

**VanEck Bentham Global Capital Securities Active  
ETF (Managed Fund)  
(ASX Code: GCAP)**

ARSN 649 884 631

**Financial report**

**For the period from 3 August 2021 (commencement  
of operations) to 30 June 2022**

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# VanEck Bentham Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund) (ASX Code: GCAP)

ARSN 649 884 631

## Financial report

### For the period from 3 August 2021 (commencement of operations) to 30 June 2022

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These financial statements cover the VanEck Bentham Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund) as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of the VanEck Bentham Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund) is VanEck Investments Limited (ACN 146 596 116) (AFSL 416755). The Responsible Entity's registered office is:

VanEck Investments Limited  
Level 47, Suite 2  
25 Martin Place,  
Sydney, NSW, Australia, 2000

## Directors' report

The Directors of VanEck Investments Limited (ACN 146 596 116), the Responsible Entity of VanEck Bentham Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund) (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the period from 3 August 2021 (commencement of operations) to 30 June 2022.

### Fund information

The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme.

The Responsible Entity's registered office is located at Level 47, Suite 2, 25 Martin Place, Sydney, NSW, Australia, 2000.

The investment manager is Bentham Asset Management Pty Ltd with ABN 92 140 833 674 and AFSL 356199. The investment manager's registered office is located at Level 12, 179 Elizabeth Street, Sydney, NSW, Australia, 2000.

### Principal activities

The Fund is traded on the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") as an exchange traded fund and may also be traded on the licensed financial market operated by Chi-X Australia Pty Ltd ("Chi-X").

The Fund invests predominantly in subordinated debt securities ("Capital Securities") to earn an after fee return in excess of the RBA cash rate + 3% (the "Benchmark") per annum in accordance with the provision of the Fund's Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement ("PDS").

The Fund uses exchange-traded and over-the-counter ("OTC") derivatives, primarily for hedging foreign currency and interest rate risk. Derivatives will also be used for overall risk management.

The Fund did not have any employees during the period.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the period.

### Directors

The following persons held office as Directors of VanEck Investments Limited during the period and up to the date of this report:

Jan van Eck  
Bruce Smith  
Arian Neiron  
Michael Brown  
Jonathan Simon

### Review and results of operations

The Fund invested in accordance with the Fund's PDS and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund predominantly invests in a range of different subordinated debt securities issued by systemically important Financial Institutions and aims to earn an after fee return in excess of the Benchmark per annum over the long term.

## Directors' report (continued)

### Review and results of operations (continued)

#### Results

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022
Operating profit/(loss) attributable to unitholders (\$'000)	(3,046)
Distribution to unitholders (\$'000)	669
Distribution (cents per unit - CPU)	28.50

#### Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial period.

#### Matters subsequent to the end of the financial period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2022 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years;
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

#### Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the PDS of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of the investment markets in which the Fund invests, which will be affected by each market's reaction to the continuing COVID-19 pandemic. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

The Fund's investment objective and strategy remains unchanged which aims to outperform the Benchmark over the medium to long term.

#### Indemnity and insurance of Officers

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to either the Directors and Officers of Responsible Entity or the auditors of the Fund. So long as the Officers of Responsible Entity act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the Officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

## Directors' report (continued)

### Indemnity and insurance of Officers (continued)

During the period ended 30 June 2022, VanEck Australia Pty Ltd ACN 137 160 528, the parent company of the Responsible Entity paid insurance premiums to insure the Directors and Officers of the Responsible Entity. The terms of the contract prohibit the disclosure of the premiums paid.

### Indemnity of auditors

The auditors of the Fund are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

### Proceedings on behalf of the Fund

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Fund or intervene in any proceedings to which the Fund is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Fund for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Fund was not a party to any such proceedings during the period.

### Fees paid to and units held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

No fees were paid out of the Fund property to the Directors of the Responsible Entity during the period.

The number of units in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial period are disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements.

### Units in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the period is disclosed in note 10 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed on the Statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in note 2 to the financial statements.

### Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

### Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC") relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that ASIC Corporations Instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

**Directors' report (continued)**

**Auditor's independence declaration**

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



Michael Brown  
Director

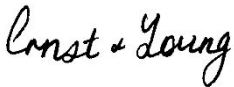
Sydney  
21 September 2022

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## Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of VanEck Investments Limited, as Responsible Entity for VanEck Benthams Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund)

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of VanEck Benthams Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund) (GCAP) for the financial period ended 30 June 2022, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit;
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit; and
- c) no non-audit services provided that contravene any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



Ernst & Young



Rita Da Silva  
Partner  
Sydney  
21 September 2022

**Statement of comprehensive income**

	Notes	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022 \$'000
<b>Investment income</b>		
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		924
Net losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	6	(3,742)
Other operating loss		(15)
<b>Total investment loss</b>		<u>(2,833)</u>
<b>Expenses</b>		
Management fees	17	112
Transaction costs		2
Interest Withholding tax		25
Other expenses		74
<b>Total operating expenses</b>		<u>213</u>
<b>Loss for the period</b>		<u>(3,046)</u>
Other comprehensive income for the period		-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the period</b>		<u>(3,046)</u>

*The above Statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

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**Statement of financial position**

	Notes	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	12	2,663
Margin accounts		300
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		299
Receivables	15	281
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7	<u>22,421</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u>25,964</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Payable for margin accounts		128
Payables	16	55
Distributions payable	11	84
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	8	<u>1,474</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>1,741</u>
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders - Equity</b>		<u>24,223</u>

*The above Statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

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**Statement of changes in equity**

	Notes	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022 \$'000
<b>Total equity at the beginning of the period</b>		-
Issue of redeemable participating units		29,713
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions		9
Redemption of redeemable participating units		(1,784)
Comprehensive loss for the period		(3,046)
Distributions	11	<u>(669)</u>
<b>Total equity at the end of the period</b>		<u>24,223</u>

*Movement in units issued are disclosed in note 10 to the financial statements.*

*The above Statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

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## Statement of cash flows

	Notes	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022 \$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		7,641
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(33,050)
Amount paid to brokers for margin		(172)
Interest received		1,082
Other income received/(expenses paid)		(51)
Management fees paid		(99)
Payment of other expenses		(70)
<b>Net cash outflow from operating activities</b>	13(a)	<u>(24,719)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		29,713
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(1,784)
Distributions paid		(576)
<b>Net cash inflow from financing activities</b>		<u>27,353</u>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>		2,634
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		-
Effects of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		<u>29</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	12	<u>2,663</u>

*The above Statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

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## 1 General information

These financial statements for the period from 3 August 2021 (commencement of operations) to 30 June 2022 cover the VanEck Bentham Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund) (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted on 3 May 2021 and began trading on ASX on 5 August 2021. The Fund will terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is VanEck Investments Limited. The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 47, Suite 2, 25 Martin Place, Sydney, NSW, Australia, 2000.

These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

The Fund invests predominantly in "subordinated debt securities ("Capital Securities") to earn an after fee return in excess of the RBA cash rate + 3% (the "Benchmark") per annum in accordance with the provision of the Fund's Constitution and PDS.

The Fund uses exchange-traded and over-the-counter ("OTC") derivatives, primarily for hedging foreign currency and interest rate risk. Derivatives will also be used for overall risk management.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 21 September 2022. The Directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

The investment manager is Bentham Asset Management Pty Ltd with ABN 92 140 833 674 and AFSL 356199.

The Custodian and Administrator of the Fund is State Street Australia Limited ("the Custodian"). The ultimate holding company of the Custodian is State Street Corporation (incorporated in the United States of America).

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

### (a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia.

The Fund is a for-profit fund for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The Statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis.

Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within twelve months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unitholders' option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months cannot be reliably determined.

#### (i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (b) Financial instruments

#### (i) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognise changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date. Financial assets are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

#### (ii) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities discussed below.

##### Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

##### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Fund includes in this category cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers - receivable for securities sold, and receivables.

##### Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL")

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding;
- It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The debt securities are classified as fair value through profit or loss.

In applying that classification, a financial asset or financial liability is considered to be held for trading if it is:

- acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- on initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which, there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

##### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (b) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Classification (continued)

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Fund includes in this category due to brokers - payable for securities purchased, payables and distributions payable.

Financial liabilities measured at FVPL

A financial liability is measured at FVPL if it meets the definition of held for trading. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Fund that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined. The Fund includes in this category derivative contracts in a liability position.

The derivatives are mandatorily classified as fair value through profit or loss.

