

For personal use only

Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1)

ARSN 625 560 269

Annual report - 30 June 2022

Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1)

ARSN 625 560 269

Annual report - 30 June 2022

Contents	Page
Directors' report	2
Auditor's independence declaration	5
Statement of comprehensive income	6
Statement of financial position	7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Statement of cash flows	9
Notes to the financial statements	10
Directors' declaration	35
Independent auditor's report to the unitholders	36

These financial statements cover the Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1) as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of the Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1) is Pinnacle Fund Services Limited (ABN 29 082 494 362). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 19, 307 Queen Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000.

Directors' report

The directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1) ("the Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund, for the year ended 30 June 2022.

The Fund was constituted on 26 April 2018, 7 November 2018 listed as an exchange traded Fund (ETF) on the ASX and commenced trading on 5 November 2018.

Principal activities

The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme in Australia.

The Fund aims to outperform the MSCI All Country World Net Index in AUD ("Benchmark") over the investment cycle (typically 3–5 years). The Fund typically invests in a select number of attractively valued companies listed on global share markets (usually a minimum of 30 holdings). The Fund may use exchange traded derivatives to achieve the equity exposure. In the absence of finding individual securities that meet Antipodes' investment criteria, cash may be held. The Fund intends to provide capital growth and income distributions over the long-term.

Antipodes Partners Limited is the Investment Manager of the Fund.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Mr I Macoun
Mr A Ihlenfeldt
Mr C Kwok
Mr A Whittingham

The Responsible Entity also has a Compliance Committee consisting of one non-external member and three external members.

The committee met four times during the year.

Review and results of operations

There have been no significant changes to the operations of the Fund since the previous financial period. The Fund continued to invest funds in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Fund.

For the financial year 2022, global equities delivered negative returns (-15.8% USD, -8.0% AUD) over the volatile 12-month period.

The emergence of the highly contagious Omicron variant in November 2021 disrupted global markets as many governments reintroduced restrictions. Equity markets were impacted by rising yields in early 2022, triggering a selloff most notably in the higher growth parts of the market, and were further rocked by the outbreak of conflict in Eastern Europe in February 2022. The Russian invasion of Ukraine put further pressure on already stressed supply chains and rising global inflation, with energy, materials and agriculture commodities pushing higher. Inflationary pressures subsequently dominated headlines in the first half of 2022, as central banks globally implemented monetary policy tightening, with the indication more hikes may yet be on the horizon to curb inflation in most western economies.

Investors exhibited a bias towards cyclical stocks as economically sensitive sectors such as Energy, Utilities and Healthcare outperformed, with Communication Services, Consumer Discretionary and Information Technology underperforming. Value outperformed growth over the first half of 2022.

Against this backdrop, the Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1) outperformed the MSCI All Country World Index (net div.), after fees, for financial year 2022. Contributors to the portfolio included Oil/Natural Gas, Materials and Healthcare. Portfolio detractors included Internet/Software clusters in both developed and Asia/emerging markets along with portfolio exposure to Hardware.

Directors' report (continued)

Review and results of operations (continued)

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	(45,911)	6,319
Distributions paid and payable	56,713	2,882
Distributions (cents per unit)	82.7153	69.9795

Significant changes in state of affairs

During the year, Antipodes Global Investment Company Limited (APL), Antipodes Partners Limited (Manager) and Pinnacle Fund Services Limited in its capacity as Responsible Entity of the Fund agreed to undertake a scheme of arrangement between APL and APL Shareholders (Scheme), which if implemented would result in APL Shareholders exchanging their APL shares for units in the Fund. The Scheme received Court approval in December 2021 and effective 17 December 2021, the Responsible Entity acquired, by way of transfer, 100% of the Shares in APL, and issued 95,639,412 new Fund units to APL Shareholders.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2022 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to either the officers of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited or the auditors of the Fund. So long as the officers of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

The auditors of the Fund are not indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

For personal use only

Directors' report (continued)

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of the Fund's property during the year are disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of the Fund's property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in note 14 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in note 2 to the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

Amounts in the directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, unless otherwise indicated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Mr A Ihlenfeldt
Director

Brisbane
21 September 2022

For personal use only



Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1) for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ben Woodbridge'.

