



Dimerix

(ASX:DXB)

Investor Presentation

March 2022

Forward looking statements

This presentation includes forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Such statements involve known and unknown risks and important factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Dimerix to be materially different from the statements in this presentation.

Actual results could differ materially depending on factors such as the availability of resources, the results of clinical studies, the timing and effects of regulatory actions, the strength of competition, the outcome of legal proceedings and the effectiveness of patent protection.

About Dimerix

Dimerix is a biopharmaceutical company developing innovative new therapies in areas with unmet medical needs, with a core focus on developing new therapies to treat inflammatory causes of kidney and respiratory disease

FSGS Phase 3 clinical study opening across 12 countries globally¹

Demonstrated **clinical efficacy**²; drug well understood, with **strong safety profile**²

Patent protected products with **commercial manufacturing** established

Strong outlook with potential for **significant value**² upside



¹ ASX releases: 28Jan22, 01Feb22

² ASX releases: 12Jul17, 18Oct17, 27Mar18, 29Jul20, 14Sep20, 27Oct20, 28Jan21, 24Mar21, 03Jun21, 07Jun21, 19Jul21

³ See slides 10 and 15 for market potential

Corporate overview



Ticker Symbol

ASX:DXB



Cash Balance
(31Dec21)

A\$16.3 million



Market
Capitalisation

~A\$56 million



Share price

~A\$0.18



Total ordinary
shares on issue

320,873,666



Average volume

512,341

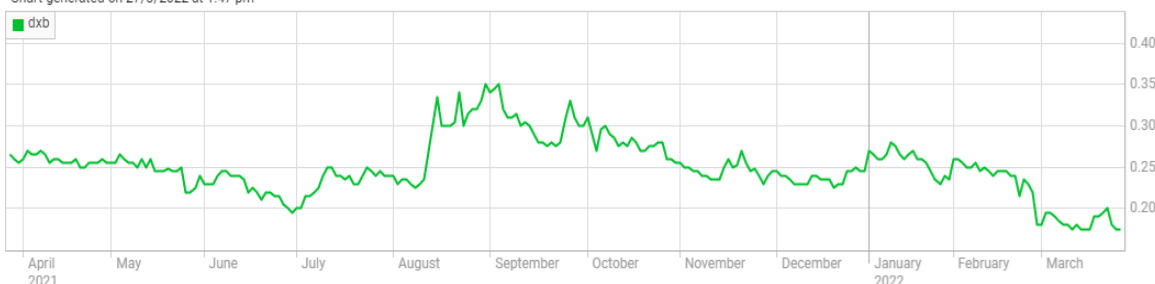


Top 20
Shareholders own

38%

Share price

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Top shareholders

| Position | Holder Name | Holding | % IC |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------|
| 1 | Mr Peter Meurs | 44,179,309 | 13.8% |
| 2 | Merchant Group & Nominees | 17,925,000 | 5.6% |
| 3 | Mr Andrew Coates & Mrs Melinda Coates | 9,500,000 | 3.0% |
| 4 | Bavaria Bay Pty Ltd | 7,316,992 | 2.3% |
| 5 | Yodambao Pty Ltd | 6,362,603 | 2.0% |
| 6 | Solequest Pty Ltd and Nominees | 3,687,302 | 1.1% |
| 7 | Pfleger Family A/C and Nominees | 3,137,874 | 1.0% |
| 8 | Tamer Yigit Property Group Pty Ltd | 3,000,000 | 0.9% |
| 9 | Mr James Victor Camilleri | 2,856,873 | 0.9% |
| 10 | Mr Taylor Nicholas Green | 2,500,000 | 0.8% |
| 10 | Rubi Holdings Pty Ltd | 2,500,000 | 0.8% |
| TOTAL (TOP 10) | | 102,965,953 | 32.1% |