#### (iii) Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in the Statement of financial position initially at fair value. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised directly in the Statement of comprehensive income. Financial assets and liabilities, other than those classified as FVPL, are initially measured at fair value adjusted by transaction costs and subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method less impairment losses for financial assets, if any.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the Statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is subsequently based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The quoted market price used for financial assets and liabilities held by the Fund is the last traded price.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each reporting date. Valuation techniques used include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs. Further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined are disclosed in note 5.

#### (iv) Impairment of Financial assets

The Fund holds only cash and cash equivalents, receivables and due from brokers with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, has chosen to apply the simplified approach for expected credit losses ("ECL") under AASB 9. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

### (c) Changes in accounting standards

#### (i) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2021 that have a material impact on the Fund.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (c) Changes in accounting standards (continued)

#### (ii) New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2022, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the future financial statements of the Fund.

### (d) Redeemable participating units

Units are classified as equity. Notwithstanding the obligation of the Fund to redeem the units at the Authorised Participants' option, as defined in the Fund's PDS, the Responsible Entity considers the Units to meet the requirements for equity classification within AASB 132.16A and B. The Constitution states that the distributions are at the discretion of the Responsible Entity. The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price. The fair value of redeemable units is measured at the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) at the end of the reporting period if the Authorised Participants exercised their right to redeem the units in the Fund.

### (e) Capital management

The Responsible Entity manages its net assets attributable to unitholders as equity. The amount of the net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of the Authorised Participants.

The Responsible Entity monitors the level of daily applications and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Fund.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Responsible Entity may return capital to unitholders. The Fund is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

### (f) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are classified as liabilities in the Statement of financial position.

Cash and cash equivalents are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, reduced by impairment losses.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

### (g) Margin accounts

Margin accounts comprise cash held as collateral for derivative transactions. The cash is held by the broker and is only available to meet margin calls. It is not included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

### (h) Investment income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for all financial instruments not at fair value through profit or loss using the effective interest method.



## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (h) Investment income (continued)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Net changes in fair value of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised as income and are determined as the difference between the fair value at the balance date or consideration received (if sold during the financial period) and the fair value as at the prior balance date or initial fair value (if acquired during the financial period). This includes both realised and unrealised gains and losses, but does not include interest income.

### (i) Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

### (j) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax as the income tax liability is attributed to unitholders under the AMIT regime.

The benefits of tax credits paid are passed on to unitholders.

The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax in the Statement of comprehensive income.

### (k) Distributions

In accordance with the Fund's PDS, the Fund usually pays a distribution on a monthly basis. The distributions to unitholders are recognised in the Statement of changes in equity.

### (l) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at period end exchange rates, of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the Statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (m) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered as at period end. Trades are recorded on trade date and normally settled within three business days.

### (n) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest and applications received for units in the Fund. Interest is accrued at the end of the reporting period from the time of last payment. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

### (o) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owed by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the end of the reporting period is recognised separately on the Statement of financial position as unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income under the Fund's Constitution.

### (p) Applications and redemptions

Application amounts can be paid by cash or in the form of a parcel of prescribed securities transferred to the Responsible Entity's custodian. The parcel of securities related to in-specie applications generally reflect the characteristics of the Fund. Investors may purchase units by trading on the ASX.

Unitholders can only redeem units if they are Authorised Participants. Units can be sold by trading on ASX.

Unit prices are determined by reference to the net assets of the Fund divided by the number of units on issue. For unit pricing purposes, net assets are determined using the last reported trade price for securities. These prices may differ from the market.

### (q) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as management, administration and custodian services where applicable have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 55%. Hence fees for these services and any other expenses have been recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the Statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the Statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

### (r) Use of estimates

The Fund may make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers, accounts payable and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (s) Derivative financial instruments

The Fund uses derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts and interest rate futures to economically hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value with movements through profit or loss. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

### (t) New accounting standards and interpretations

There are no standards that are not yet effective and that are expected to have a material impact on the Fund in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

### (u) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that ASIC Corporations Instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

### (v) Basis of accounting period

Corporations Act 2001 (Corporations Act) requires the first financial year for a company, registered scheme or disclosing entity (an entity) to start on the day of its registration. The first financial year may last for 12 months or a period, no longer than 18 months, determined by the Directors.

## 3 Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's PDS and Constitution and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by the Responsible Entity.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below.

### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

##### (i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below summarises the Fund's assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

As at 30 June 2022	US Dollars A\$'000	Euro A\$'000	British Pounds A\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	672	881	699
Margin accounts	416	660	211
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	299	-
Receivables	137	107	30
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10,759	8,233	3,429
Payables	(10)	(25)	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(1,083)</u>	<u>(347)</u>	<u>(44)</u>
	<u>10,891</u>	<u>9,808</u>	<u>4,325</u>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from foreign currency forward contract and cross currency swap contracts</b>			
- (sell)/buy foreign currency and cross currency swap contracts	<u>(11,626)</u>	<u>(10,022)</u>	<u>(4,353)</u>
	<u>(735)</u>	<u>(214)</u>	<u>(28)</u>

##### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rate movements will have a negative impact on investment value or returns. Interest rate risk is managed in accordance with the underlying investment strategy of the Fund.

The table below summarises the Fund's direct exposure to interest rate risks.

30 June 2022	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	2,663	-	-	2,663
Margin accounts	300	-	-	300
Receivables	-	-	281	281
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	-	299	299
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	<u>21,090</u>	<u>1,222</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>22,421</u>
<b>Total assets</b>	<u>24,053</u>	<u>1,222</u>	<u>689</u>	<u>25,964</u>

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

##### (ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

30 June 2022	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Distributions payable	-	-	(84)	(84)
Payables	-	-	(55)	(55)
Margin payable	(128)	-	-	(128)
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	(1,474)	(1,474)
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>(128)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1,613)</b>	<b>(1,741)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from</b>				
Interest rate futures (notional principal)	13,892	(13,892)	-	-
<b>Net exposure</b>	<b>37,817</b>	<b>(12,670)</b>	<b>(924)</b>	<b>24,223</b>

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Fund's profit or loss for the period to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant. The sensitivity of the profit or loss for the period is the effect of the assumed changes in interest rates on:

- The net interest income for one year, based on the floating rate financial assets held at the end of the reporting period
- Changes in fair value of investments for the period, based on revaluing fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period

30 June 2022	Change in basis points	Sensitivity of interest income increase /(decrease) \$'000	Sensitivity of changes in fair value of investments increase /(decrease) \$'000
	+50/-50	126/(126)	5/(5)

An analysis of financial liabilities by maturities is provided in note 3 (d)(i) on page 22.

#### (b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to the various market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (b) Summarised sensitivity analysis (continued)

greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

	Foreign currency risk					
	Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders					
	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%
	USD	USD	EUR	EUR	GBP	GBP
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
30 June 2022	74	(74)	21	(21)	3	(3)

In determining the impact of an increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders arising from market risk, the Responsible Entity has considered the current financial period and expected future movements of the portfolio based on market information in order to determine a reasonably possible shift in assumptions.

#### (c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will fail to perform contractual obligations, either in whole or part. Credit risk primarily arises from investments in derivative financial instruments. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions and amounts due from brokers. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of each reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets.

Credit ratings for the investments in debt securities is from B to A.

The clearing and depository operations of the Fund's security transactions are mainly concentrated with one counterparty namely State Street Australia Limited. The Standard and Poor's credit rating of the Fund's counterparties as at 30 June 2022 is:

- AA- for State Street Bank & Trust Company

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund may, from time to time, invest in derivative contracts traded over the counter, which are not traded in an organised market and may be illiquid. As a result, the Fund may not be able to quickly liquidate its investments in these instruments at an amount close to their fair value to meet its liquidity requirements or to respond to specific events such as deterioration in the creditworthiness of any particular issuer or counterparty. No such investments were held at the end of the reporting period.

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (d) Liquidity risk (continued)

##### (i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period to the earliest possible contractual maturity date at the reporting period end date. The amounts in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

As at 30 June 2022	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 to 6 months \$'000	6 to 12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	Total \$'000
Payable for margin accounts	128	-	-	-	128
Payables	55	-	-	-	55
Distributions payable	84	-	-	-	84
<b>Contractual cash flows</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>267</b>

##### (ii) Maturities of net settled derivative financial instruments

The table below analyses the Fund's net settled derivative financial instruments based on their contractual maturity. The Fund may, at its discretion, settle financial instruments prior to their original contractual settlement date, in accordance with its investment strategy, where permitted by the terms and conditions of the relevant instruments.

