

FIJI



Table of Contents

Chairman's Message	1
Directors' Report	3
Auditor's Independence Declaration	33
Corporate Governance Statement	34
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	35
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	36
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	37
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	38
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	39
Directors' Declaration	71
Independent Auditor's Report	72
ASX Additional Information	75
Corporate Directory	78

Chairman's Message

Dear Shareholder

-OL PELSONAI USE ON!

I am pleased to present the Annual Report of Dome Gold Mines Limited for the year ended 30 June 2020.

The past twelve months have been unlike any other period in the Company's history, as the COVID-19 pandemic has disrupted our lives and businesses in a manner beyond our control. The pandemic has severely affected international travel and interrupted the normal course of business activity worldwide.

Dome has adopted a conservative approach, in accordance with protocols recommended by governments, with the health and wellbeing of our employees and their communities foremost in our minds. The impact for Dome is that strict constraints on movement have been imposed by the Fiji Government as well as a prohibition on overseas travel by the Australian Government, and restrictions on interstate travel within Australia. Fortunately, Dome was able to complete the resource drilling on Sigatoka by early April before the full extent of the COVID crisis emerged. The drilling programme was initiated late in 2019 in the Southern Kulukulu part of the Sigatoka resource area. Logging and sampling of the sand cores was also completed successfully by April and the samples were dispatched to the analytical laboratory in Australia in good time. While that was happening, Dome commissioned a new mineral resource estimate to be undertaken by our resource consultants, which when finished will incorporate the results of the 2019-2020 drilling at Kulukulu South. The outcomes of that work will be released as soon as possible after they are made available to Dome.

This resource upgrade will give us high confidence about the size, grade and physical characteristics of the sand resource at which we currently propose to begin mining. Anecdotally we know this area has a higher magnetite content than the Sigatoka resource at large, which should substantially improve the economics of mining. The Kulukulu South area also has good access and freehold land, which will facilitate development when the time comes.

While the COVID-19 pandemic has imposed difficulties on Dome there is a lot we can do that should allow us still to achieve much the same timeframe for development as we have previously envisaged. This is because we believe we can streamline much of the remaining DFS programme, carry out some of the work in parallel rather than in sequence, and modify our objectives to target production, even if at a reduced scale, sooner rather than later. The key procedure required for the DFS to advance is the collection of a large bulk sample at Sigatoka and its shipment to the Australian laboratory where the bulk sample will be processed at a pilot scale. That work is intended to confirm the metallurgical characteristics of the Sigatoka sand and produce good quantities of example products that can be used in marketing the anticipated production. Dome is now examining ways this bulk sample can be produced and shipped.

We are also pleased to note that international benchmark iron ore prices have increased significantly since their lows in November last year, adding much value to Sigatoka. We also note that demand for industrial sand, such as Sigatoka can produce, continues to be strong. Worldwide, industrial sand for concrete and related uses is the most abundantly consumed raw material, with approximately 30 billion tonnes of such sand used annually. This provides Dome with an outstanding opportunity to make Sigatoka a substantial, multi-commodity mining operation, further enhancing the already strong indicative economics.

Dome's other exploration activities in Fiji over the past year have been low-key, partly because we are so focussed on Sigatoka but also, of course, due to the pandemic. The Nadrau and Ono Island assets remain very valuable and important for Dome regardless. With the gold price now in the vicinity of \$US2000 per ounce and the copper price also strong, the inferred value of these properties has increased substantially. Considerable interest in Nadrau and Ono Island arose from other parties during the year and some had begun looking at a possible joint venture with Dome. Those activities have been suspended since the pandemic emerged, especially as they would require site visits, but we fully expect

Chairman's Message

that interest from major mining groups to reappear when the pandemic comes under control and travel can resume.

The Dome Board has continued to function effectively throughout the year and I thank my fellow directors, Mr Tadao Tsubata and Ms Sarah Harvey, for their commitment and wise counsel. Mr Tsubata plays a critical role with regard to our Japanese shareholders and he continues to spend a great deal of time keeping these important stakeholders informed of our progress. I was pleased to meet some of Dome's Japanese shareholders during a short visit I made to Tokyo during the period and I thank him for arranging these meetings.

Finally, I would like to thank the staff and contractors of Dome, who have continued to serve the company with loyalty and belief in our future, despite the looming presence of a global pandemic. Dr Matthew White and Mr John McCarthy have provided much appreciated consulting support in the geological and exploration context. Ms Jean White has once again been effective in her role of community liaison in Fiji. These key operatives have been well supported by a small group of finance and administrative staff in Sydney and by an effective team in Fiji.

Dome is the sole owner of some very valuable mineral assets in Fiji and I am confident that those assets will yield real returns to our shareholders in the future. I thank shareholders for their patience during the pandemic period and look forward to rewarding that patience as the pandemic subsides and our momentum in Fiji returns.

G. G. LOWDER Chairman

The Directors of Dome Gold Mines Ltd present their report, together with the financial statements of the consolidated entity, being Dome Gold Mines Ltd ('Dome' or 'the Company') and its controlled entities ('the Group') for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

DIRECTORS' DETAILS

The following persons were Directors of Dome during or since the end of the financial year.

Dr Garry Lowder

-OL DELSOUSI (186 OUI)

Bachelor of Science with 1st Class Honours in Geology (University of Sydney)
Doctor of Philosophy (University of California, Berkeley)
Advanced Management Program (Harvard University)
Fellow, Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy
Member, Australian Institute of Company Directors

Chairman
Independent Non-Executive Director
Member of Audit Committee

Director since 1 March 2012

Dr Garry Lowder is a geologist who has spent over 50 years in the Australian and international mining industries. As an exploration geologist, Garry has worked in Australia, Indonesia and Papua New Guinea, playing key roles in the discovery of several mineral deposits, including the Northparkes copper, Cowal gold and Conrad silver deposits in NSW, the Paddington gold and Wodgina tantalum deposits in WA and the North Sulawesi porphyry copper deposits in Indonesia.

Over the past 30 years Garry has held senior management positions with Australian mining companies and also spent four years in government as Director General of Mineral Resources in NSW. In 1997 he founded Malachite Resources Limited, listing it on the ASX (MAR) in 2002 and retiring as managing director late in 2011; he retired from the position of non-executive Chairman of Malachite at the end of November, 2012.

Garry was also an independent, non-executive director (and for three years, chairman) of ASX- listed Straits Resources Limited from 1997 until he retired from that Board in mid-2011.

Other current Directorships: None

Previous Directorships (last 3 years): None

Interests in shares: 570,000 shares **Interests in options:** 500,000 options

Mr Tadao Tsubata
Bachelor of Arts in Economics (Kokushikan University, Tokyo)

Non-Executive Director Director since 8 July 2011

Mr Tadao Tsubata studied at Kokushikan University, Tokyo, in the Department of Politics and Economics, graduating in 1991 with a B.A. in Economics.

From 1991 to 1997, Tadao worked in corporate finance at a large Japanese securities company. From this role he moved to a major international life insurance and investment company where he was involved in retail offerings and distribution of the business in Japan.

Establishing his first business in life insurance distribution and agencies in 2001, this formed the basis of a new business being a Japanese focused asset management company.

In early 2010 the activities of both the insurance business and the asset management company grew to the extent that a private investment advisory firm was established to specifically target international investments in mining exploration, primary production and other growth industries. Tadao continues in the role of Chief Executive Officer of this business and its international operations including in Australia.

Other current Directorships: None Previous Directorships (last 3 years): None Interests in shares: 52,342,393 shares Interests in options: 500,000 options

Ms Sarah Harvey
Bachelor of Arts (University of Adelaide)
Bachelor of Laws (University of Adelaide)
Master of Laws (College of Law, Sydney)
Certificate in Governance Practice (Governance Institute of Australia)
Appointed 27 July 2017
Independent Non-Executive Director
Chair of Audit Committee

Ms Sarah Harvey has worked for over 15 years, in both private practice and in the corporate sector.

In recent years Sarah has been focused on company secretariat services, providing board and director advice in strategic planning and review, due diligence, risk compliance and corporate governance. She holds a BA, LLB, MA (Law) and Certificate in Governance Practice from the GIA.

Other current Directorships: None

Previous Directorships (last 3 years): None Interests in shares: 20,776,499 shares Interests in options: 500,000 options

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr Marcelo Mora holds a Bachelor of Business degree and Graduate Diploma of Applied Corporate Governance. Mr Mora has been a Company Secretary and an accountant for more than 30 years and has experience in resources and mining companies both in Australia and internationally, providing financial reporting and company secretarial services to a range of publicly listed companies. Marcelo has been the Company Secretary since Dome was incorporated on 8 July 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group have been the continuing exploration and evaluation of its Projects in Fiji. No significant changes in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

Projects

Dome, through its wholly owned Fijian subsidiaries, Dome Mines Ltd and Magma Mines Ltd holds 100% of three Special Prospecting Licences (SPL) in Fiji, namely, SPL1495 (Sigatoka Iron Sand Project), SPL1451 (Ono Island Project) and SPL1452 (Nadrau Project) (see Figure 1).



Figure 1 – Dome Gold Mine's Fiji project location map

SPL 1495 Sigatoka Iron Sand Heavy Mineral Project

- Special Prospecting Licence (SPL) 1495 was renewed for a further 3-year period on February 11, 2019 and will expire on February 10, 2022.
- The tenement of 2,522.69ha is located on the south coast of Viti Levu and covers the plains at the mouth of the Sigatoka River, the river itself and an area offshore.
- It is Dome's most advanced project.
- Pre-feasibility Study report completed early 2015.
- A Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) commenced by IHC Robbins in December 2018 to support an
 application for a Mining Lease was suspended in mid 2019 in order to complete further drilling to
 upgrade the initial JORC 2012 resource estimates.
- Environmental Impact Assessment report produced in December 2014 will be updated during the DFS.

- An Initial JORC 2012 resource estimate of 131.4Mt was published in October 2014 and an update
 of the resource estimate of an additional 52.7Mt was published on December 11, 2019.
- A third update of the JORC 2012 resource estimate is expected on completion of laboratory analyses and deposit modelling by the independent resource consultants during 2020.
- A report by IHC Robbins on pilot plant scale metallurgical test programs on 3 x 850kg samples was completed in June 2019.
- The pilot plant produced titano-magnetite with between 56.9 and 57.9% Fe, 6.5 and 6.6% Ti and 0.4% V by standard wet gravity methods.
- Washed sand also produced in the pilot plant meets Australian Standards for construction sand based on independent engineering analyses.

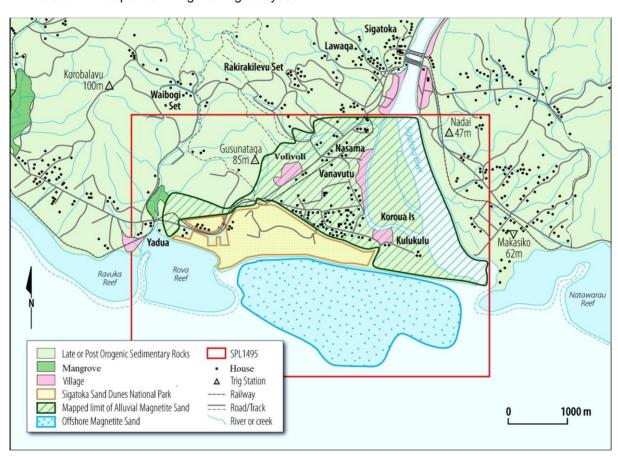


Figure 2 – Special Prospecting Licence (SPL) 1495 map showing known extent of sand deposit

In October 2014 the company announced a maiden JORC 2012 Resource Estimate for its 100%-owned Sigatoka Iron Sand Project, located on the main island of Viti Levu, Fiji. The maiden Resource Estimate of 131.4Mt included Indicated Mineral Resources of 25Mt @11.6% Heavy Minerals (HM) at Sigatoka River and Inferred Mineral Resources of 100.7Mt @ 17% HM at the onshore Kulukulu deposit and 5.9Mt @ 11% HM in the Sigatoka Riverbed.

New Koroua Island JORC 2012 Resource Estimate

On December 11, 2019 the Company announced an update of the initial resource estimates following sonic drilling of Koroura Island (not previously drilled) that added 52.7Mt to the resource base (see Figures 3 and 4 and Appendix 1 – "Table of Resources").

Sonic drilling over the Koroua Island resource area was completed in late 2017 and included a total of 69 sonic drill holes for an average depth of 23.2m. The sonic holes were drilled on a 100m x 200m spaced grid over Koroua Island, which lies immediately west of the Sigatoka River (see Figure 3). A recently completed mineral resource estimate at Koroua Island returned:

- 52.7 Mt @ 13.3% HM, with a total of 7.0 Mt contained HM (JORC 2012 Indicated Mineral Resource).
- The 300 Gauss (primary magnetic fraction) HM assemblage averages 63% valuable iron sand minerals (largely magnetite, plus lesser goethite and hematite) and is estimated at just over one million tonnes.
- 48 of the 134 composites have undergone full modal mineral analysis. Four of these have shown traces of fine-grained gold and seven show traces of rare earth minerals.

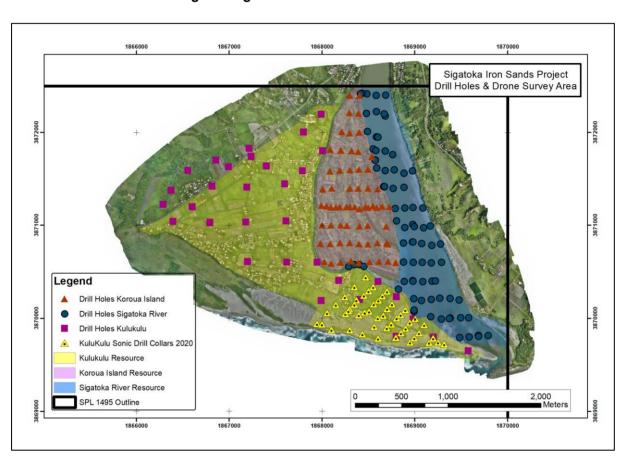


Figure 3 – Aerial drone survey map of resource areas, previous drill sites and the 2019-20 Kulukulu resource update drilling sites within the Sigatoka Project area

The resource estimation assumes a density of 1.8 g/cm³, and a cut-off grade of 8% HM. The Koroua Island sonic drilling and assay programme included standard QA measures to determine precision, accuracy and short-range geological/HM-grade continuity. A quarter core split was used for analysis subsequent to being photographed, geologically logged and measured for magnetic susceptibility. A strong correlation between magnetite content and magnetic susceptibility is observed.

Drill samples are subjected to contemporary heavy mineral analytical techniques. Diamantina Laboratory is tasked with splitting, wet-screening and heavy media separation. HM residues are combined to conform to the geological interpretation and composites are sent to IHC Robbins for magnetic separation and XRF. A representative selection of samples from each fraction (relative to inherent value) are then forwarded to Process Mineralogy Consultants for semi-quantitative mineral assemblage determination and grain size analysis. All sample residues are retained for future reference and/or test work.

A total of 134 Koroua Island heavy mineral composite samples were subjected to the two-stage magnetic separation and XRF analysis. Of these, 48 underwent the full mineral assemblage and grain size analysis. The analytical results from these composites have been incorporated into the latest mineral resource estimate.

AIUO BSM IBUOSJBQ JO-

Directors' Report

Results of sample analysis suggest that HM content is high, with a range of 3.1% to 47.3% and an average of 13.3% HM. As expected, the primary magnetic fraction (300 Gauss) is dominated by iron sand minerals (estimated 62.7% of the fraction) representing over one million tonnes of valuable heavy minerals (largely magnetite, plus lesser goethite and hematite).

Of the 48 composite samples sent for mineral assemblage analysis, four recorded traces of fine gold and seven show traces of rare earth minerals. Further investigations are underway to determine the significance and extent of the gold and rare earth minerals discovered at Koroua Island.

<u>Updated Total Sigatoka JORC 2012 Resource Estimate</u>

The total Mineral Resource inventory for the Sigatoka Iron Sand Project now stands at 184.1 Mt, which includes the following:

- 52.7 Mt @ 13.3% HM Koroura Island (Indicated)
- 25.3 Mt @ 11.6% HM Sigatoka River (Indicated)
- 5.9 Mt @ 10.7% HM Sigatoka River (Inferred)
- 100.2 Mt @ 17.2% HM onshore Kulukulu (Inferred)

The Resource consists of lithic fragments and quartz rich sand containing detrital titano-magnetite and other heavy minerals. The deposit formed in a coastal environment over an extended period of geological time. The drilling confirmed that the island is composed of thick (up to 26m) sand and gravel deposits containing an average of 13% heavy minerals. Figure 4 is a geological cross section showing typical distribution of the sand and gravel tested during drilling.

In addition to titano-magnetite concentrate, sand and gravel suitable for construction or land reclamation uses are also expected to be produced during processing. A shortage of construction sand is an emerging issue in Fiji as restrictions on upland river mining are being enforced.

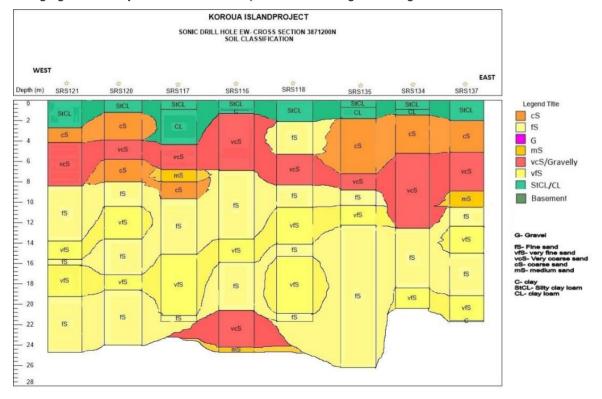


Figure 4 – Geological cross section central Koroua Island showing typical thickness and continuity of the sand and gravel deposit

Kulukulu Resource Update Drilling Program

Dome has this year completed a sonic drilling program on the Kulukulu area extending westward from the mouth of the Sigatoka River (see Figures 3 & 5). This program commenced on 10 September 2019 and was completed on 3 April 2020. That period included a suspension of drilling for about two months over the peak of the wet season. The drilling consisted of 55 holes for a total advance of 1441.7 m (see Figure 4).

A topographic aerial drone survey was flown in the last quarter of 2019 over the Sigatoka resource areas. The digital deliverables from this survey were supplied to Dome in the first quarter of 2020. This aerial drone survey has provided Dome with a very detailed elevation map across the main resource areas within SPL 1495, accurate to within 5 cm. This new dataset will allow precise JORC 2012 resource modelling work to be completed in the coming months as analytical results are received from the laboratory. An aerial image over the drone survey area is included as Figure 3.

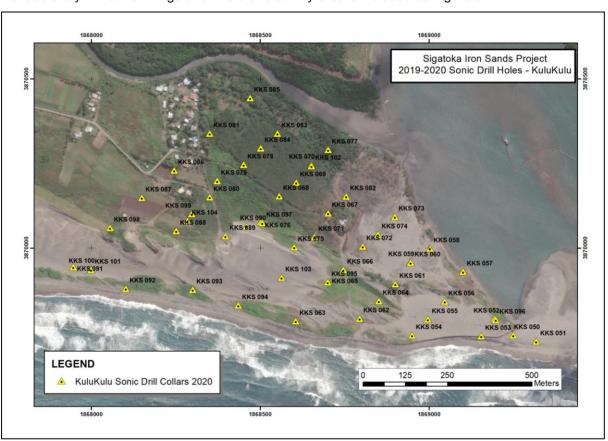


Figure 5 - Aerial image of the southern Kulukulu area showing recently completed sonic drill holes

The 2019-2020 sonic drilling program was conducted on a 70 m x 140 m grid and focused on the southern part of the Inferred Kulukulu Resource (see Figures 3 & 5). This area was targeted by Dome as it appears to contain higher grade heavy mineral mineralisation and will most likely dictate the starting point for sand mining, pursuant to the recommendations of the Definitive Feasibility Study ("DFS").

Sonic drill core samples from the recent drill program have been sent to assay laboratories in Perth, Brisbane and Vancouver and when all data is compiled will be used to update the current JORC 2012 resource status of the area.

Initial observations from the recent drilling, combined with results from earlier reconnaissance drilling by Dome at Kulukulu, indicate that the southern Kulukulu area contains abundant sand which is both thick (greater than 30 m) and indicatively rich in magnetite. It therefore will represent an ideal starting point for mining, especially if the present expectation of using IHC-branded TT sand pumps, instead of dredges, receives full endorsement in the final DFS report.

Directors' Report

Sigatoka Project Definitive Feasibility Study Update

On July 30, 2018 Dome announced that a binding Heads of Agreement ("HoA") had been entered into between Dome and IHC Robbins, a wholly owned subsidiary of Royal IHC of the Netherlands ("IHC"). The HoA establishes a strategic relationship between Dome and IHC that will initially involve completion of a DFS on the Sigatoka Iron Sand project. Assuming the DFS concludes that mining is viable, IHC will, subject to documentation at the time, assume the role of Engineering, Procurement and Construction manager.

