

ASX Announcement

5 November 2018

ASX Code: KSN

Share Price: A\$0.02

Shares Outstanding: 1,223,198,383

Market Capitalisation: A\$26.9m

Cash: A\$5.0m (30 Sept 2018)

Board and Management

Anthony Wehby

Chairman

Andrew Corbett

Managing Director

Mick Wilkes

Non-Executive Director

Andrew Paterson

Technical Director

Stuart Rechner

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Kingston hits 4m at 76.25 g/t Gold at Livingstone

Highlights

- Latest assay results from Livingstone drilling add both scale and grade
- Best intercepts include:
 - 4m @ 76.25 g/t Au from 88m in KLAC206
 - 28m @ 2.26 g/t Au from surface,
 - including 8m @ 5.57g/t from surface in KLAC198
- Mineralisation extends over 1km and remains open along strike and at depth
- Next phase of RC Drilling planned in Q1 2019 to define further mineralisation

Kingston Resources Limited ('Kingston' 'the Company') (ASX: KSN) is pleased to report more outstanding assays from drilling at the 75%-owned Livingstone Gold Project, WA.

Assays results for the 4m composite samples have been received from the final 36 holes for the Kingsley prospect (Figure 1/Table 1). Highlights include:

- 4m @ 76.25 g/t Au from 88m in KLAC206
- 4m @ 3.49 g/t Au from 4m & 24m @ 1.06g/t Au from 24m in KLAC184
- 28m @ 2.26 g/t Au from surface,
 - including 8m @ 5.57 g/t from surface in KLAC198
- 16m @ 1.95 g/t Au from 56m,
 - including 4m @ 5.72 g/t from 56m in KLAC186
- 16m @ 1.59 g/t Au from 16m,
 - including 4m @ 3.42 g/t Au from 16m in KLAC189
- 16m @ 1.41 g/t Au from 24m,
 - including 4m @ 3.03 g/t Au in KLAC199

Drilling at the Kingsley prospect has now defined mineralisation over 1km of strike with final assay results confirming a number of sub-parallel mineralised lodes striking west-northwest and dipping steeply to the south. The mineralisation remains open along strike, to the north and at depth. The approvals process has begun for the next round of RC drilling program and is being planned at Kingsley in the first quarter of 2019.

Kingston Resources Limited Managing Director, Andrew Corbett said: "With each stage of work completed at Livingstone, the project continues to improve in both scale and grade. What is particularly encouraging is we are getting broad sections of mineralisation from surface, and at relatively shallow depths. To be assaying 4m at 76.25 g/t gold at 88 metres is one of just many positive highlights. In the first quarter of 2019, we will kick off an extensive RC drill program at Livingstone and that will target predominantly Kingsley. Our exploration activities in Western Australia are complementing the multi-faceted exploration program that is ongoing at the flagship 2.8 Moz Misima Gold project[^] in Papua New Guinea."