Development pipeline

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| Program | Indication | Preclinical | Phase 1 | Phase 2 | Phase 3 | Key milestones |
|---------|--|-------------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| DMX-200 | Focal Segmental Glomerular Sclerosis (FSGS) | | | | | Phase 2a demonstrated encouraging efficacy & safety ¹ ; Phase 3 underway with regulatory &/or ethics authorisation in multiple countries ² , 1 st interim data anticipated H1 23 ³ |
| | Diabetic Kidney Disease | | | | | Phase 2 demonstrated promising efficacy and safety ¹ , planning of next study design anticipated mid-2022 following FSGS start up activities |
| | Late COVID pneumonia – REMAP-CAP | | | | | Study recruitment across Europe ⁴ , recruitment paused pending analysis ⁵ , data analysis underway; anticipated from REMAP-CAP team imminently |
| | Early COVID respiratory – CLARITY 2.0 | | | | | Recruitment underway across India ⁶ , ethics approval in Australia ⁷ , data from CLARITY 1.0 study (use of angiotensin receptor blockers in COVID patients) anticipated imminently ⁸ , interim data from India now anticipated Q2 22 ³ |
| DMX-700 | Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) | | | | | Pre-clinical studies underway to support entry into clinical studies; data anticipated Q2 22 |
| DMX-xxx | Undisclosed (multiple) | | | | | Additional target opportunities identified using Receptor-HIT; preliminary exploratory work underway |

¹ ASX releases: 12Jul17, 18Oct17, 27Mar18, 29Jul20, 14Sep20, 27Oct20, 28Jan21, 24Mar21, 03Jun21, 07Jun21, 19Jul21

² ASX releases: 21Oct21, 01Feb22 (Australia, Denmark); + further countries subsequently approved

³ Subject to recruitment

⁴ ASX release: 23Apr21, 16Dec21

⁵ ASX release 28Feb22

⁶ ASX release: 11Jan22

⁷ ASX release: 23Dec21

⁸ CLARITY 1.0 data outcomes may influence study design of CLARITY 2.0 study

DMX-200 – working on inflammatory signalling pathway

A CCR2 inhibitor working synergistically alongside the current standard of care (AT1R blocker): G protein-coupled receptor (GPCR)



Small molecule
new chemical entity status
with granted patents and
applications across key
countries



Clear Development Path

FDA/EMA recognising
surrogate markers, such
as proteinuria and eGFR
as registration endpoints^{1,2}



Easy and convenient dosing

2 x 120mg capsule daily



Extensive regulatory engagement

orphan drug designation
secured in US, EU and UK¹

¹. Thompson et al., (2019) CJASN, 14 (3) 469-481; <https://doi.org/10.2215/CJN.08600718>

². FDA publication, (2021); FDA approves first drug to decrease urine protein in IgA nephropathy, a rare kidney disease
<https://www.fda.gov/drugs/fda-approves-first-drug-decrease-urine-protein-iga-nephropathy-rare-kidney-disease>

³. ASX releases: 14Dec15, 21Nov18, 07Jun21

DMX-200 proposed mechanism of action

DMX-200 addresses three key mechanisms that causes renal damage and sclerotic kidney disease

Irbesartan blocks angiotensin receptors (AT1R) responsible for hyperfiltration & glomerular hypertension¹

1
Hyperfiltration of and hypertension within blood vessels of the glomeruli¹

2
Inflammatory cell infiltration of the kidneys: subsequent fibrosis^{2,3}

3
Loss of specialised cells called Podocytes (cannot regenerate) from the glomeruli^{2,3}

DMX-200 inhibits chemokine receptor (CCR2) which initiates attraction of inflammatory cells into the kidneys³

- Monocyte chemoattractant protein-1 (MCP-1):
 - key chemokine that regulates migration & infiltration of immune cells responsible for inflammation
 - lower levels of MCP-1 translates to less inflammation
- CCR2 is the receptor for MCP-1³

Dimerix' proprietary discovery tool determined a functional interaction between AT1R and CCR2²

