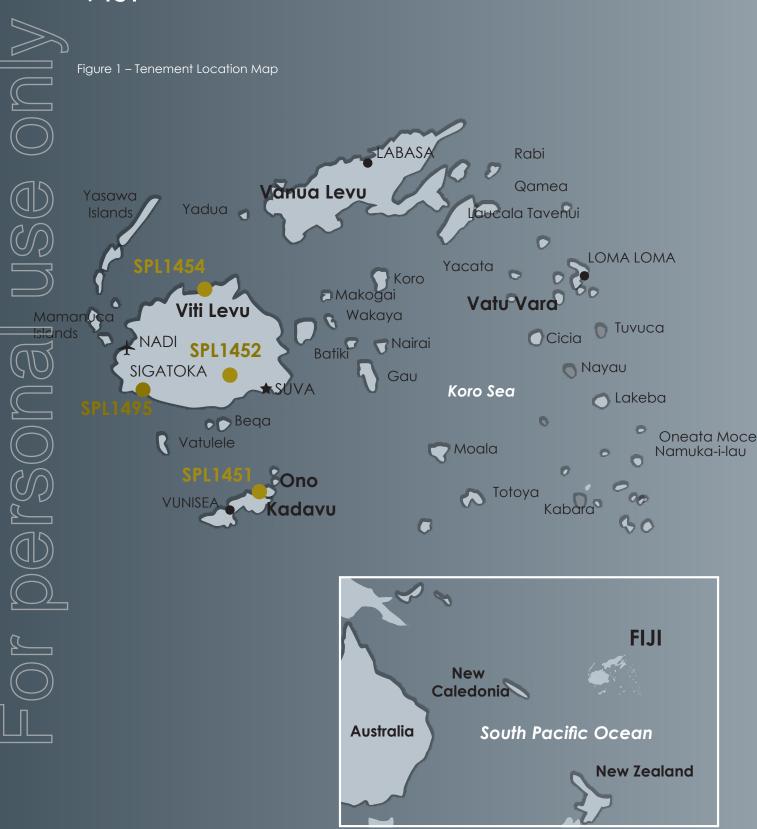




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CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

Dear Shareholder

I am pleased to present the Dome Gold Mines Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2017. After many delays, with a variety of causes, Dome's work programme in Fiji is finally gathering significant momentum.

At Sigatoka, a new round of sonic drilling has commenced, aimed at extending and infilling previous drilling to enlarge and upgrade the already substantial resources outlined within our exploration tenement (SPL1495). Upon completion, this new work will provide the basis for a Final Feasibility Study for proposed sand mining operations at Sigatoka, producing magnetite iron ore and industrial sand, among other products. An application for a mining lease (ML) at Sigatoka is being processed by the Fijian Government's Mineral Resources Department. We have been advised that grant of the ML will not occur until Dome completes and submits to the Government a full feasibility study for mining, including the expression of costs and revenues in Fijian currency (FJD). The programme now underway will enable us to meet that requirement in a timely manner and we anticipate proceeding with development at Sigatoka soon after the grant of the ML. We continue to be encouraged by the robust economics of the sand mining project, whose commercial strength has only improved with the recent recovery in iron ore prices. Added to that, is an increasing awareness across Asia and the Southwest Pacific (including Australia) of a looming and serious shortage of good quality industrial sand. Dome is one of the few companies listed on the ASX that has significant potential to deliver into this demand and we expect the simple dredging and processing operation at Sigatoka to generate strong and stable revenues for many years to come.

While new work is underway at Sigatoka, we have mobilised a field crew onto Ono Island, where the Company holds an exploration tenement (SPL1451) over two adjacent gold prospects of high sulphidation epithermal type. This licence was renewed during the past year for a further three years. Dome's geologists believe that there is excellent potential for the discovery of a substantial gold deposit at Ono and this interpretation was very much enhanced during the period by the results of a major geophysical survey (involving the induced polarisation, or IP, method). The IP survey showed strong chargeability and resistivity zones at depth below the surface outcrops of veined, altered and geochemically anomalous rocks that characterise both prospects. Such zones will be the targets for a diamond drilling programme planned to commence on Ono shortly. Tenders have been called for the provision of a diamond drill rig capable of drilling HQ core to a depth of 500 metres, together with competent drillers and off-siders and all ancillary equipment and personnel required to drill up to 10 drill holes of up to 500m depth each. Acceptance of a tender and signing of a contract for the planned drilling is expected to be completed very soon. In preparation for this procedure, Dome personnel have been constructing a field camp and operations base at Ono, as well as preparing drill rig access tracks and pad from which to conduct the drilling. Three sites have been selected initially, with a minimum of two holes to be drilled from the first two of them. Later holes will be sited to take account of the results from the initial holes.

I am pleased to report that Dome's exploration tenement at Nadrau on Fiji's main island of Viti Levu (SPL1452) was also renewed during the year for a further two years. An IP survey, similar to that carried out successfully at Ono, is scheduled to take place at Nadrau's main target area of Namoli-Wainivau in the first half of 2018.

Dome takes its social responsibility very seriously and over the past year we have once again provided financial and material support for the Fijian communities in which we work. Ms Jean White has led that process and her expertise in this area is much appreciated.

All at Dome were deeply saddened in March 2017 by the passing of our director, Mr Allen Jay, after a long illness. Allen was much admired, both by his colleagues within the Company and by those he interacted with at a professional and personal level elsewhere. His knowledge and experience of Fiji were of great value to Dome and he is very much missed. Allen was a firm believer in the geological potential of Fiji and a strong advocate for its people.

At the end of June 2017, Mr Andrew Skinner retired as a director of Dome, after many years of service, with a particular emphasis on the commercial aspects of the Company's operations in Fiji. I thank him for that service and wish him well in his continuing endeavours. Ms Sarah Harvey was appointed as a director in July. Ms Harvey is a lawyer and her wise counsel will be welcomed by the Board as we proceed in Fiji.

As Dome gathers new momentum it is a pleasure for me to once again acknowledge the continuing and very substantial contribution made by my fellow director, Mr Tadao Tsubata. A resident of Japan, Mr Tsubata has been very instrumental in raising capital for Dome and in building the investor support that has put us in a strong position to move forward now that the broader business environment is looking much better.

Finally, I would like to thank the staff and contractors of Dome, whose loyalty and hard work have been unstinting. Mr Jack McCarthy, as CEO, has provided strong leadership and firm control of our programme. He has been well backed up by a small but effective staff in Sydney and a very keen team in Fiji, who are now enjoying the opportunity to build wealth for their company, their country and themselves by applying their skills to the discovery and development of Fiji's mineral resource endowment.

G. G. LOWDER

Chairman

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of Dome Gold Mines Ltd present their report, together with the financial statements of the consolidated entity, being Dome Gold Mines Ltd ('Dome' or 'the Company') and its controlled entities ('the Group') for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

DIRECTORS' DETAILS

The following persons were Directors of Dome during or since the end of the financial year.



Other current Directorships: None
Previous Directorships (last 3 years):
None

Interests in shares: 570,000 shares

Interests in options: None

DR GARRY LOWDER

Bachelor of Science with 1st Class Honours in Geology (University of Sydney)

Doctor of Philosophy (University of California, Berkeley)
Advanced Management Program (Harvard University)
Fellow, Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy
Member, Australian Institute of Company Directors

Chairman Independent Non-Executive Director Member of Audit and Risk Committee Director since 1 March 2012

Dr Garry Lowder is a geologist who has spent over 45 years in the Australian and international mining industries. As an exploration geologist, Garry has worked in Australia, Indonesia and Papua New Guinea, playing key roles in the discovery of several mineral deposits, including the Northparkes copper, Cowal gold and Conrad silver deposits in NSW, the Paddington gold and Wodgina tantalum deposits in WA and the North Sulawesi porphyry copper deposits in Indonesia.

Over the past 30 years Garry has held senior management positions with Australian mining companies and also spent four years in government as Director General of Mineral Resources in NSW. In 1997 he founded Malachite Resources Limited, listing it on the ASX (MAR) in 2002 and retiring as managing director late in 2011; he retired from the position of non-executive Chairman at the end of November, 2012.

Garry was also an independent, non-executive director (and for three years, chairman) of ASX- listed Straits Resources Limited from 1997 until he retired from that Board in mid-2011.







Other current Directorships: None

Previous Directorships (last 3 years):

None

Interests in shares: 7,342,393 shares

Interests in options: None



Other current Directorships: None

Previous Directorships (last 3 years):
None

Interests in shares: 20,776,499 shares

Interests in options: None

MR TADAO TSUBATA

Bachelor of Arts in Economics (Kokushikan University, Tokyo)

Non-Executive Director Director since 8 July 2011

Mr Tadao Tsubata studied at Kokushikan University, Tokyo, in the Department of Politics and Economics, graduating in 1991 with a B.A. in Economics.

From 1991 to 1997, Tadao worked in corporate finance at a large Japanese securities company. From this role he moved to a major international life insurance and investment company where he was involved in retail offerings and distribution of the business in Japan.

Establishing his first business in life insurance distribution and agencies in 2001, this formed the basis of a new business being a Japanese focused asset management company.

In early 2010 the activities of both the insurance business and the asset management company grew to the extent that a private investment advisory firm was established to specifically target international investments in mining exploration, primary production and other growth industries. Tadao continues in the role of Chief Executive Officer of this business and its international operations including in Australia.

MS SARAH HARVEY

Bachelor of Arts (University of Adelaide)
Bachelor of Laws (University of Adelaide)
Master of Laws (College of Law, Sydney)
Certificate in Governance Practice (Institute of Governance)

Alternate Director (appointed 8 December 2015, resigned 21 July 2016) Non Executive Director & Chair of Audit Committee Director since 27 July 2017

Ms Sarah Harvey has worked for 15 years, in both private practice and in the corporate sector.

In recent years Sarah has been focused on company secretariat services, providing board and director advice in strategic planning and review, due diligence, risk compliance and corporate governance. She holds a BA, LLB.MA (Law) and is a member of the Institute of Governance.







Other current Directorships: None

Previous Directorships (last 3 years):
None

Interests in shares: 350,000 shares

Interests in options: None



Other current Directorships:Zamia Metals Ltd and GPS Alliance
Holdings Ltd

Previous Directorships (last 3 years):None

Interests in shares: 3,155,000 shares

Interests in options: None

MR ALLEN JAY

Bachelor of Earth Science (Geology) (Macquarie University) Chemistry Certificate - Inorganic Analytical Chemistry (Newcastle Technical College)

Non-Executive Director Director from 29 March 2012 until 12 March 2017

Mr Allen Jay had extensive experience as a geologist and analytical chemist, working in Australia, Fiji, the Philippines and Indonesia in the mining industry in roles ranging from regional exploration to project management. For five years, Allen led the exploration team in the evaluation of Fiji's Namosi porphyry copper deposits. These are located on tenements now owned by Newcrest that are adjacent to Dome's Central Viti Levu Project.

Allen had been a Geologist/Geochemist for the last 40 years and is a member of AuslMM. Previously Allen worked for Placer Dome Asia Pacific as Exploration Manager, Projects, Philippines and then became its Regional Exploration Manager overseeing project work in the Philippines, Indonesia, New South Wales and Western Australia.

He held a Bachelor of Earth Science (Geology) from Macquarie University and a Chemistry Certificate – Inorganic Analytical Chemistry from the Newcastle Technical College, Newcastle.

Allen Jay passed away on 12 March 2017 after a long illness.

MR ANDREW SKINNER

Master of Economics - Professional Accounting (Macquarie University)

Master of Corporate Governance (Macquarie University)
Diploma Property Development Distinction (UTS)
Bachelor of Philosophy (Macquarie University)
Member, CPA Australia

Non-Executive Director and Chair of Audit Committee Director from 8 July 2011 until 30 June 2017

Mr Andrew Skinner qualified as a Chartered Accountant in 1986 with Price Waterhouse Coopers and commenced a specialisation in superannuation law and practice. He works extensively in business structuring and tax advice. Currently, Andrew is Principal of Andrew Skinner & Associates Pty Ltd a CPA Public Practice based in Chatswood. Andrew is also a Justice of the Peace and a Registered Tax Agent.

Andrew Skinner resigned as a Non-Executive Director of Dome on 30 June 2017.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr Marcelo Mora holds a Bachelor of Business degree and Graduate Diploma of Applied Corporate Governance, and is a member of the Governance Institute of Australia. Mr Mora is a Chartered Secretary and has been an accountant for more than 30 years and has experience in resources and mining companies both in Australia and internationally, providing financial reporting and company secretarial services to a range of publicly listed companies. Marcelo has been the Company Secretary since Dome was incorporated on 8 July 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group have been the continuing exploration and evaluation of its Projects in Fiji. No significant changes in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

Projects

Dome, through its wholly owned Fijian subsidiaries, Dome Mines Ltd and Magma Mines Ltd holds 100% of three Special Prospecting Licences (SPL) in Fiji, namely, SPL1495 (Sigatoka Iron Sand Project), SPL1451 (Ono Island Project) and SPL1452 (Nadrau Project).

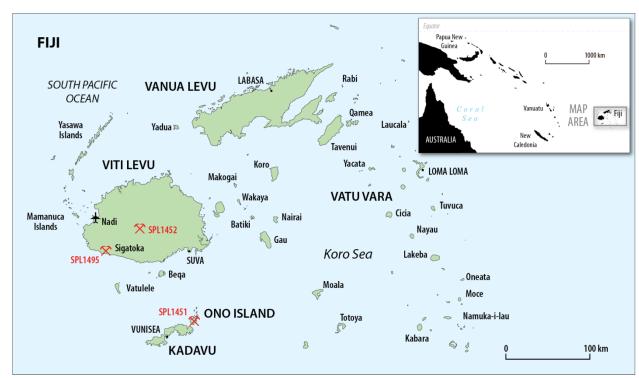


Figure 1 – Dome Gold Mine's project locations

SPL 1495 Sigatoka Iron Sand Project

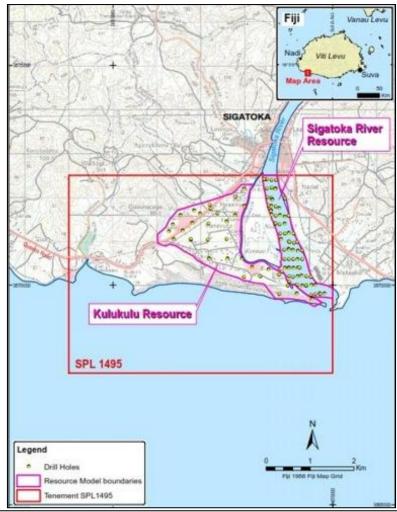
- This tenement of 2,522.69ha on the south coast of Viti Levu, the largest island of Fiji, covers the plains at the mouth of the Sigatoka River, the river itself and an area offshore.
- Dome's most advanced project with a Mining Lease applied for and Definitive Feasibility Study planned.
- Initial JORC 2012 resource estimate was published in October 2014.
- Environmental Impact Assessment report produced December 2014.
- Pre-feasibility Study report completed early 2015.