IHC is a major international corporation that has been in the marine vessel and dredge building industry since the mid-17th century and has "in-depth expertise in the engineering and manufacture of high-performance integrated vessels and equipment", particularly for use in sensitive marine environments. Importantly to Dome and its wholly owned subsidiary Magma Mines Ltd., which holds title at Sigatoka, IHC is committed to social responsibility and environmental accountability in every aspect of its operations and ensures their principles apply to suppliers, sub-contractors and society as a whole.

In the first phase of the DFS, three bulk samples were prepared from retained half drill core stored onsite at Sigatoka. The samples, of approximately 850 kilograms each, represented the riverbed, the southern part of Koroua Island and the foreshore sand deposits. They were processed in pilot plant scale mineral processing equipment (see Plates 1, 2 and 3 below) to produce titano-magnetite, washed sand and gravel.

Test work has progressed well producing results that are similar to those obtained during earlier laboratory analysis of half-core samples.

The preliminary results indicate that a simple process, combining gravity and magnetic separation methods, can efficiently recover magnetite and washed sand and gravel as commercial products. An analysis of development options has identified a staged development program as the best approach and this option will undergo detailed engineering and costing studies in the next phase of the DFS.

The metallurgical pilot test work included a series of steps (see Plates 1-3). These included:

- 1. Feed Characterisation Stage (preparation of a representative head sample)
- 2. Feed Preparation Process (sample screening plus sand analyses)
- 3. Wet Concentration Process (spiral and table tests to produce heavy mineral concentrates, plus sand and heavy mineral concentrate analyses)
- 4. Concentrate Upgrade Process (low intensity magnetic separator tests, plus sand and heavy mineral concentrate analyses)
- 5. Construction Sand Process (up current classifier and screening optimisation tests as well as sand analyses)

The final report on results from the metallurgical pilot test program completed by IHC Robbins was delivered to Dome on June 12, 2019. This report has been reviewed by Dome's Staff and Consultants, and further evaluation of the results is on-going.

The report concluded based on the test results that a simple sand washing process flowsheet will produce:

- Titano-magnetite concentrate; and
- 2. Construction sand and gravel products that comply with Australian standards.

The development process combines gravity and magnetic separation methods, which can efficiently recover magnetite and washed construction sand (plus minor gravel), as commercial products for export and sale to local Fiji markets.

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

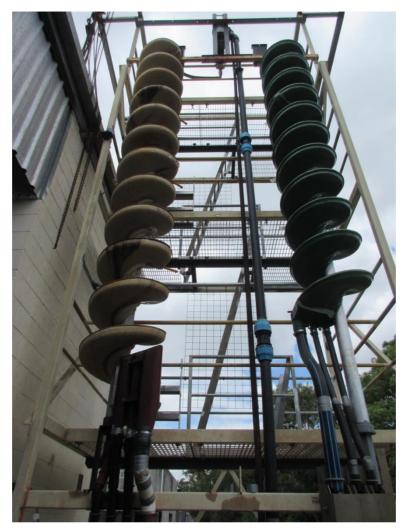


Plate 1 – Spirals used to separate heavy minerals from bulk sand samples, during metallurgical testing at IHC Robbins metallurgical facility in Brisbane.



Plate 2 – Darker heavy minerals (including magnetite) are concentrated toward the centre of the spirals, where they are separated for recovery.



Plate 3 – Titano-magnetite from Sigatoka bulk samples being recovered in a Low Intensity Magnetic Separator test (LIMS).

A project development options study was also completed by IHC Robbins. This study has identified that the most favourable development approach at Sigatoka is a multi-stage strategy with on-land mining as a first stage. This development strategy will undergo more detailed evaluation, engineering studies and detailed costing analysis, during the next phase of the DFS.

The potential to generate stable revenue by producing multiple products for sale, as well as its coastal location, give the Sigatoka Project commercial advantages that many other iron ore projects do not possess.

SPL 1451 Ono Island Project

- SPL1451 was renewed for a three-year period on June 25, 2020.
- This tenement of 3,028ha on Ono Island, the eastern most island of the Kadavu Group, covers a number of hydrothermally altered and mineralised areas and caldera/volcanic centres.
- Two high sulphidation epithermal gold-silver targets and possible deeper porphyry copper-gold exploration targets (Nagara East and Nagara West) have been identified by geological mapping.
- The prospect is spatially associated with shoshonitic volcanic centres that appear similar in alteration style, geological formation and metal geochemical anomalism to the Lepanto gold-copper deposit in the Philippines. Induced Polarisation (IP) arrays were completed in October 2016, identifying anomalies that justified testing.
- A 7-hole exploration diamond drill program commenced in March 2018 and was completed in early July 2018 for a total of 2276m of drilling. Inspection of drill core showed strong sulphide mineralised zones coincident with the Induced Polarisation conductive anomalies, confirming the veracity of the IP interpretations.
- Further review of all data and 3-D modelling of exploration results to date will be undertaken before
 proceeding with the next phase of drilling.

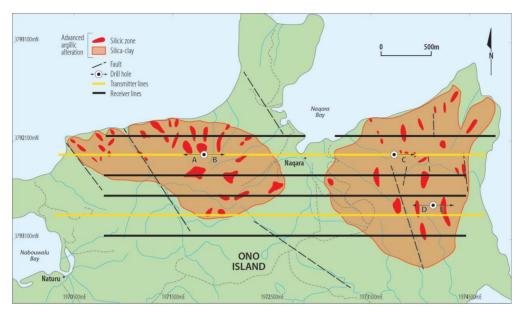
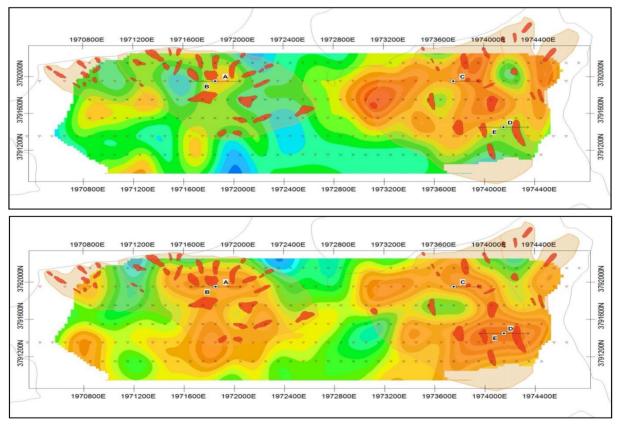


Figure 6 – Naqara East and West Prospects on Ono Island showing the extent of hydrothermal alteration, pole-diploe Induced Polarisation (IP) survey lines and nominal drill sites

Prior to undertaking exploration diamond drilling, an offset pole-dipole IP survey involving 4 arrays, 2 over each prospect (see Figure 6) was completed. Transmitter electrodes were placed along a central cut line at 100m intervals with 3 to 4 additional electrodes at the end of each receiver line for totals of between 31 and 32 points per array. Receiver electrodes were placed at 100m intervals along the two survey lines either side of the transmitter line (34 points).



Figures 7 & 8 – Plots of the chargeability (top) and resistivity responses at an apparent depth of 250m with the outline of the argillic (hatch) and silicification (red) superimposed as well as locations recommended for exploration drilling.

Directors' Report

Two 32 channel IP receivers were used to take 3 to 4 readings at each electrode. Figures 7 & 8 are compilations of surface alteration and the processed IP data for the East and West Naqara prospects. The area had previously been covered by soil sampling and geological mapping campaigns that identified locations of intense argillic alteration and zones of silicification and anomalous geochemistry.

The offset pole-dipole survey has been successful in assisting with location of an initial exploration drilling program on Ono Island, one of the few remaining untested epithermal targets along the so-called "Rim of Fire" in the South West Pacific.

The Company completed an initial diamond drilling program on 3 July 2018 for a total of 2276 m. The drilling program tested several epithermal gold targets at two prospects on the Ono Island (Naqara East and Naqara West). Five drill holes were initially proposed (Targets A to E), and another two targets (F and G) were added during the drilling program.

Seven diamond holes (ONODDH001 to 7) were drilled to test the Naqara East and Naqara West prospects. A drill hole location map is included as Figure 9. Table 1 presents the GPS collar coordinates and other relevant details for each hole completed in the program.

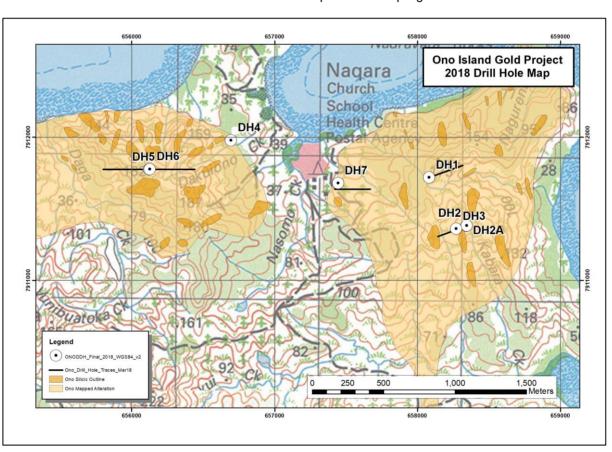


Figure 9 – Exploration drill hole location map of the Naqara East and Naqara West prospects

The drilling was problematical at times due to the high degree of fracturing and hydrothermal clay alteration causing some holes to collapse. Cementing was carried out, in order to secure the holes in areas of poor ground conditions and thus reach deeper levels.

Hole	Site	Collar East WGS84	Collar Nth WGS84	Collar RL (m)	Azimuth (Mag)	Azimuth (Grid)	Dip	Depth (m)	Total Samples
ONODDH001	С	658082	7911718	175	57	70	-60	431.55	215
ONODDH002	E	658343	7911380	218	237	250	-65	131.6	0
ONODDH002A	E	658345	7911382	218	237	250	-66	117.5	11
ONODDH003	E Alt	658270	7911359	182	347	0	-90	548.8	169
ONODDH004	G	656695	7911979	48	237	250	-60	350.5	59
ONODDH005	В	656121	7911774	163	257	270	-60	151.1	58
ONODDH006	Α	656127	7911777	160	77	90	-70	251.3	69
ONODDH007	F	657444	7911679	35	77	90	-70	293.7	159
TOTAL								2276.1	740

Table 1 – Details of exploration diamond drill holes completed on Ono Island

Holes were designed to test the strongest IP chargeability anomalies at depth (see Figure 10). These IP chargeability anomalies lie directly below IP resistivity anomalies (see Figure 11). Drill hole ONODDH001 returned wide zones of clay-magnetite alteration with zones of sulphide mineralisation up to 5% in places (dominantly pyrite) within the host andesitic volcanic rocks. Drill hole ONODDH007 also returned zones of clay alteration within andesitic host rocks, with zones of stronger sulphide mineralisation up to 7% in places (dominantly pyrite).

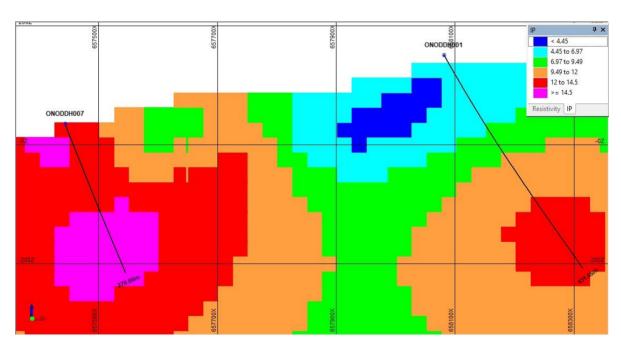


Figure 10 – IP chargeability cross-section, section showing the trace of drill holes ONODDH001 and 7. These holes tested the high chargeability anomalies (red/purple zones) in the lower part of the hole.

Directors' Report

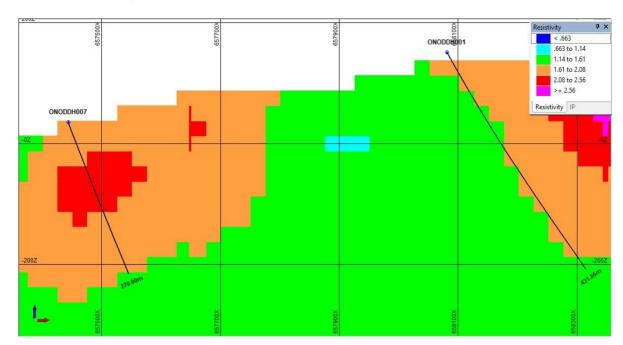


Figure 11 – IP resistivity cross-section, section showing the trace of drill holes ONODDH001 and 7.

A photo below in Plate 4 shows typical sulphide-bearing rock in drill core from ONODDH007 (from 225.7m depth). The presence of sulphide in the lower part of holes ONODDH001 and 7 explains the IP chargeability responses. This provides Dome with a high degree of confidence that the IP geophysical technique has worked well and is able to detect zones of sulphide mineralisation at depth.



Plate 4 – Altered and mineralized volcanic host rock with up to 7% metallic sulphide in drill hole ONODDH007, HQ core from 225.7 m depth - Ono Island Project, Fiji

Assays for all holes ONODDH001 to ONODDH007 were carried out by ALS Laboratories. Drill hole ONODDH001 (Naqara East), returned anomalous copper assays (to 0.3% Cu) and anomalous molybdenum assays (to 0.2% Mo). The best Mo intercept is 5.05 m @ 0.0643% (643 ppm Mo), from 323 to 328.05 m. This intercept comprises 5 contiguous one metre samples ranging from 110 ppm to 2040 ppm Mo.

The gold-silver assay results are slightly anomalous within areas of strong alteration and sulphide mineralisation, but are well below economic levels, with maximum assay values of 0.036 g/t Au and 3.6 g/t Ag.

The elevated Cu and Mo and weakly anomalous Au and Ag indicates a metal-bearing epithermal system is present at Nagara, and that further exploration drilling could define gold mineralisation nearby.

In summary, a large sulphide-bearing system weakly anomalous in several metals has been defined at Naqara prospect on Ono Island, SPL 1451. This system has many similarities to other Pacific Rim gold-copper deposits. The strong epithermal alteration, sulphide mineralisation, elevated Cu-Mo and weakly anomalous Au-Ag in drill core samples is encouraging. Additional systematic drilling is recommended to discover anomalous gold zones within these large sulphide bodies.

Rehabilitation, Community Work and Safety

A comprehensive rehabilitation program was completed as part of the Ono Island drill program.

Access track preparation was carried out by a 12 tonne Hitachi excavator mobilised from Suva. Preexisting historical tracks through the Pine Forests were re-established (total of 2812 m), and new tracks to the drill pads were also constructed (total of 2967 m). Many of these access roads were left open at the end of the program as they will help Nagara Village to remove pine logs to the sawmill in the village.

The excavator and a number of casual workers from Naqara were used to carry out rehabilitation on all drill pads and along drill tracks. The sumps were filled back in and all rubbish was removed after drilling. The collar for each hole was capped with a cement block, with the hole name labelled into the cement.

Pine trees and grasses were planted on the drill pads and access tracks areas. Two weeks were spent completing the rehabilitation work associated with the program. Just one week after planting, the pine trees and grasses had already started growing back.

Compensation payments for land disturbance were paid directly to the Landowners, Lease Holders and Lands Department. The Pine assessment fees were paid to Forestry Department in Nausori.

A number of community projects were also supported by Dome during the drilling program including:

- Completion of the new Nagara school dormitory
- · Demolish old school building
- Clearing house pads

AUO BSM IBUOSJBÓ JO-

- Digging rubbish dumps and toilet sumps
- Deepening Nagara creek and repairing the seawall at the shoreline

The drilling program was completed safely without any lost-time incidents. Prior to departure the villages on Ono were visited to let the local people know that this phase of the exploration program had concluded and to thank them for their assistance and cooperation.

SPL 1452 Nadrau Project

- SPL1452 was renewed on August 26, 2019 for a further 3-year period that will expire on August 25, 2022.
- The tenement aera of 33,213ha is located on Fiji's main island, Viti Levu and adjacent to the world class Namosi Porphyry copper-gold Project that reportedly contains 2.1 billion tonnes grading 0.37% Copper (Cu) and 0.12g/t Gold (Au).
- The Dome tenement contains two large copper-gold-silver ionic leach geochemical anomalies (Namoli and Wainivau prospects) interpreted to be related to intrusive centres that are as yet largely untested by drilling.

- Geological mapping and rock chip sampling have discovered porphyry intrusive complexes at both the Namoli and Wainivau Prospects with alteration, mineralisation and vein types typical of mineralised systems.
- Copper-magnetite bearing veins have been discovered in outcrop at the Wainivau prospect.
- The eastern section of the tenement is the large Wainivalau Intrusive Complex that has yet to be investigated for porphyry copper-gold systems analogous to those at Namosi-Wasoi to the south.

Dome announced in July 2014 that its geologists had discovered outcropping copper mineralisation during exploration field work at the Wainivau Prospect, part of the Nadrau Porphyry Copper-Gold Project on Fiji's main island of Viti Levu. Dome found the copper minerals (malachite and chalcopyrite) associated with magnetite and pyrite in veinlets within outcropping and hydrothermally altered porphyry intrusive rocks. The veins and their geological setting are interpreted to be typical of the roof of a mineralised porphyry system.

During the July to September 2018 quarter, Dome carried out work on its Nadrau Copper-Gold Project on Viti Levu, Fiji. The Nadrau Project includes two key prospects, Namoli and Wainivau, which are highly prospective for large-scale porphyry copper-gold mineralisation. The Namoli and Wainivau prospects lie within SPL 1452, located adjacent to the very large undeveloped Namosi porphyry copper-gold resource, held by Newcrest, which contains 8 million ounces of gold and 8.6 million tonnes of contained copper metal based on published JORC 2012 resource estimates. Namosi is a giant undeveloped copper-gold resource that is currently in the Prefeasibility Stage. A location map showing the regional geological setting of SPL 1452, the Namoli and Wainivau prospects, and their proximity to Newcrest's Namosi project, is included on Figure 12.

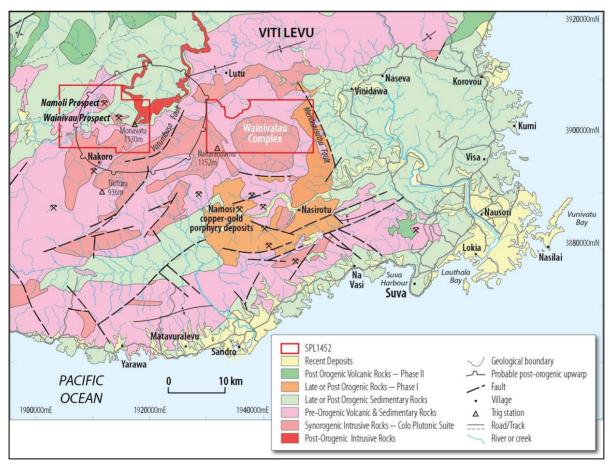


Figure 12 - Map showing the location of SPL1452 and the Namoli-Wainivau prospects and its proximity to the large Namosi Cu-Au deposit majority owned and managed by Newcrest.

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

The following work was completed on the Nadrau Project during the financial year:

- Site visits to Korolevu and Namoli villages and meetings with the village leaders.
- Field trips to Namoli-Wainivau prospects to review the geology, alteration and mineralisation at surface and map bush track access points.
- Continued compilation of previous exploration data over Namoli and Wainivau, completed by Amoco, CRA and Placer Dome between 1974 and 1994.

Amoco carried out significant exploration programs at Namoli-Wainivau in the mid-1970s, including collection of stream sediment samples, rock chip samples, ridge and spur samples, channel sampling, ground magnetics, IP and diamond drilling (5 holes). Dome has been aware of this historical work for some years, but a decision was made recently to digitally capture all of this data into a comprehensive GIS database, to assist with new interpretations and anomaly targeting.

An Amoco IP survey included 25 lines at 200m spacing over an area of approximately 3.5 square km. Several IP anomalies were defined. However, only 2 the 6 IP targets defined by Amoco were drill tested by Amoco. Furthermore, some of the IP anomalies continue to the edge of the survey boundary, particularly in the north and are likely to extend further north. New IP surveys would be required to test the true extents of these IP anomalies.

The Amoco drilling program consisted of 5 diamond drill holes for a total of 1168m. The drilling returned anomalous copper mineralisation associated with sulphide mineralisation in most of the holes. Drill core assays were recorded up to 1740ppm Cu, with wide zones of low-grade copper in some holes (e.g. hole SFA-74-1 returned 48.2m @ 475ppm Cu). Higher-grade copper mineralisation could occur at depth below this relatively shallow drilling program or could be associated with one of the other untested IP anomalies nearby.