Certain kidney cells express both receptors, thus using only 1 compound does not block activation and results in only a partial response^{2,3}

DMX-200 unique proposition:
total benefit is greater than the sum of the two individual effects^{2,3}

Kidney Disease Development Overview



Focal Segmental Glomerulosclerosis

- A rare disease that attacks part of the kidney, causing inflammation and irreversible scarring¹;
- Leads to permanent kidney damage and eventual end-stage kidney failure, requiring dialysis or transplantation

Focal = some

Segmental = sections

Glomerulo = of the kidney filtering units

Sclerosis = are scarred

FSGS: unmet need and market potential

No therapies yet approved for FSGS

~40,000
people in the US are
diagnosed with **FSGS**¹



50%
of patients with FSGS
will progress to kidney
failure²

>US\$7,000
cost of average orphan
drug per month in US⁵
(US\$84,000/yr)

>5,400
patients in the US are
diagnosed with FSGS
each year¹

20%
of child nephrotic
syndrome cases
caused by FSGS²



20,000
FSGS patients in US
have kidney failure²

~1000
FSGS patients in US
receive a kidney
transplant each year²

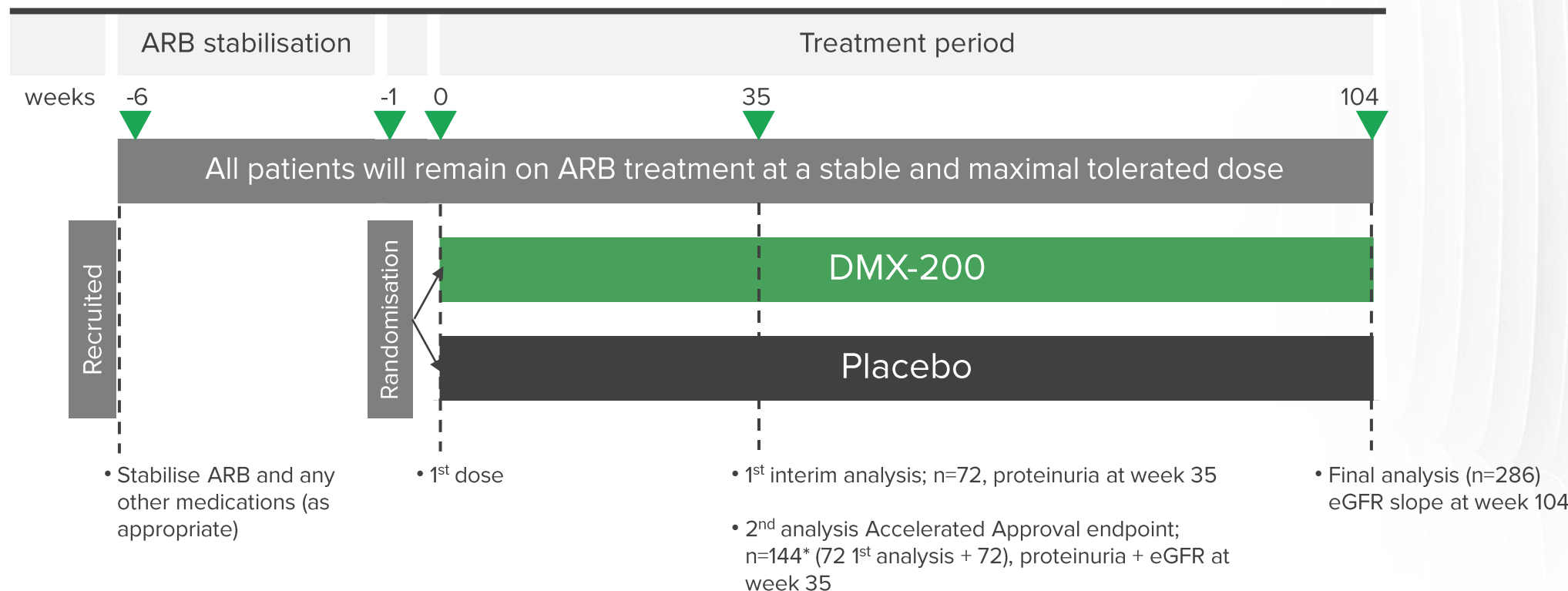
2x
more common in
males⁴

60%
patients have
reoccurring FSGS after
first kidney transplant³

FSGS phase 3 study design



A randomised, double-blind, multi-centre, placebo-controlled study of renal outcomes of DMX-200 in patients with primary FSGS receiving an ARB



FSGS phase 3 study locations



A randomised, double-blind, multi-centre, placebo-controlled study of renal outcomes of DMX-200 in patients with primary FSGS receiving an ARB

Global study with ~70 sites in 12 countries:

| Country | Regulatory and/or ethics approval |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Australia | ✓ |
| Argentina | ✓ |
| Brazil | ✓ |
| Denmark | ✓ |
| France | ✓ |
| Hong Kong | ✓ |
| New Zealand | ✓ |
| South Korea | ✓ |
| Spain | ✓ |
| Taiwan | ✓ |
| UK | ✓ |
| USA | |

DMX-200 Intellectual property and exclusivity



1. If patent applications are granted: PCT/AU2022/050013;

2. DMX-200 is a New Chemical Entity (NCE): an active moiety not approved before which can attract exclusivity periods in various territories

3. Granted patents US9,314,450; US10,058,555; US10,525,038; CN2012800046165; CA2,821,985; EP12734251.7; HK 4104477.8; IL227414; JP2013-547780; SA203/5897; AU2012206945