In October 2014 the company announced a maiden JORC 2012 Resource Estimate for its 100%-owned Sigatoka Iron Sand Project, located on the main island of Viti Levu, Fiji (see Figure 2).

A maiden Resource Estimate of 131.6 million tonnes included Indicated Mineral Resources of 25 million tonnes @11.6% HM at Sigatoka River, and Inferred Mineral Resources of 100.7 Mt @ 17% HM at the onshore Kulukulu deposit and 5.9 million tonnes @ 11% HM at Sigatoka River.

The Resource consists of detrital magnetite and other heavy minerals in a coastal sand deposit. The iron sands will be dredged from the Sigatoka river bed and processed by gravity and magnetic separation to produce saleable products ready for export.

In addition to magnetite concentrate, non-magnetic heavy mineral concentrate and sand and gravel suitable for industrial or land reclamation uses are expected to be produced during processing.



T		SIGATOKA RIVER INDICATED AND INFERRED RESOURCE ESTIMATE SUMMARIES																				
ť	JORC Classification	ZONE	VOLUME (m3)	DENSITY (g/cm3)	TONNES (t)	HM TONNES (t)	MAG1 TONNES (t)	%HM Feed				38micron- 1mm Sand	-38micron	Average MAGSUS		%V in MAG1	%TiO2 in MAG1	%Fe in MAG1	%SiO2 in MAG1	%AI2O3 in MAG1	%P in MAG1	%S in MAG1
İ	Indicated	Lower Fine Sand [ZONE 1]	10,455,000	1.8	18,819,000	2,176,686	344,765	11.6	15.8	8.7	10.5	73.1	7.6	16.6	1.8	0.35	6.6	56.4	4.6	3.8	0.06	0.92
L	muicateu	Upper Coarse Sand [ZONE 2]	3,616,875	1.8	6,510,375	749,895	98,882	11.5	19.7	17.5	20.3	58.3	3.9	14.3	1.5	0.36	6.6	57.1	4.2	3.7	0.07	0.57
Ų.		Subtotal	14,071,875	1.8	25,329,375	2,926,581	443,648	11.6	16.8	11.0	13.0	69.3	6.7	16.0	1.8	0.35	6.6	56.6	4.5	3.7	0.06	0.83
	Inferred	Lower Fine Sand [ZONE 1] Upper Coarse Sand [ZONE 2]		1.8	,,	488,976 145,771	75,814 15,437	10.7 10.8	15.7 19.9	10.4 21.1	13.1 20.9	68.6 53.5	7.9 4.5	12.9 11.7	1.7 1.1	0.36 0.36	6.6 6.6	56.9 57.4	4.4 4.3	3.7 3.8	0.06	1.08 0.36
1		Subtotal	3,296,250	1.8	5,933,250	634,747	91,251	10.7	16.6	12.8	14.9	65.2	7.1	12.6	1.5	0.36	6.6	57.0	4.4	3.7	0.06	0.91
7		TOTAL	17,368,125	1.8	31,262,625	3,561,328	534,899	11.4	16.8	11.3	13.4	68.5	6.8	15.4	1.7	0.4	6.6	56.7	4.5	3.7	0.1	0.8

l		KULUKULU INFERRED RESOURCE ESTIMATE SUMMARIES																	
	JORC Classification	ZONE	VOLUME (m3)	DENSITY (g/cm3)	TONNES (t)	HM TONNES (t)	MAG1 TONNES (t)	%HM in Feed	%HM in Sand	+4mm Sand		45micron - 1mm Sand	45micron	Average MAGSUS			%TiO2 in MAG1		%AI2O3 in MAG1
Ĺ		Lower Fine Sands [ZONE 1]	26,503,750	1.8	47,706,750	6,482,038	1,371,544	13.6	17.0	4.2	9.4	79.6	6.8	19.4	2.9	53.8	6.5	7.7	4.5
Г	Inferred	Upper Coarse Sands [ZONE 2]	23,972,500	1.8	43,150,500	9,044,127	1,120,794	21.0	24.4	3.3	6.7	85.3	4.7	21.7	2.6	53.8	6.5	8.0	4.4
ł	/	Elluvial Sands [ZONE 3]	5,166,250	1.8	9,299,250	1,723,947	243,101	18.5	25.0	6.5	9.3	72.6	11.5	19.7	2.6	53.9	6.5	7.8	4.5
ĺ		TOTAL	55,642,500	1.8	100,156,500	17,250,111	2,735,439	17.2	20.9	4.0	8.2	81.4	6.3	20.4	2.7	53.8	6.5	7.8	4.5

Note: The table presents the Indicated and Inferred estimates without rounding and this is not intended to convey an increase in the precision of the estimates.

The cut-off grade used is 8% HM.

 ${\it Mag~1~represents~magnetic~minerals~captured~at~300~Gauss.}$

Figure 2 – Sigatoka River and Kulukulu resource area and estimates

In December 2014 Dome received an Environmental Impact Assessment report prepared by independent environmental specialists, Corerega Environment Consultants. The report concluded that "(t)he proposed mining, dredging and mineral extraction development project is likely to have significant economic benefits to the local area, the region and the Country of Fiji and local residents are likely to benefit from the increase in productivity of land, river and marine environment and through job opportunities".

Dome announced the completion of a positive Pre-Feasibility Study (PFS) in March 2015. The PFS concluded that a viable dredge mining and sand processing operation to recover industrial sand, gravel, magnetite concentrate (iron ore) and a bulk non-magnetic heavy mineral concentrate, all products have local or international markets. The PFS recommended completion of a Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) that will include the operation of a pilot processing plant to produce product samples that can be used for establishing market prices. In addition, the DFS will generate process engineering data needed for the design and equipment selection of a full scale process plant. The DFS will also provide support to seek funds to implement the mining operation.

The potential to generate stable revenue by producing multiple products for sale, as well as its coastal location, give the Sigatoka Project commercial advantages that many other iron ore projects do not possess.

The renewal of SPL1495 for a further 3-year period for the licence was granted by the Mineral Resources Department on 13 July 2015.

SPL 1451 Ono Island Project

- This tenement of 3,028ha on Ono Island, the eastern most island of the Kadavu Group, covers a number of hydrothermally altered and mineralised areas and caldera/volcanic centres.
- Two high sulphidation epithermal gold-silver targets and possible deeper porphyry copper-gold exploration targets (Nagara East and Nagara West) have been identified by geological mapping
- The prospect is spatially associated with shoshonitic volcanic centres that appear similar in alteration style, geological formation and metal geochemical anomalism to the Lepanto gold-copper deposit in the Philippines.
- Induced Polarisation (IP) arrays were completed in October 2016 identifying anomalies that require testing.
- A 10-hole exploration diamond drill program is now underway.

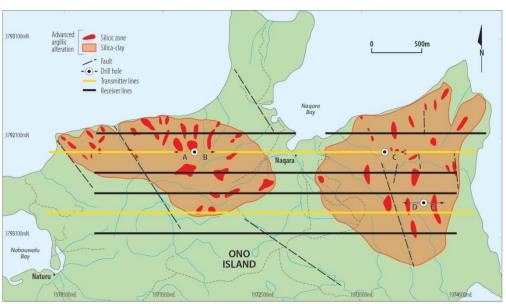
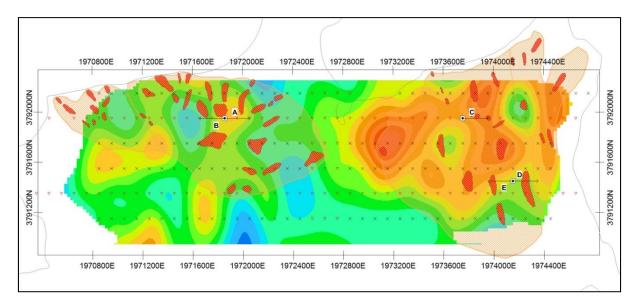
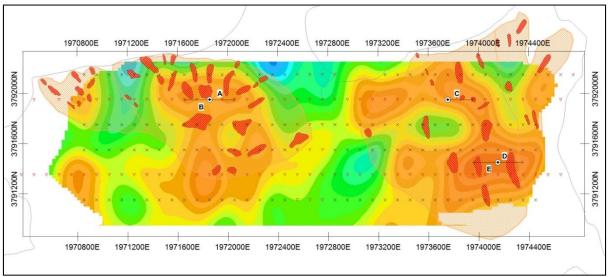


Figure 3 - Naqara East and West Prospects on Ono Island showing the extent of hydrothermal alteration and the IP survey lines. Proposed drill hole locations (A to E) are based on the IP results and surface geology

The Company announced on 7 October 2016 that an offset pole-dipole IP survey has been successfully completed on two adjacent high sulphidation epithermal gold prospects on the northern part of Ono Island.

The offset pole-dipole IP survey involved 4 arrays, 2 over each prospect (Figure 3). Transmitter electrodes were placed along a central cut line at 100m intervals with 3 to 4 additional electrodes at the end of each receiver line for totals of between 31 and 32 points per array (gold coloured lines on Figure 3). Receiver electrodes were placed at 100m intervals along the two survey lines either side of the transmitter line (34 points). Two 32 channel IP receivers were used to take 3 to 4 readings at each electrode. Figures 4 & 5 are compilations of surface alteration and the processed IP data for the East and West Naqara prospects, known as Naqara East and Naqara West. These had previously been covered by soil sampling and geological mapping campaigns that identified areas of intense argillic alteration and zones of silicification and anomalous geochemistry, proximal to the northern rim of a volcanic caldera (Figure 6).





Figures 4 & 5 – Plots of the chargeability (top) and resistivity responses at an apparent depth of 250m with the outline of the argillic (hatch) and silicification (red) superimposed as well as locations recommended for exploration drilling.

The offset pole-dipole survey has been successful in assisting with location of an initial exploration drilling program on Ono Island, one of the few remaining untested epithermal targets along the so-called "Rim of Fire" in the South West Pacific. The schematic model in Figure 6 shows how the hydrothermal alteration, anomalous geochemistry, present land surface and IP data may indicate the presence of gold-silver bearing sulphide mineralisation in this environment.

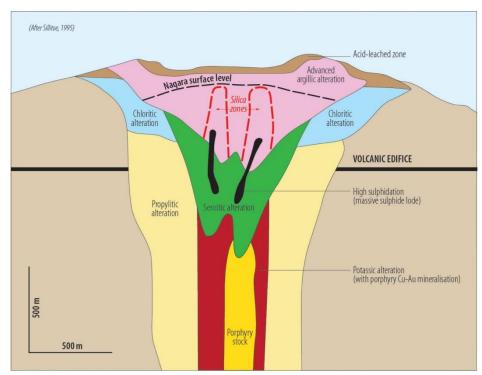


Figure 6 – Schematic model of a volcano showing the typical location of sulphide mineralisation relative to the interpreted land surface on Ono Island.

The Company announced on 19 June 2017 that on-site preparations have commenced in advance of a drill program designed to sample the IP anomalies detected. The preparations include modification to a large building in Naqara village that will be used as an office and accommodation for Dome's geological team. Adjacent to the building core handling and logging infrastructure will also be built.

During this construction stage access tracks to the first 5 drill sites will be marked in preparation for the arrival of an excavator. A diamond drill rig will be mobilised by self-propelled barge to Ono in the near future, subject to rig availability. Up to 10 diamond drill holes are planned, each up to 500m deep, in the first stage of the program.



Plate 1 – Refurbished building that will provide office and accommodation for the geological team on Ono Island



Plate 2 – Core handling building being constructed in preparation for Ono Island diamond drilling program

The renewal of SPL1451 for a further 3-year period for the licence was granted by the Mineral Resources Department on 13 February 2017.

SPL 1452 Nadrau Project

- This tenement of 33,213ha on Fiji's main island, Viti Levu, is adjacent to the world class Namosi Porphyry
 copper-gold Project that reportedly contains 1.88 billion tonnes grading 0.37% Copper (Cu) and 0.12g/t
 Gold (Au).
- The Dome tenement contains two large copper-gold-silver ionic leach geochemical anomalies (Namoli and Wainivau prospects) interpreted to be related to intrusive centres that are as yet largely untested by drilling.
- Geological mapping and rock chip sampling has discovered porphyry intrusive complexes at both the Namoli and Wainivau Prospects with alteration, mineralisation and vein types typical of mineralised systems.
- Copper-magnetite bearing veins have been discovered in outcrop at the Wainivau prospect
- Also, in the eastern section of the tenement is the large Wainivalau Intrusive Complex that has yet to be investigated for porphyry copper-gold systems analogous to those at Namosi-Wasoi to the south.

Dome announced in July 2014 that its geologists had discovered outcropping copper mineralisation during exploration field work at the Wainivau Prospect, part of the Nadrau Porphyry Copper-Gold Project on Fiji's main island of Viti Levu. Dome found the copper minerals (malachite and chalcopyrite) associated with magnetite and pyrite in veinlets within outcropping and hydrothermally altered porphyry intrusive rocks. The veins and their geological setting are interpreted to be typical of the roof of a mineralised porphyry system.

The Company has obtained quotes to undertake three-dimensional Induced Polarisation and ground magnetometer surveys over the two porphyry copper-gold prospects, namely Namoli and the Wainivau (see Figures 7 & 8). The objective of this work is to provide subsurface mapping data on the intrusive systems whose interpretation will assist with targeting of exploration diamond drill holes.

The renewal of SPL1452 for a further 2-year period for the licence was granted by the Mineral Resources Department on 13 February 2017.

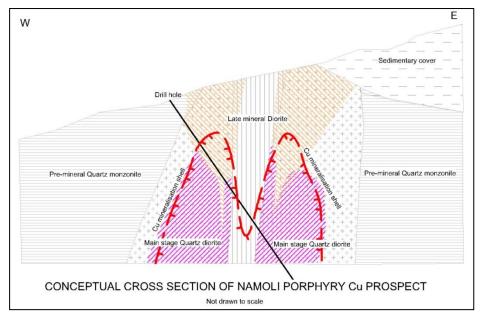


Figure 7 – Conceptual cross section of the Namoli porphyry intrusive system. Note the drill hole as shown is as proposed and has not yet been drilled.