CRA carried out regional exploration work in the Namoli-Wainivau area during 1989-1992. The CRA reports held on file at the MRD Library in Suva (SPL1325) were reviewed by Dome personnel. The CRA work included rock chip sampling around Namoli-Wainivau, with the best sample returning 1.1g/t Au near Korolevu village (siliceous breccia gossanous float). Another 6 rock chip samples range from 0.1 to 0.32ppm Au.

Placer Dome also carried out regional exploration work in the Namoli-Wainivau during 1993-94. The Placer report was reviewed at the MRD Library in Suva (SPL1356). Placer collected a number of stream sediment BLEG samples and -80# stream sediment samples at Namoli-Wainivau. Placer's highest stream sediment BLEG gold assay returned 11ppb Au, and the highest-80# stream sediment assay was 58ppb Au. The highest Placer rock chip gold assay was 0.277g/t Au, taken at the Wainivau Prospect.

Placer geologists concluded that Namoli-Wainivau includes a very large copper-gold (Cu-Au) geochemical anomaly, approximately 60 square km in area, and that the area is very prospective for porphyry Cu-Au deposits similar to Namosi. Placer also noted as had Dome geologists that Amoco's drilling in 1975, did not adequately test the best soil and IP anomalies, and that their 5 drill holes are largely outside the main Cu geochemical soil anomaly. Placer did not complete any further work after 1994.

A field geological program to Namoli-Wainivau was conducted by Dome geologists. A total of 46 Stream Sediment Samples and 8 rock chip samples were collected over a period of 6 days.

The stream sediment gold and copper plots are shown below on Figures 13 and 14 and they highlight the anomalous gold-copper in the area around Wainivau that also extends to the NW of Wainivau towards Namoli. This trend is broadly coincident with a mapped NW-trending zone of iron-oxide breccia observed in the field.

Rock chip samples collected by Dome around Wainivau-Namoli returned weakly anomalous copper assays up to 157ppm and gold assays up to 0.022g/t Au. The iron in these samples is significant (up to 14.5% Fe).

This stream sediment data acquired by the Company are consistent with the historical copper-gold geochemical data from Amoco, CRA, and Placer therefore increasing confidence in the historical data.

The data shows very encouraging signs that a Cu-Au porphyry system similar to Namosi has potential to be discovered in the Namoli-Wainivau area. In addition, the exploration GIS dataset provides significant new insights into this project and new geological targets. Dome's own geochemical surveys using modern laboratories and analytical techniques verify the historical results.

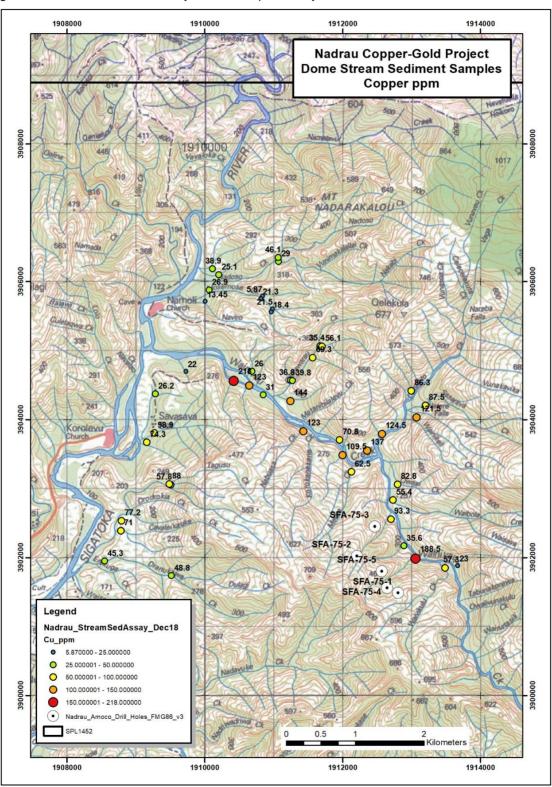


Figure 13 - Map showing the stream sediment copper assay results from Namoli-Wainivau prospect.

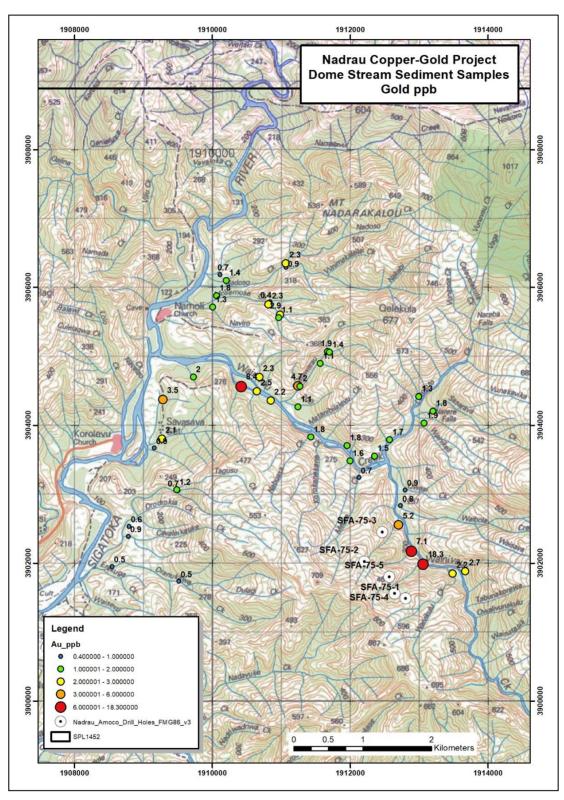


Figure 14 - Map showing the stream sediment gold assay results from Namoli-Wainivau prospect.

Directors' Report

Implications of Covid-19 Pandemic

The pandemic has severely affected international travel and the normal course of business activity world-wide has been interrupted. In contrast to parts of Australia, where Dome is based, Fiji managed to control the outbreak reasonably well, with relatively low numbers of people becoming infected in Fiji.

Dome was able to complete the resource drilling at Sigatoka by early April and delivered the drill samples to the laboratory very quickly. The only field activity remaining for the short to medium term is the collection of a bulk sample at Sigatoka for dispatch to the Australian mineral processing laboratory where it will be used in the continuing Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS). This activity will not require anyone to travel to Fiji from Australia as the local staff can manage the process.

The rest of 2020-21 will be focused on continuation of the DFS including final upgrade (currently underway) of the JORC 2012 mineral resource estimate. This work, will essentially be office-based and can proceed despite general pandemic restrictions. As the DFS nears completion some travel may become necessary, but we expect that by then the current travel restrictions will have been eased. Dome is fortunate its program has progressed to the point where it can proceed to completion of the DFS this financial year, despite the COVID-19 crisis. This can be accomplished without a major delay or time loss for development of the Sigatoka project.

In Sydney and Fiji, the Company is observing all the recommended protocols, including suspension of all international and domestic travel. In Sydney office, Dome has been restricting the number of staff working in office with the rest of staff working from home, maintaining the required social distancing rules and practicing rigid hygiene procedures. While in Fiji, the Company stood down most staff from mid-April with only one staff member working in office running daily administration and accounts matters, other staff can be called on casual basis whenever required during the Pandemic period. The active operations are currently on hold in Fiji, Dome will resume normal course of business as soon as the restrictions are lifted.

and its controlled entities

Mineral Resources Statement - Attachment A

JORC Classification	ZONE	DENSITY (g/cm3)		HM TONNES (Mt)	MAG1 TONNES (kt)	%HM Feed	%HM in Sand	+4mm Sand	1 - 4mm Sand	38 micron- 1mm Sand		%MAG1 in Feed	%V in MAG1	%TiO2 in MAG1	%Fe in MAG1	%SiO2 in MAG1	%AI2O3 in MAG1	%P in MAG1	%S in MAG1
Indicated	Lower Fine Sand [ZONE 1]	1.80	18.8	2.2	345	11.6	15.8	8.7	10.5	73.1	7.6	1.8	0.35	6.6	56.4	4.6	3.8	0.06	0.92
muicateu	Upper Coarse Sand [ZONE 2]	1.80	6.5	0.8	99	11.5	19.7	17.5	20.3	58.3	3.9	1.5	0.36	6.6	57.1	4.2	3.7	0.07	0.57
	Subtotal	1.80	25.3	2.9	444	11.6	16.8	11.0	13.0	69.3	6.7	1.8	0.35	6.6	56.6	4.5	3.7	0.06	0.83
Inferred	Lower Fine Sand (ZONE 1) Upper Coarse Sand (ZONE 2)		4.6 1.4	0.5	76 15	10.7 10.8	15.7 19.9	10.4 21.1	13.1 20.9	68.6 53.5	7.9 4.5	1.7	0.36 0.36	6.6 6.6	56.9 57.4	4.4 4.3	3.7 3.8	0.06	1.08 0.36
	Subtotal		5.9	0.6	91	10.7	16.6	12.8	14.9	65.1	7.1	1.5	0.36	6.6	57.0	4.4	3.7	0.06	0.91
	TOTAL	1.80	31,2	3.6	535	11.4	16.8	11.3	13.4	68,5	6.8	1.7	0.4	6,6	56.7	4,5	3,7	0.1	0.8

KULUKULU

THY Cut-OII. 6/6																
JORC Classification	ZONE	DENSITY (g/cm3)	TONNES (Mt)	HM TONNES (Mt)	MAG1 TONNES (kt)	%HM in Feed	%HM in Sand	+4mm Sand	1 - 4mm Sand	45 micron - 1mm Sand		%MAG1 in Feed	%Fe in MAG1	%TiO2 in MAG1	%SiO2 in MAG1	%AI2O3 ir MAG1
	Lower Fine Sands [ZONE 1]	1.80	47.7	6.48	1,371	13.6	17.0	4.2	9.4	79.6	6.8	2.9	53.8	6.5	7.7	4.5
Inferred	Upper Coarse Sands [ZONE 2]	1.80	43.2	9.04	1,121	21.0	24.4	3.3	6.7	85.3	4.7	2.6	53.8	6.5	8.0	4.4
	Elluvial Sands [ZONE 3]	1.80	9.30	1.72	243	18.5	25.0	6.5	9.3	72.6	11.5	2.6	53.9	6.5	7.8	4.5
	TOTAL	1.80	100.2	17.2	2,735	17.2	21.0	4.0	8.2	81.4	6.3	2.7	53.8	6.5	7.8	4.5

KOROUA ISLAND

JORC Classification	REOURCE ZONE	DENSITY (g/cm3)	TONNES (Mt)	HM TONNES (Mt)	MAG1 TONNES (kt)	MAG2 TONNES (kt)	NON-MAG TONNES (kt)	%HM in Feed	%HM in Sand	+4mm Sand	1 - 4mm Sand	-38 micron	Magnetite (% in HM)	Goethite (% in HM)			Garnet (% in HM)	Ilmenite	Primary Ilmenite (% in HM)	Titanium Oxides (% in HM)	Titanite (% in HM)		Hornblend (% in HM)	Other (% in HM)	XRF Fe (% in HM)			XRF SiO2 (% in HM)		
	Fine grained alluvial (lower layer)	1.80	35.0	4.64	1,142	260	3,240	13.3	15.4	0.6	1.2	12.4	12.3	3.5	1.8	45.9	9.6	1.3	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.2	16.4	6.7	19.1	0.2	3.1	37.3	6.5	0.1
Indicated	Coarse grained alluvial (upper layer)	1.80	15.5	2.10	404	134	1,557	13.5	19.4	5.0	16.4	9.0	10.1	1.8	1.8	60.5	7.5	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.1	9.5	6.2	16.3	0.0	2.4	40.0	6.1	0.1
	Eluvial Layer (uppermost)	1.80	2.30	0.23	61	13	158	10.2	17.9	1.8	2.2	40.9	12.9	4.3	1.6	48.4	9.3	1.1	0.5	0.9	0.5	0.1	14.1	6.1	21.2	0.0	3.4	35.5	6.4	0.1
TOTAL		1.80	52.7	7.0	1,607	407	4,955	13.3	16.7	1.9	5.7	12.6	11.7	3.0	1.8	50.4	8.9	1.2	0.6	0.9	0.5	0.2	14.3	6.5	18.3	0.1	2.9	38.1	6.4	0.1

Magnetic 1 Fraction (30)	0 Gauss)																			
JORC Classification	REOURCE ZONE	MAG1 TONNES (kt)	Magnetite (% in HM)	Goethite (% in HM)	Hematite (% in HM)	Grainsize HM (microns)	Diopside (% in HM)	Garnet (% in HM)	Altered Ilmenite (% in HM)	Primary Ilmenite (% in HM)	Titanium Oxides (% in HM)	Rutile (% in HM)	Hornblend (% in HM)	Other (% in HM)	XRF Fe (% in HM)	XRF Sulphur (% in HM)				
	Fine grained alluvial (lower layer)	1,142	45.3	11.1	6.4	80	12.7	2.2	1.5	1.3	3.3	0.1	5.9	9.4	46.4	0.3	6.2	13.5	4.6	0.1
Indicated	Coarse grained alluvial (upper layer)	404	48.1	7.6	6.0	160	17.0	1.6	1.1	1.2	2.6	0.1	5.8	8.1	45.9	0.0	5.9	14.6	4.5	0.1
	Eluvial Layer (uppermost)	61	47.2	14.7	4.4	99	13.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	3.0	0.1	6.2	6.7	48.2	0.0	6.5	12.0	4.6	0.1
TOTAL		1,607	46.1	10.4	6.2	100	13.8	2.0	1.4	1.3	3.1	0.1	5.9	9.0	46.4	0.2	6.2	13.7	4.6	0.1

Magnetic 2 Fraction (50	D Gauss)																			
JORC Classification	REOURCE ZONE	MAG2 TONNES (kt)	Magnetite (% in HM)	Goethite (% in HM)	Hematite (% in HM)	Grainsize HM (microns)	Diopside (% in HM)	Garnet (% in HM)	Altered Ilmenite (% in HM)	Primary Ilmenite (% in HM)	Titanium Oxides (% in HM)	Rutile (% in HM)	Hornblend (% in HM)	Other (% in HM)	XRF Fe (% in HM)	XRF Sulphur (% in HM)	XRF TiO2 (% in HM)			
	Fine grained alluvial (lower layer)	260	3.2	3.1	0.6	104	51.3	6.1	6.2	2.7	0.9	0.3	17.0	7.7	15.7	0.3	6.5	39.3	5.5	0.1
Indicated	Coarse grained alluvial (upper layer)	134	7.8	1.1	1.6	241	61.2	4.3	2.2	1.7	0.6	0.2	12.0	7.0	14.3	0.0	3.8	42.0	5.6	0.1
	Eluvial Layer (uppermost)	13	3.6	1.5	0.7	141	53.9	6.6	4.8	2.5	1.2	0.1	16.6	7.5	15.8	0.1	5.9	39.7	5.7	0.1
TOTAL		407	4.7	2.4	0.9	150	54.6	5.5	4.9	2.4	0.8	0.2	15.4	7.4	15.2	0.2	5.6	40.2	5.5	0.1

Non-Magnetic Fraction																				
JORC Classification	REOURCE ZONE	NON- MAG TONNES (kt)	Magnetite (% in HM)	Goethite (% in HM)	Hematite (% in HM)	Grainsize HM (microns)	Diopside (% in HM)	Garnet (% in HM)	Altered Ilmenite (% in HM)	Primary Ilmenite (% in HM)	Titanium Oxides (% in HM)	Rutile (% in HM)	Hornblend (% in HM)	Other (% in HM)	XRF Fe (% in HM)	XRF Sulphur (% in HM)			XRF AI2O3 (% in HM)	
	Fine grained alluvial (lower layer)	3,240	1.4	0.9	0.3	103	57.1	12.4	0.9	0.2	0.2	0.3	20.1	5.6	9.7	0.1	1.7	45.6	7.2	0.1
Indicated	Coarse grained alluvial (upper layer)	1,557	0.5	0.3	0.8	260	71.8	9.3	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.0	10.3	5.6	8.8	0.0	1.4	46.4	6.6	0.0
	Eluvial Layer (uppermost)	158	0.5	0.5	0.7	146	61.6	12.5	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	16.9	5.8	11.3	0.0	2.1	44.2	7.1	0.1
TOTAL		4,955	1.1	0.7	0.5	154	61.9	11.4	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	16.9	5.6	9.5	0.1	1.6	45.8	7.0	0.1

This resource estimate was prepared by independent resource consultants and issued in a report entitled "Sigatoka Iron Sand Project JORC 2012 Report Mineral Resource Estimate" dated 11 October 2014 and update announced to the market in ASX releases dated 11 December 2019.

Resource comparison 2019 to 2020

There has been an increase due to further drilling and no reduction in the resource estimate during the reporting period.

Governance Arrangements

Dome's management and Board of Directors include individuals with many years' work experience in the mineral exploration and mining industry who monitor all exploration programs and oversee the preparation of reports on behalf of the Company by independent consultants. The exploration data are produced by or under the direct supervision of qualified geoscientists. In the case of drill hole data half core samples are preserved for future studies and quality assurance and quality control. The Company uses only accredited laboratories for analysis of samples and records the information in electronic databases that are automatically backed up for storage and retrieval purposes.

No material changes

Dome Gold Mines Ltd confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that would materially affect the information included in the market announcements dated 11 December 2019 and 24 July 2020, and that all material assumptions and technical parameters in the market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.

Statement of Compliance

-OL DELSOUSI MZE OUI

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources is based on information compiled by Mr Richard Stockwell, a Competent Person who is a fellow of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists, and Mr Gavin Helgeland, a Competent Person who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Stockwell is Managing Director of Placer Consulting Pty Ltd and Mr Helgeland is a specialised resource geologist who is a self-employed consultant working with Placer Consulting. Mr Stockwell and Mr Helgeland collectively and individually have sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration at Sigatoka and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Stockwell and Mr Helgeland consent to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears. They do not hold shares in Dome and have been paid normal consulting fees for provision of this information.

The information in this Annual Report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by John V McCarthy and Matthew J White.

Mr McCarthy is a Consulting Geologist of the Company who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activities which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr McCarthy, through his family Superfund, holds shares in the Company and is paid normal consulting fees for his services. He consents to the inclusion in this Annual Report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Dr Matthew White is a Consulting Geologist of the Company who has over twenty-five years' global experience working in the mineral resources industry. He has worked for multi-national mining companies and junior explorers, as well as private organisations and consultancy groups. His experience spans project generation, exploration program design, exploration management, resource estimation and feasibility studies. Matthew's technical and management experience covers a range of commodities, in Australia and the Asia-Pacific region. He has worked in previous roles as Chief Executive Officer, Exploration Manager, Chief Geologist and Consultant Geologist. He has extensive knowledge of the exploration process and modern exploration techniques (e.g. geochemical exploration, geophysical surveying, geological mapping, exploration drilling and resource modelling). Matthew has completed a PhD research project and is regarded as a specialist in volcanic terranes.

Dr White currently runs his own consultancy company White Geoscience Pty Ltd, based in Brisbane, through which he gets his consulting fees paid. He is a Competent Person/Qualified Person for reporting of Exploration Results in several commodities, as per a range of international reporting standards, including the JORC (2012) Code. He is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG), the Geological Society of Australia (GSA) and the Society of Economic Geology, USA (SEG). He consents to the inclusion in this Annual Report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

Financial Results

The loss of the Group for the financial year after providing for income tax amounted to \$2,003,468 (2019: \$1,770,486). The net asset position of the Group increased from \$30,893,870 at 30 June 2019 to \$31,500,329 at 30 June 2020.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the Directors, significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the year ended 30 June 2020 were as follows:

Issue of share capital

For the year ended 30 June 2020, Dome has raised \$3,037,591 by private placements. The funds were used for exploration, general working capital and loan repayment. Details of these raisings are as follows:

- On 11 July 2019 the Company completed a placement of 2,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$500,000.
- On 24 July 2019 the Company completed a placement of 750,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$150,000.
- On 16 August 2019 the Company completed a placement of 6,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$1,300,000.
- On 01 November 2019 the Company completed a placement of 2,659,853 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$531,971.
- On 10 December 2019 the Company completed a placement of 500,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$100,000.
- On 19 December 2019 the Company completed a placement of 578,102 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$115,620.
- On 31 January 2020 the Company completed a placement of 500,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$100,000.
- On 31 March 2020 the Company completed a placement of 1,200,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$240,000.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends were declared or paid during the financial year (2019: \$nil).

EVENTS ARISING SINCE THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the end of the financial year:

Issue of share capital and options

 On 24 July 2020 the Company completed a placement of 3,150,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.17 per share to raise \$535,500 and issued 3,150,000 unlisted options at \$0.17 exercise price expiring on 23 July 2023.

Expiration of unlisted options

 On 27 July 2020 the Company advised that 1,500,000 unquoted options granted to directors on 24 November 2017 expired unexercised.