4. If patent applications are granted: PCT/AU2022/50249

ARB: angiotensin receptor blocker; CCR2: chemokine receptor 2 inhibitor



Infection Related Pneumonia

Pneumonia (including COVID-19) market potential

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3 million

deaths annually caused
by lower respiratory
tract infections
pre-COVID¹



US\$17 billion

pre-COVID: Pneumonia
responsible for US\$17
billion in healthcare
costs each year in the
US¹

US\$18.5 billion

market forecast
expected by 2029,
growing at 10%/year³

4.5 million:

COVID-19: caused 476
million cases globally to
date, resulting in >6.1
million deaths and
counting²

20-30%

of all patients with
pneumonia require
admission to Intensive
Care Units¹



\$ 2,300-4,600

The cost of treatment
with Tocilizumab (IL-6
receptor antagonist
used for COVID-19):
IV single dose⁴

1. REMAP-CAP background: <https://www.remapcap.org/background>

2. WHO COVID dashboard: <https://covid19.who.int/>

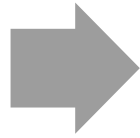
3. Data Bridge Market Research 2022, <https://www.databridgemarketresearch.com/reports/global-acute-respiratory-distress-syndrome-ards-market> 15

4. Dose and therefore cost varies with patient weight; Pharmacoeconomics & Outcomes News 2021; volume 879, p.28

Potential benefits of DMX-200



Antiviral medications:
Typically effective at preventing damage caused by a virus when administered within 3-5 days of infection¹
when many are asymptomatic



DMX-200:
Does not rely on early inhibition of viral replication
—
DMX-200 aims to prevent damaging immune response regardless of vaccination or antiviral treatment



DMX-200:
May be beneficial for patients with a wide range of respiratory diseases in addition to COVID²
Antivirals are usually very specific for a virus and sometimes even the particular strain of the virus¹

Two investigator-led phase 3 studies in COVID-19 patients

- REMAP-CAP analysis underway and will be reported as soon as received by Dimerix - anticipated imminently;
- Further recruitment paused pending interim data analysis¹



Population: COVID-19 pneumonia in ICU

- ~779 patients recruited to the study domain
- WHO endorsed study
- Primary endpoint = 21 day mortality