Ben Woodbridge
Partner
PricewaterhouseCoopers

Brisbane
21 September 2022

For personal use only

Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1)
Statement of comprehensive income
For the year ended 30 June 2022

Statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended	
		30 June	30 June
		2022	2021
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Investment income			
Interest income		27	–
Dividend/distribution income		6,241	484
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	5	(45,350)	6,144
Other operating income		9	–
Total net investment income/(loss)		<u>(39,073)</u>	<u>6,628</u>
Expenses			
Management fees	16	2,713	272
Performance fees	16	3,378	–
Transaction costs		210	34
Interest expense		147	–
Other operating expenses		390	3
Total operating expenses		<u>6,838</u>	<u>309</u>
Operating profit/(loss) for the financial year		<u>(45,911)</u>	<u>6,319</u>
Other comprehensive income		–	–
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year		<u>(45,911)</u>	<u>6,319</u>
Earnings per unit for profit attributable to unitholders of the Fund			
Basic and diluted earnings per unit (cents)	15	(1.09)	1.45

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

For personal use only

Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1)
Statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2022

Statement of financial position

	Notes	As at	
		30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	22,901	1,803
Margin accounts		–	56
Receivables	11	11,907	454
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9	333,587	24,459
Total assets		<u>368,395</u>	<u>26,772</u>
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	7	56,713	2,882
Payables	12	5,439	279
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	10	468	51
Total liabilities		<u>62,620</u>	<u>3,212</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	14	<u>305,775</u>	<u>23,560</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

For personal use only

Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1)
Statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 30 June 2022

Statement of changes in equity

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year	14	<u>23,560</u>	<u>22,850</u>
Comprehensive income for the financial year			
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		(45,911)	6,319
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year		<u>(45,911)</u>	<u>6,319</u>
Transactions with unitholders			
Applications	14	572,377	3,943
Redemptions	14	(189,885)	(6,777)
Reinvestment of distributions	14	2,347	107
Distributions paid and payable	14	(56,713)	(2,882)
Total transactions with unitholders		<u>328,126</u>	<u>(5,609)</u>
Total equity at the end of the financial year		<u>305,775</u>	<u>23,560</u>

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

For personal use only

Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1)
Statement of cash flows
For the year ended 30 June 2022

Statement of cash flows

		Year ended	
		30 June	30 June
		2022	2021
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		475,630	29,051
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(309,427)	(26,595)
Transaction costs on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(210)	(34)
Dividend/distribution received		5,687	477
Management fees paid		(1,718)	(269)
Interest received		27	–
Other income received		(595)	–
Other expenses paid		(537)	(2)
RITC received/(paid)		(288)	–
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	18(a)	<u>168,569</u>	<u>2,628</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		43,354	3,872
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(189,885)	(6,777)
Distributions paid		(536)	(411)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>(147,067)</u>	<u>(3,316)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		21,502	(688)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		1,803	2,411
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(404)	80
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	18(b), 8	<u>22,901</u>	<u>1,803</u>
Non-cash financing activities	18(c)	<u>531,434</u>	<u>107</u>

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

For personal use only

Notes to the financial statements

	Page	
1	General information	11
2	Summary of significant accounting policies	11
3	Financial risk management	17
4	Fair value measurements	25
5	Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	27
6	Auditor's remuneration	27
7	Distributions to unitholders	28
8	Cash and cash equivalents	28
9	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	28
10	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	28
11	Receivables	29
12	Payables	29
13	Derivative financial instruments	29
14	Net assets attributable to unitholders	31
15	Earnings per unit	32
16	Related party transactions	32
17	Segment information	34
18	Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	34
19	Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments	34
20	Events occurring after the reporting period	34

1 General information

These financial statements cover Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1) (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund is a registered managed investment fund (ARSN 625 560 269) which was listed as an exchange traded fund (ETF) on the ASX on 7 November 2018.

The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia.

The Fund aims to outperform the MSCI All Country World Net Index in AUD ("Benchmark") over the investment cycle (typically 3–5 years). The Fund typically invests in a select number of attractively valued companies listed on global share markets (usually a minimum of 30 holdings). The Fund may use exchange traded derivatives to achieve the equity exposure. In the absence of finding individual securities that meet Antipodes' investment criteria, cash may be held. The Fund intends to provide capital growth and income distributions over the long-term.

During the year, Antipodes Global Investment Company Limited (APL), Antipodes Partners Limited (Manager) and Pinnacle Fund Services Limited in its capacity as Responsible Entity of the Fund agreed to undertake a scheme of arrangement between APL and APL Shareholders (Scheme), which if implemented would result in APL Shareholders exchanging their APL shares for units in the Fund. Refer to note 14.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Pinnacle Fund Services Limited (ABN 29 082 494 362). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 19, 307 Queen Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

The Responsible Entity is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The Custodian of the Fund is Citigroup Pty Limited.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 21 September 2022. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements after they have been issued.

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1) is a for-profit unit trust for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within twelve months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at balance date.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2021 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

(iii) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 July 2022 and have not been early adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2022, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its investments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund uses fair value information to assess performance of the portfolio and to make decisions to rebalance the portfolio or to realise fair value gains or minimise losses through sales or other trading strategies. The Fund's policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

Equity securities and derivatives are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Any gains or losses arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the year the asset is derecognised as net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately in the statement of comprehensive income. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value.