[^]Refer Table 2

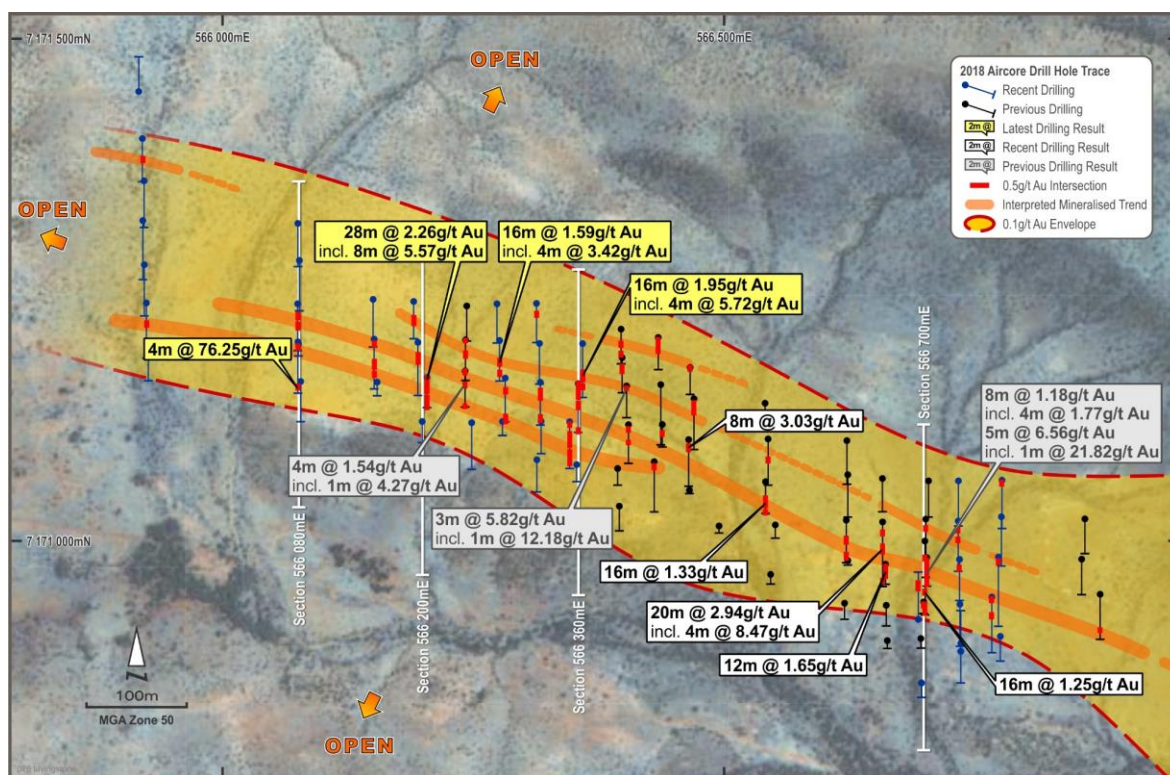


Figure 1: Kingsley Prospect map showing all drilling and interpreted mineralised trends.

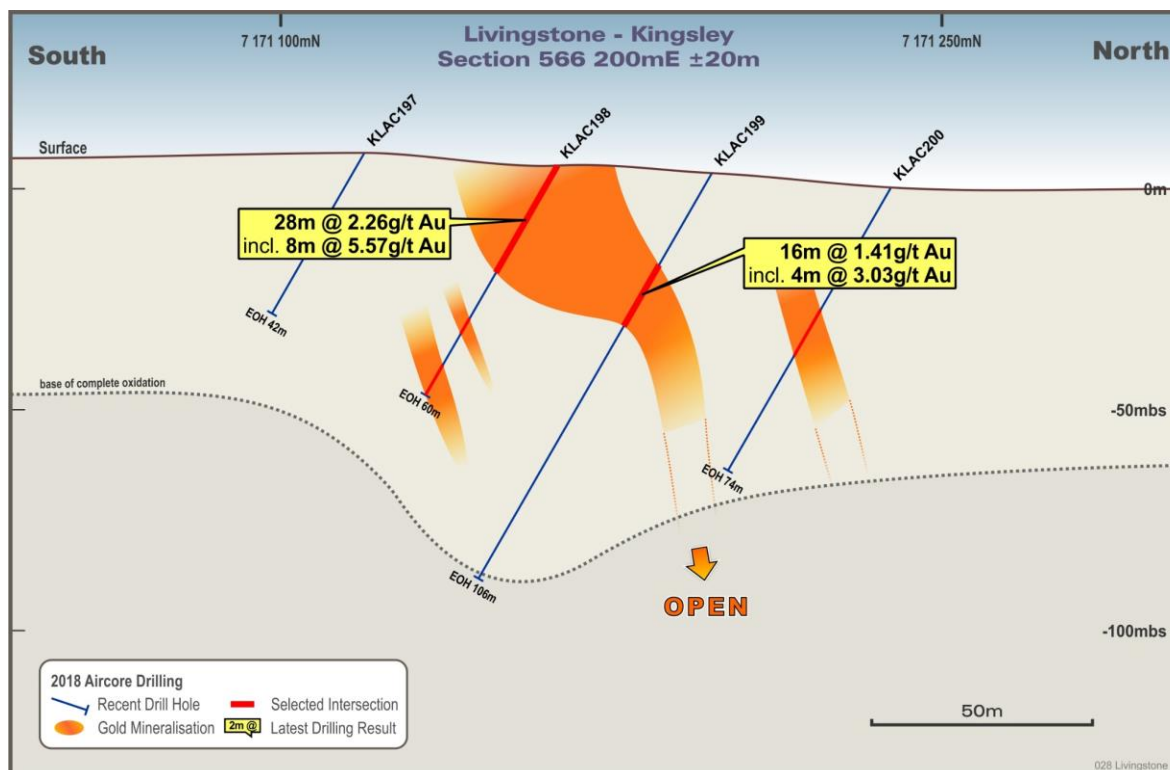


Figure 2: Section 566200mE. Drilled 120m east along strike of section 566080mE, with mineralisation open to the north and at depth.