SPL 1495 Sigatoka Iron Sand Project

Due to Covid-19 Pandemic and restrictions of international travel, the Company stood down most staff in Fiji until January 2021 with only one staff working in Fiji office running accounts and administration matters. Other staff can be called to work on casual basis when required. While in Australia, the Company continued to carry out laboratory analysis work for a new mineral resource estimate. The following work was underway subsequent to the end of the period:

- Submission of density test work samples for Sigatoka River, Koroua Island and pending for Club Masa (Kulukulu South)
- Continuation of resource estimation at Club Masa
- Completion of resource estimates and report proposed by end of September

SPL 1451 Ono Island Project

• The SPL expired on 12 February 2020 and the Company submitted a renewal application on 17 February 2020. SPL 1451 was renewed for a further 3-year period on 10 July 2020 from 25 June 2020 to 24 June 2023. The SPL remained in force during the renewal process.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS, BUSINESS STRATEGIES AND PROSPECTS

The Group will continue to explore and evaluate the Company's exploration projects with the aim of identifying potential mineral resources, and will continue to seek and assess new opportunities in the Fiji mineral sector with the objective of adding significant shareholder value to Dome.

The Directors are unable to comment on the likely results from the Group's planned exploration activities due to the speculative nature of such activities.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of Directors' Meetings (including meetings of Committees of Directors) held during the year, and the number of meetings attended by each Director is as follows:

	BOARD M	IEETINGS		MMITTEE INGS
Director	Entitled to attend	Attended	Entitled to attend	Attended
Garry G Lowder	4	4	2	2
Tadao Tsubata	4	4	-	-
Sarah E Harvey (appointed 27 July 2017)	4	4	2	2

UNISSUED SHARES UNDER OPTION

Unissued ordinary shares of Dome under option as at 30 June 2020 were as follows:

Number of options	Exerc	ise price	Expiry date
* 750,000	\$	0.40	27 July 2020
* 750,000	\$	0.50	27 July 2020
* 500,000	\$	0.40	31 December 2020
* 500,000	\$	0.50	31 December 2020
2,015,630	\$	0.20	18 April 2021
1,074,806	\$	0.20	4 June 2021
1,250,000	\$	0.20	11 July 2021
375,000	\$	0.20	24 July 2021
1,250,000	\$	0.20	26 July 2021
9,725,000	\$	0.20	16 August 2021
3,457,807	\$	0.20	1 November 2021
400,000	\$	0.20	10 December 2021
650,000	\$	0.20	31 January 2022
960,000	\$	0.20	31 March 2022

^{*}Options granted by the Company as part of the remuneration package - details of these options are set out in 2018 remuneration report.

The names of persons who currently hold options are entered in the register of options kept by the Company pursuant to the *Corporations Act 2011*. This register may be inspected free of charge.

All options expired on the expiry date. The persons entitled to exercise the options did not have, by virtue of the options, the right to participate in the share issue of any other body corporate.

SHARES ISSUED AS A RESULT OF EXERCISE

During or since the end of the financial year, the Company did not issue ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of options.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The Directors of Dome Gold Mines Ltd (the 'Group') present the Remuneration Report for Non-Executive Directors, Executive Directors and other Key Management Personnel, prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The Remuneration Report is set out under the following main headings:

- a. principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration;
- b. details of remuneration;
- c. share-based remuneration; and
- d. other information.

a. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Key management personnel have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. Key management personnel comprise the Directors of the Company and the executives. No other employees have been deemed to be key management personnel.

The remuneration policy of Directors and senior executives is to ensure the remuneration package properly reflects the persons' duties and responsibilities, and that remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality. The Board is responsible for reviewing its own performance. The evaluation process is designed to assess the Group's business performance, whether long term strategic objectives are being achieved, and the achievement of individual performance objectives.

Executive remuneration includes a base salary and superannuation that is set with reference to the market.

Fees to non-executive directors reflect the demands which are made on, and the responsibilities of, the directors. Non-executive remuneration comprises only directors' fees. Directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Board. The Board has also drawn on external sources of information to ensure non-executive directors' fees and payments are appropriate and in line with the market. The remuneration disclosed below represents the cost to the Group for services provided under these arrangements.

No Directors or senior executives received performance related remuneration.

There were no remuneration consultants used by the Company during the year ended 30 June 2020, or in the prior year.

Vote and comments made at the Company's last Annual General Meeting

The Remuneration Report of Dome Gold Mines Ltd for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 was approved by shareholders on a show of hands at the Company's Annual General Meeting.

Consequences of performance on shareholder wealth

In considering the Group's performance and benefits for shareholder wealth, the Board has regard to the following indices in respect of the current financial year and the previous four (4) financial years:

Item	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
EPS (cents)	(0.70)	(0.65)	(0.66)	(0.67)	(0.66)
Dividends (cents per share)	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss (\$)	(2,003,468)	(1,770,486)	(1,704,321)	(1,596,892)	(1,496,956)
Share price (\$)	0.20	0.20	0.14	0.24	0.42

The Board considers that these indices do not have any impact on the Group's performance.

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

b. Details of remuneration

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of the remuneration of key management personnel of the Group are shown in the table below:

Key Management Personnel Remuneration									
		Short term employee benefits			Post-employment benefits	Share-based payments			
	Year	Cash salary and fees \$	Other fees	Accrued fees	Superannuation	Fair value of options	Total \$	Proportion of remuneration performance related %	Value of options as a proportion of remuneration %
Garry Lowder (Chairman)	2020	69,406	-	16,000	6,594	-	92,000	-	-
	2019	47,004	-	-	24,996	-	72,000	-	-
Tadao Tsubata (Director)	2020	46,000	-	10,000	•	-	56,000	-	•
	2019	36,000	-	•	•	-	36,000	-	ı
Sarah Harvey (Director)	2020	46,000	-	10,000	-	-	56,000	-	-
	2019	36,000	-	ı	ı	-	36,000	-	ı
John (Jack) McCarthy (CEO)*	2020	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-
	2019	192,945	-		25,000	-	217,945	1	-
2020 Total	2020	161,406	-	36,000	6,594	-	204,000	-	•
2019 Total	2019	311,949	-	-	49,996	-	361,945	-	ı

No bonuses or performance related compensation payments were paid during the current year to Directors or executives. The Group employed no other key management personnel.

No shares were granted to key management personnel as compensation during the year ended 30 June 2020.

^{*}John McCarthy retired as CEO from 31 May 2019 and has worked as a consultant during the year ended 30 June 2020

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

c. Share-based remuneration

All options refer to options over ordinary shares of the Company, which are exercisable on a one-forone basis under the terms of the agreement.

There were no options over ordinary shares of the Company granted, exercised, forfeited or lapsed unexercised which are related to Directors' or key management personnel's remuneration during the year ended 30 June 2020. No terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions have been altered or modified by the issuing entity during the 2020 financial year.

d. Other information

Options held by key management personnel

The number of options to acquire shares in the Company during the 2020 reporting period held by each of the Group's Key Management Personnel of the Group, including their related parties, is set out below.

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020							
	Balance at start of year	Granted as remuneration	Received on exercise	Other changes	Held at the end of reporting period		
Garry Lowder	500,000	-	-	-	500,000		
Tadao Tsubata	500,000	-	-		500,000		
Sarah Harvey	500,000	-	-	-	500,000		

Shares held by key management personnel

The number of ordinary shares in the Company during the 2020 reporting period held by each of the Group's Key Management Personnel of the Group, including their related parties, is set out below.

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020							
	Balance at start of year	Granted as remuneration	Received on exercise	Other changes	Held at the end of reporting period		
Garry Lowder	570,000	-	-	-	570,000		
Tadao Tsubata	52,342,393	-	-	-	52,342,393		
Sarah Harvey	20,776,449	-	-	-	20,776,449		

Note: None of the shares included in the table above are held nominally by key management personnel.

Service Agreements for Directors and key management personnel

Directors are engaged under contracts. Their remuneration is not fixed and fluctuates in line with the financial situation of the Company. The terms of their engagement are unspecified, and there is no period of notice of termination.

End of audited remuneration report.

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISLATION

The Group is subject to state, federal and international environmental legislation. The Group has complied with its environmental obligations and no environmental breaches have been notified by any Government agency to the date of this Directors' Report and the Directors do not anticipate any obstacles in complying with the legislation.

INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE OF OFFICERS AND AUDITORS

During the year, Dome paid a premium to insure officers of the Group. The officers of the Group covered by the insurance policy include all Directors.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Group, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings, other than where such liabilities arise out of conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else to cause detriment to the Group.

Details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of insurance policies are not disclosed as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

The Group has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify any current or former officer or auditor of the Group against a liability incurred as such by an officer or auditor.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

During the year, Grant Thornton, the Company's auditors, performed no other services in addition to their statutory audit duties.

The Board may consider to employing the auditor on assignments in addition to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Group are important provided the auditor is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company to ensure they do not impact upon the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the non-audit services do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Details of the amounts paid to the auditors of the Company, Grant Thornton, and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in Note 19 to the Financial Statements.

PROCEEDINGS OF BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

and its controlled entities

Directors' Report

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

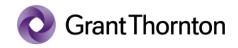
A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under s307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is included on page 33 of this financial report and forms part of this Directors' Report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

G. G. Lowder

Chairman

Sydney, 24 September 2020



Level 17, 383 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000

Correspondence to: Locked Bag Q800 QVB Post Office Sydney NSW 1230

T +61 2 8297 2400 F +61 2 9299 4445 E <u>info.nsw@au.gt.com</u> W www.grantthornton.com.au

Auditor's Independence Declaration

To the Directors of Dome Gold Mines Limited

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, as lead auditor for the audit of Dome Gold Mines Limited for the year ended 30 June 2020, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Chartered Accountants

C F Farley

Partner - Audit & Assurance

Sydney, 24 September 2020

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd ACN 130 913 594 a subsidiary or related entity of Grant Thornton Australia Ltd ABN 41 127 556 389

www.grantthornton.com.au

'Grant Thornton' refers to the brand under which the Grant Thornton member firms provide assurance, tax and advisory services to their clients and/or refers to one or more member firms, as the context requires. Grant Thornton Australia Ltd is a member firm of Grant Thornton International Ltd (GTIL). GTIL and the member firms are not a worldwide partnership. GTIL and each member firm is a separate legal entity. Services are delivered by the member firms. GTIL does not provide services to clients. GTIL and its member firms are not agents of, and do not obligate one another and are not liable for one another's acts or omissions. In the Australian context only, the use of the term 'Grant Thornton' may refer to Grant Thornton Australia Limited ABN 41 127 556 389 and its Australian subsidiaries and related entities. GTIL is not an Australian related entity to Grant Thornton Australia Limited.

and its controlled entities

Corporate Governance Statement

The Board is committed to achieving and demonstrating the highest standards of corporate governance. Corporate Governance is about having a set of core values and behaviours that underpin the Company's activities and ensure transparency, fair dealing and protection of the interests of stakeholders. Dome Gold Mines Ltd and its Controlled Entities ('the Group') have adopted the third edition of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations which was released by the ASX Corporate Governance Council on 27 March 2014 and became effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 July 2014.

The Group's Corporate Governance Statement for the financial year ending 30 June 2020 is dated as at 30 June 2020 and was approved by the Board on 24 September 2020. A description of the Company's current corporate governance practices is set out in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement, which is available on the Company's website at www.domegoldmines.com.au.

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2020

		2020	2019
	Notes	\$	\$
Other income	4	55,039	5,314
Employee benefits expenses (including directors fees) Other expenses	5	(658,656) (1,049,346)	(579,294) (1,158,750)
Operating loss	3	(1,652,963)	(1,732,730)
Depreciation Finance costs	6	(249,202) (100,997)	(10,688) (27,068)
Loss on foreign exchange Loss before income tax expense		(306) (2,003,468)	(1,770,486)
Income tax expense Loss for the year	7	(2,003,468)	(1,770,486)
Other comprehensive income for the year Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange difference on translating foreign controlled		8,085	151,258
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(1,995,383)	(1,619,228)
Earnings per share Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share)	8	(0.70)	(0.65)

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2020

		2020	2019
	Notes	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	13,642	19,809
Trade and other receivables	10	21,770	22,663
Other assets	11	35,797	36,787
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		71,209	79,259
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	12	95,838	171,464
Right-of-use assets	13	148,776	-
Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure	14	32,585,436	31,705,357
Other assets	11	262,821	263,242
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		33,092,871	32,140,063
TOTAL ASSETS		33,164,080	32,219,322
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	13	209,055	-
Trade and other payables	15	283,281	261,429
Provisions		32,765	18,102
Borrowings	16		50,452
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		525,101	329,983
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	16	1,138,650	995,469
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,138,650	995,469
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,663,751	1,325,452
NET ASSETS		31,500,329	30,893,870
EQUITY			
Issued capital	17	45,980,034	43,378,192
Foreign currency translation reserve		364,934	356,849
Share option reserve		103,439	103,439
Accumulated losses		(14,948,078)	(12,944,610)
TOTAL EQUITY		31,500,329	30,893,870

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

and its controlled entities

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2020

	Issued capital \$	Foreign currency translation reserves \$	Share option reserve \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2018	42,049,157	205,591	103,439	(11,174,124)	31,184,063
Transaction with owners					
Ordinary shares issued	1,507,404	-	-	-	1,507,404
Transaction costs on issue of shares	(178,369)	-	-	-	(178,369)
Total transactions with owners	1,329,035	-	-	-	1,329,035
(15)					
Other comprehensive income	-	151,258	-	-	151,258
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(1,770,486)	(1,770,486)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	_	151,258	-	(1,770,486)	(1,619,228)
Balance at 30 June 2019	43,378,192	356,849	103,439	(12,944,610)	30,893,870
Balance at 1 July 2019	43,378,192	356,849	103,439	(12,944,610)	30,893,870
Transaction with owners					
Ordinary shares issued	3,037,591	-	-	-	3,037,591
Transaction costs on issue of shares	(435,749)	-	-	-	(435,749)
Total transactions with owners	2,601,842	-		-	2,601,842
Other comprehensive income	-	8,085	-	-	8,085
Loss for the year		-	-	(2,003,468)	(2,003,468)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	8,085	-	(2,003,468)	(1,995,383)
Balance at 30 June 2020	45,980,034	364,934	103,439	(14,948,078)	31,500,329

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2020

	Notes	2020 \$	2019 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		4,874	4,988
Cash received from government grant / other income		50,000	740
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(1,634,458)	(1,583,603)
Interest paid		(72,295)	-
Other tax (paid)/received	<u>-</u>	(31,587)	26,229
Net cash used in operating activities	18	(1,683,466)	(1,551,646)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash paid on deposit/advance payment		(1,461)	(160,655)
Cash received on release of bond/deposit		3,173	114,543
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		(19,875)	(24,831)
Exploration cost payments capitalised	<u>-</u>	(781,958)	(1,281,169)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(800,121)	(1,352,112)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of share capital		3,037,591	1,507,404
Proceeds from borrowings		130,000	600,000
Repayment of lease liabilities		(184,930)	(53,708)
Repayment of borrowings		(26,438)	-
Cash paid on share issue costs	-	(478,839)	(135,278)
Net cash provided by financing activities	-	2,477,384	1,918,418
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(6,203)	(985,340)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		19,809	1,004,930
Exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents		36	219
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	9 -	13,642	19,809

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

The Financial Report includes the consolidated financial statements and notes of Dome Gold Mines Ltd and controlled entities ('Group').

1 GENERAL INFORMATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The consolidated general purpose financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards results in full compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The Group is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 24 September 2020 (see note 29).

Dome Gold Mines Limited is the Group's ultimate parent company. Dome Gold Mines Ltd is a public company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in Australia on 8 July 2011. The registered office is Suite 4, Level 21, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney 2000.

Dome Gold Mines Ltd is the parent company with 100% ownership of:

- Magma Mines Pty Ltd;
- Dome Mines Pte Ltd (a company limited by shares incorporated in Fiji); and
- Magma Mines Pte Ltd (a company limited by shares incorporated in Fiji).

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year have been the continuing exploration and evaluation of the following projects in Fiji:

SPL1451 Ono Island,

- SPL1452 Nadrau; and
- SPL1495 Sigatoka Ironsands.

2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 New and revised standards that are effective and adopted by the Group

The Group has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period. Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The following Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted during the year are most relevant to the consolidated entity:

Interpretation 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax

The Group has adopted Interpretation 23 from 1 July 2019. The interpretation clarifies how to apply the recognition and measurement requirements of AASB 112 'Income Taxes' in circumstances where uncertain tax treatments exists. The interpretation requires: the consolidated entity to determine whether each uncertain tax treatment should be treated separately or together, based on which approach better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty; the consolidated entity to consider whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment; and if the consolidated entity concludes that it is not probable that the taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, it shall reflect the effect of uncertainty in determining the related taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits or tax rates, measuring the tax uncertainty based on either the most likely amount or the expected value. In making the assessment it is assumed that a taxation authority will examine amounts it has a right to examine and have full knowledge of all related information when making those examinations. Interpretation 23 was adopted using the modified retrospective approach and as such comparatives have not been restated. There was no impact of adoption on the opening accumulated losses as at 1 July 2019.

2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 New and revised standards that are effective and adopted by the Group (Continued)

AASB 16 Leases

The Group has adopted AASB 16 from 1 July 2019. The standard replaces AASB 117 'Leases' and for lessees eliminates the classifications of operating leases and finance leases. Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position. Straight-line operating lease expense recognition is replaced with a depreciation charge for the right-of-use assets (included in operating costs) and an interest expense on the recognised lease liabilities (included in finance costs). In the earlier periods of the lease, the expenses associated with the lease under AASB 16 will be higher when compared to lease expenses under AASB 117. However, EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation) results improve as the operating expense is now replaced by interest expense and depreciation in profit or loss. For classification within the statement of cash flows, the interest portion is disclosed in operating activities and the principal portion of the lease payments are separately disclosed in financing activities. For lessor accounting, the standard does not substantially change how a lessor accounts for leases.

2.2 Impact of adoption

AASB 16 was adopted using the modified retrospective approach and as such the comparatives have not been restated. The impact of adoption on opening accumulated losses as at 1 July 2019 was as follows:

	2019 \$
Operating lease commitments as at 1 July 2019 (AASB 117) Operating lease commitments discount based on the weighted average incremental borrowing rate (AASB 16)	459,924 (31,422)
Right-of-use assets (AASB 16)	428,502
Lease liabilities – current (AASB 16) Lease liabilities – non-current (AASB 16)	(403,863)
De-recognition of lease prepayment as at 1 July 2019 Impact on opening accumulated losses as at 1 July 2019	(24,639)

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities recognised under AASB 16 was 10%. There was no impact on accumulated losses upon adoption of AASB 16.

When adopting AASB 16 from 1 July 2019, the group has applied the following practical expedients:

- applying a single discount rate to the portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics;
- accounting for leases with a remaining lease term of 12 months as at 1 July 2019 as short-term leases;
- excluding any initial direct costs from the measurement of right-of-use assets;
- using hindsight in determining the lease term when the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease; and
- not apply AASB 16 to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease.

1 July

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Overall considerations

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarised below.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the measurement bases specified by Australian Accounting Standards for each type of asset, liability, income and expense. The measurement bases are more fully described in the accounting policies below.

3.2 Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the parent company and all of its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 30 June 2019. The parent controls a subsidiary if it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its investment with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary.

All transactions and balances between Group companies are eliminated on consolidation, including unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies. Where unrealised losses on intragroup asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from a group perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Profit or loss and other comprehensive income of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are recognised from the effective date of acquisition, or up to the effective date of disposal, as applicable.

3.3 Business combination

The Group applies the acquisition method in accounting for business combinations. The consideration transferred by the Group to obtain control of a subsidiary is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group, which includes the fair value of any asset or liability arising from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group recognises identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination regardless of whether they have been previously recognised in the acquiree's financial statements prior to the acquisition. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed are generally measured at their acquisition-date fair values.

Goodwill is stated after separate recognition of identifiable intangible assets. It is calculated as the excess of the sum of (a) fair value of consideration transferred, (b) the recognised amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and (c) acquisition-date fair value of any existing equity interest in the acquiree, over the acquisition-date fair values of identifiable net assets. If the fair values of identifiable net assets exceed the sum calculated above, the excess amount (i.e. gain on a bargain purchase) is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

3.4 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.5 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars (AUD), which is also the functional currency of the parent company.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective Group entity, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate). Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-measurement of monetary items at period end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the date of the transactions), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value which are translated using the change rates at the date when fair value was determined.

Foreign operations

In the Group's financial statements, all assets, liabilities and transactions of Group entities with a functional currency other than the AUD are translated into AUD upon consolidation. The functional currency of the entities in the Group has remained unchanged during the reporting period.