Patients were randomised patients to receive one of:

1. Angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) alone
2. Angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor alone
- 3. ARB simultaneously with DMX-200**
4. No RAS inhibitor (no placebo)

- CLARITY 1.0 analysis to be published imminently;
- CLARITY 2.0 analysis to report after initial 80 patients – now anticipated Q2 22



Population: COVID-19 respiratory complications

- Recruiting >600 patients in India and Australia
- Primary endpoint = 14 day WHO Clinical Health Score
- Interim analysis once first 80 patients recruited

Patients randomised patients to receive one of:

1. Angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) + Placebo
- 2. ARB simultaneously with DMX-200**
3. Placebo + Placebo

Secondary endpoints: recovery and quality of life post hospitalisation (long-COVID assessment)



A biopharmaceutical
developing innovative
in areas with unmet

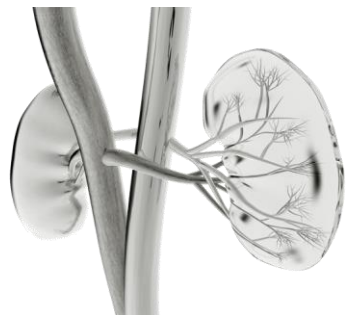


Drug

Additional longer term propositions

Additional asset value propositions

Longer term opportunities



DMX-200
Diabetic Kidney
Disease

Addressable market
US\$1.1 billion*

Key driver is the rise in diabetes global incidence

Diversifying
risk and
potential
sources of
revenue

DMX-700
Chronic Obstructive
Pulmonary Disease

Global COPD treatment market (2017)
US\$14 billion**





Corporate Outlook

Potential value driving events

2021

2022

- ✓ DMX-200 demonstrated **encouraging clinical efficacy** and **strong safety profile** across multiple Phase 2 renal clinical studies
- ✓ Consistent advice received from **FDA, EMA and UK MHRA** on FSGS Phase 3 study design
- ✓ Orphan Drug Designation/**accelerated approval pathway** granted by US FDA, EU EMA and UK MHRA for FSGS
- ✓ Two independent Phase 3 clinical studies underway in patients with **COVID-19 respiratory complications**
- ✓ DMX-200 **manufacturing process optimised** to improve commercial scalability and global logistics
- ✓ DMX-700 in COPD progressed further towards **clinical development**
- ✓ Expansion of **IP portfolio**
- ✓ Strong **financial position**

- ✓ FSGS **ethics approval** and clinical **site initiations**
- ☐ FSGS Phase 3 study **recruitment** and first patient **first dose**
- ☐ REMAP-CAP Phase 3 COVID-19 study recruitment and **top line data**
- ☐ CLARITY 2.0 Phase 3 COVID-19 study recruitment and **top line data**
- ☐ DMX-700 for Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease progression towards **clinical study**
- ☐ Diabetic kidney disease **clinical study** design and next steps
- ✓ Further expansion of **IP portfolio**
- ☐ FSGS **Phase 3 study Part 1 analysis** and progression to Part 2



Dimerix

A biopharmaceutical company developing innovative new therapies in areas with unmet medical needs, with a core focus on inflammatory disease treatments such as kidney and respiratory diseases.

Advancing three Phase 3 opportunities

Well positioned to deliver against strategic plan

Dimerix HQ

425 Smith St, Fitzroy 3065
Victoria, Australia
T. 1300 813 321
E. investor@dimerix.com

ESG Statement

Dimerix is committed to integrating Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) considerations across the development cycle of its programs, processes and decision making. The Dimerix commitment to improve its ESG performance demonstrate a strong, well-informed management attitude and a values led culture that is both alert and responsive to the challenges and opportunities of doing business responsibly and sustainably.