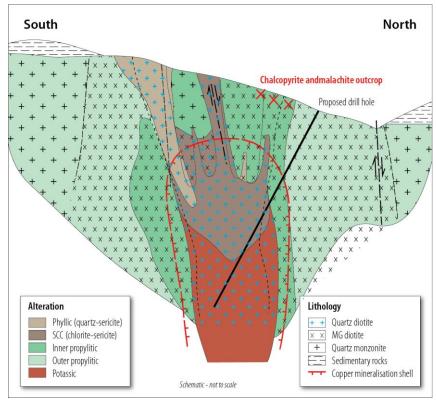


Figure 8 – Wainivau porphyry system conceptual cross section. Note the drill hole as shown is as proposed and has not yet been drilled.

Mineral Resources Statement

Summarised below by JORC Classification are the resource estimates for the Sigatoka River and Kulukulu areas.

					SIG	ATOKA RIV	ER INDIC	ATED A	ND IN	FERRE	D RES	OURCE ES	TIMATE	SUMMA	RIES							
	JORC Classification	ZONE		DENSITY (g/cm3)	TONNES (t)	HM TONNES (t)	MAG1 TONNES (t)	%HM Feed	- 1			38micron- 1mm Sand	-38micron	Average MAGSUS			%TiO2 in MAG1	%Fe in MAG1	%SiO2 in MAG1	%Al2O3 in MAG1	%P in MAG1	%S in MAG1
_	Indicated	Lower Fine Sand [ZONE 1]	10,455,000	1.8	18,819,000	2,176,686	344,765	11.6	15.8	8.7	10.5	73.1	7.6	16.6	1.8	0.35	6.6	56.4	4.6	3.8	0.06	0.92
	ilidicateg	Upper Coarse Sand [ZONE 2]	3,616,875	1.8	6,510,375	749,895	98,882	11.5	19.7	17.5	20.3	58.3	3.9	14.3	1.5	0.36	6.6	57.1	4.2	3.7	0.07	0.57
		Subtotal	14,071,875	1.8	25,329,375	2,926,581	443,648	11.6	16.8	11.0	13.0	69.3	6.7	16.0	1.8	0.35	6.6	56.6	4.5	3.7	0.06	0.83
	Infe red	Lower Fine Sand [ZONE 1] Upper Coarse Sand [ZONE 2]		1.8 1.8	4,584,938 1,348,313	488,976 145,771	75,814 15,437	10.7 10.8	15.7 19.9	10.4 21.1	13.1 20.9	68.6 53.5	7.9 4.5		1.7 1.1	0.36 0.36	6.6 6.6	56.9 57.4	4.4 4.3	3.7 3.8	0.06	1.08
		Subtotal		1.8	5,933,250	634,747	91,251	10.7	16.6	12.8	14.9		7.1		1.5	0.36	6.6	57.0	4.4	3.7	0.06	0.91
		TOTAL	17,368,125	1.8	31,262,625	3,561,328	534,899	11.4	16.8	11.3	13.4	68.5	6.8	15.4	1.7	0.4	6.6	56.7	4.5	3.7	0.1	0.8

1					KU	LUKULU IN	IFERRED R	ESOURO	E ESTIN	MATE S	UMMA	ARIES							
	JORC Classification	ZONE	VOLUME (m3)	DENSITY (g/cm3)	TONNES (t)	HM TONNES (t)	MAG1 TONNES (t)	%HM in Feed	%HM in Sand	+4mm Sand		45micron - 1mm Sand	-45micron	Average MAGSUS				%SiO2 in MAG1	
ı		Lower Fine Sands [ZONE 1]	26,503,750	1.8	47,706,750	6,482,038	1,371,544	13.6	17.0	4.2	9.4	79.6	6.8	19.4	2.9	53.8	6.5	7.7	4.5
J	Inferred	Upper Coarse Sands [ZONE 2]	23,972,500	1.8	43,150,500	9,044,127	1,120,794	21.0	24.4	3.3	6.7	85.3	4.7	21.7	2.6	53.8	6.5	8.0	4.4
-		Elluvial Sands [ZONE 3]	5,166,250	1.8	9,299,250	1,723,947	243,101	18.5	25.0	6.5	9.3	72.6	11.5	19.7	2.6	53.9	6.5	7.8	4.5
ĺ		ΤΟΤΔΙ	55 642 500	1.8	100 156 500	17 250 111	2 735 439	17.2	20.9	4.0	8.2	81.4	6.3	20.4	2.7	53.8	6.5	7.8	45

The table presents the Indicated and Inferred estimates without rounding and this is not intended to convey an increase in the precision of the estimates.

The cut-off grade used is 8% HM.

Mag 1 represents magnetic minerals captured at 300 Gauss.

The resource estimate was prepared by independent resource consultants and issued in a report entitled "Sigatoka Ironsand Project JORC 2012 Report Mineral Resource Estimate" dated 8 October 8 2014 and announced to the market in an ASX release dated 10 October 2014.

Resource comparison 2017 to 2016

There has been no reduction or increase in the resource estimate during the reporting period

Governance Arrangements

Dome's management and Board of Directors include individuals with many years' work experience in the mineral exploration and mining industry who monitor all exploration programs and oversee the preparation of reports on behalf of the Company by independent consultants. The exploration data is produced by or under the direct supervision of qualified geoscientists. In the case of drill hole data half core samples are preserved for future studies and quality assurance and quality control. The Company uses only accredited laboratories for analysis of samples and records the information in electronic databases that are automatically backed up for storage and retrieval purposes.

No material changes

Dome Gold Mines Ltd confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that would materially affect the information included in the market announcements dated 15 August 2016, 7 October 2016, 17 February 2017, 19 June 2017, 29 June 2017 and 17 July 2017, and that all material assumptions and technical parameters in the market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.

Statement of Compliance

The information in this Annual Report that relates to Mineral Resources is based on information compiled by Mr Geoffrey Richards, a Competent Person who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists, Mr Richard Stockwell, a Competent Person who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists, and Mr Gavin Helgeland, a Competent Person who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Richards is a geological consultant and Director of Lionhart Consulting Services, and Mr Stockwell is Managing Director and Mr Helgeland is Principal Geologist of Hornet Drilling and Geological Services Pty Ltd. Mr Richards, Mr Stockwell and Mr Helgeland collectively and individually have sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration at Sigatoka and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Richards, Mr Stockwell and Mr Helgeland consent to the inclusion in the Annual Report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears. They do not hold shares in Dome and have been paid normal consulting fees for provision of this information.

The information in this Annual Report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by John V McCarthy, who is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr McCarthy is a geologist who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activities which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr McCarthy, through his family Superfund, holds shares in the Company. He consents to the inclusion in this Annual Report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Financial Results

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As at 30 June 2017, Dome held \$1,182,258 cash and cash equivalents as per note 9 of the financial statements. The loss of the Group for the financial year after providing for income tax amounted to \$1,596,892 (2016: \$1,496,956). The net asset position of the Group increased from \$27,116,618 at 30 June 2016 to \$28,825,022 at 30 June 2017.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the Directors, significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the year ended 30 June 2017 were as follows:

Issue of share capital

For the year ended 30 June 2017, Dome has raised \$3,771,204 by private placements. The funds are being used for exploration and general working capital. Details of these raisings are as follows:

- On 9 August 2016 the Company completed a placement of 7,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$1,500,000.
- On 16 August 2016 the Company completed a placement of 1,188,058 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.21 per share and 502,840 fully paid ordinary shares @ \$0.25 to raise \$375,202.
- On 5 April 2017 the Company completed a placement of 1,567,500 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.215 per share to raise \$337,013.
- On 19 June 2017 the Company completed a placement of 3,973,976 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$794,795.
- On 29 June 2017 the Company completed a placement of 3,820,969 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share to raise \$764,194.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends were declared or paid during the financial year (2016: \$nil).

EVENTS ARISING SINCE THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the end of the financial year:

Drilling resumed at Sigatoka

The Company announced on 17 July 2017 that sonic drilling will resume on its industrial sand-magnetite Sigatoka Project during that week. The program is designed to drill parts of the sand deposit on Koroura Island not drilled previously and on freehold not drilled in sufficient detail in earlier programs. Data collected will be used to update the existing JORC 2012 report.

Options expired

7,500,000 unquoted options at an exercise price of \$0.20 expired unexercised on 9 August 2017.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS, BUSINESS STRATEGIES AND PROSPECTS

The Group will continue to explore and evaluate the Company's exploration projects with the aim of identifying potential mineral resources, and will continue to seek and assess new opportunities in the Fiji mineral sector with the objective of adding significant shareholder value to Dome.

The Directors are unable to comment on the likely results from the Group's planned exploration activities due to the speculative nature of such activities.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of Directors' Meetings (including meetings of Committees of Directors) held during the year, and the number of meetings attended by each Director is as follows:

	BOARD M	EETINGS	AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS				
	Entitled to		Entitled to				
Director	attend	Attended	attend	Attended			
Garry G Lowder	4	4	2	2			
Andrew B Skinner (resigned 30 June 2017)	4	4	2	2			
Tadao Tsubata	4	4	-	-			
Allen Jay (deceased 12 March 2017	3	2	-	-			
Sarah E Harvey (resigned 21 July 2016)	-	-	-	-			

UNISSUED SHARES UNDER OPTION

Unissued ordinary shares of Dome under option as at 30 June 2017 were as follows:

Number of options	Exercise price	Expiry date
7,500,000	\$0.20	9 August 2017

Details of options issued by the Company are set out in the share based payments note to the financial report. The names of persons who currently hold options are entered in the register of options kept by the Company pursuant to the Corporations Act 2011. This register may be inspected free of charge.

All options expired on the expiry date. The persons entitled to exercise the options did not have, by virtue of the options, the right to participate in the share issue of any other body corporate.

SHARES ISSUED AS A RESULT OF EXERCISE

During or since the end of the financial year, the Company did not issue ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of options.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The Directors of Dome Gold Mines Ltd (the 'Group') present the Remuneration Report for Non-Executive Directors, Executive Directors and other Key Management Personnel, prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The Remuneration Report is set out under the following main headings:

- a. principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration;
- b. details of remuneration:
- c. share-based remuneration; and
- d. other information.

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a. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Key management personnel have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. Key management personnel comprise the Directors of the Company. No other employees have been deemed to be key management personnel.

The remuneration policy of Directors and senior executives is to ensure the remuneration package properly reflects the persons' duties and responsibilities, and that remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality. The Board is responsible for reviewing its own performance. The evaluation process is designed to assess the Group's business performance, whether long term strategic objectives are being achieved, and the achievement of individual performance objectives.

Remuneration generally comprises of salary and superannuation. The remuneration disclosed below represents the cost to the Group for services provided under these arrangements.

No Directors or senior executives received performance related remuneration.

The salary component of each Director's remuneration is made up of fixed remuneration paid monthly.

There were no remuneration consultants used by the Company during the year ended 30 June 2017, or in the prior year.

Vote and comments made at the Company's last Annual General Meeting

The Remuneration Report of Dome Gold Mines Ltd for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 was approved by shareholders on a show of hands at the Company's Annual General Meeting.

Consequences of performance on shareholder wealth

In considering the Group's performance and benefits for shareholder wealth, the Board has regard to the following indices in respect of the current financial year and the previous four (4) financial years:

Item	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
EPS (cents)	(0.67)	(0.66)	(1.32)	(1.39)	(1.35)
Dividends (cents per share)	-	=	-	-	-
Net loss (\$)	(1,596,892)	(1,496,956)	(2,654,043)	(1,609,834)	(1,191,769)
Share price (\$)	0.24	0.42	0.37	0.27	-

The Board considers that these indices do not have any impact on the Group's performance.

b. **Details of remuneration**

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of the remuneration of each Director of the Company and other key management personnel of the Group are shown in the table below:

					ther Key Mo	nagement Per Post- employment benefits	Share- based	uneration		
	_	Year	Cash salary & fees \$	Other fees	Non-cash benefits \$	Super- annuation \$	Fair value of options	Total \$	Proportion of remuneration performance related %	Value of options as a proportion of remuneration %
Non Exec	cutive Direc	tors								
Garry Lov	wder	2017	17,057	-	-	32,443	-	49,500	-	-
(Chairmo	an) —	2016	14,500	-	-	35,000	-	49,500	-	-
Allen Jay	,	2017	15,300	-	-	-	-	15,300	-	-
() (Director))	2016	39,600	-	-	-	-	39,600	-	-
Tadao Tsi	ubata	2017	19,800	-	-	-	-	19,800	-	-
(Director))	2016	39,600	-	-	-	-	39,600	-	-
Andrew S	Skinner	2017	72,600	24,000	-	-	-	96,600	-	-
(Director)) _	2016	39,600	-	-	-	-	39,600	-	-
Sarah Ha	irvey	2017	2,000	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	-
(Alternate Director)	e	2016	14,000	-	-	-	-	14,000	-	-
Other Ke	y Manager	ment Per	sonnel							
John (Jac	ck)	2017	180,000	-	-	35,000	-	215,000	-	-
McCarth	_	2016	180,000	-	-	35,000	-	215,000	-	-
2017 Tota		2017	306,757	24,000	-	67,443	-	398,200	-	-
2016 Tota		2016	327,300	-	-	70,000	-	397,300	-	-
	Directors of No shares	or execu were gr	tives. The C	Group em By manag	ployed no ot	her key manage	ement person	nel.	the current year	
	c. §	Share-	based re	emune	ration					
			o options ov the agree		ary shares of	the Company, v	vhich are exe	ercisable o	n a one-for-one	basis
									or lapsed unexero year ended 30	

C. **Share-based remuneration**

No terms of equity-settled share based payment transactions have been altered or modified by the issuing entity during the 2017 financial year.

d. Other information

Shares held by key management personnel

The number of ordinary shares in the Company during the 2017 reporting period held by each of the Group's Key Management Personnel of the Group, including their related parties, is set out below.