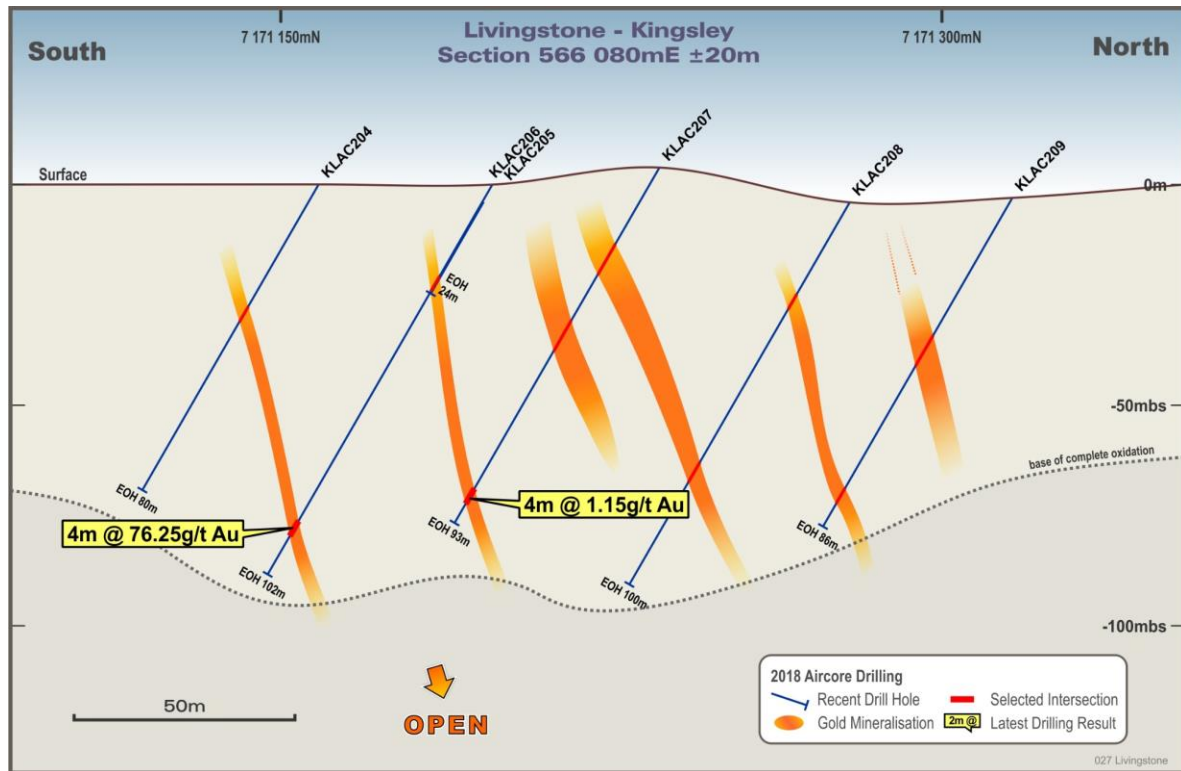


Figure 3: Section 566080mE. 4m @ 76.25 g/t within the transitional zone, with mineralisation open to the north and at depth.