Net gains/(losses) on financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss arising on a change in fair value are calculated as the difference between the fair value at year end and the fair value at the previous valuation point. Net gains/(losses) do not include interest or dividend income.

Further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined are disclosed in note 4.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(v) Derivatives and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Fund designates certain derivatives as either:

- hedges of the fair value of recognised assets and liabilities or a firm commitment (fair value hedges)
- hedges of a particular risk associated with the cash flows of recognised assets and liabilities and highly probable forecast transactions (cash flow hedges), or
- hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation (net investment hedges).

At inception of the hedge relationship, the Fund documents the economic relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items including whether changes in the cash flows of the hedging instruments are expected to offset changes in the cash flows of hedged items. The Fund documents its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking its hedge transactions.

The fair values of derivative financial instruments designated in hedge relationships are disclosed in note 13.

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unitholders, less any applicable transaction costs.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at balance sheet date if the unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund. This amount represents the expected cash flows on redemption of these units.

For personal use only

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Fund, and it is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and deposits held at call with financial institutions.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

(e) Margin accounts

Margin accounts comprise cash held as collateral for derivative transactions and short sales. The cash is held by the broker and is only available to meet margin calls.

(f) Investment income

Interest income is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for all financial instruments that are not at fair value through profit or loss using the effective interest method. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in note 2(b).

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date. The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income and such income is recorded net of withholding tax in the statement of comprehensive income.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlements basis.

(g) Expenses

All expenses, including manager's fees, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

(h) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income to unitholders.

The Fund currently incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income or gains are recorded net of withholding taxes in the statement of comprehensive income.

The benefits of imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unitholders.

For personal use only

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Distributions

Distributions are payable as set out in the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and/or Fund's Constitution. Such distributions are recognised as payable when they are determined by the Responsible Entity of the Fund.

(j) Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. The Fund's distributions are classified as distributions paid and payable in the statement of changes in equity.

(k) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss.

(l) Due from/to brokers

The due from brokers balance is held for collection and consequently measured at amortised cost. These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(m) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and trust distributions and amounts due from brokers. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of each reporting period from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(f). Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The amount of the impairment loss is separately recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent financial year, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in profit or loss.

For personal use only

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(n) Payables

Payables include liabilities, amounts due to brokers and accrued expenses owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

(o) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees, if any, as a payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed. The Responsible Entity of the Fund does not currently impose any entry fees on applications and exit fees on redemptions.

Unit redemption prices are determined by reference to the net assets of the Fund divided by the number of units on issue, less any applicable transaction costs.

(p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as investment management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of 55% hence investment management fees have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

(q) Use of estimates

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques which are periodically reviewed by experienced personnel.

Valuation techniques include using observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments. For more information on how fair value is calculated please see note 4 to the financial statements.

(r) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, relating to the 'rounding off' amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

(s) Earnings per unit

Basic and diluted earnings per unit is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to unitholders of the Fund, excluding any costs of servicing of the Fund.
- by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the year.

3 Financial risk management

(a) Objectives, strategies, policies and processes

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by an Investment Manager under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity ("the Board").

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

The maximum loss of capital on forward currency contracts is limited to the notional contract values of these positions.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below:

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of three types of risks: price risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk. Market risk is managed and monitored using sensitivity analysis, and minimised through ensuring that all investment activities are undertaken in accordance with established mandates and investment strategies.

The market risk disclosures are prepared on the basis of the Fund's direct investments and not on a look-through basis for investments held in the Fund.

The Fund typically invests in a select number of attractively valued companies listed on global share markets. In the absence of finding individual securities that meet Antipodes' investment criteria, cash may be held. The Fund aims to provide income and some capital growth over the long-term.

The Fund attempts to take advantage of the market's tendency for irrational extrapolation, identify investments that offer a high margin of safety and build portfolios with a capital preservation focus. The Fund has exposure to different financial markets. The Fund may be materially affected by market, economic, social and/or political conditions globally and in the jurisdictions and sectors in which it invests or operates. This includes conditions affecting interest rates, the availability of credit, currency exchange and trade barriers. These conditions are outside the control of the Fund and could adversely affect the liquidity and value of the Fund's investments.

The Fund invests in a portfolio of securities across several industry sectors, with no individual security holding being greater than 10% and no individual industry exposure being greater than 20%.

For personal use only

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(i) Price risk

The Fund is exposed to equity securities and derivative price risk. This arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Paragraph (ii) below sets out how this component of price risk is managed and measured.