	Year ended 30 June 2017												
Director	Balance at start of year	Granted as remuneration	Received on exercise	Other changes	Held at the end of reporting period								
Garry Lowder	570,000	-	-	-	570,000								
Andrew Skinner*	3,210,000	-	-	(55,000)	3,155,000								
Tadao Tsubata	16,845,726	-	-	(9,503,333)	7,342,393								
Allen Jay**	350,000	-	-	-	350,000								
John McCarthy	260,000	-	-	-	260,000								
Sarah Harvey***	20,776,499	-	-	-	20,776,499								

^{*} Andrew Skinner resigned on 30 June 2017 and held 3,155,000 as at the date of his resignation.

Note: None of the shares included in the table above are held nominally by key management personnel.

Service Agreements for Directors and key management personnel

Directors are engaged under contracts. Their remuneration is not fixed and fluctuates in line with the financial situation of the Company. The terms of their engagement are unspecified, and there is no period of notice of termination.

Mr John V McCarthy is engaged under a service agreement. His remuneration is reported in the table in section b above. The terms of his engagement are unspecified, and there is a 3 months' notice of termination.

Options held by key management personnel

As at 30 June 2017, no Directors or senior executives held options of the Company.

End of audited remuneration report.

^{**} Allen Jay passed away on 12 March 2017 and held 350,000 shares as at the date of his death.

^{***} Sarah Harvey resigned as an alternate director on 21 July 2016 and held 20,776,449 shares as at the date of her resignation.

ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISLATION

The Group is subject to state, federal and international environmental legislation. The Group has complied with its environmental obligations and no environmental breaches have been notified by any Government agency to the date of this Directors' Report and the Directors do not anticipate any obstacles in complying with the legislation.

INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE OF OFFICERS AND AUDITORS

During the year, Dome paid a premium to insure officers of the Group. The officers of the Group covered by the insurance policy include all Directors.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Group, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings, other than where such liabilities arise out of conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else to cause detriment to the Group.

Details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of insurance policies are not disclosed as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

The Group has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify any current or former officer or auditor of the Group against a liability incurred as such by an officer or auditor.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

During the year, Grant Thornton, the Company's auditors, performed certain other services in addition to their statutory audit duties.

The Board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services during the year is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company to ensure they do not impact upon the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the non-audit services do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set
 out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or
 auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the
 Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Details of the amounts paid to the auditors of the Company, Grant Thornton, and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in Note 19 to the Financial Statements.

PROCEEDINGS OF BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under s307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is included on page 23 of this financial report and forms part of this Directors' Report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

G. G. Lowder

Chairman

Sydney, 14 September 2017



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Auditor's Independence Declaration To the Directors of Dome Gold Mines Limited

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, as lead auditor for the audit of Dome Gold Mines Limited for the year ended 30 June 2017, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- b no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD Chartered Accountants

M D Dewhurst

Partner - Audit & Assurance

Sydney, 14 September 2017

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd ACN 130 913 594 a subsidiary or related entity of Grant Thornton Australia Ltd ABN 41 127 556 389

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board is committed to achieving and demonstrating the highest standards of corporate governance. Corporate Governance is about having a set of core values and behaviours that underpin the Company's activities and ensure transparency, fair dealing and protection of the interests of stakeholders. Dome Gold Mines Ltd and its Controlled Entities ('the Group') have adopted the third edition of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations which was released by the ASX Corporate Governance Council on 27 March 2014 and became effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 July 2014.

The Group's Corporate Governance Statement for the financial year ending 30 June 2017 is dated as at 30 June 2017 and was approved by the Board on 14 September 2017. A description of the Company's current corporate governance practices is set out in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement, which is available on the Company's website at www.domegoldmines.com.au.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS & OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Notes	2017 \$	2016 (restated) S
		Y	Y
Other income	4	16,004	318,467
Employee benefits expenses (including directors fees)		(523,260)	(655,726)
Other expenses	5	(1,026,849)	(1,089,439)
Operating loss		(1,534,105)	(1,426,698)
Depreciation		(9,742)	(16,053)
Finance costs	6	(52,952)	(53,786)
Gain/(loss) on foreign exchange		(93)	(419)
Loss before income tax expense		(1,596,892)	(1,496,956)
Income tax expense	7	-	-
Loss for the year		(1,596,892)	(1,496,956)
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Exchange difference on translating foreign controlled entities		(62,691)	89,507
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(1,659,583)	(1,407,449)
Earnings per share		(0 (7)	(0.44)
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share)	8	(0.67)	(0.66)

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

	Notes	2017 \$	2016 (restated) \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,182,258	319,028
Trade and other receivables	10	40,609	68,118
Other assets	11	76,191	28,109
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,299,058	415,255
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	12	282,739	374,100
Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure	14	28,395,904	27,689,854
Other assets	11	211,718	192,367
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		28,890,361	28,256,321
TOTAL ASSETS		30,189,419	28,671,576
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	15	146,438	111,028
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		146,438	111,028
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	16	1,217,959	1,443,930
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,217,959	1,443,930
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,364,397	1,554,958
NET ASSETS		28,825,022	27,116,618
EQUITY			
Issued capital	17	38,120,421	34,752,434
Foreign currency translation reserve		174,404	237,095
Accumulated losses		(9,469,803)	(7,872,911)
TOTAL EQUITY		28,825,022	27,116,618

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Issued capital \$	Foreign currency translation reserves \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2015 (restated) Transaction with owners	33,769,580	147,588	(6,375,955)	27,541,213
Ordinary shares issued	1,047,417	-	-	1,047,417
Transaction costs on issue of shares	(64,563)	-	-	(64,563)
Total transactions with owners	982,854	-	-	982,854
Other comprehensive income	-	89,507	-	89,507
Loss for the year	-	-	(1,496,956)	(1,496,956)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	89,507	(1,496,956)	(1,407,449)
Balance at 30 June 2016 (restated)	34,752,434	237,095	(7,872,911)	27,116,618
Balance at 1 July 2016 (restated)	34,752,434	237,095	(7,872,911)	27,116,618
Transaction with owners	10,925 (7,646,741) 27,116,618			
Ordinary shares issued	3,771,204	-	-	3,771,204
Transaction costs on issue of shares	(403,217)	-	-	(403,217)
Total transactions with owners	3,367,987	-	-	3,367,987
Other comprehensive income	-	(62,691)	-	(62,691)
Loss for the year	-	-	(1,596,892)	(1,596,892)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(62,691)	(1,596,892)	(1,659,583)
Balance at 30 June 2017	38,120,421	174,404	(9,469,803)	28,825,022

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Notes	2017 \$	2016 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		15,931	24,180
Cash received from other income		37,111	254,236
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(1,588,907)	(1,754,864)
Interest paid		-	(82,164)
Other tax (paid)/received		(17,516)	11,952
Net cash used in operating activities	18	(1,553,381)	(1,546,660)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash paid on deposit/advance payment		(115,966)	(5,869)
Cash paid on other investment activities		-	(5,292)
Cash received on release of bond/deposit		94,009	10,545
Cash received from disposal of property, plant & equipment		200	-
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		(9,293)	(617)
Exploration cost payments capitalised		(697,969)	(490,527)
Net cash used in investing activities		(729,019)	(491,760)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of share capital		3,771,204	635,293
Proceeds from borrowings		-	100,000
Cash paid on share issue costs		(345,893)	(148,206)
Repayment of borrowings		(278,924)	(475,970)
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,146,387	111,117
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		863,987	(1,927,303)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		319,028	2,245,950
Exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents		(757)	381
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	9	1,182,258	319,028

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Report includes the consolidated financial statements and notes of Dome Gold Mines Ltd and controlled entities ('Group').

1 GENERAL INFORMATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The consolidated general purpose financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards results in full compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The Group is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 14 September 2017 (see note 29).

Dome Gold Mines Limited is the Group's ultimate parent company. Dome Gold Mines Ltd is a public company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in Australia on 8 July 2011. The registered office is Suite 2, Level 8, 17-19 Bridge Street, Sydney 2000.

Dome Gold Mines Ltd is the parent company with 100% ownership of:

- Magma Mines Pty Ltd;
- Dome Mines Ltd (a company limited by shares incorporated in Fiji); and
- Magma Mines Ltd (a company limited by shares incorporated in Fiji).

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year have been the continuing exploration and evaluation of the following projects in Fiji:

• SPL1451 Ono Island,

- SPL1452 Nadrau; and
- SPL1495 Sigatoka Ironsands.

2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 New and revised standards that are effective for these financial statements

The Group has adopted all of the new, revised or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are mandatory for the current reporting period. The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the Group.

2.2 Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

AASB 9 Financial Instruments (effective from 1 January 2018)

AASB 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities. These requirements improve and simplify the approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139.

The Group is yet to undertake a detailed assessment of the impact of AASB 9. However, based on the entity's preliminary assessment, the Standard is not expected to have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements when it is first adopted for the year ending 30 June 2019.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective from 1 January 2018)

AASB 15 replaces AASB 118 Revenue, AASB 111 Construction Contracts and some revenue-related Interpretations:

- Establishes a new revenue recognition model
- Changes the basis for deciding whether revenue is to be recognised over time or at a point in time
- Provides new and more detailed guidance on specific topics (e.g., multiple element arrangements, variable pricing, rights of return, warranties and licensing)
- Expands and improves disclosures about revenue

The Group is yet to undertake a detailed assessment of the impact of AASB 15. However, based on the Group's preliminary assessment, the Standard is not expected to have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements when it is first adopted for the year ending 30 June 2019.

AASB 16 Leases (effective from 1 January 2019)

AASB 16 replaces AASB 117 Leases and some lease-related Interpretations:

- Requires all leases to be accounted for 'on-balance sheet' by lessees, other than short-term and low value asset leases
- Provides new guidance on the application of the definition of lease and on sale and lease back accounting
- Largely retains the existing lessor accounting requirements in AASB 117
- Requires new and different disclosures about leases

The Group is yet to undertake a detailed assessment of the impact of AASB 16. Based on the Group's preliminary assessment, the Standard is expected to have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements when it is first adopted for the year ending 30 June 2020.

In addition to the AASB 9, AASB 15 and AASB 16 discussed above, a number of additional amendments have also been issued but are not effective for the current year end, which will be applicable to the Group, but are unlikely to have a material impact on the financial statements, based on management's initial consideration.

3 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Overall considerations

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarised below.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the measurement bases specified by Australian Accounting Standards for each type of asset, liability, income and expense. The measurement bases are more fully described in the accounting policies below.

3.2 Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the parent company and all of its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 30 June 2017. The parent controls a subsidiary if it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its investment with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary.

All transactions and balances between Group companies are eliminated on consolidation, including unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies. Where unrealised losses on intra-group asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from a group perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Profit or loss and other comprehensive income of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are recognised from the effective date of acquisition, or up to the effective date of disposal, as applicable.

3.3 Business combination

The Group applies the acquisition method in accounting for business combinations.

The consideration transferred by the Group to obtain control of a subsidiary is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group, which includes the fair value of any asset or liability arising from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group recognises identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination regardless of whether they have been previously recognised in the acquiree's financial statements prior to the acquisition. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed are generally measured at their acquisition-date fair values.

Goodwill is stated after separate recognition of identifiable intangible assets. It is calculated as the excess of the sum of (a) fair value of consideration transferred, (b) the recognised amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and (c) acquisition-date fair value of any existing equity interest in the acquiree, over the acquisition-date fair values of identifiable net assets. If the fair values of identifiable net assets exceed the sum calculated above, the excess amount (i.e. gain on a bargain purchase) is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

3.4 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

3.5 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars (AUD), which is also the functional currency of the parent company.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective Group entity, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate). Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-measurement of monetary items at period end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the date of the transactions), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value which are translated using the change rates at the date when fair value was determined.

Foreign operations

In the Group's financial statements, all assets, liabilities and transactions of Group entities with a functional currency other than the AUD are translated into AUD upon consolidation. The functional currency of the entities in the Group has remained unchanged during the reporting period.

On consolidation, assets and liabilities have been translated into AUD at the closing rate at the reporting date. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity have been treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated into AUD at the closing rate. Income and expenses have been translated into AUD at the average rate over the reporting period. Exchange differences are charged/credited to other comprehensive income and recognised in the currency translation reserve in equity. On disposal of a foreign operation the cumulative translation differences recognised in equity are reclassified to profit or loss and recognised as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

3.6 Segment Reporting

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Determination and presentation of operating segments

The Group determines and presents operating segments based on the information that is provided internally to the management.

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are regularly reviewed by the Group's management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the management include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets (primarily the Company's headquarter), head office expenses, and income tax assets and liabilities.

Segment capital expenditure is the total costs incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets other than goodwill.

3.7 Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation costs, including the costs of acquiring licences, are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets on an area of interest basis.

Exploration and evaluation assets are only recognised if the rights of the area of interest are current and either:

- the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability and facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. For the purposes of impairment testing, exploration and evaluation assets are allocated to cash generating units to which the exploration activity relates. The cash generating unit shall not be larger than the area of interest.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified from exploration and evaluation expenditure to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

3.8 Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment and computer equipment

Plant and equipment (comprising fittings and furniture) and computer equipment are initially recognised at acquisition cost or manufacturing cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Group's management.

Plant and equipment and computer equipment are measured on the cost basis less subsequent depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is recognised on a straight-line basis to write down the cost over the assets' estimated useful lives to the Group commencing from the time the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates and useful lives used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of fixed asset	Useful Lives	Depreciation basis
Exploration computer equipment	2.5-4.2 years	Prime cost
Exploration furniture and fittings	3-8.3 years	Prime cost
Exploration plant and equipment	2.5-8.3 years	Prime cost
Office equipment	2-20 years	Prime cost

Gains or losses arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in profit or loss within other income or other expenses.

3.9 Leased assets

Operating leases

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Where the Group is a lessee, payments on operating lease agreements are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Associated costs, such as maintenance and insurance, are expensed as incurred.

3.10 Income tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the period adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or are substantively enacted by the date of the statement of financial position.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the income statement except where it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the economic entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

3.11 Revenue

Interest income is reported on an accruals basis using the effective interest method.

Refundable research and development costs are reported as a government grant through other income.

3.12 Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised exclusive of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian or Fiji Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

3.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

3.14 Financial instruments

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Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument, and are measured initially at fair value adjusted by transactions costs, except for those carried at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities are described below.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and all substantial risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets in the scope of AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, or available-for-sale investments, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets after initial recognition and, when allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at each financial period end.