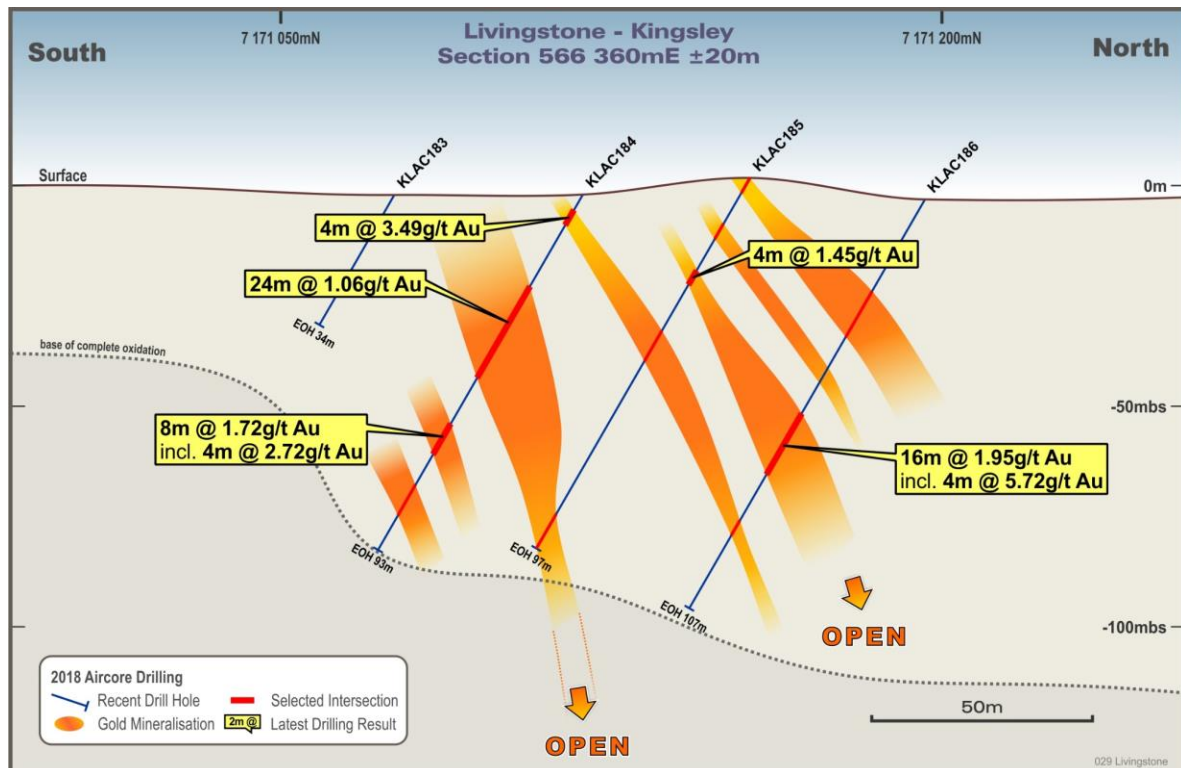


Figure 4: Section 566360mE. Drilled 160m east along strike of section 566200mE, with mineralisation open to the north and at depth.

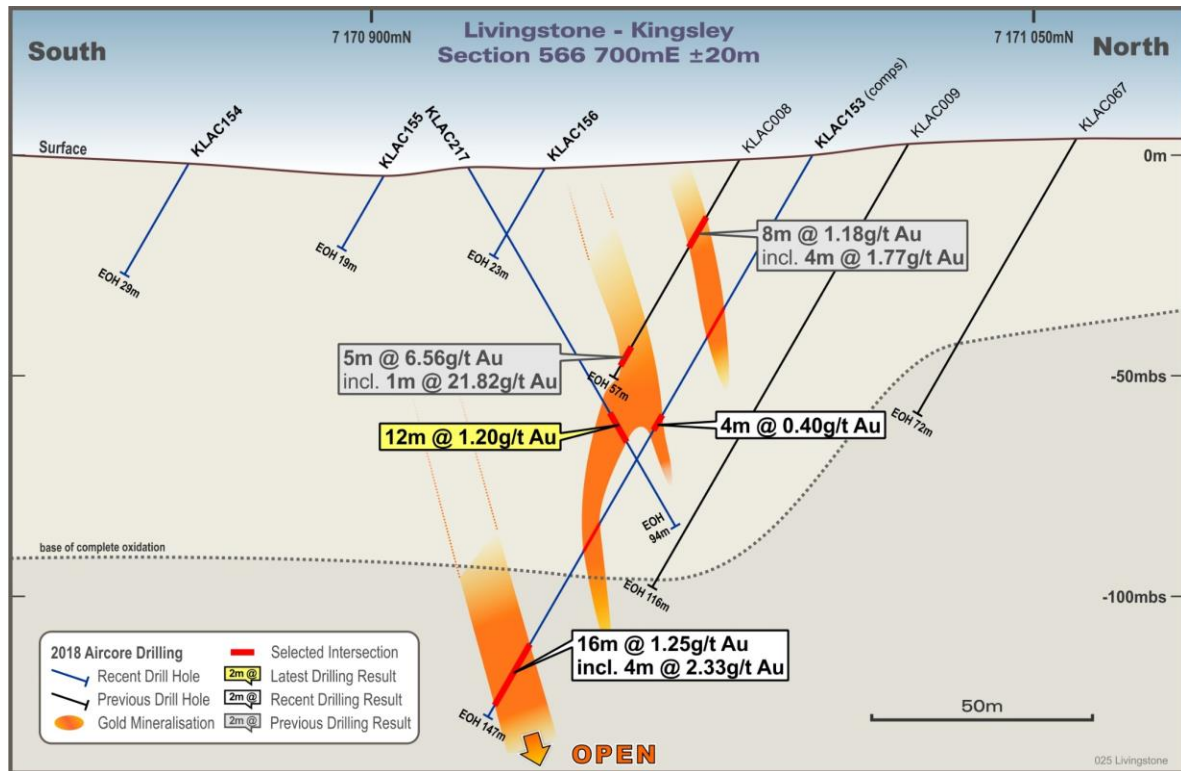


Figure 5: Section 566700mE. Drilled 340m east along strike of section 566360mE, with mineralisation at depth.

