

APPENDIX 4E – PRELIMINARY FINAL REPORT

Regal Investment Fund (ARSN: 632 283 384) (the Fund)

DETAILS OF REPORTING PERIOD

Current reporting period: Year ended 30 June 2022

Previous corresponding period: Year ended 30 June 2021

The directors of Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298, AFSL 240975), the Responsible Entity of the Fund, announce the results of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2022 as follows:

RESULTS FOR ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE MARKET

Extracted from the Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

PERFORMANCE	YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 \$'000	YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021 \$'000
Total investment income/(loss) (Revenue from ordinary activities)	12,952	Down 95% from 262,808
Operating profit/(loss) for the year	(52,444)	Down 130% from 174,866
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	(52,444)	Down 130% from 174,866

REVIEW AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Fund continued to invest its funds in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement dated 8 April 2019 and the provisions of the constitution of the Fund (Constitution).

The Fund's performance was -5.52% (net of fees) for the year ended 30 June 2022. The referable index of the Fund, the RBA Cash Rate returned 0.17% for the same period.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Refer to the Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2022 attached to this Appendix 4E for further information.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Refer to the Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2022 attached to this Appendix 4E for further information.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Refer to the Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2022 attached to this Appendix 4E for further information.



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Refer to the Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2022 attached to this Appendix 4E for further information.

DETAILS OF DISTRIBUTIONS

The distributions for the year ended 30 June 2022 are as follows:

DISTRIBUTIONS ^{(1), (2)}	RECORD DATE	PAYMENT DATE	AMOUNT PER UNIT (CPU)
December 2021 (paid)	4 January 2022	31 January 2022	10.000
June 2022 (payable)	1 July 2022	22 August 2022	29.560
Total			39.560

- (1) On 24 June 2022 the Fund has announced the estimated details of its distribution for the six months ending 30 June 2022.
- (2) Subsequent to the current reporting period, on 19 July 2022, the Fund has announced the actual details of its six-monthly distribution and made a payment on 22 August 2022. DRP election date was 4 July 2022.

DETAILS OF DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PLAN

The Responsible Entity established a distribution reinvestment plan (DRP) on 17 June 2019. An eligible unit holder may elect into the DRP by completing an election notice and sending it to the registry. An eligible member may elect to partially or fully participate in the DRP and is recorded on the register once the Responsible Entity has accepted the election.

On 9 July 2020, in accordance with the rules of the DRP (section 11), the Responsible Entity provided a notice that the DRP will be amended. The effect of the change is to increase the period that the Responsible Entity has to purchase units on market for the DRP from up to 10 trading days to up to 20 trading days.

Under the DRP, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to determine whether new units will be issued, or existing units purchased on market. This is driven by the following:

- Where the market price is greater than or equal to the net asset value price, new units will be issued; or
- Where the market price is less than the net asset value price, existing units will be purchased on market.

Details on the DRP may be found at <https://www.regalfm.com/site/regal-investment-fund>

ON-MARKET BUY-BACKS

On 5 February 2021, the Responsible Entity in consultation with the Investment Manager, has exercised its discretion to commence a buy-back to purchase units on-market with a view to addressing any unsatisfied liquidity in the units or any material discount in the price at the which the units may have been trading to the NAV per unit.

The buy-backs have been in accordance with the Constitution, ASX Listing Rules and all applicable laws. A buy-back will not exceed 10% of the smallest number of units on issue in the Fund during the 12 months prior to any buy-back, unless otherwise approved by ordinary resolution of unit holders.

Units purchased by the Responsible Entity on behalf of the Fund under a buy-back will be immediately cancelled.

On 16 February 2022, the buy-back was extended for an additional 12 months to 4 February 2023.



During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Fund has purchased on-market and cancelled 1,445,235 units (2021: 5,436,866 units) at a cost of \$5,015,496 (2021: \$16,898,305).

CAPITAL RAISING

On 8 October 2021 a Placement and Accelerated Institutional Entitlement Offer was announced on the ASX with a top up facility available. Unit holders who took up their Entitlement in full under the General Entitlement Offer were able to apply for additional units in excess of the Entitlement by way of the Top-Up Facility.

Units issued under both the Placement and the Accelerated Institutional Entitlement Offer were issued at a price of \$3.79 per new unit, being equal to the estimated Net Asset Value of the Fund as at 1 October 2021. A total of 25,821,551 new units (\$97,863,678) were issued under the Placement and Accelerated Institutional Entitlement Offer using a record date of 8 October 2021, settlement date of 19 October 2021 and allotment and trading on 20 October 2021. An additional 30,201,382 new units (\$114,463,262) were issued under the General Entitlement Offer and Shortfall Placement. The new units commenced trading on ASX on 5 November 2021.

Total proceeds from the capital raisings (\$212,326,940), were used to invest into existing strategies as per the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

NET TANGIBLE ASSETS

	AS AT 30 JUNE 2022	AS AT 30 JUNE 2021
Total Net Tangible Assets attributable to unit holders (\$'000)	485,803	342,960
Units on issue ('000)	172,252	101,320
Net Tangible Assets attributable to unit holders per unit (\$)	2.82	3.38

CONTROL GAINED OR LOST OVER ENTITIES DURING THE PERIOD

There was no control gained or lost over entities by the Fund during the year ended 30 June 2022.

DETAILS OF ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURE ENTITIES

The Fund did not have any interest in associates and joint venture entities during the year ended 30 June 2022.

SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION

Refer to the attached Annual Report for a detailed discussion on the performance and financial position of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2022.

COMMENTARY ON RESULTS FOR THE PERIOD

Refer to the Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2022 attached to this Appendix 4E for further information.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

This report is based on the Annual Report which has been audited by the Fund's auditor. All the documents comprise the information required by ASX Listing Rule 4.3A.

COMMENTARY

Philip Gentry, director of the Responsible Entity of the Fund, has authorised that this document be given to the ASX.

REGAL INVESTMENT FUND

ARSN 632 283 384

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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REGAL INVESTMENT FUND

ARSN 632 283 384

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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This annual report covers Regal Investment Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of Regal Investment Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975).

The Responsible Entity's registered office is:

Level 1, 575 Bourke Street
Melbourne, VIC 3000

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors of Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975), the Responsible Entity of Regal Investment Fund (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Principal activities

The Fund was constituted on 15 March 2019, registered with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) on 26 March 2019, and commenced operations on 29 April 2019. The Fund was listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) on 17 June 2019 and is quoted under ticker code: RF1.

The Fund invests in alternative investment strategies managed by Regal Funds Management Pty Limited ("Regal"), in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution. The Fund also uses derivatives for economic hedges.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

The various service providers for the Fund are detailed below:

Service	Provider
Responsible Entity	Equity Trustees Limited
Investment Manager	Regal Funds Management Pty Limited
Custodian and Administrator	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Sydney Branch
Prime Brokers	UBS AG, Australia Branch Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Ltd Merrill Lynch International Bank Ltd Morgan Stanley J.P Morgan
Statutory Auditor	Ernst & Young

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Equity Trustees Limited during or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Philip D Gentry	Chairman
Mary A O'Connor	Company Secretary (resigned 5 January 2022)
Michael J O'Brien	(appointed 24 May 2022)
Russell W Beasley	
Samantha Einhart	Company Secretary (appointed 5 January 2022)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest its funds in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund's performance was -5.52% (net of fees) for the year ended 30 June 2022. The referable index of the Fund, the RBA Cash Rate returned 0.17% for the same period.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Profit/(loss) for the year (\$'000)	(52,444)	174,866
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	68,116	107,540
Distributions (cents per unit)	39.56	106.113

Significant changes in the state of affairs

On 5 January 2022, Philip D Gentry resigned as Company Secretary of Equity Trustees Limited and Samantha Einhart was appointed as Company Secretary as at the same date.

Mary A O'Connor was appointed as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 24 May 2022.

The investment manager, Regal Funds Management Pty Limited completed a transaction with Regal Partners Limited (ASX code: RPL) on 3 June 2022 under which Regal Funds Management Pty Limited became a wholly owned subsidiary of Regal Partners Limited. The investment manager has confirmed that the transaction does not impact on the provision of management services to Regal Investment Fund.

In the opinion of the directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

Units buy-back plan

During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Fund has purchased on-market and cancelled 1,445,235 units (30 June 2021: 5,436,866 units) at a cost of \$5,015,496 (30 June 2021: \$16,898,305).

Capital raising

On 8 October 2021, the results of the Placement and Accelerated Institutional Entitlement Offer was announced on the ASX with a top-up facility available. Unit holders who took up their Entitlement in full under the General Entitlement Offer, were able to apply additional units in excess of the Entitlement by way of the Top-Up Facility.

Units issued under both the Placement and the Accelerated Institutional Entitlement Offer were issued at a price of \$3.79 per new unit, being equal to the estimated Net Asset Value of the Fund as at 1 October 2021. A total of 25,821,551 new units (\$97,863,678) were issued under the Placement and Accelerated Institutional Entitlement Offer using a record date of 8 October 2021, settlement date of 19 October 2021 and allotment and trading on 20 October 2021. An additional 30,201,382 new units (\$114,463,262) were issued under the General Entitlement Offer and Shortfall Placement. The new units commenced trading on the ASX on 5 November 2021.

Total proceeds from the capital raising (\$212,326,940), were used to invest into existing strategies as per the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2022 that has significantly affected, or may have a significant effect on:

- i. the operations of the Fund in future financial years; or
- ii. the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- iii. the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnification and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to the officers of Equity Trustees Limited. So long as the officers of Equity Trustees Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

Indemnification of auditor

The Responsible Entity has not, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Fund against a liability incurred as auditor.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 22 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 22 to the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, unless otherwise indicated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 7.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.



Philip D Gentry
Chairman

Melbourne
29 August 2022

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298, AFSL 240975) in its capacity as a responsible entity ("Responsible Entity") of the Regal Investment Fund ("the Fund"), has established a corporate governance framework which sets out the rules, relationships, systems and processes within which the Responsible Entity operates to promote investor confidence and good corporate governance.