Loans and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

Individually significant receivables are considered for impairment when they are past due or when other objective evidence is received that a specific counterparty will default. Receivables that are not considered to be individually impaired are reviewed for impairment in groups, which are determined by reference to the industry and region of a counterparty and other credit risk characteristics. The impairment loss estimate is then based on recent historical counterparty default rates for each identified group.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include borrowings and trade and other payables, which are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Trade and other payables, including accruals for goods received but not yet billed, are recognised when the Group becomes obliged to make future payments principally as a result of the purchase or goods and services.

Trade payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

3.15 Significant accounting judgments and key estimates

The preparation of financial reports requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factor, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes would differ from these estimates if different assumptions were used and different conditions existed.

In particular, the Group has identified the following areas where significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are required, and where actual results were to differ, may materially affect the financial position or financial results reported in future periods.

(i) Exploration and evaluation expenditure (Note 14)

All capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure (\$28,395,904 at 30 June 2017) (2016: \$27,689,854) has been capitalised on the basis that:

- the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a
 reasonable assessment of the existence or other wise of economically recoverable reserves and active
 and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.
- The renewal of exploration licences is expected to be a routine process up until such a point as the
 entity is able to apply for a mining licence. As at the date of reporting, all licences have been renewed
 and are up to date.
- (ii) Going concern (Note 3.16)

3.16 Going concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The Group has incurred a trading loss of \$1,596,892 (2016: \$1,496,956), used \$2,251,350 (2016: \$2,036,768) of net cash in operations including payments for exploration during the year ended 30 June 2017, and has a cash balance of \$1,182,258 at 30 June 2017 (2016: \$319,028). These conditions give rise to a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The ongoing operation of the Group is dependent upon:

- the Group raising additional funding from shareholders or other parties; and/or
- the Group reducing expenditure in-line with available funding.

The Directors have prepared cash flow projections that support the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. These cash flow projections assume the Group obtains sufficient additional funding from shareholders or other parties. If such funding is not achieved, the Group plans to reduce expenditures significantly.

In the event that the Group does not obtain additional funding and/or reduce expenditure in-line with available funding, it may not be able to continue its operations as a going concern and therefore may not be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the ordinary course of operations and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

3.17 Impairment testing of non-current assets

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level.

All other individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's or cash-generating unit's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable interest rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The data used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Group's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect management's assessment of respective risk profiles, such as market and asset-specific risks factors.

With the exception of goodwill, all assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognised may no longer exist. An impairment charge is reversed if the cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

3.18 Equity and reserves

Share capital represents the fair value of shares that have been issued. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share capital, net of any related income tax benefits.

Other components of equity include the following:

- Foreign currency translation reserve comprises foreign currency translation differences arising on the translation of financial statements of the Group's foreign entities into AUD; and
- Retained earnings include all current and prior period retained losses.

3.19 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are benefits, other than termination benefits, that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve (12) months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. Examples of such benefits include wages and salaries, non-monetary benefits and accumulating sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's liabilities for annual leave are included in other long term benefits as they are not expected to be settled wholly within twelve (12) months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. The expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the timing of the estimated future cash outflows. Any re-measurements arising from experience adjustments and changes in assumptions are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Group presents employee benefit obligations as current liabilities in the statement of financial position if the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve (12) months after the reporting period, irrespective of when the actual settlement is expected to take place.

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Total other income	16,004	318,467
Interest income	16,004	27,120
R&D refund	-	291,347
	\$	\$
	2017	2016

5 OTHER EXPENSES

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Consultant expenses	625,309	687,672
Loss on disposal of property, plant & equipment	3,572	-
Office expenses	279,913	312,050
Other expenses	118,055	77,230
Tenement related costs	-	12,487
Total other expenses	1,026,849	1,089,439

6 FINANCE COSTS

	2017	2016
Interest expenses for borrowings at amortised cost	\$	\$
3		
- Related party	4,726	219
- Third party	48,226	53,567
	52,952	53,786

7 INCOME TAX

/ INCOME IAX		
	2017	2016 (restated)
(a) Income tax expense/(benefit)	\$	\$
Current tax	_	_
Deferred tax	_	_
-		
(b) Reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax		
payable:		
Loss before tax	(1,596,892)	(1,496,956)
Prima facie income tax benefit at the Australian tax rate of 27.5% (2016: 28.5%)	(439,145)	(426,633)
Increase/(decrease) in income tax expense due to:		
Assessable income/ non-deductible expenses	10,724	7,167
Non-assessable income/ deductible expenses	-	-
Tax loss not recognised	441,320	481,294
Effect of net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) not recognised	(20,235)	(70,915)
Impact of overseas tax differential	7,336	9,087
Income tax expense/(benefit)	-	-
(c) Unrecognised deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax balances have not been recognised in		
respect of the following items:		
Tax loss	2,237,637	2,623,423
Other deferred tax assets	634,043	542,743
Deferred tax liability in relation to exploration costs	(1,407,515)	(1,267,775)
Net deferred tax assets not recognised	1,464,165	1,898,391

8 LOSS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted loss per share have been calculated using:

	2017 \$	2016 (restated) \$	
Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	(1,596,892)	(1,496,956)	
	No of Shares		
Weighted average number of shares at the end of the year used in basic and diluted loss per share	236,975,726	227,638,654	
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)	(0.67)	(0.66)	

As the Group is loss making, none of the potentially dilutive securities are currently dilutive.

9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand, cash at bank and short term deposits at call, net of any outstanding bank overdraft, if any. Cash at the end of the year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Cash at bank	1,182,258	319,028
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,182,258	319,028

10 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Other receivables	797	9,119
Other tax receivables	39,812	58,999
Total other receivables	40,609	68,118

11 OTHER ASSETS

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Current		
Prepayments	76,191	28,109
Total other current assets	76,191	28,109
Non-current		
Bank guarantee deposit	114,543	94,009
Bond deposit	96,356	97,523
Other capital costs	819	835
Total other non-current assets	211,718	192,367

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	2017 \$	2016
	.	Ÿ
Exploration computer equipment		
At cost	7,435	6,131
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(2,992)	(4,841)
Total exploration computer equipment	4,443	1,290
Exploration furniture and fittings		
At cost	12,832	12,580
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(6,409)	(4,966)
Total exploration furniture and fittings	6,423	7,614
Exploration plant and equipment		
At cost	495,271	502,543
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(230,954)	(156,061)
Total exploration plant and equipment	264,317	346,482
Office equipment		
At cost	24,744	50.425
Less accumulated depreciation	(17,188)	(31,711)
Total office equipment	7,556	18,714
Total	282,739	374,100

Movements in carrying amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Exploration computer equipment \$	Exploration furniture and fittings \$	Exploration plant and equipment	Office equipment \$	Total \$
Gross carrying amount					
Balance at 1 July 2015	6,028	12,132	486,765	49,957	554,882
Additions	-	-	8,934	617	9,551
Disposals	-	-	(10,661)	(149)	(10,810)
Net exchange difference	103	448	17,505	-	18,056
Balance at 30 June 2016	6,131	12,580	502,543	50,425	571,679
Depreciation and impairment	(2.2-2)	,	(= (===)		
Balance at 1 July 2015	(3,270)	(2,218)	(74,529)	(15,807)	(95,824)
Depreciation	(1,507)	(2,666)	(888,08)	(16,053)	(101,114)
Disposals	-	-	1,727	149	1,876
Net exchange difference	(64)	(82)	(2,371)		(2,517)
Balance at 30 June 2016	(4,841)	(4,966)	(156,061)	(31,711)	(197,579)
Carrying amount as at 30 June 2016	1,290	7,614	346,482	18,714	374,100
Gross carrying amount					
Balance at 1 July 2016	6,131	12,580	502,543	50,425	571,679
Additions	4,564	487	1,885	2,357	9,293
Disposals	(3,206)	-	-	(28,038)	(31,244)
Net exchange difference	(54)	(235)	(9,157)	-	(9,446)
Balance at 30 June 2017	7,435	12,832	495,271	24,744	540,282
Depreciation and impairment					
Balance at 1 July 2016	(4,841)	(4,966)	(156,061)	(31,711)	(197,579)
Depreciation	(644)	(1,536)	(77,581)	(9,743)	(89,504)
Disposals	2,443	-	-	24,266	26,709
Net exchange difference	50	93	2,688	-	2,831
Balance at 30 June 2017	(2,992)	(6,409)	(230,954)	(17,188)	(257,543)
Carrying amount as at 30 June 2017	4,443	6,423	264,317	7,556	282,739

13 LEASES

Operating leases as lessee

The Group leases 3 motor vehicles in Fiji under an operating lease. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

	Mi	Minimum Lease Payments Due					
	Within 1 year \$	1-3years \$	After 3 years \$	Total \$			
30 June 2017	24,281	42,653	1,939	68,873			
30 June 2016	32,725	3,011	-	35,736			

Lease expenses during the year amounted to \$35,824 (2016: \$39,614) representing the minimum lease payments.

The rental contract has a non-cancellable term of three years.

14 CAPITALISED EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE

	\$
Balance at 1 July 2015	27,037,069
Expenditure capitalised during the year	652,785
Balance at 30 June 2016	27,689,854
Balance at 1 July 2016	27,689,854
Expenditure capitalised during the year	706,050
Balance at 30 June 2017	28,395,904

The Directors have considered the requirements of AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, and reviewed the carrying value of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure. Based on this review, the Directors consider the carrying value of each area of interest is supported by the anticipated future value. Furthermore, there are no indicators that the carrying values are impaired as at 30 June 2017.

15 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Current		
Accruals	100,692	39,929
Trade creditors	12,689	6,873
Other payables	12,683	47,172
Provisions	20,374	17,054
Total other payables	146,438	111,028

16 BORROWINGS

	20	17 201	6
		\$	\$
Non-current			
Loan from third party	1,119,938	1,343,711	
Loan from related party	98,021	100,219	
Total borrowings	1,217,959	1,443,930	

The outstanding loan payable to a third party as at 30 June 2017 is \$1,119,938 (2016: \$1,343,711). The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 5%. The facility is not secured. There is no further facility with a third party available as at 30 June 2017 (2016: \$Nil).

The outstanding loan payable to a related party as at 30 June 2017 is \$98,021 (2016: \$100,219), refer to Note 20. The total facility of the Company with a related party is \$3,500,000 as at 30 June 2017 (2016: \$3,500,000), which expires on 31 December 2018. The facility is not secured. The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 5%.

17 ISSUED CAPITAL

	2017		2017 2016		2016	
	Shares	\$	Shares	\$		
Ordinary shares fully paid	246,827,429	38,120,421	228,274,086	34,752,434		

Movements in ordinary share capital

Ordinary shares	No. of shares	\$
Balance at 1 July 2015	224,746,947	33,769,580
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 1 July 2015 at \$0.36	1,144,791	412,125
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 15 July 2015 at \$0.20	166,666	33,333
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 13 August 2015 at \$0.20	166,666	33,333
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 16 September 2015 at \$0.20	166,666	33,333
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 1 October 2015 at \$0.20	1,000,000	200,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 12 November 2015 at \$0.38	882,350	335,293
Less costs of issue	-	(64,563)
Balance at 30 June 2016	228,274,086	34,752,434
Balance at 1 July 2016	228,274,086	34,752,434
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 9 August 2016 at \$0.20	7,500,000	1,500,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 16 August 2016 at \$0.21	1,188,058	249,492
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 16 August 2016 at \$0.25	502,840	125,710
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 5 April 2017 at \$0.215	1,567,500	337,013
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 19 June 2017 at \$0.20	3,973,976	794,795
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 29 June 2017 at \$0.20	3,820,969	764,194
Less costs of issue	-	(403,217)
Balance at 30 June 2017	246,827,429	38,120,421

The share capital of Dome Gold Mines consists only of fully paid ordinary shares. All shares are equally eligible to receive dividends and the repayment of capital and represent one vote at the shareholders' meeting of Dome Gold Mines.

18 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

in the statement of Financial Position as follows.		
	2017 \$	2016 (restated)
Reconciliation of cash	,	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,182,258	319,028
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss from ordinary activities after income tax		
Loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(1,596,892)	(1,496,956)
Non-cash flows in loss from ordinary activities		
Depreciation and amortisation	9,742	16,053
(Gain)/loss on sale of property, plant & equipment	3,572	-
Changes in other assets and liabilities	(29,898)	450,181
Trade receivables and other assets	35,345	(28,802)
Trade and other payables	24,750	(487,136)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,553,381)	(1,546,660)

19 REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the year, the following services were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the company:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd		
Audit services	50,000	60,000
Taxation services	-	8,250
Total remuneration of auditor	50,000	68,250

20 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group has a loan from a related party as described below.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Loan from related party		
Beginning of the year	100,219	-
Loans advanced	-	100,000
Loan repayments	(6,924)	-
Interest charged	4,726	219
End of period	98,021	100,219

The agreed interest on the loans is 5%. It is not secured and repayable in full by 31 December 2020.

21 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Minimum tenement expenditure requirements		
Within one year	-	1,677,350
Between one to five years	1,698,408	779,921
Total	1,698,408	2,457,271

There are no contingent assets or liabilities as at the date of this financial report. The minimum tenement expenditure requirements are guidelines only by the Mineral Resources Department in Fiji.

SPL 1451 is valid until 12 February 2020, SPL 1452 is valid until 12 February 2019, and SPL 1495 is valid until 12 July 2018.

22 SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's management and internal reporting structure.

Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly income earning assets and revenue, interest bearing loans, borrowings and expenses, and corporate assets and expenses.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the year to acquire segment assets that are expected to be used for more than one year.

Geographical segments

For the financial year ended 30 June 2017 the Company principally operated in Fiji in the mineral exploration sector.

