warrant Dome may negotiate a joint venture exploration agreement with the major company.

The Dome Board has continued to function effectively throughout 2021-22 and I thank my fellow Directors, Mr Tadao Tsubata and Ms Sarah Harvey for their strong support.

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I sincerely thank our staff and contractors of Dome, who have continued to serve the company with loyalty and diligence under what often have been difficult circumstances. I also thank our shareholders whose investment, encouragement and patience are essential to our success.

In closing, Dome is the sole owner of three very valuable mineral assets in Fiji. I am confident that those assets will soon yield real returns to our shareholders. I look forward to a rewarding future as our trajectory toward development of a mining operation in Fiji is realised.

J. V. McCarthy Chairman

ILO DSU IBLOSI

DIRECTORS' DETAILS

The following persons were Directors of Dome during or since the end of the financial year.

Mr John V. McCarthy
Bachelor of Science (St. Francis Xavier University)
Member, Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy
Chairman
Independent Non-Executive Director
Director since 13 January 2021

Mr John V. McCarthy is a Geologist, with extensive knowledge and experience in the resources sector, built up over a career spanning 46 years in mineral exploration. He has worked in Canada, Southern Africa, Indonesia, Vietnam, Fiji and Australia and has previously held senior executive positions in junior exploration companies, both listed and unlisted.

Mr McCarthy worked for Dome initially as a consultant and later as CEO for eight years until May 2019, when he retired to pursue personal interests. During his earlier time with Dome, he took an active role in the listing of the Company on the ASX and its subsequent growth, including Dome's acquisition of Magma Mines Ltd, holder of the Sigatoka Iron Sands Project in Fiji (SPL1495).

Mr John V. McCarthy was appointed as an independent, non-executive Director of the Company on 13 January 2021, and assumed the role of non-executive Chairman from 1 February 2021.

Other current Directorships: None

Previous Directorships (last 3 years): None

Interests in shares: 260,000 shares Interests in options: 2,000,000

Mr Tadao Tsubata Bachelor of Arts in Economics (Kokushikan University, Tokyo)

Non-Executive Director Director since 8 July 2011

Mr Tadao Tsubata studied at Kokushikan University, Tokyo, in the Department of Politics and Economics, graduating in 1991 with a B.A. in Economics.

From 1991 to 1997, Tadao worked in corporate finance at a large Japanese securities company. From this role he moved to a major international life insurance and investment company where he was involved in retail offerings and distribution of the business in Japan.

Establishing his first business in life insurance distribution and agencies in 2001, this formed the basis of a new business being a Japanese focused asset management company.

In early 2010 the activities of both the insurance business and the asset management company grew to the extent that a private investment advisory firm was established to specifically target international investments in mining exploration, primary production and other growth industries. Tadao continues in the role of Chief Executive Officer of this business and its international operations including in Australia.

Other current Directorships: None

Previous Directorships (last 3 years): None Interests in shares: 52,010,893 shares

Interests in options: None

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

Ms Sarah Harvey
Bachelor of Arts (University of Adelaide)
Bachelor of Laws (University of Adelaide)
Master of Laws (College of Law, Sydney)

Certificate in Governance Practice (Governance Institute of Australia)

Independent Non-Executive Director

Chair of Audit Committee

Director from 27 July 2017 until 21 January 2021, reappointed on 24 September 2021

Ms Sarah Harvey is a solicitor and has worked for almost 20 years across multiple industries in both private practice and corporate environments. She specialises in providing board advice in strategic planning and review, due diligence, and risk compliance. She is also a nationally accredited mediator and Family Dispute Resolution Practitioner.

She holds a BA, LLB, Master of Law (In-house Practice), and Certificate in Governance Practice from the Governance Institute of Australia (GIA). She is a member of the Law Society of NSW and the Australian Disputes Resolution Association.

Ms Sarah Harvey resigned as a non-executive Director of the Company on 21 January 2021 and she was reappointed as a non-executive Director of the Company on 24 September 2021.

Other current Directorships: None

Previous Directorships (last 3 years): None Interests in shares: 23,342,625 shares Interests in options: 2,566,126 options

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr Marcelo Mora holds a Bachelor of Business degree and Graduate Diploma of Applied Corporate Governance. Mr Mora has been a Company Secretary and an accountant for more than 30 years and has experience in resources and mining companies both in Australia and internationally, providing financial reporting and company secretarial services to a range of publicly listed companies. Marcelo has been the Company Secretary since Dome was incorporated on 8 July 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group have been the continuing exploration and evaluation of its Projects in Fiji. No significant changes in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

Projects

Dome, through its wholly owned Fijian subsidiaries, Dome Mines Ltd and Magma Mines Ltd holds 100% of three Special Prospecting Licences (SPL) in Fiji, namely, SPL1495, the Sigatoka Iron and Industrial Sand Project, SPL1451, the Ono Island Gold Project and SPL1452, the Nadrau Gold-Copper Porphyry Project (see Figure 1 for locations).



Figure 1 – Dome Gold Mine's Fiji project location map

SPL 1495 Sigatoka Iron and Industrial Sand Heavy Mineral Project

- Special Prospecting Licence (SPL) 1495 was renewed for a further 3-year period on 27 April 2022 and will expire on 26 April 2025
- The tenement of 2,522.69 ha is located on the south coast of Viti Levu and covers the plains at the mouth of the Sigatoka River, the river itself and an area offshore
- It is Dome's most advanced project
- Pre-feasibility Study report completed early 2015
- A Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) had been started by IHC Robbins in December 2018 to support an application for a Mining Lease but was suspended in mid-2019 to accommodate completion of further drilling to upgrade the initial JORC 2012 resource estimates
- An Initial JORC 2012 resource estimate of 131.4 MT was published in October 2014 and an update of the resource estimate of an additional 52.7 MT was published on December 11, 2019
- A third update of the JORC 2012 resource estimate was published on 5 November 2020 that increased the total resource estimate to 189.5 MT¹, of which 73.2 MT at Kulukulu North is pending classification upon receiving land access to this portion of the resource
- Of significance the November 5th update reported a high grade Indicate Resource in the South Kulukulu area of 34 million tonnes containing 19.7% HM including 610,000 tonnes containing 48.3% HM
- A report by IHC Robbins on pilot plant scale metallurgical test programs on 3 x 850kg samples was completed in June 2019
- The pilot plant produced titano-magnetite with between 56.9 and 57.9% Fe, 6.5 and 6.6% Ti and 0.4% V by standard wet gravity methods
- Washed sand also produced in the pilot plant meets Australian Standards for construction sand based on independent engineering analyses
- A 15-20 tonne bulk sample representative of the Kulukulu South area was shipped and has undergone large scale pilot plant processing
- Results show that simple washing, screening, spiral heavy mineral separation and magnetic processes delivered industry acceptable sand and magnetite concentrate averaging 59.7% Fe, 6.6% TiO2 and 0.67% V2O5
- Flagstaff PCM Pty Ltd were engaged in November 2021 to provide overall management of the DFS program
- Qualified engineering and environmental consultants have been appointed and all parts of the DFS were underway during the June quarter of 2022

¹ see ASX release dated November 5, 2020 for JORC 2012 Table 1

Revised Mineral Resources on Sigatoka SPL1495

The total mineral resources at Sigatoka are now estimated at 189.5 million tonnes (MT) at 12.7% heavy minerals (HM), with a cut-off of 8% HM. This is made up of the following:

Kulukulu South:

A combined Indicated and Inferred Resource of 34.6 MT at an average grade of 20.2% Heavy Minerals and 12.9% Clay containing 7 MT of Heavy Minerals, which includes:

- An Indicated Resource of 34 MT at an average grade of 19.7% Heavy Minerals and 13.1% Clay containing 6.7 MT of Heavy Minerals of which 25% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.
- An Inferred Resource of 0.61 MT at an average grade of 48.3% Heavy Minerals and 4.2% Clay containing 295kt of Heavy Minerals of which 25% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.

Koroua Island:

An **Indicated Resource of 52.5 MT**, at an average grade of 13.2% Heavy Minerals and 13% Clay, containing 6.9 MT of Heavy Minerals of which 23% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.

Sigatoka River:

A combined Indicated and Inferred Resource of 29.4 MT at an average grade of 11.4% Heavy Minerals and 6.7% Clay containing 3.3 MT of Heavy Minerals, which includes:

- An **Indicated Resource of 23.9 MT** at an average grade of 11.5% Heavy Minerals and 6.6% Clay containing 2.8 MT of Heavy Minerals of which 15% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.
- An Inferred Resource of 5.3 MT at an average grade of 10.8% Heavy Minerals and 7.0% Clay containing 570,000 T of Heavy Minerals of which 14% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.

Kulukulu North:

The unclassified resource for the Kulukulu North area is now:

 A total of 73.2 MT at an average grade of 17.4% Heavy Minerals and 6.0% Clay containing 12.7 MT of Heavy Minerals of which 14.8% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.

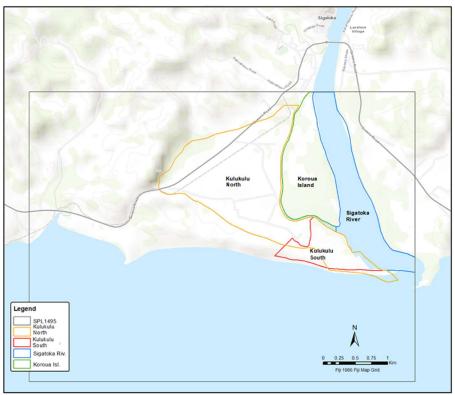


Figure 2 - Resource domains of the Sigatoka sand deposit

 Table 1: Comparative Sigatoka Project Resource Inventory, November 2020

DECOLIDEE	SUB CATECORY	PRE\	/IOUS	С	URRENT		DII	FFERENCE	
RESOURCE	SUB-CATEGORY	Inferred	Indicated	Unclassified	Inferred	Indicated	Unclassified	Inferred	Indicated
	Tonnes (Mt)	100.1							
Kulukulu	Average HM%	17%		Cul	adividad ir	ato Kulukui	lu North & Soเ	ı+h /2020)	
(2014)	HM tonnes (kt)	17,239		Sul	Julviueu II	ito Kulukul	u North & Sot	1111 (2020)	
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	2,637							
	Tonnes (Mt)			73.2			73.2	-	
Kulukulu	Average HM%			17%					
North	HM tonnes (kt)			12,708			12,708	-	
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)			1,885			1,885	-	
	Tonnes (Mt)				0.6	34.0		0.6	34.0
Kulukulu	Average HM%				48%	20%			
South	HM tonnes (kt)				295	6,710		295	6,710
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)				74	1,707		74	1,707
	Tonnes (Mt)	5.9	25.3		5.3	23.9		- 0.6	- 1.4
Sigatoka	Average HM%	11%	12%		11%	12%			
River	HM tonnes (kt)	631	2,923		570	2,755		- 61	- 168
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	91	443		81	416		- 10	- 27
	Tonnes (Mt)		52.7			52.5			- 0.2
Koroua	Average HM%		13%			13%			
Island	HM tonnes (kt)		6,981			6,935			- 46
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)		1,607	1,595					- 12
	Tonnes (Mt)	106.0	78.0	0 73.2 5.9 110.4 73.2 0.0					
TOTALS	Average HM%	17%	13%	17%	15%	15%			
IUIALS	HM tonnes (kt)	17,870	9,904	12,708	865	16,400	12,708	234	6,496
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	2,728	2,050	1,885	155	3,718	1,885	64	1,668

The newly identified relatively small but very high-grade resource at Kulukulu South (610,000 tonnes @ 48.3% HM) sits mostly above sea level (Figures 3 and 4). Its presence strongly supports Kulukulu South as being the ideal location to commence mining operations.

The next step to advance the Sigatoka Project was collection of a 15-20 tonne bulk sand sample that was shipped to Australia for pilot plant processing as part of the resumed DFS (see Figure 5).



Figure 3 - Kulukulu South area, showing location of cross-section in Figure 5

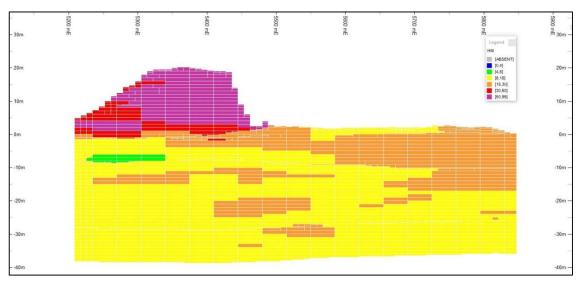


Figure 4 - Kulukulu South cross-section 9660mN, hot colours showing highest HM results.

Sigatoka Large Scale Pilot Plant Results



Figure 5 - Red star images mark approximate locations of bulk sample sites on an image of part of the Sigatoka deposit



Plate 1 - "Run of mine" bulk sample prepared for pilot plant processing

The 2019-2020 sonic drilling program focused on the southern part of the Inferred Kulukulu Resource (see Figure 3). This area was targeted by Dome as it contains higher grade heavy mineral mineralisation and is recommended as the starting point for sand mining, pursuant to recommendations of the Definitive Feasibility Study ("DFS").

Results of recent and earlier reconnaissance drilling by Dome at Kulukulu, indicate that the southern Kulukulu area contains abundant sand, which is both thick (greater than 30 m) and visually rich in magnetite (see Plate 1). This area was selected for collection of the 15-20 tonne bulk sample for large scale pilot plant processing to generate data required for process design and production of industrial sand and magnetite concentrate samples for marketing studies (see Figure 5 and Plates 2 and 3)



Plate 2 – Industrial sand from large scale pilot plant operation



Plate 3 – Magnetite concentrate from large scale pilot plant operation

The final report on the pilot plant processing of the bulk sample of sand from Sigatoka was issued by IHC Mining in June. The conclusions from the IHC report are as follows;

"... Sigatoka average grade DFS metallurgical test work sample processed readily through the DFS process presented herein. The process was simple, utilised standard mineral sands separation equipment and demonstrated process consistency and robustness.

Ultimately, a Magnetite Product containing 59.7% Fe was produced from the average grade DFS metallurgical test work sample, with an overall mass yield of 11.8%. This represented a target magnetite/titano-magnetite mineral recovery of 83.2% (QEMSCAN) or 86.9% (magnetic fractionation).

A tailings stream, representing a further 54.6% mass yield, was identified to be suitable for construction sand applications including fine concentrate aggregate, graded asphalt aggregate and unbound pavement.

Additionally, the Dome Gold magnetic fractionation method has again been proven to be an inexpensive, fast and effective method for estimating magnetite/titano magnetite grade and recovery."

The report concluded based on the test results that a simple sand washing process flowsheet will produce:

1. Titano-magnetite concentrate; and

2. Construction sand and gravel products that comply with Australian standards.

Dome has filled and restored the bulk sample holes and there are no further rehabilitation obligations as at the reporting date.

Sigatoka Project Definitive Feasibility Study Update

During the December quarter, Dome reported that the Company had engaged Flagstaff PCM Pty Ltd (Flagstaff) to oversee, coordinate and manage the IHC pilot plant and DFS programs. Based on competitive bidding and recommendations from Flagstaff, Dome through its wholly owned subsidiary, Magma Mines Pte Ltd has engaged successful bidders for all components of the DFS. These include the following main studies now underway;

- 1) Plant Area Package DRA Pacific Pty Ltd
- 2) Geotechnical Investigations Entec Pte Limited
- 3) Mining Package AMC Consultants Pty Ltd
- 4) Environmental Impact Assessment Smith Geosciences Consultancy
- 5) Marketing Studies Stratum Resources
- Marine Studies Royal Haskoning DHV
- 7) Financial Model Flagstaff PCM Pty Ltd

Work on all of the DFS packages is progressing well including several new areas of investigation recently required by the Fiji Government.

SPL 1451 Ono Island Project

- SPL1451 was renewed for a three-year period on 25 June 2020.
- This tenement of 3,028ha on Ono Island, the eastern most island of the Kadavu Group, covers a number of hydrothermally altered and mineralised areas and caldera/volcanic centres.
- Two high sulphidation epithermal gold-silver targets and possible deeper porphyry copper-gold exploration targets (Naqara East and Naqara West) have been identified by geological mapping.
- The prospect is spatially associated with shoshonitic volcanic centres that appear similar in alteration style, geological formation and metal geochemical anomalism to the Lepanto gold-copper deposit in the Philippines. Induced Polarisation (IP) arrays were completed in October 2016, identifying anomalies that justified testing.
- A 7-hole exploration diamond drill program commenced in March 2018 and was completed in early July 2018 for a total of 2276m of drilling. Inspection of drill core showed strong sulphide mineralised zones coincident with the Induced Polarisation conductive anomalies, confirming the veracity of the IP interpretations.
- Further review of all data and 3-D modelling of exploration results to date will be undertaken before proceeding with the next phase of drilling.

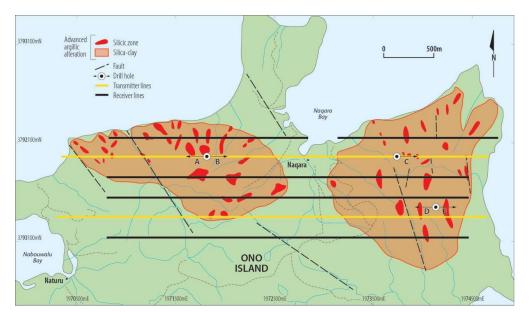
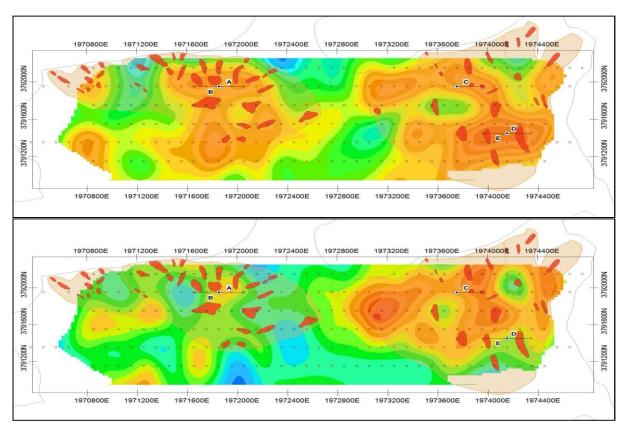


Figure 6 – Naqara East and West Prospects on Ono Island showing the extent of hydrothermal alteration, pole-diploe Induced Polarisation (IP) survey lines and nominal drill sites

Prior to undertaking exploration diamond drilling, an offset pole-dipole IP survey involving 4 arrays, 2 over each prospect (see Figure 6) was completed. Transmitter electrodes were placed along a central cut line at 100m intervals with 3 to 4 additional electrodes at the end of each receiver line for totals of between 31 and 32 points per array. Receiver electrodes were placed at 100m intervals along the two survey lines either side of the transmitter line (34 points).