The Responsible Entity manages risk through investing in a select number of attractively valued companies listed on global share markets (usually a minimum of 30 holdings). In the absence of finding individual securities that meet their investment criteria, cash may be held. The Fund is also permitted to utilise exchange traded derivatives for risk management purposes and to achieve equity exposure. Derivative use is subject to the specific restrictions that such instruments cannot be used to gear portfolio exposure and that the underlying effective face value is limited to 10% of the net asset value of the Fund (unless used to manage currency risk). Currency exposure will generally reflect the currency of the underlying securities. However, where the Investment Manager believes there is a strong likelihood of a decline in the underlying currency, currency derivatives (both over-the-counter and exchange traded) may be used to hedge the portfolio's currency exposure. The Fund will not engage in short selling. The Fund aims to outperform the MSCI All Country World Net Index in AUD ('Benchmark') over the investment cycle (typically 3-5 years).

As at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021, the fair value of equities and related derivatives by countries were as follows:

	30 June 2022		As at		30 June 2021	
	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
Listed equity securities						
Australia	6,559	1.97	362	1.48		
United States	160,738	48.22	11,289	46.19		
Japan	11,385	3.41	1,325	5.42		
Germany	77,319	23.20	4,914	20.11		
Others	77,189	23.16	6,549	26.80		
	333,190	99.96	24,439	100.00		
Options						
United States	14	0.00	–	–		
Others	138	0.04	–	–		
Total	333,342	100.00	24,439	100.00		

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(i) Price risk (continued)

As at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021, the Fund's overall exposure to price risk including the notional exposure on derivative contracts were as follows:

	As at	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Net equity exposure from listed equity securities	333,190	24,439
Net equity exposure from options	152	–
Total exposure to price risk from equities and equity related derivatives	333,342	24,439

The below table is a summary of derivatives held which give rise to price risk:

	As at			
	30 June 2022			30 June 2021
	Contract value \$'000	Fair value \$'000	Contract value \$'000	Fair value \$'000
Options	5,086	152	–	–
Total	5,086	152	–	–

For personal use only

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

Investments in global markets or securities which are denominated in foreign currencies give rise to foreign currency exposure. This means that the value of these investments will vary depending on changes in the exchange rate. The Investment Manager will seek to manage the Fund's currency exposure using hedging instruments (for example, foreign exchange forwards swaps, "non-deliverable" forwards and currency options) and cash foreign exchange trades.

The table below summarises the Fund's assets and liabilities, monetary and non monetary, which are denominated in foreign currencies and the Australian dollar.

30 June 2022	Australian Dollars A\$'000	US Dollars A\$'000	Euro A\$'000	Japanese Yen A\$'000	Hong Kong Dollars A\$'000	Other Currencies A\$'000	Total A\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	448	16,951	2,311	1,585	1,126	480	22,901
Receivables	300	313	409	-	-	507	1,529
Due from brokers – receivable for securities sold	85	6,517	1,558	-	1,635	583	10,378
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6,559	160,880	77,468	11,459	29,346	47,875	333,587
Distributions payables	(56,713)	-	-	-	-	-	(56,713)
Payables	(4,442)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,442)
Due to brokers – payable for securities purchased	-	(186)	-	(385)	-	(426)	(997)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	(223)	-	-	(7)	(238)	(468)
	<u>(53,763)</u>	<u>184,252</u>	<u>81,746</u>	<u>12,659</u>	<u>32,100</u>	<u>48,781</u>	<u>305,775</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from forward foreign exchange contracts (notional):							
Open foreign currency contracts (buy)	21,200	73,069	-	21,085	-	9,791	125,145
Open foreign currency contracts (sell)	(7,617)	(52,075)	(3,888)	(2,758)	(16,293)	(42,514)	(125,145)
	<u>13,583</u>	<u>20,994</u>	<u>(3,888)</u>	<u>18,327</u>	<u>(16,293)</u>	<u>(32,723)</u>	<u>-</u>

Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1)
Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 30 June 2022
(continued)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

30 June 2021	Australian Dollars A\$'000	US Dollars A\$'000	Euro A\$'000	Japanese Yen A\$'000	Hong Kong Dollars A\$'000	Other Currencies A\$'000	Total A\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	451	742	256	98	157	99	1,803
Margin accounts	–	35	21	–	–	–	56
Receivables	75	11	20	–	18	22	146
Due from brokers – receivable for securities sold	–	93	–	20	23	172	308
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	362	11,291	4,923	1,326	1,932	4,625	24,459
Distributions payable	(2,882)	–	–	–	–	–	(2,882)
Payables	(69)	–	–	–	–	–	(69)
Due to brokers – payable for securities purchased	–	(88)	(86)	–	–	(36)	(210)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	–	(50)	–	–	–	(1)	(51)
	<u>(2,063)</u>	<u>12,034</u>	<u>5,134</u>	<u>1,444</u>	<u>2,130</u>	<u>4,881</u>	<u>23,560</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from forward foreign exchange contracts (notional):							
Open foreign currency contracts (buy)	68	2,262	350	794	438	935	4,847
Open foreign currency contracts (sell)	(533)	(2,604)	–	–	(827)	(852)	(4,816)
	<u>(465)</u>	<u>(342)</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>794</u>	<u>(389)</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>31</u>