Refer to the URL below for the location of the Corporate Governance Statement on the Investment Manager's website:

https://www.regalrm.com/site/PDF/1520_0/CorporateGovernanceStatement



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Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Equity Trustees Limited as Responsible Entity of Regal Investment Fund

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Regal Investment Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2022, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit;
- b. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit; and
- c. No non-audit services provided that contravene any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Ernst & Young

Ernst & Young

Jaddus M Z Manga Peto

Jaddus Manga
Partner
29 August 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Investment income			
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		618	90
Dividend and distribution income		57,176	67,525
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(53,885)	191,405
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		5,232	(781)
Other income	20	3,811	4,569
Total investment income/(loss)		12,952	262,808
Expenses			
Investment Manager fees	22(g)	25,161	49,943
Dividend expense on short positioned securities		7,729	5,528
Interest expense		4,269	2,506
Transaction fees		20,582	22,830
Responsible Entity fees	22(g)	223	162
Auditors' remuneration	19	74	66
Other expenses	21	7,358	6,907
Total expenses		65,396	87,942
Profit/(loss) for the year		(52,444)	174,866
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		(52,444)	174,866
 Basic earnings per unit (cents per unit)	11	(34.28)	170.53
Diluted earnings per unit (cents per unit)	11	(34.28)	170.53

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	As at	
		30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	13	337	1,177
Due from brokers	15	136,358	198,045
Receivables	17	32,357	60,059
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5(c),6	975,034	591,256
Total assets		1,144,086	850,537
Liabilities			
Due to brokers	16	222,801	176,862
Distributions payable	10,12	50,923	102,448
Payables	18	2,936	22,461
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	5(c),7	381,623	205,806
Total liabilities		658,283	507,577
Net assets attributable to unit holders – equity	10	485,803	342,960

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		342,960	291,421
Comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year			
Profit/(loss) for the year		(52,444)	174,866
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		(52,444)	174,866
Transactions with unit holders			
Applications	10	212,327	-
Units buy-back	10	(5,016)	(16,898)
Reinvestment of distributions	10	56,092	1,111
Distributions paid and payable	10,12	(68,116)	(107,540)
Total transactions with unit holders		195,287	(123,327)
Total equity at the end of the financial year		485,803	342,960

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Year ended	
		30 June	30 June
		2022	2021
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		8,949,139	10,372,846
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(9,103,360)	(10,284,247)
Interest income received from financial assets at amortised cost		182	147
Dividends and distributions income received		84,189	19,767
Other income received		4,937	4,466
Investment Manager fees paid		(48,261)	(38,778)
Dividend expense paid on short position securities		(7,493)	(5,971)
Interest expense paid		(3,868)	(2,582)
Transaction fees paid		(20,370)	(22,877)
Responsible Entity fees paid		(237)	(194)
Auditors' remuneration paid		(84)	(49)
Other expenses paid		(4,609)	(2,032)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	14(a)	(149,835)	40,496
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unit holders		212,327	-
Payments for units buy-back		(5,015)	(17,209)
Distributions paid to unit holders		(63,549)	(23,771)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		143,763	(40,980)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(6,072)	(484)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,177	2,442
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		5,232	(781)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	13	337	1,177
Non-cash operating and financing activities			
Issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	14(b)	56,092	1,111

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

These financial statements cover Regal Investment Fund (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme which was constituted on 15 March 2019, registered with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) on 26 March 2019 and commenced operations on 29 April 2019. The Fund will terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution or by Law.

The Fund was listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) on 17 June 2019 and is quoted under ticker code: RF1.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975) (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 1, 575 Bourke Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency unless otherwise noted.

The Fund invests in alternative investment strategies managed by Regal Funds Management Pty Limited (the "Investment Manager") in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date the Directors' declaration was signed. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

a Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

a. Basis of preparation (continued)

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

i *Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)*

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

ii *New and amended standards adopted by the Fund*

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2021 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

iii *New standards and interpretations not yet adopted*

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2022, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements.

None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

b. Financial instruments

i. *Classification*

• **Financial assets**

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its financial assets based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Investment Manager to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

For equity securities and derivatives, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

b. Financial instruments (continued)

i. Classification (continued)

• Financial assets (continued)

For debt securities, the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, however they are neither held for collecting contractual cash flows nor for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business objective. Consequently, the debt securities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows. The contractual terms of these assets give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

• Financial liabilities

The Fund makes short sales in which a borrowed security is sold in anticipation of a decline in the market value of that security, or it may use short sales for various arbitrage transactions. Short sales are held for trading and are consequently classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (due to brokers, distributions payable, management fees payable, applications received in advance, audit and tax fees payable, administration fees payables and custodian fees payable).

ii. Recognition and derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises from this date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

iii. Measurement

• Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset and a financial liability at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

b. Financial instruments (continued)

iii. Measurement (continued)

For further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined please see Note 5 to the financial statements.

- Financial instruments at amortised cost

For financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost, they are initially measured at fair value including directly attributable costs and are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables and margin accounts are carried at amortised cost.

iv. Impairment

At each reporting date, the Fund shall estimate a loss allowance on each of the financial assets carried at amortised cost (cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables) at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counter party, probability that the counter party will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that the asset is credit impaired. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the net carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The expected credit loss (ECL) approach is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

v. Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets and liabilities that have been offset are disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

c. Net assets attributable to unit holders

The Fund's units are classified as equity as they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*:

- the financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata units of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and there is an identical contractual obligation for the Fund to deliver a pro rata units of its net assets on liquidation; and
- there is no other instrument that has total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, change in recognised net assets or change in fair value of recognised and unrecognised net assets of the entity, and has the effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the unit holders.

The units can be traded on the ASX at any time for cash based on quoted prices. While the Fund is a listed investment trust and liquidity is generally expected to exist in the secondary market (ASX), there are no guarantees that an active trading market with sufficient liquidity will be available. Units are not able to be redeemed while the Fund is listed on ASX. However, the Responsible Entity may undertake a buy-back of units which satisfies the requirements of the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules. Any units acquired by the Responsible Entity under a buy-back will be immediately cancelled, as required by the Corporations Act.

d. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as trading of these securities represents the Fund's main income generating activity.

e. Margin accounts

Margin accounts comprise cash held as collateral for derivative transactions and short sales. The cash is held by the brokers and is only available to meet margin calls. It is not included as a component of cash and cash equivalents but instead, part of the due from brokers.

f. Investment income

i. Interest income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating the interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

f. Investment income (continued)

i. Interest income (continued)

Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is also recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Changes in fair value of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

ii. Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

iii. Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments

Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments arising on a change in fair value are calculated as the difference between the fair value at the end of the reporting period and the fair value at the previous valuation point. Net gains/(losses) do not include interest or dividend/distribution income. Realised and unrealised gains/(losses) are shown in the notes to the financial statements.

Changes in fair value of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

g. Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

h. Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax as all assessable income, exempt income and non-assessable income will be attributed to unit holders under the Attribution Managed Investment Trust "AMIT" regime.

The Fund currently incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income or gains are recorded gross of withholding taxes in the statement of comprehensive income. Withholding taxes are included in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

The Fund considered whether it has any uncertain tax positions. The Fund determined, based on its tax compliance, that it is probable that its tax treatments will be accepted by the taxation authorities.

i. Distributions

The Fund has elected into the AMIT regime. Under the Fund's Constitution, the Fund does not have an obligation to make distributions to unit holders by cash and/or reinvestment in accordance with AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* (AASB 132). The units in the Fund have been classified as equity.

Distributions to unit holders are recognised directly in equity, and presented in the statement of changes in equity. A distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position where the amount remains unpaid at reporting date.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

j. Foreign currency translation

i. Functional and presentation currency

Balances included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

ii. Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of unrealised gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Such fluctuations are included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

k. Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and is recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

l. Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest and dividends. Dividends are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Where applicable, interest is accrued on a daily basis. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

m. Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owed by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

A separate distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unit holders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested after 1 July of the following financial year.

n. Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Units are not able to be redeemed while the Fund is listed on ASX. However, the Responsible Entity may undertake a buy-back of units which satisfies the requirements of the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

o. Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as management, administration and custodian services where applicable, have been passed on to the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 55%. Hence, fees for these services and any other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Amounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

p. Use of estimates and judgements

The Fund makes estimates, assumptions and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current and next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Investment Manager.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations, require management to make estimates and judgements. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

The Fund estimates that the resultant expected credit loss (ECL) derived from using an impairment model has not materially impacted the Fund. Please see Note 3(c) to the financial statements for more information on credit risk.

For more information on how fair value is calculated refer to Note 5 to the financial statements.

q. Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (*Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports*) Instrument 2016/191 relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated.

r. Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk (which incorporates price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and the investment guidelines of the Fund. It also seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance. The Fund's policy allows it to use derivative financial instruments in managing its financial risks.

All investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum loss of capital on long equities is limited to the fair value of those positions. The maximum loss of capital on futures, forwards, swaps and warrants is limited to the notional contract values of those positions. On equities sold short, the maximum loss of capital can be unlimited.

The investments of the Fund, and associated risks, are managed by a specialist Investment Manager, Regal Funds Management Pty Limited under an Investment Management Agreement (IMA) approved by the Responsible Entity, and containing the investment strategy and guidelines of the Fund, consistent with those stated in the Product Disclosure Statement.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below.

a. Market risk

i. Price risk

The Fund is exposed to price risk on equity securities, unlisted unit trusts, futures, forwards, swaps and warrants. Price risk arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates which are considered a component of price risk.