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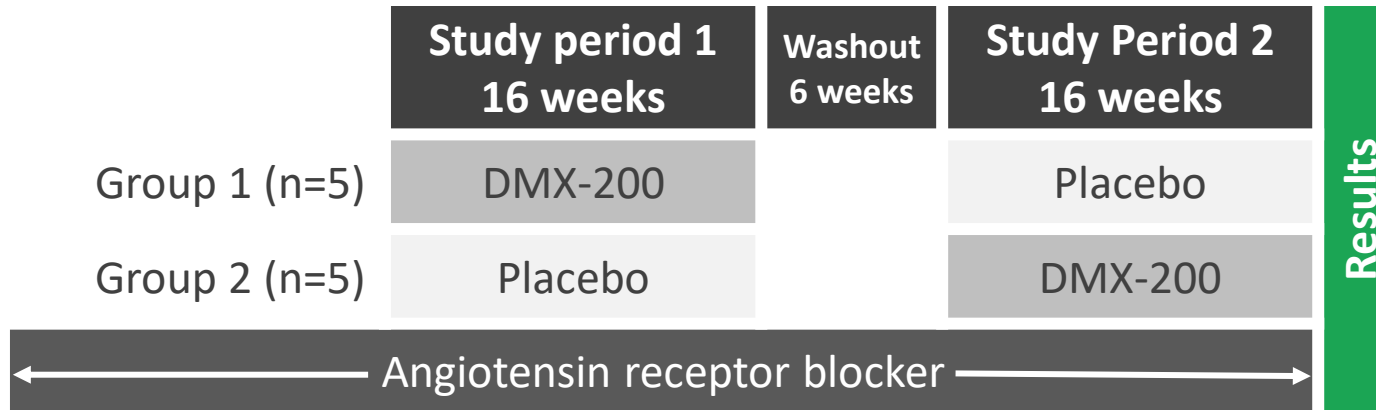
Dimerix

Appendix

Phase 2a trial in FSGS completed

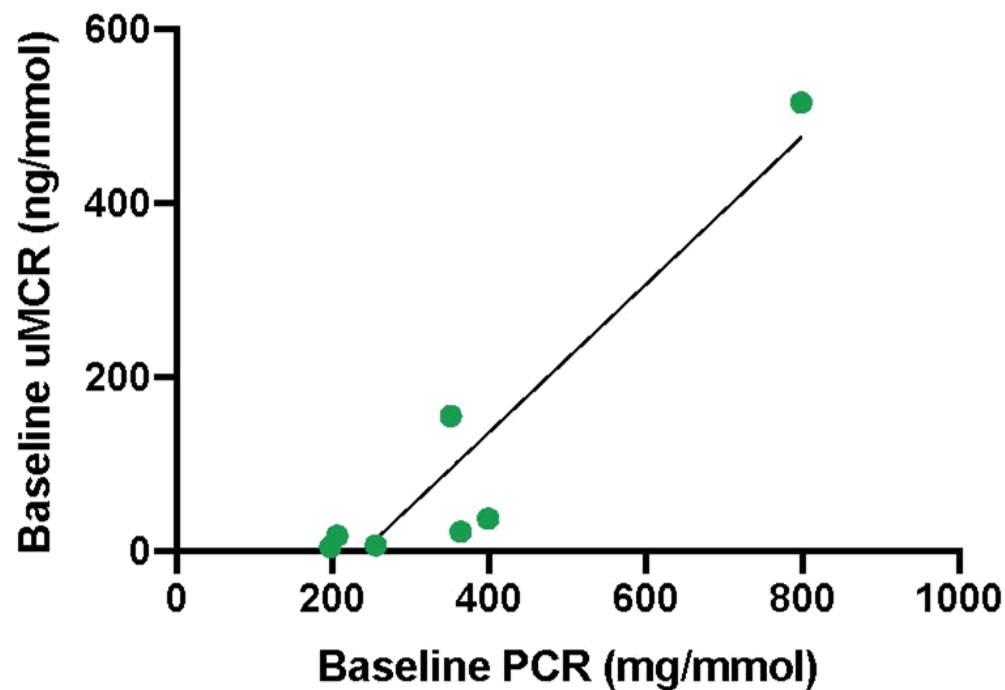
Phase 2a DMX-200-202 (ACTION for FSGS): Phase 2a, Double-blind, Randomised, Placebo-Controlled, Crossover Study Evaluating the Safety and Efficacy of DMX-200 in Patients with Primary Focal Segmental Glomerulosclerosis who are Receiving Irbesartan