For personal use only

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The effect on the net assets attributable to unitholders and profit or loss due to a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against the Australian dollar with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below:

30 June 2022

Currency	Change in currency rate		Effect on net profit attributable to unitholders	
	Increase	(Decrease)	Increase	(Decrease)
	%	%	A\$'000	A\$'000
US Dollars	15	(15)	(24,033)	32,515
Euro	15	(15)	(10,663)	14,426
Japanese Yen	15	(15)	(1,651)	2,234
Hong Kong Dollars	15	(15)	(4,187)	5,665
Other Currencies	15	(15)	(6,363)	8,609
			<u>(46,897)</u>	<u>63,449</u>

30 June 2021

Currency	Change in currency rate		Effect on net profit attributable to unitholders	
	Increase	(Decrease)	Increase	(Decrease)
	%	%	A\$'000	A\$'000
US Dollars	15	(15)	(1,279)	1,730
Euro	15	(15)	(677)	916
Japanese Yen	15	(15)	(128)	174
Hong Kong Dollars	15	(15)	(272)	368
Other Currencies	15	(15)	(584)	790
			<u>(2,940)</u>	<u>3,978</u>

This represents management's best estimate of a reasonably possible shift in the foreign exchange rates, having regard of historical volatility of those rates. This increase or decrease in the net profit attributable to unitholders arises mainly from a change in the fair value of US dollar equity and debt securities and Euro equities that are classified as financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The majority of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities are non interest bearing. Interest-bearing financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities mature or reprice in the short-term, no longer than twelve months. As a result, the Fund is subject to limited exposure to fair value interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

(i) Derivatives

The Fund is also permitted to utilise exchange traded derivatives for risk management purposes and to achieve equity exposure. Derivative use is subject to the specific restrictions that such instruments cannot be used to gear portfolio exposure and that the underlying effective face value is limited to 10% of the net asset value of the Fund (unless used to manage currency risk).

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

(i) Derivatives (continued)

The Fund will only use derivatives in the following three scenarios:

- (a) for the dominant purpose of managing foreign exchange or interest rate risk;
- (b) for the dominant purpose of more efficiently gaining an economic exposure, through the use of exchange-traded derivatives, to the underlying reference assets of those derivatives, but on a temporary basis (i.e. for a year of less than 28 days, which cannot be extended by rolling over or replacing the derivative); or
- (c) use of exchange-traded derivatives, provided the notional derivatives exposure of the Fund does not exceed 10% of its net asset value (unless the exposure is attributable to circumstances that were not reasonably foreseeable by the Responsible Entity, such as unforeseen market movements or large redemption requests and the exposure is for a year of no more than three consecutive Business Days).

These three exceptions operate independently of each other. For example, where the Fund uses exchange-traded derivatives for the dominant purpose of managing foreign exchange or interest rate risk, this does not count towards the 10% notional derivatives exposure limit for exchange-traded derivatives in accordance with ASIC Regulatory Guide 240.12. Currency exposure will generally reflect the currency of the underlying securities. However, where the Investment Manager believes there is a strong likelihood of a decline in the underlying currency, currency derivatives (both over-the-counter and exchange traded) may be used to hedge the portfolio's currency exposure. Currency hedging is subject to the specific restriction that such derivatives cannot be used to gear portfolio exposure.

Exchange traded and OTC-cleared derivative contracts have reduced credit risk as the counterparty is a clearing house. The clearing house is responsible for managing the risk associated with the process on behalf of their members and ensuring it has adequate resources to fulfil its obligations when they become due. Clearing house members are required to provide initial margins in accordance with the exchange rules in the form of cash or securities and provide daily variation margins in cash to cover changes in market values. Further, all members are generally required to contribute to (and guarantee) the compensation or reserve fund which may be used in the event of default and shortfall of a member. The Fund also restricts its exposure to credit losses on the trading of certain OTC derivative instruments it holds by entering into master netting arrangements with counterparties (approved brokers) with whom it undertakes a significant volume of transactions.

(ii) Settlement of securities transactions

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered low, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made once purchase on the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

(iii) Cash and cash equivalents

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all counterparties have a rating of A (as determined by the Standard & Poor's (S&P)).

(iv) Other

The Fund is not materially exposed to credit risk on other financial assets. The clearing and depository operations for the Fund's security transactions are mainly concentrated with one counterparty, namely Citigroup Pty Limited. Citigroup Pty Limited at 30 June 2022 had a credit rating of A (S&P) and A3 (Moody's). At 30 June 2022, substantially all cash and cash equivalents, balances due from brokers and investments are held in custody by Citigroup Pty Limited.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

(v) Maximum exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at the end of each reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous. This risk is controlled through the Fund's investment in financial instruments, which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash, as the majority are listed on global exchanges. In addition, the Fund maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet normal operating requirements.