As at 30 June 2022	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	Total \$'000
Futures	-	159	-	-	159
Foreign currency contracts	-	(245)	-	-	(245)
Swaps	-	(81)	-	(1,039)	(1,120)
<b>Total Net settled derivatives</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(167)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1,039)</b>	<b>(1,206)</b>

#### 4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The gross and net positions of financial assets and liabilities that have been offset in the Statement of financial position are disclosed in the first three columns of the tables below.

	Effects of offsetting on the Statement of financial position			Related amount not offset		
	Gross amounts of financial instruments	Gross amounts set off in the Statement of financial position	Net amount of financial instruments presented in the Statement of financial position	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements	Collateral received/pledged	Net amount
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>						
<b>Financial assets</b>						
Derivative financial instruments	14,334	(14,066)	268	(105)	(128)	35
<b>Total</b>	<b>14,334</b>	<b>(14,066)</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>(105)</b>	<b>(128)</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>						
Derivative financial instruments	15,540	(14,066)	1,474	(105)	(55)	1,314
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,540</b>	<b>(14,066)</b>	<b>1,474</b>	<b>(105)</b>	<b>(55)</b>	<b>1,314</b>

##### (a) Master netting arrangement – not currently enforceable

Agreements with derivative counterparties are based on the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreement. Under the terms of these arrangements, only when certain credit events occur (such as default), the net position owing/receivable to a single counterparty in the same currency will be taken as owing and all the relevant arrangements terminated. As the Fund does not presently have a legally enforceable right of set-off, these amounts have not been offset in the Statement of financial position, but have been presented separately in the above table.

#### 5 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (see note 7 and note 8)
- Derivative financial instruments (see note 9)

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value hierarchy:

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).



## 5 Fair value measurement (continued)

### (i) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2 to the financial statements.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the last traded price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the last traded price. When the Fund holds derivatives with offsetting market risks, it uses mid-market prices as a basis for establishing fair values for the offsetting risk positions and applies this last traded price to the net open position, as appropriate.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

### (ii) Valuation techniques used to derive level 2 and level 3 fair value

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of a forward contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

## 5 Fair value measurement (continued)

### Recognised fair value measurements

The table below presents the Fund's financial assets measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2022.

As at 30 June 2022	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>				
Futures	159	-	-	159
Forwards	-	109	-	109
Debt securities	-	22,153	-	22,153
<b>Total</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>22,262</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>22,421</b>
<b>Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</b>				
Swaps	-	1,120	-	1,120
Forwards	-	354	-	354
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,474</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,474</b>

The Fund's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

#### (i) Transfers between levels

There were no transfers between the levels in the fair value hierarchy for the period ended 30 June 2022. There were also no changes made to any of the valuation techniques applied as at 30 June 2022.

#### (ii) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The Fund did not hold any financial instruments with fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs during the period ended 30 June 2022.

#### (iii) Fair values of other financial instruments

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate fair value.

## 6 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss:

	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022 \$'000
<b>Financial assets</b>	
Net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11,159
<b>Financial liabilities</b>	
Net gains/(losses) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(14,901)
<b>Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>(3,742)</b>

## 7 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000
<b>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>	
Futures (Note 9)	159
Forwards	109
Debt securities	22,153
<b>Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>22,421</b>

For VanEck Bentham Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund), the risk is managed by hedging the exposure using foreign currency contracts. As at 30 June 2022, the net fair value of the financial assets being hedged was \$22,153,183. The net fair value of the gains/(losses) arising from the hedging instruments during the period was \$1,281,622.

The fair value of the net gains/(losses) arising on the hedged items resulted from factors that included but were not restricted to foreign exchange movements.

## 8 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000
<b>Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</b>	
Forwards (Note 9)	354
Swaps	1,120
<b>Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>1,474</b>

## 9 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values, foreign exchange risk or to reduce volatility;
- a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

The Fund holds the following derivatives:

### (a) Futures

Futures are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. The futures contracts are collateralised by cash or marketable securities. Changes in futures contracts' values are usually settled net daily with the exchange. Interest rate futures are contractual obligations to receive or pay a net amount based on changes in interest rates at a future date at a specified price, established in an organised financial market.

### (b) Foreign currency contracts

Foreign currency contracts are primarily used by the Fund to economically hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-Australian dollar denominated trading securities. The Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Foreign currency contracts are valued at the prevailing bid price at the end of each reporting period. The Fund recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the end of each reporting period.