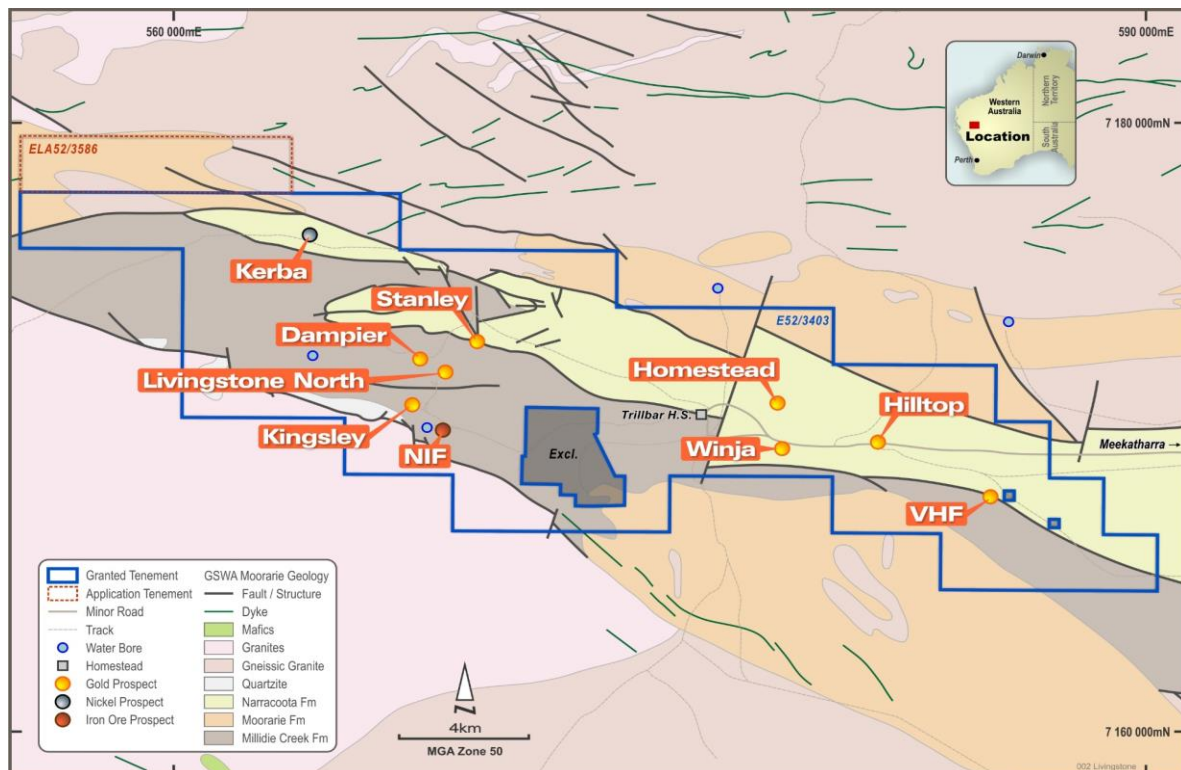


Figure 6: Livingstone prospects occur along a prospective strike length of over 30km.

Table 1: Significant intersections 4m composites >0.5g/t Au including a maximum of 4m internal dilution.