Price risk is managed by the Investment Manager, in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's assets and liabilities to price risk. The analysis is based on the reasonably possible shift that the investment portfolio in which the Fund invests moves by +/- 10% (2021: +/-10%).

ii. Foreign exchange risk

The Fund operates internationally and holds both monetary and non-monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk and not foreign exchange risk. However, the Investment Manager monitors the exposure of all foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

Foreign exchange risk is managed by the Investment Manager, in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

a. Market risk (continued)

ii. Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below summarises the fair value of the Fund's monetary financial assets and liabilities, which are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

As at 30 June 2022	INR \$'000	JPY \$'000	KRW \$'000	NZD \$'000	SGD \$'000	USD \$'000	Other \$'000
Assets							
Due from brokers	1,221	10,408	3,550	255	3,998	34,557	5,535
Receivables	293	108	-	-	-	18	204
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	51,866	4,355	9,011	7,022	23,474	33,904
Total assets	1,514	62,382	7,905	9,266	11,020	58,049	39,643
Liabilities							
Due to brokers	-	39,685	1,559	10,742	4,592	3,993	24,793
Payables	5	28	-	25	5	65	167
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	24,461	-	-	6,505	46,842	10,392
Total liabilities	5	64,174	1,559	10,767	11,102	50,900	35,352
Net exposure	1,509	(1,792)	6,346	(1,501)	(82)	7,149	4,291

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

a. Market risk (continued)

ii. Foreign exchange risk (continued)

As at 30 June 2021	INR \$'000	JPY \$'000	KRW \$'000	NZD \$'000	SGD \$'000	USD \$'000	Other \$'000
Assets							
Due from brokers	6,657	21,628	5,506	2,122	946	23,746	4,779
Receivables	304	47	2	7	1	22	297
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	771	31,505	1,877	3,928	968	17,041	9,581
Total assets	7,732	53,180	7,385	6,057	1,915	40,809	14,657
Liabilities							
Due to brokers	-	32,553	4,082	4,524	718	31,307	14,332
Payables	7	67	-	17	3	55	75
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	20,638	104	2,398	1,605	7,535	1,886
Total liabilities	7	53,258	4,186	6,939	2,326	38,897	16,293
Net exposure	7,725	(78)	3,199	(882)	(411)	1,912	(1,636)

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's monetary assets and liabilities to foreign exchange risk. The analysis is based on the reasonably possible shift that the Australian dollar weakened and strengthened by 10% (2021: +/-10%) against the material foreign currencies to which the Fund is exposed.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

a. Market risk (continued)

iii. Interest rate risk

The Fund is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk on financial instruments with variable interest rates. Financial instruments with fixed rates expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk.

The Fund's interest bearing financial instruments expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rate risk on its financial position and cash flows. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

The Fund's main interest rate risk arises from cash balances with its bank and brokers.

Interest rate risk management is undertaken by maintaining as close to a fully invested position as possible thus limiting the exposure of the Fund to interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates, in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution. As such, the majority of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing. Interest bearing financial assets and liabilities include cash and cash equivalents which matures in the short-term, no longer than 3 months and margin accounts.

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period.

As at 30 June 2022	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	337	-	-	337
Due from brokers	76,804	-	59,554	136,358
Receivables	-	-	32,357	32,357
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	6,000	969,034	975,034
Total financial assets	77,141	6,000	1,060,945	1,144,086
Financial liabilities				
Due to brokers	163,302	-	59,499	222,801
Distributions payable	-	-	50,923	50,923
Payables	-	-	2,936	2,936
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	381,623	381,623
Total financial liabilities	163,302	-	494,981	658,283
	(86,161)	6,000	565,964	485,803
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from futures contracts and swaps (notional principal)	-	-	(126,089)	(126,089)
Net exposure	(86,161)	6,000	439,875	359,714

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

a. Market risk (continued)

iii. Interest rate risk (continued)

As at 30 June 2021	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,177	-	-	1,177
Due from brokers	122,425	-	75,620	198,045
Receivables	-	-	60,059	60,059
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	591,256	591,256
Total financial assets	123,602	-	726,935	850,537
Financial liabilities				
Due to brokers	112,386	-	64,476	176,862
Distributions payable	-	-	102,448	102,448
Payables	-	-	22,461	22,461
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	205,806	205,806
Total financial liabilities	112,386	-	395,191	507,577
	11,216	-	331,744	342,960
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from futures contracts and swaps (notional principal)	-	-	(82,206)	(82,206)
Net exposure	11,216	-	249,538	260,754

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease in interest rates on the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders through changes in fair value or changes in future cash flows.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

b. Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders to market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and the historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market movements resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variances in the risk variables.

	Impact on operating profit/net assets attributable to unit holders					
	Price risk		Foreign exchange risk		Interest rate risk	
	+10%	-10%	+10%	-10%	+100bps	-100bps
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 30 June 2022	59,341	(59,341)	1,592	(1,592)	(862)	862
As at 30 June 2021	38,545	(38,545)	983	(983)	112	(112)

c. Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay its obligations in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund.

The Fund does not have a significant concentration of credit risk that arises from an exposure to a single counterparty or group of counterparties having similar characteristics. None of these assets are impaired nor past their due date. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amount of these balances as at the reporting date.

The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from counterparty credit risk on derivative financial instruments, cash and cash equivalents, amounts due to from brokers and other receivables.

The Fund determines credit risk and measures expected credit losses for financial assets measured at amortised cost using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management consider both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management consider the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be insignificant to the Fund.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

c. Credit risk (continued)

An analysis of debt by rating as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021 is set out in the table below.

Counterparties	Credit rating 30 June 2022	Source of credit rating	Credit rating 30 June 2021	Source of credit rating
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd	Aa3	Moody's	Aa3	Moody's
UBS AG, Australia Branch	Aa3	Moody's	Aa3	Moody's
Macquarie Bank Ltd	A2	Moody's	Aa3	Moody's
Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Ltd	A1	Moody's	A1	Moody's
Merrill Lynch International Bank Ltd	A2	Moody's	A2	Moody's
Morgan Stanley	Aaa	Moody's	A3	Moody's
Goldman Sachs International	A1	Moody's	A2	Moody's
J.P Morgan	Aa3	Moody's	-	-

i. Derivative financial instruments

For derivative financial instruments, the Investment Manager has the ultimate responsibility of managing the derivatives. The Fund's derivative positions will include positions selected by the investment strategies chosen by the Investment Manager from time to time.

The Fund also restricts its exposure to credit losses on the trading of derivative instruments it holds by entering into master netting arrangements with counterparties (approved brokers) with whom it undertakes a significant volume of transactions. Credit risk associated with favourable contracts is reduced by master netting arrangement to the extent that if an event of default occurs, all amounts with the counterparty are closed and settled on a net basis. The Fund's overall exposure to credit risk on derivative instruments subject to a master netting arrangement can change substantially within a short period, as it is affected by each transaction subject to the arrangements. Refer to Note 4 to the financial statements for further analysis of the Fund's master netting arrangements.

ii. Other

The Fund is not materially exposed to credit risk on other financial assets.

iii. Maximum exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at the end of each reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

d. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

Exposure to liquidity risk for the Fund may arise from the requirement to meet daily unit holder redemption requests, margin calls on derivative transactions or to fund foreign exchange related cash flow requirements.

The Investment Manager mitigates liquidity risk by investing in financial instruments, which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash. In addition, the Fund maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet normal operating requirements.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

d. Liquidity risk (continued)

i. Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

The table below summarises the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 to 6 months \$'000	6 to 12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2022					
Due to brokers	222,801	-	-	-	222,801
Distributions payable	-	50,923	-	-	50,923
Payables	2,466	470	-	-	2,936
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	379,753	-	-	-	379,753
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	605,020	51,393	-	-	656,413
As at 30 June 2021					
Due to brokers	176,862	-	-	-	176,862
Distributions payable	-	102,448	-	-	102,448
Payables	22,217	244	-	-	22,461
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	202,217	-	-	-	202,217
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	401,296	102,692	-	-	503,988

ii. Maturities of net settled derivative financial instruments

The table below analyses the Fund's net settled derivative financial instruments based on their contractual maturity. The Fund may, at its discretion, settle financial instruments prior to their original contractual settlement date, in accordance with its investment strategy, where permitted by the terms and conditions of the relevant instruments.

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 to 6 months \$'000	6 to 12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2022					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	1,870	-	-	-	1,870
Total net settled derivatives	1,870	-	-	-	1,870
As at 30 June 2021					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	3,589	-	-	-	3,589
Total net settled derivatives	3,589	-	-	-	3,589

4. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into various master netting agreements or other similar arrangements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the statement of financial position but still allow for the related amounts to be setoff in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of the contracts. The gross and net positions of financial assets and liabilities that have been offset in the statement of financial position are disclosed in the first three columns of the tables below.

	Effects of offsetting on the statement of financial position			Related amounts not offset		
	Gross amounts of financial instruments	Gross amounts set off in the statement of financial position	Net amount of financial instruments presented in the statement of financial position	Amounts subject to master netting arrangement	Collateral received /pledged	Net amount
As at 30 June 2022	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets						
Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Ltd	7,550	-	7,550	(1,196)	-	6,354
Merrill Lynch International Bank Ltd	26,776	-	26,776	(26,776)	-	-
Morgan Stanley	16,236	-	16,236	(8,155)	512	8,593
UBS	80,273	-	80,273	(67,388)	-	12,885
Macquarie Bank Ltd	2,843	-	2,843	-	-	2,843
Goldman Sachs	4,475	-	4,475	(435)	-	4,040
J.P Morgan	6,115	-	6,115	(1,384)	-	4,731
Total	144,268	-	144,268	(105,334)	512	39,446
Financial liabilities						
Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Ltd	(1,541)	-	(1,541)	1,196	-	(345)
Merrill Lynch International Bank Ltd	(73,595)	-	(73,595)	26,776	-	(46,819)
Morgan Stanley	(8,155)	-	(8,155)	8,155	-	-
UBS	(139,561)	-	(139,561)	67,388	-	(72,173)
Macquarie Bank Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goldman Sachs	(435)	-	(435)	435	-	-
J.P Morgan	(1,384)	-	(1,384)	1,384	-	-
Total	(224,671)	-	(224,671)	105,334	-	(119,337)

4. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

	Effects of offsetting on the statement of financial position			Related amounts not offset		
	Gross amounts of financial instruments	Gross amounts set off in the statement of financial position	Net amount of financial instruments presented in the statement of financial position	Amounts subject to master netting arrangement	Collateral received /pledged	Net amount
As at 30 June 2021	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets						
Credit Suisse						
Securities (Europe) Ltd	74,275	-	74,275	(31,486)	-	42,789
Merrill Lynch						
International Bank Ltd	21,336	-	21,336	(20,669)	-	667
Morgan Stanley	45,650	-	45,650	(2,776)	4,254	47,128
UBS	54,896	-	54,896	(52,877)	-	2,019
Macquarie Bank Ltd	3,346	-	3,346	(9)	-	3,337
Goldman Sachs	474	-	474	(5)	-	469
Total	199,977	-	199,977	(107,822)	4,254	96,409
Financial liabilities						
Credit Suisse						
Securities (Europe) Ltd	(31,486)	-	(31,486)	31,486	-	-
Merrill Lynch						
International Bank Ltd	(28,244)	-	(28,244)	20,669	-	(7,575)
Morgan Stanley	(3,572)	-	(3,572)	2,776	-	(796)
UBS	(117,135)	-	(117,135)	52,877	-	(64,258)
Macquarie Bank Ltd	(9)	-	(9)	9	-	-
Goldman Sachs	(5)	-	(5)	5	-	-
Total	(180,451)	-	(180,451)	107,822	-	(72,629)

The gross financial instruments in the tables comprise due from brokers, due to brokers and derivatives balances.

4. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Master netting arrangement – not currently enforceable

Agreements with derivative counterparties are based on the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreement. Under the terms of these arrangements, only when certain credit events occur (such as default), the net position owing/receivable to a single counterparty in the same currency will be taken as owing and all the relevant arrangements terminated. As the Fund does not presently have a legally enforceable right of set-off, these amounts have not been offset in the statement of financial position but have been presented separately in the above table.

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (see Note 6 and Note 7)
- Derivative financial instruments (see Note 8)

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

The Fund continues to determine net asset values with the frequency as set out in the Product Disclosure Statement, consistently applying valuation policies and reflective of prevailing market conditions.

The Fund and its unlisted unit trust invests into pre-IPO positions and private off take agreements. In determining fair value, there are a number of unobservable inputs including assessments of the current liquidity of capital markets, an assessment of the time until the investments will be ready to IPO, including viability of the business model in the COVID-19 environment, and forward looking economic factors commodity prices. The valuation inputs are estimates based on the circumstances prevailing at balance date and may materially change depending on future economic conditions and other factors specific to the individual investments and consequently the fair value could change significantly over time.

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

a. Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and listed equity securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the last traded price; the quoted market price for financial liabilities is the last traded price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

b. Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

The Fund uses widely recognised valuation models for determining fair values of over-the-counter equity swaps and forward contracts. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include forward pricing and swap models, using present value calculations. The models incorporate various inputs including both credit and debit valuation adjustments for counterparty and own credit risk, foreign exchange spot and forward rates. For these financial instruments, significant inputs into models are market observable and are included within level 2.

The Fund held investments that have been categorised within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021. Fair values for investment securities that do not have quoted prices in active markets are derived using a valuation policy that mandates the use of the price of recent investment techniques where the date of the investment is considered sufficiently proximate to the reporting date for the price on investment to remain indicative of the fair value at the reporting date.

Unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the Net Asset Value per units as reported by the underlying administrator.

At 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021, investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs as they are infrequently traded. Level 3 investments consist mainly of unlisted, delisted, pre-IPO equity securities and suspended securities and unlisted unit trust. As observable prices are not available for these securities, the Investment Manager has used valuation techniques to derive fair value.

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

c. Recognised fair value measurements

The table below presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2022				
Financial assets				
Equities	855,876	-	185	856,061
Unlisted unit trusts	-	-	104,015	104,015
Warrants	-	95	-	95
Swaps	-	8,257	-	8,257
Futures contracts	606	-	-	606
Forward currency contracts	-	-	-	-
Convertible bonds	-	-	6,000	6,000
Total financial assets	856,482	8,352	110,200	975,034
Financial liabilities				
Equities	375,933	95	3,725	379,753
Swaps	-	1,828	35	1,863
Futures contracts	7	-	-	7
Forward currency contracts	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	375,940	1,923	3,760	381,623
As at 30 June 2021				
Financial assets				
Equities	475,653	-	2,272	477,925
Unlisted unit trusts	-	-	108,336	108,336
Warrants	-	345	-	345
Swaps	-	4,508	-	4,508
Futures contracts	105	-	-	105
Forward currency contracts	-	37	-	37
Total financial assets	475,758	4,890	110,608	591,256
Financial liabilities				
Equities	202,207	10	-	202,217
Swaps	-	3,083	101	3,184
Futures contracts	302	-	-	302
Forward currency contracts	-	103	-	103
Total financial liabilities	202,509	3,196	101	205,806

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

d. Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

The following table presents the transfers between levels at the end of the reporting period.

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000
As at 30 June 2022			
Transfer between levels 1 and 3	4,596	-	(4,596)
Transfer between levels 2 and 3	-	-	-
As at 30 June 2021			
Transfer between levels 1 and 3	(859)	-	859
Transfer between levels 2 and 3	-	(12)	12

e. Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The following table presents the movement in level 3 instruments for the year ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021 by class of financial instrument.

Financial assets	Equities \$'000	Unlisted unit trusts \$'000	Swaps \$'000	Convertible bonds \$'000	Total \$'000
Opening balance – 30 June 2020	2,264	86,067	-	-	88,331
Transfer into/(out) from level 3	859	-	-	-	859
Purchases	5,874	3,636	-	-	9,510
Sales	(9,914)	-	-	-	(9,914)
Unrealised gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	2,125	18,633	-	-	20,758
Realised gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	1,064	-	-	-	1,064
Closing balance – 30 June 2021*	2,272	108,336	-	-	110,608
Transfer into/(out) from level 3	(4,296)	-	-	-	(4,296)
Purchases	10,863	45,078	-	6,000	61,941
Sales	(894)	-	-	-	(894)
Unrealised gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	(7,570)	(49,399)	-	-	(56,969)
Realised gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	(190)	-	-	-	(190)
Closing balance – 30 June 2022*	185	104,015	-	6,000	110,200

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

e. Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (continued)

Financial liabilities	Equities \$'000	Unlisted unit trusts \$'000	Swaps \$'000	Convertible bonds \$'000	Total \$'000
Opening balance – 30 June 2020	(2,205)	-	-	-	(2,205)
Transfer into/(out) from level 3	-	-	12	-	12
Purchases	420	-	65	-	485
Sales	-	-	(3,586)	-	(3,586)
Unrealised gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	(448)	-	(113)	-	(561)
Realised gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	2,233	-	3,521	-	5,754
Closing balance – 30 June 2021*	-	-	(101)	-	(101)
Transfer into/(out) from level 3	(300)	-	-	-	(300)
Purchases	7,569	-	-	-	7,569
Sales	(20,294)	-	(694)	-	(20,988)
Unrealised gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	6,918	-	66	-	6,984
Realised gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	2,382	-	694	-	3,076
Closing balance – 30 June 2022*	(3,725)	-	(35)	-	(3,760)

*Includes unrealised gains or (losses) recognised in profit or loss attributable to balances held at the end of the reporting period

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

e. Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (continued)

i. Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in the level 3 fair value measurements for the year ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021. See Note 5(b) above for the valuation techniques adopted

Description	Fair value \$'000	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Range of inputs (probability- weighted average) \$	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value \$'000
As at 30 June 2022					
Financial assets					
Equities	185	Recent transaction price	Unquoted share price	0.0370 to 28.0004	10% increase in the unit price would result in an increase in fair value by 19 and 10% decrease in the unit price would result in a decrease in fair value by 19.
Unlisted unit trusts	104,015	Net asset value (NAV)	NAV per unit	0.8141 to 1.9110	10% increase in the NAV per unit would result in an increase in fair value by 10,402 and 10% decrease in the NAV per unit would result in a decrease in fair value by 10,402.
Convertible bonds	6,000 <u>110,200</u>	Recent transaction price	Unquoted bond price	100.0000 to 100.0000	10% increase in the bond price would result in an increase in fair value by 600 and 10% decrease in the bond price would result in a decrease in fair value by 600.
As at 30 June 2022					
Financial liabilities					
Equities	3,725	Recent transaction price	Unquoted share price	0.0370 to 1.1300	10% increase in the unit price would result in an increase in fair value by 373 and 10% decrease in the unit price would result in a decrease in fair value by 373.
Swaps	35 <u>3,760</u>	Recent transaction price	Unquoted share price	0.0215 to 3.8828	10% increase in the unit price would result in an increase in fair value by 4 and 10% decrease in the unit price would result in a decrease in fair value by 4.

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

e. Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (continued)

i. Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value (continued)

Description	Fair value \$'000	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Range of inputs (probability- weighted average) \$	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value \$'000
As at 30 June 2021					
Financial assets					
Equities	2,272	Recent transaction price	Unquoted share price	0.0500 to 15.6014	10% increase in the unit price would result in an increase in fair value by 227 and 10% decrease in the unit price would result in a decrease in fair value by 227.
Unlisted unit trusts	108,336	Net asset value (NAV)	NAV per unit	1.1000 to 2.0382	10% increase in the NAV per unit would result in an increase in fair value by 10,834 and 10% decrease in the NAV per unit would result in a decrease in fair value by 10,834.
	<u>110,608</u>				
As at 30 June 2021					
Financial liabilities					
Equities	-	Recent transaction price	Unquoted share price	0.0500 to 0.0500	10% increase in the unit price would result in an increase in fair value by nil and 10% decrease in the unit price would result in a decrease in fair value by nil.
Swaps	101	Recent transaction price	Unquoted share price	0.0199 to 3,689.6437	10% increase in the unit price would result in an increase in fair value by 10 and 10% decrease in the unit price would result in a decrease in fair value by 10.
	<u>101</u>				

There were no significant inter-relationships between unobservable inputs that materially affect fair values.

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

e. Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (continued)

ii. Valuation processes

Portfolio reviews are undertaken regularly by management to identify securities that potentially may not be actively traded or have stale security pricing. This process identifies securities which possibly could be regarded as being level 3 securities. Further analysis, should it be required, is undertaken to determine the accounting significance of the identification. For certain security types, in selecting the most appropriate valuation model, management performs back testing and considers actual market transactions. Changes in allocation to or from level 3 are analysed at the end of each reporting period and are disclosed in Note 2(e) above.

f. Other financial assets and liabilities

For all other financial assets and liabilities, the carrying value is an approximation of fair value, including: cash and cash equivalents; due from/to brokers; receivables; distributions payable; and other payables.

6. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Equities	856,061	477,925
Unlisted unit trusts	104,015	108,336
Warrants	95	345
Swaps	8,257	4,508
Futures contracts	606	105
Forward currency contracts	-	37
Convertible bonds	6,000	-
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	975,034	591,256

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

7. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Equities	379,753	202,217
Swaps	1,863	3,184
Futures contracts	7	302
Forward currency contracts	-	103
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	381,623	205,806

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

8. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values, foreign exchange risk or to reduce volatility;
- a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

Certain transactions may give rise to a form of leverage. Such transactions may include, among others, reverse repurchase agreements, loans of portfolio securities, and the use of when-issued, delayed-delivery or forward commitment transactions. Leverage may be incurred when it is believed that is advantageous to increase the investment capacity of a Fund or to facilitate the clearance of transactions. Leverage creates opportunity for greater total returns for a Fund, but it also may magnify losses. The use of derivatives may also create leverage risk.

The Fund holds the following derivatives:

a. Futures contracts

Futures are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. The futures contracts are collateralised by cash or marketable securities. Changes in futures contracts' values are usually settled net daily with the exchange.

b. Forward currency contracts

Forward currency contracts are primarily used by the Fund to economically hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-Australian dollar denominated trading securities. The Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Forward currency contracts are valued at forward rate at the end of each reporting period. The Fund recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the end of each reporting period.

c. Swaps

Swaps are derivative instruments in which two counterparties agree to exchange one stream of cash flow against another stream, which may involve an equity-based cash flow (such as from a stock asset) that is traded for a fixed-income cash flow (such as a benchmark rate).

8. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

d. Warrants

Warrants are an option to purchase additional securities from the issuer at a specified price during a specified period. Warrants are valued at the prevailing market price at the end of each reporting period. The Fund recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the end of each reporting period.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments measured at fair value at year end are detailed below:

	Contractual/ notional \$'000	Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000
As at 30 June 2022			
Warrants	95	95	-
Swaps	24,548	8,257	1,863
Futures contracts	(150,637)	606	7
Forward currency contracts	-	-	-
Total derivatives	(125,994)	8,958	1,870
As at 30 June 2021			
Warrants	345	345	-
Swaps	19,737	4,508	3,184
Futures contracts	(101,943)	105	302
Forward currency contracts	-	37	103
Total derivatives	(81,861)	4,995	3,589

Information about the Fund's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair values is provided in Note 3 and Note 5 to the financial statements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of derivative financial instruments disclosed above.

9. INVESTMENT IN MANAGED INVESTMENT SCHEMES

The Fund invests in Managed Investment Schemes (the "Schemes") for the purpose of capital appreciation and or earning investment income.

The exposure to investments in related party Schemes at fair value, and any related party amounts recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, is disclosed at Note 22 to the financial statements.

The fair value of the Schemes is included as unlisted unit trusts in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the statement of financial position.

The Fund's maximum exposure to loss from its interest in the Schemes is equal to the fair value of its investments in the Schemes as there are no off-balance sheet exposures relating to any of the Schemes. Once the Fund has disposed of its units in a Scheme it ceases to be exposed to any risk from that Scheme.

Total gains/(losses) incurred on investments in the Schemes were (\$49,399,069) during the year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: \$18,633,052). The Fund also earned distribution income of \$28,999,642 during the year (2021: \$57,296,906) as a result of its interests in the Schemes.

10. NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS – EQUITY

The Fund shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions set out in Note 2(c) to the financial statements.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unit holders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2022	30 June 2021	30 June 2021
	Units '000	\$'000	Units '000	\$'000
Opening balance	101,320	342,960	106,456	291,421
Applications	56,023	212,327	-	-
Units buy-back	(1,445)	(5,016)	(5,437)	(16,898)
Reinvestment of distributions	16,354	56,092	301	1,111
Distributions paid and payable	-	(68,116)	-	(107,540)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	(52,444)	-	174,866
Closing balance	172,252	485,803	101,320	342,960

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual unit in the Fund and does not extend to a right in the underlying assets of the Fund.

There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

Units buy-back plan

During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Fund has purchased on-market and cancelled 1,445,235 units (30 June 2021: 5,436,866 units) at a cost of \$5,015,496 (30 June 2021: \$16,898,305).

Capital raising

On 8 October 2021, the results of the Placement and Accelerated Institutional Entitlement Offer was announced on the ASX with a top-up facility available. Unit holders who took up their Entitlement in full under the General Entitlement Offer, were able to apply additional units in excess of the Entitlement by way of the Top-Up Facility.

Units issued under both the Placement and the Accelerated Institutional Entitlement Offer were issued at a price of \$3.79 per new unit, being equal to the estimated Net Asset Value of the Fund as at 1 October 2021. A total of 25,821,551 new units (\$97,863,678) were issued under the Placement and Accelerated Institutional Entitlement Offer using a record date of 8 October 2021, settlement date of 19 October 2021 and allotment and trading on 20 October 2021. An additional 30,201,382 new units (\$114,463,262) were issued under the General Entitlement Offer and Shortfall Placement. The new units commenced trading on the ASX on 5 November 2021.

Total proceeds from the capital raising (\$212,326,940), were used to invest into existing strategies as per the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

11. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER UNIT

	30 June 2022	As at 30 June 2021
Profit/(loss) attributable to unit holders (\$'000)	(52,444)	174,866
Weighted average number of units on issue ('000)	153,008	102,543
Basic earnings per unit (cents per unit)	(34.28)	170.53

	30 June 2022	As at 30 June 2021
Profit/(loss) attributable to unit holders (\$'000)	(52,444)	174,866
Weighted average number of units on issue ('000)	153,008	102,543
Diluted earnings per unit (cents per unit)	(34.28)	170.53

12. DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNIT HOLDERS

The distributions declared during the year were as follows:

	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2022 CPU	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2021 CPU
Distributions				
December (paid)	17,193	10.000	5,092	5.000
June (payable)	50,923	29.560	102,448	101.113
	68,116		107,540	

13. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30 June 2022 \$'000	As at 30 June 2021 \$'000
Cash at bank	337	1,177
Total cash and cash equivalents	337	1,177

14. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT/(LOSS) TO NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

a. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	(52,444)	174,866
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	8,949,139	10,372,846
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(9,103,360)	(10,284,247)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	53,885	(191,405)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(5,232)	781
Net change in receivables	27,702	(47,804)
Net change in payables	(19,525)	15,459
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(149,835)	40,496

b. Non-cash operating and financing activities

The following distribution payments to unit holders were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan

	56,092	1,111
Total non-cash operating and financing activities	56,092	1,111

15. DUE FROM BROKERS

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Due from brokers – margin accounts	77,851	125,488
Receivable for securities sold	58,507	72,557
Total due from brokers	136,358	198,045

16. DUE TO BROKERS

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Due to brokers – margin accounts	163,302	112,386
Payable for securities purchased	59,499	64,476
Total due to brokers	222,801	176,862

17. RECEIVABLES

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Interest receivable	436	-
Dividends receivable from long positions	31,179	58,191
RITC refund receivable	438	1,546
Other receivables	304	322
Total receivables	32,357	60,059

18. PAYABLES

		As at	
	Notes	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Management fees payable	22(g)	741	1,895
Performance fees payable	22(g)	-	19,429
Responsible Entity fees payable		42	34
Dividends payable from short positions		659	423
Auditors' remuneration payable		98	76
Transaction fees payable		511	298
Interest payable		537	135
Withholding tax payable		326	139
Accounting fees payable		14	9
GST payable		1	-
Other payables		7	23
Total payables		2,936	22,461

19. REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditors of the Fund:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Fees to Ernst & Young		
Fees for auditing the statutory financial report	43,731	40,560
<i>Fees for assurance services that are required by legislation to be provided by the auditor</i>		
Fees for reviewing the half-yearly statutory financial report	12,448	12,180
<i>Fee for other services</i>		
Tax compliance	24,000	21,294
Total remuneration of Ernst & Young	80,179	74,034
Fees to PricewaterhouseCoopers		
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>		
Audit of compliance plan	2,346	2,342
Total remuneration of PricewaterhouseCoopers	2,346	2,342

The auditors' remuneration is borne by the Fund. Fees are stated exclusive of GST.

20. OTHER INCOME

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$'000	\$'000
RITC income	2,651	4,232
Rebate Income	78	35
Underwriting fee income	354	245
Capital gains tax income	-	55
Other income	728	2
Total other income	3,811	4,569

21. OTHER EXPENSES

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$'000	\$'000
GST expenses	2,552	5,030
Dividend withholding tax expense	4,466	1,719
Accounting fees expense	18	26
Withholding tax expense	11	33
Other fees	311	99
Total other expenses	7,358	6,907

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Responsible Entity of Regal Investment Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975). Accordingly, transactions with entities related to the Responsible Entity are disclosed below.

The Responsible Entity has contracted services to Regal Funds Management Pty Limited to act as Investment Manager for the Fund and The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Sydney Branch to act as Custodian and Administrator for the Fund. The contracts are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

a. Key management personnel

i. Directors

Key management personnel include Equity Trustees Limited and persons who are directors of Equity Trustees Limited at any time during or since the end of the year and up to the date of the Directors' report.

Philip D Gentry	Chairman
Mary A O'Connor	Company Secretary (resigned 5 January 2022)
Michael J O'Brien	(appointed 24 May 2022)
Russell W Beasley	
Samantha Einhart	Company Secretary (appointed 5 January 2022)

ii. Responsible Entity

Other than the fees paid to the Responsible Entity, there were no other transactions.

iii. Other key management personnel

There were no other key management personnel with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

b. Transactions with key management personnel

The following transactions occurred with key management personnel during the reporting period:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Purchase of units	341,100	198,400
Total	341,100	198,400

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

c. Key management personnel unit holdings

Key management personnel held units in the Fund, as follows:

	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Interest held %	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund \$
Unit holder						
As at 30 June 2022						
Platinum Cat Pty Ltd ATF for Platinum Cat Superfund	8,000	8,000	0.0050	-	-	3,165
Michael J O'Brien	160,000	250,000	0.1450	90,000	-	98,908
Russell W Beasley	1	1	-	-	-	-
Unit holder						
As at 30 June 2021						
Platinum Cat Pty Ltd ATF for Platinum Cat Superfund*	8,000	8,000	0.0080	-	-	8,489
Harvey H Kalman**	7,690	-	-	-	7,690	-
Michael J O'Brien	80,000	160,000	0.1580	80,000	-	169,780
Russell W Beasley	1	1	-	-	-	1

*Philip D Gentry is a member of the Platinum Cat Superfund.