The Group has one reportable segment, as described below:

Operating Segment	Fiji S	Unallocated S	Consolidated total S
30 June 2016 (restated)	Y	Y	¥
Segment revenue			
Revenue – external	-	291,347	291,347
Finance income	730	26,390	27,120
Total revenue	730	317,737	318,467
Depreciation	-	(16,053)	(16,053)
Segment loss	(33,508)	(1,463,448)	(1,496,956)
Segment assets	26,254,331	2,417,245	28,671,576
Segment liabilities	3,176,150	(1,621,192)	1,554,958

Operating Segment	Fiji \$	Unallocated \$	Consolidated total \$
30 June 2017			
Segment revenue			
Revenue – external	-	-	-
Finance income	725	15,279	16,004
Total revenue	725	15,279	16,004
Depreciation	-	(9,742)	(9,742)
Segment profit/(loss)	(19,948)	(1,576,944)	(1,596,892)
Segment assets	26,611,433	3,577,986	30,189,419
Segment liabilities	3,547,105	(2,182,708)	1,364,397

Reconciliation of reportable segment profit & loss, assets and liabilities

	2017	2016 (restated)
	\$	\$
Loss before tax		
Loss before tax for reportable segment	(19,948)	(33,508)
Other loss before tax unallocated	(1,576,944)	(1,463,448)
Consolidated loss before tax	(1,596,892)	(1,496,956)
Assets		
Total assets for reportable segments	26,611,433	26,254,331
Intercompany eliminations	(3,877,282)	(3,523,020)
Other assets unallocated	7,455,268	5,940,265
Consolidated assets	30,189,419	28,671,576
Liabilities		
Total liabilities for reportable segments	3,547,105	3,176,150
Intercompany eliminations	(3,877,282)	(3,523,020)
Other liabilities unallocated	1,694,574	1,901,828
Consolidated liabilities	1,364,397	1,554,958

23 PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

As at and throughout the financial year ended 30 June 2017 the parent entity of the Group was Dome Gold Mines Ltd.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Statement of profit or loss & other comprehensive income		
Net loss for the year	(1,571,625)	(2,101,194)
Other comprehensive income	(68,786)	2,346
Total comprehensive loss	(1,640,411)	(2,098,848)

	2017 S	2016 \$
Statement of financial position	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Current assets	5,090,469	3,880,851
Non-current assets	25,220,542	24,893,486
Total assets	30,311,011	28,774,337
Current liabilities	142,739	107,670
Non-current liabilities	1,217,959	1,443,930
Total liabilities	1,360,698	1,551,600
Net assets	28,950,313	27,222,737
Equity		
Issued capital	38,120,421	34,752,434
Accumulated losses	(9,103,668)	(7,532,043)
Foreign currency translation reserve	(66,440)	2,346
Total equity	28,950,313	27,222,737

The directors are of the opinion that no contingencies existed at, or subsequent to year end.

24 RESTATEMENT

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It has been identified that the gains and losses arising from translation of the intercompany loans the parent has made to its Fijian subsidiaries had been recorded as part of the profit or loss for the period. This is inconsistent with the requirements of AASB 121, which states that such exchange differences shall be recognised in other comprehensive income. These financial statements have been restated to present the comparatives for the year ended 30 June 2016, and the balances as at 30 June 2016 to reflect the correct treatment, of taking the translation gains or losses on the group loans through other comprehensive income to the "Foreign currency translation reserve".

The impacts of this restatement on the comparatives presented in the financial statements are as summarised below:

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2016

	As previously presented \$	Restatement adjustment \$	Restated \$
Loss for the period	1,393,340	103,616	1,496,956
Exchange difference on translating foreign controlled entities	14,109	(103,616)	(89,507)
Total comprehensive income	1,407,449	-	1,407,449

Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2016

	As previously presented \$	Restatement adjustment \$	Restated \$
Net assets	27,116,618	-	27,116,618
Equity			
Issued capital	34,752,434	-	34,752,434
Foreign currency translation reserve	10,925	226,170	237,095
Accumulated losses	(7,646,741)	(226,170)	(7,872,911)
Total equity	27,116,618	-	27,116,618

25 POST-REPORTING DATE EVENTS

Subsequent to the end of the financial year:

Drilling resumed at Sigatoka

The Company announced on 17 July 2017 that sonic drilling will resume on its industrial sand-magnetite Sigatoka Project during that week. The program is designed to drill parts of the sand deposit on Koroura Island not drilled previously and on freehold not drilled in sufficient detail in earlier programs. Data collected will be used to update the existing JORC 2012 report.

Options expired

7,500,000 unquoted options at an exercise price of \$0.20 expired unexercised on 9 August 2017.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

26 SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars in relation to controlled entities:

Controlled entities	Country of	Company interes	
	incorporation	2017 %	2016 %
Dome Mines Limited	Fiji	100	100
Magma Mines Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Magma Mines Limited	Fiji	100	100

27 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK

27.1 Risk management objectives and policies

The Group is exposed to various risks in relation to financial instruments. The Group's financial assets and liabilities by category are summarised in note 3.14. The main types of risks are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's risk management is coordinated by management, in close co-operation with the board of directors, and focuses on actively securing the Group's short to medium term cash flows by minimising the exposure to financial markets.

The Group does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Group is exposed are described below.

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to currency risk and certain other price risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities.

27.2 Market risk analysis

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to currency risk, interest rate risk and certain other price risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities.

Foreign currency sensitivity

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Most of the Group's transactions are carried out in AUD. Exposures to currency exchange rates arise from the Group's overseas purchases, which are primarily denominated in Fijian dollars (FJD). To mitigate the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, non-AUD cash flows are monitored.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of profit in regards to the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities and the AUD/FJD exchange rate 'all other things being equal'. It assumes a +/- 5% change of the AUD/FJD exchange rate for the year ended 30 June 2017. This percentage has been determined based on the average market volatility in exchange rates in the previous 12 months. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Group's foreign currency financial instruments held at each reporting date and also takes into account forward exchange contracts that offset effects from changes in currency exchange rates.

If the AUD had strengthened against the FJD by 5% (2016: 5%) then this would have had the following impact:

	Profit for the year \$	Equity \$
30 June 2017	168,726	168,726
30 June 2016	151,085	151,085

If the AUD had weakened against the FJD by 5% (2016: 5%) then this would have had the following impact:

	Profit for the year \$	Equity \$
30 June 2017	(168,726)	(168,726)
30 June 2016	(151,085)	(151,085)

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the year depending on the volume of overseas transactions. Nonetheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Group's exposure to currency risk.

Interest rate sensitivity

Interest risk arises from the use of interest bearing financial instruments. It is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates (interest rate risk).

The Group's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on financing. Borrowings are therefore usually at fixed rates. At 30 June 2017, the Group is not exposed to changes in market interest rates through borrowings as all borrowings are at fixed interest rates.

At 30 June 2017, the Group's exposure to cash flow interest relates primarily to cash at bank of the Group which bears floating rates. The Group is considering investing surplus cash in long term deposits at fixed rates in the future.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following floating financial instruments:

	Weighted average interest rate %	Balance \$	Weighted average interest rate %	Balance \$
Cash and cash equivalents	0.58	1,182,258	0.89	319,028

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a 0.5% change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit (through the impact on floating rate financial assets and financial liabilities).

	20)17	20	16
	+0.5% \$	-0.5% \$	+0.5% \$	-0.5% \$
Profit/(loss) for the year	5,911	(5,911)	1,595	(1,595)

27.3 Credit risk analysis

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge an obligation to the Group. The Group is exposed to this risk for various financial instruments, for example by receivables from other parties, placing deposits etc. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the reporting date, as summarised below:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Classes of financial assets – carrying amounts		
Carrying amounts:		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,182,258	319,028
Trade and other receivables	40,609	68,118
Bank guarantee deposit	114,543	94,009
Bond deposit	96,356	97,523
Carrying amount	1,433,766	578,678

The Group continuously monitors defaults of other counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on other counterparties are obtained and used. The Group's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

The Group's management considers that all the above financial assets that are not impaired or past due for each of the reporting dates under review are of good credit quality. The Group currently has no receivables from trading therefore is not exposed to credit risk in relation to trade receivables.

None of the Group's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, bank guarantee deposit, bond deposit and tax refunds is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks and government body with high quality external credit ratings.

27.4 Liquidity risk analysis

Liquidity risk is that the Group might be unable to meet its obligations. The Group manages its liquidity needs by monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for financial liabilities as well as forecast cash inflows and outflows due in day-to-day business. The data used for analysing these cash flows is consistent with that used in the contractual maturity analysis below. Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on the basis of a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a 180-day and a 360-day lookout period are identified monthly. Net cash requirements are compared to available borrowing facilities in order to determine headroom or any shortfalls. This analysis shows that available borrowing facilities are expected to be sufficient over the lookout period.

The Group's objective is to maintain cash and marketable securities to meet its liquidity requirements for 90-day periods at a minimum. This objective was met for the reporting periods. Funding for long-term liquidity needs is additionally secured by an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

28 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Our objective of capital risk management is to manage capital and safeguard our ability to continue as a going concern, and to generate returns for shareholders. The Group manages its risk exposure of its financial instruments in accordance with the guidance of the Board of Directors. The Group uses different methods to manage and minimise its exposure to risks. These include monitoring levels of interest rates fluctuations to maximise the return of bank balances and the flexing of the gearing ratios. Liquidity risk is monitored through the development of future rolling cash flow forecasts.

The final approval and monitoring of any of these policies is done by the Board which review and agrees on the policies for managing risks.

The primary responsibility to monitor the financial risks lies with the Directors and the Company Secretary under the authority of the Board. The Board approved policies for managing risks including the setting up of approval limits for purchases and monitoring projections of future cash flows.

29 AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 (including comparatives) were approved by the board of directors on 14 September 2017.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the Company declare that:

- 1 In the opinion of the Directors of Dome Gold Mines Limited:
 - The consolidated financial statements and notes of Dome Gold Mines Limited are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - i Giving a true and fair view of its financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - ii Complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that Dome Gold Mines Limited will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 2 The Directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.
- 3 Note 1 confirms that the consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

G. G. Lowder

Chairman

Dated 14 September 2017

Sydney



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Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of Dome Gold Mines Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial ReportOpinion

We have audited the financial report of Dome Gold Mines Limited (the Company), and its subsidiaries (the Group) which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial report of Dome Gold Mines Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 3.16 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of \$1,596,892, used \$2,251,350 of net cash in operations. As stated in Note 3.16, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 3.16, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Exploration and Evaluation Assets – valuation Note 3 and 14	
At 30 June 2017 the carrying value of Exploration and Evaluation Assets was \$28,395,904. In accordance with AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, the company is required to assess at each reporting date if there are any triggers for impairment which may suggest the carrying value is in excess of the recoverable value. There are a number of assumptions made when assessing the recoverability of capitalised costs many times it is hinged upon the future success of projects. This area is a key audit matter due to the inherent subjectivity that is involved in the Group making judgements in relation to the evaluation for any impairment indicators, in accordance with AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources.	 Our procedures included, amongst others: Obtaining the management prepared reconciliation of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure and agreeing to the general ledger; Reviewing management's area of interest considerations against AASB 6; Conducting a detailed review of management's assessment of trigger events prepared in accordance with AASB 6 including; Tracing projects to statutory registers, exploration licenses and third party confirmations to determine whether a right of tenure existed; Enquiry of management regarding their intentions to carry out exploration and evaluation activity in the relevant exploration area, including review of managements' budgeted expenditure; Understanding whether any data exists to suggest that the carrying value of these exploration and evaluation assets are unlikely to be recovered through development or sale; Reviewing the appropriateness of the related disclosures within the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2017, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors' for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar1.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 18 to 20 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Dome Gold Mines Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2017, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD

Grant Thouter

Chartered Accountants

M D Dewhurst

Partner - Audit & Assurance

Sydney, 14 September 2017

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is set out below. The information is effective as at 31 August 2017.

SECURITIES EXCHANGE

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The Home Exchange is Sydney.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The number of substantial shareholders and their associates are set out below:

Shareholder	Number of Shares
Onizaki Corporation	30,000,000
Fleet Market Investments Pty Ltd	19,776,499
Hillside Meadows Ltd	18,750,000
Summerfell Investments Ltd	17,333,333
Long-Last Enterprises Ltd	16,823,850

CLASS AND VOTING RIGHTS

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares, as set out in the Company's Constitution, are that every member in person or by proxy, attorney or representative, shall have one vote on a show of hands and one vote for each share held on a poll.

A member holding partly paid shares is entitled to a fraction of a vote equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid up bears to the issue price for the shares.

Options don't carry voting rights.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS

The total distribution of fully paid shareholders, being the only class of equity was as follows:

Range	Total Shareholders	Total No of Shares
1 - 1,000	5	1,013
1,001 - 5,000	22	65,302
5,001 - 10,000	175	1,743,400
10,001 - 100,000	139	3,406,789
100,001 and over	93	241,610,925
Total	434	246,827,429

LESS THAN MARKETABLE PARCELS

On 31 August 2017, there were 15 holders of less than a marketable parcel of 2,273 ordinary shares.

ON MARKET BUY BACK

There is no on market buy-back.

ESCROWED SECURITIES

As at 31 August 2017, there were no escrowed securities.

TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 August 2017, the twenty largest quoted shareholders held 77.54% of the fully paid ordinary shares as follows:

N	Ordinary Shares			
Name	Quantity	%		
Onizaki Corporation	30,000,000	12.15		
Fleet Market Investments Pty Ltd	19,776,499	8.01		
Hillside Meadows Ltd	18,750,000	7.60		
Summerfell Investments Ltd	17,333,333	7.02		
Long-Last Enterprises Ltd	16,823,850	6.82		
Brave Top Enterprises Ltd	10,500,000	4.25		
Hadeon Valley Holdings Inc.	10,166,667	4.12		
Globe Street Investments Pty Ltd <frg a="" c="" fund="" superannuation=""></frg>	10,000,000	4.05		
Globe Street Investments Pty Ltd <globe a="" c="" investments="" street=""></globe>	10,000,000	4.05		
Cybersys Inc	8,000,000	3.24		
Tiger Ten Investment Limited	7,292,393	2.95		
Primavera	5,000,000	2.03		
Thamadia Nominees Pty Ltd < Jean White Super Fund A/C>	5,000,000	2.03		
Mr Masayuki Kudo	3,973,976	1.61		
Monex Boom Securities (HK) Ltd <clients account=""></clients>	3,560,895	1.44		
Mr Zhengjian Xu	3,426,666	1.39		
Miyashita Denki	3,360,171	1.36		
Mr Katsuji Kato	3,099,220	1.26		
SST Trading Pty Ltd 	2,750,000	1.11		
Mr Hiromitsu Tsuruta	2,577,432	1.04		

TENEMENTS SCHEDULE

Tenement	Location	Holder	Area (Ha)	Expiry Date	Interest %
SPL 1451	Ono Island	Dome Mines Ltd	3,028	12/02/2020	100
SPL 1452	Nadrau	Dome Mines Ltd	33,213	12/02/2019	100
SPL 1495	Sigatoka	Magma Mines Ltd	2,522	13/07/2018	100

Note: Magma Mines Ltd and Dome Mines Ltd, both incorporated in Fiji, are wholly owned subsidiaries of Dome Gold Mines Ltd. All tenements are located in the Republic of Fiji.