- *Primary endpoint: safety. Secondary endpoint: proteinuria and biomarker analysis.*
- *Patient population: Patients with primary FSGS who are receiving irbesartan*



DMX-200 inflammatory biomarker

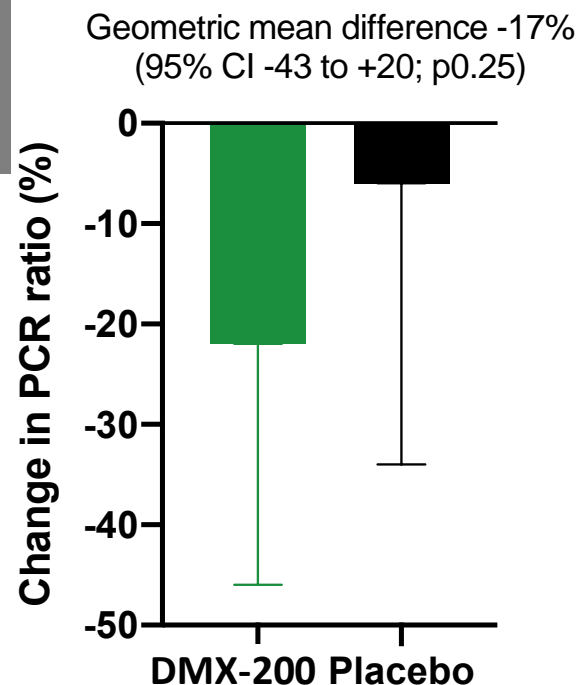
Average baseline MCP-1 versus
average baseline proteinuria



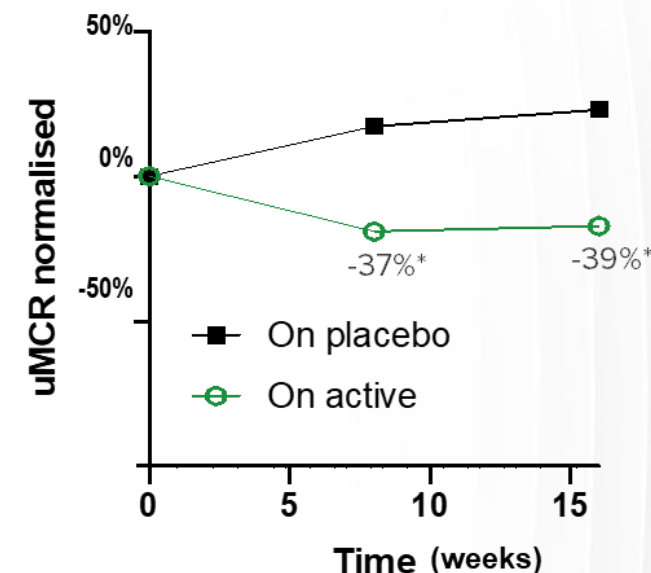
DMX-200 Phase 2 study confirmed
high MCP-1 correlates to high
proteinuria in FSGS patients

DMX-200 PCR summary

Change in uPCR over time on
DMX-200 versus placebo
(repeat measures mixed model)