## 9 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

### (c) Swaps

An index swap is an agreement between two parties to exchange their cash flow obligations (payments) or receipts associated with a debt or equity index at set intervals on a notional principal amount over an agreed time period.

The fair value of index swaps is the estimated amount that would be received or paid to terminate the swap at the end of each reporting period, taking into account current interest rates and the current creditworthiness of the swap counterparties. Swap legs will be settled on a net basis with the counterparty.

A cross currency swap is an agreement between two parties to exchange interest payments denominated in two different currencies for an agreed period.

As at 30 June 2022	Contract/ notional \$'000	Fair values	
		Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000
Futures	14,804	159	-
Foreign currency contracts	21,787	109	354
Swaps	<u>15,275</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,120</u>
	<u>51,866</u>	<u>268</u>	<u>1,474</u>

Information about the Fund's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange, interest rate risk and about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair values is provided in Note 3 and Note 5 to the financial statements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of derivative financial instruments disclosed above.

## 10 Units issued

Movements in the number of units during the period were as follows:

	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022 No.'000
Opening balance	-
Applications	3,000
Redemptions	(200)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	<u>1</u>
Closing balance	<u>2,801</u>

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, a unit confers an equal undivided, vested, and indefeasible interest in the assets as a whole, subject to the liabilities. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

### Capital risk management

The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of the Authorised Participants.

## 10 Units issued (continued)

### Capital risk management (continued)

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

## 11 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions during the period were as follows:

	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022 \$'000	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022 CPU
Distributions paid	585	25.50
Distributions payable	<u>84</u>	<u>3.00</u>
<b>Total distributions</b>	<u>669</u>	<u>28.50</u>

## 12 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000
Cash at bank	<u>2,663</u>
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<u>2,663</u>

### 13 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022 \$'000
<b>(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	
Loss for the period	(3,046)
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	7,641
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(33,050)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	3,742
Amount received from/(paid to) brokers for margin accounts	(172)
Net interest bought/(sold)	427
Net change in receivables	(261)
Net change in payables	29
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(29)
<b>Net cash outflow from operating activities</b>	<b>(24,719)</b>
<b>(b) Non-cash financing activities</b>	
During the period, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	9

### 14 Remuneration of auditors

During the period, the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022 \$
<b>Ernst &amp; Young</b>	
<i>Audit services</i>	
Audit and review of financial statements	11,482
Audit of compliance plan	1,279
<b>Total remuneration of Ernst &amp; Young</b>	<b>12,761</b>

During the period, auditor's remuneration was paid by VanEck Australia Pty Ltd., the direct parent of the Responsible Entity.

## 15 Receivables

	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000
Interest receivable	254
GST receivables	7
Swap income receivable	20
<b>Total Receivables</b>	<b>281</b>

## 16 Payables

	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000
Management fees payable	13
Withholding tax payable	10
Other payables	6
Swap payables	26
<b>Total Payables</b>	<b>55</b>

## 17 Related party transactions

### Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is a wholly owned subsidiary of VanEck Australia Pty Ltd. The direct parent of the Responsible Entity is a wholly owned subsidiary of Van Eck Associates Corporation, incorporated in the United States of America. The registered office of the Responsible Entity and the Fund is Level 47, Suite 2, 25 Martin Place, Sydney, NSW, Australia, 2000.

### Key management personnel

Key management personnel include the Directors of the Responsible Entity and the Responsible Entity itself.

VanEck Investments Limited

Jan van Eck  
Bruce Smith  
Arian Neiron  
Michael Brown  
Jonathan Simon



## 17 Related party transactions (continued)

### (a) Other key management personnel

There were no other key management personnel who had authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial period.

### (b) Key management personnel unitholdings

The key management personnel of Responsible Entity held units in the Fund as follows:

30 June 2022

Unitholder	Number of units held opening (Units)	Number of units held closing (Units)	Fair value of investment (\$)	Interest held (%)	Number of units acquired (Units)	Number of units disposed (Units)	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund (\$)
Arian Neiron	-	1,000	8,686	0.04	-	-	285

### Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by VanEck Australia Pty Ltd, the parent company of the Responsible Entity. Payments made from the Fund to Responsible Entity do not include any amounts attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

### Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

### Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the reporting period and there were no material contracts involving Directors' interests existing at period end.