CORPORATE DIRECTORY



ABN 49 151 996 566

Directors

Dr Garry Lowder (Chairman) Mr Tadao Tsubata (Non-Executive Director) Ms Sarah Harvey (Non-Executive Director)

Company Secretary

Mr Marcelo Mora

Corporate Office

Suite 2, Level 8, 17-19 Bridge Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Registered Office

Suite 2, Level 8, 17-19 Bridge Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Auditors

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Level 17, 383 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000

Bankers

National Australia Bank 255 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

Solicitors

Websters Level 11, 37 Bligh Street Sydney NSW 2000

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- and -

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

and –

PROXY FORM

DATE & TIME OF MEETING: Thursday 16 November 2017 at 11 am

VENUE: Level 8, 17-19 Bridge Street Sydney NSW 2000

These documents should be read in their entirety.

If shareholders are in any doubt as to how they should vote, they should seek advice from their professional advisors.



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of members is to be convened at Level 8, 17-19 Bridge Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000 on 16 November 2017 at 11 am.

AGENDA

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. Financial Reports for the Year Ended 30 June 2017

To receive and consider the Company's Annual Financial Reports, the Directors' Report and the Auditor's Report for the year ended 30 June 2017.

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions, with or without amendment:

2. Resolution 1 Adoption of the Remuneration Report

'That the Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2017 be and is hereby adopted.'

3. Resolution 2 Re-election of a Director

'That Garry Lowder be and is hereby re-elected as a Director.'

4. Resolution 3 Re-election of a Director

'That Sarah Harvey be and is hereby re-elected as a Director.'

5. Resolution 4 Ratification of Prior Issue Shares

'That the issue of 1,567,500 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company on 5 April 2017 for \$0.215 per share to Yuka Komatsu be and is hereby ratified for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 7.4 and 7.5.'

6. Resolution 5 Ratification of Prior Issue Shares

That the issue of 3,973,976 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company on 19 June 2017 for \$0.20 per share to Masayuki Kudo be and is hereby ratified for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 7.4 and 7.5.

7. Resolution 6 Ratification of Prior Issue Shares

'That the issue of 3,820,969 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company on 29 June 2017 for \$0.20 per share to Katsuji Kato and Miyashita Denki be and is hereby ratified for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 7.4 and 7.5.'

8. Resolution 7 Approval to issue 500,000 Options to Ms Sarah Harvey

'That, for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 10.11 and for all other purposes, approval is hereby given to grant 500,000 unlisted options to Ms Sarah Harvey (or her nominee) on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum.'

9. Resolution 8 Approval to issue 500,000 Options to Mr Garry Lowder

'That, for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 10.11 and for all other purposes, approval is hereby given to grant 5000,000 unlisted options to Mr Garry Lowder (or his nominee) on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum.'

10. Resolution 9 Approval to issue 500,000 Options to Mr Tadao Tsubata

'That, for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 10.11 and for all other purposes, approval is hereby given to grant 5000,000 unlisted options to Mr Tadao Tsubata (or his nominee) on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum.'



11. Resolution 10 Additional capacity to issue securities

'That the additional capacity to issue equity securities up to 10% of the issued capital of the Company as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum attached to this Notice of Meeting be and is hereby approved for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.'

To transact any other business that may be brought forward in accordance with the Company's Constitution.

By order of the Board

Marcelo Mora Company Secretary 14 October 2017

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO THE NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

This Explanatory Memorandum has been prepared to assist members to understand the business to be put to members at the Annual General Meeting to be held at Level 8, 17-19 Bridge Street, Sydney, NSW, on Thursday, 16 November 2017 at 11 am Eastern Daylight Saving Time (EDST).

1. Financial Report

The Financial Report, Directors' Report and Auditor's Report for the Company for the year ended 30 June 2017 will be laid before the meeting. There is no requirement for shareholders to approve these reports, however, the Chairman of the meeting will allow a reasonable opportunity to ask the auditor questions about the conduct of the audit and the content of the Auditor's Report.

2. Adoption of Remuneration Report

The Remuneration Report, which can be found as part of the Directors' Report in the Company's 2017 Annual Report, contains certain prescribed details, sets out the policy adopted by the Board of Directors and discloses the payments to key management personnel, Directors and senior executives.

In accordance with section 250R of the Corporations Act, a resolution that the Remuneration Report be adopted must be put to the vote. The resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

Shareholders will be given a reasonable opportunity at the meeting to comment on and ask questions about the Company's Remuneration Report.

The Chairman intends to exercise all undirected proxies in favour of Resolution 1. If the Chairman of the Meeting is appointed as your proxy and you have not specified the way the Chairman is to vote on Resolution 1, by signing and returning the Proxy Form, you are considered to have provided the Chairman with an express authorisation for the Chairman to vote the proxy in accordance with the Chairman's intention.

Voting Exclusion Statement

A vote on the resolution must not be cast (in any capacity) by or on behalf of any of the following persons:

- a member of the key management personnel details of whose remuneration are included in the remuneration report;
- a close related party of such a member.

However such a person may cast a vote on the resolution if:

- the person does so as a proxy appointed by writing that specifies how the proxy is to vote on the proposed resolution; and
- the vote is not cast on behalf of such a person.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of advisory Resolution 1. The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 1.

Re-election of Garry Lowder

In accordance with Article 39.1 of the Company's Constitution, a Director must not hold office without re-election past the third Annual General Meeting following the Director's appointment or three years, whichever is longer. A Director who retires in accordance with these requirements is eligible for re-election. Dr Garry Lowder retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

Dr Garry Lowder is a geologist who has spent over 45 years in the Australian and international mining industries. As an exploration geologist, Garry has worked in Australia, Indonesia and Papua New Guinea, playing key roles in the discovery of several mineral deposits, including the Northparkes copper, Cowal gold and Conrad silver deposits in NSW, the Paddington gold and Wodgina tantalum deposits in WA and the North Sulawesi porphyry copper deposits in Indonesia.

Over the past 30 years Garry has held senior management positions with Australian mining companies and also spent four years in government as Director General of Mineral Resources in NSW. In 1997 he founded Malachite Resources Limited, listing it on the ASX (MAR) in 2002 and retiring as managing director late in 2011; he retired from the position of non-executive Chairman at the end of November, 2012.

Garry was also an independent, non-executive director (and for three years, chairman) of ASX- listed Straits Resources Limited from 1997 until he retired from that Board in mid-2011.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 2.

The Chairman for this Resolution intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 2.

4. Re-election of Sarah Harvey

In accordance with Article 37.2 of the Company's Constitution and the Corporations Act, Ms Sarah Harvey who was appointed as a Director during the year retires in accordance with these requirements and, being eligible, offers herself for re-election.

Ms Sarah Harvey is a lawyer who has worked for 15 years in both private practice and in the corporate sector.

In recent years Sarah has been focused on company secretariat services, providing board and director advice in strategic planning and review, due diligence, risk compliance and corporate governance. She holds a BA, LLB.MA (Law) and is a member of the Institute of Governance.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 3.

The Chairman for this Resolution intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 3.

5. Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 5 April 2017, the Company issued 1,567,500 ordinary shares to raise \$337,012. The shares were issued under the 15% placement capacity under the Listing Rules, and the issue of the shares did not breach ASX Listing Rule 7.1 at the time they were originally issued.

Resolution 4 seeks Shareholders ratification pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 7.4 of this share issue. By ratifying this issue, the Company will retain flexibility to issue equity securities in the future up to the 15% annual placement capacity set out in ASX Listing Rule 7.1 without the requirement to obtain prior shareholders' approval.

For the purpose of Listing Rule 7.5, the following information is provided:

Number of securities allotted: 1,567,500 on 5 April 2017.

Issue price: \$0.215 per share.

Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking pari passu with existing fully paid

ordinary shares.

Name of allottee: Ms Yuka Komatsu, who is not a related party.

• Intended use of funds: To further advance the exploration program in Fiji and working capital.

Voting Exclusions on this Resolution:

The Company will disregard any votes cast on this Resolution by Yuka Komatsu and any of her associates.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

- (a) it is cast by a person as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the proxy form; or
- (b) it is cast by the person Chairing the meeting as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the proxy form to vote as the proxy decides.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 4.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 4.

6. Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 19 June 2017, the Company issued 3,973,976 ordinary shares to raise \$794,795. The shares were issued under the 15% placement capacity under the Listing Rules, and the issue of the shares did not breach ASX Listing Rule 7.1 at the time they were originally issued.

Resolution 5 seeks Shareholders ratification pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 7.4 of this share issue. By ratifying this issue, the Company will retain flexibility to issue equity securities in the future up to the 15% annual placement capacity set out in ASX Listing Rule 7.1 without the requirement to obtain prior shareholders' approval.

For the purpose of Listing Rule 7.5, the following information is provided:

Number of securities allotted: 3,973,976 on 19 June 2017.

• Issue price: \$0.20 per share.

• Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking pari passu with existing fully paid

ordinary shares.

Name of allottee: Mr Masayuki Kudo who is not a related party

Intended use of funds:
 To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital and

payment of outstanding liabilities.

Voting Exclusions on this Resolution:

The Company will disregard any votes cast on this Resolution by Mr Masayuki Kudo and any of his associates.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

(a) it is cast by a person as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the proxy form; or

(b) it is cast by the person chairing the meeting as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the proxy form to vote as the proxy decides.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 5.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 5.

7. Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 29 June 2017, the Company issued 3,820,969 ordinary shares to raise \$764,193. The shares were issued under the 15% placement capacity under the Listing Rules, and the issue of the shares did not breach ASX Listing Rule 7.1 at the time they were originally issued.

Resolution 6 seeks Shareholders ratification pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 7.4 of this share issue. By ratifying this issue, the Company will retain flexibility to issue equity securities in the future up to the 15% annual placement capacity set out in ASX Listing Rule 7.1 without the requirement to obtain prior shareholders' approval.

For the purpose of Listing Rule 7.5, the following information is provided:

• Number of securities allotted: 3,820,969 on 29 June 2017.

• Issue price: \$0.20 per share.

Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking pari passu with existing fully paid

ordinary shares.

Names of allottees: Mr Katsuji Kato 1,449,175 ordinary shares

Miyashita Denki 2,371,794 ordinary shares

neither of whom is a related party.

Intended use of funds:
 To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital and

payment of outstanding liabilities.

Voting Exclusions on this Resolution:

The Company will disregard any votes cast on this Resolution by Katsuji Kato and Miyashita Denki and any of their associates.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

- (c) it is cast by a person as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the proxy form; or
- (d) it is cast by the person chairing the meeting as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the proxy form to vote as the proxy decides.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 6.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 6.

Approval to issue Unlisted Options to Directors

The Company has agreed, subject to obtaining Shareholder approval, to issue 500,000 unlisted options to each Company Director (or their nominee) on the terms and conditions set out below and also in Schedule 1 on page 10 of this Explanatory Memorandum.

The Board considers that it is reasonable for the remuneration of directors to have a cash component and an equity component to further align directors' interests with those of Shareholders. The Board believes that the issue of the options to Directors provides a reasonable, appropriate and cost effective method of remunerating Directors by providing an equity based incentive for their ongoing commitment and contribution to the Company in their roles as Directors and when required as members of a Committee.

Resolutions 7, 8 and 9 seek Shareholder approval for the grant of 500,000 options to each of Ms Harvey, Mr Lowder and Mr Tsubata (or their respective nominees).

As the grant of the options involves the issue of a right to securities to a related party of the Company, Shareholder approval pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 10.11 is required unless an exception applies. It is the view of the Directors that the exceptions set out in ASX Listing Rule 10.12 do not apply in the current circumstances.

Details of the issue, as required by ASX Listing Rule 10.13

Persons to whom options are to be Sarah Harvey, Garry Lowder and Tadao Tsubata (or their nominees)

issued:

1,500,000 unlisted options in total. Number of options to be issued:

Each Director to receive 500,000 unlisted options.

The options may be allotted immediately following Shareholder approval Date of securities to be issued:

at the Annual General Meeting and, in any event, within one month

following the close of the meeting.

\$nil. Issue price:

Each Option entitles the holder to subscribed for and be allotted one Entitlement per option:

fully paid ordinary share. The options are exercisable at any time after

the vesting date and before the expiry date.

\$0.40 for the first tranche of 250,000 options; Exercise prices per option:

\$0.50 for the second tranche of 250,000 options.

Immediately following shareholder approval of the grant of options for Vesting dates:

both tranches.

27 July 2020. Expiry date:

No funds will be raised from the issue of the options. In the event that Use of the funds:

any of the options are exercised the funds raised will be used to continue the Company's exploration projects and for working capital

purposes.

The options issued under Resolution 7 and 8 allow for the rights of the optionholder to be changed to comply with the ASX Listing Rules applying to a reorganisation of capital at the time of the reorganisation. The optionholder cannot participate in new issues without exercising the options.

By obtaining shareholder approval for Resolutions 7 and 8 as required by ASX Listing Rule 10.11, the Company will satisfy the requirements of exception 14 of ASX Listing Rule 7.2 and thereby not require shareholder approval for these issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

Voting Exclusion

The Company will disregard any votes cast on Resolutions 7 and 8 by Sarah Harvey, Garry Lowder and Tadao Tsubata (or their nominees) respectively and any associates of the said persons.

The Company will not disregard a vote if:

- it is cast by a person as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the Proxy Form; or
- it is cast by the Chairman as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the Proxy Form to vote as the proxy decides.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 7 and 8. The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 7 and 8.

9. Approval of additional capacity to issue securities

ASX Listing Rule 7.1A enables the Company to issue equity securities up to 10% of its issued share capital through placements over a 12 month period after the AGM ('10% Placement Facility'). The 10% Placement Facility is in addition to the Company's 15% placement capacity under ASX Listing Rule 7.1.

Resolution 10, which is a Special Resolution requiring 75% of votes cast to be in favour of the resolution, seeks shareholder approval for the Company to have the ability to issue equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility on the following terms:

(a) Placement Period

Shareholder approval of the 10% Placement Facility is valid from the date of the AGM and expires on the earlier of:

- (i) the date that is 12 months after the date of the AGM; or
- (ii) the date of the approval by shareholders of a transaction under ASX Listing Rules 11.1.2 (a significant change to the nature or scale of activities) or 11.2 (disposal of main undertaking).

(b) Equity Securities

Any equity securities issued under the 10% Placement Facility must be in the same class as an existing quoted class of equity securities of the Company which, in the Company's case, are fully paid ordinary shares.

(c) Formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility.