**Harvey H Kalman ceased to be a related party on 1 September 2020 once he resigned as a Director of the Responsible Entity and therefore any interest he may have in the Fund in the current period are no longer presented as a related party transaction.

d. Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by EQT Services Pty Ltd. Payments made from the Fund to Equity Trustees Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel and are not related to services that directors render to individual funds.

e. Key management personnel loans

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

f. Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving management personnel's interests existing at year end.

g. Responsible Entity fees, Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement for the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager are entitled to receive management fees and performance fees.

The transactions during the year and amounts payable as at year end between the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Management fees for the year	8,722,251	6,087,739
Performance fees for the year	16,438,917	43,854,691
Responsible Entity fees for the year	222,637	162,345
Management fees payable at year end	740,667	1,895,333
Performance fees payable at year end	-	19,428,793
Responsible Entity fees payable at year end	42,444	34,140

The performance fee will be calculated and accrued at least monthly and is payable at the end of each performance period in arrears. Performance periods are six months in duration and end on 30 June or 31 December. The performance fee of 20% (plus GST) of the amount by which the portfolio's outperformance against the RBA cash rate subject to a high water mark is calculated and accrued at least monthly.

The Investment Manager is entitled to receive a management fee totalling 1.50% per annum (or 1.54% inclusive of GST less RITC) of the Fund's net assets attributable to unit holders (before the management fees and accrued but unpaid performance fees). The management fee is calculated and accrued at least monthly and are payable monthly in arrears by the Fund.

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

h. Related party unit holdings

Parties related to the Fund (including Equity Trustees Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by Equity Trustees Limited and the Investment Manager) hold units in the Fund, as follows:

	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Interest held %	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund \$
Unit holder						
As at						
30 June 2022						
Equity Trustees Superannuation Limited <AMG Super> and <Acclaim Super> Regal Funds Management Pty Limited	310,356	589,784	0.3420	357,785	78,357	226,458
	196,746	233,894	0.1360	37,148	-	91,936
Unit holder						
As at						
30 June 2021						
Equity Trustees Superannuation Limited <AMG Super> and <Acclaim Super> Regal Funds Management Pty Limited	192,570	310,356	0.3060	191,663	73,877	324,388
	-	196,746	0.1940	196,746	-	198,935

i. Investments

The Fund held investments in EQT Holdings Limited as the parent of Equity Trustees Limited and other schemes managed by the Investment Manager during the year as follows.

	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Interest held %	Distribution earned \$	Distribution receivable \$	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed
As at							
30 June 2022							
EQT Holdings Limited	-	98,490	0.47	73,100	-	138,931	40,441
Regal Emerging Companies Fund III	50,994,042	50,994,042	54.13	27,348,105	27,348,105	-	-
Regal Emerging Companies Opportunities Fund	-	40,183,383	6.58	1,651,537	1,651,537	40,183,383	-

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

i. Investments (Continued)

	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Interest held %	Distribution earned \$	Distribution receivable \$	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed
As at							
30 June 2021	56,249	-	-	14,246	-	-	56,249
EQT Holdings Limited							
Regal Emerging Companies Fund III	50,994,042	50,994,042	54.21	57,296,906	57,296,906	-	-

23. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Fund is organised into one main operating segment with only one key function, being the investment of funds internationally. It operates predominantly in Australia and in the securities industry. It earns revenue from dividend income, interest income and other returns from the investment portfolio. The Company invests in different types of securities, as detailed at Note 5 Fair Value Measurement.

24. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

No significant events have occurred since the end of the period which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the period ended on that date.

25. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- a. The financial statements and notes set out on pages 8 to 50 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - i. complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - ii. giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- b. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- c. Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.



Philip D Gentry
Chairman

Melbourne
29 August 2022



**Building a better
working world**

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Unit Holders of Regal Investment Fund

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Regal Investment Fund (the Fund), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Regal Investment Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, but we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial report.

1. Investment existence and valuation

Why significant

The Fund has a significant investment portfolio consisting primarily of listed equities and unlisted unit trusts. As at 30 June 2022, the values of the listed equities and unlisted unit trusts financial assets were \$856 million and \$104 million which represented 75% and 9% of the total assets of the Fund, respectively. As at 30 June 2022, the values of the listed equities financial liabilities were \$376 million which represented 57% of total liabilities of the Fund.

As detailed in the Fund's accounting policy described in Note 2(b) of the financial report, these financial instruments are recognised at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

Pricing, exchange rates and other market drivers can have a significant impact on the value of these financial Instruments and the financial report. Accordingly, existence and valuation of the investment portfolio was considered a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We assessed the effectiveness of the controls relating to the existence and valuation of investments.

We obtained and considered the assurance report on the controls of the Fund's administrator, in relation to the fund administration services for the year ended 30 June 2022 and considered the auditor's credentials, their objectivity and the results of their procedures.

We have confirmed the balances of investment holdings, including cash accounts, to third party confirmations at 30 June 2022.

We assessed the fair value of a representative sample of investments in the portfolio held at 30 June 2022. For listed securities, the values were verified against independently sourced market prices. For unlisted investments, with the involvement of our valuation specialists, we evaluated the appropriateness of the valuation techniques agreed the valuation models' observable and unobservable inputs and assumptions to supporting documentation and compared to independent information for reasonableness. We tested the mathematical accuracy of the valuation models.

For unlisted unit trusts, we have obtained and agreed the unit prices to the net asset value statements provided by the external fund administrator of the unit trusts. We obtained the audited financial statements of a representative sample of unlisted unit trusts and considered the appropriateness of the valuations adopted. We assessed the appropriateness of the underlying valuation method and key assumptions applied by the external investment manager, engaged our valuation specialists where appropriate and reviewed the fair values.

We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in Note 5 of the financial report in accordance with the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards.

2. Management and Performance Fees

Why significant

Management and performance fees, paid to the Investment Manager, Regal Funds Management Pty Limited, are the most significant operating expense for the Fund.

The Fund's accounting policy for the management and performance fees is described in Note 22(g) of the financial report. Performance fees are recognised in the financial report if the performance hurdles for the Fund have been met at the end of the relevant measurement period, which is the date that the performance criteria are met and the obligation has crystallised. All expenses are recognised on an accruals basis.

For the year ended 30 June 2022, the management and performance fees were \$8,722,251 and \$16,438,917 which represented 13% and 25% of the total expenses, respectively.

The assessment of recognition of expenses relating to performance fee arrangements can be complex.

Accordingly, the recognition of management and performance fees was considered a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We assessed the effectiveness of the controls, in relation to the calculation of management and performance fees, of the Fund's administrator, who has responsibility for the calculations.

We recalculated management and performance fees, in accordance with the relevant service arrangements, including agreeing the fee rates to the calculations.

We assessed the performance fee calculation, including testing the inputs into the calculation model and assessed whether the calculation was consistent with the relevant Product Disclosure Statement and management agreement.

We also assessed whether the criteria for accrual of a performance fee liability were met at 30 June 2022.

We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in Note 22(g) of the financial report in accordance with the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Fund's 2022 Annual Report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors of the Responsible Entity for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors of the Responsible Entity determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors of the Responsible Entity either intend to liquidate the Fund or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

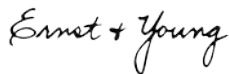
As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors of the Responsible Entity.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors of the Responsible Entity regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors of the Responsible Entity with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated to the Directors of the Responsible Entity, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Ernst & Young



Jaddus Manga
Partner
Sydney
29 August 2022



ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Regal Investment Fund (ARSN 632 283 384) (the Fund)

Additional information required by the Australian Stock Exchange Limited ("ASX") Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is as follows. The information is current as at 25 July 2022 unless otherwise indicated.

A. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Refer to the Annual Report, page 6.

B. SUBSTANTIAL UNITHOLDERS

The following unit holders have substantial holdings, as disclosed in the substantial holding notices received:

NO.	UNITHOLDER NAME	NO. OF UNITS	PERCENTAGE
1	THE REGAL FOUNDATION	16,093,597	9.34

C. CLASSES OF UNITS

Refer to the Annual Report, Note 10, page 41.

D. VOTING RIGHTS

Voting at a general meeting is by a show of hands unless a poll is validly demanded. On a show of hands each Unitholder (and each proxy, attorney or representative) has one vote, and on a poll, each Unitholder (and each proxy, attorney or representative) has one vote for each dollar value of units held. For voting purposes, the value of a unit in the Fund is the last sale price on the ASX on the trading day immediately before the day on which the poll is taken.



E. DISTRIBUTION OF UNITS

Analysis of numbers of unitholders by size of holding as at 25 July 2022:

SIZE OF HOLDING	NO. OF HOLDERS	TOTAL UNITS	PERCENTAGE
1 – 1,000	1,180	499,585	0.29
1,001 – 5,000	2,083	5,982,495	3.47
5,001 – 10,000	1,534	11,404,192	6.62
10,001 – 100,000	2,555	66,903,915	38.84
100,001 and over	122	87,462,115	50.78
	7,474	172,252,302	100.00

There are 257 unitholders each with an unmarketable parcel of shares being a holding of 157 or less, for a combined total of 25,784 units. This is based on the closing ASX price of \$3.20 per share as at 25 July 2022.

F. LARGEST UNITHOLDERS

The names of the twenty largest holders of quoted units as at 25 July 2022 are listed below.