On consolidation, assets and liabilities have been translated into AUD at the closing rate at the reporting date. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity have been treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated into AUD at the closing rate. Income and expenses have been translated into AUD at the average rate over the reporting period. Exchange differences are charged/credited to other comprehensive income and recognised in the currency translation reserve in equity. On disposal of a foreign operation the cumulative translation differences recognised in equity are reclassified to profit or loss and recognised as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

3.6 Segment Reporting

Determination and presentation of operating segments

The Group determines and presents operating segments based on the information that is provided internally to the management.

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are regularly reviewed by the Group's management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the management include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets (primarily the Company's headquarter), head office expenses, and income tax assets and liabilities.

Segment capital expenditure is the total costs incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets other than goodwill.

3.7 Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation costs, including the costs of acquiring licences, are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets on an area of interest basis.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.7 Exploration and evaluation expenditure (Continued)

Exploration and evaluation assets are only recognised if the rights of the area of interest are current and either:

- the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a
 reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves and active
 and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability and facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. For the purposes of impairment testing, exploration and evaluation assets are allocated to cash generating units to which the exploration activity relates. The cash generating unit shall not be larger than the area of interest.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified from exploration and evaluation expenditure to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

3.8 Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment and computer equipment

Plant and equipment (comprising fittings and furniture) and computer equipment are initially recognised at acquisition cost or manufacturing cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Group's management.

Plant and equipment and computer equipment are measured on the cost basis less subsequent depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

ALO DEN MUNICIPALION DE LO DE

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is recognised on a straight-line basis to write down the cost over the assets' estimated useful lives to the Group commencing from the time the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates and useful lives used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of fixed asset	Useful Lives	Depreciation basis
Exploration computer equipment	2.5-4.2 years	Prime cost
Exploration furniture and fittings	3-8.3 years	Prime cost
Exploration plant and equipment	2.5-8.3 years	Prime cost
Office equipment	2-20 years	Prime cost

Gains or losses arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in profit or loss within other income or other expenses.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.9 Income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax

losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to be applied when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with interests in subsidiaries and the timing of the reversal can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets

recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to settle simultaneously.

3.10 Revenue

IUO BSM IBUOSJBQ JO-

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group currently does not have any revenue. The SPL licenses of the Group only permit the Group to carry out exploration activities. Once the Group reaches the production phase, revenue will be recognised using the 5-step process:

- 1 Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2 Identifying the performance obligations
- 3 Determining the transaction price
- 4 Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5 Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

The total transaction price for a contract is allocated amongst the various performance obligations based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. The transaction price for a contract excludes any amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised against the asset released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the related asset as a reduced depreciation charge.

3.12 Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised exclusive of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian or Fiji Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

3.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

3.14 Financial instruments

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with AASB 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

Financial assets, other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments, are classified into the following categories:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

In the periods presented the corporation does not have any financial assets categorised as FVOCI. The classification is determined by both:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial asset
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, finance income or other financial items, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within other expenses.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.14 Financial instruments (Continued)

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets that are held within a different business model other than 'hold to collect' or 'hold to collect and sell' are categorised at fair value through profit and loss. Further, irrespective of business model financial assets whose contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest are accounted for at FVTPL. All derivative financial instruments fall into this category.

Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

Impairment of financial assets

AASB 9's impairment requirements use more forward-looking information to recognise expected credit losses – the 'expected credit loss (ECL) model'. This replaced AASB 139's 'incurred loss model'. Instruments within the scope of the new requirements included loans and other debt-type financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI, trade receivables, contract assets recognised and measured under AASB 15 and loan commitments and some financial guarantee contracts (for the issuer) that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Recognition of credit losses is no longer dependent on the Group first identifying a credit loss event. Instead the Group considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

- financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ('Stage 1') and
- financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ('Stage 2').

'Stage 3' would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

'12-month expected credit losses' are recognised for the first category while 'lifetime expected credit losses' are recognised for the second category.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.14 Financial instruments (continued)

Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss (other than derivative financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedging instruments).

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, changes in an instrument's fair value that are reported in profit or loss are included within finance costs or finance income.

3.15 Significant accounting judgments and key estimates

The preparation of financial reports requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factor, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes would differ from these estimates if different assumptions were used and different conditions existed.

In particular, the Group has identified the following areas where significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are required, and where actual results were to differ, may materially affect the financial position or financial results reported in future periods.

(i) Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic

Judgement has been exercised in considering the impacts that the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic has had, or may have, on the Group based on known information. This consideration extends to the nature of the products and services offered, customers, supply chain, staffing and geographic regions in which the Group operates. The potential impact has been detailed on page 22 of Directors' Report.

(ii) Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on the Group's current understanding of the tax law. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the carrying amounts, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.15 Significant accounting judgments and key estimates (Continued)

(iii) Exploration and evaluation expenditure (Note 14)

All capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure (\$32,585,436 at 30 June 2020) (2019: \$31,705,357) has been capitalised on the basis that:

- Expenditure relates to:
 - acquisition of rights to explore; or
 - topographical or geological costs; or
 - drilling and/or trenching; or
 - sampling and assaying; or
 - feasibility studies; or
 - Indirect costs associated with above mentioned costs
- the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a
 reasonable assessment of the existence or other wise of economically recoverable reserves and active
 and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.
- The renewal of exploration licences is expected to be a routine process up until such a point as the
 entity is able to apply for a mining licence. As at the date of approval of the consolidated financial
 statements, all licences have been renewed and are up to date.
- (iv) Going concern (Note 3.16)

3.16 Going concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The Group has incurred a trading loss of \$2,003,468 (2019: \$1,770,486), used \$2,465,424 (2019: \$2,832,815) of net cash in operations including payments for exploration during the year ended 30 June 2020, and has a cash balance of \$13,642 at 30 June 2020 (2019: \$19,809), and current liabilities exceed current assets by \$453,892 (2019: \$250,724). However, subsequent to 30 June 2020, the Group has received \$535,500 in addition from shareholders via capital raising. These conditions give rise to a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The ongoing operation of the Group is dependent upon:

- the Group raising additional funding from shareholders or other parties; and/or
- the Group reducing expenditure in-line with available funding.

The Directors have prepared cash flow projections that support the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. These cash flow projections assume the Group obtains sufficient additional funding from shareholders or other parties. If such funding is not achieved, the Group plans to reduce expenditures significantly.

In the event that the Group does not obtain additional funding and/or reduce expenditure in-line with available funding, it may not be able to continue its operations as a going concern and therefore may not be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the ordinary course of operations and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.17 Impairment testing of non-financial assets

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. All other individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's or cash-generating unit's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable interest rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The data used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Group's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect management's assessment of respective risk profiles, such as market and asset-specific risks factors.

With the exception of goodwill, all assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognised may no longer exist. An impairment charge is reversed if the cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

3.18 Equity and reserves

Share capital represents the fair value of shares that have been issued. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share capital, net of any related income tax benefits.

Other components of equity include the following:

- Foreign currency translation reserve comprises foreign currency translation differences arising on the translation of financial statements of the Group's foreign entities into AUD; and
- Share option reserve comprises fair value of options granted to the Company's Directors and contractor; and
- Retained earnings include all current and prior period retained losses.

3.19 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are benefits, other than termination benefits, that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve (12) months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. Examples of such benefits include wages and salaries, non-monetary benefits and accumulating sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's liabilities for annual leave are included in other long term benefits as they are not expected to be settled wholly within twelve (12) months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. The expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the timing of the estimated future cash outflows. Any re-measurements arising from experience adjustments and changes in assumptions are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.19 Employee benefits (Continued)

The Group presents employee benefit obligations as current liabilities in the statement of financial position if the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve (12) months after the reporting period, irrespective of when the actual settlement is expected to take place.

3.20 Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the Group expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The Group has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

3.21 Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

3.22 Share-based payments

The Group operates equity-settled share-based remuneration plans for its Directors and contractor. None of the Group's plans feature any options for a cash settlement.

All compensation or goods and services received in exchange for the grant of any share-based payment are measured at their fair values. Where the Company's Directors and contractor are rewarded using share-based payments, the fair values are determined indirectly by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. This fair value is appraised at the grant date and excludes the impact of non-market vesting conditions (for example profitability and sales growth targets and performance conditions).

and its controlled entities

-OL PELSONAI USE ONIM

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.22 Share-based payments (Continued)

All share-based remuneration is ultimately recognised as an expense in profit or loss with a corresponding credit to share option reserve. If vesting periods or other vesting conditions apply, the expense is allocated over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of share options expected to vest.

Upon exercise of share options, the proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to share capital.

4 OTHER INCOME	2020	2019
4 OTHER MOONE		
Interest income	\$	\$ 5.074
Government grant – cash boost	5,039 50,000	5,074
Other	50,000	240
Total other income	55,039	5,314
Total other moonie		0,014
5 OTHER EXPENSES	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Consultant expenses	704,237	662,536
Loss on disposal of property, plant & equipment	-	240
Office expenses	222,489	338,399
Other expenses	122,620	157,575
Total other expenses	1,049,346	1,158,750
		
6 FINANCE COSTS		
Interest expenses for borrowings at amortised co	ost	
- Related party	63,535	25,102
- Third party	12,078	1,966
Interest for lease	25,384	-
	100,997	27,068

7 INCOME TAX

(a) Income tax expense/(benefit) Current tax	_	_
Deferred tax	_	-
-	-	-
(b) Reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable:		
Loss before tax	(2,003,468)	(1,770,486)
Prima facie income tax benefit at the Australian tax rate of 27.5% (2019: 27.5%)	(550,954)	(486,884)
Increase/(decrease) in income tax expense due to:		
Assessable income/ non-deductible expenses	10,354	21,306
Tax loss not recognised	489,754	449,939
Effect of net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) not recognised	49,511	14,306
Impact of overseas tax differential	1,335	1,333
Income tax expense/(benefit)	-	-
(c) Unrecognised deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax balances have not been recognised in		
respect of the following items:		
Tax loss	3,607,942	3,127,878
Other deferred tax assets	6,287	720,025
Deferred tax liability in relation to exploration costs	(1,111,559)	(2,185,055)
Net deferred tax assets not recognised	2,502,670	1,662,848
	,~~,~~	.,,
8 LOSS PER SHARE	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Basic and diluted loss per share have been calculated using:		
Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	(2,003,468)	(1,770,486)
	No of S	Shares
	110 01 1	<u> </u>
Weighted average number of shares at the end of the year used in basic and diluted loss per share	287,980,571	271,577,741
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)	(0.70)	(0.65)

As the Group is loss making, none of the potentially dilutive securities are currently dilutive.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand, cash at bank and short term deposits at call, net of any outstanding bank overdraft, if any. Cash at the end of the year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows

Cash at bank	13,642	19,809
Total cash and cash equivalents	13,642	19,809
	10,042	10,000
10 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Other receivables	27	1,171
Other tax receivables	21,743	21,492
Total trade and other receivables	21,770	22,663
11 OTHER ASSETS		
Current		
Prepayments	35,797	36,787
Total other current assets	35,797	36,787
Non-current		
Bank guarantee deposit (refer to note below)	159,874	159,874
Bond deposit (refer to note below)	102,084	102,509
Other capital costs	200	
<u></u>	863	859

Bank guarantee and bond deposits are held in Banks as security against tenements held by the Group. These are restricted until exploration licenses are relinquished or transferred to a separate license.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	2020 \$	2019 \$
Exploration computer equipment		
At cost	6,373	6,350
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(3,965)	(1,880)
Total exploration computer equipment	2,408	4,470
Exploration furniture and fittings		
At cost	14,669	14,384
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(11,857)	(9,945)
Total exploration furniture and fittings	2,812	4,439
Exploration plant and equipment		
At cost	514,513	498,458
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is	,	•
capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(454,644)	(375,248)
Total exploration plant and equipment	59,869	123,210
Office equipment		
At cost	63,571	61,209
Less accumulated depreciation	(32,822)	(21,864)
Total office equipment	30,749	39,345
Total	95,838	171,464

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Movements in carrying amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Exploration computer equipment	Exploration furniture and fittings	Exploration plant and equipment	Office equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gross carrying amount					
Balance at 1 July 2018	6,832	13,904	480,282	45,141	546,159
Additions	2,362	-	2,013	20,455	24,830
Disposals	(3,048)	-	-	(4,387)	(7,435)
Net exchange difference	204	480	16,163	-	16,847
Balance at 30 June 2019	6,350	14,384	498,458	61,209	580,401
Depreciation and impairment					
Balance at 1 July 2018	(3,034)	(7,776)	(286,947)	(15,324)	(313,081)
Depreciation	(1,808)	(1,900)	(78,818)	(10,688)	(93,214)
Disposals	3,048	-	-	4,148	7,196
Net exchange difference	(86)	(269)	(9,483)	-	(9,838)
Balance at 30 June 2019	(1,880)	(9,945)	(375,248)	(21,864)	(408,937)
Carrying amount as at 30					
June 2019	4,470	4,439	123,210	39,345	171,464
	Exploration computer equipment	Exploration furniture and fittings \$	Exploration plant and equipment	Office equipment \$	Total \$
Gross carrying amount	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Balance at 1 July 2019	6,350	14,384	498,458	61,209	580,401
Additions	-	216			
Disposals			16 665	2 994	19 875
	_	-	16,665 (2.936)	2,994 (632)	19,875 (3.568)
·	- 23	-	(2,936)	2,994 (632)	(3,568)
Net exchange difference Balance at 30 June 2020	- 23 6,373	- 69 14,669			
Net exchange difference Balance at 30 June 2020		- 69	(2,936) 2,326	(632)	(3,568) 2,418
Net exchange difference Balance at 30 June 2020 Depreciation and impairment	6,373	- 69 14,669	(2,936) 2,326 514,513	(632) - 63,571	(3,568) 2,418 599,126
Net exchange difference Balance at 30 June 2020 Depreciation and impairment Balance at 1 July 2019	6,373	69 14,669 (9,945)	(2,936) 2,326 514,513 (375,248)	(632) - 63,571 (21,864)	(3,568) 2,418 599,126 (408,937)
Net exchange difference Balance at 30 June 2020 Depreciation and impairment Balance at 1 July 2019 Depreciation	6,373	- 69 14,669	(2,936) 2,326 514,513 (375,248) (80,019)	(632) - 63,571 (21,864) (11,590)	(3,568) 2,418 599,126 (408,937) (95,555)
Net exchange difference Balance at 30 June 2020 Depreciation and impairment Balance at 1 July 2019 Depreciation Disposals	6,373 (1,880) (2,081)	(9,945) (1,865)	(2,936) 2,326 514,513 (375,248) (80,019) 2,359	(632) - 63,571 (21,864)	(3,568) 2,418 599,126 (408,937) (95,555) 2,991
Net exchange difference Balance at 30 June 2020 Depreciation and impairment Balance at 1 July 2019 Depreciation Disposals Net exchange difference	6,373 (1,880) (2,081) - (4)	(9,945) (1,865) (47)	(2,936) 2,326 514,513 (375,248) (80,019) 2,359 (1,736)	(632) - 63,571 (21,864) (11,590) 632	(3,568) 2,418 599,126 (408,937) (95,555) 2,991 (1,787)
Net exchange difference Balance at 30 June 2020 Depreciation and impairment Balance at 1 July 2019 Depreciation Disposals	6,373 (1,880) (2,081)	(9,945) (1,865)	(2,936) 2,326 514,513 (375,248) (80,019) 2,359	(632) - 63,571 (21,864) (11,590)	(3,568) 2,418 599,126 (408,937) (95,555) 2,991

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

13 LEASES

The Group has operating lease commitments of 3 motor vehicles in Fiji and office leases in both Fiji and Australia. Each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability.

The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities by type of right-to-use assets recognised on the balance sheet.

Right-of-use assets	No of right- of-use assets leased	Range of remaining term	Average remaining lease term	No of leases with extension options	No of leases with options to purchase	No of leases with variable payments linked to an index	No of leases with termination options
Office	2	4-7 months	6 months	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicles	1	3 months	3 months	-	-	-	-

Right-of-use Assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- · any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Right-of-use assets are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

	Consolidated	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Non-current assets		
Right-of-use assets	428,502	-
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(279,726)	
	148,776	

As at the reporting date, the consolidated entity has two leased office premises and one motor vehicle under operating leases expiring in one year, with in certain instances options to extend. On renewal, the terms of the lease are renegotiated.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

13 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Consolidated		\$
Balance at 30 June 2019 Adoption of AASB 16 on 1 July 2019 (refer note 2.2) Adjustment of Operating lease commitments discount Other adjustment of depreciation capitalised Depreciation expense		459,924 (31,422) (42,114) (237,612)
Balance at 30 June 2020		148,776
	30 June 2020 \$	30 June 2019 \$
Right-of-use assets		
Office	146,214	-
Motor vehicles	2,562	
Total right-of-use assets	148,776	-

Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the entity's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group uses recent arm's length borrowing rate received as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since borrowing was received, making adjustments specific to the lease (e.g. term, country, currency and security).

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

13 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Lease liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

Current	209,055	-
Non-current		
Total lease liabilities	209,055	

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. Future minimum lease payments at 30 June 2020 were as follows:

	Minimum lease payments due		
	Within one year	One to two years	Total
30 June 2020	\$	\$	\$
Lease payments	212,945	-	212,945
Finance charges	(3,890)	-	(3,890)
Net present value	209,055	-	209,055
30 June 2019			
Lease payments	-	-	-
Finance charges	-	-	-
Net present value	-	-	-

Additional profit or loss and cash flow information

Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:

	30 June 2020 \$	30 June 2019 \$
Depreciation	237,612	-
Interest expenses on lease	25,384	-
Amounts recognised in the statement of cash flows:		
Repayment of lease liabilities	184,930	-
Interest paid	25,384	-
Amount recognised as part of exploration cost		
payments capitalised	54,926	
Total cash outflow in respect of leases in the year	265,240	-

14 CAPITALISED EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE

	Ф
Balance at 1 July 2018	30,264,494
Expenditure capitalised during the year	1,440,863
Balance at 30 June 2019	31,705,357
Balance at 1 July 2019 Expenditure capitalised during the year Balance at 30 June 2020	31,705,357 880,079 32,585,436

The Directors have considered the requirements of AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, and reviewed the carrying value of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure. Based on this review, the Directors consider the carrying value of each area of interest is supported by the anticipated future value. Furthermore, there are no indicators that the carrying values are impaired as at 30 June 2020.

15 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2020 \$	2019 \$
Current		
Accruals	196,213	186,089
Trade creditors	68,323	41,274
Other payables	18,745_	34,066
Total trade and other payables	283,281	261,429
16 BORROWINGS Current Loan from related party Total borrowings	<u> </u>	50,452 50,452
Non-current		
Loan from third party	377,133	421,028
Loan from related party	761,517	574,441
Total borrowings	1,138,650	995,469

The outstanding loan payable to a third party as at 30 June 2020 is \$377,133 (2019: \$421,028). The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 5%. The facility is not secured. The remaining facility with a third party available as at 30 June 2020 is \$122,867 (2019: \$578,972). The facility was extended to 31 December 2021.

The Company has three loan facilities with related parties, refer to Note 20(a).

The outstanding loan payable to the first related party as at 30 June 2020 is \$113,441 (2019: \$50,452). The agreed interest rate on this unsecured loan is 10%. The facility is not secured. The remaining facility with this related party available as at 30 June 2020 is \$6,559 (2019: \$Nil). The facility was increased to \$120,000 and extended to 31 December 2021 during the reporting period.

The outstanding loan payable to the second related party as at 30 June 2020 is \$648,076 (2019: \$574,441). The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 10%. The facility is not secured. The remaining facility

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

16 BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

with the related party available as at 30 June 2020 is \$51,924 (2019: \$Nil). The facility was increased to \$700,000 and extended to 31 December 2021 during the reporting period.

There is no outstanding loan payable to the third related party as at 30 June 2020 (2019: \$Nil) and the facility is available for use till 31 December 2021. The total facility of the Company with this related party is \$3,500,000 as at 30 June 2020 (2019: \$3,500,000). The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 5%. The facility is not secured.

17 ISSUED CAPITAL	2020		201	9
	Shares	\$	Shares	\$
Ordinary shares fully paid	291,488,952	45,980,034	276,300,997	43,378,192
Movements in ordinary share cap	oital			
Ordinary shares			No. of shares	\$
Balance at 1 July 2018			269,031,700	42,049,157
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	13 November 201	8 at \$0.20	597,443	119,489
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	18 December 201	8 at \$0.22	551,231	121,271
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	18 December 201	8 at \$0.215	2,834,651	609,450
Fully paid ordinary shares issued '	18 April 2019 at \$	0.20	1,211,166	242,233
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	4 June 2019 at \$0).20	1,074,806	214,961
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	18 June 2019 at \$	0.20	1,000,000	200,000
Less costs of issue				(178,369)
Balance at 30 June 2019			276,300,997	43,378,192
Balance at 1 July 2019			276,300,997	43,378,192
Fully paid ordinary shares issued '	11 July 2019 at \$6	0.20	2,500,000	500,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 2	24 July 2019 at \$6	0.20	750,000	150,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued '	16 August 2019 a	t \$0.20	6,500,000	1,300,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	November 2019	at \$0.20	2,659,853	531,971
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	10 December 201	9 at \$0.20	500,000	100,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued	19 December 201	9 at \$0.20	578,102	115,620
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 3	31 January 2020	at \$0.20	500,000	100,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 3	31 March 2020 at	\$0.20	1,200,000	240,000
Less costs of issue				(435,749)
Balance at 30 June 2020			291,488,952	45,980,034

The share capital of Dome Gold Mines consists only of fully paid ordinary shares. All shares are equally eligible to receive dividends and the repayment of capital and represent one vote at the shareholders' meeting of Dome Gold Mines.