Change in MCP-1 over time on
DMX-200 versus placebo

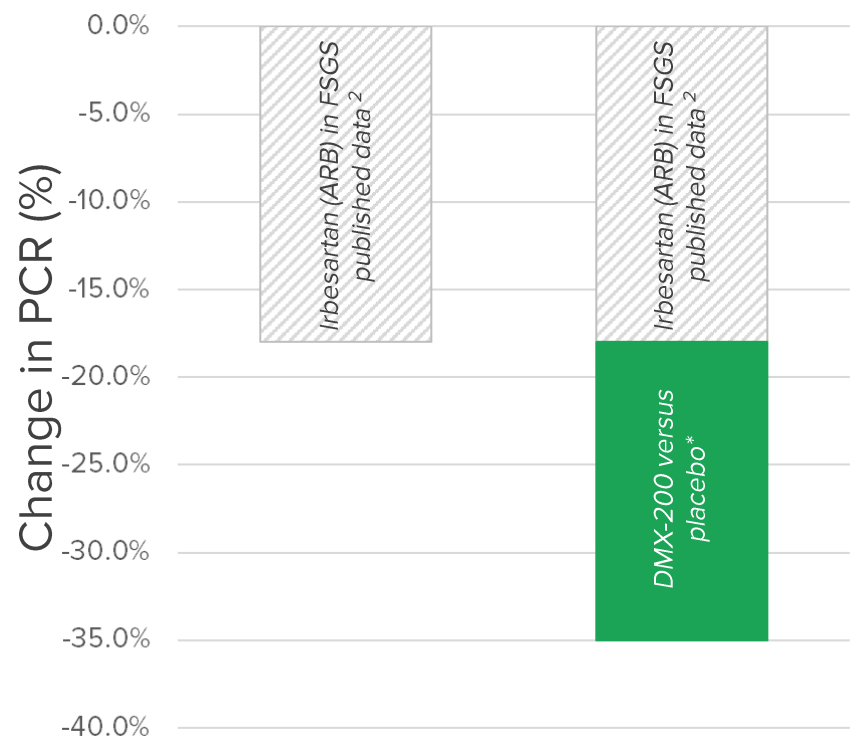


16 weeks treatment with DMX-200 vs placebo:

- **17% reduction of uPCR:** mixed model, repeat measures statistical test; (*grouped analysis model shows a 25% drop in uPCR*)
- **39% reduction inflammatory biomarker MCP-1:**
 - DMX-200 blocks receptor responsible for inflammation
 - translates to reduced inflammation and subsequent fibrosis (scarring) in the kidney

DMX-200 treatment group met primary and secondary endpoints

Average reduction in proteinuria after 16 weeks treatment on DMX-200 versus placebo compared to standard of care alone in FSGS patients¹



- DMX-200 demonstrated clear benefit to patients with FSGS
 - 86% of patients demonstrated reduced proteinuria on DMX-200 versus placebo
 - 29% of patients demonstrated >40% reduction in proteinuria
 - Results comparable to other compounds in development²
- DMX-200 was safe and well-tolerated
- DMX-200 may be complementary to other development compounds, such as sparsentan³

No safety concerns – reduced development risk
DMX-200 compares favourably to compounds currently in development^{2,4}



PCR = protein creatinine ratio
ARB = angiotensin receptor blocker
1. Repeated measures mixed model analysis; top line data was reported as grouped analysis
2. Trachtman, et al., 2018. J Amer Soc Nephrology 29(11):2745-2754
3. ASX release 24Mar21
4. Based on: a) <https://lupkynispro.com/safety/>; b) <https://www.reatapharma.com/investors/news/news-details/2021/Reata-Pharmaceuticals-Announces-Outcome-of-FDA-Advisory-Committee-Meeting-of-Bardoxolone-for-the-Treatment-of-Patients-with-Chronic-Kidney-Disease-Caused-by-Alport-Syndrome/default.aspx>; c) <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31343124/>; <https://www.goldfinchbio.com/news-features/goldfinch-bio-presents-clinical-data-from-phase-1-trial-supporting-advancement-of-gfb-887-as-a-precision-medicine-for-patients-with-kidney-diseases/>