Figures 7 & 8 – Plots of the chargeability (top) and resistivity responses at an apparent depth of 250m with the outline of the argillic (hatch) and silicification (red) superimposed as well as locations recommended for exploration drilling.

Two 32 channel IP receivers were used to take 3 to 4 readings at each electrode. Figures 7 & 8 are compilations of surface alteration and the processed IP data for the East and West Naqara prospects. The area had previously been covered by soil sampling and geological mapping campaigns that identified locations of intense argillic alteration and zones of silicification and anomalous geochemistry.

The offset pole-dipole survey has been successful in assisting with location of an initial exploration drilling program on Ono Island, one of the few remaining untested epithermal targets along the so-called "Rim of Fire" in the SW Pacific.

The Company completed an initial diamond drilling program on 3 July 2018 for a total of 2276 m. The drilling program tested several epithermal gold targets at two prospects on the Ono Island (Naqara East and Naqara West). Five drill holes were initially proposed (Targets A to E), and another two targets (F and G) were added during the drilling program.

Seven diamond holes (ONODDH001 to 7) were drilled to test the Naqara East and Naqara West prospects. A drill hole location map is included as Figure 9. Table 2 presents the GPS collar coordinates and other relevant details for each hole completed in the program.

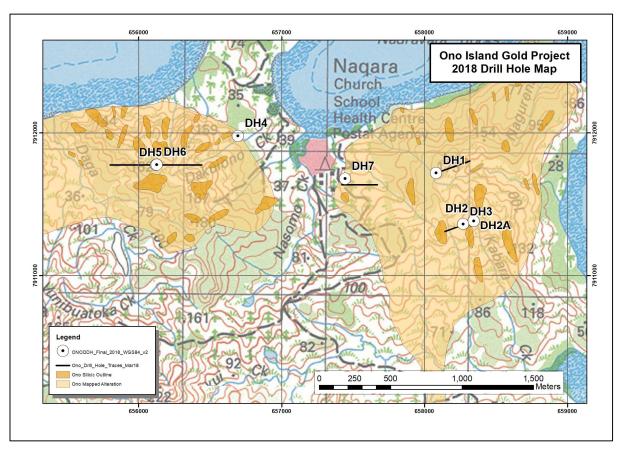


Figure 9 - Exploration drill hole location map of the Nagara East and Nagara West prospects

The drilling was problematical at times due to the high degree of fracturing and hydrothermal clay alteration causing some holes to collapse. Cementing was carried out to secure the holes in areas of poor ground conditions and reach deeper levels.

Hole	Site	Collar East WGS84	Collar Nth WGS84	Collar RL (m)	Azimuth (Mag)	Azimuth (Grid)	Dip	Depth (m)	Total Samples
ONODDH001	С	658082	7911718	175	57	70	-60	431.55	215
ONODDH002	E	658343	7911380	218	237	250	-65	131.6	0
ONODDH002A	E	658345	7911382	218	237	250	-66	117.5	11
ONODDH003	E Alt	658270	7911359	182	347	0	-90	548.8	169
ONODDH004	G	656695	7911979	48	237	250	-60	350.5	59
ONODDH005	В	656121	7911774	163	257	270	-60	151.1	58
ONODDH006	Α	656127	7911777	160	77	90	-70	251.3	69
ONODDH007	F	657444	7911679	35	77	90	-70	293.7	159
TOTAL								2276.1	740

Table 1 - Details of exploration diamond drill holes completed on Ono Island

Holes were designed to test the strongest IP chargeability anomalies at depth (see Figure 10). These IP chargeability anomalies lie directly below IP resistivity anomalies (see Figure 11).

Drill hole ONODDH001 returned wide zones of clay-magnetite alteration with zones of sulphide mineralisation up to 5% in places (dominantly pyrite) within the host andesitic volcanic rocks. Drill hole ONODDH007 also returned zones of clay alteration within andesitic host rocks, with zones of stronger sulphide mineralisation up to 7% in places (dominantly pyrite).

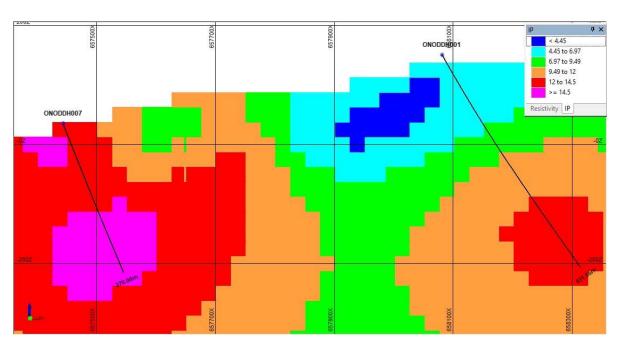


Figure 10 – IP chargeability cross-section, section showing the trace of drill holes ONODDH001 and 7. These holes tested the high chargeability anomalies (red/purple zones) in the lower part of the hole.

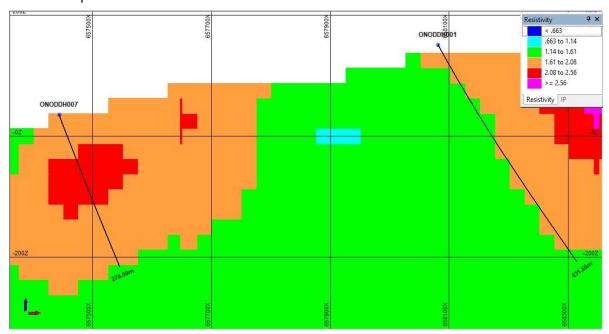


Figure 11 - IP resistivity cross-section, section showing the trace of drill holes ONODDH001 and 7.

Directors' Report

A photo below in Plate 4 shows typical sulphide-bearing rock in drill core from ONODDH007 (from 225.7m depth). The presence of sulphide in the lower part of holes ONODDH001 and 7 explains the IP chargeability responses. This provides Dome with a high degree of confidence that the IP geophysical technique has worked well and is able to detect zones of sulphide mineralisation at depth.



Plate 4 – Altered and mineralized volcanic host rock with up to 7% metallic sulphide in drill hole ONODDH007, HQ core from 225.7 m depth - Ono Island Project, Fiji

Assays for all holes ONODDH001 to ONODDH007 were carried out by ALS Laboratories. Drill hole ONODDH001 (Naqara East), returned anomalous copper assays (to 0.3% Cu) and anomalous molybdenum assays (to 0.2% Mo). The best Mo intercept is 5.05 m @ 0.0643% (643 ppm Mo), from 323 to 328.05 m. This intercept comprises 5 contiguous one metre samples ranging from 110 ppm to 2040 ppm Mo.

The gold-silver assay results are slightly anomalous within areas of strong alteration and sulphide mineralisation, but are well below economic levels, with maximum assay values of 0.036 g/t Au and 3.6 g/t Ag. The elevated Cu and Mo and weakly anomalous Au and Ag indicates a metal-bearing epithermal system is present at Nagara, and that further exploration drilling could define gold mineralisation nearby.

In summary, a large sulphide-bearing system weakly anomalous in several metals has been defined at Naqara prospect on Ono Island, SPL 1451. This system has many similarities to other Pacific Rim gold-copper deposits. The strong epithermal alteration, sulphide mineralisation, elevated Cu-Mo and weakly anomalous Au-Ag in drill core samples is encouraging. Additional systematic drilling is recommended to discover anomalous gold zones within these large sulphide bodies.

In June 2022, Dome has entered into a Non-Disclosure Agreement with a major multi-national mining group who have expressed an interest in examining Dome's Ono Island project in Fiji. The work involved site inspections, and collection of rock samples), and examination and sampling of drill core (11 samples). If results warrant Dome may negotiate a joint venture exploration agreement with the major company to accelerate exploration of SPL1451.

Rehabilitation, Community Work and Safety

A comprehensive rehabilitation program was completed as part of the Ono Island drill program. Access track preparation was carried out by a 12 tonne Hitachi excavator mobilised from Suva. Pre-existing historical tracks through the Pine Forests were re-established (total of 2812 m), and new tracks to the drill pads were also constructed (total of 2967 m).

Many of these access roads were left open at the end of the program as they will help Naqara Village to remove pine logs to the sawmill in the village.

The excavator and several casual workers from Naqara were used to carry out rehabilitation on all drill pads and along drill tracks. The sumps were filled back in and all rubbish was removed after drilling. The collar for each hole was capped with a cement block, with the hole name labelled into the cement.

Pine trees and grasses were planted on the drill pads and access tracks areas. Two weeks were spent completing the rehabilitation work associated with the program. Just one week after planting, the pine trees and grasses had already started growing back.

Compensation payments for land disturbance were paid directly to the Landowners, Lease Holders and Lands Department. The Pine assessment fees were paid to Forestry Department in Nausori. Community projects were also supported by Dome during the drilling program including:

- Completion of the new Nagara school dormitory
- Demolish old school building
- Clearing house pads

- · Digging rubbish dumps and toilet sumps
- Deepening Nagara creek and repairing the seawall at the shoreline

The drilling program was completed safely without any lost-time incidents. Prior to departure the villages on Ono were visited to let the local people know that this phase of the exploration program had concluded and to thank them for their assistance and cooperation.

SPL 1452 Nadrau Project

- SPL 1452 has expired on 25 August 2022. An application to renew SPL1452 for a further 3-year period was submitted to the Mineral Resources Department with an estimated commitment of \$800,000 on 26 August 2022, the expiry date of the current licence. While the renewal application is being processed the licence remains in force.
- The tenement area of 33,213ha is located on Fiji's main island, Viti Levu and adjacent to the world class Namosi Porphyry copper-gold Project that reportedly contains 2.1 billion tonnes grading 0.37% Copper (Cu) and 0.12g/t Gold (Au).
- The Dome tenement contains two large copper-gold-silver ionic leach geochemical anomalies (Namoli and Wainivau prospects) interpreted to be related to intrusive centres that are as yet largely untested by drilling.
- Geological mapping and rock chip sampling have discovered porphyry intrusive complexes at both the Namoli and Wainivau Prospects with alteration, mineralisation and vein types typical of mineralised systems.
- Copper-magnetite bearing veins have been discovered in outcrop at the Wainivau prospect.
- The eastern section of the tenement is the large Wainivalau Intrusive Complex that has yet to be investigated for porphyry copper-gold systems analogous to those at Namosi-Wasoi to the south.

Dome announced in July 2014 that its geologists had discovered outcropping copper mineralisation during exploration field work at the Wainivau Prospect, part of the Nadrau Porphyry Copper-Gold Project on Fiji's main island of Viti Levu. Dome found the copper minerals (malachite and chalcopyrite)

associated with magnetite and pyrite in veinlets within outcropping and hydrothermally altered porphyry intrusive rocks. The veins and their geological setting are interpreted to be typical of the roof of a mineralised porphyry system.

During the July to September 2018 quarter, Dome carried out work on its Nadrau Copper-Gold Project on Viti Levu, Fiji. The Nadrau Project includes two key prospects, Namoli and Wainivau, which are highly prospective for large-scale porphyry copper-gold mineralisation.

The Namoli and Wainivau prospects lie within SPL 1452, located adjacent to the very large undeveloped Namosi porphyry copper-gold resource, held by Newcrest, which contains 8 million ounces of gold and 8.6 million tonnes of contained copper metal based on published JORC 2012 resource estimates. Namosi is a giant undeveloped copper-gold resource that is currently in the Prefeasibility Stage. A location map showing the regional geological setting of SPL 1452, the Namoli and Wainivau prospects, and their proximity to Newcrest's Namosi project, is included on Figure 13.

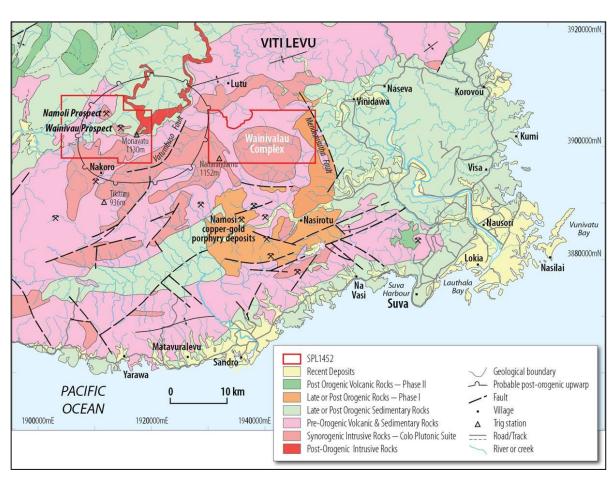


Figure 12 - Map showing the location of SPL1452 and the Namoli-Wainivau prospects and its proximity to the large Namosi Cu-Au deposit majority owned and managed by Newcrest.

The following work was completed on the Nadrau Project:

- Field trips to Namoli-Wainivau prospects to review the geology, alteration and mineralisation at surface and map bush track access points.
- Continued compilation of previous exploration data over Namoli and Wainivau, completed by Amoco, CRA and Placer Dome between 1974 and 1994.

Amoco carried out significant exploration programs at Namoli-Wainivau in the mid-1970s, including collection of stream sediment samples, rock chip samples, ridge and spur samples, channel sampling,

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Directors' Report

ground magnetics, IP and diamond drilling (5 holes). Dome has been aware of this historical work for some years, but a decision was made recently to digitally capture this data into a comprehensive GIS database, to assist with new interpretations and anomaly targeting.

An Amoco IP survey included 25 lines at 200m spacing over an area of approximately 3.5 square km. Several IP anomalies were defined. However, only 2 the 6 IP targets defined by Amoco were drill tested by Amoco. Furthermore, some of the IP anomalies continue to the edge of the survey boundary, particularly in the north and are likely to extend further north. New IP surveys would be required to test the true extents of these IP anomalies.

The Amoco drilling program consisted of 5 diamond drill holes for a total of 1168m. The drilling returned anomalous copper mineralisation associated with sulphide mineralisation in most of the holes. Drill core assays were recorded up to 1740ppm Cu, with wide zones of low-grade copper in some holes (e.g. hole SFA-74-1 returned 48.2m @ 475ppm Cu).

Higher-grade copper mineralisation could occur at depth below this relatively shallow drilling program or could be associated with one of the other untested IP anomalies nearby.

CRA carried out regional exploration work in the Namoli-Wainivau area during 1989-1992. The CRA reports held on file at the MRD Library in Suva (SPL1325) were reviewed by Dome personnel. The CRA work included rock chip sampling around Namoli-Wainivau, with the best sample returning 1.1g/t Au near Korolevu village (siliceous breccia gossanous float). Another 6 rock chip samples range from 0.1 to 0.32ppm Au.

Placer Dome also carried out regional exploration work in the Namoli-Wainivau during 1993-94. The Placer report was reviewed at the MRD Library in Suva (SPL1356). Placer collected stream sediment BLEG samples and -80# stream sediment samples at Namoli-Wainivau. Placer's highest stream sediment BLEG gold assay returned 11ppb Au, and the highest-80# stream sediment assay was 58ppb Au. The highest Placer rock chip gold assay was 0.277g/t Au, taken at the Wainivau Prospect.

Placer geologists concluded that Namoli-Wainivau includes a very large copper-gold (Cu-Au) geochemical anomaly, approximately 60 square km in area, and that the area is very prospective for porphyry Cu-Au deposits similar to Namosi. Placer also noted as had Dome geologists that Amoco's drilling in 1975, did not adequately test the best soil and IP anomalies, and that their 5 drill holes are largely outside the main Cu geochemical soil anomaly. Placer did not complete any further work after 1994.

A field geological program to Namoli-Wainivau was conducted by Dome geologists. A total of 46 Stream Sediment Samples and 8 rock chip samples were collected over a period of 6 days.

The stream sediment gold and copper plots are shown below on Figures 14 and 15 and they highlight the anomalous gold-copper in the area around Wainivau that also extends to the NW of Wainivau towards Namoli. This trend is broadly coincident with a mapped NW-trending zone of iron-oxide breccia observed in the field.

Rock chip samples collected by Dome around Wainivau-Namoli returned weakly anomalous copper assays up to 157ppm and gold assays up to 0.022g/t Au. The iron in these samples is significant (up to 14.5% Fe).

This stream sediment data acquired by the Company are consistent with the historical copper-gold geochemical data from Amoco, CRA, and Placer therefore increasing confidence in the historical data.

The data shows very encouraging signs that a Cu-Au porphyry system similar to Namosi has potential to be discovered in the Namoli-Wainivau area. In addition, the exploration GIS dataset provides significant new insights into this project and new geological targets.

Dome's own geochemical surveys using modern laboratories and analytical techniques have verified the historical results.

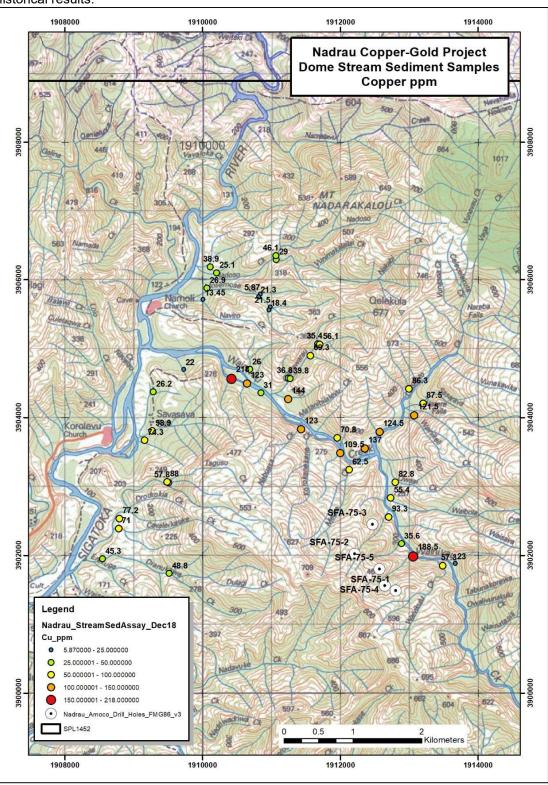


Figure 13 - Map showing the stream sediment copper assay results from Namoli-Wainivau prospect.