### Related party transactions

The Responsible Entity received all management fees that have been paid by the Fund during the period.

VanEck Bentham Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund) charges management costs of 0.59% per annum. The Responsible Entity is entitled to receive an annual management fee of the total assets of the Fund under the terms of the Fund's Constitution. The management fee represents 100% of management costs. The management fees are paid on a quarterly basis. The Responsible Entity is also entitled to a performance fee amounting to 15.5% of the Fund's performance above the high water mark under the terms of the Fund's PDS. Performance fees are payable quarterly. The performance fees and for the year amounted to Nil. Performance fees payable amounted to Nil as at 30 June 2022.

All expenses in connection with the preparation of accounting records and maintenance of the Fund's register of unitholders are fully borne by the Responsible Entity.

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the period and amounts payable/receivable at period end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

## 17 Related party transactions (continued)

### Related party transactions (continued)

	Period from 3 August 2021 to 30 June 2022
Responsible Entity's fees paid and payable for the period	\$ 112,303
Aggregate amounts payable to the Responsible Entity at the end of the period	12,692

### Related party unit holdings

Parties related to the Fund held no units in the Fund as at 30 June 2022.

### Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Responsible Entity or its related parties during the period.

## 18 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Fund disclosed in the Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the period ended on that date.

## 19 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2022.

## Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 7 to 33 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
  - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the reporting period ended on that date; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay their debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



Michael Brown  
Director

Sydney  
21 September 2022

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Ernst & Young  
200 George Street  
Sydney NSW 2000 Australia  
GPO Box 2646 Sydney NSW 2001

Tel: +61 2 9248 5555  
Fax: +61 2 9248 5959  
ey.com/au

**Building a better  
working world**

## **Independent Auditor's Report to the unitholders of VanEck Bentham Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund) (GCAP)**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of VanEck Bentham Global Capital Securities Active ETF (Managed Fund) (the "Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the period then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration of VanEck Investments Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Fund.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the period ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, but we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial report.

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## 1. Investment Existence and Valuation

### Why significant

As an exchange traded fund, the Fund has a significant investment portfolio consisting primarily of floating and fixed rate debt securities and forward currency contracts. As at 30 June 2022, the value of these financial assets were \$22,421,000 which represents 86.4% of the total assets held by the Fund.

As detailed in the Fund's accounting policies, disclosed in Note 2 to the financial report, these financial assets are recognised at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

Pricing and other market drivers can have a significant impact on the value of these financial assets and the financial report. Accordingly, valuation of the investment portfolio was considered a key audit matter.

### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We obtained and considered the assurance report on the controls of the Fund's administrator and custodian, in relation to the Fund Administration Services and Custody Services it provided for the period ended 30 June 2022 and assessed the auditor's qualifications, competence, objectivity and the results of their procedures.

We agreed all investment holdings to third party confirmations at 30 June 2022.

We assessed the fair value of all investments in the portfolio held at 30 June 2022. For floating and fixed rate debt securities, we verified the values to an independent pricing vendor. For forward currency contracts, the values were verified using independently sourced observable market inputs applied to appropriate valuation models.

We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in Notes 2, 5 and 7 to the financial report.

## 2. Management Fees

### Why significant

Management fees paid to the Responsible Entity, VanEck Investments Limited, are usually the most significant expense of the Fund.

The Fund's accounting policy for management fees is disclosed in Note 2 to the financial report. All expenses are recognised on an accrual basis.

As at 30 June 2022, management fees totalled \$112,303 which represents 52.6% of the total expenses incurred by the Fund.

Accordingly, this was considered a key audit matter. The disclosure of this amount is included in Note 17 of the financial report.

### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We performed a recalculation of management fees in accordance with contractual arrangements and Product Disclosure Statements (PDS) including agreeing the contract rate to the calculation.

We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in Notes 2 and 17 to the financial report.



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### **Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon**

The Directors of as the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report**

The Directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors of the Responsible Entity determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors of the Responsible Entity either intend to liquidate the Fund or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.

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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors of the Responsible Entity.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial report. We also conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events and conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the disclosures in the financial report about the material uncertainty or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion on the financial report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors of the Responsible Entity regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors of the Responsible Entity with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated to the Directors of the Responsible Entity, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

*Const + Young*  
Ernst & Young

*Rita Da Silva*

Rita Da Silva  
Partner  
Sydney  
21 September 2022

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