18 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Reconciliation of cash		
Cash and cash equivalents	13,642	19,809
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss from ordinary activities after income tax		
Loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(2,003,468)	(1,770,486)
Non-cash flows in loss from ordinary activities		
Depreciation and amortisation	249,202	10,688
Loss on sale of property, plant & equipment	-	240
Changes in other assets and liabilities	(2,282)	25,210
Increase in trade receivables and other assets	(251)	130,839
Increase in trade and other payables	73,333	51,863
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,683,466)	(1,551,646)

19 REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the year, the following services were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the company:

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd		
Audit services	61,500	60,500
Total remuneration of auditor	61,500	60,500

20 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) The Group has loans from related parties as described below.

Loan from related parties		
Beginning of the year	624,893	-
Loans advanced	120,000	600,000
Loan repayments	(46,912)	(209)
Interest withholding tax	-	-
Interest charged	63,536	25,102
End of period	761,517	624,893

The agreed interest on the loans is 10%. The loans are unsecured. An amount of \$113,441 is provided by a member of key management personnel and the remaining \$648,076 is provided by a Company wherein a member of key management personnel is a director. Amounts are repayable in full by 31 December 2021 respectively.

20 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management of the Group are Dome's CEO and members of Board of directors. Key management personnel remuneration is shown in the table below:

personner remuneration is shown in the table below.	2020 \$	2019 \$
Short term employee benefits		
Cash salaries and fees	161,406	311,949
Total short-term employee benefits	161,406	311,949
Post-employment benefits		
Superannuation	6,594	49,996
Total post-employment benefits	6,594	49,996
Share-based payments	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Total remuneration	168,000	361,945

There are no other related party transactions during the year ended 30 June 2020.

21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Minimum tenement expenditure requirements

2020 \$	2019 \$
1,135,556	361,326
2,236,005	3,131,150
3,371,561	3,492,476
	2,236,005

The minimum tenement expenditure requirements are guidelines only by the Mineral Resources Department in Fiji.

SPL 1451 is valid until 12 February 2020, SPL 1495 is valid until 10 February 2022, and SPL 1452 is valid until 26 August 2022.

Additional bond requirements

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Within one year	101,126	-
Between one to five years	50,563	33,548
Total	151,689	33,548
Total	151,689	33,5

Commitments

The Group entered into an agreement with IHC Robbins to undertake a Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) on the Sigatoka Iron Sand Project during December 2018. As at the reporting date the Group's commitment under this arrangement is capped at \$3 million and the Group has the ability to terminate the agreement at any time. In such a situation the Group's commitment will be capped to the extent of work performed by IHC Robbins as of the date of termination. Pursuant to terms of the agreement with IHC Robbins the DFS work was suspended after the first stage of the study, which included commencement of test work, options assessment and reporting, at a cost of \$500,000, which has been paid. The DFS has not yet resumed and there is no further commitment until it does.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Guarantees

The Group has a bank guarantee of \$159,874 (2019: \$159,874), and bond deposits totalling \$102,084 (2019: 102,509) as at 30 June 2020.

There are no other contingent assets or liabilities as at the date of this financial report.

22 SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's management and internal reporting structure.

Transactions with business segments are determined on an arm's length basis.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly income earning assets and revenue, interest bearing loans, borrowings and expenses, and corporate assets and expenses.

Business segments

AUO BEN MELOSIBA OUIM

For the year ended 30 June 2020 the Group principally operated in Fiji in the mineral exploration sector.

The Group has two reportable segments, as described below.

Operating Segment	Ironsand Project \$	Gold Projects \$	Corporate \$	Consolidated total \$
30 June 2019				
Segment revenue				
External revenue Finance income	- 512	- 355	240 4,207	240 5,074
			,	·
Total revenue	512	355	4,447	5,314
Depreciation		-	(10,688)	(10,688)
Segment profit/(loss)	(9,429)	(9,229)	(1,751,828)	(1,770,486)
Segment assets	28,948,207	3,016,007	255,108	32,219,322
Segment liabilities	2,792,985	2,488,139	(3,955,672)	1,325,452
30 June 2020				
Segment revenue				
External revenue	-	-	50,000	50,000
Finance income	942	703	3,394	5,039
Total revenue	942	703	53,394	55,039
Depreciation	<u> </u>	-	(249,202)	(249,202)
Segment profit/(loss)	(10,161)	(8,467)	(1,984,840)	(2,003,468)
Segment assets	29,680,687	3,098,342	385,051	33,164,080
Segment liabilities	3,185,181	2,568,246	(4,089,676)	1,663,751

22 SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of reportable segment profit & loss, assets and liabilities

reconciliation of reportable segment profit & loss	, assets and nabilities	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Loss before tax		
Loss before tax for reportable segment	(18,628)	(18,658)
Other loss before tax unallocated	(1,984,840)	(1,751,828)
Consolidated loss before tax	(2,003,468)	(1,770,486)
Assets		
Total assets for reportable segments	32,779,029	31,964,214
Intercompany eliminations	(6,055,931)	(5,596,878)
Other corporate assets	6,440,982	5,851,986
Consolidated assets	33,164,080	32,219,322
Liabilities		
Total liabilities for reportable segments	5,753,427	5,281,124
Intercompany eliminations	(6,055,931)	(5,596,878)
Other corporate liabilities	1,966,255	1,641,206
Consolidated liabilities	1,663,751	1,325,452

23 PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

As at and throughout the financial year ended 30 June 2020 the parent entity of the Group was Dome Gold Mines Ltd.

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	2020 \$	2019 \$
Net loss for the year	(1,984,374)	(1,751,944)
Other comprehensive income	9,742	164,129
Total comprehensive loss	(1,974,632)	(1,587,815)
Statement of financial position		
Current assets	5,776,050	5,317,576
Non-current assets	27,242,725	26,746,176
Total assets	33,018,775	32,063,752
Current liabilities	498,653	313,320
Non-current liabilities	1,138,650	995,469
Total liabilities	1,637,303	1,308,789
Net assets	31,381,472	30,754,963
Equity		
Issued capital	45,980,034	43,378,192
Accumulated losses	(14,845,634)	(12,860,559)
Foreign currency translation reserve	143,633	133,891
Share option reserve	103,439	103,439
Total equity	31,381,472	30,754,963

The Directors are of the opinion that no contingencies existed at, or subsequent to year end.

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

24 POST-REPORTING DATE EVENTS

Subsequent to the end of the financial year:

Issue of share capital and options

On 24 July 2020 the Company completed a placement of 3,150,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.17 per share to raise \$535,500 and issued 3,150,000 unlisted options at \$0.17 exercise price expiring on 23 July 2023.

Expiration of unlisted options

 On 27 July 2020 the Company advised that 1,500,000 unquoted options granted to directors on 24 November 2017 expired unexercised.

SPL 1495 Sigatoka Iron Sand Project

Due to Covid-19 Pandemic and restrictions of international travel, the Company stood down most staff in Fiji until January 2021 with only one staff working in Fiji office running accounts and administration matters. Other staff can be called to work on casual basis when required. While in Australia, the Company continued to carry out laboratory analysis work for a new mineral resource estimate. The following work was underway subsequent to the end of the period:

- Submission of density test work samples for Sigatoka River, Koroua Island and pending for Club Masa (Kulukulu South)
- Continuation of resource estimation at Club Masa
- Completion of resource estimates and report proposed by end of September

SPL 1451 Ono Island Project

• The SPL expired on 12 February 2020 and the Company submitted a renewal application on 17 February 2020. SPL 1451 was renewed for a further 3-year period on 10 July 2020 from 25 June 2020 to 24 June 2023. The SPL remained in force during the renewal process.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

25 SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars in relation to controlled entities:

	Country of incorporation	Company interest in ordinary shares	
		2020	2019
		%	%
Controlled entities			
Dome Mines Pte Limited	Fiji	100	100
Magma Mines Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Magma Mines Pte Limited	Fiji	100	100

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK

26.1 Risk management objectives and policies

The Group is exposed to various risks in relation to financial instruments. The Group's financial assets and liabilities by category are summarised in note 3.14. The main types of risks are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's risk management is coordinated by management, in close co-operation with the board of directors, and focuses on actively securing the Group's short to medium term cash flows by minimising the exposure to financial markets.

The Group does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Group is exposed are described below.

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to currency risk and certain other price risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities.

26.2 Market risk analysis

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to currency risk, interest rate risk and certain other price risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities.

Foreign currency sensitivity

Most of the Group's transactions are carried out in AUD. Exposures to currency exchange rates arise from the Group's overseas purchases, which are primarily denominated in Fijian dollars (FJD). To mitigate the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, non-AUD cash flows are monitored.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of profit in regards to the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities and the AUD/FJD exchange rate 'all other things being equal'. It assumes a +/- 5% change of the AUD/FJD exchange rate for the year ended 30 June 2019. This percentage has been determined based on the average market volatility in exchange rates in the previous 12 months. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Group's foreign currency financial instruments held at each reporting date and also takes into account forward exchange contracts that offset effects from changes in currency exchange rates.

If the AUD had strengthened against the FJD by 5% (2019: 5%) then this would have had the following impact:

	Profit for the year	Equity
	\$	\$
30 June 2020	-	272,299
30 June 2019	-	250,253

If the AUD had weakened against the FJD by 5% (2019: 5%) then this would have had the following impact:

	Profit for the year	Equity
	\$	\$
30 June 2020	-	(272,299)
30 June 2019	-	(250,253)

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the year depending on the volume of overseas transactions. Nonetheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Group's exposure to currency risk.

26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

26.2 Market risk analysis (continued)

Interest rate sensitivity

Interest risk arises from the use of interest bearing financial instruments. It is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates (interest rate risk).

The Group's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on financing. Borrowings are therefore usually at fixed rates. At 30 June 2020, the Group is not exposed to changes in market interest rates through borrowings as all borrowings are at fixed interest rates.

At 30 June 2020, the Group's exposure to cash flow interest relates primarily to cash at bank of the Group which bears floating rates. The Group is considering investing surplus cash in long term deposits at fixed rates in the future.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following floating financial instruments:

	2020		2019	
	Weighted average interest rate %	Balance \$	Weighted average interest rate %	Balance \$
Cash and cash equivalents	0	13,642	0	19,809

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a 0.5% change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit (through the impact on floating rate financial assets and financial liabilities).

	2020		20	19
	+0.5% \$	-0.5% \$	+0.5% \$	-0.5% \$
Profit/(loss) for the year _	68	(68)	99	(99)

26.3 Credit risk analysis

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge an obligation to the Group. The Group is exposed to this risk for various financial instruments, for example by receivables from other parties, placing deposits etc. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the reporting date, as summarised below:

	2020	2019
Classes of financial assets -	\$	\$
Carrying amounts:		
Cash and cash equivalents	13,642	19,809
Trade and other receivables	21,770	22,663
Bank guarantee deposit	159,874	159,874
Bond deposit	102,084	102,509
Carrying amount	297,370	304,855

26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

26.3 Credit risk analysis (continued)

The Group continuously monitors defaults of other counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on other counterparties are obtained and used. The Group's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

The Group's management considers that all the above financial assets that are not impaired or past due for each of the reporting dates under review are of good credit quality. The Group currently has no receivables from trading therefore is not exposed to credit risk in relation to trade receivables.

None of the Group's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, bank guarantee deposit, bond deposit and tax refunds is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks and government body with high quality external credit ratings.

26.4 Liquidity risk analysis

MIUO BSN IBUOSIBO IO-

Liquidity risk is that the Group might be unable to meet its obligations. The Group manages its liquidity needs by monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for financial liabilities as well as forecast cash inflows and outflows due in day-to-day business. The data used for analysing these cash flows is consistent with that used in the contractual maturity analysis below. Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on the basis of a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a 180-day and a 360-day lookout period are identified monthly. Net cash requirements are compared to available borrowing facilities in order to determine headroom or any shortfalls. This analysis shows that available borrowing facilities are expected to be sufficient over the lookout period.

The Group's objective is to maintain cash and marketable securities to meet its liquidity requirements for 90-day periods at a minimum. This objective was met for the reporting periods. Funding for long-term liquidity needs is additionally secured by an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

The carrying amount of financial liabilities recognised at the reporting date, as summarised below:

30 June 2020	Carrying value	Contractual amount		
		Total	Within one year	Between one to five years
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Borrowings	1,138,650	1,274,014	-	1,274,015
Trade and other payables	316,046	316,046	316,046	-
Lease liability	209,055	209,055	209,055	<u> </u>
Total _	1,663,751	1,799,115	525,101	1,274,015

30 June 2019	Carrying value	С		
	, ,	Total	Within one year	Between one to five years
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Borrowings	1,045,921	1,135,332	55,452	1,079,880
Trade and other payables	279,531	279,531	279,531	
Total	1,325,452	1,414,863	334,983	1,079,880

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

27 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Our objective of capital risk management is to manage capital and safeguard our ability to continue as a going concern, and to generate returns for shareholders. The Group manages its risk exposure of its financial instruments in accordance with the guidance of the Board of Directors. The Group uses different methods to manage and minimise its exposure to risks. These include monitoring levels of interest rates fluctuations to maximise the return of bank balances and the flexing of the gearing ratios. Liquidity risk is monitored through the development of future rolling cash flow forecasts.

The final approval and monitoring of any of these policies is done by the Board which review and agrees on the policies for managing risks.

The primary responsibility to monitor the financial risks lies with the Directors and the Company Secretary under the authority of the Board. The Board approved policies for managing risks including the setting up of approval limits for purchases and monitoring projections of future cash flows.

28 SHARE BASED PAYMENT

During the year ended 30 June 2020, no options were issued in exchange for goods or services provided.

The Group had two share-based payment arrangements in previous years. Both will be settled in equity.

Options were granted to non-executive Directors and contractor respectively under each scheme as part of their remuneration packages. Options were granted for no consideration and carry no dividends or voting rights when exercised. Options under both schemes vest on issue date. Each option allows the holder to purchase one ordinary share at the price determined at grant date.

Share options and weighted average exercise prices are as follows for the reporting periods presented:

	Options issued to directors Weighted average		Options issued to contractors Weighted average	
	Number of shares	exercise price (\$)	Number of shares	exercise price (\$)
Outstanding at 1 July 2017	-	-	-	-
Granted	1,500,000	0.45	1,000,000	0.45
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Expired	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at 30 June 2018 Granted	1,500,000	0.45	1,000,000	0.45
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Expired	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at 30 June 2019 Granted	1,500,000	0.45	1,000,000	0.45
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Expired		-	-	-
Outstanding at 30 June 2020	1,500,000	0.45	1,000,000	0.45
Exercisable at 30 June 2018	1,500,000	0.45	1,000,000	0.45
Exercisable at 30 June 2019	1,500,000	0.45	1,000,000	0.45
Exercisable at 30 June 2020	1,500,000	0.45	1,000,000	0.45

The fair values of options granted were determined using a variation of the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value is appraised at the grant date and excludes the impact of non-market vesting conditions.

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

28 SHARE BASED PAYMENT (CONTINUED)

The following principal assumptions were used in the valuation:

Valuation accumptions	Options issued to	Options issued to
Valuation assumptions	directors	contractors
Grant date	24 November 2017	24 November 2017
Vesting period ends	27 July 2020	31 December 2020
Share price at date of grant	\$0.21	\$0.21
Expected volatility	61.74%	58.44%
Option life	977 days	1,134 days
Dividend yield	-	-
Risk free investment rate	1.92%	1.92%
Weighted average fair value at grant date	\$0.04	\$0.04
Weighted average exercise price at grant date	\$0.45	\$0.45
Exercisable from	24 November 2017	24 November 2017
Exercisable to	27 July 2020	31 December 2020

The underling expected volatility was determined by reference to historical data of the Company's shares over a period of time. No special features inherent to the options granted were incorporated into measurement of fair value.

In total, Nil (2019: Nil) expense was recognised, all of which are related to equity-settled share-based payment transactions, have been included in profit or loss and credited to share option reserve.

29 AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020 (including comparatives) were approved by the board of directors on 24 September 2020.

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

and its controlled entities

Directors' Declaration

The directors of the Company declare that:

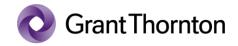
- 1 In the opinion of the Directors of Dome Gold Mines Limited:
 - a) The consolidated financial statements and notes of Dome Gold Mines Limited are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - i Giving a true and fair view of its financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - ii Complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that Dome Gold Mines Limited will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 2 The Directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.
- 3 Note 1 confirms that the consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors

G. G. Lowder Chairman

Dated this 24 September 2020

Sydney



Level 17, 383 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000

Correspondence to: Locked Bag Q800 QVB Post Office Sydney NSW 1230

T +61 2 8297 2400 F +61 2 9299 445 E <u>info.nsw@au.gt.com</u> W www.grantthornton.com.au

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Dome Gold Mines Limited

Report on the audit of the financial report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Dome Gold Mines Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- a giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

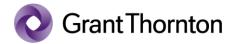
We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 3.16 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of \$2,003,468 during the year ended 30 June 2020, and as of that date, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$453,892. As stated in Note 3.16, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 3.16, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd ACN 130 913 594 a subsidiary or related entity of Grant Thornton Australia Ltd ABN 41 127 556 389 www.grantthornton.com.au

'Grant Thornton' refers to the brand under which the Grant Thornton member firms provide assurance, tax and advisory services to their clients and/or refers to one or more member firms, as the context requires. Grant Thornton Australia Ltd is a member firm of Grant Thornton International Ltd (GTIL). GTIL and the member firms are not a worldwide partnership. GTIL and each member firm is a separate legal entity. Services are delivered by the member firms. GTIL does not provide services to clients. GTIL and its member firms are not agents of, and do not obligate one another and are not liable for one another's acts or omissions. In the Australian context only, the use of the term 'Grant Thornton' may refer to Grant Thornton Australia Limited ABN 41 127 556 389 and its Australian subsidiaries and related entities. GTIL is not an Australian related entity to Grant Thornton Australia Limited.



Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the *Material uncertainty related to going concern* section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Exploration and evaluation assets - Notes 3.7 & 14

At 30 June 2020 the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets was \$32,585,436.

In accordance with AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, the Group is required to assess at each reporting date if there are any triggers for impairment which may suggest the carrying value is in excess of the recoverable value.

There are a number of assumptions made when assessing the recoverability of capitalised costs many times it is hinged upon the future success of projects.

The process undertaken by management to assess whether there are any impairment triggers in each area of interest involves an element of management judgement.

This area is a key audit matter due to the significant judgement involved in determining the existence of impairment triggers.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- obtaining the management reconciliation of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure and agreeing to the general ledger;
- reviewing management's area of interest considerations against AASB 6;
- testing a sample of expenditure capitalised by tracing to underlying support in order to understand the nature of the item and whether the expenditure was attributable to an area of interest, and therefore whether capitalisation was in accordance with the recognition criteria of AASB 6;
- conducting a detailed review of management's assessment of trigger events prepared in accordance with AASB 6 including;
 - tracing projects to statutory registers, exploration licenses and third party confirmations to determine whether a right of tenure existed;
 - enquiring of management regarding their intentions to carry out exploration and evaluation activity in the relevant exploration area, including review of management's budgeted expenditure;
 - understanding whether any data exists to suggest that the carrying value of these exploration and evaluation assets are unlikely to be recovered through development or sale; and
- assessing the appropriateness of the related financial statement disclosures.

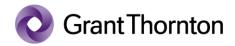
Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of the Directors' for the financial report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar1 2020.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the remuneration report

Opinion on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 28 to 30 of the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2020

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Dome Gold Mines Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2020 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Chartered Accountants

C F Farley

Partner - Audit & Assurance

Sydney, 24 September 2020

ASX Additional Information

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is set out below. The information is effective as at 31 August 2020.