| Hole ID | East MGA94_50 | North MGA94_50 | RL | Depth | Dip | Azimuth | From | To | Width | Au g/t |
|----------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------|-------------|
| KLAC183 | 566353 | 7171076 | 493 | 34 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC184 | 566346 | 7171119 | 493 | 93 | -60 | 180 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 3.49 |
| and | | | | | | | 24 | 48 | 24 | 1.06 |
| and | | | | | | | 60 | 68 | 8 | 1.72 |
| including | | | | | | | 60 | 64 | 4 | 2.72 |
| and | | | | | | | 76 | 84 | 8 | 0.63 |
| KLAC185 | 566354 | 7171157 | 497 | 97 | -60 | 180 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0.52 |
| and | | | | | | | 12 | 16 | 4 | 0.51 |
| and | | | | | | | 24 | 28 | 4 | 1.45 |
| and | | | | | | | 40 | 48 | 8 | 0.56 |
| and | | | | | | | 92 | 96 | 4 | 1.76 |
| KLAC186 | 566359 | 7171196 | 492 | 107 | -60 | 180 | 56 | 72 | 16 | 1.95 |
| including | | | | | | | 56 | 60 | 4 | 5.72 |
| and | | | | | | | 64 | 68 | 4 | 0.80 |
| and | | | | | | | 84 | 88 | 4 | 0.51 |
| KLAC187 | 566313 | 7171081 | 498 | 64 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC188 | 566318 | 7171119 | 499 | 64 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC189 | 566317 | 7171158 | 499 | 85 | -60 | 180 | 16 | 32 | 16 | 1.59 |
| including | | | | | | | 16 | 20 | 4 | 3.42 |
| and | | | | | | | 68 | 76 | 8 | 1.78 |
| KLAC190 | 566316 | 7171197 | 495 | 81 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC191 | 566313 | 7171236 | 493 | 78 | -60 | 180 | 20 | 24 | 4 | 0.67 |
| KLAC192 | 566279 | 7171119 | 495 | 28 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC193 | 566282 | 7171162 | 495 | 87 | -60 | 180 | 24 | 28 | 4 | 0.55 |
| and | | | | | | | 76 | 87 (EOH) | 11 | 1.42 |
| including | | | | | | | 86 | 87 (EOH) | 1 | 2.84 |
| KLAC194 | 566276 | 7171200 | 493 | 81 | -60 | 180 | 40 | 48 | 8 | 0.58 |
| and | | | | | | | 64 | 68 | 4 | 1.55 |
| KLAC195 | 566274 | 7171236 | 493 | 78 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC196 | 566248 | 7171118 | 499 | 93 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC197 | 566199 | 7171119 | 503 | 42 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC198 | 566204 | 7171163 | 500 | 60 | -60 | 180 | 0 | 28 | 28 | 2.26 |
| including | | | | | | | 0 | 8 | 8 | 5.57 |
| and | | | | | | | 40 | 44 | 4 | 0.80 |
| and | | | | | | | 52 | 60 (EOH) | 8 | 0.76 |
| KLAC199 | 566195 | 7171198 | 499 | 106 | -60 | 180 | 24 | 40 | 16 | 1.41 |
| including | | | | | | | 24 | 28 | 4 | 3.03 |
| KLAC200 | 566191 | 7171238 | 495 | 74 | -60 | 180 | 32 | 44 | 12 | 0.52 |
| KLAC201 | 566154 | 7171158 | 495 | 27 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------------------|-----------|----------|--------------|
| KLAC202 | 566151 | 7171201 | 496 | 99 | -60 | 180 | 8 | 12 | 4 | 1.36 |
| and | | | | | | | 44 | 56 | 12 | 1.19 |
| and | | | | | | | 68 | 72 | 4 | 4.91 |
| KLAC203 | 566150 | 7171240 | 506 | 95 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC204 | 566078 | 7171159 | 495 | 80 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC205 | 566076 | 7171196 | 491 | 24 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC206 | 566075 | 7171198 | 495 | 102 | -60 | 180 | 88 | 92 | 4 | 76.25 |
| KLAC207 | 566075 | 7171236 | 499 | 93 | -60 | 180 | 20 | 28 | 8 | 0.67 |
| and | | | | | | | 40 | 48 | 8 | 0.67 |
| and | | | | | | | 84 | 88 | 4 | 1.15 |
| KLAC208 | 566076 | 7171279 | 491 | 100 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC209 | 566075 | 7171316 | 492 | 86 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC210 | 565926 | 7171195 | 494 | 71 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC211 | 565924 | 7171237 | 495 | 110 | -60 | 180 | 40 | 44 | 4 | 0.83 |
| KLAC212 | 565922 | 7171275 | 497 | 102 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC213 | 565920 | 7171319 | 496 | 117 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC214 | 565922 | 7171358 | 498 | 93 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC215 | 565920 | 7171401 | 499 | 86 | -60 | 180 | 40 | 44 | 4 | 1.75 |
| KLAC216 | 565916 | 7171447 | 497 | 69 | -60 | 0 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC217 | 566694 | 7170922 | 484 | 94 | -60 | 0 | 60 | 72 | 12 | 1.20 |
| KLAC218 | 566736 | 7170898 | 488 | 79 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC219 | 566736 | 7170890 | 488 | 81 | -60 | 0 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC220 | 566735 | 7170937 | 490 | 84 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC221 | 566735 | 7170982 | 516 | 82 | -60 | 180 | 16 | 20 | 4 | 0.80 |
| KLAC222 | 566733 | 7171020 | 492 | 100 | -60 | 180 | 16 | 20 | 4 | 1.06 |
| and | | | | | | | 36 | 40 | 4 | 0.57 |
| KLAC223 | 566734 | 7171060 | 487 | 90 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC224 | 566775 | 7170905 | 503 | 49 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC225 | 566767 | 7170944 | 521 | 111 | -60 | 180 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 0.76 |
| and | | | | | | | 36 | 40 | 4 | 0.69 |
| KLAC226 | 566773 | 7170984 | 479 | 138 | -60 | 180 | 8 | 12 | 4 | 0.86 |
| KLAC227 | 566776 | 7171024 | 485 | 98 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC228 | 566777 | 7171060 | 492 | 96 | -60 | 180 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 0.95 |
| KLAC229 | 567382 | 7172299 | 516 | 47 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC230 | 567379 | 7172448 | 505 | 24 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC231 | 567543 | 7172353 | 485 | 51 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC232 | 567542 | 7172445 | 494 | 22 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC233 | 567703 | 7172146 | 538 | 58 | -60 | 180 | 28 | 36 | 8 | 0.75 |
| and | | | | | | | 57 | 58 (EOH) | 1 | 1.16 |
| KLAC234 | 567707 | 7172344 | 524 | 73 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC235 | 567704 | 7172421 | 509 | 37 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC236 | 567859 | 7172102 | 500 | 38 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC237 | 567852 | 7172154 | 501 | 34 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--------|---------|-----|----|-----|-----|------------------------|----|---|------|
| KLAC238 | 566121 | 7172220 | 505 | 43 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC239 | 566117 | 7172299 | 524 | 55 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC240 | 566121 | 7172376 | 514 | 31 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC241 | 565963 | 7172302 | 499 | 58 | -60 | 180 | 28 | 32 | 4 | 0.83 |
| <i>and</i> | | | | | | | 48 | 52 | 4 | 0.57 |
| KLAC242 | 565968 | 7172376 | 510 | 18 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC243 | 565884 | 7172370 | 508 | 46 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC244 | 565900 | 7172696 | 510 | 40 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC245 | 566056 | 7172676 | 513 | 61 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC246 | 566055 | 7172770 | 503 | 61 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC247 | 565900 | 7172898 | 505 | 40 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC248 | 566063 | 7172897 | 501 | 40 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC249 | 566060 | 7172973 | 505 | 79 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC250 | 566226 | 7172636 | 515 | 49 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC251 | 566220 | 7172723 | 501 | 40 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC252 | 566382 | 7172648 | 505 | 28 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC253 | 566376 | 7172714 | 514 | 28 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC254 | 566374 | 7172774 | 493 | 40 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC255 | 566379 | 7172880 | 520 | 40 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC256 | 566376 | 7172970 | 516 | 55 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |
| KLAC257 | 566222 | 7172959 | 518 | 59 | -60 | 180 | No Significant Results | | | |