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the Responsible Entity monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis. The Fund's policy is reviewed annually. In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders. The Fund did not reject or withhold any redemptions during 2022 and 2021.

The Fund's Constitution provides for daily application and redemption of units and it is therefore exposed to liquidity risk of meeting unitholder redemptions at any time. Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. At 30 June 2022, net assets attributable to unitholders was \$305,775,138 (2021: \$23,560,397).

Maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Net assets attributable to unitholders is not considered a financial liability but has been included below as units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. However, the Board of Directors does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table will be representative of the actual cash flows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to the long term.

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-3 months \$'000	3-12 months \$'000	12-60 months \$'000
30 June 2022				
Distributions payable	56,713	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	997	-	-	-
Accrued expenses	3,378	1,064	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	305,775	-	-	-
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	366,863	1,064	-	-

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-3 months \$'000	3-12 months \$'000	12-60 months \$'000
30 June 2021				
Distributions payable	2,882	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	69	-	-	-
Accrued expenses	141	69	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	23,560	-	-	-
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	26,652	69	-	-

The forward foreign exchange contractual liabilities of \$125,144,619 (2021: \$4,846,867) mature within 3 to 6 months after balance date.

For personal use only

4 Fair value measurements

The Fund measures and recognises the below financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value after initial recognition on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

Fair value hierarchy

Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

(i) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the last traded price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the last traded price. When the Fund holds derivatives with offsetting market risks, it uses mid-market prices as a basis for establishing fair values for the offsetting risk positions and applies this bid or asking price to the net open position, as appropriate.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The foreign currency contracts are valued at the forward rate.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such trusts.

For personal use only

4 Fair value measurements (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and level 3) (continued)

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

Valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Fund for similar financial instruments.

Recognised fair value measurements

The tables below set out the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

As at 30 June 2022	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed equity securities	333,190	–	–	333,190
Options	–	152	–	152
Forward foreign exchange contracts	–	245	–	245
Total financial assets	333,190	397	–	333,587
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	–	468	–	468
Total financial liabilities	–	468	–	468
As at 30 June 2021	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed equity securities	24,439	–	–	24,439
Forward foreign exchange contracts	–	20	–	20
Total financial assets	24,439	20	–	24,459
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	–	51	–	51
Total financial liabilities	–	51	–	51

There were no transfers between levels during the year ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

For personal use only

5 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Financial assets		
Net unrealised gain/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(37,517)	3,547
Net realised* gain/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(7,365)</u>	<u>2,648</u>
Total financial assets	<u>(44,882)</u>	<u>6,195</u>
Financial liabilities		
Net unrealised gain/(losses) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(468)</u>	<u>(51)</u>
Total financial liabilities	<u>(468)</u>	<u>(51)</u>
Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(45,350)</u>	<u>6,144</u>

*Realised gains and losses are recorded using the historical cost information.

6 Auditor's remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm		
Audit and other assurance services		
Audit and review of financial statements	43,500	40,320
Audit of compliance plan	<u>3,346</u>	<u>–</u>
Total remuneration of audit services	<u>46,846</u>	<u>40,320</u>
Non-audit services		
Taxation compliance services	<u>5,500</u>	<u>5,000</u>
Total remuneration for non-audit services	<u>5,500</u>	<u>5,000</u>
Total remuneration for PricewaterhouseCoopers	<u>52,346</u>	<u>45,320</u>

The fees for audit and non-audit services are paid by the Investment Manager out of the management fee that they earn.

For personal use only

7 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions were paid/payable as follows:

	30 June 2022 \$'000	Year ended		30 June 2021 CPU
		30 June 2022 CPU	30 June 2021 \$'000	
Distributions				
Distributions payable - June	56,713	82,7153	2,882	69.9795
	<u>56,713</u>		<u>2,882</u>	

8 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Cash at bank	22,901	1,803
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>22,901</u>	<u>1,803</u>

9 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Listed equity securities	333,190	24,439
Options	152	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	245	20
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>333,587</u>	<u>24,459</u>

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 3.

10 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
Forward foreign exchange contracts	468	51
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	<u>468</u>	<u>51</u>

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 3.