SECURITIES EXCHANGE

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The Home Exchange is Sydney.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The number of substantial shareholders and their associates are set out below:

Shareholder	Number of Shares
Blue Ridge Interactive Limited	45,000,000
Onizaki Corporation	30,000,000
Fleet Market Investments Pty Ltd	19,776,499

THE NUMBER OF HOLDERS IN EACH CLASS OF SECURITIES

The total distribution of fully paid shareholders and Optionholders as at 31 August 2020 was as follows:

Type of security	Number of holders	Number of securities	
Ordinary shares	461	294,638,952	
Unlisted options	20	25,308,243	

CLASS AND VOTING RIGHTS

ALO BEN IBUOSIBÓ JO-

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares, as set out in the Company's Constitution, are that every member in person or by proxy, attorney or representative, shall have one vote on a show of hands and one vote for each share held on a poll.

A member holding partly paid shares is entitled to a fraction of a vote equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid up bears to the issue price for the shares.

Options don't carry voting rights.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS AND OPTIONHOLDERS

The total distribution of fully paid shareholders and unlisted optionholders was as follows:

Range	Total Shareholders	Total Optionholders	
1 - 1,000	13	ı	
1,001 - 5,000	13	•	
5,001 - 10,000	164	•	
10,001 - 100,000	140	-	
100,001 and over	131	20	
Total	461	20	

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

and its controlled entities

ASX Additional Information

LESS THAN MARKETABLE PARCELS

On 31 August 2020, there were 22 holders of less than a marketable parcel of 2,703 ordinary shares.

TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 August 2020, the twenty largest quoted shareholders held 70.69% of the fully paid ordinary shares as follows:

Marria	Ordinary	Shares
Name	Quantity	%
Blue Ridge Interactive Limited	45,000,000	15.27
Onizaki Corporation	30,000,000	10.18
Fleet Market Investments Pty Ltd	19,776,499	6.71
Brave Top Enterprises Ltd	10,500,000	3.56
Globe Street Investments Pty Ltd <frg a="" c="" fund="" superannuation=""></frg>	10,000,000	3.39
Globe Street Investments Pty Ltd <globe a="" c="" investments="" street=""></globe>	10,000,000	3.39
Monex Boom Securities (HK) Ltd <clients account=""></clients>	9,610,759	3.26
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	9,167,152	3.11
Mr Hwaeun Park	8,743,512	2.97
Cybersys Inc	8,000,000	2.72
Tiger Ten Investment Limited	7,292,393	2.48
Primavera	5,000,000	1.70
Thamadia Nominees Pty Ltd <jean a="" c="" fund="" super="" white=""></jean>	5,000,000	1.70
BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd <ib au="" drp="" noms="" retailclient=""></ib>	4,159,416	1.41
Mr Masayuki Kudo	3,973,976	1.35
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	3,687,979	1.25
Mr Katsuji Kato	3,682,720	1.25
Mr Akio Miyashita	3,589,163	1.22
Mr Zhengjian Xu	3,544,782	1.20
Precious Tori Limited	3,375,639	1.15

TWENTY LARGEST OPTIONOLDERS

As at 31 August 2020, there was one optionholder that held 20% or more of the unquoted options.

Nama	Unlisted Options		
Name	Quantity	%	
Diana Development Ltd	7,832,955	30.95	

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

and its controlled entities

ASX Additional Information

ON MARKET BUY BACK

There is no on market buy-back.

ESCROWED SECURITIES

As at 31 August 2020, there were no escrowed securities.

TENEMENTS SCHEDULE

Tenement Location		Holder	Area (Ha)	Expiry Date	Interest %
SPL 1451	Ono Island	Dome Mines Pte Ltd	3,028	24/06/2023	100
SPL 1452	Nadrau	Dome Mines Pte Ltd	33,213	26/08/2022	100
SPL 1495	Sigatoka	Magma Mines Pte Ltd	2,522	11/02/2022	100

Note: Magma Mines Pte Ltd and Dome Mines Pte Ltd, both incorporated in Fiji, are wholly owned subsidiaries of Dome Gold Mines Ltd. All the tenements are located in the Republic of Fiji.

Corporate Directory

ABN 49 151 996 566

Directors

Dr Garry Lowder (Chairman)
Mr Tadao Tsubata (Non-Executive Director)
Ms Sarah Harvey (Non-Executive Director)

Company Secretary

Mr Marcelo Mora

Corporate Office

Suite 4, Level 21, 123 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Registered Office

Suite 4, Level 21, 123 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Auditors

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Level 17, 383 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000

Bankers

National Australia Bank 255 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

Solicitors

Bradfield & Scott Lawyers Level 1, 20 Hunter Street Sydney NSW 2000

DOME GOLD MINES LTD

ABN 49 151 996 566

Suite 4, Level 21, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney NSW 2000 Australia GPO Box 1759 Sydney NSW 2001 Australia

T+61 2 8203 5620 F+61 2 9012 0041

E info@domegoldmines.com.au

W www.domegoldmines.com.au





NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

– and –

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

– and –

PROXY FORM

DATE & TIME OF MEETING: Thursday 12 November 2020 at 11 am

VENUE: Level 21, 123 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000

These documents should be read in their entirety.

If shareholders are in any doubt as to how they should vote, they should seek advice from their professional advisors.



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of members is to be convened at Level 21, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000 on 12 November 2020 at 11 am.

AGENDA

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. Financial Reports for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

To receive and consider the Company's Annual Financial Reports, the Directors' Report and the Auditor's Report for the year ended 30 June 2019.

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions, with or without amendment:

2. Resolution 1 Adoption of the Remuneration Report

'That the Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2020 be and is hereby adopted.'

3. Resolution 2 Re-election of a Director

'That Sarah Harvey having retired in accordance with the Company's Constitution and the Listing Rules, and being eligible, offers himself for re-election, be re-elected as a Director of the Company with immediate effect.'

4. Resolution 3 Ratification of 2,659,853 Shares - Listing Rule 7.4

'That the issue of 2,659,853 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company on 1 November 2019 for \$0.20 per share be and is hereby ratified for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 7.4. as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting'

5. Resolution 4 Ratification of 3,457,807 Unlisted Options - Listing Rule 7.4

'That, for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, Shareholders approve and ratify the grant on 1 November 2019 of 3,457,807 unlisted options in the Company on such terms as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

6. Resolution 5 Ratification of 500,000 Shares - Listing Rule 7.4

'That the issue of 500,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company on 10 December 2019 for \$0.20 per share be and is hereby ratified for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 7.4. as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting'

7. Resolution 6 Ratification of 400,000 Unlisted Options - Listing Rule 7.4

'That, for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, Shareholders approve and ratify the grant on 10 December 2019 of 400,000 unlisted options in the Company on such terms as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

Resolution 7 Ratification of 500,000 Shares - Listing Rule 7.4

'That the issue of 500,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company on 31 January 2020 for \$0.20 per share be and is hereby ratified for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 7.4. as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting'

9. Resolution 8 Ratification of 650,000 Unlisted Options - Listing Rule 7.4

'That, for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, Shareholders approve and ratify the grant on 31 January 2020 of 650,000 unlisted options in the Company on such terms as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'



10. Resolution 9 Ratification of 1,200,000 Shares - Listing Rule 7.4

'That the issue of 1,200,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company on 31 March 2020 for \$0.20 per share be and is hereby ratified for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 7.4. as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting'

11. Resolution 10 Ratification of 960,000 Unlisted Options – Listing Rule 7.4

'That, for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, Shareholders approve and ratify the grant on 31 March 2020 of 960,000 unlisted options in the Company on such terms as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

12. Resolution 11 Ratification of 3,150,000 Shares - Listing Rule 7.4

'That the issue of 3,150,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company on 24 July 2020 for \$0.17 per share be and is hereby ratified for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 7.4. as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting'

13. Resolution 12 Ratification of 3,150,000 Unlisted Options – Listing Rule 7.4

'That, for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, Shareholders approve and ratify the grant on 24 July 2020 of 3,150,000 unlisted options in the Company on such terms as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

14. Resolution 13 Additional capacity to issue securities

'That the additional capacity to issue equity securities up to 10% of the issued capital of the Company as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum attached to this Notice of Meeting be and is hereby approved for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.'

To transact any other business that may be brought forward in accordance with the Company's Constitution.

By order of the Board Marcelo Mora Company Secretary 8 October 2020

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO THE NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

This Explanatory Memorandum has been prepared to assist members to understand the business to be put to members at the Annual General Meeting to be held at Level 21, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW, on Thursday, 12 November 2020 at 11 am Eastern Daylight-Saving Time (EDST).

1. Financial Report

The Financial Report, Directors' Report and Auditor's Report for the Company for the year ended 30 June 2020 will be laid before the meeting. There is no requirement for shareholders to approve these reports, however, the Chairman of the meeting will allow a reasonable opportunity to ask the auditor questions about the conduct of the audit and the content of the Auditor's Report.

2. Resolution 1 Adoption of Remuneration Report

The Remuneration Report, which can be found as part of the Directors' Report in the Company's 2020 Annual Report, contains certain prescribed details, sets out the policy adopted by the Board of Directors and discloses the payments to key management personnel, Directors and senior executives.

In accordance with section 250R of the Corporations Act, a resolution that the Remuneration Report be adopted must be put to the vote. The resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

Shareholders will be given a reasonable opportunity at the meeting to comment on and ask questions about the Company's Remuneration Report.

The Chairman intends to exercise all undirected proxies in favour of Resolution 1. If the Chairman of the Meeting is appointed as your proxy and you have not specified the way the Chairman is to vote on Resolution 1, by signing and returning the Proxy Form, you are considered to have provided the Chairman with an express authorisation for the Chairman to vote the proxy in accordance with the Chairman's intention.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The company will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 1 (in any capacity, whether as proxy or as shareholder) by any of the following persons:

Key Management Personnel and Closely Related Parties of Key Management Personnel.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if it is:

- Cast by a person as a proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with the directions of the proxy form that specifies how the proxy is to vote on Resolution 1; or
- Cast by the chair of the Meeting as proxy or attorney appointed in accordance with the directions of the proxy form for a person who is entitled to vote, and such appointment on the proxy form expressly authorises the chair to exercise the proxy even if the resolution is connected directly with the remuneration report; or
- Cast by a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - The beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting on the resolution; and
 - The holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of advisory Resolution 1.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 1.

3. Resolution 2 Re-election of Ms Sarah Harvey

In accordance with Article 39.1 of the Company's Constitution, a Director must not hold office without re-election past the third Annual General Meeting following the Director's appointment or three years, whichever is longer. A Director who retires in accordance with these requirements is eligible for re-election. Ms Sarah Harvey retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers herself for re-election.

Ms Sarah Harvey is a lawyer who has worked for 15 years in both private practice and in the corporate sector.

In recent years Sarah has been focused on company secretariat services, providing board and director advice in strategic planning and review, due diligence, risk compliance and corporate governance. She holds a BA, LLB.MA (Law) and is a member of the Institute of Governance.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 2.

The Chairman for this Resolution intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 2.

4. Resolution 3 Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 1 November 2019, the Company issued 2,659,853 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share. The shares were issued under the 15% placement capacity under the Listing Rules.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of these shares does not fit within any of these exceptions and, as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities into the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, resolution 3 seeks Shareholder approval to the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

If Resolution 3 is passed, the issue of these shares will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the shares.

If Resolution 3 is not passed, the issue of these shares will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

The Company confirms that the issue of the Placement Shares did not breach Listing Rule 7.1.

Details of the issue, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5 are as follows:

Name of allottees: Kazuko Sekino (not a related party under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11)

Number of securities allotted: 2,659,853 ordinary shares pursuant to Listing Rule 7.1

Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking pari passu with existing fully paid ordinary shares.

Date of issued: The shares were issued on 1 November 2020

Issue price: \$0.20 per share

Intended use of funds:

To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital, ongoing activities and

payment of outstanding liabilities.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 3 by or on behalf of

- Kazuko Sekino or;
- an associate of Kazuko Sekino.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
 - a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 3.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 3.

5. Resolution 4 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 1 November 2019, the Company issued 1,329,926 unlisted Options to Kazuko Sekino as free attaching Options on a 1 for every 2 shares issued on 1 November 2019. In addition, the Company granted 2,127,881 options to Diana Development Ltd and Makoto Agawa as commission for the placement (there were no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.20 and expiry date 1 November 2021.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Annexure A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

If Resolution 4 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 4 are exercised the Company will receive approximately \$691,561 in exercise monies

If Resolution 4 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

Resolution 4 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

Details as requiredby ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees: 1,329,926 options to Kazuko Sekino or its nominee;

797,955 options to Diana Development Ltd or its nominee; and

1,329,926 options to Makoto Agawa (none of whom are related parties to the Company under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and none are material investors as defined in section 7.2 of Guidance

Note 21).

Number of securities to be

allotted: Issue price: 3,457,807 Unlisted Options.

Nil cash consideration

Terms: The full terms and conditions of the Options to be issued under Resolution 4 are set out in

Annexure A.

Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The

options vest on Grant Date and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.

Exercise price: \$0.20 per share

Vesting date: The options vested on Grant Date.

Expiry date: 1 November 2021.

Intended use of funds The Options are free Options and therefore no funds were raised from the issue. Any funds raised

on exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron sand project in Fiji and for general corporate

and working capital purposes.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 4 by or on behalf of

- Kazuko Sekino, Diana Development Ltd and Makoto Agawa or;
- an associate of Kazuko Sekino, Diana Development Ltd and Makoto Agawa.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a
 direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 4. The Chair of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 4.

6. Resolution 5 Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 10 December 2019, the Company issued 500,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share. The shares were issued under the 15% placement capacity under the Listing Rules.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of these shares does not fit within any of these exceptions and, as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities into the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, resolution 5 seeks Shareholder approval to the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

If Resolution 5 is passed, the issue of these shares will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the shares.

If Resolution 5 is not passed, the issue of these shares will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

The Company confirms that the issue of the Placement Shares did not breach Listing Rule 7.1.

Details of the issue, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5 are as follows:

Name of allottees: YNS Ltd (not a related party under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11)

Number of securities allotted: 500,000 ordinary shares pursuant to Listing Rule 7.1

Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking pari passu with existing fully paid ordinary shares.

Date of issued: The shares were issued on 10 December 2019

ssue price: \$0.20 per share

Antended use of funds:

To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital, ongoing activities and

payment of outstanding liabilities.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 5 by or on behalf of

- YNS Ltd or;
- an associate of YNS Ltd.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 5.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 5.

7. Resolution 6 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 10 December 2019, the Company issued 400,000 unlisted Options to to Diana Development Ltd and Makoto Agawa as commission for the shares issued on 10 December 2019 (there were no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.20 and expiry date 10 December 2021.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Annexure A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

If Resolution 6 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 6 are exercised the Company will receive approximately \$80,000 in exercise monies

If Resolution 6 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

Resolution 6 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

Details as requiredby ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees: 150,000 options to Diana Development Ltd or its nominee; and

250,000 options to Makoto Agawa (none of whom are related parties to the Company under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and none are material investors as defined in section 7.2 of

Guidance Note 21).

Number of securities to be allotted: 400,000 Unlisted Options.

Issue price: Nil cash consideration

Terms: The full terms and conditions of the Options to be issued under Resolution 6 are set out in

Annexure A.

Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The options vest on Grant Date and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.

Exercise price: \$0.20 per share

Vesting date: The options vested on Grant Date.

Expiry date: 10 December 2021.

Intended use of funds

The Options are free Options and therefore no funds were raised from the issue. Any funds

raised on exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron sand project in Fiji and for general

corporate and working capital purposes.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 6 by or on behalf of

- Diana Development Ltd and Makoto Agawa or;
- an associate of Diana Development Ltd and Makoto Agawa.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 6.

The Chair of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 6.

8. Resolution 7 Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 31 January 2020, the Company issued 500,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share. The shares were issued under the 15% placement capacity under the Listing Rules.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of these shares does not fit within any of these exceptions and, as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities into the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, resolution 7 seeks Shareholder approval to the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

If Resolution 7 is passed, the issue of these shares will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the shares.

If Resolution 7 is not passed, the issue of these shares will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

The Company confirms that the issue of the Placement Shares did not breach Listing Rule 7.1.

Details of the issue, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5 are as follows:

Name of allottees: Daizo Hara (not a related party under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11)

Number of securities allotted: 500,000 ordinary shares pursuant to Listing Rule 7.1

Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking *pari passu* with existing fully paid ordinary shares.

Date of issued: The shares were issued on 31 January 2020

Issue price: \$0.20 per share

Intended use of funds:

To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital, ongoing activities and

payment of outstanding liabilities.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 7 by or on behalf of

- Daizo Hara or;
- an associate of Daizo Hara.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 7.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 7.

9. Resolution 8 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 31 January 2020, the Company issued 500,000 unlisted Options to Daizo Hara as free attaching Options on a 1 for every 1 shares issued on 31 January 2020. In addition, the Company granted 150,000 options to Diana Development Ltd as commission for the shares issued on 31 January 2020 (there were no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.20 and expiry date 31 January 2022.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Annexure A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

If Resolution 8 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 8 are exercised the Company will receive approximately \$130,000 in exercise monies

If Resolution 8 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

Resolution 8 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

Details as requiredby ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees: 150,000 options to Diana Development Ltd or its nominee; and

500,000 options to Daizo Hara (none of whom are related parties to the Company under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and none are material investors as defined in section 7.2 of

Guidance Note 21).

Number of securities to be allotted: 650,000 Unlisted Options.

Issue price: Nil cash consideration

Terms: The full terms and conditions of the Options to be issued under Resolution 8 are set out in

Annexure A.

Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The options vest on Grant Date and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.

Exercise price: \$0.20 per share

Vesting date: The options vested on Grant Date.

Expiry date: 31 January 2022.

raised on exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron sand project in Fiji and for general

corporate and working capital purposes.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 8 by or on behalf of

- Diana Development Ltd and Daizo Hara or;
- an associate of Diana Development Ltd and Daizo Hara.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 8.

The Chair of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 8.

10. Resolution 9 Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 31 March 2020, the Company issued 1,200,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share. The shares were issued under the 15% placement capacity under the Listing Rules.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of these shares does not fit within any of these exceptions and, as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities into the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, resolution 9 seeks Shareholder approval to the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

If Resolution 9 is passed, the issue of these shares will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the shares.

If Resolution 9 is not passed, the issue of these shares will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

The Company confirms that the issue of the Placement Shares did not breach Listing Rule 7.1.

Details of the issue, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5 are as follows:

Name of allottees: Yoshimi Yamamoto (not a related party under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11)

Number of securities allotted: 1,200,000 ordinary shares pursuant to Listing Rule 7.1

Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking *pari passu* with existing fully paid ordinary shares.

Date of issued: The shares were issued on 31 March 2020

Issue price: \$0.20 per share

Intended use of funds:

To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital, ongoing activities and

payment of outstanding liabilities.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 9 by or on behalf of

- Yoshimi Yamamoto or;
- an associate of Yoshimi Yamamoto.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 9.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 9.

11. Resolution 10 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 31 March 2020, the Company issued 960,000 unlisted Options to to Diana Development Ltd and Makoto Agawa as commission for the shares issued on 31 March 2020 (there were no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.20 and expiry date 31 March 2022.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Annexure A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

If Resolution 10 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 10 are exercised the Company will receive approximately \$192,000 in exercise monies

If Resolution 10 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

Resolution 10 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

Details as requiredby ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees: 360,000 options to Diana Development Ltd or its nominee; and

600,000 options to Makoto Agawa (none of whom are related parties to the Company under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and none are material investors as defined in section 7.2 of

Guidance Note 21).

Number of securities to be allotted: 960,000 Unlisted Options.

Issue price: Nil cash consideration

Terms: The full terms and conditions of the Options to be issued under Resolution 10 are set out in

Annexure A.

Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The options vest on Grant Date and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.

Exercise price: \$0.20 per share

Vesting date: The options vested on Grant Date.

Expiry date: 31 March 2022.

raised on exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron sand project in Fiji and for general

corporate and working capital purposes.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 10 by or on behalf of

- Diana Development Ltd and Makoto Agawa or;
- an associate of Diana Development Ltd and Makoto Agawa.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given
 to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a
 direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 10.

The Chair of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 10.

12. Resolution 11 Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 24 July 2020, the Company issued 3,150,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.17 per share. The shares were issued under the 15% placement capacity under the Listing Rules.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of these shares does not fit within any of these exceptions and, as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities into the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, resolution 11 seeks Shareholder approval to the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

If Resolution 11 is passed, the issue of these shares will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the shares.

If Resolution 11 is not passed, the issue of these shares will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

The Company confirms that the issue of the Placement Shares did not breach Listing Rule 7.1.

Details of the issue, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5 are as follows:

Name of allottees: Yoshimi Yamamoto - 300,000 ordinary shares;

Fumio Tanida - 300,000 ordinary shares; Kana Funaki - 100,000 ordinary shares;

Kazutaka Shimohigoshi - 300,000 ordinary shares;

Daizo Hara 300,000 ordinary shares; Takao Hiwaki - 250,000 ordinary shares; Ikuko Hiwaki - 250,000 ordinary shares; Shuzo Hiwaki - 250,000 ordinary shares; Shinami Hiwiki - 250,000 ordinary shares; Daisei Hiwaki - 250,000 ordinary shares; Katsuji Kato - 300,000 ordinary shares;and Akio Miyashita - 300,000 ordinary shares;

(none are related party under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11)

Number of securities allotted: 3,150,000 ordinary shares pursuant to Listing Rule 7.1

Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking pari passu with existing fully paid ordinary shares.