NO.	UNITHOLDER NAME	NO. OF UNITS	PERCENTAGE
1	MR ANDREW KING + MR PHILIP KING + MR DAVID GORE	16,093,597	9.34
2	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED - A/C 2	6,831,290	3.97
3	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD HUB24 CUSTODIAL SERV LTD	6,721,422	3.90
4	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	5,502,431	3.19
5	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD ACF CLEARSTREAM	5,060,403	2.94
6	NETWEALTH INVESTMENTS LIMITED	4,825,546	2.80
7	J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED	4,825,265	2.80
8	NAVIGATOR AUSTRALIA LTD	3,073,015	1.78
9	WRITEMAN PTY LIMITED	2,654,524	1.54
10	KAVOCA PTY LTD	2,032,000	1.18
11	NEW HIGHLAND PTY LIMITED	1,873,330	1.09



NO.	UNITHOLDER NAME	NO. OF UNITS	PERCENTAGE
12	MIGHTYBOY PTY LTD	1,834,510	1.07
13	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD	1,615,946	0.94
14	QM FINANCIAL SERVICES PTY LTD	1,066,667	0.62
15	PRIMECHIP PTY LTD	1,031,063	0.60
16	MRS PAMELA DIANE KING	913,839	0.53
17	LUJETA PTY LTD	800,000	0.46
18	AEPRO PTY LTD	736,309	0.43
19	NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED	713,562	0.41
20	JEUNE PTY LTD	700,000	0.41
		68,904,719	40.00

G. UNQUOTED EQUITY SECURITIES

There were no unquoted equity securities on issue for the year ended 30 June 2022.

H. REVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND ACTIVITIES FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD

Refer to the Directors' report at page 2 of the Annual Report.

I. ON-MARKET BUY-BACKS

Refer to the Directors' report at page 3 of the Annual Report for on-market buy-backs for the year ended 30 June 2022 and note 24 for on-market buy-backs from reporting date to date of signing.

J. LIST OF ALL INVESTMENTS HELD BY THE FUND AT THE BALANCE DATE

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO LONG POSITIONS AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

Aristocrat Leisure Ltd	Astellas Pharma Inc	AUB Group Ltd
Asahi Intecc Co Ltd	ASX Ltd	Auckland International Airport Ltd (ASX)
Ascendas Real Estate Investment Trust	Atomos Ltd	Aurizon Holdings Ltd
Aurora Cannabis Inc Wts	Bravura Solutions Ltd	Collins Foods Ltd
Aussie Broadband Pty Ltd	Brickworks Ltd	Com7 Pcl NVDR

**INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO LONG POSITIONS AS AT 30 JUNE 2022**

Avada Group Ltd	Calix Ltd	Computershare Ltd
Bank Central Asia Tbk (DMT)	Canada Nickel Co Inc	Cooper Energy Ltd
Bannerman Resources Ltd (ASX)	Capitol Health Ltd	Coronado Global Resources Inc CDI
Bapcor Ltd	Carnaby Resources Ltd	Corporate Travel Management Ltd
Base Resources Ltd	Carnarvon Energy Ltd	CSL Ltd
BC Iron Ltd	Cedar Woods Properties Ltd	CSR Ltd
Beach Energy Ltd	Centaurus Metals Ltd	Cyclopharm Ltd
Berkeley Resources Ltd	Cettire Ltd	Cypress Development Corp Wts
Betmakers Technology Group Ltd	Chalice Mining Ltd	Dacian Gold Ltd
BHP Group Ltd	Challenger Ltd/Australia	Dai-ichi Life Holdings Inc
Big River Industries Pty Ltd	Champion Iron Ltd	Daiichi Sankyo Co Ltd
Bigtincan Holdings Ltd	Charter Hall Group REIT	Dalrymple Bay Infrastructure Ltd
Birchcliff Energy Ltd	Charter Hall Retail REIT	Damstra Holdings Pty Ltd
Black Rock Mining Ltd	Chorus Ltd	DBS Group Holdings Ltd
Blackstone Minerals Ltd (ASX)	Chrysos Corp Ltd	DDH1 Ltd
BlueScope Steel Ltd (ASX)	Chugai Pharmaceutical Co Ltd	De Grey Mining Ltd
Booktopia Group Ltd	Cobram Estate Olives Ltd	Deterra Royalties Ltd
Boss Energy Ltd	Coda Minerals Ltd	Dexus/AU REIT
Brambles Ltd	Cogstate Ltd	Com7 Pcl NVDR
Duxton Water Ltd	Frontier Digital Ventures Ltd	IDT Australia Ltd
East 33 Ltd	Fujitsu General Ltd	Imdex Ltd

**INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO LONG POSITIONS AS AT 30 JUNE 2022**

Eclipx Group Ltd	Galan Lithium Ltd	Immutep Ltd
Elders Ltd	Genetic Signatures Ltd	Imugene Ltd
Electro Optic Systems Hldgs Ltd	Global Data Centre Group Unit	Incitec Pivot Ltd
Emeco Holdings Ltd (ASX)	GLOBALFOUNDRIES Inc	Income Asset Management Group Ltd
Emerald Resources NL	Gold Road Resources Ltd	Infomedia Ltd
Empire Energy Gr	Goodman Group REIT	Insurance Australia Group Ltd
Empire Energy Group Ltd	GQG Partners Inc CDI	Integral Diagnostics Ltd
Encore Energy Corp	GrainCorp Ltd	Intuitive Surgical Inc
Energy World Corp Ltd	Gresham Resources Royalties Fund	ioneer Ltd
Enero Group Ltd	Grifols (MCE)	IPH Ltd
EQT Holdings Ltd	Hansen Technologies Ltd	iQIYI Inc ADR
Eroad Ltd	Harmony Corp Ltd	Iress Ltd
Event Hospitality and Entertainment Ltd	Healius Ltd	Iris Energy Ltd
Exro Technologies Inc (TOR) Wts	Healthia Ltd	James Hardie Industries Plc CDI
Falcon Metals Ltd/Australia	Hino Motors Ltd	Japan Post Holdings Co Ltd
Family Zone Cyber Safety Ltd	Hipages Group Holdings Ltd	Jardine Cycle & Carriage Ltd
Fineos Corp Holdings Plc CDI	Hoya Corp	Jardine Matheson Holdings Ltd (SGX)
Fortescue Metals Group Ltd	iCollege Ltd	Jervois Global Ltd
Freehold Royalties Ltd	The Lottery Corp Ltd	Minerals 260 Ltd
Johns Lyng Group Ltd	Lovisa Holdings Ltd	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc



INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO LONG POSITIONS AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

Johnson & Johnson	Lynch Group Holdings Ltd	Monash IVF Group Ltd
Jumbo Interactive Ltd	MA Financial Group Ltd	Money3 Corp Ltd
Karoon Energy Ltd	Marley Spoon CDI	Murray Cod Australia Ltd
Kawasaki Kisen Kaisha Ltd	MatsukiyoCocokara & Co	Murray River Organics Group Ltd
KDDI Corp	Mawson Infrastructure Group In	National Australia Bank Ltd
Keisei Electric Railway Co Ltd	Mawson Infrastructure Group In Wts	National Storage REIT
Keypath Education International Inc	Mcpherson's Ltd	Navigator Global Investments Ltd
Konan Technology Inc	MedAdvisor Ltd	Nevada Copper Corp
Lawson Inc	Medibank Private Ltd (ASX)	Nevada Copper Corp Wts
Leo Lithium Ltd	Megaport Ltd	New Hope Corp Ltd
Leviathan Gold Ltd	Mercari Inc	Newcrest Mining Ltd
LG Chem Ltd	Mesoblast Ltd Wts	News Corp (New) CI B CDI
LG Corp	Metcash Ltd	NEXTDC Ltd
Liberty Financial Group Unit	Micro-X Ltd	nib holdings Ltd/Australia
Life360 Inc CDI	Midway Ltd	Nick Scali Ltd
Limeade Inc	Mincor Resources NL	Nickel Industries Ltd (ASX)
Link Administration Holdings Ltd (ASX)	Mind Medicine MindMed Inc Wts	Nine Entertainment Co Holdings Ltd
Li-S Energy Ltd	Mineral Resources Ltd	Nitro Software Ltd
NobleOak Life Ltd	Pendal Group Ltd	Qualitas Ltd
Northern Star Resources Ltd	Penn National Gaming Inc	Quisitive Technology Solutions Inc
Nova Royalty Corp	Pepper Money Ltd/Au	Ramsay Health Care Ltd



INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO LONG POSITIONS AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

Objective Corp Ltd	Perenti Global Ltd	Reckon Ltd
Olympus Corp	Peter Warren Automotive Holdings Ltd	Red 5 Ltd
oOh Media Ltd	PEXA Group Ltd	Regal Emerging Companies Fund III
Opthea Ltd	Phoslock Environmental Technologies Ltd	Regal Emerging Companies Opportunities Fund
Opthea Ltd ADR	Pilbara Minerals Ltd	Regis Healthcare Ltd (ASX)
Origin Energy Ltd	Pinduoduo Inc ADR	Reliance Worldwide Corp Ltd
Osisko Development Corp	Platinum Asset Management Ltd	Renaissance Uranium Ltd
Osisko Development Corp Wts	PointsBet Holdings Ltd	Renegen Ltd CDI
Osisko Development Corp Wts	Pola Orbis Holdings Inc	Renesas Electronics Corp
Osstem Implant Co Ltd	PPK Group Ltd	Resimac Group Ltd
Outcrop Silver & Gold Corp	Praemium Ltd	ResMed Inc (NYSE)
Outcrop Silver & Gold Corp Wts	Predictive Discovery Ltd	ResMed Inc CDI
OZ Minerals Ltd	Propel Funeral Partners Ltd	Retail Food Group Ltd
Pacific Current Group Ltd	PSC Insurance Group Ltd	Roche Holding (SWX)
Pacific Smiles Group Ltd	PWR Holdings Ltd	Rungepincockminarco Ltd
Peet Ltd	Qantas Airways Ltd	Ryman Healthcare Ltd
Pegasus Asia	QBE Insurance Group Ltd	Santana Minerals Ltd
Pegasus Asia (Pegasus Asia Unit) CWts	Softbank Group Corp	Syrah Resources Ltd
Santos Ltd	South32 Ltd	Smartpay Holdings Ltd (ASX)
Saturn Oil & Gas Inc	Southern Cross Media Group Ltd	Softbank Corp



INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO LONG POSITIONS AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