Competent Persons Statement and Disclaimer

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Reserves is based on information compiled by Mr Andrew Paterson, who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Paterson is a full-time employee of the Company and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity he is undertaking to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves" (JORC Code). Mr Paterson consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based upon the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Kingston confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in all ASX announcements referenced in this release, and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in these announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.

About Kingston Resources

Kingston Resources is a metals exploration company. Currently the Company's priority is the world-class Misima Gold Project in PNG, which contains a JORC resource of 2.8Moz Au, a production history of over 3.7Moz and outstanding potential for additional resource growth through exploration success. Kingston currently owns 70% of the Misima Gold Project.

In addition, Kingston owns 75% of the Livingstone Gold Project which holds a 50koz resource and is the site of a number of high grade historic intersections.



Kingston project locations.

Misima Mineral Resource

The Misima mineral resource estimate shown in Table 2 below was released in an ASX announcement on 27 November 2017. The resource estimate was compiled by Mr Scott McManus, who is an independent consultant to the Company. Further information relating to the resource is included within the original announcement.

| Deposit | Material | Resource Category | Cutoff (g/t Au) | Tonnes (Mt) | Gold (g/t Au) | Silver (g/t Ag) | Au Moz | Ag Moz |
|------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|--------|
| Umuna | Oxide | Indicated | 0.5 | 3.2 | 0.9 | 11.7 | 0.1 | 1.2 |
| | | Inferred | 0.5 | 5.7 | 1.0 | 13.6 | 0.2 | 2.5 |
| | Primary | Indicated | 0.5 | 34.0 | 1.1 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 4.6 |
| | | Inferred | 0.5 | 32.7 | 1.1 | 4.7 | 1.1 | 5.0 |
| | Sub-total | Indicated | | 37.2 | 1.1 | 4.9 | 1.3 | 5.8 |
| | | Inferred | | 38.4 | 1.0 | 6.1 | 1.3 | 7.5 |
| | Total | Combined | | 75.7 | 1.1 | 5.5 | 2.6 | 13.3 |
| Ewatinona | Oxide | Inferred | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 3.4 | 0.03 | 0.1 |
| | Primary | Inferred | 0.5 | 5.6 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| | Sub-total | Inferred | | 6.6 | 1.0 | 3.2 | 0.22 | 0.7 |
| Misima Total | | Indicated | | 37.2 | 1.1 | 4.9 | 1.3 | 5.8 |
| | | Inferred | | 45.0 | 1.0 | 5.6 | 1.5 | 8.1 |
| Total Mineral Resource | | | | 82.3 | 1.1 | 5.3 | 2.8 | 13.9 |

Table 2: Misima JORC2012 mineral resource estimate summary table.

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 2 report

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

| Criteria | JORC Code explanation | Commentary |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Sampling techniques | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NQ diameter aircore drilling used to collect a ~25 kg sample per metre. Drill cutting (chips) samples placed in 1m piles on the ground in order of downhole progress. Industry-standard technique. |
| Drilling techniques | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aircore drilling was used with blade drill bit used for the majority of drilling. Where hard rock layers prevented penetration a reverse circulation hammer was used to penetrate layer, then return to blade, until blade refusal at base of weathering. |
| Drill sample recovery | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sample quality (including wet vs. dry and qualitative recovery) is logged at the drill site. Duplicate samples are collected at the drill site (see below) to enable analysis of data precision. Aircore system maximises sample recovery as opposed to open hole/RAB technique. |
| Logging | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All samples were geologically logged. Logging is qualitative in nature |