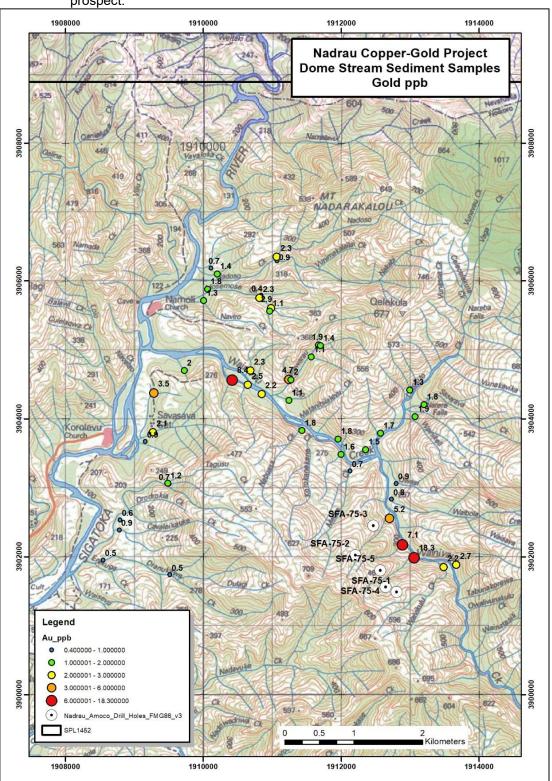


Figure 14 - Map showing the stream sediment gold assay results from Namoli-Wainivau prospect.

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As reported in the December 2021 quarterly report, in November 2021, local villagers reported to the Company that an area of mineralisation had been exposed during road upgrades in an area within SPL1452.

Dome geologists undertook a field inspection and chip sampled outcrop exposures of silicified porphyry and quartz diorite porphyry intrusives containing disseminated pyrite and hematite oxidation after pyrite (see Plate 5).

A total of nine rock chip grab samples were collected and submitted to ALS Laboratories for assay. Below, Table 2 presents analytical results for gold (Au), silver (Ag), copper (Cu), Zinc (Zn), Molybdenum (Mo) and Vanadium (V). The results that are anomalous (red font) are worthy of follow-up surveys as they may be indicative of a mineralised porphyry intrusive.

Table 2 (Source: ALS Certificate of Analysis BR22037428)

Sample No.	Au (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Cu (ppm)	Zn (ppm)	Mo (ppm)	V (ppm)
101311	< 0.005	<0.5	2	5	<1	2
101312	< 0.005	< 0.5	5	34	1	121
101313	0.009	< 0.5	45	87	3	160
101314	0.022	1.2	171	256	20	31
101315	0.059	0.6	643	227	1	14
101316	< 0.005	< 0.5	131	37	2	228
101317	0.008	< 0.5	869	37	3	132
101318	< 0.005	< 0.5	118	1005	1	58
101319	< 0.005	0.7	341	348	1	62

Analytical Methods: For gold – Au -AA24; Other elements – ME-ICP61 **Note:** See JORC 2012 Table 1 in ASX release dated 29 January 2022



Figure 15 – Satellite image showing GPS locations of nine rock chip grab samples collected from outcrops on SPL1452 (Scale 1cm = approx. 100m)

Dome in June entered into a Non-Disclosure Agreement with a major multi-national mining group who expressed an interest in examining Dome's two hardrock projects in Fiji. The work involved site inspection of SPL1452, and collection of rock (9 samples) and stream geochemical (5 samples) by senior geologists of the major company. If results warrant Dome may negotiate a joint venture exploration agreement to accelerate exploration of prospects already identified on SPL1452.

Implications of Covid-19 Pandemic

The pandemic has disrupted international travel and the normal course of business activity world-wide has been impacted. Virus outbreaks in Fiji and parts of Australia prevented or delayed field activities. During this period, some of the key Dome staff worked from home while planning the collection and shipment of the large bulk sample from Sigatoka proceeded uninterrupted and was completed in September 2021 as soon as health restrictions in Fiji were lifted.

Much of 2021-22 was focused on completion of the DFS following the final upgrade of the JORC 2012 mineral resource estimate announced in November 2020. Collection and shipment the bulk sample to the IHC Mining pilot plant facility in Queensland saw the large scale pilot plant processing to commence during the December quarter of 2021. At the same time Flagstaff engineering consultants were appointed to oversee the pilot plant program and manage all aspects of the DFS. In the first half of 2022, engineering, environmental and marketing experts had commenced work on the DFS.

In Sydney and Fiji, the Company observed the recommended protocols, including suspension of international and domestic travel. In Sydney the office, Dome staff worked as usual most of the months throughout the year. Since December 2021, most travel restrictions were removed and the Company has returned to normal operations in Australia and Fiji.

Impact of Climate Change

There is no apparent immediate impact of climate change that negatively impacts upon the Company's Fiji projects. Going forward, Dome will seek to employ low to zero emission energy sources for its exploration, mining and mineral processing activities that will meet or exceed requirements of the Fiji Government.

Mineral Resources Statement - Attachment A

This resource estimate was prepared by independent resource consultants and issued in a report entitled "Sigatoka Iron Sand Project, Resource Estimate Report" dated October 2020 and as announced to the market in ASX releases dated 5 November 2020.

Table 1: Comparative Sigatoka Project JORC 2012 Resource Inventory, November 2020

DECOLIDEE	CUD CATECORY	PRE\	/IOUS	C	URRENT		DII	FFERENCE		
RESOURCE	SUB-CATEGORY	Inferred	Indicated	Unclassified	Unclassified Inferred Indicated Unclassified Inferred Ir					
	Tonnes (Mt)	100.1								
Kulukulu	Average HM%	17%		C k	dividad ir	ato Kulukui	ใน North & Soเ	ı+h (2020)		
(2014)	HM tonnes (kt)	17,239		Sul	iaiviaea ii	ito Kulukul	u North & Sot	1111 (2020)		
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	2,637								
	Tonnes (Mt)			73.2			73.2	-		
Kulukulu	Average HM%			17%						
North	HM tonnes (kt)			12,708			12,708	-		
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)			1,885			1,885	-		
	Tonnes (Mt)				0.6	34.0		0.6	34.0	
Kulukulu	Average HM%				48%	20%				
South	HM tonnes (kt)				295	6,710		295	6,710	
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)				74	1,707		74	1,707	
	Tonnes (Mt)	5.9	25.3		5.3	23.9		- 0.6	- 1.4	
Sigatoka	Average HM%	11%	12%		11%	12%				
River	HM tonnes (kt)	631	2,923		570	2,755		- 61	- 168	
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	91	443		81	416		- 10	- 27	
	Tonnes (Mt)		52.7			52.5			- 0.2	
Koroua	Average HM%		13%			13%				
Island	HM tonnes (kt)		6,981			6,935			- 46	
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)		1,607	1,595					- 12	
	Tonnes (Mt)	106.0	78.0	3.0 73.2 5.9 110.4 73.2 0.0					32.4	
TOTALS	Average HM%	17%	13%	17%	15%	15%				
IUIALS	HM tonnes (kt)	17,870	9,904	12,708	865	16,400	12,708	234	6,496	
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	2,728	2,050	1,885	155	3,718	1,885	64	1,668	

Resource comparison 2021 to 2022

The company's most recent resource estimate was reported on 5 November 2020 and no update to this resource estimate has been made, and hence no material change has occurred since its original publication.

Governance Arrangements

Dome's management and Board of Directors include individuals with many years' work experience in the mineral exploration and mining industry who monitor all exploration programs and oversee the preparation of reports on behalf of the Company by independent consultants. The exploration data is produced by or under the direct supervision of qualified geoscientists. In the case of drill hole data half core samples are preserved for future studies and quality assurance and quality control. The Company uses only accredited laboratories for analysis of samples and records the information in electronic databases that are automatically backed up for storage and retrieval purposes.

Statement of Compliance

The information in this Annual Report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by John V McCarthy. Mr McCarthy is the non-executive Chairman of the Company and a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activities which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr McCarthy, through his family Superfund, holds shares in the Company and is paid fixed directors fees for his services. He consents to the inclusion in this Annual Report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources is based on information compiled by Mr Richard Stockwell, a Competent Person who is a fellow of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Stockwell is a Director of Placer Consulting Pty Ltd. Mr Stockwell has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration at the Sigatoka project and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Stockwell has a beneficial interest as a shareholder of Dome Gold Mines Ltd and consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the Directors, significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the year ended 30 June 2022 were as follows:

Issue of share capital

For the year ended 30 June 2022, Dome has raised \$8,745,380 by private placements. The funds were used for exploration, general working capital and loan repayment. Details of share issues are as follows:

- On 15 July 2021 the Company completed a placement of 3,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$600,000.
- On 18 August 2021 the Company completed a placement of 9,706,900 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$1,941,380.
- On 13 September 2021 the Company completed a placement of 1,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$200,000.
- On 18 October 2021 the Company completed a placement of 1,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$200,000.
- On 6 December 2021 the Company completed a placement of 1,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$200,000.
- On 31 December 2021 the Company completed a placement of 15,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$3,000,000.
- On 20 April 2022 the Company completed a placement of 12,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$2,500,000.
- On 29 June 2022 the Company completed a placement of 520,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$104,000.

Issue of unlisted options

• On 15 July 2021 the Company issued 6,000,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.10 each and expiring on 15 July 2024.

- On 18 August 2021 the Company issued 1,706,900 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.10 each and expiring on 18 August 2024.
- On 13 September 2021 the Company issued 1,000,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.10 each and expiring on 13 September 2024.
- On 24 November 2021 the Company issued 2,000,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.20 each and expiring on 24 November 2023.
- On 24 November 2021 the Company issued 18,706,900 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.10 each and expiring on 24 November 2024.
- On 26 November 2021 the Company issued 2,000,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.10 each and expiring on 26 November 2024.
- On 6 December 2021 the Company issued 2,000,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.10 each and expiring on 6 December 2024.
- On 31 December 2021 the Company issued 30,000,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.10 each and expiring on 31 December 2024.
- On 20 April 2022 the Company issued 31,250,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.10 each and expiring on 20 April 2025.
- On 29 June 2022 the Company issued 520,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.10 each and expiring on 29 June 2025.

Expiration of unlisted options

- On 11 July 2021, 1,250,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 24 July 2021, 375,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 26 July 2021, 1,250,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 16 August 2021, 9,725,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 1 November 2021, 3,457,807 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 10 December 2021, 400,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 31 January 2022, 650,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 31 March 2022, 960,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.

DIVIDENDS

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No dividends were declared or paid during the financial year (2021: \$nil).

EVENTS ARISING SINCE THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the end of the financial year:

Renewal of SPL1452

An application to renew SPL1452 for a further 3-year period was submitted to the Mineral Resources Department on 26 August 2022, the expiry date of the current licence. While the renewal application is being processed the licence remains in force. The remaining commitment of \$1,075,306 lapsed on the renewal date of 26 August 2022. The renewal application included an estimated commitment of \$800,000.

Sigatoka Iron and Industrial Sand Heavy Mineral Project

From 1 July 2022, the Group entered into the following agreements for the Definitive Feasibility Study of Sigatoka Iron Sand Project.

Company	Scope of work	Estimated contract value \$
Flagstaff PCM Pty Ltd	DFS project management	A\$998,000
AMC Consultants Pty Ltd	Mine planning	A\$128,390
DRA Pacific Pty Ltd	Process and non-process packages	A\$1,115,320
Haskoning Australia Pty Ltd	Marine study	A\$86,110
Smith Geoscience Consultancy	Environmental Impact Assessment	F\$610,863
(Fiji)		

Bank Guarantees to MRD

Bank guarantees of \$143,582 have been provided to MRD since the end of the financial year. Bonds for all tenements are up to date as at the reporting date.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS, BUSINESS STRATEGIES AND PROSPECTS

The Group will continue to explore and evaluate the Company's exploration projects with the aim of identifying potential mineral resources and will continue to seek and assess new opportunities in the Fiji mineral sector with the objective of adding significant shareholder value to Dome.

The Directors are unable to comment on the likely results from the Group's planned exploration activities due to the speculative nature of such activities.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of Directors' Meetings (including meetings of Committees of Directors) held during the year, and the number of meetings attended by each Director is as follows:

	BOARD N	IEETINGS	AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS*		
Director	Entitled to attend	Attended	Entitled to attend	Attended	
John V McCarthy	3	3	-	-	
Tadao Tsubata	3	2	-	-	
Sarah E Harvey (appointed on 24 September 2021)	3	3	-	-	

^{*}Audit Committee discontinued since the end of January 2021 and the Board took over the responsibilities to oversee the financial reports.

Directors' Report

UNISSUED SHARES UNDER OPTION

Unissued ordinary shares of Dome under option as at 30 June 2022 were as follows:

Number of options	Exerc	ise price	Expiry date
3,150,000	\$	0.17	24 July 2023
2,700,000	\$	0.10	31 December 2022
900,000	\$	0.10	2 March 2023
270,000	\$	0.10	2 March 2024
2,566,126	\$	0.10	15 March 2024
4,200,000	\$	0.10	10 June 2024
8,200,000	\$	0.10	30 June 2024
6,000,000	\$	0.10	15 July 2024
1,706,900	\$	0.10	18 August 2024
1,000,000	\$	0.10	13 September 2024
2,000,000	\$	0.20	24 November 2023
18,706,900	\$	0.10	24 November 2024
2,000,000	\$	0.10	26 November 2024
2,000,000	\$	0.10	6 December 2024
30,000,000	\$	0.10	31 December 2024
31,250,000	\$	0.10	20 April 2025
520,000	\$	0.10	29 June 2025

The names of persons who currently hold options are entered in the register of options kept by the Company pursuant to the *Corporations Act 2011*. This register may be inspected free of charge.

All options expired on the expiry date. The persons entitled to exercise the options did not have, by virtue of the options, the right to participate in the share issue of any other body corporate.

SHARES ISSUED AS A RESULT OF EXERCISE

During or since the end of the financial year, the Company did not issue ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of options.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The Directors of Dome Gold Mines Ltd (the 'Group') present the Remuneration Report for non-executive Directors, executive Directors, and other Key Management Personnel, prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The Remuneration Report is set out under the following main headings:

- a. principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration;
- b. details of remuneration;
- c. share-based remuneration; and
- d. other information.

a. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Key management personnel have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. Key management personnel comprise the Directors of the Company and the non-executives. No other employees have been deemed to be key management personnel.

The remuneration policy of Directors and senior executives is to ensure the remuneration package properly reflects the persons' duties and responsibilities, and that remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality. The Board is responsible for reviewing its own performance. The evaluation process is designed to assess the Group's business performance, whether long term strategic objectives are being achieved, and the achievement of individual performance objectives.

Remuneration includes a base salary and superannuation that is set with reference to the market.

Fees to non-executive Directors reflect the demands which are made on, and the responsibilities of, the Directors. Non-executive remuneration comprises only directors' fees. Directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Board. The Board has also drawn on external sources of information to ensure non-executive Directors' fees and payments are appropriate and in line with the market. The remuneration disclosed below represents the cost to the Group for services provided under these arrangements.

No Directors or senior executives received performance related remuneration.

There were no remuneration consultants used by the Company during the year ended 30 June 2022, or in the prior year.

Vote and comments made at the Company's last Annual General Meeting

The Remuneration Report of Dome Gold Mines Ltd for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 was approved by shareholders on a show of hands at the Company's Annual General Meeting.

Consequences of performance on shareholder wealth

In considering the Group's performance and benefits for shareholder wealth, the Board has regard to the following indices in respect of the current financial year and the previous four (4) financial years:

Item	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
EPS (cents)	(0.60)	(0.75)	(0.70)	(0.65)	(0.66)
Dividends (cents per share)	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss (\$)	(1,989,393)	(2,238,036)	(2,003,468)	(1,770,486)	(1,704,321)
Share price (\$)	0.27	0.15	0.20	0.20	0.14

The Board considers that these indices do not have any impact on the Group's performance.

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Directors' Report

b. Details of remuneration

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of the remuneration of key management personnel of the Group are shown in the table below:

Key Management P	ersonnel Re	emuneration							
		Short te	rm employee b	enefits	Post-employment benefits	Share-based payments			
	Year	Cash salary and fees \$	Other fees	Accrued fees	Superannuation \$	Fair value of options	Total \$	Proportion of remuneration performance related %	Value of options as a proportion of remuneration
John McCarthy	2022	96,000	6,075	-	-	160,287	262,362	-	-
(Chairman)	2021	45,935	-	-	-	-	45,935	-	-
Tadao Tsubata	2022	66,000	-	-	=	-	66,000	-	-
(Director)	2021	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000	-	-
Sarah Harvey	2022	51,000	-	-	-	-	51,000	-	-
(Director)*	2021	35,000	-	-	-	-	35,000	-	-
Garry Lowder	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Director)**	2021	58,448	-	-	5,552	-	64,000	-	-
2022 Total	2022	213,000	6,075	-	-	160,287	379,362	-	-
2021 Total	2021	199,383	-	-	5,552	-	204,935	-	-

No other bonuses or performance related compensation payments were paid during the current year to Directors or executives. The Group employed no other key management personnel.

No shares were granted to key management personnel as compensation during the year ended 30 June 2022.

Other fees represented consulting fees for consulting services provided.

^{*} Sarah Harvey was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Company on 24 September 2021.

^{**}Garry Lowder retired from the Dome Board on 28 February 2021.

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

c. Share-based remuneration

All options refer to options over ordinary shares of the Company, which are exercisable on a one-forone basis under the terms of the agreement.

Options were granted to Directors as part of their remuneration during the year ended 30 June 2022. Options were granted for no consideration. Options granted carry no dividends or voting rights when exercised. Details of options granted are set out in the table below.