For personal use only

Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1)
Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 30 June 2022
(continued)

11 Receivables

	As at	
	30 June	30 June
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Applications receivable	8	71
Accrued income	604	45
GST receivable	291	30
Other receivables	626	–
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	10,378	308
Total receivables	11,907	454

12 Payables

	As at	
	30 June	30 June
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	997	210
Accrued expenses	4,442	69
Total payables	5,439	279

13 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility
- a substitution for trading of physical securities
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

For personal use only

13 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

The Fund holds the following derivative instruments:

(a) Options

An option is a contractual arrangement under which the seller (writer) grants the purchaser (holder) the right, but not the obligation, either to buy (a call option) or sell (a put option) at or by a set date or during a set period, a specific amount of securities or a financial instrument at a predetermined price. The seller receives a premium from the purchaser in consideration for the assumption of future securities price risk. Options held by the Fund are exchange-traded. The Fund is exposed to credit risk on purchased options to the extent of their carrying amount, which is their fair value. Options are settled on a gross basis.

(b) Forward foreign exchange contracts

Forward foreign exchange contracts are primarily used by the Fund to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-Australian dollar denominated trading securities. The Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Forward foreign exchange contracts are valued at the prevailing bid price at the end of each reporting period. The Fund recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the end of each reporting period.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021 are detailed below:

As at 30 June 2022

	Contract / notional value \$'000	Fair values	
		Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000
Options	5,086	152	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts – buy	125,145	245	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts – sell	(125,145)	-	468
	<u>5,086</u>	<u>397</u>	<u>468</u>

As at 30 June 2021

	Contract / notional value \$'000	Fair values	
		Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000
Forward foreign exchange contracts – buy	4,847	20	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts – sell	(4,816)	-	51
	<u>31</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>51</u>

An overview of the risk exposure relating to derivatives is included in note 3.

For personal use only

Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1)
Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 30 June 2022
(continued)

14 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Fund shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	As at			
	30 June 2022 Units	30 June 2021 Units	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Balance as at 1 July	4,131,135	4,593,119	23,560	22,850
Applications	96,766,918	652,013	572,377	3,943
Redemptions	(32,745,348)	(1,135,496)	(189,885)	(6,777)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	411,538	21,499	2,347	107
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	(56,713)	(2,882)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	-	-	(45,911)	6,319
Closing balance	68,564,243	4,131,135	305,775	23,560

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

During the year, Antipodes Global Investment Company Limited (APL), Antipodes Partners Limited (Manager) and Pinnacle Fund Services Limited in its capacity as Responsible Entity of the Fund agreed to undertake a scheme of arrangement between APL and APL Shareholders (Scheme), which if implemented would result in APL Shareholders exchanging their APL shares for units in the Fund. The Scheme received Court approval in December 2021 and effective 17 December 2021, the Responsible Entity acquired, by way of transfer, 100% of the Shares in APL, and issued 95,639,412 new Fund units to APL Shareholders.

Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. Net assets attributable to unitholders are representative of the expected cash outflows on redemption, excluding any applicable transaction costs.

The Fund monitors the level of daily applications and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Fund. The Fund's strategy was to hold a certain portion of the net assets attributable to unitholders in liquid investments. Liquid assets include cash and cash equivalents and listed equities. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units, if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

For personal use only

15 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit amounts are calculated by dividing net profit attributable to unitholders before distributions by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the year.

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	Cents per unit	Cents per unit
Operating profit/(loss) attributable to unitholders	(45,911,404)	6,319,351
Weighted average number of units on issue	42,109,931	4,359,380
Basic and diluted earnings per unit (cents)	(1.09)	1.45

16 Related party transactions

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1) is Pinnacle Fund Services Limited.

Pinnacle Investment Management Limited is the parent company of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited. Pinnacle Investment Management Group Limited is the ultimate holding company of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited.

Antipodes Partners Limited is the Investment Manager of the Fund.

Key management personnel

Directors

Key management personnel includes persons who were directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited and Pinnacle Investment Management Limited at any time during the financial year as follows:

Pinnacle Fund Services Limited

Mr I Macoun
Mr A Ihlenfeldt
Mr C Kwok
Mr A Whittingham

Pinnacle Investment Management Limited

Mr I Macoun
Mr A Ihlenfeldt
Mr A Whittingham

Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

For personal use only

16 Related party transactions (continued)

Management fees and other transactions

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Management fees for the year paid/payable by the Fund	2,712,899	272,128
Performance fees for the year paid/payable by the Fund	3,378,299	–
Performance fees payable to the Investment Manager at the reporting date	3,378,299	–
Management fees payable to the Investment Manager at the reporting date	1,063,694	68,995

The management fee 1.10% p.a. is calculated daily based on the net asset value of the Fund. The performance fee is 15% of the difference in the Fund's return (net of management fees) relative to its benchmark (MSCI All Country World Net Index in AUD) return multiplied by the net asset value of the Fund. The performance fee is calculated and accrued each business day and is payable six-monthly.

Responsible Entity fees are paid by the Investment Manager out of the fees that they earn.

Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Pinnacle Fund Services Limited or its related parties during the year.

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited are paid by Pinnacle Services Administration Pty Ltd. Payments made from the Fund to Pinnacle Fund Services Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to key management personnel remuneration.