The maximum number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility is calculated as follows:

 $(A \times D) - E$

Where: A is the number of fully paid ordinary shares on issue 12 months before the date of issue or agreement:

- (i) plus the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued in the 12 months under an exception in ASX Listing Rule 7.2;
- (ii) plus the number of partly paid ordinary shares that became fully paid in the 12 months;
- (iii) plus the number of fully paid shares issued in the 12 months with approval of holders of shares under Listing Rule 7.1 and 7.4;
- (iii) less the number of fully paid shares cancelled in the 12 months.

D is 10%.

E is the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued or agreed to be issued under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2 in the 12 months before the date of the issue or agreement to issue that are not issued with the approval of shareholders under ASX Listing Rules 7.1 or 7.4.

The current maximum number of shares, as at the date of this meeting, that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility is 23,746,498. The Company's current capacity to issue securities as at the date of the meeting pursuant to listing rule 7.1 is 26,257,302

(d) Minimum Issue Price

The minimum issue price of equity securities issued for the purpose of Listing Rule 7.1.A.3 must be not less than 75% of the volume weighted average price of equity securities in the same class calculated over the 15 trading days on which trades were recorded immediately before:

- (i) the date on which the price at which the equity securities are to be issued is agreed; or
- (ii) if the equity securities are not issued within 5 trading days of the date in paragraph (i) above, the date on which the equity securities are issued.

(e) Risk of Economic and Voting Dilution

If Resolution 10 is approved by shareholders and the Company issues equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility, the existing shareholders' voting power in the Company will be diluted as shown in the table below. Further, there is a risk that:

- (i) the market price for the Company's equity securities may be significantly lower on the date of the issue of the equity securities than on the date of the AGM; and
- (ii) the equity securities may be issued at a price that is at a discount to the market price for the Company's equity securities on the issue date.

Because variable A in the formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility, and consequently the number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility, can change during the Placement Period, the table below shows a matrix of scenarios of the potential dilution of existing shareholders as at the date of the AGM on the basis of:

- (i) the issue price of equity securities being the current approximate market price of fully paid ordinary shares, plus 50% and minus 50%; and
- (ii) the maximum number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility in accordance with the definition of Variable A in the formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility increasing by 50% and 100%.

)	Variable A in			Issue Price and Funds Raised	
)	10% Placement Facility under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2	Voting Dilution and Placement Facility Capacity	50% Decrease in Current Approximate Market Price \$0.11	Current Approximate Market Price \$0.22*	50% Increase in Current Approximate Market Price \$0.33
)	Current Variable A 246,827,429 shares	10% 24,682,743 Shares	\$2,715,102	\$5,430,203	\$8,145,305
)	50% increase in current Variable A 370,241,144 shares	13.0% 37,024,114 Shares	\$4,072,653	\$8,145,305	\$12,217,958
)	100% increase in current Variable A 493,654,858 shares	16.7% 49,365,486 shares	\$5,430,203	\$10,860,407	\$16,290,610

^{*}The current approximate market price of \$0.22 was the closing price as at 6 October 2017.

As an example, if variable A is increased to 493,654,858 shares, the 10% Placement Facility capacity is 49,365,486 shares and therefore the dilution of existing shares as at the date of the AGM, being 246,827,429 shares, is calculated as:

 $49,365,486 \div (246,827,429 + 49,365,486) = 16.7\%$

(f) Other Matters

The Company may issue equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility for cash consideration to support the Company's ongoing exploration activities and working capital or non-cash consideration for the acquisition of compatible business opportunities which may arise. In such circumstances the Company will provide a valuation of the non-cash consideration as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.

The Company's allocation policy is dependent on the prevailing market conditions at the time of any proposed issue pursuant to the 10% Placement Facility. As there is no issue currently proposed, the identity of the allottees is not currently known and will be determined on a case-by-case basis at the time of allotment, having regard to factors including, but not limited to, the following:

- (i) the methods of raising funds that are available to the Company, including but not limited to, rights issues or other issues in which existing security holders can participate;
- (ii) the effect of the issue of the equity securities on the control of the Company;
- (iii) the financial situation and solvency of the Company; and
- (iv) advice from corporate, financial and broking advisers (if applicable).

The allottees under the 10% Placement Facility have not currently been determined but may include existing substantial shareholders and/or new shareholders who are not related parties or associates of a related party of the Company.

The Company obtained Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1A at its 2016 Annual General Meeting, but no equity securities have been issued under the 10% Placement Facility during the past 12 months.

The Company issued a total of 9,362,445 ordinary fully paid shares in the 12 month preceding the date of this Annual General Meeting which based on the number of Equity Securities on issue at the commencement of that period represents 3.94% of the Company's Equity Securities.

Further details of the issues of Equity Securities by the Company during the 12 months period preceding the date of the meeting are set out in Schedule 2 on page 11 of this Explanatory Memorandum.

Information relating to the issue of Equity Securities in the preceding 12 months is as follows:

9,362,445; Number of securities issued:

· Class of securities issued: Ordinary fully paid shares;

To professional and sophisticated investors; Issued of the Securities:

1,567,500 shares were issued at \$0.215 per share and the closing price on the

7,794,945 shares were issued at \$0.20 per share and the closing price on the

The total cash consideration received was \$1,896,001 and was used for the

preparation of the drilling program in ONO island, the commencement of the

drilling program at Sigatoka, for working capital and payment of liabilities.

a person who might obtain a benefit, except a benefit solely in the capacity of a holder of ordinary securities, if the resolution is passed and any such associates of that person.

it is cast by a person as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the

it is cast by the person chairing the meeting as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance

wes were issuer

assue was \$0.24;

assue was \$0.24;

assue was \$0.24;

The total cash consideration of the drilling progradrilling program at Sigatoka, for the Company will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 10 by:

a person who may participate in the proposed issue; and
a person who might obtain a benefit, except a benefit sol securities, if the resolution is passed and any such associates.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

it is cast by a person as proxy for a person who is entitled to vot proxy form; or

it is cast by the person chairing the meeting as proxy for a person with a direction on the proxy form to vote as the proxy decides.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 10.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAL The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 10.

Schedule 1 Terms and Conditions of Options

- The Options entitle Sarah Harvey, Garry Lowder and Tadao Tsubata to subscribe for fully paid shares in the Company as follows:
 - In respect of 250,000 options with an exercise price of \$0.50 per share and 250,000 options with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share.
- 2. Subject to paragraph 3 below:

- (a) the Options expire at 5pm Eastern Standard Time on 27 July 2020;
- (b) any Options not exercised on or before the Expiry Date will automatically lapse; and
- (c) the Options may be exercised at any time prior to the Expiry Date wholly or in part by delivering a duly completed form of notice of exercise together with payment of the exercise price per Option exercised to the Company.
- If the holder has acted fraudulently, dishonestly or in breach of its obligations to the Company (as determined by the Board, acting reasonably), then the Options shall lapse upon written notification to the holder.
- 4. All Shares allotted on the exercise of Options will rank equally in all respects with the Company's then existing ordinary fully paid common Shares.
- The Options will not be listed for official quotation on the ASX.
- 6. If the Company's ordinary Shares are quoted by ASX, the Company must:
 - (a) on the date that the Shares are allotted pursuant to the exercise of Options, apply for quotation of all Shares allotted;
 - (b) on the date that the Shares are allotted pursuant to the exercise of Options and in relation to the allotted Shares, give to the ASX a written notice in accordance with section 708A(5)(e) of the Corporations Act and which complies with the requirements of section 708A(6) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (c) perform such other acts or take such other actions to ensure the Shares that are allotted pursuant to the exercise of the Options are quoted by the ASX and freely tradeable.
- 7. The holders of an Option may only participate in new issues of securities to holders of ordinary shares in the Company if the Option has been exercised and Shares allotted in respect of the Option before the record date for determining entitlements to the issue.
- 8. There will be no change to the exercise price of the Option or the number of Shares over which an Option is exercisable in the event of the Company making a pro rata issue of shares or other securities to the holders of ordinary shares in the Company.
- 9. If prior to the Expiry Date there is a reorganisation of the issued capital of the Company, the rights of a holder of Options will be changed to the extent necessary to comply with the applicable ASX Listing Rules in force at the time of the reorganisation.
- 10. The Options are transferable provided the holder has obtained the prior written consent of Board to the transfer and the transfer complies with section 707(3) of the Corporations Act.

Schedule 2 - Issue of Equity Securities since 27 October 2016

_	Date	Number of Equity Securities	Class of Equity Securities and summary of terms	Names of recipients or basis on which recipients determined	Issue price of Equity Securities and discount to market price on the trading day prior to the issue	Form of Consideration
	5 April 2017	1,567,500	Ordinary shares	Yuka Komatsu	\$0.215	Cash consideration of \$337,012 was used to further advance the exploration program in Fiji and working capital
	19 June 2017	3,973,976	Ordinary shares	Masayuki Kudo	\$0.20	Cash consideration of \$794,795 was used to further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.
	29 June 2017	3,820,969	Ordinary shares	Katsuji Kato and Miyashita Denki	\$0.20	Cash consideration of \$764,193 was used to further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital and payment of outstanding liabilities.

		Shareholder:				
/We being a r	member/s of Dome Gold N	lines Ltd and entitl	ed to attend and vo	te HEREBY A	PPOINT	
the (Chairman of the Meeting (mark box)				
	e not appointing the Char cluding the registered shar				name of th	e person or
accordance w Meeting of Me	, the Chairman of the Me rith the following directions embers of the Company to	(or if no directions be held at 11 am	s have been given, on 16 November 20	as the proxy s 117 and at any	sees fit) at the adjournmer	ne Annual Gent thereof.
·	directed by me/us to vote a	s indicated by the	marks in the appro	priate voting b	oxes below:	
		ation Poport		FOR	AGAINST	ADSTAIN
	Adoption of the Remunera Re-election of Mr Garry Lo	•				
)]	Re-election of Ms Sarah F					
	Ratification of prior issue	•			H	
J)	Ratification of prior issue 3					
	Ratification of prior issue 3					
	Approval to issue 500,000				H	
	Approval to issue 500,000	•		H	H	H
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9. 10. The Chairma (Resolution 1) becomes my/Meeting to expand to expand the Chairma Resolution 1 becomes your the appropriate	Approval to issue 500,000 Approval additional capac	unlisted options ity to issue equity withorised to exe the Chairman of signing and submipect of Resolution connected direct Mines Ltd, which in the Chairman of unwish to give the content of the content	rcise undirected the Meeting as my aitting this form I/w 1 (except where I/w y or indirectly with acludes the Chairman the Meeting as you chairman specific where the Meeting as you continue the Meeting as my and the Meeting as my aid the Meeting as you continue the Meeting as	y/our proxy or ye expressly a we have indicate the remundant. in favour of our proxy (or yoting direction)	the Chairm authorise the ated a difference eration of a each reso the Chairman as on an item	an of the Me e Chairman of ent voting into a member of clution (inclu- an of the Me an, you should
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How to Complete the Proxy Form

1 Appointment of a Proxy

If you wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy, mark the box. If the individual or body corporate you wish to appoint as your proxy is someone other than the Chairman of the Meeting please write the full name of that individual or body corporate in the space provided. If you leave this section blank, or your named proxy does not attend the meeting, the Chairman of the Meeting will be your proxy. A proxy need not be a securityholder of the company.

2 Votes on Items of Business

You may direct your proxy how to vote by placing a mark in one of the three boxes opposite each item of business. All your securities will be voted in accordance with such a direction unless you indicate only a portion of voting rights are to be voted on any item by inserting the percentage or number of securities you wish to vote in the appropriate box or boxes. If you do not mark any of the boxes on a given item, your proxy may vote as he or she chooses. If you mark more than one box on an item your vote on that item will be invalid.

3 Voting restrictions

Any member of the key management personnel of the Company's consolidated group whose remuneration details are included in the Remuneration Report (or a closely related party of any such member), may not vote, and the Company will disregard the votes cast by such persons on Resolution 1, unless the vote is cast:

- as a proxy appointed in writing which specifies how the proxy is to vote on Resolution1; or
- the proxy is the Chairman of the meeting, and:
 - o the appointment does not specify the way the proxy is to vote on the resolution; and
 - o the appointment expressly authorises the Chairman to exercise the proxy even if the resolution is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of the key management personnel.

4 Appointment of a Second Proxy

You are entitled to appoint up to two proxies to attend the meeting and vote on a poll. If you wish to appoint a second proxy, an additional Proxy Form may be obtained by telephoning the company or you may copy this form.

To appoint a second proxy you must:

- (a) on each of the first Proxy Form and the second Proxy Form state the percentage of your voting rights or number of securities applicable to that form. If the appointments do not specify the percentage or number of votes that each proxy may exercise, each proxy may exercise half your votes. Fractions of votes will be disregarded.
- (b) return both forms together.

Signing Instructions

You must sign this form as follows in the spaces provided:

Individual: where the holding is in one name, the holder must sign.

Joint Holding: where the holding is in more than one name, all of the securityholders should sign.

Power of Attorney: to sign under Power of Attorney, you must have already lodged this document with the registry or the Company. If you have not previously lodged this document for notation, please attach a certified photocopy of the Power of Attorney to this form when you return it.

Companies: where the company has a Sole Director who is also the Sole Company Secretary, this form must be signed by that person. If the company (pursuant to section 204A of the Corporations Act 2001) does not have a Company Secretary, a Sole Director can also sign alone. Otherwise this form must be signed by a Director jointly with either another Director or a Company Secretary. Please indicate the office held by signing in the appropriate place.

6 Persons entitle to attend and vote

The Company has determined, in accordance with regulation 7.11.37 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth), that the Company's shares quoted on the ASX Limited at 7.00 pm Sydney time on 14 November 2017 are taken, for the purposes of the Annual General Meeting to be held by the persons who held them at that time. Accordingly, those persons are entitled to attend and vote (if not excluded) at the meeting.

If a representative of a corporate Securityholder or proxy is to attend the meeting the appropriate "Certificate of Appointment of Corporate Representative" should be produced prior to admission. A form of the certificate may be obtained from the company's share registry.

Lodgment of a Proxy

This Proxy Form (and any Power of Attorney under which it is signed) must be received at an address given below no later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting

Documents may be lodged:

IN PERSON: Registered Office – Level 8, 17-19 Bridge Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia

BY MAIL: GPO Box 1759, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia

BY FAX: +61 2 9241 2013

BY E-MAIL: info@domegoldmines.com.au