Director	John McCarthy
Number granted	2,000,000
Grant date	24/11/2021
Value per option at grant date	\$0.0801
Value of options at grant date	\$160,287
Number vested	2,000,000
Exercise price	\$0.20
Vesting and first exercise date	24/11/2021
Last exercise date	24/11/2023

The options were provided at no cost to the recipient. All options expire on their expiry date.

There were no options over ordinary shares of the Company exercised, forfeited or lapsed which are related to Directors' or key management personnel's remuneration during the year ended 30 June 2022. No terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions have been altered or modified by the issuing entity during the 2022 financial year.

d. Other information

Options held by key management personnel

The number of options to acquire shares in the Company during the 2022 reporting period held by each of the Group's Key Management Personnel of the Group, including their related parties, is set out below.

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022										
	Balance at start of year	Granted as remuneration	Received on exercise	Other changes	Held at the end of reporting period					
John McCarthy	-	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000					
Tadao Tsubata	-	-	-	-	-					
Sarah Harvev	-	-	-	2.566.126*	2.566.126					

^{*}Sarah Harvey held 2,566,126 options at the date of appointment (24 September 2021).

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

Shares held by key management personnel

The number of ordinary shares in the Company during the 2022 reporting period held by each of the Group's Key Management Personnel of the Group, including their related parties, is set out below.

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022						
	Balance at start of year	Granted as remuneration	Received on exercise	Other changes	Held at the end of reporting period	
John McCarthy	260,000	-	-	-	260,000	
Tadao Tsubata	52,342,393	-	-	(331,500)	52,010,893	
Sarah Harvey	-	-	-	23,342,625*	23,342,625	

^{*}Sarah Harvey held 23,342,625 shares at the date of appointment (24 September 2021).

Note: None of the shares included in the table above are held nominally by key management personnel.

Service Agreements for Directors and key management personnel

Directors are engaged under contracts. Their remuneration is not fixed and fluctuates in line with the financial situation of the Company. The terms of their engagement are unspecified, and there is no period of notice of termination.

Directors' and Officers' Interests and Benefits

As at the date of this report, the direct and indirect interests of the Directors and officers in the securities of the Company are as follows:

	Options	Ordinary Shares
John McCarthy	2,000,000	260,000
Tadao Tsubata	-	52,010,893
Sarah Harvey	2,566,126	23,342,625

Note that no shares or options have been resolved to be issued by way of short term and long-term incentives to Directors.

Equity based remuneration following the end of the reporting period and up to the date of this report

There is no proposal to issue shares to Directors as part of their remuneration.

End of audited remuneration report.

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISLATION

The Group is subject to state, federal and international environmental legislation. The Group has complied with its environmental obligations and no environmental breaches have been notified by any Government agency to the date of this Directors' Report and the Directors do not anticipate any obstacles in complying with the legislation.

INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE OF OFFICERS AND AUDITORS

During the year, Dome paid a premium to insure officers of the Group. The officers of the Group covered by the insurance policy include all Directors.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Group, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings, other than where such liabilities arise out of conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else to cause detriment to the Group.

Details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of insurance policies are not disclosed as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

The Group has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify any current or former officer or auditor of the Group against a liability incurred as such by an officer or auditor.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

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During the year, Grant Thornton, the Company's auditors, performed no other services in addition to their statutory audit duties.

The Board may consider to employing the auditor on assignments in addition to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Group are important provided the auditor is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company to ensure they do not impact upon the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the non-audit services do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Details of the amounts paid to the auditors of the Company, Grant Thornton, and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in Note 18 to the Financial Statements.

PROCEEDINGS OF BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under s307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is included on page 35 of this financial report and forms part of this Directors' Report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

J. V. McCarthy Chairman

Sydney, 29 September 2022



Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Level 17 383 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000 Locked Bag Q800 Queen Victoria Building NSW

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Auditor's Independence Declaration

To the Directors of Dome Gold Mines Limited

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, as lead auditor for the audit of Dome Gold Mines Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- b no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd

Chartered Accountants

C F Farley

Partner - Audit & Assurance

Sydney, 29 September 2022

www.grantthornton.com.au ACN-130 913 594

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Corporate Governance Statement

The Board is committed to maintaining the highest standards of Corporate Governance. Corporate Governance is about having a set of core values and behaviours that underpin the Company's activities and ensure transparency, fair dealing and protection of the interests of stakeholders. The Company has reviewed its corporate governance practices against the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th edition) published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

The 2022 corporate governance statement is dated 29 September 2022 and reflects the corporate governance practices throughout the 2022 financial year. The board approved the 2022 corporate governance on 29 September 2022. A description of the Company's current corporate governance practices is set out in the Company's corporate governance statement, which can be viewed at http://www.equusmining.com/corporate-governance/.

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	\$	\$
Other income	4	1,710_	52,457
Employee benefits expenses (including directors fees)		(461,907)	(613,380)
Other expenses	5	(1,355,431)	(1,149,825)
Operating loss		(1,815,628)	(1,710,748)
Depreciation		(6,651)	(149,219)
Finance costs	6	(11,930)	(95,329)
Share based payments	28	(160,287)	-
Gain on foreign exchange		5,103	333
Loss on debt settlement			(283,073)
Loss before income tax expense		(1,989,393)	(2,238,036)
Income tax expense	7	-	-
Loss for the year		(1,989,393)	(2,238,036)
Other comprehensive income for the year Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange difference on translating foreign controlled entities		92,297	(215,274)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(1,897,096)	(2,453,310)
Earnings per share Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share)	8	(0.60)	(0.75)
basis and anatod loss per snare (cents per snare)	J	(0.00)	(0.70)

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	4,131,270	200,568
Trade and other receivables	10	48,851	53,614
Other assets	11	57,483	46,569
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		4,237,604	300,751
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	12	70,920	35,380
Right-of-use assets	13	22,387	-
Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure	14	33,919,537	32,619,597
Other assets	11	100,736	97,959
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		34,113,580	32,752,936
TOTAL ASSETS		38,351,184	33,053,687
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	13	22,662	-
Trade and other payables	15	404,327	278,454
Provisions		12,938	12,082
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		439,927	290,536
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	16		899,454
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			899,454
TOTAL LIABILITIES		439,927	1,189,990
NET ASSETS		37,911,257	31,863,697
EQUITY			
Issued capital	17	48,809,155	47,261,940
Foreign currency translation reserve		241,957	149,660
Share-based payment reserve		7,498,662	1,534,772
Accumulated losses		(18,638,517)	(17,082,675)
TOTAL EQUITY		37,911,257	31,863,697

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2022

		Issued capital \$	Foreign currency translation reserve \$	Share- based payment reserve \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
	Balance at 1 July 2020	45,980,034	364,934	103,439	(14,948,078)	31,500,329
	Transaction with owners					
	Ordinary shares issued	2,766,904	-	-	-	2,766,904
	Transaction costs on issue of shares Share-based payments – equity	(233,299)	-	-	-	(233,299)
	transaction costs (note 28) Share-based payments – loan	(1,251,699)	-	1,251,699	-	-
26	conversion Transfer between expiry of share	-	-	283,073	-	283,073
W _E	options	-	-	(103,439)	103,439	
	Total transactions with owners	1,281,906	-	1,431,333	103,439	2,816,678
	Other comprehensive income	-	(215,274)	-	-	(215,274)
	Loss for the year	-	-	-	(2,238,036)	(2,238,036)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(215,274)		(2,238,036)	(2,453,310)	
	Balance at 30 June 2021	47,261,940	149,660	1,534,772	(17,082,675)	31,863,697
1 1	/ -			4 4	(47,000,075)	31,863,697
	Balance at 1 July 2021	47,261,940	149,660	1,534,772	(17,082,675)	31,003,031
	Transaction with owners	47,261,940	149,660	1,534,772	(17,082,675)	31,003,097
	•	47,261,940 8,745,380	149,660 -	1,534,772	(17,082,675)	8,745,380
	Transaction with owners Ordinary shares issued Transaction costs on issue of shares	, ,	149,660 - -	1,534,772 - -	(17,082,675) - -	
	Transaction with owners Ordinary shares issued	8,745,380	149,660 - - -	1,534,772 - - 6,237,154	(17,082,675) - - -	8,745,380
	Transaction with owners Ordinary shares issued Transaction costs on issue of shares Share-based payments – equity transaction costs (note 28) Employee share-based payments	8,745,380 (961,011)	149,660 - - -	- -	(17,082,675) - - -	8,745,380
	Transaction with owners Ordinary shares issued Transaction costs on issue of shares Share-based payments – equity transaction costs (note 28)	8,745,380 (961,011)	149,660 - - - -	- - 6,237,154	(17, 082,675) 433,551	8,745,380 (961,011)
	Transaction with owners Ordinary shares issued Transaction costs on issue of shares Share-based payments – equity transaction costs (note 28) Employee share-based payments Transfer between expiry of share	8,745,380 (961,011)	149,660 - - - - -	- 6,237,154 160,287	- - -	8,745,380 (961,011)
	Transaction with owners Ordinary shares issued Transaction costs on issue of shares Share-based payments – equity transaction costs (note 28) Employee share-based payments Transfer between expiry of share options	8,745,380 (961,011) (6,237,154)	149,660 - - - - - 92,297	- 6,237,154 160,287 (433,551)	- - - - 433,551	8,745,380 (961,011) - 160,287
	Transaction with owners Ordinary shares issued Transaction costs on issue of shares Share-based payments – equity transaction costs (note 28) Employee share-based payments Transfer between expiry of share options Total transactions with owners Other comprehensive income Loss for the year	8,745,380 (961,011) (6,237,154)	- - - - -	- 6,237,154 160,287 (433,551)	- - - - 433,551	8,745,380 (961,011) - 160,287 - 7,944,656
	Transaction with owners Ordinary shares issued Transaction costs on issue of shares Share-based payments – equity transaction costs (note 28) Employee share-based payments Transfer between expiry of share options Total transactions with owners Other comprehensive income	8,745,380 (961,011) (6,237,154)	- - - - -	- 6,237,154 160,287 (433,551)	- - - 433,551 433,551	8,745,380 (961,011) - 160,287 - 7,944,656 92,297

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		1,638	2,317
Cash received from government grant / other income		-	63,570
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(1,836,565)	(1,907,375)
Interest paid		(11,930)	(5,445)
Other tax received/(paid)	_	3,591	(37,921)
Net cash used in operating activities	18	(1,843,266)	(1,884,854)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash paid on deposit/advance payment		(1,029)	(8,764)
Cash paid on other investment activities		-	(2,157)
Cash received on release of bond/deposit		-	693
Cash received on disposal of property, plant & equipment		-	500
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		(60,170)	(542)
Exploration cost payments capitalised	-	(880,837)	(164,703)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(942,036)	(174,973)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of share capital, net of costs		7,620,217	2,247,657
Proceeds from borrowings		-	81,500
Repayment of lease liabilities		(5,322)-	(82,119)
Repayment of borrowings	-	(899,453)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	-	6,715,442	2,247,038
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		3,930,140	187,211
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		200,568	13,642
Exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents	-	562	(285)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	9	4,131,270	200,568
you	<i>9</i>	7,101,210	200,300

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Financial Report includes the consolidated financial statements and notes of Dome Gold Mines Ltd and controlled entities ('Group').

1 GENERAL INFORMATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The consolidated general purpose financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards results in full compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The Group is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 September 2022.

Dome Gold Mines Limited is the Group's ultimate parent company. Dome Gold Mines Ltd is a public company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in Australia on 8 July 2011. The registered office is Level 46, 680 George Street, Sydney 2000.

Dome Gold Mines Ltd is the parent company with 100% ownership of:

- Magma Mines Pty Ltd;
- Dome Mines Pte Ltd (a company limited by shares incorporated in Fiji); and
- Magma Mines Pte Ltd (a company limited by shares incorporated in Fiji).

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year have been the continuing exploration and evaluation of the following projects in Fiji:

SPL1451 Ono Island,

- SPL1452 Nadrau; and
- SPL1495 Sigatoka Ironsands.

2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 New and revised standards that are effective and adopted by the Group

The Group has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period. Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Overall considerations

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarised below.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the measurement bases specified by Australian Accounting Standards for each type of asset, liability, income and expense. The measurement bases are more fully described in the accounting policies below.

3.2 Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the parent company and all of its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 30 June 2022. The parent controls a subsidiary if it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its investment with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary.

All transactions and balances between Group companies are eliminated on consolidation, including unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies. Where unrealised losses on intragroup asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from a group perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Profit or loss and other comprehensive income of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are recognised from the effective date of acquisition, or up to the effective date of disposal, as applicable.

3.3 Business combination

The Group applies the acquisition method in accounting for business combinations. The consideration transferred by the Group to obtain control of a subsidiary is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group, which includes the fair value of any asset or liability arising from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group recognises identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination regardless of whether they have been previously recognised in the acquiree's financial statements prior to the acquisition. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed are generally measured at their acquisition-date fair values.

Goodwill is stated after separate recognition of identifiable intangible assets. It is calculated as the excess of the sum of (a) fair value of consideration transferred, (b) the recognised amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and (c) acquisition-date fair value of any existing equity interest in the acquiree, over the acquisition-date fair values of identifiable net assets. If the fair values of identifiable net assets exceed the sum calculated above, the excess amount (i.e. gain on a bargain purchase) is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

3.4 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.5 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars (AUD), which is also the functional currency of the parent company.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective Group entity, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate). Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-measurement of monetary items at period end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the date of the transactions), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value which are translated using the change rates at the date when fair value was determined.

Foreign operations

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In the Group's financial statements, all assets, liabilities and transactions of Group entities with a functional currency other than the AUD are translated into AUD upon consolidation. The functional currency of the entities in the Group has remained unchanged during the reporting period.

On consolidation, assets and liabilities have been translated into AUD at the closing rate at the reporting date. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity have been treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated into AUD at the closing rate. Income and expenses have been translated into AUD at the average rate over the reporting period. Exchange differences are charged/credited to other comprehensive income and recognised in the currency translation reserve in equity. On disposal of a foreign operation the cumulative translation differences recognised in equity are reclassified to profit or loss and recognised as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

3.6 Segment Reporting

Determination and presentation of operating segments

The Group determines and presents operating segments based on the information that is provided internally to the management.

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are regularly reviewed by the Group's management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the management include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets (primarily the Company's headquarter), head office expenses, and income tax assets and liabilities.

Segment capital expenditure is the total costs incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets other than goodwill.

3.7 Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation costs, including the costs of acquiring licences, are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets on an area of interest basis.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.7 Exploration and evaluation expenditure (Continued)

Exploration and evaluation assets are only recognised if the rights of the area of interest are current and either:

- the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a
 reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves and active
 and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability and facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. For the purposes of impairment testing, exploration and evaluation assets are allocated to cash generating units to which the exploration activity relates. The cash generating unit shall not be larger than the area of interest.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified from exploration and evaluation expenditure to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

3.8 Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment and computer equipment

Plant and equipment (comprising fittings and furniture) and computer equipment are initially recognised at acquisition cost or manufacturing cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Group's management.

Plant and equipment and computer equipment are measured on the cost basis less subsequent depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is recognised on a straight-line basis to write down the cost over the assets' estimated useful lives to the Group commencing from the time the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates and useful lives used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of fixed asset	Useful Lives	Depreciation basis
Exploration computer equipment	2.5-4.2 years	Prime cost
Exploration furniture and fittings	3-8.3 years	Prime cost
Exploration plant and equipment	2.5-8.3 years	Prime cost
Office equipment	2-20 years	Prime cost

Gains or losses arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in profit or loss within other income or other expenses.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.9 Income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to be applied when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with interests in subsidiaries and the timing of the reversal can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to settle simultaneously.

3.10 Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group currently does not have any revenue. The SPL licenses of the Group only permit the Group to carry out exploration activities. Once the Group reaches the production phase, revenue will be recognised using the 5-step process:

- 1 Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2 Identifying the performance obligations
- 3 Determining the transaction price
- 4 Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5 Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

The total transaction price for a contract is allocated amongst the various performance obligations based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. The transaction price for a contract excludes any amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised against the asset released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the related asset as a reduced depreciation charge.

3.12 Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised exclusive of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian or Fiji Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

3.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

3.14 Financial instruments

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with AASB 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

Financial assets, other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments, are classified into the following categories:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

In the periods presented the corporation does not have any financial assets categorised as FVOCI. The classification is determined by both:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial asset
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, finance income or other financial items, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within other expenses.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.14 Financial instruments (Continued)

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets that are held within a different business model other than 'hold to collect' or 'hold to collect and sell' are categorised at fair value through profit and loss. Further, irrespective of business model financial assets whose contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest are accounted for at FVTPL. All derivative financial instruments fall into this category.

Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

Impairment of financial assets

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AASB 9's impairment requirements use more forward-looking information to recognise expected credit losses – the 'expected credit loss (ECL) model'. This replaced AASB 139's 'incurred loss model'. Instruments within the scope of the new requirements included loans and other debt-type financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI, trade receivables, contract assets recognised and measured under AASB 15 and loan commitments and some financial guarantee contracts (for the issuer) that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Recognition of credit losses is no longer dependent on the Group first identifying a credit loss event. Instead the Group considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

- financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ('Stage 1') and
- financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ('Stage 2').

'Stage 3' would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

'12-month expected credit losses' are recognised for the first category while 'lifetime expected credit losses' are recognised for the second category.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.14 Financial instruments (continued)

Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss (other than derivative financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedging instruments).

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, changes in an instrument's fair value that are reported in profit or loss are included within finance costs or finance income.

3.15 Significant accounting judgments and key estimates

The preparation of financial reports requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factor, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes would differ from these estimates if different assumptions were used and different conditions existed.

In particular, the Group has identified the following areas where significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are required, and where actual results were to differ, may materially affect the financial position or financial results reported in future periods.

(i) Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic

Judgement has been exercised in considering the impacts that the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic has had, or may have, on the Group based on known information. This consideration extends to the nature of the products and services offered, customers, supply chain, staffing and geographic regions in which the Group operates. The potential impact has been detailed on page 23 of Directors' Report.