Saturn Oil & Gas Inc Wts	Southern Cross Payments Ltd (Sus 10/01/2019)	Tabcorp Holdings Ltd
Sayona Mining Ltd	Southern Cross Payments Ltd (Unlisted)	Takeda Pharmaceutical Co Ltd
Sea Ltd ADR	Spartan Delta Corp	Talon Metals Corp
Seek Ltd	Spirit Technology Solutions Ltd	Tamboran Resources Ltd
Select Harvests Ltd	SRG Global Ltd	Telstra Corp Ltd
Service Stream Ltd	SSR Mining Inc (ASX)	Terracom Ltd
Seven Group Holdings Ltd	Stanmore Resources Ltd	Terumo Corp
SG Fleet Group Ltd (ASX)	Star Entertainment Group Ltd (The)	Tesoro Gold Ltd
Shimadzu Corp	Star Petroleum Refining Pcl NVDR	Tesserent Ltd
Shopping Centres Australasia Property Group REIT	Stelco Holdings Inc	Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc
Singapore Telecommunications Ltd	Strandline Resources Ltd	Tietto Minerals Ltd
Siteminder Ltd	Suncorp Group Ltd	Top Shelf International Holdings Ltd
SK Chemicals Co Ltd	Superloop Ltd	Toshiba Corp
Sky City Entertainment Group Ltd (ASX)	Suzuki Motor Corp	Toshiba TEC Corp
SmartGroup Corp Ltd	Swoop Holdings Ltd	Toyota Industries Corp
Trajan Group Holdings Ltd	Viva Energy Group Ltd	West African Resources Ltd
Treasury Wine Estates Ltd	Ventia Services Group Pty Ltd	Whispir Ltd
Trident Resources Plc	Vermilion Energy Inc	Whitehaven Coal Ltd
Tuas Ltd	Vertex Technology Acquisition (Vertex Technology Acquisition Corp Ltd Unit) CWts	Wide Open Agriculture Ltd



INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO LONG POSITIONS AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

Tyro Payments Ltd	VerticalScope Holdings Inc	WonderFi Technologies Inc Wts
Unibail-Rodamco-Westfield CDI	Very Good Food Co Inc/The Wts	Woodside Energy Group Ltd
United Malt Grp Ltd	Vimy Resources Ltd	Woolworths Group Ltd
United Overseas Bank Ltd	Visioneering Technologies Inc CDI	Yandal Resources Ltd
UnitedHealth Group Inc	Vulcan Steel Ltd	Zai Lab Ltd ADR
Uniti Group Ltd	Warrego Energy Ltd	Zoono Group Ltd
Universal Store Holdings Ltd	Wilmar International Ltd	361 Degrees International Ltd Equity Swap
Vertex Technology Acquisition Corp Ltd	Winton Land Ltd	AIA Group Ltd Equity Swap
Alibaba Health Information Technology Ltd Equity Swap	BTS Group Holdings Pcl Wts Equity Swap	China Fortune Land Development Co Ltd A Shrs Equity Swap
Arrail Group Ltd Equity Swap	Cathay Financial Holding Co Ltd Equity Swap	China Hongqiao Group Ltd Equity Swap
Baidu Inc Equity Swap	Celltrion Healthcare Co Ltd Equity Swap	China Huarong Asset Management Co Ltd Equity Swap
Bangkok Dusit Medical Services Pcl (FR) Equity Swap	Celltrion Inc Equity Swap	China International Travel Service Corp Ltd A Shrs (SSC) Equity Swap
BeiGene Ltd Equity Swap	Chailease Holding Co Ltd Equity Swap	China Life Insurance Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap
Beijing Lanxum Technology Co Ltd A Shrs Equity Swap	China CITIC Bank Corp Ltd A Shrs (SSC) Equity Swap	China Merchants Bank Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap
Beijing SL Pharmaceutical Co L A Shrs (SZHK) Equity Swap	China Coal Energy Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap	China Merchants Shekou Industrial Zone Holdings Co Ltd A Shrs (SZHK) Equity Swap
Blue Moon Group Holdings Ltd Equity Swap	China Datang Corp Renewable Power Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap	China Resources Beer Holdings Co Ltd Equity Swap



INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO LONG POSITIONS AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

Borouge Equity Swap	China Energy Engineering Corp Ltd (HKSE) Equity Swap	LONGi Green Energy Technology Co Ltd A Shrs (SSC) Equity Swap
BTS Group Holdings Pcl NVDR Equity Swap	Hutchmed China Ltd Equity Swap	Makalot Industrial Co Ltd Equity Swap
China Resources Pharmaceutical Group Ltd Equity Swap	Hyundai Mipo Dockyard Co Ltd Equity Swap	Malayan Banking Equity Swap
China Vanke Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap	Indocement Tunggal Prakarsa Tbk Equity Swap	Mega Lifesciences Pcl Equity Swap
CITIC Securities Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap	JD Health International Inc Equity Swap	Meituan Dianping Equity Swap
DaShenLin Pharmaceutical Group Co Ltd A Shrs (SSC) Equity Swap	JD Logistics Inc Equity Swap	Merida Industry Co Ltd Equity Swap
Ecopro Co Ltd Equity Swap	Jiangxi Ganfeng Lithium Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap	Meritz Financial Holdings Co Ltd Equity Swap
First Financial Holding Co Ltd Equity Swap	KakaoBank Corp Equity Swap	Meritz Fire & Marine Insurance Co Ltd Equity Swap
Fubon Financial Holding Co Ltd Equity Swap	KCC Corp Equity Swap	Microport Scientific Corp Equity Swap
Galaxy Entertainment Group Ltd Equity Swap	KOSPI 200 Index Fut	Midea Group Co Ltd A Shrs (SZHK) Equity Swap
Great Wall Motor Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap	Kweichow Moutai Co Ltd A Shrs (SSC) Equity Swap	Momo.com Inc Equity Swap
Haier Smart Home Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap	Lee & Man Paper Manufacturing Ltd Equity Swap	MSCI Sing IX ETS Index Fut
Hang Seng Index Fut	Lepu Biopharma Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap	NagaCorp Ltd Equity Swap
Hong Kong & China Gas Co Ltd Equity Swap	LG Energy Solution Equity Swap	Nasdaq 100 E-Mini Fut
H-Shares Index Fut	Lien Hwa Industrial Corp Equity Swap	New China Life Insurance Co Ltd H Shrs Equity



INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO LONG POSITIONS AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co Ltd Equity Swap	Link REIT Equity Swap	New World Development Co Ltd Equity Swap
Huitongda Network Co Ltd H Shrs Equity Swap	Sino Biopharmaceutical Ltd Equity Swap	Wens Foodstuffs Group Co Ltd A Shrs (SZHK) Equity Swap
Nikkei 225 Index (OSE) Fut	Sinopharm Group Co H Shrs Equity Swap	Wharf Real Estate Investment Co Ltd Equity Swap
Ovctek China Inc A Shrs (SZHK) Equity Swap	SK Bioscience Co Ltd Equity Swap	Wuliangye Yibin Co Ltd A Shrs (SZHK) Equity Swap
PCCW Ltd Equity Swap	SPI 200 Fut	WuXi AppTec Co Ltd A Shrs Equity Swap
Remegen Co Ltd A Shrs Equity Swap	Sun Art Retail Group Ltd Equity Swap	Wuxi Biologics Cayman Inc (HKSE) Equity Swap
Remegen Co Ltd H Shrs Equity	Sun Hung Kai Properties Ltd Equity Swap	Yeahka Ltd Equity Swap
Rio Tinto Plc (LSE) Equity Swap	Taishin Financial Holding Co Ltd Equity Swap	YTL Power International Equity Swap
S&P 500 E-Mini Fut	Tencent Holdings Ltd Equity Swap	Yuanta Financial Holding Co Ltd Equity Swap
Samsung Biologics Co Ltd Equity Swap	Tesoro Gold Ltd	Yunkang Group Ltd Equity Swap
Sany Heavy Industry Co Ltd A Shrs (SSC) Equity Swap	Tingyi Cayman Islands Holding Corp Equity Swap	Zhejiang Satellite Petrochemical Co Ltd A Shrs (SZHK) Equity Swap
Shandong Nanshan Aluminum Co Ltd A Shrs (SSC) Equity Swap	Topsports International Holdings Ltd Equity Swap	Sirnaomics Ltd Equity Swap
Shenzhen Mindray Bio-Medical Electronics Co Ltd A Shrs Equity Swap	Truly International Holdings Ltd Equity Swap	Weimob Inc Equity Swap
Shimao Services Holdings Ltd Equity Swap	Venus MedTech Hangzhou Inc H Shrs Equity Swap	Till Payments Global Pty Ltd
SIA Engineering Co Ltd Equity Swap	Walsin Lihwa Corp Equity Swap	



TOTAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO AS AT 30 JUNE 2022		\$'000
Total long portfolio – equities, unlisted unit trusts, convertible bonds		966,076
Total short portfolio - equities		(379,753)
Total long value - futures, warrants and swaps		8,958
Total short value – futures and swaps		(1,870)
Total		593,411

L. INVESTMENT TRANSACTIONS

The total number of transactions during the year ended 30 June 2022 was 101,788 comprising 42,445 purchases and 59,343 sales. The total brokerage expense was \$13.9m during the year ended 30 June 2022, with \$7,193 payable at the end of the year.

M. TOTAL MANAGEMENT FEES PAID OR ACCRUED DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

Refer to the Financial Statements, Note 22 (g), page 48.

N. SECURITIES APPROVED

There have been no issues of securities approved which have not yet been completed.

O. STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

The Fund's units are listed on the ASX and are traded under the code "RF1".

P. UNQUOTED UNITS

There are no unquoted units on issue.

Q. VOLUNTARY ESCROW

There are no restricted units in the Fund or units subject to voluntary escrow.

R. REGISTERED OFFICE OF RESPONSIBLE ENTITY

Equity Trustees Limited
Level 1, 575 Bourke Street
Melbourne, VIC 3000
Telephone: 03 8623 5000

S. UNIT REGISTRY

Link Market Services
Level 12, 680 George Street
Sydney NSW 2000
Telephone: 02 8280 7100



T. COMPANY SECRETARY OF THE RESPONSIBLE ENTITY

Mr Philip D Gentry resigned as a Company Secretary of Equity Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity of Regal Investment Fund, effective 5 January 2022.

Ms Samantha Einhart was appointed as Company Secretary at the same date.

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