| Criteria | JORC Code explanation | Commentary |
|--|--|---|
| | <p>quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged. | |
| Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initial samples are taken as 4m composites. A ~500g spear sample was taken from every 1m downhole and composited into a maximum 4m sample (total ~2.5kg) and placed into uniquely numbered bags. Duplicate samples (field duplicates) collected at drill site 1 in every 40 samples. |
| Quality of assay data and laboratory tests | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Samples were analysed at Intertek Genalysis in Perth. Samples were dried at approximately 120°C with the sample then being presented to a robotic circuit. In the robotic circuit, a modified and automated Boyd crusher crushes the samples to -2mm. The resulting material is then passed to a series of modified LM5 pulverisers and ground to a nominal 85% passing of 75µm. The milled pulps were weighed out (25g) and analysed by Aqua Regia (method AR25/MS). Samples reported above sample detection limits and were re-assayed using Fire Assay (method FA25/OE). E.O.H samples were submitted for 33 multi element suit (method AR25/MS33) Kingston submitted standards and blanks along with field duplicates. These were inserted at a ratio of approximately 1-in-40 samples into the sampling sequence as part of the QAQC process. |
| Verification of sampling and assaying | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> An independent geologist from Integrated Geological and Mining Services was engaged to verify results. Kingston's project geologists are supervised by Kingston's Chief Geological Officer. Field data is entered into spreadsheets and copies sent to head office each day |
| Location of data points | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kingston drill hole location coordinate information was collected by Kingston personal. |

| Criteria | JORC Code explanation | Commentary |
|--|--|---|
| | <p><i>other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Specification of the grid system used.</i> <i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using handheld Garmin 64S GPS utilising GDA 94 Zone 50. Positions are accurate to +/- 3m horizontal and +/- 10m vertical. Coordinates are referenced to the Map Grid of Australia (MGA) zone 50 on the Geographic Datum of Australia (GDA94) |
| <i>Data spacing and distribution</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</i> <i>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</i> <i>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant intervals are reported as indicated in the relevant figure(s) and table(s) in the body of the announcement, note downhole intervals quoted. Regional-scale aircore drilling program designed to inform geological interpretation and identify geochemical anomalies. Drill hole and sample spacing is appropriate for the purpose and context in which the exploration results are reported. Additional data from any future closer-spaced (infill) drilling may change the shape and tenor of stated anomalies and geological interpretation. |
| <i>Orientation of data in relation to geological structure</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</i> <i>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mineralisation is interpreted to be on west-northwest-trending structures dipping to the north, and as such, the primary drill direction of 180° is appropriate to achieve practical intersection angles. |
| <i>Sample security</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chain of custody was managed by Kingston. No issues were reported. |
| <i>Audits or reviews</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No audits have been undertaken. |

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

| Criteria | JORC Code explanation | Commentary |
|--|--|--|
| <i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</i> <i>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kingston Resources Limited owns 75% of the Livingstone Gold Project in JV with Trillbar Resources Pty Ltd. Livingstone, (E52/3403) located northwest of Meekatharra in Western Australia, is an advanced exploration project with an existing JORC2004 Inferred Au resource of 49,900 ounces and a number of high-grade drilling intersections that indicate excellent potential for additional discoveries. |

| Criteria | JORC Code explanation | Commentary |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Exploration done by other parties | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The project has been subject to exploration by several companies over the past 30 years. This work has been built upon by successive explorers, culminating most recently in the work done by Talisman Mining Ltd pursuant to the resource estimation at the Boundary prospect. |
| Geology | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The target area sits within a west-northwest trending, western arm of the Palaeoproterozoic Padbury and Bryah Basins, enclosed to the north, west and south by Archaean rocks of the Yilgarn Craton. The sedimentary, volcanic and intrusive basin rocks lie in faulted contact with the Yarlalweelor Domain of the Yilgarn Craton to the north, and the Narryer Terrane to the south. Gold deposits within the basins are typically structurally-controlled orogenic lodes, with the major deposits associated with units of the Narracoota Formation and its contacts with the adjacent formations of the Bryah Group (Harmony mine) and Padbury Group (Labouchere, Horseshoe and Fortnum mines). Structurally, there is a spatial correlation between known gold mineralisation and a series of west to north-northwest trending strike-parallel faults of the Livingstone shear zone. |
| Drill hole Information | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> See Tables 1 within this report body for the details of the hole locations. |
| Data aggregation methods | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Majority of samples are 4m composites. EOH samples are 1m. There is no weighting applied. Intervals are reported as a simple arithmetic mean grade. |

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| | <p>and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. | |
| Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known'). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only down hole lengths are reported. All drill holes are angled to MGA grid south which is approximately perpendicular to the orientation of the mineralised trend. |
| Diagrams | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Included in the body of announcement. |
| Balanced reporting | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Appropriate plans are included in this release |
| Other substantive exploration data | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All exploration results are reported |
| Further work | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Further AC and RC drilling is planned to follow up on current results. |