(ii) Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on the Group's current understanding of the tax law. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the carrying amounts, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.15 Significant accounting judgments and key estimates (Continued)

(iii) Exploration and evaluation expenditure (Note 14)

All capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure (\$33,919,537 on 30 June 2022) (2021: \$32,619,597) has been capitalised on the basis that:

- Expenditure relates to:
 - acquisition of rights to explore; or
 - topographical or geological costs; or
 - drilling and/or trenching; or
 - sampling and assaying; or
 - feasibility studies; or
 - Indirect costs associated with above mentioned costs
- the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a
 reasonable assessment of the existence or other wise of economically recoverable reserves and active
 and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.
- The renewal of exploration licences is expected to be a routine process up until such a point as the
 entity is able to apply for a mining licence. As at the date of approval of the consolidated financial
 statements, all licences have been renewed and are up to date.
- (iv) Going concern (Note 3.16)

3.16 Going concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The Group has incurred a trading loss of \$1,989,393 (2021: \$2,238,036), used \$2,847,586 (2021: \$2,049,557) of net cash in operations including payments for exploration during the year ended 30 June 2022, and has a cash balance of \$4,131,270 at 30 June 2022 (2021: \$200,568), and current assets exceed current liabilities by \$3,797,677 (2021: \$10,215). While the Group cash position has improved, given the Group is going ahead with the DFS of SPL1495 as well as other exploration work, the ongoing operation of the Group remains dependent upon:

- the Group raising additional funding from shareholders or other parties; and/or
- the Group reducing expenditure in-line with available funding:
- extension of the borrowing facilities.

The directors confirm the Group is solvent as at the reporting date. Furthermore, there exists facilities of \$4,460,000 which are unused as at the reporting date. \$960,000 of the loan facilities have been extended to 31 December 2022, and \$3,500,000 of the loan facilities have been extended to 31 December 2024 as at the reporting date. The Directors have prepared cash flow projections that support the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. These cash flow projections assume the Group obtains sufficient additional funding from shareholders or other parties. If such funding is not achieved, the Group plans to reduce expenditures significantly.

In the event that the Group does not obtain additional funding and/or reduce expenditure in-line with available funding, a material uncertainty would exist pertinent to the going concern assumption it may not be able to continue its operations and therefore may not be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the ordinary course of operations and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.17 Impairment testing of non-financial assets

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. All other individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the assets' or cash-generating unit's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable interest rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The data used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Group's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect management's assessment of respective risk profiles, such as market and asset-specific risks factors.

With the exception of goodwill, all assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognised may no longer exist. An impairment charge is reversed if the cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

3.18 Equity and reserves

Share capital represents the fair value of shares that have been issued. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share capital, net of any related income tax benefits.

Other components of equity include the following:

- Foreign currency translation reserve comprises foreign currency translation differences arising on the translation of financial statements of the Group's foreign entities into AUD; and
- Share-based payment reserve comprises fair value of options granted to the Company's Directors and contractor, the issue of options in lieu of services provided as part of equity transactions, and the issue of options to extinguish debt; and
- Retained earnings include all current and prior period retained losses.

3.19 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are benefits, other than termination benefits, that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve (12) months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. Examples of such benefits include wages and salaries, non-monetary benefits and accumulating sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's liabilities for annual leave are included in other long-term benefits as they are not expected to be settled wholly within twelve (12) months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. The expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the timing of the estimated future cash outflows. Any re-measurements arising from experience adjustments and changes in assumptions are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.19 Employee benefits (Continued)

The Group presents employee benefit obligations as current liabilities in the statement of financial position if the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve (12) months after the reporting period, irrespective of when the actual settlement is expected to take place.

3.20 Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the Group expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The Group has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

3.21 Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

3.22 Share-based payments

The Group operates equity-settled share-based payments for its directors, contractors and brokers in exchange for the rendering of services. Equity-settled share-based payments were also provided for a loan settlement. None of the Group's plans feature any options for a cash settlement.

All compensation or goods and services received in exchange for the grant of any share-based payment are measured at their fair values. Where the Company's Directors, contractors and brokers are rewarded using share-based payments, the fair values are determined indirectly by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. This fair value is appraised at the grant date and excludes the impact of non-market vesting conditions (for example profitability and sales growth targets and performance conditions).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.22 Share-based payments (Continued)

The cost of equity-settled share-based payments provided for directors' remuneration or loan settlement is ultimately recognised as an expense in profit or loss with a corresponding credit to share-based payment reserve. If vesting periods or other vesting conditions apply, the expense is allocated over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of share options expected to vest.

The cost of equity-settled share-based payments provided for brokers rendering fund raising services is recognised as issue costs under equity with a corresponding credit to share-based payment reserve. If vesting periods or other vesting conditions apply, the expense is allocated over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of share options expected to vest.

Upon exercise of share options, the proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to share capital.

4 OTHER INCOME	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Interest income	1,710	2,457
Government grant – cash boost	<u> </u>	50,000
Total other income	1,710	52,457
5 OTHER EXPENSES		
Consultant expenses	967,197	787,117
Loss on disposal of property, plant & equipment	-	8,874
Office expenses	237,908	285,560
Other expenses	57,926	30,774
Short-term lease expenses	92,400	37,500
Total other expenses	1,355,431	1,149,825
6 FINANCE COSTS		
Interest expenses for borrowings at amortised cost		
- Related party	424	43,619
- Third party	11,506	46,264
Interest on lease liabilities	-	3,757
Other	-	1,689
	11,930	95,329

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

7 INCOME TAX	2022 \$	2021
(a) Income tax expense/(benefit)	Ψ	\$
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax		
(b) Reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable:		
Loss before tax	(1,989,393)	(2,238,036)
Prima facie income tax benefit at the Australian tax rate of 25% (2021: 26%)	(497,348)	(581,889)
Increase/(decrease) in income tax expense due to:		
Assessable income/ non-deductible expenses	44,369	115,487
Tax loss not recognised	445,936	507,339
Effect of net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) not recognised	6,451	(41,957)
Impact of overseas tax differential	592	1,020
Income tax expense/(benefit)	-	- 1,020
(c) Unrecognised deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax balances have not been recognised in respect of the following items:		
Tax loss	4,145,786	3,884,363
Other deferred tax assets	18,766	14,027
Deferred tax liability in relation to exploration costs	(1,140,649)	(1,082,452)
Net deferred tax assets not recognised	3,023,903	2,815,938
8 LOSS PER SHARE	-,,	, , , , , , , ,
0 LOSS PER SHARE		
Basic and diluted loss per share have been calculated using:		
Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	(1,989,393)	(2,238,036)
	No of S	<u>hares</u>
Weighted average number of shares at the end of the year used in basic and diluted loss per share	329,706,352	296,707,395
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)	(0.60)	(0.75)

As the Group is loss making, none of the potentially dilutive securities are currently dilutive.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand, cash at bank and short term deposits at call, net of any outstanding bank overdraft, if any. Cash at the end of the year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows

Ozah at hamb	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash at bank	4,131,270	200,568
Total cash and cash equivalents	4,131,270	200,568
10 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Other receivables	26	26
Other tax receivables	48,825	53,588
Total trade and other receivables	48,851	53,614
11 OTHER ASSETS		
Current		
Bond deposit	7,500	7,500
Prepayments	49,983	39,069
Total other current assets	57,483	46,569
Non-current		
Bond deposit (refer to note below)	97,698	94,974
Other	3,038	2,985
Total other non-current assets	100,736	97,959

Bond deposits are held as security against tenements held by the Group. These are restricted until exploration licenses are relinquished or transferred to a separate license.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	2022 \$	2021 \$
Exploration computer equipment		
At cost	6,159	5,620
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is	(4.592)	(4.740)
capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(4,583)	(4,749) 871
Total exploration computer equipment	1,576	671
Exploration furniture and fittings		
At cost	13,501	14,080
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is	(40.004)	(40.550)
capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(12,904)	(12,552)
Total exploration furniture and fittings	597	1,528
Exploration plant and equipment		
At cost	549,049	494,340
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(486,260)	(472,663)
Total exploration plant and equipment	62,789	21,677
rotal exploration plant and equipment	02,709	21,077
Office equipment		
At cost	52,952	51,647
Less accumulated depreciation	(46,994)	(40,343)
Total office equipment	5,958	11,304
Total	70,920	35,380

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Movements in carrying amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Exploration computer equipment	Exploration furniture and fittings	Exploration plant and equipment	Office equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gross carrying amount					
Balance at 1 July 2020	6,373	14,669	514,513	63,571	599,126
Additions	-	-	-	542	542
Disposals	(562)	-	-	(12,466)	(13,028)
Net exchange difference	(191)	(589)	(20,173)		(20,953)
Balance at 30 June 2021	5,620	14,080	494,340	51,647	565,687
Depreciation and impairment					
Balance at 1 July 2020	(3,965)	(11,857)	(454,644)	(32,822)	(503,288)
Depreciation	(1,450)	(1,172)	(35,784)	(10,612)	(49,018)
Disposals	562	-	-	3,091	3,653
Net exchange difference	104	477	17,765		18,346
Balance at 30 June 2021	(4,749)	(12,552)	(472,663)	(40,343)	(530,307)
Carrying amount as at 30 June 2021	871	1,528	21,677	11,304	35,380

	Exploration computer equipment	Exploration furniture and fittings	Exploration plant and equipment	Office equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gross carrying amount					
Balance at 1 July 2021	5,620	14,080	494,340	51,647	565,687
Additions	1,433	-	68,629	1,305	71,367
Disposals	(966)	(830)	(22,519)	-	(24,315)
Net exchange difference	72	251	8,599	-	8,922
Balance at 30 June 2022	6,159	13,501	549,049	52,952	621,661
Depreciation and impairment					
Balance at 1 July 2021	(4,749)	(12,552)	(472,663)	(40,343)	(530,307)
Depreciation	(745)	(959)	(19,003)	(6,651)	(27,358)
Disposals	966	830	13,620	-	15,416
Net exchange difference	(55)	(223)	(8,214)	-	(8,492)
Balance at 30 June 2022	(4,583)	(12,904)	(486,260)	(46,994)	(550,741)
Carrying amount as at 30 June 2022	1,576	597	62,789	5,958	70,920

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

13 LEASES

The Group entered a long-term operating lease commitment of office lease in Fiji on 1 April 2022. The lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability.

The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities recognised on the balance sheet.

Right-of-use assets	No of right- of-use assets leased	Remaining lease term	No of leases with extension options	No of leases with options to purchase	No of leases with variable payments linked to an index	No of leases with termination options	
Office	1	12 months	_	_	_	_	

The Group has a short-term operating lease commitment of office lease in Australia, expiring within one month. The Group elects to apply the recognition exemptions of AASB 16 to the lease and recognises lease payments as an expense on a straight-line basis.

The Group had a short-term office lease in Fiji prior to April 2022. The lease expired during the year ended 30 June 2022, and the lease payments were recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis.

Right-of-use Assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- · any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Right-of-use assets are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

	2022 \$	Consolidated 2021 \$
Non-current assets		
Right-of-use assets	27,984	-
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(5,597)	
	22,387	

As at the reporting date, the consolidated entity has one leased office premise under operating leases expiring in one year, with in certain instances options to extend. On renewal, the terms of the lease are renegotiated.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

13 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Consolidated		\$
Balance at 30 June 2021		-
Additions		27,984
Other adjustment of depreciation capitalised	_	(5,597)
Balance at 30 June 2022	-	22,387
	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Right-of-use assets		
Office	22,387	
Total right-of-use assets	22,387	-

Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the entity's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group uses recent arm's length borrowing rate received as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since borrowing was received, making adjustments specific to the lease (e.g. term, country, currency and security).

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Lease liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

Current	22,662	-
Non-current		
Total lease liabilities	22,662	

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

13 LEASES (CONTINUED)

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. Future minimum lease payments at 30 June 2022 were as follows:

	Minimum lease payments due		
	Within one year	One to two years	Total
30 June 2022	\$	\$	\$
Lease payments	23,711	-	23,711
Finance charges	(1,049)	-	(1,049)
Net present value	22,662	-	22,662
30 June 2021			
Lease payments	-	-	-
Finance charges	_		<u>-</u>
Net present value	<u> </u>	-	-

Additional profit or loss and cash flow information

Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:

	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Depreciation*	-	138,607
Interest expenses on lease*	-	3,757
Short-term lease expenses	92,400	37,500
Amounts recognised in the statement of cash flows:		
Repayment of lease liabilities	5,322-	82,119
Interest paid	-	3,757
Short-term lease payments	92,700	45,000
Amount recognised as part of exploration cost payments capitalised	9,497	13,608
Total cash outflow in respect of leases in the year	107,519	144,484

^{*}Depreciation of \$5,597 and Interest of \$606 on lease were capitalised as at 30 June 2022.

14 CAPITALISED EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE

	·
Balance at 1 July 2020	32,585,436
Expenditure capitalised during the year	34,161
Balance at 30 June 2021	32,619,597
Balance at 1 July 2021	32,619,597
Expenditure capitalised during the year	1,299,940
Balance at 30 June 2022	33,919,537

The Directors have considered the requirements of AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources including requirements pertinent to impairment indicators for each area of interest. Based on this review, the Directors have confirmed that there are no indicators of impairment for each area of interest as at 30 June 2022.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2022 \$	2021 \$
282,757	215,019
115,120	44,685
6,450	18,750
404,327	278,454
-	-
-	-
-	899,454
-	899,454
	\$ 282,757 115,120 6,450

The Company has one loan facility with related party and two loan facilities with third parties as at the reporting date.

The outstanding loan payable on the first third party loan facility as at 30 June 2022 is Nil (2021: \$153,958). The agreed interest rate on this unsecured loan is 10%. The facility is not secured. The facility available is \$160,000 and extended to 31 December 2022 prior to the reporting period.

The outstanding loan payable to the second third party loan facility as at 30 June 2022 is Nil (2021: \$745,496). The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 10%. The facility is not secured. The facility available is \$800,000 and extended to 31 December 2022 prior to the reporting period.

There is no outstanding loan payable on the related party facility as at 30 June 2022 (2021: Nil). The total facility of the Company with this related party is \$3,500,000 as at 30 June 2022. The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 5%. The facility is not secured. The facility has been extended to 31 December 2024 during the reporting period.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

17 ISSUED CAPITAL 2022		202	1	
	Shares	\$	Shares	\$
Ordinary shares fully paid	350,104,136	48,809,155	306,377,236	47,261,940
Movements in ordinary share ca	apital			
Ordinary shares			No. of shares	\$
Balance at 1 July 2020			291,488,952	45,980,034
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 24 July 2020 at \$0).17	3,150,000	535,500
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 2 November 2020	at \$0.15	272,158	40,824
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 31 December 202	0 at \$0.20	1,800,000	360,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 2 March 2021 at \$	0.20	900,000	180,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 15 March 2021 at	\$0.16	2,566,126	410,580
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 10 June 2021 at \$	0.20	2,100,000	420,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 30 June 2021 at \$	0.20	4,100,000	820,000
Less costs of issue			-	(1,484,998)
Balance at 30 June 2021			306,377,236	47,261,940
Balance at 1 July 2021			306,377,236	47,261,940
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 15 July 2021 at \$0	0.20	3,000,000	600,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 18 August 2021 at	t \$0.20	9,706,900	1,941,380
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	-		1,000,000	200,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 18 October 2021 a	at \$0.20	1,000,000	200,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 6 December 2021	at \$0.20	1,000,000	200,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 13 December 202	1 at \$0.20	15,000,000	3,000,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	•		12,500,000	2,500,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	d 29 June 2022 at \$	0.20	520,000	104,000
Less costs of issue**				(7,198,165)
Balance at 30 June 2022			350,104,136	48,809,155

^{**}Included in costs of issue are cash payments of \$961,011 and \$6,237,154 in respect of the fair value of options issued to brokers in lieu of service (see note 28).

The share capital of Dome Gold Mines consists only of fully paid ordinary shares. All shares are equally eligible to receive dividends and the repayment of capital and represent one vote at the shareholders' meeting of Dome Gold Mines.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

18 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Reconciliation of cash		
Cash and cash equivalents	4,131,270	200,568
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss from ordinary activities after income tax		
Loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(1,989,393)	(2,238,036)
Non-cash flows in loss from ordinary activities		
Depreciation and amortisation	6,651	149,219
Loss on sale of property, plant & equipment	-	8,874
Loss on debt settlement	-	283,073
Gain on exchange differences	(5,226)	-
Changes in other assets and liabilities	(5,958)	(4,217)
Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables and other		
assets	39,113	(138,563)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(48,740)	54,796
Share based payments	160,287	
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,843,266)	(1,884,854)

Non-cash financing activities includes share-based payments issued to brokers in lieu of services provided of \$6,237,154.

19 REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the year, the following services were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the company:

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd		
Audit services	85,000	65,000
Total remuneration of auditor	85,000	65,000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

20 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) The Group has loans from related parties as described below.

	2022	2021
Loan from related parties	\$	\$
Beginning of the year	-	761,517
Transferred from loan from a third party	53,541	-
Loans advanced	-	61,500
Loan repayments	(53,965)	-
Interest charged	424	43,619
Transferred to loan from third parties	-	(866,636)
End of period	-	-

The agreed interest on the loans is 10%.

(b) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management of the Group are Dome's members of Board of Directors. Key management personnel remuneration is shown in the table below:

Short term	employee	benefits
-------------------	----------	----------

• •		
Cash salaries and fees	219,075	199,383
Accrued fees		
Total short-term employee benefits	219,075	199,383
Post-employment benefits		
Superannuation		5,552
Total post-employment benefits	<u> </u>	5,552
Share-based payments	160,287_	-
Total name on a matical	270,000	204.025
Total remuneration	379.362	204.935

There are no other related party transactions during the year ended 30 June 2022.

21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Minimum tenement expenditure requirements

Within one year	1,720,304	2,589,598
Between one to five years	2,596,774	431,388
Total	4,317,078	3,020,986

The minimum tenement expenditure requirements are guidelines only by the Mineral Resources Department in Fiji.