Date of issued: The shares were issued on 24 July 2020

Issue price: \$0.17 per share

Intended use of funds:

To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital, ongoing activities and

payment of outstanding liabilities.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 11 by or on behalf of

- A person who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a
 direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 11.
The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 11.

13. Resolution 12 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 24 July 2020, the Company issued 3,150,000 unlisted Options to to Diana Development Ltd as commission for the shares issued on 24 July 2020 (there were no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.17 and expiry date 24 July 2023.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Annexure A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 month period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

If Resolution 12 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 12 are exercised the Company will receive approximately \$535,500 in exercise monies

If Resolution 12 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 month period following the issued date.

Resolution 12 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4

Details as requiredby ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees: Diana Development Ltd or its nominee (not a related parties to the Company under Listing

Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and none are material investors as defined in section 7.2 of Guidance

Note 21).

Number of securities to be allotted: 3,150,000 Unlisted Options.

Issue price: Nil cash consideration

Terms: The full terms and conditions of the Options to be issued under Resolution 12 are set out in

Annexure A.

Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The options vest on Grant Date and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.

Exercise price: \$0.17 per share

Vesting date: The options vested on Grant Date.

Expiry date: 24 July 2023.

Intended use of funds The Options are free Options and therefore no funds were raised from the issue. Any funds

raised on exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron sand project in Fiji and for general

corporate and working capital purposes.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 12 by or on behalf of

- Diana Development or;
- an associate of Diana Development Ltd.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 12. The Chair of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 12.

14. Resolution 13 Approval of additional capacity to issue securities

ASX Listing Rule 7.1A enables the Company to issue equity securities up to 10% of its issued share capital through placements over a 12 month period after the AGM ('10% Placement Facility'). The 10% Placement Facility is in addition to the Company's 15% placement capacity under ASX Listing Rule 7.1. Listed entities with a market cap of \$300 million or less are eligible to seek shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1A and the Company's approximate market cap at the time of this Notice of Meeting is \$51.5 million.

Resolution 13, which is a Special Resolution requiring 75% of votes cast to be in favour of the resolution, seeks shareholder approval for the Company to have the ability to issue equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility on the following terms:

(a) Placement Period

Shareholder approval of the 10% Placement Facility is valid from the date of the AGM and expires on the earlier of:

- (i) the date that is 12 months after the date of the AGM; or
- (ii) the date of the approval by shareholders of a transaction under ASX Listing Rules 11.1.2 (a significant change to the nature or scale of activities) or 11.2 (disposal of main undertaking).

(b) Equity Securities

Any equity securities issued under the 10% Placement Facility must be in the same class as an existing quoted class of equity securities of the Company which, in the Company's case, are fully paid ordinary shares.

c) Formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility.

The maximum number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility is calculated as follows:

(A x D) - E

Where: A is the number of fully paid ordinary shares on issue 12 months before the date of issue or agreement:

- (i) plus the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued in the 12 months under an exception in ASX Listing Rule 7.2;
- (ii) plus the number of partly paid ordinary shares that became fully paid in the 12 months;
- (iii) plus the number of fully paid shares issued in the 12 months with approval of holders of shares under Listing Rule 7.1 and 7.4:
- (iii) less the number of fully paid shares cancelled in the 12 months.

D is 10%.

E is the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued or agreed to be issued under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2 in the 12 months before the date of the issue or agreement to issue that are not issued with the approval of shareholders under ASX Listing Rules 7.1 or 7.4.

The current maximum number of shares, as at the date of this notice of meeting, that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility is 28,662,909. The Company's current capacity to issue securities as at the date of the meeting pursuant to listing rule 7.1 is 26,366,704

(d) Minimum Issue Price

The minimum issue price of equity securities issued for the purpose of Listing Rule 7.1.A.3 must be not less than 75% of the volume weighted average price of equity securities in the same class calculated over the 15 trading days on which trades were recorded immediately before:

- (i) the date on which the price at which the equity securities are to be issued is agreed; or
- (ii) if the equity securities are not issued within 5 trading days of the date in paragraph (i) above, the date on which the equity securities are issued.
- e) Risk of Economic and Voting Dilution

If Resolution 13 is approved by shareholders and the Company issues equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility, the existing shareholders' voting power in the Company will be diluted as shown in the table below. Further, there is a risk that:

- (i) the market price for the Company's equity securities may be significantly lower on the date of the issue of the equity securities than on the date of the AGM; and
- (ii) the equity securities may be issued at a price that is at a discount to the market price for the Company's equity securities on the issue date.

Because variable A in the formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility, and consequently the number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility, can change during the Placement Period, the table below shows a matrix of scenarios of the potential dilution of existing shareholders as at the date of the AGM on the basis of:

- (i) the issue price of equity securities being the current approximate market price of fully paid ordinary shares, plus 50% and minus 50%; and
- (ii) the maximum number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility in accordance with the definition of Variable A in the formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility increasing by 50% and 100%.

	Variable A in		Issue Price and Funds Raised		
/_/	10% Placement Facility under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2	Voting Dilution and Placement Facility Capacity	50% Decrease in Current Approximate Market Price \$0.088	Current Approximate Market Price \$0.175*	50% Increase in Current Approximate Market Price \$0.263
	Current Variable A 294,638,956 shares	10% 29,463,896 Shares	\$2,578,091	\$5,156,182	\$7,734,273
	50% increase in current Variable A 441,958,434 shares	13.0% 44,195,843 Shares	\$3,867,136	\$7,734,273	\$11,601,409
	100% increase in current Variable A 589,277,912 shares	16.7% 58,927,791 shares	\$5,156,182	\$10,312,363	\$15,468,545

The current approximate market price of \$0.175 was the closing price as at 22 September 2020.

As an example, if variable A is increased to 589,277,912 shares, the 10% Placement Facility capacity is 58,927,791 shares and therefore the dilution of existing shares as at the date of the AGM, being 294,638,956 shares, is calculated as:

 $58,927,791 \div (294,638,956 + 58,927,791) = 16.7\%$

(f) Other Matters

The approval under Listing Rule 7.1A ceases to be valid in the event that shareholders approve a transaction under Listing Rule

The Company may issue equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility for cash consideration to support the Company's exploration program in Fiji, ongoing activities and working capital or non-cash consideration for the acquisition of compatible business opportunities which may arise. In such circumstances the Company will provide a valuation of the non-cash consideration as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.

The Company's allocation policy is dependent on the prevailing market conditions at the time of any proposed issue pursuant to the 10% Placement Facility. As there is no issue currently proposed, the identity of the allottees is not currently known and will be determined on a case-by-case basis at the time of allotment, having regard to factors including, but not limited to, the following:

- the methods of raising funds that are available to the Company, including but not limited to, rights issues or other issues in which existing security holders can participate;
- (ii) the effect of the issue of the equity securities on the control of the Company:
- (iii) the financial situation and solvency of the Company; and
- (iv) advice from corporate, financial and broking advisers (if applicable).

The allottees under the 10% Placement Facility have not currently been determined but may include existing substantial shareholders and/or new shareholders who are not related parties or associates of a related party of the Company.

The Company obtained Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1A at its 2019 Annual General Meeting, but no equity securities have been issued under the 10% Placement Facility during the past 12 months.

The Company issued a total of 16,627,660 equity securities made up of 8,009,853 ordinary fully paid shares and 8,617,807 unlisted options in the 12 month preceding the date of this Notice of Annual General Meeting which based on the number of Equity Securities on issue at the commencement of that period represents 5.09% of the Company's Equity Securities.

Further details of the issues of Equity Securities by the Company during the 12 months period preceding the date of the meeting are set out in Appendix "B" on page 17 of this Explanatory Memorandum.

Information relating to the issue of Equity Securities in the preceding 12 months is as follows:

Number of securities issued: 8,009,853;

Class of securities issued: Ordinary fully paid shares;

Issued of the Securities: To professional and sophisticated investors;

Issue price: 2,659,853 shares were issued at \$0.20 per share and the closing price on the date of the

issue was \$0.19 per share;

500,000 shares were issued at \$0.20 per share and the closing price on the date of the

issue was \$0.195 per share;

500,000 shares were issued at \$0.20 per share and the closing price on the date of the

issue was \$0.20 per share;

1,200,000 shares were issued at \$0.20 per share and the closing price on the date of the

issue was \$0.195 per share;

3,150,000 shares were issued at \$0.17 per share and the closing price on the date of the

issue was \$0.19 per share;

• The issue was for cash: The total cash consideration received was \$1,507,470 before costs and was used for

exploration activities at Sigatoka, for working capital and payment of ongoing activities

and liabilities.

Number of securities issued: 8,617,807;

Class of securities issued: Unlisted Options;

Issued of the Securities: To professional and sophisticated investors

Issue price: Nil cash consideration

The issue was for cash:
 No funds were raised by the issue of these options.

∀oting Exclusion:

The Company will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 13 by any person who is expected to participate in, or who will obtain a material benefit as a result of, the proposed issue (except a benefit solely by reason of being a holder of ordinary securities in the entity).

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of the resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions
 given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 13.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 13.

Annexure "A"

OPTIONS TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- The maximum number of options to be issued is set by the Board.
- 2. Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one ordinary share (Share) in Dome Gold Mines Ltd, at an exercise price of \$0.20 or \$0.17 per Option, expiring 24 months from the date of issue (Expiry Date).
- 3. The Options may be exercised at any time prior to the Expiry Date wholly or in part by delivering a duly completed form of notice of exercise together with payment of the exercise price per Option exercised to the Company.
- 4. The Options expire at 5pm Eastern Standard Time on the Expiry Date.

||UO BSN ||BUOSJBQ JO=

- 5. Any Options not exercised on or before the Expiry Date will automatically lapse.
- 6. All Shares allotted on the exercise of Options will rank equally in all respects with the Company's then existing ordinary fully paid ordinary shares.
- 7. The Options must not be assigned, transferred or otherwise dealt with except with the approval of the Board or in the case of a takeover offer or a Scheme of Arrangement.
- The Options will not be listed on The Australian Securities Exchange (ASX), although the Company will apply for the official quotation of any shares which are issued as a result of an exercise of Options.
- Shares allotted and issued pursuant to the exercise of Options will be allotted and issued not more than 10 business days after receipt of a properly executed notice of exercise of the Options and payment of the requisite application moneys.
- 10. There are no participating rights or entitlements inherent in the Options and holders will not be entitled to participate in new issues of capital offered or made to shareholders during the currency of the Options unless they exercise their Options prior to the date for determining entitlements to participate in any such issue.
- 11. There will be no change to the exercise price of the Options or the number of Shares over which the Options are exercisable in the event of the Company making a pro rata issue of shares or other securities to the holders of ordinary shares in the Company.
- 12. In the event of any reorganisation of the issued capital of the Company on or prior to the Expiry Date, the rights of an option-holder will be changed to the extent necessary to comply with the applicable ASX Listing Rules applying to a reorganisation of capital at the time of the reorganisation, including the number of Options held, the number of securities to be issued on exercise of the Options, the exercise price, the due date for payment and the consequences of non-payment.
- 13. The Options are transferable provided the holder has obtained the prior written consent of the Board to the transfer and the transfer complies with section 707(3) of the Corporations Act.

Appendix "B" Issue of Equity Securities since 14 November 2019

Date	Number of Equity Securities	Class of Equity Securities and summary of terms	Names of recipients or basis on which recipients determined	Issue price of Equity Securities and discount to market price on the trading day prior to the issue	Form of Consideration
1 November 2019	2,659,853	Ordinary shares	Kazuko Sekino	\$0.20 Represent a premium of 5.3% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$531,970 was used to further advance the exploration program in Fiji and working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.
10 December 2019	500,000	Ordinary shares	YNS Ltd	\$0.20 Represent a premium of 2.6% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$100,000 was used to further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.
31 January 2020	500,000	Ordinary shares	Daizo Hara	\$0.20 The shares were issued at no discount to the market price	Cash consideration of \$100,000 was used to further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.
31 March 2020	1,200,000	Ordinary shares	Yoshimi Yamamoto	\$0.20 Represent a premium of 5.2% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$240,000 was used to further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.
24 July 2020	3,150,000	Ordinary shares	Yoshimi Yamamoto; Fumio Tanida; Kana Funaki; Kazutaka Shimohigoshi; Daizo Hara; Takao Hiwaki; Ikuko Hiwaki; Shuzo Hiwaki; Shinami Hiwiki; Daisei Hiwaki; Katsuji Kato; and Akio Miyashita.	\$0.17 Represent a discount of 10.5% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$535,500 was used to further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.

The Company has spent 99% of the cash raised from the placements on advancing the exploration program of its tenements in Fiji and in working capital including payment of liabilities.

Appendix "B"

Issue of Equity Securities since 14 November 2019

Date	Number of Equity Securities	Class of Equity Securities and summary of terms	Names of recipients or basis on which recipients determined	Issue price of Equity Securities and discount to market price on the trading day prior to the issue	Form of Consideration
1 November 2019	3,457,807	Unlisted options	Kazuko Sekino Diana Development Ltd Makoto Agawa	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid
10 December 2019	400,000	Unlisted options	Diana Development Ltd Makoto Agawa	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid
31 January 2020	650,000	Unlisted options	Diana Development Ltd Daizo Hara	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid
31 March 2020	960,000	Unlisted options	Diana Development Ltd Makoto Agawa	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid
24 July 2020	3,150,000	Unlisted options	Diana Development Ltd	Nil consideration	No funds were raised and no non-cash cash consideration paid

DOME GO	OLD MINES	LTD (ACN 151 996 56	(6) PROXY FORM			
Sharehold	der:					
I/We being	g a member/	s of Dome Gold Mines	Ltd and entitled to attend and vote HERE	BY APPOIN	Т	
	the Chairma	an of the Meeting (mar	k box)			
OR if you	are not app	pointing the Chair of the	ne Meeting as your proxy, please write t	he name of	the person o	r body corporate
(excluding	the register	red shareholder) you a	re appointing as your proxy below			·
my/our Pro directions Mines Ltd	oxy to act g have been g	enerally at the meeting	ned, or if no individual or body corporate g on my/our behalf and to vote in accord permitted by law, as the proxy sees fit) at Sydney, NSW, 2000 on Thursday 12 Nov	lance with the the Annual C	e following d Jeneral Meeti	irections (or if no ng of Dome Gold
The Proxy	is directed	by me/us to vote as inc	licated by the marks in the appropriate vo	oting boxes b	elow:	
RES	SOLUTIONS	5		FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN
1.	Adoption of	of the Remuneration R	eport			
2.	Re-electio	on of Sarah Harvey				\Box
3.	Ratificatio	n of prior issue 2,659,8	353 ordinary shares		一	
4.	Ratificatio	n of prior issue 3,457,8	307 unlisted options			
5.	Ratificatio	n of prior issue 500,00	0 ordinary shares			
6.	Ratificatio	n of prior issue 400,00	0 unlisted options		一	
7.	Ratificatio	n of prior issue 500,00	0 ordinary shares	一	一	\Box
8.	Ratificatio	n of prior issue 650,00	0 unlisted option	一	一	\Box
9.	Ratificatio	n of prior issue 1,200,0	000 ordinary shares			一
10.	Ratificatio	n of prior issue 960,00	0 unlisted options		H	一
11.	Ratificatio	n of prior issue 3,150,0	000 ordinary shares	一		一
12.	Ratificatio	n of prior issue 3,150,0	000 unlisted options			一
13.	Approval a	additional capacity to is	ssue equity securities		H	
The Chair	man of the	Meeting is authorise	ed to exercise undirected proxies on r	emuneration	n related ma	tter (Resolution
by default, respect of connected includes th The Chair If you have and you w	by signing Resolution I directly or in the Chairman of the appointed tish to give t	and submitting this form 1 (except where I/we ndirectly with the remund. Meeting intends to we the Chairman of the Mehe Chairman specific was a second control of the Mehe Chairman specific was a second control of the Mehe Chairman specific was a second control of the Mehe Chairman specific was a second control of the Mehe Chairman specific was a second control of the Mehee Chairman specific was a second control of the Chairma	ne Meeting as my/our proxy or the Chairm I/we expressly authorise the Chairman e have indicated a different voting intendentation of a member of key management of the all undirected proxies in favour of exeting as your proxy (or the Chairman of the voting directions on an item, you should me vote for, against or to abstain from voting	of the Meetin ntion above) personnel for each resolution me Meeting be mark the appropriate the pro-	ng to exercise even though r Dome Gold on (includine ecomes your	e my/our proxy in Resolution 1 is Mines Ltd, which g Resolution 1). proxy by default),
			em, you are directing your proxy not to vo lculating the required majority if a poll is c		half on a sho	ow of hands or on
PLEASE S	SIGN HERE	- This section <i>must</i> be implemented.	be signed in accordance with the instruct	tions overleat	to enable yo	our directions to
Individua	al or Security	yholder 1	Securityholder 2	Security	holder 3	
X						
	ector and mpany Secr	etary	Director	Director	/Company S	ecretary
Dated: _	// 202	20				

1 Appointment of a Proxy

If you wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy, mark the box. If the individual or body corporate you wish to appoint as your proxy is someone other than the Chairman of the Meeting please write the full name of that individual or body corporate in the space provided. If you leave this section blank, or your named proxy does not attend the meeting, the Chairman of the Meeting will be your proxy. A proxy need not be a securityholder of the company.

2 Votes on Items of Business

You may direct your proxy how to vote by placing a mark in one of the three boxes opposite each item of business. All your securities will be voted in accordance with such a direction unless you indicate only a portion of voting rights are to be voted on any item by inserting the percentage or number of securities you wish to vote in the appropriate box or boxes. If you do not mark any of the boxes on a given item, your proxy may vote as he or she chooses. If you mark more than one box on an item your vote on that item will be invalid.

3 Voting restrictions

Any member of the key management personnel of the Company's consolidated group whose remuneration details are included in the Remuneration Report (or a closely related party of any such member), may not vote, and the Company will disregard the votes cast by such persons on Resolution 1, unless the vote is cast:

- as a proxy appointed in writing which specifies how the proxy is to vote on Resolution1; or
- the proxy is the Chairman of the meeting, and:
 - the appointment does not specify the way the proxy is to vote on the resolution; and
 - the appointment expressly authorises the Chairman to exercise the proxy even if the resolution is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of the key management personnel.

Appointment of a Second Proxy

You are entitled to appoint up to two proxies to attend the meeting and vote on a poll. If you wish to appoint a second proxy, an additional Proxy Form may be obtained by telephoning the company or you may copy this form.

To appoint a second proxy you must:

- (a) on each of the first Proxy Form and the second Proxy Form state the percentage of your voting rights or number of securities applicable to that form. If the appointments do not specify the percentage or number of votes that each proxy may exercise, each proxy may exercise half your votes. Fractions of votes will be disregarded.
- (b) return both forms together.

Signing Instructions

You must sign this form as follows in the spaces provided:

Individual: where the holding is in one name, the holder must sign.

Joint Holding: where the holding is in more than one name, all of the securityholders should sign.

Power of Attorney: to sign under Power of Attorney, you must have already lodged this document with the registry or the Company. If you have not previously lodged this document for notation, please attach a certified photocopy of the Power of Attorney to this form when you return it.

Companies: where the company has a Sole Director who is also the Sole Company Secretary, this form must be signed by that person. If the company (pursuant to section 204A of the Corporations Act 2001) does not have a Company Secretary, a Sole Director can also sign alone. Otherwise this form must be signed by a Director jointly with either another Director or a Company Secretary. Please indicate the office held by signing in the appropriate place.

6 Persons entitle to attend and vote

The Company has determined, in accordance with regulation 7.11.37 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth), that the Company's shares quoted on the ASX Limited at 7.00 pm Sydney time on 10 November 2020 are taken, for the purposes of the Annual General Meeting to be held by the persons who held them at that time. Accordingly, those persons are entitled to attend and vote (if not excluded) at the meeting.

If a representative of a corporate Securityholder or proxy is to attend the meeting the appropriate "Certificate of Appointment of Corporate Representative" should be produced prior to admission. A form of the certificate may be obtained from the company's share registry.

Lodgment of a Proxy

This Proxy Form (and any Power of Attorney under which it is signed) must be received at an address given below no later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting.

Documents may be lodged:

IN PERSON: Registered Office – Level 21, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia

BY MAIL: GPO Box 1759, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia

BY FAX: +61 2 9241 2013

BY E-MAIL: info@domegoldmines.com.au