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

Other transactions within the Fund

From time to time directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited, or their director related entities, may invest in or withdraw from the Fund. These investments or withdrawals are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other Fund investors and are not material in nature.

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interests existing at year end.

For personal use only

17 Segment information

The Fund is organised into one main operating segment with only one key function in Australia, being the investment of funds.

18 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Net profit/(loss) for the year	(45,911)	6,319
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	475,630	29,051
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(309,427)	(26,595)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	45,350	(6,144)
Net change in dividends/distributions receivable	–	(7)
Net change in receivables	(1,446)	1
Net change in payables	4,373	3
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	168,569	2,628
(b) Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank	22,901	1,803
	22,901	1,803
(c) Non-cash financing activities		
Distributions reinvestments	2,347	107
In-specie transaction in relation to merger	529,087	–
	531,434	107

As described in note 2(j), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. The change in this amount each year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable.

19 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

20 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2022 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

For personal use only

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 34 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Mr A Ihlenfeldt
Director

Brisbane
21 September 2022

For personal use only



Independent auditor's report

To the unitholders of Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1)

Report on the audit of the financial report

Our opinion

In our opinion:

The accompanying financial report of Antipodes Global Shares (Quoted Managed Fund) (ASX: AGX1) (the Registered Scheme) is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Registered Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

What we have audited

The financial report comprises:

- the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- the directors of the Responsible Entity's declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Registered Scheme in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Our audit approach

An audit is designed to provide reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

We tailored the scope of our audit to ensure that we performed enough work to be able to give an opinion on the financial report as a whole, taking into account the geographic and management structure of the Registered Scheme, its accounting processes and controls and the industry in which it operates.



Materiality	Audit scope	Key audit matters
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For the purpose of our audit we used overall materiality of \$3.05 million, which represents approximately 1% of the Registered Scheme's net assets. We applied this threshold, together with qualitative considerations, to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements on the financial report as a whole. We chose net assets as the benchmark because, in our view, it is the metric against which the performance of the Registered Scheme is most commonly measured and is the generally accepted benchmark in the industry. We utilised a 1% threshold based on our professional judgement, noting it is within the range of commonly acceptable thresholds. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Our audit focused on where the Registered Scheme made subjective judgements; for example, significant accounting estimates involving assumptions and inherently uncertain future events. Our audit approach reflected the nature of the investments held and consideration of activities performed for the Registered Scheme by third party service providers, specifically relating to unit registry, fund administration and custody services. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amongst other relevant topics, we communicated the following key audit matters to the Audit and Risk Committee: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Existence and valuation of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss. These are further described in the <i>Key audit matters</i> section of our report.



Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report for the current period. The key audit matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Further, any commentary on the outcomes of a particular audit procedure is made in that context.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<p>Existence and valuation of investments <i>Refer to note 2 (Summary of significant accounting policies) and note 9 (Fair value measurement).</i></p> <p>At 30 June 2022, the value of the Registered Scheme's investment portfolio, which was comprised primarily of investments in listed equity securities, options and forward foreign exchange contracts, was \$333,587,000.</p> <p>As described in note 2 of the financial report, these investments are recognised at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.</p> <p>The existence and valuation of financial assets was a key audit matter because financial assets represent the principal element of the statement of financial position in the financial statements, accounting for approximately 91% of net assets. A discrepancy in the valuation or existence of investments could cause the net assets attributable to unitholders to be materially misstated which could also impact the Registered Scheme's performance as the valuation of financial assets is the main driver of movements in the statement of comprehensive income of the Registered Scheme.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures included, amongst others:</p> <p>Valuation procedures We assessed the valuation techniques used to value the Registered Scheme's financial assets against general market practice. We obtained observable market price data and compared this to the prices used by the Registered Scheme to value those investments at period end. We obtained the most recent reports issued by the provider of fund administration and custodian services, which set out the controls in place at each service organisation used by the Registered Scheme. These reports include an independent audit opinion over the design and operating effectiveness of those controls. We assessed the reports by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Developing an understanding of the control objectives and associated control activities• evaluating the tests undertaken by the auditor; and• evaluating the results of these tests and the conclusions formed by the auditor on the design and operational effectiveness of controls to the extent relevant to our audit of the Registered Scheme. <p>Existence procedures We obtained a confirmation from the custodian of the investment holdings at year end and compared the investment holdings per the custodian confirmation with the holdings per the Registered Scheme's accounting records.</p>

Other information

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

For personal use only



Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors of the Responsible Entity for the financial report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors of the Responsible Entity determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the ability of the Registered Scheme to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Responsible Entity either intends to liquidate the Registered Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1_2020.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'PricewaterhouseCoopers' in a cursive script.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Ben Woodbridge' in a cursive script.

Ben Woodbridge
Partner

Brisbane
21 September 2022

For personal use only