SPL 1451 is valid until 24 June 2023, SPL 1495 has been renewed for another 3 years from 27th April 2022 to 26th April 2025, and SPL 1452 expired on 26 August 2022. An application to renew SPL1452 for a further 3-year period was submitted to the Mineral Resources Department with an estimated commitment of \$800,000 on 26 August 2022, the expiry date of the current licence. While the renewal application is being processed the licence remains in force. The Company is confident that the licence will be renewed. During the processing of the renewal application, the SPL continues as if in force and work on the project area is not prohibited.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Additional bond requirements

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Within one year	-	135,887
Between one to five years	65,863	-
Total	65,863	135,887

Bond deposits

The Group has bond deposits totalling \$105,198 (2021: \$102,474) as at 30 June 2022. Bank guarantees of \$143,582 have been provided to MRD since the end of the financial year.

There are no other contingent assets or liabilities as at the date of this financial report.

22 SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's management and internal reporting structure.

Transactions with business segments are determined on an arm's length basis.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly income earning assets and revenue, interest bearing loans, borrowings and expenses, and corporate assets and expenses.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

22 SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Business segments

For the year ended 30 June 2022 the Group principally operated in Fiji in the mineral exploration sector.

The Group has two reportable segments, as described below.

Operating Segment	Ironsand Project \$	Gold Projects \$	Corporate \$	Consolidated total
30 June 2021				
Segment revenue			50.000	50.000
External revenue Finance income	- 918	- 489	50,000 1,050	50,000 2,457
Total revenue	918	489	51,050	52,457
Total Tevellue	310	400	01,000	<u> </u>
Depreciation		-	(149,219)	(149,219)
Segment profit/(loss)	(8,411)	(9,069)	(2,220,556)	(2,238,036)
Segment assets	29,729,112	3,022,621	301,954	33,053,687
		-,,-		
Segment liabilities	3,129,167	2,470,437	(4,409,614)	1,189,990
30 June 2022				
Segment revenue				
External revenue	-	-	-	-
Finance income	715	381	614	1,710
Total revenue	715	381	614	1,710
Depreciation	-	-	(6,651)	(6,651)
Share based payments	-	-	(160,287)	(160,287)
Segment profit/(loss)	(4,453)	(8,336)	(1,976,604)	(1,989,393)
Segment assets	31,078,128	3,074,258	4,198,798	38,351,184
Segment liabilities	4,090,101	2,541,646	(6,191,820)	439,927

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

22 SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of reportable segment profit & loss, assets and liabilities

reconciliation of reportable segment profit & loss	, assets and nabilities	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Loss before tax		
Loss before tax for reportable segment	(12,789)	(17,480)
Other loss before tax unallocated	(1,976,604)	(2,220,556)
Consolidated loss before tax	(1,989,393)	(2,238,036)
Assets		
Total assets for reportable segments	24 152 296	20 754 722
·	34,152,386	32,751,733
Intercompany eliminations	(6,636,455)	(5,921,536)
Other corporate assets	10,835,253	6,223,490
Consolidated assets	38,351,184	33,053,687
Liabilities		
Total liabilities for reportable segments	6,631,747	5,599,604
Intercompany eliminations	(6,636,455)	(5,921,536)
Other corporate liabilities	444,635	1,511,922
Consolidated liabilities	439,927	1,189,990

23 PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

Total equity

As at and throughout the financial year ended 30 June 2022 the parent entity of the Group was Dome Gold Mines Ltd.

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income		
Net loss for the year	(1,976,213)	(2,220,568)
Other comprehensive income	99,852	(232,184)
Total comprehensive loss	(1,876,361)	(2,452,752)
Statement of financial position		
Current assets	10,491,756	5,876,286
Non-current assets	27,441,226	27,045,822
Total assets	37,932,982	32,922,108
Current liabilities	119,588	277,257
Non-current liabilities	-	899,453
Total liabilities	119,588	1,176,710
Net assets	37,813,394	31,745,398
Equity		
Issued capital	48,809,155	47,261,940
Accumulated losses	(18,505,724)	(16,962,763)
Foreign currency translation reserve	11,301	(88,551)
Share-based payment reserve	7,498,662	1,534,772

The Directors are of the opinion that no contingencies existed at, or subsequent to year end.

37,813,394

31,745,398

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

24 POST-REPORTING DATE EVENTS

Subsequent to the end of the financial year:

Renewal of SPL1452

An application to renew SPL1452 for a further 3-year period was submitted to the Mineral Resources Department on 26 August 2022, the expiry date of the current licence. While the renewal application is being processed the licence remains in force. The remaining commitment of \$1,075,306 lapsed on the renewal date of 26 August 2022. The renewal application included an estimated commitment of \$800,000.

Sigatoka Iron and Industrial Sand Heavy Mineral Project

From 1 July 2022, the Group entered into the following agreements for the Definitive Feasibility Study of Sigatoka Iron Sand Project.

Company	Scope of work	Estimated contract value \$
Flagstaff PCM Pty Ltd	DFS project management	A\$998,000
AMC Consultants Pty Ltd	Mine planning	A\$128,390
DRA Pacific Pty Ltd	Process and non-process packages	A\$1,115,320
Haskoning Australia Pty Ltd	Marine study	A\$86,110
Smith Geoscience Consultancy	Environmental Impact Assessment	F\$610,863
(Fiji)		

Bank Guarantees to MRD

Bank guarantees of \$143,582 have been provided to MRD since the end of the financial year. Bonds for all tenements are up to date as at the reporting date.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

25 SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars in relation to controlled entities:

	Country of incorporation	Company interest in ordinary shares	
		2022 %	2021 %
Controlled entities Dome Mines Pte Limited Magma Mines Pty Ltd	Fiji Australia	100 100	100 100
Magma Mines Pte Limited	Fiji	100	100

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK

26.1 Risk management objectives and policies

The Group is exposed to various risks in relation to financial instruments. The Group's financial assets and liabilities by category are summarised in note 3.14. The main types of risks are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's risk management is coordinated by management, in close co-operation with the Board of Directors, and focuses on actively securing the Group's short to medium term cash flows by minimising the exposure to financial markets.

The Group does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Group is exposed are described below.

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to currency risk and certain other price risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities.

26.2 Market risk analysis

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to currency risk, interest rate risk and certain other price risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities.

Foreign currency sensitivity

Most of the Group's transactions are carried out in AUD. Exposures to currency exchange rates arise from the Group's overseas purchases, which are primarily denominated in Fijian dollars (FJD). To mitigate the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, non-AUD cash flows are monitored.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of profit in regards to the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities and the AUD/FJD exchange rate 'all other things being equal'. It assumes a +/- 5% change of the AUD/FJD exchange rate for the year ended 30 June 2022. This percentage has been determined based on the average market volatility in exchange rates in the previous 12 months. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Group's foreign currency financial instruments held at each reporting date and also takes into account forward exchange contracts that offset effects from changes in currency exchange rates.

If the AUD had strengthened against the FJD by 5% (2021: 5%) then this would have had the following impact:

	Profit for the year	Equity
	\$	\$
30 June 2022	-	299,914
30 June 2021	-	265,994

If the AUD had weakened against the FJD by 5% (2021: 5%) then this would have had the following impact:

	Profit for the year	Equity
	\$	\$
30 June 2022	-	(299,914)
30 June 2021	-	(265,994)

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the year depending on the volume of overseas transactions. Nonetheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Group's exposure to currency risk.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

26.2 Market risk analysis (continued)

Interest rate sensitivity

Interest risk arises from the use of interest bearing financial instruments. It is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates (interest rate risk).

The Group's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on financing. Borrowings are therefore usually at fixed rates. On 30 June 2022, the Group is not exposed to changes in market interest rates through borrowings as all borrowings are at fixed interest rates.

On 30 June 2022, the Group's exposure to cash flow interest relates primarily to cash at bank of the Group which bears floating rates. The Group is considering investing surplus cash in long term deposits at fixed rates in the future.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following floating financial instruments:

	2022 Weighted		2021 Weighted	
	average interest rate %	Balance \$	average interest rate %	Balance \$
Cash and cash equivalents	0.28	4,131,270	0	200,568

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a 0.5% change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit (through the impact on floating rate financial assets and financial liabilities).

	2022		2021	
	+0.5% \$	-0.5% \$	+0.5% \$	-0.5% \$
Profit/(loss) for the year	1,003	(1,003)	-	_

26.3 Credit risk analysis

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge an obligation to the Group. The Group is exposed to this risk for various financial instruments, for example by receivables from other parties, placing deposits etc. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the reporting date, as summarised below:

	2022	2021
Classes of financial assets -	\$	\$
Carrying amounts:		
Cash and cash equivalents	4,131,270	200,568
Trade and other receivables	48,851	53,614
Bond deposit	105,198	102,474
Carrying amount	4,285,319	356,656

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

26.3 Credit risk analysis (continued)

The Group continuously monitors defaults of other counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on other counterparties are obtained and used. The Group's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

The Group's management considers that all the above financial assets that are not impaired or past due for each of the reporting dates under review are of good credit quality. The Group currently has no receivables from trading therefore is not exposed to credit risk in relation to trade receivables.

None of the Group's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, bank guarantee deposit, bond deposit and tax refunds is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks and government body with high quality external credit ratings.

26.4 Liquidity risk analysis

30 June 2022

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Liquidity risk is that the Group might be unable to meet its obligations. The Group manages its liquidity needs by monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for financial liabilities as well as forecast cash inflows and outflows due in day-to-day business. The data used for analysing these cash flows is consistent with that used in the contractual maturity analysis below. Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on the basis of a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a 180-day and a 360-day lookout period are identified monthly. Net cash requirements are compared to available borrowing facilities in order to determine headroom or any shortfalls. This analysis shows that available borrowing facilities are expected to be sufficient over the lookout period.

The Group's objective is to maintain cash and marketable securities to meet its liquidity requirements for 90-day periods at a minimum. This objective was met for the reporting periods. Funding for long-term liquidity needs is additionally secured by an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

Contractual amount

The carrying amount of financial liabilities recognised at the reporting date, as summarised below:

Carrying value

				Between one to
		Total	Within one year	five years
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables	404,327	404,327	404,327	-
Lease liability	22,662	22,662	22,662	
Total	426,989	426,989	426,989	-
30 June 2021	Carrying value	Contractual amount		
		Between one to		
		Total	Within one year	five years
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Borrowings	899,454	1,016,647	-	1,016,647
Trade and other payables _	278,453	278,453	278,453	-
Total	1,177,907	1,295,100	278,453	1,016,647

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

27 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Our objective of capital risk management is to manage capital and safeguard our ability to continue as a going concern, and to generate returns for shareholders. The Group manages its risk exposure of its financial instruments in accordance with the guidance of the Board of Directors. The Group uses different methods to manage and minimise its exposure to risks. These include monitoring levels of interest rates fluctuations to maximise the return of bank balances and the flexing of the gearing ratios. Liquidity risk is monitored through the development of future rolling cash flow forecasts.

The final approval and monitoring of any of these policies is done by the Board which review and agrees on the policies for managing risks.

The primary responsibility to monitor the financial risks lies with the Directors and the Company Secretary under the authority of the Board. The Board approved policies for managing risks including the setting up of approval limits for purchases and monitoring projections of future cash flows.

28 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

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During the year ended 30 June 2022,49,716,900 options were issued in exchange for goods or services provided and 2,000,00 options were granted to a non-executive Director as part of the remuneration package.

The fair values of options granted were determined using a variation of the Black-Scholes option pricing model utilising the key inputs including the Group's risk-free borrowing rate and volatility of the Group's shares. The fair value is appraised at the grant date and excludes the impact of non-market vesting conditions.

The underling expected volatility was determined by reference to historical data of the Company's shares over a period of time. No special features inherent to the options granted were incorporated into measurement of fair value.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

28 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

28.1 Shares issued in lieu of brokerage fees

28.1 Snares	issuea in iiel	л от prokerage	eres					
Awarded during the year ended 30 June	Award date and vesting date	Expiry date	Fair value of options at award date	Exercise price	Risk free rate (%)	Expected volatility (%)	Value of options granted during the year (\$)	Amount of share issue costs recognised (\$)
2020								
1,250,000	26/07/2019	26/07/2021	\$0.0558	\$0.20	0.888	55.44	69,778	69,778
3,225,000	16/08/2019	16/08/2021	\$0.0589	\$0.20	0.731	55.49	189,884	189,884
1,467,881	1/11/2019	1/11/2021	\$0.0564	\$0.20	0.834	56.13	82,856	82,856
400,000	10/12/2019	10/12/2021	\$0.0595	\$0.20	0.744	56.09	23,803	23,803
150,000	31/01/2020	31/01/2022	\$0.0643	\$0.20	0.659	57.66	9,643	9,643
960,000	31/03/2020	31/03/2022	\$0.0600	\$0.20	0.251	57.24	57,586	57,586
							433,550	433,550
2021								
3,150,000	24/07/2020	24/07/2023	\$0.0698	\$0.17	0.278	48.66	219,968	219,968
900,000	31/12/2020	31/12/2022	\$0.0963	\$0.10	0.074	52.66	86,649	86,649
270,000	2/03/2021	2/03/2024	\$0.0884	\$0.10	0.139	56.76	23,867	23,867
2,100,000	10/06/2021	10/06/2024	\$0.0956	\$0.10	0.245	54.58	200,703	200,703
4,100,000	30/06/2021	30/06/2024	\$0.0700	\$0.10	0.427	53.43	286,961	286,961
							818,148	818,148
							1,251,698	1,251,698
2022								
3,000,000	15/07/2021	15/07/2024	\$0.0917	\$0.10	0.15	55.06	275,122	275,122
1,000,000	13/09/2021	13/09/2024	\$0.0834	\$0.10	0.18	49.11	83,351	83,351
9,706,900	24/11/2021	24/11/2024	\$0.1449	\$0.10	0.99	52.87	1,406,729	1,406,729
1,000,000	26/11/2021	26/11/2024	\$0.1448	\$0.10	0.93	52.87	144,833	144,833
1,000,000	6/12/2021	6/12/2024	\$0.1447	\$0.10	0.89	52.87	144,653	144,653
15,000,000	31/12/2021	31/12/2024	\$0.1132	\$0.10	0.96	53.11	1,698,511	1,698,511
18,750,000	20/4/2022	20/4/2025	\$0.1299	\$0.10	2.55	53.46	2,435,839	2,435,839
260,000	29/6/2022	29/6/2025	\$0.1851	\$0.10	3.24	48.78	48,116	48,116
							6,237,154	6,237,154

28.2 Options issued as part of the remuneration package

Options were granted to a non-executive Director as part of the remuneration package during the year ended 30 June 2022. Options were granted for no consideration.

Options awarded during the half-year	Award date and vesting date	Expiry date	Fair value of options at award date	Exercise price	Risk free rate (%)	Expected volatility (%)	Value of options granted during the year (\$)	Amount of share- based payments recognised (\$)
2,000,000	24/11/2021	24/11/2023	\$0.0801	\$0.20	0.54	53.49	\$160,287	\$160,287

Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1 In the opinion of the Directors of Dome Gold Mines Limited:
 - a) The consolidated financial statements and notes of Dome Gold Mines Limited are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - i Giving a true and fair view of its financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - ii Complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that Dome Gold Mines Limited will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 2 The Directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.
- 3 Note 1 confirms that the consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors

J. V. McCarthy

Chairman

Dated this 29 September 2022

Sydney



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Dome Gold Mines Limited

Report on the audit of the financial report

Opinion

AIUO BEN IBUOSIBO IO.

We have audited the financial report of Dome Gold Mines Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the Directors' declaration

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 3.16 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of \$1,989,393 during the year ended 30 June 2022, and its cash outflows from operating activities including payments for exploration were \$2,847,586. As stated in Note 3.16, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 3.16, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the Material uncertainty related to going concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Exploration and evaluation assets - Notes 3.7 & 14

At 30 June 2022, the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets was \$33,919,537.

In accordance with AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, the Group is required to assess at each reporting date if there are any triggers for impairment that may suggest the carrying value is in excess of the recoverable value.

Several assumptions are made when assessing the recoverability of capitalised costs, which are often hinged upon the future success of projects.

The process undertaken by management to assess whether there are any impairment triggers in each area of interest involves an element of management judgement.

This area is a key audit matter due to the significant judgement involved in determining the existence of impairment triggers.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- reviewing management's area of interest considerations against AASB 6;
- testing a sample of expenditure capitalised by tracing to underlying support to understand the nature of the item and whether the expenditure was attributable to an area of interest, and therefore whether capitalisation was in accordance with the recognition criteria of AASB 6;
- conducting a detailed review of management's assessment of impairment trigger events prepared in accordance with AASB 6, including;
 - tracing projects to statutory registers, exploration licenses and third-party confirmations to determine whether a right of tenure existed;
 - enquiring of management regarding their intentions to carry out exploration and evaluation activity in the relevant exploration area, including review of management's budgeted expenditure;
 - understanding whether any data exists to suggest that the carrying value of these exploration and evaluation assets are unlikely to be recovered through development or sale; and
- evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of management's experts in the evaluation of potential impairment triggers; and
- assessing the appropriateness of the related financial statement disclosures.

Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors' for the financial report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar1 2020.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the remuneration report

Opinion on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 29 to 32 of the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Dome Gold Mines Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2022 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Chartered Accountants

C F Farley

Partner - Audit & Assurance

Sydney, 29 September 2022

ASX Additional Information

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is set out below. The information is effective as at 31 August 2022.

SECURITIES EXCHANGE

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The Home Exchange is Sydney.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The number of substantial shareholders and their associates are set out below:

Shareholder	Number of Shares
Blue Ridge Interactive Limited	45,000,000
Onizaki Corporation	30,000,000
Fleet Market Investments Pty Ltd	22,342,625

THE NUMBER OF HOLDERS IN EACH CLASS OF SECURITIES

The total distribution of fully paid shareholders and Optionholders as at 31 August 2022 was as follows:

Type of security	Number of holders	Number of securities
Ordinary shares	505	350,104,136
Unlisted options	26	117,169,926

CLASS AND VOTING RIGHTS

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares, as set out in the Company's Constitution, are that every member in person or by proxy, attorney or representative, shall have one vote on a show of hands and one vote for each share held on a poll.

A member holding partly paid shares is entitled to a fraction of a vote equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid up bears to the issue price for the shares.

Options don't carry voting rights.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS AND OPTIONHOLDERS

The total distribution of fully paid shareholders and unlisted optionholders was as follows:

Range	Total Shareholders	Total Optionholders
1 - 1,000	15	•
1,001 - 5,000	17	•
5,001 - 10,000	162	-
10,001 - 100,000	159	-
100,001 and over	152	26
Total	505	26

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

and its controlled entities

ASX Additional Information

LESS THAN MARKETABLE PARCELS

On 31 August 2022, there were 17 holders of less than a marketable parcel of 1,924 ordinary shares.

TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 August 2022, the twenty largest quoted shareholders held 66.57% of the fully paid ordinary shares as follows:

Name	Ordinary Shares			
Name	Quantity	%		
Blue Ridge Interactive Limited	45,000,000	12.85		
Onizaki Corporation	30,000,000	8.57		
Fleet Market Investments Pty Ltd	22,342,625	6.38		
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	16,249,098	4.64		
Shukikaku	13,500,000	3.86		
Brave Top Enterprises Ltd	10,500,000	3.00		
Globe Street Investments Pty Ltd <frg a="" c="" fund="" superannuation=""></frg>	10,000,000	2.86		
Globe Street Investments Pty Ltd <globe a="" c="" investments="" street=""></globe>	10,000,000	2.86		
Mr Hwaeun Park	8,743,512	2.50		
Cybersys Inc	8,000,000	2.29		
Mr Yosuke Hitotsuyama	7,688,368	2.20		
Mr Ryoji Hitotsuyama	7,407,782	2.12		
Bowwow KK	7,000,000	2.00		
Tiger Ten Investment Limited	6,151,893	1.76		
Monex Boom Securities (HK) Ltd <clients account=""></clients>	6,066,256	1.73		
BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd <ib au="" drp="" noms="" retailclient=""></ib>	5,414,811	1.55		
Primavera	5,000,000	1.43		
Thamadia Nominees Pty Ltd <jean a="" c="" fund="" super="" white=""></jean>	5,000,000	1.43		
Mr Yoshimi Yamamoto	4,500,000	1.29		
Mr Katsuji Kato	4,488,720	1.28		

TWENTY LARGEST OPTIONOLDERS

As at 31 August 2022, there was one optionholder that held 20% or more of the unquoted options.

Name	Unlisted Options	
Name	Quantity	%
Precious Tori Limited	38,076,900	32.50

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

and its controlled entities

ASX Additional Information

ON MARKET BUY BACK

There is no on market buy-back.

ESCROWED SECURITIES

As at 31 August 2022, there were no escrowed securities.

TENEMENTS SCHEDULE

Tenement	Location	Holder	Area (Ha)	Expiry Date	Interest %
SPL 1451	Ono Island	Dome Mines Pte Ltd	3,028	24/06/2023	100
SPL 1452	Nadrau	Dome Mines Pte Ltd	33,213	26/08/2022*	100
SPL 1495	Sigatoka	Magma Mines Pte Ltd	2,522	26/04/2025	100

^{*}Application to renew this Special Prospecting Licence for a further 3-year period was submitted to the Mineral Resources Department, Fiji. While the renewal application is being processed the licence remains in force.

Note: Magma Mines Pte Ltd and Dome Mines Pte Ltd, both incorporated in Fiji, are wholly owned subsidiaries of Dome Gold Mines Ltd. All the tenements are located in the Republic of Fiji.

Corporate Directory

ABN 49 151 996 566

Directors

Mr John V McCarthy (Chairman)
Mr Tadao Tsubata (Non-Executive Director)
Ms Sarah Harvey (Non-Executive Director)

Company Secretary

Mr Marcelo Mora

Corporate Office

Level 46, 680 George Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Registered Office

Level 46, 680 George Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Auditors

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Level 17, 383 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000

Bankers

National Australia Bank 255 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

Solicitors

Bradfield & Scott Lawyers Level 1, 20 Hunter Street Sydney NSW 2000

DOME GOLD MINES LTD

ABN 49 151 996 566

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

– and –

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

– and –

PROXY FORM

DATE & TIME OF MEETING: Thursday 24 November 2022 at 11 am VENUE: Level 46, 680 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

These documents should be read in their entirety.

If shareholders are in any doubt as to how they should vote, they should seek advice from their professional advisors.



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of members is to be convened at Level 46, 680 George Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000 on 24 November 2022 at 11 am.

AGENDA

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. Financial Reports for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

To receive and consider the Company's Annual Financial Reports, the Directors' Report and the Auditor's Report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions, with or without amendment:

2. Resolution 1 Adoption of the Remuneration Report

'That the Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2022 be and is hereby adopted.'

3. Resolution 2 Re-election of a Director

'That Sarah Elizabeth Harvey having retired in accordance with the Company's Constitution and the Listing Rules, and being eligible, offers herself for re-election, be re-elected as a Director of the Company with immediate effect.'

4. Resolution 3 Change of Auditor

'That for the purposes of section 327B of the Corporations Act 2001 and for all other purposes, KPMG, having been nominated to act as the Company's auditor and having consented to act, be and are hereby appointed as the Company's auditor, effective immediately.'

5. Resolution 4 Ratification of 12,500,000 Shares - Listing Rule 7.4

'That for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, shareholders hereby ratify and approve the issue and allotment of 12,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares issued under Listing Rule 7.1A on 20 April 2022, on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

6. Resolution 5 Ratification of 31,250,000 Options - Listing Rule 7.4

'That for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, shareholders hereby ratify and approve the issue and allotment of 31,250,000 unlisted options issued under Listing Rule 7.1 on 20 April 2022, on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

Resolution 6 Ratification of 520,000 Shares - Listing Rule 7.4

'That for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, shareholders hereby ratify and approve the issue and allotment of 520,000 fully paid ordinary shares issued under Listing Rule 7.1 on 29 June 2022, on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

8. Resolution 7 Ratification of 520,000 Unlisted Options - Listing Rule 7.4

'That for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, shareholders hereby ratify and approve the issue and allotment of 520,000 unlisted options issued under Listing Rule 7.1 on 29 June 2022, on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

9. Resolution 8 Additional capacity to issue securities

'That the additional capacity to issue equity securities up to 10% of the issued capital of the Company as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum attached to this Notice of Meeting be and is hereby approved for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.'

To transact any other business that may be brought forward in accordance with the Company's Constitution.

By Order of the Board Marcelo Mora Company Secretary 20 October 2022

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

TO THE NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

This Explanatory Memorandum has been prepared to assist members to understand the business to be put to members at the Annual General Meeting to be held at Level 46, 680 George Street, Sydney, NSW, on Thursday, 24 November 2022 at 11 am Eastern Daylight-Saving Time (EDST).

Financial Report

The Financial Report, Directors' Report and Auditor's Report for the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022 will be laid before the meeting. There is no requirement for shareholders to approve these reports, however, the Chairman of the meeting will allow a reasonable opportunity to ask the auditor questions about the conduct of the audit and the content of the Auditor's Report.

Resolution 1 Adoption of Remuneration Report

The Remuneration Report, which can be found as part of the Directors' Report in the Company's 2022 Annual Report, contains certain prescribed details, sets out the policy adopted by the Board of Directors and discloses the payments to key management personnel, Directors and senior executives.

In accordance with section 250R of the Corporations Act, a resolution that the Remuneration Report be adopted must be put to the vote. The resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

Shareholders will be given a reasonable opportunity at the meeting to comment on and ask questions about the Company's Remuneration Report.

The Chairman intends to exercise all undirected proxies in favour of Resolution 1. If the Chairman of the Meeting is appointed as your proxy and you have not specified the way the Chairman is to vote on Resolution 1, by signing and returning the Proxy Form, you are considered to have provided the Chairman with an express authorisation for the Chairman to vote the proxy in accordance with the Chairman's intention.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The company will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 1 (in any capacity, whether as proxy or as shareholder) by any of the following persons:

Key Management Personnel and Closely Related Parties of Key Management Personnel.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if it is:

- Cast by a person as a proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with the
 directions of the proxy form that specifies how the proxy is to vote on Resolution 1; or
- Cast by the chair of the Meeting as proxy or attorney appointed in accordance with the directions of the proxy form for a person who is entitled to vote, and such appointment on the proxy form expressly authorises the chair to exercise the proxy even if the resolution is connected directly with the remuneration report; or
- Cast by a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - The beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting on the resolution; and
 - The holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of advisory Resolution 1.
The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 1.

Resolution 2 Re-election of Ms Sarah Elizabeth Harvey

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, a Director must not hold office without re-election past the third Annual General Meeting following the Director's appointment or three years, whichever is longer. A Director who retires in accordance with these requirements is eligible for re-election. Ms Sarah Harvey retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers herself for re-election.

Ms Sarah Harvey is a solicitor and has worked for almost 20 years across multiple industries in both private practice and corporate environments. She specialises in providing board advice in strategic planning and review, due diligence, and risk compliance. She is also a nationally accredited mediator and a Family Dispute Resolution Practitioner.

She holds a BA, LLB, Master of Law (In-house Practice), and Certificate in Governance Practice from the Governance Institute of Australia (GIA). She is a member of the Law Society of NSW and the Australian Disputes Resolution Association.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of advisory Resolution 2.
The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 2.

Resolution 3 Change of Auditor

Pursuant to section 328B of the Corporations Act, the Company received a valid notice of nomination which nominate KPMG to be appointed as the new auditor of the Company. A copy of the notice of nomination is set out in Appendix "C' of this Notice of Meeting.

KPMG has provided the Company with (and not withdrawn) its written consent to act, subject to Shareholder approval being obtained, as the Company's auditor in accordance with section 328A(1) of the Corporations Act.

Accordingly, under this Resolution, Shareholder approval is being sought to appoint KPMG as the auditor of the Company.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 3.

The Chair of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 3.

Resolution 4 Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 20 April 2022, the Company issued 12,500,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share. The shares were issued utilising the Company's capacity under Listing Rule 7.1A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its Shareholders over any 12 months period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period. In addition, under Listing Rule 7.1A, an eligible entity can seek approval from its members, by way of a special resolution passed at its annual general meeting, to increase this 15% limit by an extra 10% to 25%. Shareholders approved this additional capacity at the Company's last annual general meeting.

The issue of these shares under Listing Rule 7.1A does not fit within any of these exceptions and, as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 10% limit in Listing Rule 7.1A, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under 7.1A for the period ending on the earliest of:

- the date that is 12 months after the last annual general meeting at which the Listing Rule 7.1A mandate was approved;
- the time and date of the next annual general meeting; and
- the time and date on which Shareholders approve a transaction under Listing Rule 11.1.2 (for a significant change to the nature or scale of the Company's activities) or Listing Rule 11.2 (disposal of the Company's main undertaking).

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1A and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities into the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1 and 7.1A.

To this end, resolution 4 seeks Shareholder approval to the issue under and for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4

If Resolution 4 is passed, the issue of these shares will be excluded in calculating the Company's 25% limit in Listing Rule 7.1 and 7.1A, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval for the period ending on the Listing Rule 7.1A Mandate Expiry Date

If Resolution 4 is not passed, the issue of these shares will be included in calculating the Company's 25% limit in Listing Rule 7.1 and 7.1A, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 and 7.1A, for the periods noted immediately above.

The Company confirms that the issue of the Shares did not breach Listing Rule 7.1A.

Details of the issue, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5 are as follows:

Name of allottees: Mr Yosuke Hitotsuyama, Mr Ryoji Hitotsuyama, Mr Yoshimi Yamamoto and Shukikaku

(none of whom are related party under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and none are material

investors as defined in section 7.4 of Guidance Note 21)

Number of securities allotted: 12,500,000 ordinary shares pursuant to Listing Rule 7.1A

Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking pari passu with existing fully paid ordinary shares.

Date of issued: The shares were issued on 20 April 2022

Issue price: \$0.20 per share

Intended use of funds:

To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital, ongoing activities and

payment of outstanding liabilities.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 4 by or on behalf of

- A person who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 4.
The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 4.

Resolution 5 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 20 April 2022, the Company issued 12,500,000 unlisted Options to Mr Yosuke Hitotsuyama, Mr Ryoji Hitotsuyama, Mr Yoshimi Yamamoto and Shukikaku as free attaching Options on a 1 for 1 shares for the issued of the shares on 20 April 2022. In addition, the Company issued 18,750,000 options to Mr Manzo Hara, Mr Saizo Hara, Mr Makoto Agawa and Diana Development Ltd as commission for the shares issued (there were no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.10 and expiry date 20 April 2025.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Appendix A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

If Resolution 5 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 5 are exercised the Company will receive approximately \$3,125,000 in exercise monies

If Resolution 5 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

Resolution 5 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

Details as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees: 3,000,000 options to Yosuke Hitotsuyama;

3,000,000 options to Ryoji Hitotsuyama; 3,000,000 options to Yoshimi Yamamoto;

3,500,000 options to Shukikaku; 2,821,000 options to Manzo Hara; 2,821,000 options to Saizo Hara;

12,500,000 options to Makoto Agawa; and 608,000 options to Diana Development Ltd

(none of whom are related parties to the Company under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and none are

material investors as defined in section 7.4 of Guidance Note 21).

Number of securities

to be allotted:

31,250,000 Unlisted Options.

issue price: Nil cash consideration

Terms: The full terms and conditions of the Options issued under Resolution 4 are set out in Appendix A

Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The

options vest on Issue Date and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.

Exercise price: \$0.10 per share

Vesting date: The options vested on Issue Date.

Expiry date: 20 April 2025.

Intended use of funds The Options are free Options and therefore no funds were raised from the issue. Any funds raised on

exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron sand project in Fiji and for general corporate and working

capital purposes.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 5 by or on behalf of

- A person who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 5.

The Chair of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 5.

Resolution 6 Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 29 June 2022, the Company issued 520,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share to Mr Hiromi Tsukuda and Ms Ikumi Kawashima utilising the Company capacity under Listing Rule 7.1.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its Shareholders over any 12 months period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of these shares under Listing Rule 7.1 does not fit within any of these exceptions and, as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 months following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities in the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, resolution 6 seeks Shareholder approval to ratify the issue under and for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4

If Resolution 6 is passed, the issue of these shares will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the date the Company issued the shares.

If Resolution 6 is not passed, the issue of these shares will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the issued date.

The Company confirms that the issue of the Shares did not breach Listing Rule 7.1.

Details of the issue, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5 are as follows:

Name of allottees: Mr Hiromi Tsukuda and Ms Ikumi Kawashima (none of whom are related party under Listing

Rule 10.1 or 10.11)

Number of securities allotted: 520,000 ordinary shares pursuant to Listing Rule 7.1

才erms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking *pari passu* with existing fully paid ordinary shares.

Date of issued: The shares were issued on 29 June 2022

Issue price: \$0.20 per share

Intended use of funds:

To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital, ongoing activities and

payment of outstanding liabilities.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 6 by or on behalf of

- · A person who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a
 direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 6.
The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 6.

Resolution 7 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 29 June 2022, the Company issued 260,000 unlisted Options to Mr Hiromi Tsukuda and Ms Ikumi Kawashima as free attaching Options on a 1 option for every 2 shares issued on 29 June 2022. In addition, the Company issued 260,000 options to Diana Development Ltd as commission for the shares issued (there were no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.10 and an expiry date 29 June 2025.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Appendix A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 months period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

If Resolution 7 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 7 are exercised the Company will receive approximately \$52,000 in exercise monies

If Resolution 7 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 16 months following the issued date.

Resolution 7 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

Details as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees: 130,000 options to Mr Hiromi Tsukuda;

130,000 options to Ms Ikumi Kawashima 260,000 options to Diana Development Ltd.

(none of whom are related parties to the Company under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and none are

material investors as defined in section 7.4 of Guidance Note 21).

Number of securities to be

allotted: Issue price: 520,000 Unlisted Options.

Nil cash consideration

Terms: The full terms and conditions of the Options issued under Resolution 7 are set out in Appendix A.

Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The

options vest on Grant Date and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.

Exercise price: \$0.10 per share

Vesting date: The options vested on Grant Date.

Expiry date: 29 June 2025.

Intended use of funds The Options are free Options and therefore no funds were raised from the issue. Any funds raised

on exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron sand project in Fiji and for general corporate and working

capital purposes.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 7 by or on behalf of

- A person who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 7. The Chair of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 7.

Resolution 8 Approval of additional capacity to issue securities

ASX Listing Rule 7.1A enables the Company to issue equity securities up to 10% of its issued share capital through placements over a 12 month period after the AGM ('10% Placement Facility'). The 10% Placement Facility is in addition to the Company's 15% placement capacity under ASX Listing Rule 7.1. Listed entities with a market cap of \$300 million or less are eligible to seek shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1A and the Company's approximate market cap at the time of this Notice of Meeting is \$81 million.

Resolution 8, which is a Special Resolution requiring 75% of votes cast to be in favour of the resolution, seeks shareholder approval for the Company to have the ability to issue equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility on the following terms:

(a) Placement Period

Shareholder approval of the 10% Placement Facility is valid from the date of the AGM and expires on the earlier of:

- (i) the date that is 12 months after the date of the AGM; or
- (ii) the date of the approval by shareholders of a transaction under ASX Listing Rules 11.1.2 (a significant change to the nature or scale of activities) or 11.2 (disposal of main undertaking).
- (b) Equity Securities

Any equity securities issued under the 10% Placement Facility must be in the same class as an existing quoted class of equity securities of the Company which, in the Company's case, are fully paid ordinary shares.

c) Formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility.

The maximum number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility is calculated as follows:

(A x D) - E

Where: A is the number of fully paid ordinary shares on issue 12 months before the date of issue or agreement:

- (i) plus the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued in the 12 months under an exception in ASX Listing Rule 7.2;
- (ii) plus the number of partly paid ordinary shares that became fully paid in the 12 months;
- (iii) plus the number of fully paid shares issued in the 12 months with approval of holders of shares under Listing Rule 7.1 and 7.4:
- (iii) less the number of fully paid shares cancelled in the 12 months.

D is 10%.

E is the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued or agreed to be issued under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2 in the 12 months before the date of the issue or agreement to issue that are not issued with the approval of shareholders under ASX Listing Rules 7.1 or 7.4.

The current maximum number of shares, as at the date of this notice of meeting, that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility is 18,208,413. The Company's current capacity to issue securities as at the date of the meeting pursuant to listing rule 7.1 is 18,272,620

(d) Minimum Issue Price

The minimum issue price of equity securities issued for the purpose of Listing Rule 7.1.A.3 must be not less than 75% of the volume weighted average price of equity securities in the same class calculated over the 15 trading days on which trades were recorded immediately before:

- (i) the date on which the price at which the equity securities are to be issued is agreed; or
- (ii) if the equity securities are not issued within 10 trading days of the date in paragraph (i) above, the date on which the equity securities are issued.
- e) Purposes for which the funds raised by an issue of equity securities may be used

The Company may issue Equity Securities under the 10% Placement Capacity for cash consideration only, and the Company intends to use any funds raised under such an issue for continued exploration and evaluation of the Company's exploration projects and for general working capital.

(f) Risk of Economic and Voting Dilution

If Resolution 8 is approved by shareholders and the Company issues equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility, the existing shareholders' voting power in the Company will be diluted as shown in the table below. Further, there is a risk that:

 the market price for the Company's equity securities may be significantly lower on the date of the issue of the equity securities than on the date of the AGM; and (ii) the equity securities may be issued at a price that is at a discount to the market price for the Company's equity securities on the issue date.

If this Resolution 8 is not approved by shareholders then the Company will not have the flexibility of an available additional 10% capacity to issue Shares under the 10% Placement Facility described in this Explanatory Memorandum. The Company not having the 10% Placement Facility will have no effect on the Company's existing Listing Rule 7.1 15% capacity

Because variable A in the formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility, and consequently the number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility, can change during the Placement Period, the table below shows a matrix of scenarios of the potential dilution of existing shareholders as at the date of the AGM on the basis of:

- (i) the issue price of equity securities being the current approximate market price of fully paid ordinary shares, plus 50% and minus 50%; and
- (ii) the maximum number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility in accordance with the definition of Variable A in the formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility increasing by 50% and 100%.

Variable A in		Issue Price and Funds Raised				
10% Placement Facility under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2	Voting Dilution and Placement Facility Capacity	50% Decrease in Current Approximate Market Price \$0.115	Current Approximate Market Price \$0.23*	50% Increase in Current Approximate Market Price \$0.345		
Current Variable A 350,104,136 shares	10% 35,010,414 Shares	\$4,026,198	\$8,052,395	\$12,078,593		
50% increase in current Variable A 525,156,204 shares	13.0% 52,515,620 Shares	\$6,039,296	\$12,078,593	\$18,117,889		
100% increase in current Variable A 700,208,272 shares	16.7% 70,020,827 shares	\$8,052,395	\$16,104,790	\$24,157,185		

The current approximate market price of \$0.23 was the closing price as at 4 October 2022.

As an example, if variable A is increased to 700,208,272 shares, the 10% Placement Facility capacity is 70,020,827 shares and therefore the dilution of existing shares as at the date of the AGM, being 350,104,136 shares, is calculated as:

 $70,020,827 \div (350,104,136 + 70,020,827) = 16.7\%$

(g) Other Matters

The approval under Listing Rule 7.1A ceases to be valid in the event that shareholders approve a transaction under Listing Rule 11.1.2 or 11.2

The Company may issue equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility for cash consideration to support the Company's exploration program in Fiji, ongoing activities and working capital or non-cash consideration for the acquisition of compatible business opportunities which may arise. In such circumstances the Company will provide a valuation of the non-cash consideration as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.

The Company's allocation policy is dependent on the prevailing market conditions at the time of any proposed issue pursuant to the 10% Placement Facility. As there is no issue currently proposed, the identity of the allottees is not currently known and will be determined on a case-by-case basis at the time of allotment, having regard to factors including, but not limited to, the following:

- the methods of raising funds that are available to the Company, including but not limited to, rights issues or other issues in which existing security holders can participate;
- (ii) the effect of the issue of the equity securities on the control of the Company:
- (iii) the financial situation and solvency of the Company; and
- (iv) advice from corporate, financial and broking advisers (if applicable).

The allottees under the 10% Placement Facility have not currently been determined but may include existing substantial shareholders and/or new shareholders who are not related parties or associates of a related party of the Company.

The Company obtained Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1A at its 2021 Annual General Meeting.

The Company issued a total of 116,496,900 equity securities made up of 30,020,000 ordinary fully paid shares and 86,476,900 unlisted options in the 12 month preceding the date of this Notice of Annual General Meeting which based on the number of Equity Securities on issue at the commencement of that period represents 32.70% of the Company's Equity Securities.

Further details of the issues of Equity Securities by the Company during the 12 months period preceding the date of the meeting are set out in Appendix "B" on page 12 of this Explanatory Memorandum.

Information relating to the issue of Equity Securities in the preceding 12 months is as follows:

• Number of securities issued: 30,020,000;

Class of securities issued: Ordinary fully paid shares;

Issued of the Securities: To professional and sophisticated investors;

Issue price: 1,000,000 shares were issued at \$0.20 per share and the closing price on the date of the

issue was \$0.175 per share;

1,000,000 shares were issued at \$0.20 per share and the closing price on the date of the

issue was \$0.23 per share;

15,000,000 shares were issued at \$0.20 per share and the closing price on the date of

the issue was \$0.195 per share;

12,500,000 shares were issued at \$0.20 per share and the closing price on the date of

the issue was \$0.21 per share;

520,000 shares were issued at \$0.20 per share and the closing price on the date of the

issue was \$0.27 per share;

• The issue was for cash: The total cash consideration received was \$6,004,000 before costs and was used for

exploration activities at Sigatoka, for working capital and payment of ongoing activities

and liabilities.

• Number of securities issued: 86,476,900;

Class of securities issued: Unlisted Options;

Issued of the Securities: To professional and sophisticated investors and commission for the shares issued

Issue price: Nil cash consideration

The issue was for cash:
 No funds were raised by the issue of these options.

Voting Exclusion:

The Company will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 8 by any person who is expected to participate in, or who will obtain a material benefit as a result of, the proposed issue (except a benefit solely by reason of being a holder of ordinary securities in the entity).

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of the resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 8. The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 8.

Appendix "A"

OPTIONS TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- The maximum number of options to be issued is set by the Board.
- The Options may be exercised at any time prior to the Expiry Date wholly or in part by delivering a duly completed form of notice of exercise together with payment of the exercise price per Option exercised to the Company.
- 3. Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one ordinary share (Share) in Dome Gold Mines Ltd, at an exercise price of \$0.10 per Option, expiring 36 months from the date of issue (Expiry Date).
- 4. The Options expire at 5pm Eastern Standard Time on the Expiry Date.

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- 5. Any Options not exercised on or before the Expiry Date will automatically lapse.
- 6. All Shares allotted on the exercise of Options will rank equally in all respects with the Company's then existing ordinary fully paid ordinary shares.
- The Options must not be assigned, transferred or otherwise dealt with except with the approval of the Board or in the case of a takeover offer or a Scheme of Arrangement.
- The Options will not be listed on The Australian Securities Exchange (ASX), although the Company will apply for the official quotation of any shares which are issued as a result of an exercise of Options.
- Shares allotted and issued pursuant to the exercise of Options will be allotted and issued not more than 10 business days after receipt of a properly executed notice of exercise of the Options and payment of the requisite application moneys.
- 10. There are no participating rights or entitlements inherent in the Options and holders will not be entitled to participate in new issues of capital offered or made to shareholders during the currency of the Options unless they exercise their Options prior to the date for determining entitlements to participate in any such issue.
- 11. There will be no change to the exercise price of the Options or the number of Shares over which the Options are exercisable in the event of the Company making a pro rata issue of shares or other securities to the holders of ordinary shares in the Company.
- 12. In the event of any reorganisation of the issued capital of the Company on or prior to the Expiry Date, the rights of an option-holder will be changed to the extent necessary to comply with the applicable ASX Listing Rules applying to a reorganisation of capital at the time of the reorganisation, including the number of Options held, the number of securities to be issued on exercise of the Options, the exercise price, the due date for payment and the consequences of non-payment.
- 13. The Options are transferable provided the holder has obtained the prior written consent of the Board to the transfer and the transfer complies with section 707(3) of the Corporations Act.

Appendix "B" Issue of Equity Securities since 18 October 2021

Date	Number of Equity Securities	Class of Equity Securities and summary of terms	Names of recipients or basis on which recipients determined	Issue price of Equity Securities and discount to market price on the trading day prior to the issue	Form of Consideration
18 October 2021	1,000,000	Ordinary shares	Bowwow KK	\$0.20 Represent a premium of 14.3% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$200,000 was used in exploration in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.
6 December 2021	1,000,000	Ordinary shares	Blood-B Limited.	\$0.20 Represent a discount of 13% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$200,000 was used in exploration in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.
31 December 2021	15,000,000	Ordinary shares	Bowwow KK; Yosuke Hitotsuyama; Ryoji Hitotsuyama; Shukikaku; and Masahiro Maki.	\$0.20 Represent a premium of 2.6% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$3,000,000 was used in exploration in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.
20 April 2022	12,500,000	Ordinary shares	Yosuke Hitotsuyama; Ryoji Hitotsuyama; Shukikaku; and Yoshimi Yamamoto.	\$0.20 Represent a discount of 4.8% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$2,500,000 was used in exploration in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.
29 June 2022	520,000	Ordinary shares	Hiromi Tsukuda; and Ikumi Kawashima.	\$0.20 Represent a discount of 25.9% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$104,000 was used in exploration in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.
			from the shares issued on ac capital including payment of		

Appendix "B"

Issue of Equity Securities since 26 November 2021

Date	Number of Equity Securities	Class of Equity Securities and summary of terms	Names of recipients or basis on which recipients determined	Issue price of Equity Securities and discount to market price on the trading day prior to the issue	Form of Consideration
26 November 2021	2,000,000	Unlisted options	Bowwow KK; Precious Tori Limited.	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid
26 November 2021	20,706,900	Unlisted options	John McCarthy; Bowwow KK; Shukikaku; Himawari Fudosan; Precious Tori Limited.	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid
6 December 2021	2,000,000	Unlisted options	Blood-B Limited; Precious Tori Limited.	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid
31 December 2021	30,000,000	Unlisted options	Bowwow KK Yosuke Hitotsuyama Ryoji Hitotsuyama; Shukikaku; Masahiro Maki; Precious Tori Limited.	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid
20 April 2022	31,250,000	Unlisted options	Yosuke Hitotsuyama Ryoji Hitotsuyama; Yoshimi Yamamoto Shukikaku; Manzo Hara; Saizo Hara; Makoto Agawa; Diana Development Ltd.	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid
29 June 2022	520,000	Unlisted options	Hiromi Tsukuda; Ikumi Kawashima; Diana Development Ltd.	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid



INTEGRAL ADMIN SERVICES PTY LTD ABN 26 131 443 868

15 September 2022

Dome Gold Mines Ltd, Level 46, 680 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

RE: Notice of Nomination of Auditor in accordance with Section 328B of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)

Integral Admin Services Pty Ltd, being a Member of Dome Gold Mines Ltd, hereby nominate KPMG, for appointment to the position of Auditor of Dome Gold Mines Ltd, at the next Annual General Meeting

Yours sincerely

Marcelo Mora Director

	areholo	ler:				
I/W	'e beinç	a member/s of Dome Gold M	nes Ltd and entitled to attend and vote	HEREBY APPO	DINT	
		the Chairman of the Meeting (mark box)			
QR			of the Meeting as your proxy, please v	write the name	of the person or	body corporate
(ex	cluding	the registered shareholder) yo	ou are appointing as your proxy below			
Or 6	iailina th	as individual or hady corporate	named or if no individual or hady corn	orata ia namad	the Chairman	f the Meeting of
my, dire Mir	our Projections land	bxy to act generally at the me have been given, as to the exte to be held at Level 46, 680 Ge	named, or if no individual or body corp eting on my/our behalf and to vote in a ent permitted by law, as the proxy sees orge Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000 on Th	accordance with fit) at the Annua	the following di I General Meetir	rections (or if no ng of Dome Gold
(())		ournment thereof.				
The	∍ Proxy	is directed by me/us to vote as	s indicated by the marks in the appropri	iate voting boxes	s below:	
$(\bigcirc \bigcirc)$	RES	SOLUTIONS		FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN
	1.	Adoption of the Remuneration	·			
	2.	Re-election of Sarah Harvey				
	3.	Change of Auditor				
	4.	Ratification of prior issue 12,	•			
	5.	Ratification of prior issue 31,	·			
90	6.	Ratification of prior issue 520	0,000 ordinary shares			
	7.	Ratification of prior issue 520	·			
	8.	Approval additional capacity	to issue equity securities			
res cor	If I/we I default, pect of nnected ludes th	have appointed the Chairman by signing and submitting this Resolution 1 (except where directly or indirectly with the rese Chairman.	orised to exercise undirected proxies of the Meeting as my/our proxy or the form I/we expressly authorise the Cha I/we have indicated a different voting muneration of a member of key manage	Chairman of the irman of the Med intention above ement personnel	Meeting becometing to exercise e) even though for Dome Gold	nes my/our proxy my/our proxy in Resolution 1 is Mines Ltd, which
If you	ou have d you w	e appointed the Chairman of the ish to give the Chairman speci	o vote all undirected proxies in favour e Meeting as your proxy (or the Chairma fic voting directions on an item, you sh in to vote for, against or to abstain from	an of the Meeting ould mark the ap	becomes your p	proxy by default)
	ou marl oll and	the Abstain box for a particularyour vote will not be counted in	ar item, you are directing your proxy not n calculating the required majority if a p	t to vote on your oll is called.	behalf on a sho	w of hands or on
If y			nust be signed in accordance with the ir	nstructions overl	eaf to enable yo	ur directions to
a p	EASE S	be implemente				
a p		be implement al or Securityholder 1	Securityholder 2	Secu	rityholder 3	
a p			Securityholder 2	Secu	rityholder 3	

Dated: ___/__/ 2022

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

This form shows your address as it appears on the Company's share register. If this information is incorrect, please make the correction on the form. Shareholders sponsored by a broker should advise their broker of any changes.

APPOINTMENT OF A PROXY

If you wish to appoint the Chair as your proxy, mark the box in Step 1. If you wish to appoint someone other than the Chair, please write that person's name in the box in Step 1. A proxy need not be a shareholder of the Company. A proxy may be an individual or a body corporate.

DEFAULT TO THE CHAIR OF THE MEETING

If you leave in blank the appointment of PROXY, or if your appointed proxy does not attend the Meeting, then the proxy appointment will automatically default to the Chair of the Meeting.

VOTING DIRECTIONS - PROXY APPOINTMENT

You may direct your proxy on how to vote by placing a mark in one of the boxes opposite each resolution of business. All your shares will be voted in accordance with such a direction unless you indicate only a portion of voting rights are to be voted on any resolution by inserting the percentage or number of shares you wish to vote in the appropriate box or boxes. If you do not mark any of the boxes on a given resolution, your proxy may vote as they choose to the extent they are permitted by law. If you mark more than one box on a resolution, your vote on that resolution will be invalid.

PROXY VOTING BY KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

If you wish to appoint a Director (other than the Chair) or other member of the Company's key management personnel, or their closely related parties, as your proxy, you must specify how they should vote on Resolution 1, by marking the appropriate box. If you do not, your proxy will not be able to exercise your vote for Resolution 1.

PLEASE NOTE: If you appoint the Chair as your proxy (or if they are appointed by default) but do not direct them how to vote on a resolution (that is, you do not complete any of the boxes "For", "Against" or "Abstain" opposite that resolution), the Chair may vote as they see fit on that resolution.

APPOINTMENT OF A SECOND PROXY

You are entitled to appoint up to two persons as proxies to attend the meeting and vote on a poll. If you wish to appoint a second proxy, an additional Proxy Form may be obtained by telephoning Advanced Share Registry Limited or you may copy this form and return them both together.

To appoint a second proxy you must:

- (a) On each Proxy Form state the percentage of your voting rights or the number of shares applicable to that form. If the appointments do not specify the percentage or number of votes that each proxy may exercise, each proxy may exercise half your votes. Fractions of votes will be disregarded; and
- (b) Return both forms together.

COMPLIANCE with LISTING RULE 14.11

In accordance to Listing Rule 14.11, if you hold shares on behalf of another person(s) or entity/entities or you are a trustee, nominee, custodian or other fiduciary holder of the shares, you are required to ensure that the person(s) or entity/entities for which you hold the shares are not excluded from voting on resolutions where there is a voting exclusion. Listing Rule 14.11 requires you to receive written confirmation from the person or entity providing the voting instruction to you and you must vote in accordance with the instruction provided.

By lodging your proxy votes, you confirm to the company that you are in compliance with Listing Rule 14.11.

CORPORATE REPRESENTATIVES

If a representative of a nominated corporation is to attend the meeting the appropriate "Certificate of Appointment of Corporate Representative" should be produced prior to admission in accordance with the Notice of Meeting. A Corporate Representative Form may be obtained from Dome Gold Mines Ltd.

SIGNING INSTRUCTIONS ON THE PROXY FORM

Individual:

Where the holding is in one name, the security holder must sign.

Joint Holding:

Where the holding is in more than one name, all shareholders should sign.

Power of Attorney:

If you have not already lodged the Power of Attorney with Advanced Share Registry, please attach the original or a certified photocopy of the Power of Attorney to this form when you return it.

Companies:

Where the company has a Sole Director who is also the Sole Company Secretary, this form must be signed by that person. If the company (pursuant to section 204A of the Corporations Act 2001) does not have a Company Secretary, a Sole Director can sign alone. Otherwise this form must be signed by a Director jointly with either another Director or a Company Secretary. Please sign in the appropriate place to indicate the office held.

Persons entitle to attend and vote

The Company has determined, in accordance with regulation 7.11.37 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth), that the Company's shares quoted on the ASX Limited at 7.00 pm Sydney time on 22 November 2022 are taken, for the purposes of the Annual General Meeting to be held by the persons who held them at that time. Accordingly, those persons are entitled to attend and vote (if not excluded) at the meeting.

Lodgment of a Proxy

PSM | THOSIA JO =

This Proxy Form (and any Power of Attorney under which it is signed) must be received at an address given below no later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting.

Documents may be lodged:

IN PERSON: Registered Office – Level 46, 680 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia

BY MAIL: GPO Box 1759, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia

BY FAX: +61 2 9241 2013

BY E-MAIL: info@domegoldmines.com.au